

JOHNSON CONTROLS INC  
Form 10-Q  
August 01, 2014

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2014

OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number: 1-5097

JOHNSON CONTROLS, INC.  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Wisconsin  
(State or Other Jurisdiction of  
Incorporation or Organization)

39-0380010  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

5757 North Green Bay Avenue  
Milwaukee, Wisconsin  
(Address of principal executive offices)  
(414) 524-1200

53209  
(Zip Code)

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ☐ Accelerated filer ☐ Non-accelerated filer ☐ Smaller reporting company ☐

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

| Class                                    | Shares Outstanding at June 30, 2014 |
|------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Common Stock: \$1.00 par value per share | 666,075,391                         |

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## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Johnson Controls, Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

(in millions, except par value; unaudited)

|                                                | June 30,<br>2014 | September 30,<br>2013 | June 30,<br>2013 |
|------------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| <b>Assets</b>                                  |                  |                       |                  |
| Cash and cash equivalents                      | \$ 160           | \$ 1,055              | \$ 391           |
| Accounts receivable - net                      | 6,710            | 7,206                 | 7,259            |
| Inventories                                    | 2,591            | 2,325                 | 2,470            |
| Assets held for sale                           | 1,575            | 804                   | —                |
| Other current assets                           | 2,411            | 2,308                 | 2,619            |
| Current assets                                 | 13,447           | 13,698                | 12,739           |
| Property, plant and equipment - net            | 6,260            | 6,585                 | 6,569            |
| Goodwill                                       | 7,658            | 6,589                 | 7,135            |
| Other intangible assets - net                  | 1,669            | 999                   | 1,055            |
| Investments in partially-owned affiliates      | 966              | 1,024                 | 1,022            |
| Noncurrent assets held for sale                | 628              | —                     | —                |
| Other noncurrent assets                        | 2,446            | 2,623                 | 3,300            |
| Total assets                                   | \$33,074         | \$31,518              | \$31,820         |
| <b>Liabilities and Equity</b>                  |                  |                       |                  |
| Short-term debt                                | \$930            | \$ 119                | \$ 312           |
| Current portion of long-term debt              | 141              | 819                   | 1,119            |
| Accounts payable                               | 5,567            | 6,318                 | 6,217            |
| Accrued compensation and benefits              | 1,134            | 1,215                 | 1,106            |
| Liabilities held for sale                      | 994              | 402                   | —                |
| Other current liabilities                      | 3,377            | 3,244                 | 3,030            |
| Current liabilities                            | 12,143           | 12,117                | 11,784           |
| Long-term debt                                 | 6,416            | 4,560                 | 4,593            |
| Pension and postretirement benefits            | 717              | 750                   | 1,205            |
| Other noncurrent liabilities                   | 1,519            | 1,360                 | 1,602            |
| Long-term liabilities                          | 8,652            | 6,670                 | 7,400            |
| <b>Commitments and contingencies (Note 19)</b> |                  |                       |                  |
| Redeemable noncontrolling interests            | 184              | 157                   | 205              |
| Common stock, \$1.00 par value                 | 706              | 700                   | 697              |
| Capital in excess of par value                 | 2,644            | 2,399                 | 2,294            |
| Retained earnings                              | 9,793            | 9,328                 | 9,359            |
| Treasury stock, at cost                        | (1,734           | ) (531                | ) (406           |

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|                                                             |          |          |          |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Accumulated other comprehensive income                      | 406      | 418      | 244      |
| Shareholders' equity attributable to Johnson Controls, Inc. | 11,815   | 12,314   | 12,188   |
| Noncontrolling interests                                    | 280      | 260      | 243      |
| Total equity                                                | 12,095   | 12,574   | 12,431   |
| Total liabilities and equity                                | \$33,074 | \$31,518 | \$31,820 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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Johnson Controls, Inc.  
Consolidated Statements of Income  
(in millions, except per share data; unaudited)

|                                                                            | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |         | Nine Months Ended<br>June 30, |          |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------|----------|
|                                                                            | 2014                           | 2013    | 2014                          | 2013     |
| Net sales                                                                  |                                |         |                               |          |
| Products and systems*                                                      | \$8,903                        | \$8,447 | \$26,066                      | \$24,570 |
| Services*                                                                  | 1,909                          | 2,052   | 5,783                         | 6,140    |
|                                                                            | 10,812                         | 10,499  | 31,849                        | 30,710   |
| Cost of sales                                                              |                                |         |                               |          |
| Products and systems*                                                      | 7,623                          | 7,265   | 22,406                        | 21,222   |
| Services*                                                                  | 1,526                          | 1,670   | 4,658                         | 5,048    |
|                                                                            | 9,149                          | 8,935   | 27,064                        | 26,270   |
| Gross profit                                                               | 1,663                          | 1,564   | 4,785                         | 4,440    |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses                               | (977                           | ) (977  | ) (3,014                      | ) (3,024 |
| Gain (loss) on business divestitures - net                                 | (120                           | ) 29    | (111                          | ) 29     |
| Restructuring and impairment costs                                         | (162                           | ) (143  | ) (162                        | ) (227   |
| Net financing charges                                                      | (67                            | ) (67   | ) (178                        | ) (193   |
| Equity income                                                              | 88                             | 74      | 273                           | 305      |
| Income from continuing operations before income taxes                      | 425                            | 480     | 1,593                         | 1,330    |
| Income tax provision (benefit)                                             | 167                            | (72     | ) 388                         | 227      |
| Income from continuing operations                                          | 258                            | 552     | 1,205                         | 1,103    |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax (Note 4)            | (62                            | ) 20    | (216                          | ) 50     |
| Net income                                                                 | 196                            | 572     | 989                           | 1,153    |
| Income from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests | 20                             | 22      | 83                            | 80       |
| Net income attributable to Johnson Controls, Inc.                          | \$176                          | \$550   | \$906                         | \$1,073  |
| Amounts attributable to Johnson Controls, Inc. common shareholders:        |                                |         |                               |          |
| Income from continuing operations                                          | \$238                          | \$530   | \$1,122                       | \$1,023  |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations                                 | (62                            | ) 20    | (216                          | ) 50     |
| Net income                                                                 | \$176                          | \$550   | \$906                         | \$1,073  |
| Basic earnings (loss) per share attributable to Johnson Controls, Inc.     |                                |         |                               |          |
| Continuing operations                                                      | \$0.36                         | \$0.77  | \$1.68                        | \$1.50   |
| Discontinued operations                                                    | (0.09                          | ) 0.03  | (0.32                         | ) 0.07   |

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|                                                                          |        |        |        |        |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Net income **                                                            | \$0.26 | \$0.80 | \$1.36 | \$1.57 |
| Diluted earnings (loss) per share attributable to Johnson Controls, Inc. |        |        |        |        |
| Continuing operations                                                    | \$0.35 | \$0.77 | \$1.66 | \$1.49 |
| Discontinued operations                                                  | (0.09  | ) 0.03 | (0.32  | ) 0.07 |
| Net income                                                               | \$0.26 | \$0.80 | \$1.34 | \$1.56 |

Products and systems consist of Automotive Experience and Power Solutions products and systems and Building Efficiency installed systems. Services are Building Efficiency technical and Global Workplace Solutions.

\*\* Certain items do not sum due to rounding.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Johnson Controls, Inc.  
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)  
(in millions; unaudited)

|                                                               | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |       | Nine Months Ended<br>June 30, |         |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------|-------------------------------|---------|
|                                                               | 2014                           | 2013  | 2014                          | 2013    |
| Net income                                                    | \$196                          | \$572 | \$989                         | \$1,153 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:                |                                |       |                               |         |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments                      | 18                             | (52)  | ) —                           | (188)   |
| Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivatives         | 1                              | (3)   | ) (3)                         | (11)    |
| Realized and unrealized losses on marketable common stock     | —                              | (7)   | ) (7)                         | (1)     |
| Pension and postretirement plans                              | —                              | (3)   | ) (2)                         | (15)    |
| Other comprehensive income (loss)                             | 19                             | (65)  | ) (12)                        | (215)   |
| Total comprehensive income                                    | 215                            | 507   | 977                           | 938     |
| Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests | 20                             | 21    | 83                            | 79      |
| Comprehensive income attributable to Johnson Controls, Inc.   | \$195                          | \$486 | \$894                         | \$859   |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Johnson Controls, Inc.  
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows  
(in millions; unaudited)

|                                                                               | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |        | Nine Months Ended<br>June 30, |          |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------|----------|
|                                                                               | 2014                           | 2013   | 2014                          | 2013     |
| Operating Activities                                                          |                                |        |                               |          |
| Net income attributable to Johnson Controls, Inc.                             | \$ 176                         | \$ 550 | \$ 906                        | \$ 1,073 |
| Income from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests    | 20                             | 22     | 83                            | 80       |
| Net income                                                                    | 196                            | 572    | 989                           | 1,153    |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities: |                                |        |                               |          |
| Depreciation and amortization                                                 | 240                            | 239    | 731                           | 696      |
| Pension and postretirement benefit expense (income)                           | 9                              | 8      | 25                            | (5)      |
| Pension and postretirement contributions                                      | (12)                           | (16)   | (59)                          | (61)     |
| Equity in earnings of partially-owned affiliates, net of dividends received   | 49                             | 50     | (96)                          | (49)     |
| Deferred income taxes                                                         | (7)                            | (144)  | (60)                          | (9)      |
| Non-cash restructuring and impairment charges                                 | 88                             | 36     | 88                            | 49       |
| Loss (gain) on business divestitures - net                                    | 120                            | (29)   | 111                           | (29)     |
| Fair value adjustment of equity investment                                    | —                              | —      | (19)                          | (82)     |
| Equity-based compensation                                                     | 20                             | 15     | 61                            | 46       |
| Other                                                                         | 3                              | (5)    | (4)                           | (9)      |
| Changes in assets and liabilities, excluding acquisitions and divestitures:   |                                |        |                               |          |
| Receivables                                                                   | 10                             | 60     | 203                           | 6        |
| Inventories                                                                   | (152)                          | (32)   | (313)                         | (151)    |
| Other assets                                                                  | (45)                           | 7      | (153)                         | (285)    |
| Restructuring reserves                                                        | 76                             | 66     | (48)                          | 67       |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities                                      | 194                            | 235    | (181)                         | 317      |
| Accrued income taxes                                                          | (75)                           | (28)   | (112)                         | (105)    |
| Cash provided by operating activities                                         | 714                            | 1,034  | 1,163                         | 1,549    |
| Investing Activities                                                          |                                |        |                               |          |
| Capital expenditures                                                          | (274)                          | (265)  | (876)                         | (929)    |
| Sale of property, plant and equipment                                         | 12                             | 7      | 61                            | 53       |
| Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired                               | (1,589)                        | —      | (1,717)                       | (113)    |
| Business divestitures                                                         | (54)                           | —      | (41)                          | —        |
| Changes in long-term investments                                              | (3)                            | (10)   | 3                             | (27)     |
| Other                                                                         | 4                              | —      | 13                            | 53       |
| Cash used by investing activities                                             | (1,904)                        | (268)  | (2,557)                       | (963)    |
| Financing Activities                                                          |                                |        |                               |          |
| Increase (decrease) in short-term debt - net                                  | (446)                          | (642)  | 813                           | (5)      |
| Increase in long-term debt                                                    | 1,696                          | —      | 1,998                         | 91       |
| Repayment of long-term debt                                                   | (10)                           | (4)    | (826)                         | (118)    |
| Stock repurchases                                                             | —                              | (175)  | (1,199)                       | (225)    |

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|                                                              |       |        |        |        |   |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|---|
| Payment of cash dividends                                    | (146  | ) (130 | ) (422 | ) (383 | ) |
| Proceeds from the exercise of stock options                  | 56    | 88     | 173    | 173    |   |
| Other                                                        | (6    | ) 7    | 3      | 35     |   |
| Cash provided (used) by financing activities                 | 1,144 | (856   | ) 540  | (432   | ) |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | 24    | —      | (15    | ) (28  | ) |
| Change in cash held for sale                                 | (27   | ) —    | (26    | ) —    |   |
| Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents             | (49   | ) (90  | ) (895 | ) 126  |   |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period             | 209   | 481    | 1,055  | 265    |   |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period                   | \$160 | \$391  | \$160  | \$391  |   |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Johnson Controls, Inc.  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
June 30, 2014  
(unaudited)

## 1. Financial Statements

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments (which include normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) have been omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto included in the Johnson Controls, Inc. (the "Company") Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2013. The results of operations for the three and nine month periods ended June 30, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of results for the Company's 2014 fiscal year because of seasonal and other factors.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Johnson Controls, Inc. and its domestic and non-U.S. subsidiaries that are consolidated in conformity with U.S. GAAP. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated. Investments in partially-owned affiliates are accounted for by the equity method when the Company's interest exceeds 20% and the Company does not have a controlling interest.

Under certain criteria as provided for in Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 810, "Consolidation," the Company may consolidate a partially-owned affiliate. To determine whether to consolidate a partially-owned affiliate, the Company first determines if the entity is a variable interest entity (VIE). An entity is considered to be a VIE if it has one of the following characteristics: 1) the entity is thinly capitalized; 2) residual equity holders do not control the entity; 3) equity holders are shielded from economic losses or do not participate fully in the entity's residual economics; or 4) the entity was established with non-substantive voting. If the entity meets one of these characteristics, the Company then determines if it is the primary beneficiary of the VIE. The party with the power to direct activities of the VIE that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance and the potential to absorb benefits or losses that could be significant to the VIE is considered the primary beneficiary and consolidates the VIE. If the entity is not considered a VIE, then the Company applies the voting interest model to determine whether or not the Company shall consolidate the partially-owned affiliate.

### Consolidated VIEs

Based upon the criteria set forth in ASC 810, the Company has determined that it was the primary beneficiary in three VIEs for the reporting periods ended June 30, 2014, September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, as the Company absorbs significant economics of the entities and has the power to direct the activities that are considered most significant to the entities.

Two of the VIEs manufacture products in North America for the automotive industry. The Company funds the entities' short term liquidity needs through revolving credit facilities and has the power to direct the activities that are considered most significant to the entities through its key customer supply relationships.

During the three month period ended December 31, 2011, a pre-existing VIE accounted for under the equity method was reorganized into three separate investments as a result of the counterparty exercising its option to put its interest to the Company. The Company acquired additional interests in two of the reorganized group entities. The reorganized group entities are considered to be VIEs as the other owner party has been provided decision making rights but does

not have equity at risk. The Company is considered the primary beneficiary of one of the entities due to the Company's power pertaining to decisions over significant activities of the entity. As such, this VIE has been consolidated within the Company's consolidated statements of financial position. The impact of consolidation of the entity on the Company's consolidated statements of income for the three and nine month periods ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 was not material. The VIE is named as a co-obligor under a third party debt agreement of \$171 million, maturing in fiscal 2020, under which it could become subject to paying more than its allocated share of the third party debt in the event of bankruptcy of one or more of the other co-obligors. The other co-obligors, all related parties in which the Company is an equity investor, consist of the remaining group entities involved in the reorganization. As part of the overall reorganization transaction, the Company has also provided financial support to the group entities in the form of loans totaling \$56 million, which are subordinate to the third party debt agreement. The Company is a significant customer of certain co-obligors, resulting in a remote possibility of loss. Additionally, the Company is subject to a floor guaranty expiring in fiscal 2022; in the event that the other owner party no longer owns any part of the group entities

Johnson Controls, Inc.  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
June 30, 2014  
(unaudited)

due to sale or transfer, the Company has guaranteed that the proceeds received from the sale or transfer will not be less than \$25 million. The Company has partnered with the group entities to design and manufacture battery components for the Power Solutions business.

The carrying amounts and classification of assets (none of which are restricted) and liabilities included in the Company's consolidated statements of financial position for the consolidated VIEs are as follows (in millions):

|                        | June 30,<br>2014 | September 30,<br>2013 | June 30,<br>2013 |
|------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| Current assets         | \$260            | \$273                 | \$242            |
| Noncurrent assets      | 136              | 139                   | 148              |
| Total assets           | \$396            | \$412                 | \$390            |
| Current liabilities    | \$191            | \$212                 | \$202            |
| Noncurrent liabilities | 37               | 39                    | 23               |
| Total liabilities      | \$228            | \$251                 | \$225            |

The Company did not have a significant variable interest in any other consolidated VIEs for the presented reporting periods.

#### Nonconsolidated VIEs

As of September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, the Company had a 40% interest in an equity method investee whereby the investee was a VIE. The investee produces and sells lead-acid batteries of which the Company both purchases and supplies certain batteries to complement each investment partner's portfolio. The Company had a contractual right to purchase the remaining 60% equity interest in the investee between May 2014 and May 2016 (the "call option"). If the Company did not exercise the call option prior to its expiration in May 2016, for a period of six months thereafter the Company was subject to a contractual obligation at the counterparty's option to sell the Company's equity investment in the investee to the counterparty (the "repurchase option"). The purchase price was fixed under both the call option and the repurchase option. Based upon the criteria set forth in ASC 810, the Company determined that the investee was a VIE as the equity holders, through their equity investments, may not participate fully in the entity's residual economics. The Company was not the primary beneficiary as the Company did not have the power to make key operating decisions considered to be most significant to the VIE. Therefore, the investee was accounted for under the equity method of accounting as the Company's interest exceeded 20% and the Company did not have a controlling interest. The investment balance included within investments in partially-owned affiliates in the consolidated statements of financial position at September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013 was \$56 million and \$58 million, respectively, which represented the Company's maximum exposure to loss. Current assets and liabilities related to the VIE were immaterial and represented normal course of business trade receivables and payables for all presented periods. In the first quarter of fiscal 2014, the Company purchased an additional 50% equity interest in the investee to bring the Company's total interest in the investee to 90%. As a result of this transaction, the fixed price call option and repurchase option no longer exist, and the Company consolidates the investee under the voting interest model. Refer to Note 3, "Acquisitions and Divestitures," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for additional information regarding this transaction.

As mentioned previously within the "Consolidated VIEs" section above, during the three month period ended December 31, 2011, a pre-existing VIE was reorganized into three separate investments as a result of the counterparty exercising its option to put its interest to the Company. The reorganized group entities are considered to be VIEs as the other owner party has been provided decision making rights but does not have equity at risk. The Company is not considered to be the primary beneficiary of two of the entities as the Company cannot make key operating decisions considered to be most significant to the VIEs. Therefore, the entities are accounted for under the equity method of accounting as the Company's interest exceeds 20% and the Company does not have a controlling interest. The Company's maximum exposure to loss includes the partially-owned affiliate investment balance of \$58 million, \$57 million and \$56 million at June 30, 2014, September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, respectively, as well as the subordinated loan from the Company, third party debt agreement and floor guaranty mentioned previously within the "Consolidated VIEs" section above. Current liabilities due to the VIEs are not material and represent normal course of business trade payables for all presented periods.

Johnson Controls, Inc.  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
June 30, 2014  
(unaudited)

The Company did not have a significant variable interest in any other unconsolidated VIEs for the presented reporting periods.

#### Restricted Cash

At June 30, 2014, September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, the Company held restricted cash of approximately \$21 million, \$32 million and \$18 million, respectively, within cash and cash equivalents. These amounts were collected from customers for payment of maintenance costs under contract, and withdrawals are restricted for this purpose.

#### Retrospective Changes

Certain amounts as of September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, as described below, have been revised to conform to the current year's presentation.

Effective October 1, 2013, the Company reorganized the reportable segments within its Building Efficiency business to align with its new management reporting structure and business activities. Prior to this reorganization, Building Efficiency was comprised of five reportable segments for financial reporting purposes: North America Systems, North America Service, Global Workplace Solutions, Asia and Other. As a result of this change, Building Efficiency is now comprised of four reportable segments for financial reporting purposes, with the only change being the combination of North America Systems and North America Service into one reportable segment called North America Systems and Service. Historical information has been revised to reflect the new Building Efficiency reportable segment structure.

In the fourth quarter of fiscal 2013, the Company changed its method of inventory costing for certain inventory in its Power Solutions business to the first-in first-out (FIFO) method from the last-in first-out (LIFO) method. The Company's other businesses also determine costs using the FIFO method. Prior to the change, Power Solutions utilized two methods of inventory costing: LIFO for inventories in the U.S. and FIFO for inventories in other countries. The Company believes that the FIFO method is preferable as it better reflects the current value of inventory on the Company's consolidated statement of financial position, provides better matching of revenues and expenses, results in uniformity across the Company's global operations with respect to the method of inventory accounting and improves comparability with the Company's peers. The change has been reported through retrospective application of the new policy to all periods presented.

At March 31, 2014, the Company determined that its Automotive Experience Electronics segment met the criteria to be classified as a discontinued operation, which required retrospective application to financial information for all periods presented. Refer to Note 4, "Discontinued Operations," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for further information regarding the Company's discontinued operations.

#### 2. New Accounting Standards

In May 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)." ASU No. 2014-09 clarifies the principles for recognizing revenue when an entity either enters into a contract with customers to transfer goods or services or enters into a contract for the transfer of non-financial assets. ASU No. 2014-09 will be effective for the Company for the quarter ending December 31, 2017,

with early adoption not permitted. The Company is currently assessing the impact adoption of this guidance may have on its consolidated financial statements.

In April 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-08, "Presentation of Financial Statements (Topic 205) and Property, Plant and Equipment (Topic 360): Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity." ASU No. 2014-08 limits discontinued operations reporting to situations where the disposal represents a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results, and requires expanded disclosures for discontinued operations. ASU No. 2014-08 will be effective prospectively for the Company for disposals that occur during or after the quarter ending December 31, 2015, with early adoption permitted in certain instances. The significance of this guidance for the Company is dependent on any future dispositions or disposals.

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In July 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-11, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists." ASU No. 2013-11 clarifies that companies should present an unrecognized tax benefit as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss or a tax credit carryforward. ASU No. 2013-11 will be effective prospectively for the Company for the quarter ending December 31, 2014, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently assessing the impact adoption of this guidance may have on its consolidated statement of financial position. The adoption of this guidance will have no impact on the Company's consolidated results of operations.

In March 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-05, "Foreign Currency Matters (Topic 830): Parent's Accounting for the Cumulative Translation Adjustment upon Derecognition of Certain Subsidiaries or Groups of Assets within a Foreign Entity or of an Investment in a Foreign Entity." ASU No. 2013-05 clarifies when companies should release the cumulative translation adjustment (CTA) into net income when a parent either sells a part or all of its investment in a foreign entity or no longer holds a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or group of assets within a foreign entity. Additionally, ASU No. 2013-05 states that CTA should be released into net income upon an acquirer obtaining control of an acquiree in which it held an equity interest immediately before the acquisition date (step acquisition). ASU No. 2013-05 will be effective prospectively for the Company for the quarter ending December 31, 2014, with early adoption permitted. The significance of this guidance for the Company is dependent on any future derecognition events involving the Company's foreign entities.

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-02, "Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income." ASU No. 2013-02 requires companies to provide information about the amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by component. Additionally, companies are required to disclose these reclassifications by each respective line item on the statements of income. ASU No. 2013-02 was effective for the Company for the quarter ended December 31, 2013. The adoption of this guidance had no impact on the Company's consolidated financial condition or results of operations. Refer to Note 14, "Equity and Noncontrolling Interests," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for disclosures regarding other comprehensive income.

In December 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-11, "Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities." ASU No. 2011-11 requires additional quantitative and qualitative disclosures of gross and net information regarding derivative instruments that are offset or eligible for offset in the consolidated statement of financial position. ASU No. 2011-11 was effective for the Company for the quarter ending December 31, 2013. The adoption of this guidance had no impact on the Company's consolidated financial condition or results of operations. Refer to Note 15, "Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for disclosure of gross and net information regarding the Company's derivative instruments.

### 3. Acquisitions and Divestitures

On June 16, 2014, the Company completed its purchase of Air Distribution Technologies (ADT) for approximately \$1.6 billion, net of cash acquired, all of which was paid in the nine months ended June 30, 2014. ADT is one of the largest independent providers of air distribution and ventilation products in North America. On June 13, 2014, the Company completed a public offering of \$1.7 billion aggregate principal amount of fixed rate senior notes to finance the purchase of ADT. In connection with the ADT acquisition, the Company recorded goodwill of \$932 million in the

Building Efficiency Other segment. The Company also recorded approximately \$414 million of intangible assets that are subject to amortization of which approximately \$408 million was assigned to customer relationships with useful lives between 16 and 20 years. In addition, the Company recorded approximately \$214 million of trade names that are not subject to amortization. The purchase price allocations may be subsequently adjusted to reflect final valuation studies.

In the first six months of fiscal 2014, the Company completed two acquisitions for a combined purchase price, net of cash acquired, of \$128 million, all of which was paid in the nine months ended June 30, 2014. The acquisitions in the aggregate were not material to the Company's consolidated financial statements. In connection with the acquisitions, the Company recorded goodwill of \$104 million. The purchase price allocations may be subsequently adjusted to reflect final valuation studies. As a result of one of the acquisitions, which increased the Company's ownership from a noncontrolling to controlling interest, the Company recorded a non-cash gain of \$19 million in equity income for the Power Solutions business to adjust the Company's existing equity investment in the partially-owned affiliate to fair value.

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In the three months ended June 30, 2014, the Company completed the divestiture of the Automotive Experience Interiors headliner and sun visor product lines. As part of this divestiture, the Company made a cash payment of \$54 million to the buyer to fund future operational improvement initiatives. The Company recorded a pre-tax loss on divestiture, including transaction costs, of \$95 million. The tax impact of the divestiture was income tax expense of \$38 million due to the jurisdictional mix of gains and losses on the sale, which resulted in non-benefited losses in certain countries and taxable gains in other countries. There was no change in goodwill as a result of this transaction.

In the three months ended June 30, 2014, the Company recorded a \$25 million loss in the Building Efficiency Global Workplace Solutions segment related to the indemnification of certain costs associated with a divested business in 2004.

In the first three months of fiscal 2014, the Company completed one divestiture for a sales price of \$13 million, all of which was received as of June 30, 2014. The divestiture was not material to the Company's consolidated financial statements. In connection with the divestiture, the Company recorded a gain, net of transaction costs, of \$9 million in the Automotive Experience Interiors segment. There was no change in goodwill as a result of this transaction.

In the first nine months of fiscal 2014, the Company adjusted the purchase price allocation of certain fiscal 2013 acquisitions and recorded additional goodwill of \$2 million.

In the second quarter of fiscal 2014, the Company announced that it had reached an agreement to sell the remainder of its Automotive Experience Electronics business to Visteon Corporation, subject to regulatory and other approvals. The sale closed on July 1, 2014. At March 31, 2014, the Company determined that the Automotive Experience Electronics segment met the criteria to be classified as a discontinued operation. Refer to Note 4, "Discontinued Operations," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for further disclosure related to the Company's discontinued operations.

In the first nine months of fiscal 2013, the Company completed two acquisitions for a combined purchase price, net of cash acquired, of \$113 million, all of which was paid in the nine months ended June 30, 2013. The acquisitions in the aggregate were not material to the Company's consolidated financial statements. In connection with the acquisitions, the Company recorded goodwill of \$220 million. As a result of one of the acquisitions, which increased the Company's ownership from a noncontrolling to controlling interest, the Company recorded a non-cash gain of \$82 million in Automotive Experience Seating equity income to adjust the Company's existing equity investment in the partially-owned affiliate in India to fair value.

In the three months ended June 30, 2013, the Company completed one divestiture for a sales price of approximately \$80 million, which was received during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2013. The divestiture was not material to the Company's consolidated financial statements. In connection with the divestiture, the Company recorded a gain of \$29 million and reduced goodwill by \$15 million in the Automotive Experience Seating segment.

#### 4. Discontinued Operations

In the fourth quarter of fiscal 2013, the Company completed its divestiture of its Automotive Experience Electronics' HomeLink® product line to Gentex Corporation. In the second quarter of fiscal 2014, the Company announced that it had reached a definitive agreement to sell the remainder of the Automotive Experience Electronics business to Visteon Corporation, subject to regulatory and other approvals. The sale closed on July 1, 2014. At March 31, 2014,

the Company determined that the Automotive Experience Electronics segment met the criteria to be classified as a discontinued operation, which required retrospective application to financial information for all periods presented. The Company did not allocate any general corporate overhead to discontinued operations. The assets and liabilities of the Automotive Experience Electronics segment were reflected as held for sale in the consolidated statements of financial position at June 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013.

The following table summarizes the results of the Automotive Experience Electronics business, which includes the HomeLink® product line in fiscal 2013 results, reclassified as discontinued operations for the three and nine month periods ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 (in millions):

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|                                                                                          | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |        | Nine Months Ended<br>June 30, |        |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------|--------|
|                                                                                          | 2014                           | 2013   | 2014                          | 2013   |
| Net sales                                                                                | \$336                          | \$332  | \$1,014                       | \$973  |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations before income taxes                           | (62                            | ) 39   | (8                            | ) 99   |
| Provision (benefit) for income taxes on discontinued operations                          | (3                             | ) 18   | 200                           | 46     |
| Income from discontinued operations attributable to noncontrolling interests, net of tax | 3                              | 1      | 8                             | 3      |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax                                   | \$(62                          | ) \$20 | \$(216                        | ) \$50 |

For the three months ended June 30, 2014, the discontinued operations before income taxes included divestiture-related losses of \$80 million comprised of asset and investment impairment charges of \$43 million, transaction costs of \$27 million and severance obligations of \$10 million.

For the three months ended June 30, 2014, the Company's effective tax rate for discontinued operations was different than the U.S. federal statutory rate of 35% primarily due to unbenefited foreign losses. For the nine months ended June 30, 2014, the Company's effective tax rate for discontinued operations was greater than the U.S. federal statutory rate of 35% primarily due to a second quarter discrete non-cash tax charge of \$180 million related to the repatriation of foreign cash associated with the divestiture of the Electronics business and unbenefited foreign losses. For the three and nine months ended June 30, 2013, the Company's effective tax rate was greater than the U.S. federal statutory rate of 35% primarily due to unbenefited foreign losses.

#### Assets and Liabilities Held for Sale

The Company has determined that certain of its businesses met the criteria to be classified as held for sale. The Automotive Experience Electronics segment was classified as held for sale beginning September 30, 2013, and the headliner and sun visor product lines were also classified as held for sale as of September 30, 2013. The headliner and sun visor product lines were sold during the third quarter of fiscal 2014; refer to Note 3, "Acquisitions and Divestitures," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for additional information.



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The following table summarizes the carrying value of the Electronics and headliner and sun visor assets and liabilities held for sale (in millions):

|                                           | June 30,<br>2014 | September 30,<br>2013 |
|-------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents                 | \$30             | \$4                   |
| Accounts receivable - net                 | 185              | 197                   |
| Inventories                               | 107              | 124                   |
| Other current assets                      | 57               | 91                    |
| Property, plant and equipment - net       | 189              | 167                   |
| Goodwill                                  | 62               | 74                    |
| Other intangible assets - net             | 63               | 57                    |
| Investments in partially-owned affiliates | 7                | 26                    |
| Other noncurrent assets                   | 67               | 64                    |
| Assets held for sale                      | \$767            | \$804                 |
| Short-term debt                           | \$4              | \$5                   |
| Accounts payable                          | 176              | 253                   |
| Accrued compensation and benefits         | 27               | 46                    |
| Other current liabilities                 | 29               | 85                    |
| Pension and postretirement benefits       | 6                | 13                    |
| Liabilities held for sale                 | \$242            | \$402                 |

Assets and liabilities classified as held for sale are required to be recorded at the lower of carrying value or fair value less any costs to sell. Accordingly, the Company recorded asset and investment impairment charges of \$43 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2014 to write down the carrying value of the Electronics assets held for sale to fair value less any costs to sell. The Company recorded an impairment charge of \$41 million in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2013 to write down the headliner and sun visor long-lived assets to zero. The headliner and sun visor product lines classified as held for sale are immaterial to the Company individually and in the aggregate, and do not constitute a distinguishable business in order to be classified as a discontinued operation.



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In May 2014, the Company announced the signing of an agreement to form a global automotive interiors joint venture with Yanfeng Automotive Trim Systems. As a result, a majority of the Automotive Experience Interiors business met the criteria to be classified as held for sale; the following table summarizes the carrying value of those assets and liabilities held for sale (in millions):

|                                           | June 30,<br>2014 |
|-------------------------------------------|------------------|
| Accounts receivable - net                 | \$ 454           |
| Inventories                               | 181              |
| Other current assets                      | 173              |
| Property, plant and equipment - net       | 498              |
| Goodwill                                  | 12               |
| Other intangible assets - net             | 4                |
| Investments in partially-owned affiliates | 83               |
| Other noncurrent assets                   | 31               |
| Assets held for sale                      | \$ 1,436         |
| Accounts payable                          | \$ 554           |
| Accrued compensation and benefits         | 21               |
| Other current liabilities                 | 177              |
| Liabilities held for sale                 | \$ 752           |

The Automotive Experience Interiors business classified as held for sale does not meet the criteria to be classified as a discontinued operation at June 30, 2014 primarily due to the Company's anticipated continuing involvement in these operations following a divestiture.

#### 5. Percentage-of-Completion Contracts

The Building Efficiency business records certain long-term contracts under the percentage-of-completion method of accounting. Under this method, sales and gross profit are recognized as work is performed based on the relationship between actual costs incurred and total estimated costs at completion. The Company records costs and earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts primarily within accounts receivable - net and billings in excess of costs and earnings on uncompleted contracts primarily within other current liabilities in the consolidated statements of financial position. Costs and earnings in excess of billings related to these contracts were \$517 million, \$489 million and \$470 million at June 30, 2014, September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, respectively. Billings in excess of costs and earnings related to these contracts were \$378 million, \$263 million and \$245 million at June 30, 2014, September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, respectively.

#### 6. Inventories

Inventories consisted of the following (in millions):

| June 30,<br>2014 | September 30,<br>2013 | June 30,<br>2013 |
|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|

|                            |         |         |         |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Raw materials and supplies | \$1,109 | \$1,086 | \$1,084 |
| Work-in-process            | 441     | 459     | 503     |
| Finished goods             | 1,041   | 780     | 883     |
| Inventories                | \$2,591 | \$2,325 | \$2,470 |

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In the fourth quarter of fiscal 2013, the Company changed its method of inventory costing for certain inventory in its Power Solutions business to the first-in first-out (FIFO) method from the last-in first-out (LIFO) method. Refer to Note 1, "Financial Statements," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for discussion of the Company's change in accounting method.

## 7. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Effective October 1, 2013, the Company reorganized the reportable segments within its Building Efficiency business to align with its new management reporting structure and business activities. Historical information has been revised to reflect the new Building Efficiency reportable segment structure. Refer to Note 18, "Segment Information," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for further information.

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill in each of the Company's reportable segments for the three month period ended September 30, 2013 and the nine month period ended June 30, 2014 were as follows (in millions):

|                                   | June 30,<br>2013         | Business<br>Acquisitions | Business<br>Divestitures | Impairments | Currency<br>Translation<br>and Other | September<br>30,<br>2013 |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Building Efficiency               |                          |                          |                          |             |                                      |                          |
| North America Systems and Service | \$1,229                  | \$—                      | \$—                      | \$—         | \$(1 )                               | \$1,228                  |
| Global Workplace Solutions        | 249                      | 4                        | —                        | —           | 4                                    | 257                      |
| Asia                              | 385                      | —                        | —                        | —           | 3                                    | 388                      |
| Other                             | 993                      | —                        | —                        | —           | 10                                   | 1,003                    |
| Automotive Experience             |                          |                          |                          |             |                                      |                          |
| Seating                           | 2,569                    | 42                       | —                        | —           | 48                                   | 2,659                    |
| Interiors                         | 418                      | —                        | —                        | (430 )      | 12                                   | —                        |
| Electronics                       | 251                      | —                        | (251 )                   | —           | —                                    | —                        |
| Power Solutions                   | 1,041                    | —                        | —                        | —           | 13                                   | 1,054                    |
| Total                             | \$7,135                  | \$46                     | \$(251 )                 | \$(430 )    | \$89                                 | \$6,589                  |
|                                   | September<br>30,<br>2013 | Business<br>Acquisitions | Business<br>Divestitures | Impairments | Currency<br>Translation<br>and Other | June 30,<br>2014         |
| Building Efficiency               |                          |                          |                          |             |                                      |                          |
| North America Systems and Service | \$1,228                  | \$—                      | \$—                      | \$—         | \$(1 )                               | \$1,227                  |
| Global Workplace Solutions        | 257                      | —                        | —                        | —           | 5                                    | 262                      |
| Asia                              | 388                      | —                        | —                        | —           | (6 )                                 | 382                      |
| Other                             | 1,003                    | 932                      | —                        | —           | 7                                    | 1,942                    |
| Automotive Experience             |                          |                          |                          |             |                                      |                          |
| Seating                           | 2,659                    | 2                        | —                        | —           | 14                                   | 2,675                    |
| Interiors                         | —                        | —                        | (12 )                    | —           | 12                                   | —                        |
| Electronics                       | —                        | —                        | —                        | —           | —                                    | —                        |
| Power Solutions                   | 1,054                    | 104                      | —                        | —           | 12                                   | 1,170                    |

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|       |         |         |       |       |      |         |
|-------|---------|---------|-------|-------|------|---------|
| Total | \$6,589 | \$1,038 | \$(12 | ) \$— | \$43 | \$7,658 |
|-------|---------|---------|-------|-------|------|---------|

The nine months ended June 30, 2014 Automotive Experience Interiors business divestitures amount includes \$12 million of goodwill transferred to noncurrent assets held for sale on the consolidated statement of financial position. Refer to Note 4, "Discontinued Operations," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for further information regarding the Company's assets and liabilities held for sale.

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The three months ended September 30, 2013 Automotive Experience Electronics business divestitures amount includes \$74 million of goodwill transferred to assets held for sale on the consolidated statement of financial position. Refer to Note 4, "Discontinued Operations," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for further information regarding the Company's assets and liabilities held for sale.

Based on a combination of factors relating to the Automotive Experience Interiors business, including the operating results of the business, restrictions on future capital and restructuring funding, and the Company's announced intention to explore strategic options related to this business, the Company's forecasted cash flow estimates used in the goodwill assessment were negatively impacted as of September 30, 2013. As a result, the Company concluded that the carrying value of the Interiors reporting unit exceeded its fair value as of September 30, 2013. The Company recorded a goodwill impairment charge of \$430 million in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2013, which was determined by comparing the carrying value of the reporting unit's goodwill with the implied fair value of goodwill for the reporting unit. The assumptions included in the impairment test require judgment, and changes to these inputs could impact the results of the calculation. Other than management's internal projections of future cash flows, the primary assumptions used in the impairment test were the weighted-average cost of capital and long-term growth rates. Although the Company's cash flow forecasts are based on assumptions that are considered reasonable by management and consistent with the plans and estimates management is using to operate the underlying business, there is significant judgment in determining the expected future cash flows attributable to the Interiors business.

The Company's other intangible assets, primarily from business acquisitions valued based on independent appraisals, consisted of (in millions):

|                                   | June 30, 2014         |                          |           | September 30, 2013    |                          |         | June 30, 2013         |                          |           |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------|
|                                   | Gross Carrying Amount | Accumulated Amortization | Net       | Gross Carrying Amount | Accumulated Amortization | Net     | Gross Carrying Amount | Accumulated Amortization | Net       |
| Amortized intangible assets       |                       |                          |           |                       |                          |         |                       |                          |           |
| Patented technology               | \$88                  | \$ (56)                  | ) \$32    | \$92                  | \$ (53)                  | ) \$39  | \$168                 | \$ (104)                 | ) \$64    |
| Customer relationships            | 1,014                 | (163)                    | ) 851     | 537                   | (138)                    | ) 399   | 548                   | (133)                    | ) 415     |
| Miscellaneous                     | 370                   | (116)                    | ) 254     | 336                   | (91)                     | ) 245   | 347                   | (86)                     | ) 261     |
| Total amortized intangible assets | 1,472                 | (335)                    | ) 1,137   | 965                   | (282)                    | ) 683   | 1,063                 | (323)                    | ) 740     |
| Unamortized intangible assets     |                       |                          |           |                       |                          |         |                       |                          |           |
| Trademarks/trade names            | 532                   | —                        | 532       | 316                   | —                        | 316     | 315                   | —                        | 315       |
| Total intangible assets           | \$2,004               | \$ (335)                 | ) \$1,669 | \$1,281               | \$ (282)                 | ) \$999 | \$1,378               | \$ (323)                 | ) \$1,055 |

Amortization of other intangible assets for the three month periods ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 was \$20 million and \$19 million, respectively. Amortization of other intangible assets for the nine month periods ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 was \$60 million and \$57 million, respectively. Excluding the impact of any future acquisitions, the Company anticipates amortization for fiscal 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018 and 2019 will be approximately \$106 million, \$102 million, \$97 million, \$91 million and \$81 million per year, respectively.



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## 8. Product Warranties

The Company offers warranties to its customers depending upon the specific product and terms of the customer purchase agreement. A typical warranty program requires that the Company replace defective products within a specified time period from the date of sale. The Company records an estimate for future warranty-related costs based on actual historical return rates and other known factors. Based on analysis of return rates and other factors, the Company's warranty provisions are adjusted as necessary. The Company monitors its warranty activity and adjusts its reserve estimates when it is probable that future warranty costs will be different than those estimates.

The Company's product warranty liability is recorded in the consolidated statements of financial position in other current liabilities if the warranty is less than one year and in other noncurrent liabilities if the warranty extends longer than one year.

The changes in the carrying amount of the Company's total product warranty liability, including extended warranties for which deferred revenue is recorded, for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 were as follows (in millions):

|                                                                              | Nine Months Ended<br>June 30, |        |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|
|                                                                              | 2014                          | 2013   |
| Balance at beginning of period                                               | \$256                         | \$278  |
| Accruals for warranties issued during the period                             | 215                           | 192    |
| Accruals from acquisitions and divestitures                                  | 1                             | —      |
| Accruals related to pre-existing warranties (including changes in estimates) | (5                            | ) (9   |
| Settlements made (in cash or in kind) during the period                      | (181                          | ) (197 |
| Currency translation                                                         | —                             | (3     |
| Balance at end of period                                                     | \$286                         | \$261  |

## 9. Significant Restructuring Costs

To better align its resources with its growth strategies and reduce the cost structure of its global operations to address the softness in certain underlying markets, the Company committed to a significant restructuring plan in fiscal 2012 and recorded \$297 million of restructuring and impairment costs. As a continuation of its restructuring plan announced in fiscal 2012, the Company recorded \$985 million of restructuring and impairment costs in fiscal 2013, of which \$84 million was recorded in the second quarter, \$143 million in the third quarter and \$758 million in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2013. The restructuring actions related to cost reduction initiatives in the Company's Automotive Experience, Building Efficiency and Power Solutions businesses. In the third quarter of fiscal 2014, the Company recorded \$162 million of restructuring and impairment costs within continuing operations for business portfolio changes related primarily to the Automotive Experience Interiors business and \$53 million of restructuring and impairment costs within discontinued operations related to the divestiture of the Automotive Experience Electronics business. The restructuring actions included planned workforce reductions, plant closures, and asset impairments which are expected to be substantially complete by the end of fiscal 2015.



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The following table summarizes the changes in the Company's restructuring reserve, included within other current liabilities in the consolidated statements of financial position (in millions):

|                                          | Employee<br>Severance and<br>Termination<br>Benefits | Asset<br>Impairments | Other | Currency<br>Translation | Total |
|------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|-------|-------------------------|-------|
| Balance at September 30, 2013            | \$441                                                | \$—                  | \$3   | \$2                     | \$446 |
| Utilized—cash                            | (62)                                                 | ) —                  | —     | —                       | (62)  |
| Utilized—noncash                         | —                                                    | —                    | —     | 5                       | 5     |
| Transfers from liabilities held for sale | 31                                                   | —                    | —     | —                       | 31    |
| Balance at December 31, 2013             | \$410                                                | \$—                  | \$3   | \$7                     | \$420 |
| Utilized—cash                            | (62)                                                 | ) —                  | —     | —                       | (62)  |
| Utilized—noncash                         | —                                                    | —                    | —     | (4)                     | (4)   |
| Balance at March 31, 2014                | \$348                                                | \$—                  | \$3   | \$3                     | \$354 |
| Additional restructuring costs           | 127                                                  | 88                   | —     | —                       | 215   |
| Utilized—cash                            | (48)                                                 | ) —                  | (3)   | ) —                     | (51)  |
| Utilized—noncash                         | —                                                    | (88)                 | ) —   | 2                       | (86)  |
| Balance at June 30, 2014                 | \$427                                                | \$—                  | \$—   | \$5                     | \$432 |

The \$31 million of transfers from liabilities held for sale represent restructuring reserves that were included in liabilities held for sale in the consolidated statement of financial position at September 30, 2013, but were excluded from liabilities held for sale at December 31, 2013 based on transaction negotiations. See Note 4, "Discontinued Operations," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for further information regarding the Company's assets and liabilities held for sale.

The Company's restructuring plans include workforce reductions of approximately 19,100 employees (10,700 for the Automotive Experience business, 7,400 for the Building Efficiency business and 1,000 for the Power Solutions business). Restructuring charges associated with employee severance and termination benefits are paid over the severance period granted to each employee or on a lump sum basis in accordance with individual severance agreements. As of June 30, 2014, approximately 12,500 of the employees have been separated from the Company pursuant to the restructuring plans. In addition, the restructuring plans include twenty-nine plant closures (twenty-one for Automotive Experience, two for Power Solutions and six for Building Efficiency). As of June 30, 2014, thirteen of the twenty-nine plants have been closed.

Company management closely monitors its overall cost structure and continually analyzes each of its businesses for opportunities to consolidate current operations, improve operating efficiencies and locate facilities in low cost countries in close proximity to customers. This ongoing analysis includes a review of its manufacturing, engineering and purchasing operations, as well as the overall global footprint for all its businesses. Because of the importance of new vehicle sales by major automotive manufacturers to operations, the Company is affected by the general business conditions in this industry. Future adverse developments in the automotive industry could impact the Company's liquidity position, lead to additional impairment charges and/or require additional restructuring of its operations.

## 10. Income Taxes

In calculating the provision for income taxes, the Company uses an estimate of the annual effective tax rate based upon the facts and circumstances known at each interim period. On a quarterly basis, the actual effective tax rate is adjusted, as appropriate, based upon changed facts and circumstances, if any, as compared to those forecasted at the beginning of the fiscal year and each interim period thereafter. For the three and nine months ended June 30, 2014, the Company's effective tax rate for continuing operations was 39% and 24%, respectively. This was different than the U.S. federal statutory rate of 35% primarily due to the jurisdictional mix of significant restructuring and impairment costs and losses on divestitures, partially offset by global tax planning and foreign tax rate differentials. For the three and nine months ended June 30, 2013, the

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Company's effective tax rate was (15)% and 17%, respectively. The effective rate was different than the U.S. federal statutory rate of 35% primarily due to tax audit resolutions and other matters, significant restructuring and impairment costs, valuation allowance adjustments, an uncertain tax position charge and foreign tax differentials. The Company resolved certain Mexican tax issues in the third quarter of fiscal 2013, which resulted in a \$61 million benefit to income tax expense. Other discrete items and tax matters are detailed below.

#### Valuation Allowance

The Company reviews the realizability of its deferred tax assets on a quarterly basis, or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that a review is required. In determining the requirement for a valuation allowance, the historical and projected financial results of the legal entity or consolidated group recording the net deferred tax asset are considered, along with any other positive or negative evidence. Since future financial results may differ from previous estimates, periodic adjustments to the Company's valuation allowances may be necessary.

In the first quarter of fiscal 2014, the Company determined that it was more likely than not that the deferred tax asset associated with a capital loss in Mexico would not be utilized. Therefore, the Company recorded a \$21 million valuation allowance as income tax expense.

In the second quarter of fiscal 2013, the Company performed an analysis of its worldwide deferred tax assets. As a result, and after considering tax planning initiatives and other positive and negative evidence, the Company determined that it was more likely than not that a portion of the deferred tax assets would not be utilized in Brazil and Germany. Therefore, the Company recorded \$94 million of valuation allowances as income tax expense. To the extent the Company improves its underlying operating results in these jurisdictions, these valuation allowances, or a portion thereof, could be reversed in future periods.

#### Uncertain Tax Positions

At September 30, 2013, the Company had gross tax effected unrecognized tax benefits of \$1,345 million, of which \$1,198 million, if recognized, would impact the effective tax rate. Total net accrued interest at September 30, 2013 was approximately \$84 million (net of tax benefit). The net change in interest and penalties during the nine months ended June 30, 2014 was \$9 million, and for the same period in fiscal 2013 was \$11 million. The Company recognizes interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as a component of income tax expense.

In the third quarter of fiscal 2013, tax audit resolutions resulted in a net \$79 million benefit to income tax expense.

As a result of foreign law changes during the second quarter of fiscal 2013, the Company increased its total reserve for uncertain tax positions, resulting in income tax expense of \$17 million.

In the U.S., fiscal years 2010 through 2012 are currently under exam by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and 2004 through 2009 are currently under IRS Appeals. Additionally, the Company is currently under exam in the following major foreign jurisdictions:

| Tax Jurisdiction | Tax Years Covered |
|------------------|-------------------|
| Belgium          | 2011 - 2012       |
| Brazil           | 2004 - 2008       |

|         |                          |
|---------|--------------------------|
| Canada  | 2007 - 2010              |
| France  | 2002 - 2013              |
| Germany | 2001 - 2010              |
| Italy   | 2005 - 2009, 2011        |
| Korea   | 2008 - 2012              |
| Mexico  | 2003 - 2004, 2007 - 2012 |
| Poland  | 2012 - 2013              |

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The Company expects that certain tax examinations, appellate proceedings and/or tax litigation will conclude within the next twelve months, the impact of which is not expected to be significant to the Company's consolidated financial statements.

#### Other Tax Matters

In the third quarter of fiscal 2014, the Company disposed of its Automotive Experience Interiors headliner and sun visor product lines. Refer to Note 3, "Acquisitions and Divestitures," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for additional information. As a result, the Company recorded a pre-tax loss on divestiture of \$95 million and income tax expense of \$38 million. The income tax expense is due to the jurisdictional mix of gains and losses on the sale, which resulted in non-benefited losses in certain countries and taxable gains in other countries.

In the third quarter of fiscal 2014, the Company recorded \$80 million of divestiture related losses related to its Automotive Experience Electronics business. Refer to Note 4, "Discontinued Operations," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for additional information. The loss generated an \$8 million tax benefit, which was negatively impacted by the jurisdictional mix of gains and losses on the sale.

In the third quarter of fiscal 2014, the Company recorded \$162 million million of significant restructuring and impairment costs. Refer to Note 9, "Significant Restructuring Costs," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for additional information. The restructuring costs generated an \$11 million tax benefit, which was negatively impacted by the Company's current tax position in these jurisdictions and the underlying tax basis in the impaired assets.

#### Impacts of Tax Legislation

As a result of changes to Mexican tax law in the first quarter of fiscal 2014, the Company recorded a benefit to income tax expense of \$25 million. Tax legislation was also adopted in various other jurisdictions during the nine month period ended June 30, 2014. These law changes did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

As a result of foreign law changes during the second quarter of fiscal 2013, the Company increased its total reserve for uncertain tax positions, resulting in income tax expense of \$17 million.

The "look-through rule," under subpart F of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code, expired for the Company on September 30, 2012. The "look-through rule" had provided an exception to the U.S. taxation of certain income generated by foreign subsidiaries. The rule was extended in January 2013 retroactive to the beginning of the Company's 2013 fiscal year.

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# 11. Pension and Postretirement Plans

The components of the Company's net periodic benefit costs from continuing operations associated with its defined benefit pension and postretirement plans are shown in the tables below in accordance with ASC 715, "Compensation – Retirement Benefits" (in millions):

|                                      | U.S. Pension Plans      |        | Nine Months Ended |         |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------|-------------------|---------|
|                                      | Three Months Ended      |        | June 30,          |         |
|                                      | June 30,                |        | June 30,          |         |
|                                      | 2014                    | 2013   | 2014              | 2013    |
| Service cost                         | \$18                    | \$22   | \$53              | \$67    |
| Interest cost                        | 34                      | 38     | 103               | 113     |
| Expected return on plan assets       | (51                     | ) (57  | (154              | ) (173  |
| Amortization of prior service cost   | —                       | —      | 1                 | 1       |
| Net periodic benefit cost            | \$1                     | \$3    | \$3               | \$8     |
|                                      | Non-U.S. Pension Plans  |        | Nine Months Ended |         |
|                                      | Three Months Ended      |        | June 30,          |         |
|                                      | June 30,                |        | June 30,          |         |
|                                      | 2014                    | 2013   | 2014              | 2013    |
| Service cost                         | \$10                    | \$9    | \$29              | \$28    |
| Interest cost                        | 18                      | 15     | 54                | 47      |
| Expected return on plan assets       | (19                     | ) (17  | (57               | ) (52   |
| Amortization of prior service credit | (1                      | ) —    | (1                | ) (1    |
| Curtailment gain                     | —                       | —      | (2                | ) (26   |
| Net periodic benefit cost (credit)   | \$8                     | \$7    | \$23              | \$(4    |
|                                      | Postretirement Benefits |        | Nine Months Ended |         |
|                                      | Three Months Ended      |        | June 30,          |         |
|                                      | June 30,                |        | June 30,          |         |
|                                      | 2014                    | 2013   | 2014              | 2013    |
| Service cost                         | \$1                     | \$1    | \$3               | \$4     |
| Interest cost                        | 3                       | 3      | 9                 | 8       |
| Expected return on plan assets       | (3                      | ) (3   | (9                | ) (9    |
| Amortization of prior service credit | (2                      | ) (4   | (5                | ) (13   |
| Net periodic benefit credit          | \$(1                    | ) \$(3 | \$(2              | ) \$(10 |

The curtailment gains in the nine months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 were the result of lost contracts in the Building Efficiency Global Workplace Solutions segment.

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## 12. Debt and Financing Arrangements

During the quarter ended June 30, 2014, the Company issued \$300 million aggregate principal amount of 1.4% senior unsecured fixed rate notes due in fiscal 2018, \$500 million aggregate principal amount of 3.625% senior unsecured fixed rate notes due in fiscal 2024, \$450 million aggregate principal amount of 4.625% senior unsecured fixed rate notes due in fiscal 2044 and \$450 million aggregate principal amount of 4.95% senior unsecured fixed rate notes due in fiscal 2064. Aggregate net proceeds of \$1.7 billion from the issuance was used to finance the acquisition of ADT and for other general corporate purposes. Refer to Note 3, "Acquisitions and Divestitures," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for further information regarding the ADT acquisition.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2014, the Company entered into a one-year, \$150 million, floating rate term loan scheduled to mature in January 2015. Proceeds from the term loan were used for general corporate purposes.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2014, the Company entered into a nine-month, \$150 million, floating rate term loan scheduled to mature in December 2014. Proceeds from the term loan were used for general corporate purposes. The loan was repaid during the quarter ended June 30, 2014.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2014, the Company retired \$350 million in principal amount, plus accrued interest, of its floating rate notes that matured February 2014.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2014, the Company retired \$450 million in principal amount, plus accrued interest, of its 1.75% fixed rate notes that matured March 2014.

During the quarter ended December 31, 2013, a \$35 million and a \$100 million committed revolving credit facility expired. The Company entered into a new \$35 million committed revolving credit facility scheduled to expire in November 2014 and a new \$100 million committed revolving credit facility scheduled to expire in December 2014. As of June 30, 2014, there were no draws on either facility.

During the quarter ended December 31, 2013, the Company entered into a five-year, 220 million euro, floating rate credit facility scheduled to mature in fiscal 2019. The Company drew on the full credit facility during the quarter ended December 31, 2013. Proceeds from the facility were used for general corporate purposes.

During the quarter ended December 31, 2013, the Company entered into a nine-month, \$500 million, floating rate term loan scheduled to mature in September 2014. Proceeds from the term loan were used for general corporate purposes.

During the quarter ended December 31, 2012, the Company entered into a five-year, 70 million euro, floating rate credit facility scheduled to mature in fiscal 2018. The Company drew on the full credit facility during the quarter ended December 31, 2012. Proceeds from the facility were used for general corporate purposes.

During the quarter ended December 31, 2012, the Company retired \$100 million in principal amount, plus accrued interest, of its 5.8% fixed rate notes that matured November 2012.



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### Net Financing Charges

The Company's net financing charges line item in the consolidated statements of income for the three and nine month periods ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 contained the following components (in millions):

|                                                       | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |      | Nine Months Ended<br>June 30, |       |
|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------|-------------------------------|-------|
|                                                       | 2014                           | 2013 | 2014                          | 2013  |
| Interest expense, net of capitalized interest costs   | \$63                           | \$67 | \$176                         | \$195 |
| Banking fees and bond cost amortization               | 5                              | 5    | 14                            | 15    |
| Interest income                                       | (3                             | ) (5 | ) (8                          | ) (12 |
| Net foreign exchange results for financing activities | 2                              | —    | (4                            | ) (5  |
| Net financing charges                                 | \$67                           | \$67 | \$178                         | \$193 |

### 13. Earnings Per Share

The Company presents both basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) amounts. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing net income attributable to Johnson Controls, Inc. by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the reporting period. Diluted EPS is calculated by dividing net income attributable to Johnson Controls, Inc. by the weighted average number of common shares and common equivalent shares outstanding during the reporting period that are calculated using the treasury stock method for stock options and unvested restricted stock. The treasury stock method assumes that the Company uses the proceeds from the exercise of stock option awards to repurchase common stock at the average market price during the period. The assumed proceeds under the treasury stock method include the purchase price that the grantee will pay in the future, compensation cost for future service that the Company has not yet recognized and any windfall tax benefits that would be credited to capital in excess of par value when the award generates a tax deduction. If there would be a shortfall resulting in a charge to capital in excess of par value, such an amount would be a reduction of the proceeds. For unvested restricted stock, assumed proceeds under the treasury stock method would include unamortized compensation cost and windfall tax benefits or shortfalls.

The following table reconciles the numerators and denominators used to calculate basic and diluted earnings per share (in millions):

|                                                           | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |       | Nine Months Ended<br>June 30, |         |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------|-------------------------------|---------|
|                                                           | 2014                           | 2013  | 2014                          | 2013    |
| Income Available to Common Shareholders                   |                                |       |                               |         |
| Income from continuing operations                         | \$238                          | \$530 | \$1,122                       | \$1,023 |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations                | (62                            | ) 20  | (216                          | ) 50    |
| Basic and diluted income available to common shareholders | \$176                          | \$550 | \$906                         | \$1,073 |
| Weighted Average Shares Outstanding                       |                                |       |                               |         |
| Basic weighted average shares outstanding                 | 664.4                          | 683.9 | 667.5                         | 683.7   |
| Effect of dilutive securities:                            |                                |       |                               |         |
| Stock options and unvested restricted stock               | 7.9                            | 6.2   | 7.9                           | 5.0     |
| Diluted weighted average shares outstanding               | 672.3                          | 690.1 | 675.4                         | 688.7   |

Antidilutive Securities

Options to purchase common shares

0.1

—

0.2

1.1

23

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During the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the Company declared a dividend of \$0.22 and \$0.19, respectively, per common share. During the nine months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the Company declared three quarterly dividends totaling \$0.66 and \$0.57, respectively, per common share. With the exception of the quarterly dividend declared and paid in the three months ended December 31, 2012, the Company paid all dividends in the month subsequent to the end of each fiscal quarter.

#### 14. Equity and Noncontrolling Interests

Other comprehensive income includes activity relating to discontinued operations. The following schedules present changes in consolidated equity attributable to Johnson Controls, Inc. and noncontrolling interests (in millions, net of tax):

|                                                                                 | Three Months Ended June 30, 2014                          |                                                             |              | Three Months Ended June 30, 2013                          |                                                             |              |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
|                                                                                 | Equity<br>Attributable to<br>Johnson<br>Controls,<br>Inc. | Equity<br>Attributable<br>to<br>Noncontrolling<br>Interests | Total Equity | Equity<br>Attributable to<br>Johnson<br>Controls,<br>Inc. | Equity<br>Attributable<br>to<br>Noncontrolling<br>Interests | Total Equity |
| Beginning balance, March 31                                                     | \$ 11,686                                                 | \$ 273                                                      | \$ 11,959    | \$ 11,889                                                 | \$ 234                                                      | \$ 12,123    |
| Total comprehensive income:                                                     |                                                           |                                                             |              |                                                           |                                                             |              |
| Net income                                                                      | 176                                                       | 18                                                          | 194          | 550                                                       | 21                                                          | 571          |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments                                        | 18                                                        | —                                                           | 18           | (51)                                                      | (1)                                                         | (52)         |
| Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivatives                           | 1                                                         | —                                                           | 1            | (3)                                                       | —                                                           | (3)          |
| Realized and unrealized losses on marketable common stock                       | —                                                         | —                                                           | —            | (7)                                                       | —                                                           | (7)          |
| Pension and postretirement plans                                                | —                                                         | —                                                           | —            | (3)                                                       | —                                                           | (3)          |
| Other comprehensive income (loss)                                               | 19                                                        | —                                                           | 19           | (64)                                                      | (1)                                                         | (65)         |
| Comprehensive income                                                            | 195                                                       | 18                                                          | 213          | 486                                                       | 20                                                          | 506          |
| Other changes in equity:                                                        |                                                           |                                                             |              |                                                           |                                                             |              |
| Cash dividends—common stock                                                     | (146)                                                     | —                                                           | (146)        | (130)                                                     | —                                                           | (130)        |
| Dividends attributable to noncontrolling interests                              | —                                                         | (11)                                                        | (11)         | —                                                         | (7)                                                         | (7)          |
| Redemption value adjustment attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests | —                                                         | —                                                           | —            | 2                                                         | —                                                           | 2            |
| Repurchases of common stock                                                     | —                                                         | —                                                           | —            | (175)                                                     | —                                                           | (175)        |
| Change in noncontrolling interest share                                         | —                                                         | —                                                           | —            | —                                                         | (4)                                                         | (4)          |
| Other, including options exercised                                              | 80                                                        | —                                                           | 80           | 116                                                       | —                                                           | 116          |
| Ending balance, June 30                                                         | \$ 11,815                                                 | \$ 280                                                      | \$ 12,095    | \$ 12,188                                                 | \$ 243                                                      | \$ 12,431    |



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|                                                                                 | Nine Months Ended June 30, 2014                           |                                                             |              | Nine Months Ended June 30, 2013                           |                                                             |              |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
|                                                                                 | Equity<br>Attributable to<br>Johnson<br>Controls,<br>Inc. | Equity<br>Attributable<br>to<br>Noncontrolling<br>Interests | Total Equity | Equity<br>Attributable to<br>Johnson<br>Controls,<br>Inc. | Equity<br>Attributable<br>to<br>Noncontrolling<br>Interests | Total Equity |
| Beginning balance, September 30                                                 | \$12,314                                                  | \$ 260                                                      | \$ 12,574    | \$11,625                                                  | \$ 148                                                      | \$ 11,773    |
| Total comprehensive income:                                                     |                                                           |                                                             |              |                                                           |                                                             |              |
| Net income                                                                      | 906                                                       | 64                                                          | 970          | 1,073                                                     | 49                                                          | 1,122        |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments                                        | —                                                         | —                                                           | —            | (187                                                      | ) (1                                                        | ) (188       |
| Realized and unrealized losses on derivatives                                   | (3                                                        | ) —                                                         | (3           | ) (11                                                     | ) —                                                         | (11          |
| Realized and unrealized losses on marketable common stock                       | (7                                                        | ) —                                                         | (7           | ) (1                                                      | ) —                                                         | (1           |
| Pension and postretirement plans                                                | (2                                                        | ) —                                                         | (2           | ) (15                                                     | ) —                                                         | (15          |
| Other comprehensive loss                                                        | (12                                                       | ) —                                                         | (12          | ) (214                                                    | ) (1                                                        | ) (215       |
| Comprehensive income                                                            | 894                                                       | 64                                                          | 958          | 859                                                       | 48                                                          | 907          |
| Other changes in equity:                                                        |                                                           |                                                             |              |                                                           |                                                             |              |
| Cash dividends—common stock                                                     | (439                                                      | ) —                                                         | (439         | ) (390                                                    | ) —                                                         | (390         |
| Dividends attributable to noncontrolling interests                              | —                                                         | (38                                                         | ) (38        | ) —                                                       | (19                                                         | ) (19        |
| Redemption value adjustment attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interests | —                                                         | —                                                           | —            | 65                                                        | —                                                           | 65           |
| Repurchases of common stock                                                     | (1,199                                                    | ) —                                                         | (1,199       | ) (225                                                    | ) —                                                         | (225         |
| Change in noncontrolling interest share                                         | —                                                         | —                                                           | —            | —                                                         | 66                                                          | 66           |
| Other, including options exercised                                              | 245                                                       | (6                                                          | ) 239        | 254                                                       | —                                                           | 254          |
| Ending balance, June 30                                                         | \$11,815                                                  | \$ 280                                                      | \$ 12,095    | \$12,188                                                  | \$ 243                                                      | \$ 12,431    |

In November 2013, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a \$3 billion increase in the Company's share repurchase program, which brought the total authorized amount under the repurchase program to \$3.65 billion. The share repurchase program does not have an expiration date and may be amended or terminated by the Board of Directors at any time without prior notice. During the first quarter of fiscal 2014, the Company repurchased approximately \$1.2 billion of its common shares, including \$800 million as part of an accelerated share repurchase agreement, under these authorizations.

The Company consolidates certain subsidiaries in which the noncontrolling interest party has within its control the right to require the Company to redeem all or a portion of its interest in the subsidiary. The redeemable noncontrolling interests are reported at their estimated redemption value. Any adjustment to the redemption value impacts retained earnings but does not impact net income. Redeemable noncontrolling interests which are redeemable only upon future

events, the occurrence of which is not currently probable, are recorded at carrying value.

The following schedules present changes in the redeemable noncontrolling interests (in millions):

|                             | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |       |   |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------|---|
|                             | 2014                           | 2013  |   |
| Beginning balance, March 31 | \$183                          | \$205 |   |
| Net income                  | 5                              | 2     |   |
| Dividends                   | (4                             | ) —   |   |
| Redemption value adjustment | —                              | (2    | ) |
| Ending balance, June 30     | \$184                          | \$205 |   |

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|                                         | Nine Months Ended<br>June 30, |       |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
|                                         | 2014                          | 2013  |
| Beginning balance, September 30         | \$157                         | \$253 |
| Net income                              | 27                            | 34    |
| Dividends                               | (6                            | ) (6  |
| Redemption value adjustment             | —                             | (65   |
| Change in noncontrolling interest share | —                             | (11   |
| Other                                   | 6                             | —     |
| Ending balance, June 30                 | \$184                         | \$205 |

The following schedules present changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI) attributable to Johnson Controls, Inc. (in millions, net of tax):

|                                                                           | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |       |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------|
|                                                                           | 2014                           | 2013  |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments                                  |                                |       |
| Balance at beginning of period                                            | \$374                          | \$277 |
| Aggregate adjustment for the period (net of tax effect of \$0 and \$(9))  | 18                             | (51   |
| Balance at end of period                                                  | 392                            | 226   |
| Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivatives                     |                                |       |
| Balance at beginning of period                                            | 3                              | 4     |
| Current period changes in fair value (net of tax effect of \$0 and \$(4)) | (1                             | ) (7  |
| Reclassification to income (net of tax effect of \$0 and \$2) *           | 2                              | 4     |
| Balance at end of period                                                  | 4                              | 1     |
| Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on marketable common stock         |                                |       |
| Balance at beginning of period                                            | —                              | 11    |
| Current period changes in fair value (net of tax effect of \$0)           | —                              | (7    |
| Balance at end of period                                                  | —                              | 4     |
| Pension and postretirement plans                                          |                                |       |
| Balance at beginning of period                                            | 10                             | 16    |
| Reclassification to income (net of tax effect of \$(1) and \$(1)) ***     | (2                             | ) (3  |
| Other changes (net of tax effect of \$0)                                  | 2                              | —     |
| Balance at end of period                                                  | 10                             | 13    |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income, end of period                     | \$406                          | \$244 |



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|                                                                             | Nine Months Ended<br>June 30, |       |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
|                                                                             | 2014                          | 2013  |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments                                    |                               |       |
| Balance at beginning of period                                              | \$392                         | \$413 |
| Aggregate adjustment for the period (net of tax effect of \$6 and \$12)     | —                             | (187) |
| Balance at end of period                                                    | 392                           | 226   |
| Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on derivatives                       |                               |       |
| Balance at beginning of period                                              | 7                             | 12    |
| Current period changes in fair value (net of tax effect of \$(2) and \$(5)) | (3)                           | (8)   |
| Reclassification to income (net of tax effect of \$0 and \$(2)) *           | —                             | (3)   |
| Balance at end of period                                                    | 4                             | 1     |
| Realized and unrealized gains (losses) on marketable common stock           |                               |       |
| Balance at beginning of period                                              | 7                             | 5     |
| Current period changes in fair value (net of tax effect of \$(2) and \$0)   | (1)                           | (1)   |
| Reclassification to income (net of tax effect of \$(2) and \$0) **          | (6)                           | —     |
| Balance at end of period                                                    | —                             | 4     |
| Pension and postretirement plans                                            |                               |       |
| Balance at beginning of period                                              | 12                            | 28    |
| Reclassification to income (net of tax effect of \$(2) and \$(7)) ***       | (5)                           | (15)  |
| Other changes (net of tax effect of \$0)                                    | 3                             | —     |
| Balance at end of period                                                    | 10                            | 13    |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income, end of period                       | \$406                         | \$244 |

\* Refer to Note 15, "Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for disclosure of the line items on the consolidated statements of income affected by reclassifications from AOCI into income related to derivatives.

\*\* Refer to Note 16, "Fair Value Measurements," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for disclosure of the line item on the consolidated statements of income affected by reclassifications from AOCI into income related to marketable common stock.

\*\*\* Refer to Note 11, "Pension and Postretirement Plans," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for disclosure of the components of the Company's net periodic benefit costs associated with its defined benefit pension and postretirement plans. For the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, and the nine months ended June 30, 2014, the amounts reclassified from AOCI into income for pension and postretirement plans were primarily recorded in cost of sales on the consolidated statement of income. For the nine months ended June 30, 2013, the amount reclassified from AOCI into income for pension and postretirement plans was split approximately evenly between cost of sales and selling, general and administrative expenses.



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## 15. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

The Company selectively uses derivative instruments to reduce market risk associated with changes in foreign currency, commodities, stock-based compensation liabilities and interest rates. Under Company policy, the use of derivatives is restricted to those intended for hedging purposes; the use of any derivative instrument for speculative purposes is strictly prohibited. A description of each type of derivative utilized by the Company to manage risk is included in the following paragraphs. In addition, refer to Note 16, "Fair Value Measurements," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for information related to the fair value measurements and valuation methods utilized by the Company for each derivative type.

The Company has global operations and participates in the foreign exchange markets to minimize its risk of loss from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. The Company primarily uses foreign currency exchange contracts to hedge certain of its foreign exchange rate exposures. The Company hedges 70% to 90% of the nominal amount of each of its known foreign exchange transactional exposures.

The Company has entered into cross-currency interest rate swaps to selectively hedge portions of its net investment in Japan. The currency effects of the cross-currency interest rate swaps are reflected in the accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI) account within shareholders' equity attributable to Johnson Controls, Inc. where they offset gains and losses recorded on the Company's net investment in Japan. At June 30, 2014, the Company had four cross-currency interest rate swaps outstanding totaling 20 billion yen. At September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, the Company had five cross-currency interest rate swaps outstanding totaling 25 billion yen.

The Company uses commodity contracts in the financial derivatives market in cases where commodity price risk cannot be naturally offset or hedged through supply base fixed price contracts. Commodity risks are systematically managed pursuant to policy guidelines. As cash flow hedges, the effective portion of the hedge gains or losses due to changes in fair value are initially recorded as a component of AOCI and are subsequently reclassified into earnings when the hedged transactions, typically sales or costs related to sales, occur and affect earnings. Any ineffective portion of the hedge is reflected in the consolidated statements of income. The maturities of the commodity contracts coincide with the expected purchase of the commodities. The Company had the following outstanding commodity hedge contracts that hedge forecasted purchases:

| Commodity  | Units       | Volume Outstanding as of |                    |               |
|------------|-------------|--------------------------|--------------------|---------------|
|            |             | June 30, 2014            | September 30, 2013 | June 30, 2013 |
| Copper     | Pounds      | 11,230,000               | 14,705,000         | 18,440,000    |
| Lead       | Metric Tons | —                        | 23,900             | 23,700        |
| Aluminum   | Metric Tons | —                        | 2,709              | 3,672         |
| Tin        | Metric Tons | 636                      | 2,052              | 552           |
| Iron Scrap | Metric Tons | —                        | —                  | 2,099         |

The Company selectively uses equity swaps to reduce market risk associated with certain of its stock-based compensation plans, such as its deferred compensation plans. These equity compensation liabilities increase as the Company's stock price increases and decrease as the Company's stock price decreases. In contrast, the value of the swap agreement moves in the opposite direction of these liabilities, allowing the Company to fix a portion of the liabilities at a stated amount. As of June 30, 2014, September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, the Company had hedged approximately 4.6 million, 4.4 million and 4.4 million shares of its common stock, respectively.

The Company selectively uses interest rate swaps to reduce market risk associated with changes in interest rates for its fixed-rate bonds. As fair value hedges, the interest rate swaps and related debt balances are valued under a market approach using publicized swap curves. Changes in the fair value of the swap and hedged portion of the debt are recorded in the consolidated statements of income. In the second quarter of fiscal 2011, the Company entered into a fixed to floating interest rate swap totaling \$100 million to hedge the coupon of its 5.8% notes which matured on November 15, 2012, two fixed to floating interest rate swaps totaling \$300 million to hedge the coupon of its 4.875% notes which matured on September 15, 2013, and five fixed to floating interest rate swaps totaling \$450 million to hedge the coupon of its 1.75% notes which matured on March 1, 2014. In the fourth quarter of fiscal 2013, the Company entered into a fixed to floating interest rate swap totaling

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approximately \$125 million to hedge the coupon of its 7.70% notes maturing March 1, 2015 and four fixed to floating interest rate swaps totaling \$800 million to hedge the coupon of its 5.50% notes maturing January 15, 2016. In the third quarter of fiscal 2014, the Company entered into four fixed to floating interest rate swaps totaling \$400 million to hedge the coupon of its 2.6% notes maturing December 1, 2016, three fixed to floating interest rate swaps, totaling \$300 million to hedge the coupon of its 1.4% notes maturing November 2, 2017 and one fixed to floating interest rate swap totaling \$150 million to hedge the coupon of its 7.125% coupon maturing July 15, 2017. There were thirteen interest rate swaps outstanding as of June 30, 2014, ten interest rate swaps outstanding as of September 30, 2013 and seven interest rate swaps outstanding as of June 30, 2013.

In September 2005, the Company entered into three forward treasury lock agreements to reduce the market risk associated with changes in interest rates associated with the Company's anticipated fixed-rate note issuance to finance the acquisition of York International (cash flow hedge). The three forward treasury lock agreements, which had a combined notional amount of \$1.3 billion, fixed a portion of the future interest cost for 5-year, 10-year and 30-year notes. The fair value of each treasury lock agreement, or the difference between the treasury lock reference rate and the fixed rate at time of note issuance, is amortized to interest expense over the life of the respective note issuance. In January 2006, in connection with the Company's debt refinancing, the three forward treasury lock agreements were terminated.

The following table presents the location and fair values of derivative instruments and hedging activities included in the Company's consolidated statements of financial position (in millions):

|                                       | Derivatives and Hedging Activities Designated as Hedging Instruments under ASC 815 |                    |               | Derivatives and Hedging Activities Not Designated as Hedging Instruments under ASC 815 |                    |               |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|
|                                       | June 30, 2014                                                                      | September 30, 2013 | June 30, 2013 | June 30, 2014                                                                          | September 30, 2013 | June 30, 2013 |
| Other current assets                  |                                                                                    |                    |               |                                                                                        |                    |               |
| Foreign currency exchange derivatives | \$ 7                                                                               | \$ 19              | \$ 8          | \$ 2                                                                                   | \$ 14              | \$ 3          |
| Commodity derivatives                 | 2                                                                                  | 8                  | —             | —                                                                                      | —                  | —             |
| Interest rate swaps                   | —                                                                                  | 2                  | 3             | —                                                                                      | —                  | —             |
| Cross-currency interest rate swaps    | 5                                                                                  | 7                  | 7             | —                                                                                      | —                  | —             |
| Other noncurrent assets               |                                                                                    |                    |               |                                                                                        |                    |               |
| Interest rate swaps                   | 4                                                                                  | 3                  | —             | —                                                                                      | —                  | —             |
| Cross-currency interest rate swaps    | —                                                                                  | —                  | 2             | —                                                                                      | —                  | —             |
| Equity swap                           | —                                                                                  | —                  | —             | 230                                                                                    | 183                | 158           |
| Total assets                          | \$ 18                                                                              | \$ 39              | \$ 20         | \$ 232                                                                                 | \$ 197             | \$ 161        |
| Other current liabilities             |                                                                                    |                    |               |                                                                                        |                    |               |
| Foreign currency exchange derivatives | \$ 8                                                                               | \$ 21              | \$ 8          | \$ 3                                                                                   | \$ 11              | \$ —          |
| Commodity derivatives                 | 1                                                                                  | 3                  | 7             | —                                                                                      | —                  | —             |
| Cross-currency interest rate swaps    | 2                                                                                  | —                  | —             | —                                                                                      | —                  | —             |

Current portion of long-term debt

|                                     |          |          |        |      |       |      |
|-------------------------------------|----------|----------|--------|------|-------|------|
| Fixed rate debt swapped to floating | 125      | 452      | 753    | —    | —     | —    |
| Long-term debt                      |          |          |        |      |       |      |
| Fixed rate debt swapped to floating | 1,654    | 927      | —      | —    | —     | —    |
| Other noncurrent liabilities        |          |          |        |      |       |      |
| Cross-currency interest rate swaps  | —        | —        | 1      | —    | —     | —    |
| Total liabilities                   | \$ 1,790 | \$ 1,403 | \$ 769 | \$ 3 | \$ 11 | \$ — |

The Company enters into International Swaps and Derivatives Associations (ISDA) master netting agreements with counterparties that permit the net settlement of amounts owed under the derivative contracts. The master netting agreements generally provide for net settlement of all outstanding contracts with a counterparty in the case of an event of default or a termination event. The Company has not elected to offset the fair value positions of the derivative contracts recorded in the consolidated statements of financial position. Collateral is generally not required of the Company or the counterparties under the master netting agreements. As of June 30, 2014, September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012, no cash collateral was received or pledged under the master netting agreements.

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The gross and net amounts of derivative assets and liabilities were as follows (in millions):

|                                      | Fair Value of Assets |                          | Fair Value of Liabilities |                  |                          |                  |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
|                                      | June 30,<br>2014     | September<br>30,<br>2013 | June 30,<br>2013          | June 30,<br>2014 | September<br>30,<br>2013 | June 30,<br>2013 |
| Gross amount recognized              | \$250                | \$236                    | \$181                     | \$1,793          | \$1,414                  | \$769            |
| Gross amount eligible for offsetting | (6                   | ) (9                     | ) (6                      | ) (6             | ) (9                     | ) (6             |
| Net amount                           | \$244                | \$227                    | \$175                     | \$1,787          | \$1,405                  | \$763            |

The following tables present the location and amount of the effective portion of gains and losses gross of tax on derivative instruments and related hedge items reclassified from AOCI into the Company's consolidated statements of income for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 and amounts recorded in AOCI net of tax in the consolidated statements of financial position (in millions):

| Derivatives in ASC 815 Cash Flow Hedging Relationships | Location of Gain (Loss) Reclassified from AOCI into Income | Amount of Gain (Loss) Reclassified from AOCI into Income |        |                            |       |
|--------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|--------|----------------------------|-------|
|                                                        |                                                            | Three Months Ended June 30,                              |        | Nine Months Ended June 30, |       |
|                                                        |                                                            | 2014                                                     | 2013   | 2014                       | 2013  |
| Foreign currency exchange derivatives                  | Cost of sales                                              | \$(2                                                     | ) \$—  | \$(1                       | ) \$1 |
| Commodity derivatives                                  | Cost of sales                                              | —                                                        | (6     | ) —                        | 3     |
| Forward treasury locks                                 | Net financing charges                                      | —                                                        | —      | 1                          | 1     |
| Total                                                  |                                                            | \$(2                                                     | ) \$(6 | ) \$—                      | \$5   |

| Derivatives in ASC 815 Cash Flow Hedging Relationships | Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in AOCI on Derivative |                    |               |
|--------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|
|                                                        | June 30, 2014                                          | September 30, 2013 | June 30, 2013 |
| Foreign currency exchange derivatives                  | \$(2                                                   | ) \$(3             | ) \$—         |
| Commodity derivatives                                  | —                                                      | 3                  | (6            |
| Forward treasury locks                                 | 6                                                      | 7                  | 7             |
| Total                                                  | \$4                                                    | \$7                | \$1           |

| Derivatives in ASC 815 Fair Value Hedging Relationships | Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative | Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative |      |                            |        |
|---------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|------|----------------------------|--------|
|                                                         |                                                            | Three Months Ended June 30,                              |      | Nine Months Ended June 30, |        |
|                                                         |                                                            | 2014                                                     | 2013 | 2014                       | 2013   |
| Interest rate swaps                                     | Net financing charges                                      | \$1                                                      | \$(1 | ) \$(1                     | ) \$(4 |
| Fixed rate debt swapped to floating                     | Net financing charges                                      | (1                                                       | ) 1  | 1                          | 4      |
| Total                                                   |                                                            | \$—                                                      | \$—  | \$—                        | \$—    |

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| Derivatives Not Designated as<br>Hedging Instruments under<br>ASC 815 | Location of Gain (Loss)<br>Recognized in Income on<br>Derivative | Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on<br>Derivative |        |                               |        |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------|--------|
|                                                                       |                                                                  | Three Months Ended June<br>30,                              |        | Nine Months Ended June<br>30, |        |
|                                                                       |                                                                  | 2014                                                        | 2013   | 2014                          | 2013   |
| Foreign currency exchange<br>derivatives                              | Cost of sales                                                    | \$(3                                                        | ) \$(3 | ) \$(1                        | ) \$(6 |
| Foreign currency exchange<br>derivatives                              | Net financing charges                                            | —                                                           | 7      | 10                            | 17     |
| Foreign currency exchange<br>derivatives                              | Income tax provision                                             | —                                                           | —      | —                             | (4     |
| Equity swap                                                           | Selling, general and<br>administrative                           | 12                                                          | 4      | 38                            | 40     |
| Total                                                                 |                                                                  | \$9                                                         | \$8    | \$47                          | \$47   |

The amount of gains (losses) recognized in CTA within AOCI on the effective portion of outstanding net investment hedges was \$2 million, \$4 million, and \$6 million at June 30, 2014, September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, respectively. For the three and nine months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, no gains or losses were reclassified from CTA into income for the Company's

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outstanding net investment hedges, and no gains or losses were recognized in income for the ineffective portion of cash flow hedges.

## 16. Fair Value Measurements

ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurement," defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. ASC 820 also establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy that prioritizes information used in developing assumptions when pricing an asset or liability as follows:

Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets;

Level 2: Inputs, other than quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3: Unobservable inputs where there is little or no market data, which requires the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

ASC 820 requires the use of observable market data, when available, in making fair value measurements. When inputs used to measure fair value fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the level within which the fair value measurement is categorized is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

### Recurring Fair Value Measurements

The following tables present the Company's fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value as of June 30, 2014, September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013 (in millions):

|                                        | Fair Value Measurements Using: |                                                    |                                                           |                                                    |
|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
|                                        | Total as of<br>June 30, 2014   | Quoted Prices<br>in Active<br>Markets<br>(Level 1) | Significant<br>Other<br>Observable<br>Inputs<br>(Level 2) | Significant<br>Unobservable<br>Inputs<br>(Level 3) |
| Other current assets                   |                                |                                                    |                                                           |                                                    |
| Foreign currency exchange derivatives  | \$9                            | \$—                                                | \$9                                                       | \$—                                                |
| Commodity derivatives                  | 2                              | —                                                  | 2                                                         | —                                                  |
| Cross-currency interest rate swap      | 5                              | —                                                  | 5                                                         | —                                                  |
| Other noncurrent assets                |                                |                                                    |                                                           |                                                    |
| Interest rate swaps                    | 4                              | —                                                  | 4                                                         | —                                                  |
| Investments in marketable common stock | 3                              | 3                                                  | —                                                         | —                                                  |
| Equity swap                            | 230                            | 230                                                | —                                                         | —                                                  |
| Total assets                           | \$253                          | \$233                                              | \$20                                                      | \$—                                                |
| Other current liabilities              |                                |                                                    |                                                           |                                                    |
| Foreign currency exchange derivatives  | \$11                           | \$—                                                | \$11                                                      | \$—                                                |
| Commodity derivatives                  | 1                              | —                                                  | 1                                                         | —                                                  |
| Cross-currency interest rate swaps     | 2                              | —                                                  | 2                                                         | —                                                  |

|                                     |         |     |         |     |
|-------------------------------------|---------|-----|---------|-----|
| Current portion of long-term debt   |         |     |         |     |
| Fixed rate debt swapped to floating | 125     | —   | 125     | —   |
| Long-term debt                      |         |     |         |     |
| Fixed rate debt swapped to floating | 1,654   | —   | 1,654   | —   |
| Total liabilities                   | \$1,793 | \$— | \$1,793 | \$— |

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|                                        | Fair Value Measurements Using:    |                                                    |                                                           |                                                    |
|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
|                                        | Total as of<br>September 30, 2013 | Quoted Prices<br>in Active<br>Markets<br>(Level 1) | Significant<br>Other<br>Observable<br>Inputs<br>(Level 2) | Significant<br>Unobservable<br>Inputs<br>(Level 3) |
| Other current assets                   |                                   |                                                    |                                                           |                                                    |
| Foreign currency exchange derivatives  | \$33                              | \$—                                                | \$33                                                      | \$—                                                |
| Commodity derivatives                  | 8                                 | —                                                  | 8                                                         | —                                                  |
| Interest rate swaps                    | 2                                 | —                                                  | 2                                                         | —                                                  |
| Cross-currency interest rate swaps     | 7                                 | —                                                  | 7                                                         | —                                                  |
| Other noncurrent assets                |                                   |                                                    |                                                           |                                                    |
| Interest rate swaps                    | 3                                 | —                                                  | 3                                                         | —                                                  |
| Investments in marketable common stock | 30                                | 30                                                 | —                                                         | —                                                  |
| Equity swap                            | 183                               | 183                                                | —                                                         | —                                                  |
| Total assets                           | \$266                             | \$213                                              | \$53                                                      | \$—                                                |
| Other current liabilities              |                                   |                                                    |                                                           |                                                    |
| Foreign currency exchange derivatives  | \$32                              | \$—                                                | \$32                                                      | \$—                                                |
| Commodity derivatives                  | 3                                 | —                                                  | 3                                                         | —                                                  |
| Current portion of long-term debt      |                                   |                                                    |                                                           |                                                    |
| Fixed rate debt swapped to floating    | 452                               | —                                                  | 452                                                       | —                                                  |
| Long-term debt                         |                                   |                                                    |                                                           |                                                    |
| Fixed rate debt swapped to floating    | 927                               | —                                                  | 927                                                       | —                                                  |
| Total liabilities                      | \$1,414                           | \$—                                                | \$1,414                                                   | \$—                                                |

|                                        | Fair Value Measurements Using: |                                                    |                                                           |                                                    |
|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
|                                        | Total as of<br>June 30, 2013   | Quoted Prices<br>in Active<br>Markets<br>(Level 1) | Significant<br>Other<br>Observable<br>Inputs<br>(Level 2) | Significant<br>Unobservable<br>Inputs<br>(Level 3) |
| Other current assets                   |                                |                                                    |                                                           |                                                    |
| Foreign currency exchange derivatives  | \$11                           | \$—                                                | \$11                                                      | \$—                                                |
| Interest rate swaps                    | 3                              | —                                                  | 3                                                         | —                                                  |
| Cross-currency interest rate swap      | 7                              | —                                                  | 7                                                         | —                                                  |
| Other noncurrent assets                |                                |                                                    |                                                           |                                                    |
| Investments in marketable common stock | 26                             | 26                                                 | —                                                         | —                                                  |
| Cross-currency interest rate swap      | 2                              | —                                                  | 2                                                         | —                                                  |
| Equity swap                            | 158                            | 158                                                | —                                                         | —                                                  |
| Total assets                           | \$207                          | \$184                                              | \$23                                                      | \$—                                                |
| Other current liabilities              |                                |                                                    |                                                           |                                                    |
| Foreign currency exchange derivatives  | \$8                            | \$—                                                | \$8                                                       | \$—                                                |
| Commodity derivatives                  | 7                              | —                                                  | 7                                                         | —                                                  |
| Current portion of long-term debt      |                                |                                                    |                                                           |                                                    |
| Fixed rate debt swapped to floating    | 753                            | —                                                  | 753                                                       | —                                                  |
| Other noncurrent liabilities           |                                |                                                    |                                                           |                                                    |

|                       |        |     |        |     |
|-----------------------|--------|-----|--------|-----|
| Commodity derivatives | 1      | —   | 1      | —   |
| Total liabilities     | \$ 769 | \$— | \$ 769 | \$— |

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#### Valuation Methods

Foreign currency exchange derivatives – The Company selectively hedges anticipated transactions that are subject to foreign exchange rate risk primarily using foreign currency exchange hedge contracts. The foreign currency exchange derivatives are valued under a market approach using publicized spot and forward prices. As cash flow hedges under ASC 815, the effective portion of the hedge gains or losses due to changes in fair value are initially recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income and are subsequently reclassified into earnings when the hedged transactions occur and affect earnings. Any ineffective portion of the hedge is reflected in the consolidated statements of income. These contracts were highly effective in hedging the variability in future cash flows attributable to changes in currency exchange rates at June 30, 2014, September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013. The fair value of foreign currency exchange derivatives not designated as hedging instruments under ASC 815 are recorded in the consolidated statements of income.

Commodity derivatives – The Company selectively hedges anticipated transactions that are subject to commodity price risk, primarily using commodity hedge contracts, to minimize overall price risk associated with the Company's purchases of lead, copper, tin, aluminum and iron scrap. The commodity derivatives are valued under a market approach using publicized prices, where available, or dealer quotes. As cash flow hedges, the effective portion of the hedge gains or losses due to changes in fair value are initially recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income and are subsequently reclassified into earnings when the hedged transactions, typically sales or cost related to sales, occur and affect earnings. Any ineffective portion of the hedge is reflected in the consolidated statements of income. These contracts were highly effective in hedging the variability in future cash flows attributable to changes in commodity prices at June 30, 2014, September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013.

Interest rate swaps and related debt – The Company selectively uses interest rate swaps to reduce market risk associated with changes in interest rates for its fixed-rate bonds. As fair value hedges, the interest rate swaps and related debt balances are valued under a market approach using publicized swap curves. Changes in the fair value of the swap and hedged portion of the debt are recorded in the consolidated statements of income. In the second quarter of fiscal 2011, the Company entered into a fixed to floating interest rate swap totaling \$100 million to hedge the coupon of its 5.8% notes which matured on November 15, 2012, two fixed to floating interest rate swaps totaling \$300 million to hedge the coupon of its 4.875% notes which matured on September 15, 2013 and five fixed to floating interest rate swaps totaling \$450 million to hedge the coupon of its 1.75% notes which matured on March 1, 2014. In the fourth quarter of fiscal 2013, the Company entered into a fixed to floating interest rate swap totaling approximately \$125 million to hedge the coupon of its 7.70% notes maturing March 1, 2015 and four fixed to floating interest rate swaps totaling \$800 million to hedge the coupon of its 5.50% notes maturing January 15, 2016. In the third quarter of fiscal 2014, the Company entered into four fixed to floating interest rate swaps totaling \$400 million to hedge the coupon of its 2.6% notes maturing December 1, 2016, three fixed to floating interest rate swaps, totaling \$300 million to hedge the coupon of its 1.4% notes maturing November 2, 2017 and one fixed to floating interest rate swap totaling \$150 million to hedge the coupon of its 7.125% coupon maturing July 15, 2017. There were thirteen interest rate swaps outstanding as of June 30, 2014, ten interest rate swaps outstanding as of September 30, 2013 and seven interest rate swaps outstanding as of June 30, 2013.

Cross-currency interest rate swaps – The Company selectively uses cross-currency interest rate swaps to hedge the foreign currency rate risk associated with certain of its investments in Japan. The cross-currency interest rate swaps are valued using observable market data. Changes in the market value of the swaps are reflected in the foreign currency translation adjustments component of accumulated other comprehensive income where they offset gains and

losses recorded on the Company's net investment in Japan. At June 30, 2014, the Company had four cross-currency interest rate swaps outstanding totaling 20 billion yen. At September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, the Company had five cross-currency interest rate swaps outstanding totaling 25 billion yen.

Investments in marketable common stock – The Company invests in certain marketable common stock, which is valued under a market approach using publicized share prices. There were no unrealized gains recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income on these investments as of June 30, 2014. As of September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, the Company recorded unrealized gains of \$7 million and \$4 million, respectively, in accumulated other comprehensive income. There were no unrealized losses recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income on these investments as of June 30, 2014, September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013. During the nine months ended June 30, 2014, the Company sold certain marketable

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common stock for approximately \$25 million. As a result, the Company recorded \$8 million of realized gains within selling, general and administrative expenses in the Automotive Experience Seating segment.

Equity swaps – The Company selectively uses equity swaps to reduce market risk associated with certain of its stock-based compensation plans, such as its deferred compensation plans. The equity swaps are valued under a market approach as the fair value of the swaps is equal to the Company's stock price at the reporting period date. Changes in fair value on the equity swaps are reflected in the consolidated statements of income within selling, general and administrative expenses.

The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, short-term debt and accounts payable approximate their carrying values. The fair value of long-term debt, which was \$7.0 billion, \$5.7 billion and \$6.0 billion at June 30, 2014, September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, respectively, was determined primarily using market quotes classified as Level 1 inputs within the ASC 820 fair value hierarchy.

#### 17. Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The Company reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the asset's carrying amount may not be recoverable. The Company conducts its long-lived asset impairment analyses in accordance with ASC 360-10-15, "Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." ASC 360-10-15 requires the Company to group assets and liabilities at the lowest level for which identifiable cash flows are largely independent of the cash flows of other assets and liabilities and evaluate the asset group against the sum of the undiscounted future cash flows. If the undiscounted cash flows do not indicate the carrying amount of the asset group is recoverable, an impairment charge is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset group exceeds its fair value based on discounted cash flow analysis or appraisals.

In the third quarter of fiscal 2014, the Company concluded it had a triggering event requiring assessment of impairment for certain of its long-lived assets in conjunction with its restructuring actions announced for its Automotive Experience Interiors business. As a result, the Company reviewed the long-lived assets for impairment and recorded a \$45 million impairment charge within restructuring and impairment costs on the consolidated statement of income in the third quarter of fiscal 2014 for the Automotive Experience Interiors segment. Refer to Note 9, "Significant Restructuring Costs," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for additional information. In addition, the Company recorded \$43 million of asset and investment impairments within discontinued operations in the third quarter of fiscal 2014 related to the divestiture of the Automotive Experience Electronics business. Refer to Note 4, "Discontinued Operations," and Note 9, "Significant Restructuring Costs," of the notes to the consolidated financial statements for additional information. The impairments were measured, depending on the asset, under either an income approach utilizing forecasted discounted cash flows or a market approach utilizing an appraisal to determine fair values of the impaired assets. These methods are consistent with the methods the Company employed in prior periods to value other long-lived assets. The inputs utilized in the analyses are classified as Level 3 inputs within the fair value hierarchy as defined in ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurement." The Company concluded it did not have any other significant triggering events requiring assessment of impairment of its long-lived assets at June 30, 2014.

In the first nine months of fiscal 2013, the Company recorded \$49 million of asset impairment charges, of which \$13 million was recorded in the second quarter and \$36 million was recorded in the third quarter, in conjunction with its

fiscal 2013 restructuring actions. The impairment charges related to long-lived assets within all business units, none of which were individually material to the consolidated financial statements. The impairments were recorded within significant restructuring and impairment costs on the consolidated statements of income. Refer to Note 9, "Significant Restructuring Costs," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for additional information. The impairments were measured, depending on the asset, under either an income approach utilizing forecasted discounted cash flows or a market approach utilizing an appraisal to determine fair values of the impaired assets. These methods are consistent with the methods the Company employed in prior periods to value other long-lived assets. The inputs utilized in the analyses are classified as Level 3 inputs within the fair value hierarchy as defined in ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurement." The Company concluded it did not have any other significant triggering events requiring assessment of impairment of its long-lived assets at June 30, 2013.

At October 1, 2013, the Company assessed goodwill for impairment in the Building Efficiency business due to the change in reportable segments. As a result, the Company performed impairment testing for goodwill under the new segment structure

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and determined that the estimated fair value of each reporting unit substantially exceeded its corresponding carrying amount including recorded goodwill, and as such, no impairment existed at October 1, 2013. No reporting unit was determined to be at risk of failing step one of the goodwill impairment test.

## 18. Segment Information

Effective October 1, 2013, the Company reorganized the reportable segments within its Building Efficiency business to align with its new management reporting structure and business activities. Prior to this reorganization, Building Efficiency was comprised of five reportable segments for financial reporting purposes: North America Systems, North America Service, Global Workplace Solutions, Asia and Other. As a result of this change, Building Efficiency is now comprised of four reportable segments for financial reporting purposes, with the only change being the combination of North America Systems and North America Service into one reportable segment called North America Systems and Service. Historical information has been revised to reflect the new Building Efficiency reportable segment structure.

At March 31, 2014, the Company determined that its previously reported Automotive Experience Electronics segment met the criteria to be classified as a discontinued operation, which required retrospective application to financial information for all periods presented. Refer to Note 4, "Discontinued Operations," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for further information regarding the Company's discontinued operations.

ASC 280, "Segment Reporting," establishes the standards for reporting information about segments in financial statements. In applying the criteria set forth in ASC 280, the Company has determined that it has seven reportable segments for financial reporting purposes. The Company's seven reportable segments are presented in the context of its three primary businesses – Building Efficiency, Automotive Experience and Power Solutions.

### Building Efficiency

Building Efficiency designs, produces, markets and installs heating, ventilating and air conditioning (HVAC) and control systems that monitor, automate and integrate critical building segment equipment and conditions including HVAC, fire-safety and security in commercial buildings and in various industrial applications.

North America Systems and Service provides HVAC and controls systems, energy efficient solutions and technical services, including inspection, scheduled maintenance, and repair and replacement of mechanical and control systems to non-residential buildings and industrial applications in the North American marketplace.

Global Workplace Solutions provides on-site staff for complete real estate services, facility operation and management to improve the comfort, productivity, energy efficiency and cost effectiveness of building systems around the globe.

Asia provides HVAC and refrigeration systems and technical services to the Asian marketplace.

Other provides HVAC and refrigeration systems and technical services to markets in Europe, the Middle East and Latin America. Other also designs and produces heating and air conditioning solutions for residential and light commercial applications, and markets products to the replacement and new construction markets.

## Automotive Experience

Automotive Experience designs and manufactures interior systems and products for passenger cars and light trucks, including vans, pick-up trucks and sport utility/crossover vehicles.

Seating produces automotive seat metal structures and mechanisms, foam, trim, fabric and complete seat systems.

Interiors produces instrument panels, floor consoles and door panels.

Johnson Controls, Inc.  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
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## Power Solutions

Power Solutions services both automotive original equipment manufacturers and the battery aftermarket by providing advanced battery technology, coupled with systems engineering, marketing and service expertise.

Management evaluates the performance of the segments based primarily on segment income, which represents income from continuing operations before income taxes and noncontrolling interests excluding net financing charges, significant restructuring and impairment costs, and net mark-to-market adjustments on pension and postretirement plans. General corporate and other overhead expenses are allocated to business segments in determining segment income. As mentioned above, the previously reported Automotive Experience Electronics segment met the criteria to be classified as a discontinued operation, and general corporate overhead was not allocated to discontinued operations. The Company reported discontinued operations through retrospective application to all periods presented, resulting in general corporate allocation changes between the segments in the prior periods. Financial information relating to the Company's reportable segments is as follows (in millions):

|                                   | Net Sales          |          |                   |          |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|----------|-------------------|----------|
|                                   | Three Months Ended |          | Nine Months Ended |          |
|                                   | June 30,           |          | June 30,          |          |
|                                   | 2014               | 2013     | 2014              | 2013     |
| Building Efficiency               |                    |          |                   |          |
| North America Systems and Service | \$1,126            | \$1,175  | \$3,141           | \$3,232  |
| Global Workplace Solutions        | 979                | 1,021    | 3,052             | 3,233    |
| Asia                              | 521                | 520      | 1,480             | 1,452    |
| Other                             | 950                | 996      | 2,560             | 2,783    |
|                                   | 3,576              | 3,712    | 10,233            | 10,700   |
| Automotive Experience             |                    |          |                   |          |
| Seating                           | 4,571              | 4,268    | 13,364            | 12,234   |
| Interiors                         | 1,159              | 1,094    | 3,410             | 3,115    |
|                                   | 5,730              | 5,362    | 16,774            | 15,349   |
| Power Solutions                   | 1,506              | 1,425    | 4,842             | 4,661    |
| Total net sales                   | \$10,812           | \$10,499 | \$31,849          | \$30,710 |

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|                                                       | Segment Income (Loss) |        |                   |          |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-------------------|----------|
|                                                       | Three Months Ended    |        | Nine Months Ended |          |
|                                                       | June 30,              |        | June 30,          |          |
|                                                       | 2014                  | 2013   | 2014              | 2013     |
| Building Efficiency                                   |                       |        |                   |          |
| North America Systems and Service                     | \$ 137                | \$ 155 | \$ 305            | \$ 305   |
| Global Workplace Solutions                            | 13                    | 26     | 52                | 77       |
| Asia                                                  | 84                    | 83     | 215               | 189      |
| Other                                                 | 27                    | 50     | (13               | ) 52     |
|                                                       | 261                   | 314    | 559               | 623      |
| Automotive Experience                                 |                       |        |                   |          |
| Seating                                               | 255                   | 229    | 666               | 487      |
| Interiors                                             | (55                   | ) 12   | (28               | ) (19    |
|                                                       | 200                   | 241    | 638               | 468      |
| Power Solutions                                       | 193                   | 135    | 736               | 659      |
| Total segment income                                  | \$ 654                | \$ 690 | \$ 1,933          | \$ 1,750 |
| Net financing charges                                 | (67                   | ) (67  | ) (178            | ) (193   |
| Restructuring and impairment costs                    | (162                  | ) (143 | ) (162            | ) (227   |
| Income from continuing operations before income taxes | \$ 425                | \$ 480 | \$ 1,593          | \$ 1,330 |

## 19. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company accrues for potential environmental liabilities when it is probable a liability has been incurred and the amount of the liability is reasonably estimable. Reserves for environmental liabilities totaled \$25 million, \$25 million and \$26 million at June 30, 2014, September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, respectively. The Company reviews the status of its environmental sites on a quarterly basis and adjusts its reserves accordingly. Such potential liabilities accrued by the Company do not take into consideration possible recoveries of future insurance proceeds. They do, however, take into account the likely share other parties will bear at remediation sites. It is difficult to estimate the Company's ultimate level of liability at many remediation sites due to the large number of other parties that may be involved, the complexity of determining the relative liability among those parties, the uncertainty as to the nature and scope of the investigations and remediation to be conducted, the uncertainty in the application of law and risk assessment, the various choices and costs associated with diverse technologies that may be used in corrective actions at the sites and the often quite lengthy periods over which eventual remediation may occur. Nevertheless, the Company does not currently believe that any claims, penalties or costs in connection with known environmental matters will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows. In addition, the Company has identified asset retirement obligations for environmental matters that are expected to be addressed at the retirement, disposal, removal or abandonment of existing owned facilities, primarily in the Power Solutions business. At June 30, 2014, September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, the Company recorded conditional asset retirement obligations of \$54 million, \$56 million and \$80 million, respectively.

The Company is involved in a number of product liability and various other casualty lawsuits incident to the operation of its businesses. The Company maintains insurance coverages and records estimated costs for claims and suits of this nature. It is management's opinion that none of these will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows. Costs related to such matters were not material to the periods presented.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders  
of Johnson Controls, Inc.

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position of Johnson Controls, Inc. and its subsidiaries as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, and the related consolidated statements of income, of comprehensive income (loss), and of cash flows for the three-month and nine-month periods ended June 30, 2014 and 2013. These interim financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our review in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying consolidated interim financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated statement of financial position as of September 30, 2013 and the related consolidated statements of income, of shareholders' equity, of comprehensive income (loss), and of cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein), and in our report dated November 21, 2013 (which included an explanatory paragraph with respect to the Company's change in the manner of accounting for inventory costing), we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying consolidated statement of financial position as of September 30, 2013, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the consolidated statement of financial position from which it has been derived.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP  
Milwaukee, Wisconsin  
August 1, 2014



## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### Cautionary Statements for Forward-Looking Information

Unless otherwise indicated, references to "Johnson Controls," the "Company," "we," "our" and "us" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q refer to Johnson Controls, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

The Company has made statements in this document that are forward-looking and, therefore, are subject to risks and uncertainties. All statements in this document other than statements of historical fact are statements that are, or could be, deemed "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. In this document, statements regarding future financial position, sales, costs, earnings, cash flows, other measures of results of operations, capital expenditures or debt levels and plans, objectives, outlook, targets, guidance or goals are forward-looking statements. Words such as "may," "will," "expect," "intend," "estimate," "anticipate," "believe," "should," "forecast," "project" or "plan" or terms of similar meaning are also generally intended to identify forward-looking statements. Johnson Controls cautions that these statements are subject to numerous important risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors, some of which are beyond Johnson Controls' control, that could cause Johnson Controls' actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These factors include required regulatory approvals that are material conditions for proposed transactions to close, the strength of the U.S. or other economies, automotive vehicle production levels, mix and schedules, energy and commodity prices, availability of raw materials and component products, currency exchange rates, and cancellation of or changes to commercial contracts, as well as other factors discussed in Item 1A of Part I of Johnson Controls' most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2013. Shareholders, potential investors and others should consider these factors in evaluating the forward-looking statements and should not place undue reliance on such statements. The forward-looking statements included in this document are only made as of the date of this document, and Johnson Controls assumes no obligation, and disclaims any obligation, to update forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances occurring after the date of this document.

### Overview

Johnson Controls is a global diversified technology and industrial leader serving customers in more than 150 countries. The Company creates quality products, services and solutions to optimize energy and operational efficiencies of buildings; lead-acid automotive batteries and advanced batteries for hybrid and electric vehicles; and interior systems for automobiles.

Johnson Controls was originally incorporated in the state of Wisconsin in 1885 as Johnson Electric Service Company to manufacture, install and service automatic temperature regulation systems for buildings. The Company was renamed to Johnson Controls, Inc. in 1974. In 1978, the Company acquired Globe-Union, Inc., a Wisconsin-based manufacturer of automotive batteries for both the replacement and original equipment markets. The Company entered the automotive seating industry in 1985 with the acquisition of Michigan-based Hoover Universal, Inc. In 2005, the Company acquired York International, a global supplier of heating, ventilating, air-conditioning and refrigeration equipment and services.

The Building Efficiency business is a global market leader in designing, producing, marketing and installing integrated heating, ventilating and air conditioning (HVAC) systems, building management systems, controls, security and mechanical equipment. In addition, the Building Efficiency business provides technical services, energy management consulting and operations of entire real estate portfolios for the non-residential buildings market. The Company also provides residential air conditioning and heating systems and industrial refrigeration products.

The Automotive Experience business is one of the world's largest automotive suppliers, providing innovative interior systems through our design and engineering expertise. The Company's technologies extend into virtually every area of the interior including seating, door systems, floor consoles, instrument panels, cockpits and integrated electronics. Customers include most of the world's major automakers.

The Power Solutions business is a leading global supplier of lead-acid automotive batteries for virtually every type of passenger car, light truck and utility vehicle. The Company serves both automotive original equipment manufacturers (OEMs) and the general vehicle battery aftermarket. The Company also supplies advanced battery technologies to power Start-Stop, hybrid and electric vehicles.

The following information should be read in conjunction with the September 30, 2013 consolidated financial statements and notes thereto, along with management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations included in our Annual

Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2013. References in the following discussion and analysis to "Three Months" refer to the three months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2013, while references to "Year-to-Date" refer to the nine months ended June 30, 2014 compared to the nine months ended June 30, 2013.

Certain amounts as of September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013 have been revised to conform to the current year's presentation.

Effective October 1, 2013, the Company reorganized the reportable segments within its Building Efficiency business to align with its new management reporting structure and business activities. Prior to this reorganization, Building Efficiency was comprised of five reportable segments for financial reporting purposes: North America Systems, North America Service, Global Workplace Solutions, Asia and Other. As a result of this change, Building Efficiency is now comprised of four reportable segments for financial reporting purposes, with the only change being the combination of North America Systems and North America Service into one reportable segment called North America Systems and Service. Historical information has been revised to reflect the new Building Efficiency reportable segment structure.

In the fourth quarter of fiscal 2013, the Company changed its method of inventory costing for certain inventory in its Power Solutions business to the first-in first-out (FIFO) method from the last-in first-out (LIFO) method. The Company's other businesses also determine costs using the FIFO method. Prior to the change, Power Solutions utilized two methods of inventory costing: LIFO for inventories in the U.S. and FIFO for inventories in other countries. The Company believes that the FIFO method is preferable as it better reflects the current value of inventory on the Company's consolidated statement of financial position, provides better matching of revenues and expenses, results in uniformity across the Company's global operations with respect to the method of inventory accounting and improves comparability with the Company's peers. The change has been reported through retrospective application of the new policy to all periods presented.

At March 31, 2014, the Company determined that its Automotive Experience Electronics segment met the criteria to be classified as a discontinued operation, which required retrospective application to financial information for all periods presented. Refer to Note 4, "Discontinued Operations," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for further information regarding the Company's discontinued operations.

## Outlook

On July 18, 2014, the Company announced that it expects fiscal 2014 fourth quarter earnings from continuing operations, excluding any transaction related costs, to be \$1.00 - \$1.02 per diluted share. The Company also reaffirmed that it expects segment margin improvements in all three of its businesses. The guidance assumes that underlying earnings from the recently announced Air Distribution Technologies, Inc. (ADT) acquisition are not material in the fourth quarter.

On July 1, 2014, the Company completed the divestiture of its Automotive Experience Electronics business. Refer to Note 3, "Acquisitions and Divestitures," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for additional information.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company believes its capital resources and liquidity position at June 30, 2014 are adequate to meet projected needs. The Company believes requirements for working capital, capital expenditures, dividends, share repurchases, minimum pension contributions, debt maturities and any potential acquisitions during the remainder of fiscal 2014 will be funded from operations, supplemented by short- and long-term borrowings, if required. The Company

currently manages its short-term debt position in the U.S. and euro commercial paper markets and bank loan markets. The Company continues to adjust its commercial paper maturities and issuance levels given market reactions to industry events and changes in the Company's credit rating. In the event the Company is unable to issue commercial paper, it would have the ability to draw on its \$2.5 billion revolving credit facility, which matures in August 2018. There were no draws on the revolving credit facility as of June 30, 2014. As such, the Company believes it has sufficient financial resources to fund operations and meet its obligations for the foreseeable future.

The Company's debt financial covenants require a minimum consolidated shareholders' equity attributable to Johnson Controls, Inc. of at least \$3.5 billion at all times and allow a maximum aggregated amount of 10% of consolidated shareholders' equity attributable to Johnson Controls, Inc. for liens and pledges. For purposes of calculating the Company's covenants, consolidated shareholders' equity attributable to Johnson Controls, Inc. is calculated without giving effect to (i) the application of Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 715-60, "Defined Benefit Plans - Other Postretirement," or (ii) the cumulative foreign currency translation adjustment. As of June 30, 2014, consolidated shareholders' equity attributable to Johnson Controls, Inc. as defined in the Company's debt financial covenants was \$11.5 billion and there was a maximum of \$301 million of liens outstanding. The

Company expects to remain in compliance with all covenants and other requirements set forth in its credit agreements and indentures for the foreseeable future. None of the Company's debt agreements limit access to stated borrowing levels or require accelerated repayment in the event of a decrease in the Company's credit rating.

The key financial assumptions used in calculating the Company's pension liability are determined annually, or whenever plan assets and liabilities are re-measured as required under accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S., including the expected rate of return on its plan assets. In fiscal 2014, the Company believes the long-term rate of return will approximate 8.00%, 4.65% and 5.80% for U.S. pension, non-U.S. pension and postretirement plans, respectively. During the first nine months of fiscal 2014, the Company made approximately \$59 million in total pension contributions. In total, the Company expects to contribute approximately \$150 million in cash to its defined benefit pension plans in fiscal 2014. The Company does not expect to make any significant contributions to its postretirement plans in fiscal 2014.

#### Net Sales

| (in millions) | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |           |        |   | Nine Months Ended<br>June 30, |           |        |   |
|---------------|--------------------------------|-----------|--------|---|-------------------------------|-----------|--------|---|
|               | 2014                           | 2013      | Change |   | 2014                          | 2013      | Change |   |
| Net sales     | \$ 10,812                      | \$ 10,499 | 3      | % | \$ 31,849                     | \$ 30,710 | 4      | % |

The increase in consolidated net sales for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was due to higher sales in the Automotive Experience business (\$300 million), the favorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$91 million) and higher sales in the Power Solutions business (\$67 million), partially offset by lower sales in the Building Efficiency business (\$145 million). Excluding the favorable impact of foreign currency translation, consolidated net sales increased 2% as compared to the prior year. The favorable impacts of higher Automotive Experience volumes globally and higher global battery shipments were partially offset by lower market demand for Building Efficiency in North America, Latin America and the Middle East; and the impact of lower lead costs on pricing for Power Solutions. Refer to the segment analysis below within Item 2 for a discussion of net sales by segment.

The increase in consolidated net sales for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 was due to higher sales in the Automotive Experience business (\$1.3 billion) and Power Solutions business (\$148 million), and the favorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$80 million), partially offset by lower sales in the Building Efficiency business (\$419 million). Excluding the favorable impact of foreign currency translation, consolidated net sales increased 3% as compared to the prior year. The favorable impacts of higher Automotive Experience volumes globally, and higher global battery shipments and improved pricing in the Power Solutions business were partially offset by lower market demand for Building Efficiency in North America, the Middle East, Europe and Latin America; and the impact of lower lead costs on pricing for Power Solutions. Refer to the segment analysis below within Item 2 for a discussion of net sales by segment.

#### Cost of Sales / Gross Profit

| (in millions) | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |          |        |   | Nine Months Ended<br>June 30, |           |        |   |
|---------------|--------------------------------|----------|--------|---|-------------------------------|-----------|--------|---|
|               | 2014                           | 2013     | Change |   | 2014                          | 2013      | Change |   |
| Cost of sales | \$ 9,149                       | \$ 8,935 | 2      | % | \$ 27,064                     | \$ 26,270 | 3      | % |
| Gross profit  | 1,663                          | 1,564    | 6      | % | 4,785                         | 4,440     | 8      | % |
| % of sales    | 15.4                           | % 14.9   | %      |   | 15.0                          | % 14.5    | %      |   |

•

The increase in cost of sales for the three months ended June 30, 2014 corresponds to the sales growth noted above, with gross profit percentage increasing by 50 basis points. Gross profit in the Automotive Experience business was favorably impacted by higher volumes globally, and lower purchasing and operating costs due to improved operational performance. The Power Solutions business was impacted by favorable product mix and operational efficiencies. Gross profit in the Building Efficiency business was unfavorably impacted by lower market demand in North America, Latin America and the Middle East, and contract related charges in the Middle East. Foreign currency translation had an unfavorable impact on cost of sales of approximately \$97 million. Refer to the segment analysis below within Item 2 for a discussion of segment income by segment.

The increase in cost of sales for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 corresponds to the sales growth noted above, with gross profit percentage increasing by 50 basis points. Gross profit in the Automotive Experience business was favorably impacted by higher volumes globally, and lower purchasing and operating costs due to improved operational performance, partially offset by net unfavorable pricing and commercial settlements. The Power Solutions business was impacted by favorable pricing and product mix including lead acquisition costs and battery cores, and increased benefits of vertical integration. Gross profit in the Building Efficiency business was unfavorably impacted by lower market demand in North America, the Middle East, Europe and Latin America, and contract related charges in the Middle East, partially offset by strong operating performance in Asia due to cost and pricing initiatives. Foreign currency translation had an unfavorable impact on cost of sales of approximately \$98 million. Refer to the segment analysis below within Item 2 for a discussion of segment income by segment.

#### Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

| (in millions)                                | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |       |        | Nine Months Ended<br>June 30, |         |        |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------|--------|-------------------------------|---------|--------|
|                                              | 2014                           | 2013  | Change | 2014                          | 2013    | Change |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | \$977                          | \$977 | 0%     | \$3,014                       | \$3,024 | 0%     |
| % of sales                                   | 9.0                            | % 9.3 | %      | 9.5                           | % 9.8   | %      |

Selling, general and administrative expenses (SG&A) were consistent with the three month period ended June 30, 2013, and SG&A as a percentage of sales decreased 30 basis points over the same period. The Building Efficiency SG&A decreased primarily due to lower employee related expenses and other cost reduction initiatives, partially offset by transaction-related costs. The Automotive Experience business SG&A increased primarily due to higher employee related expenses, partially offset by the benefits of cost reduction initiatives and lower engineering expenses. The Power Solutions business SG&A increased primarily due to higher employee related expenses. Foreign currency translation had a favorable impact on SG&A of \$1 million. Refer to the segment analysis below within Item 2 for a discussion of segment income by segment.

SG&A decreased slightly as compared to the nine month period ended June 30, 2013, and SG&A as a percentage of sales decreased 30 basis points over the same period. The Building Efficiency SG&A decreased primarily due to lower employee related expenses and other cost reduction initiatives, partially offset by a prior year pension curtailment gain resulting from a lost Global Workplace Solutions contract and transaction-related costs. The Automotive Experience business SG&A increased primarily due to higher employee related expenses, partially offset by lower engineering expenses, prior year distressed supplier costs and the benefits of cost reduction initiatives. The Power Solutions business SG&A increased primarily due to a prior year net favorable legal settlement and higher employee related expenses. Foreign currency translation had a favorable impact on SG&A of \$10 million. Refer to the segment analysis below within Item 2 for a discussion of segment income by segment.

#### Gain (Loss) on Business Divestitures - Net

| (in millions)                              | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |        |        | Nine Months Ended<br>June 30, |        |        |
|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|--------|-------------------------------|--------|--------|
|                                            | 2014                           | 2013   | Change | 2014                          | 2013   | Change |
| Gain (loss) on business divestitures - net | \$(120)                        | ) \$29 | *      | \$(111)                       | ) \$29 | *      |

\* Measure not meaningful

Refer to Note 3, "Acquisitions and Divestitures," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for additional information on the gain (loss) on business divestitures - net for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2014.

## Restructuring and Impairment Costs

| (in millions)                      | Three Months Ended |        |        |   | Nine Months Ended |        |        |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|--------|--------|---|-------------------|--------|--------|
|                                    | June 30,<br>2014   | 2013   | Change |   | June 30,<br>2014  | 2013   | Change |
| Restructuring and impairment costs | \$ 162             | \$ 143 | 13     | % | \$ 162            | \$ 227 | -29 %  |

To better align its resources with its growth strategies and reduce the cost structure of its global operations to address the softness in certain underlying markets, the Company recorded \$227 million of restructuring and impairment costs in the nine months ended June 30, 2013, of which \$84 million was recorded in the second quarter and \$143 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2013. The Company recorded \$162 million of restructuring and impairment costs in the third quarter of fiscal 2014 for business portfolio changes related primarily to the Automotive Experience Interiors business. The restructuring actions included planned workforce reductions, plant closures, and asset impairments which are expected to be substantially complete by the end of fiscal 2015. Refer to Note 9, "Significant Restructuring Costs," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for further disclosure related to the Company's restructuring plans.

## Net Financing Charges

| (in millions)         | Three Months Ended |      |        |  | Nine Months Ended |       |        |
|-----------------------|--------------------|------|--------|--|-------------------|-------|--------|
|                       | June 30,<br>2014   | 2013 | Change |  | June 30,<br>2014  | 2013  | Change |
| Net financing charges | \$67               | \$67 | 0%     |  | \$178             | \$193 | -8 %   |

Net financing charges were consistent for the three month period ended June 30, 2014 primarily due to lower interest rates, offset by higher average borrowing levels. The decrease in net financing charges for the nine month period ended June 30, 2014 was primarily due to lower interest expense as a result of lower average borrowing levels and interest rates.

## Equity Income

| (in millions) | Three Months Ended |      |        |   | Nine Months Ended |       |        |
|---------------|--------------------|------|--------|---|-------------------|-------|--------|
|               | June 30,<br>2014   | 2013 | Change |   | June 30,<br>2014  | 2013  | Change |
| Equity income | \$88               | \$74 | 19     | % | \$273             | \$305 | -10 %  |

The increase in equity income for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily due to higher income at certain Automotive Experience partially-owned affiliates, partially offset by lower income at certain Power Solutions and Building Efficiency partially-owned affiliates. Refer to the segment analysis below within Item 2 for a discussion of segment income by segment.

The decrease in equity income for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily due to a prior year gain on acquisition of a partially-owned affiliate in India in the Automotive Experience business (\$82 million) and lower income in the current year at certain Power Solutions and Building Efficiency partially-owned affiliates, partially offset by current year higher income at certain Automotive Experience partially-owned affiliates and a gain on acquisition of a partially-owned affiliate in the Power Solutions business (\$19 million). Refer to the segment analysis below within Item 2 for a discussion of segment income by segment.



# Income Tax Provision (Benefit)

| (in millions)                  | Three Months Ended |        |        | Nine Months Ended |        |        |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|--------|--------|-------------------|--------|--------|
|                                | June 30,           | 2013   | Change | June 30,          | 2013   | Change |
|                                | 2014               |        |        | 2014              |        |        |
| Income tax provision (benefit) | \$ 167             | \$(72) | *)     | \$ 388            | \$ 227 | 71 %   |
| Effective tax rate             | 39                 | % -15  | %      | 24                | % 17   | %      |
| * Measure not meaningful       |                    |        |        |                   |        |        |

In calculating the provision for income taxes, the Company uses an estimate of the annual effective tax rate based upon the facts and circumstances known at each interim period. On a quarterly basis, the annual effective tax rate is adjusted, as appropriate, based upon changed facts and circumstances, if any, as compared to those forecasted at the beginning of the fiscal year and each interim period thereafter.

For the three and nine months ended June 30, 2014, the Company's effective tax rate for continuing operations was 39% and 24%, respectively. This was different than the U.S. federal statutory rate of 35% primarily due to the jurisdictional mix of significant restructuring and impairment costs and losses on divestitures, partially offset by global tax planning and foreign tax rate differentials. For the three and nine months ended June 30, 2013, the Company's effective tax rate for continuing operations was (15)% and 17%, respectively. The effective rate was different than the U.S. federal statutory rate of 35% primarily due to tax audit resolutions and other matters, significant restructuring and impairment costs, valuation allowance adjustments, an uncertain tax position charge and foreign tax rate differentials.

In the third quarter of fiscal 2014, the Company disposed of its Automotive Experience Interiors headliner and sun visor product lines. As a result, the Company recorded a pre-tax loss on divestiture of \$95 million and income tax expense of \$38 million. The income tax expense is due to the jurisdictional mix of gains and losses on the sale, which resulted in non-benefited losses in certain countries and taxable gains in other countries.

In the third quarter of fiscal 2014, the Company recorded \$80 million of divestiture related losses related to its Automotive Experience Electronics business. The loss generated an \$8 million tax benefit, which was negatively impacted by the jurisdictional mix of gains and losses on the sale.

In the third quarter of fiscal 2014, the Company recorded \$162 million of significant restructuring and impairment costs. The restructuring costs generated an \$11 million tax benefit, which was negatively impact by the Company's current tax position in these jurisdictions and the underlying tax basis in the impaired assets.

In the first quarter of fiscal 2014, the Company determined that it was more likely than not that a deferred tax asset associated with a capital loss in Mexico would not be utilized. Therefore, the Company recorded a \$21 million valuation allowance as income tax expense.

As a result of changes to Mexican tax law in the first quarter of fiscal 2014, the Company recorded a benefit to income tax expense of \$25 million.

In the third quarter of fiscal 2013, tax audit resolutions resulted in a net \$79 million benefit to income tax expense.

In the third quarter of fiscal 2013, the Company resolved certain Mexican tax issues which resulted in a \$61 million benefit to income tax expense.

In the second quarter of fiscal 2013, the Company performed an analysis of its worldwide deferred tax assets. As a result, and after considering tax planning initiatives and other positive and negative evidence, the Company determined that it was more likely than not that a portion of the deferred tax assets would not be utilized in Brazil and Germany. Therefore, the Company recorded \$94 million of valuation allowances as income tax expense.

As a result of foreign law changes during the second quarter of fiscal 2013, the Company increased its total reserve for uncertain tax positions, resulting in income tax expense of \$17 million.

# Income (Loss) From Discontinued Operations, Net of Tax

| (in millions)                                          | Three Months Ended |      |        | Nine Months Ended |      |        |
|--------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------|--------|-------------------|------|--------|
|                                                        | June 30,<br>2014   | 2013 | Change | June 30,<br>2014  | 2013 | Change |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax | \$(62)             | \$20 | *      | \$(216)           | \$50 | *      |
| * Measure not meaningful                               |                    |      |        |                   |      |        |

The decrease in income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax, for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily due to \$80 million of divestiture related losses recorded in the third quarter of fiscal year 2014.

The decrease in income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax, for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily due to a discrete non-cash tax charge of \$180 million related to the repatriation of foreign cash associated with the divestiture of the Electronics business and \$80 million of divestiture related losses recorded in the third quarter of fiscal year 2014.

Refer to Note 4, "Discontinued Operations," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for further information regarding the Company's discontinued operations.

# Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests

| (in millions)                                                              | Three Months Ended |      |        | Nine Months Ended |      |        |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------|--------|-------------------|------|--------|
|                                                                            | June 30,<br>2014   | 2013 | Change | June 30,<br>2014  | 2013 | Change |
| Income from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests | \$20               | \$22 | -9     | % \$83            | \$80 | 4 %    |

The decrease in income from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily due to losses at certain Automotive Experience partially-owned affiliates, partially offset by higher income at certain Power Solutions partially-owned affiliates.

The increase in income from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interests for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily due to higher income at certain Automotive Experience partially-owned affiliates, partially offset by lower income at certain Power Solutions partially-owned affiliates.

# Net Income Attributable to Johnson Controls, Inc.

| (in millions)                                     | Three Months Ended |       |        | Nine Months Ended |         |        |
|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-------|--------|-------------------|---------|--------|
|                                                   | June 30,<br>2014   | 2013  | Change | June 30,<br>2014  | 2013    | Change |
| Net income attributable to Johnson Controls, Inc. | \$176              | \$550 | -68    | % \$906           | \$1,073 | -16 %  |

The decrease in net income attributable to Johnson Controls, Inc. for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily due to an increase in the provision for income taxes, loss on business divestitures, loss from discontinued operations and unfavorable impact of foreign currency translation, partially offset by higher gross profit. Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was \$0.35 compared to

diluted earnings per share from continuing operations of \$0.77 for the three months ended June 30, 2013. Diluted loss per share from discontinued operations for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was \$(0.09) compared to diluted earnings per share from discontinued operations of \$0.03 for the three months ended June 30, 2013.

The decrease in net income attributable to Johnson Controls, Inc. for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily due to a loss from discontinued operations, an increase in the provision for income taxes, loss on business divestitures, lower equity income and unfavorable impact of foreign currency translation, partially offset by higher gross profit, and

lower restructuring and impairment costs. Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 was \$1.66 compared to diluted earnings per share from continuing operations of \$1.49 for the nine months ended June 30, 2013. Diluted loss per share from discontinued operations for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 was \$(0.32) compared to diluted earnings per share from discontinued operations of \$0.07 for the nine months ended June 30, 2013.

### Segment Analysis

Management evaluates the performance of its business units based primarily on segment income, which is defined as income from continuing operations before income taxes and noncontrolling interests excluding net financing charges, significant restructuring and impairment costs, and net mark-to-market adjustments on pension and postretirement plans.

#### Building Efficiency - Net Sales

| (in millions)                     | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |         |        |   | Nine Months Ended<br>June 30, |          |        |   |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------|--------|---|-------------------------------|----------|--------|---|
|                                   | 2014                           | 2013    | Change |   | 2014                          | 2013     | Change |   |
| North America Systems and Service | \$1,126                        | \$1,175 | -4     | % | \$3,141                       | \$3,232  | -3     | % |
| Global Workplace Solutions        | 979                            | 1,021   | -4     | % | 3,052                         | 3,233    | -6     | % |
| Asia                              | 521                            | 520     | 0      | % | 1,480                         | 1,452    | 2      | % |
| Other                             | 950                            | 996     | -5     | % | 2,560                         | 2,783    | -8     | % |
|                                   | \$3,576                        | \$3,712 | -4     | % | \$10,233                      | \$10,700 | -4     | % |

#### Three Months:

The decrease in North America Systems and Service was due to lower volumes of equipment and controls systems (\$43 million), and the unfavorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$6 million).

The decrease in Global Workplace Solutions was due to lost customer accounts and lower project work (\$57 million), partially offset by the favorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$15 million).

The increase in Asia was due to higher volumes of equipment and controls systems (\$19 million), partially offset by the unfavorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$10 million) and lower service volumes (\$8 million).

The decrease in Other was due to lower volumes related to a prior period business divestiture (\$57 million), and lower volumes in Latin America (\$30 million) and the Middle East (\$16 million), partially offset by incremental sales related to a business acquisition (\$36 million), favorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$10 million), and higher volumes in other businesses (\$6 million), Europe (\$3 million) and unitary products (\$2 million).

#### Year-to-Date:

The decrease in North America Systems and Service was due to lower volumes of equipment and controls systems (\$72 million), and the unfavorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$19 million).

- The decrease in Global Workplace Solutions was due to lost customer accounts and lower project work (\$254 million), partially offset by incremental sales from a prior year business acquisition (\$66 million) and the favorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$7 million).

The increase in Asia was due to higher volumes of equipment and controls systems (\$50 million), and higher service volumes (\$24 million), partially offset by the unfavorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$46 million).

The decrease in Other was due to lower volumes related to a prior year business divestiture (\$163 million), and lower volumes in the Middle East (\$96 million), Europe (\$44 million) and Latin America (\$20 million), partially offset by higher volumes in unitary products (\$42 million), incremental sales related to a business acquisition (\$36 million), higher volumes in other businesses (\$12 million) and the favorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$10 million).

## Building Efficiency - Segment Income

| (in millions)                     | Three Months Ended |        |        |   | Nine Months Ended |        |        |   |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--------|--------|---|-------------------|--------|--------|---|
|                                   | June 30,<br>2014   | 2013   | Change |   | June 30,<br>2014  | 2013   | Change |   |
| North America Systems and Service | \$ 137             | \$ 155 | -12    | % | \$ 305            | \$ 305 | 0      | % |
| Global Workplace Solutions        | 13                 | 26     | -50    | % | 52                | 77     | -32    | % |
| Asia                              | 84                 | 83     | 1      | % | 215               | 189    | 14     | % |
| Other                             | 27                 | 50     | -46    | % | (13               | ) 52   | *      | % |
|                                   | \$261              | \$314  | -17    | % | \$559             | \$623  | -10    | % |

\* Measure not meaningful

## Three Months:

The decrease in North America Systems and Service was due to unfavorable margin rates (\$31 million), lower volumes (\$11 million) and the unfavorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$1 million), partially offset by lower selling, general and administrative expenses (\$25 million).

The decrease in Global Workplace Solutions was due to the indemnification of certain costs associated with a previously divested business (\$25 million) and lower volumes (\$5 million), partially offset by lower selling, general and administrative expenses (\$8 million), favorable margin rates (\$8 million) and the favorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$1 million).

The increase in Asia was due to higher volumes (\$7 million), and lower selling, general and administrative expenses (\$3 million), partially offset by unfavorable margin rates (\$7 million) and the unfavorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$2 million).

The decrease in Other was due to net unfavorable current period contract related charges in the Middle East (\$21 million), acquisition related charges (\$20 million), lower volumes (\$12 million) and lower equity income (\$3 million), partially offset by favorable margin rates (\$20 million), lower selling, general and administrative expenses (\$12 million), and the favorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$1 million).

## Year-to-Date:

North America Systems and Service was flat due to lower selling, general and administrative expenses (\$81 million), partially offset by unfavorable margin rates (\$51 million), lower volumes (\$18 million), net unfavorable current year contract related charges (\$9 million) and the unfavorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$3 million).

The decrease in Global Workplace Solutions was due to the indemnification of certain costs associated with a previously divested business (\$25 million), a prior year pension curtailment gain resulting from a lost contract net of other contract losses (\$24 million) and lower volumes (\$13 million), partially offset by lower selling, general and administrative expenses (\$27 million), favorable margin rates (\$9 million) and the favorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$1 million).

The increase in Asia was due to higher volumes (\$22 million) and favorable margin rates (\$14 million), partially offset by higher selling, general and administrative expenses (\$5 million), and the unfavorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$5 million).

The decrease in Other was due to net unfavorable current year contract related charges in the Middle East (\$50 million), lower volumes (\$41 million), acquisition related charges (\$20 million) and lower equity income (\$7 million), partially offset by favorable margin rates (\$27 million), lower selling, general and administrative expenses (\$17 million), net unfavorable prior year contract related charges (\$7 million) and higher operating income related to a prior year business divestiture (\$2 million).

# Automotive Experience - Net Sales

| (in millions) | Three Months Ended |         |        |   | Nine Months Ended |          |        |   |
|---------------|--------------------|---------|--------|---|-------------------|----------|--------|---|
|               | June 30,           | 2013    | Change |   | June 30,          | 2013     | Change |   |
|               | 2014               |         |        |   | 2014              |          |        |   |
| Seating       | \$4,571            | \$4,268 | 7      | % | \$13,364          | \$12,234 | 9      | % |
| Interiors     | 1,159              | 1,094   | 6      | % | 3,410             | 3,115    | 9      | % |
|               | \$5,730            | \$5,362 | 7      | % | \$16,774          | \$15,349 | 9      | % |

## Three Months:

The increase in Seating was due to higher volumes (\$247 million), the favorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$51 million), incremental sales related to business acquisitions (\$20 million) and favorable pricing and commercial settlements (\$7 million), partially offset by lower volumes due to a prior year business divestiture (\$22 million).

The increase in Interiors was due to higher volumes (\$66 million) and the favorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$17 million), partially offset by lower volumes related to business divestitures (\$13 million) and net unfavorable pricing and commercial settlements (\$5 million).

## Year-to-Date:

The increase in Seating was due to higher volumes (\$1.0 billion), incremental sales related to business acquisitions (\$116 million) and the favorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$52 million), partially offset by lower volumes due to a prior year business divestiture (\$53 million), net unfavorable pricing and commercial settlements (\$25 million), and unfavorable sales mix (\$6 million).

The increase in Interiors was due to higher volumes (\$284 million) and the favorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$43 million), partially offset by lower volumes related to business divestitures (\$32 million).

# Automotive Experience - Segment Income

| (in millions) | Three Months Ended |       |        |   | Nine Months Ended |       |        |   |
|---------------|--------------------|-------|--------|---|-------------------|-------|--------|---|
|               | June 30,           | 2013  | Change |   | June 30,          | 2013  | Change |   |
|               | 2014               |       |        |   | 2014              |       |        |   |
| Seating       | \$255              | \$229 | 11     | % | \$666             | \$487 | 37     | % |
| Interiors     | (55                | ) 12  | *      |   | (28               | ) (19 | ) -47  | % |
|               | \$200              | \$241 | -17    | % | \$638             | \$468 | 36     | % |

\* Measure not meaningful

## Three Months:

The increase in Seating was due to higher volumes (\$42 million), lower purchasing costs (\$25 million), higher equity income (\$18 million), lower operating costs (\$16 million), lower engineering expenses (\$13 million), net favorable pricing and commercial settlements (\$8 million), and incremental operating income related to business acquisitions (\$1 million), partially offset by higher selling, general and administrative expenses (\$47 million), a prior year gain on business divestiture (\$29 million), unfavorable mix (\$12 million), lower operating income due to a prior year business divestiture (\$5 million) and the unfavorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$4 million).

The decrease in Interiors was due to a loss on business divestiture (\$95 million), net unfavorable pricing and commercial settlements (\$9 million), higher selling, general and administrative expenses (\$3 million), and lower operating income related to a business divestiture (\$2 million), partially offset by lower operating costs (\$21 million), higher volumes (\$11 million), higher equity income (\$7 million) and lower purchasing costs (\$3 million).

## Year-to-Date:

The increase in Seating was due to higher volumes (\$168 million), lower operating costs (\$90 million), lower purchasing costs (\$67 million), higher equity income (\$47 million), lower engineering expenses (\$23 million), prior year distressed supplier costs (\$20 million), incremental operating income due to business acquisitions (\$6 million) and the favorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$2 million), partially offset by a prior year gain on acquisition of a partially-owned affiliate in India (\$82 million), higher selling, general and administrative expenses (\$57 million), net unfavorable pricing and commercial settlements (\$40 million), a prior year gain on business divestiture (\$29 million), unfavorable mix (\$27 million) and lower operating income due to a prior year business divestiture (\$9 million).

The decrease in Interiors was due to a net loss on business divestitures (\$86 million), unfavorable mix (\$11 million), lower operating income due to a business divestiture (\$7 million), net unfavorable pricing and commercial items (\$7 million), higher selling, general and administrative expenses (\$5 million), and the unfavorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$1 million), partially offset by higher volumes (\$58 million), lower operating costs (\$28 million), higher equity income (\$12 million), lower purchasing costs (\$8 million) and prior year distressed supplier costs (\$2 million).

## Power Solutions

| (in millions)  | Three Months Ended<br>June 30, |          |        |   | Nine Months Ended<br>June 30, |          |        |   |
|----------------|--------------------------------|----------|--------|---|-------------------------------|----------|--------|---|
|                | 2014                           | 2013     | Change |   | 2014                          | 2013     | Change |   |
| Net sales      | \$ 1,506                       | \$ 1,425 | 6      | % | \$ 4,842                      | \$ 4,661 | 4      | % |
| Segment income | 193                            | 135      | 43     | % | 736                           | 659      | 12     | % |

## Three Months:

Net sales increased due to incremental sales related to a business acquisition (\$41 million), favorable pricing and product mix (\$31 million), higher sales volumes (\$26 million) and the favorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$14 million), partially offset by the impact of lower lead costs on pricing (\$31 million).

Segment income increased due to favorable product mix including lead acquisition costs (\$47 million), higher volumes (\$10 million), lower operating costs (\$6 million) and incremental operating income related to a business acquisition (\$4 million), partially offset by lower equity income (\$4 million), higher selling, general and administrative expenses (\$3 million), and higher transportation costs (\$2 million).

## Year-to-Date:

Net sales increased due to incremental sales related to a business acquisition (\$104 million), favorable pricing and product mix (\$56 million), higher sales volumes (\$45 million) and the favorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$33 million), partially offset by the impact of lower lead costs on pricing (\$57 million).

Segment income increased due to favorable product mix including lead acquisition costs and battery cores (\$94 million), lower operating costs (\$23 million), a gain on acquisition of a partially-owned affiliate (\$19 million), higher volumes (\$14 million), incremental operating income related to a business acquisition (\$9 million) and the favorable impact of foreign currency translation (\$3 million), partially offset by higher selling, general and administrative expenses (\$47 million), a prior year net favorable legal settlement (\$24 million), higher transportation costs (\$7 million) and lower equity income (\$7 million).



Johnson Controls, Inc.  
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements  
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(unaudited)

## Backlog

Building Efficiency's backlog relates to its control systems and service activity. At June 30, 2014, the unearned backlog was \$4.7 billion, or a 5% decrease compared to June 30, 2013. The North America Systems and Service and Other segment backlogs decreased compared to prior year levels.

## Financial Condition

### Working Capital

| (in millions)                          | June 30,<br>2014 | September 30,<br>2013 | Change | June 30,<br>2013 | Change |   |
|----------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--------|------------------|--------|---|
| Current assets                         | \$13,447         | \$13,698              |        | \$12,739         |        |   |
| Current liabilities                    | (12,143)         | (12,117)              |        | (11,784)         |        |   |
|                                        | 1,304            | 1,581                 | -18    | % 955            | 37     | % |
| Less: Cash                             | (160)            | (1,055)               |        | (391)            |        |   |
| Add: Short-term debt                   | 930              | 119                   |        | 312              |        |   |
| Add: Current portion of long-term debt | 141              | 819                   |        | 1,119            |        |   |
| Less: Assets held for sale             | (1,575)          | (804)                 |        | —                |        |   |
| Add: Liabilities held for sale         | 994              | 402                   |        | —                |        |   |
| Working capital (as defined)           | \$1,634          | \$1,062               | 54     | % \$1,995        | -18    | % |
| Accounts receivable                    | \$6,710          | \$7,206               | -7     | % \$7,259        | -8     | % |
| Inventories                            | 2,591            | 2,325                 | 11     | % 2,470          | 5      | % |
| Accounts payable                       | 5,567            | 6,318                 | -12    | % 6,217          | -10    | % |

The Company defines working capital as current assets less current liabilities, excluding cash, short-term debt, the current portion of long-term debt, and the current portion of assets and liabilities held for sale. Management believes that this measure of working capital, which excludes financing-related items, provides a more useful measurement of the Company's operating performance.

The increase in working capital at June 30, 2014 as compared to September 30, 2013 was primarily due to a decrease in accounts payable due to timing of supplier payments, lower accrued compensation and benefits primarily due to timing of incentive compensation payments, and higher inventory levels, partially offset by lower accounts receivable due to timing of customer receipts. Compared to June 30, 2013, the decrease was primarily due to higher accrued income taxes due to timing of tax payments, lower accounts receivable due to improved collections and timing of customer receipts, and an increase in reserves due to restructuring actions, partially offset by a decrease in accounts payable primarily due to timing of supplier payments and higher inventory levels.

The Company's days sales in accounts receivable at June 30, 2014 were 55, higher than 51 at the comparable period ended September 30, 2013, and consistent at the comparable period ended June 30, 2013. There have been no significant adverse changes in the level of overdue receivables or changes in revenue recognition methods.

The Company's inventory turns for the three months ended June 30, 2014 were lower than the comparable periods ended September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013 primarily due to higher inventory production.

Days in accounts payable at June 30, 2014 were 69 days, lower than 72 and 73 at the comparable periods ended September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, respectively.

## Cash Flows

| (in millions)                                | Three Months Ended |         | Nine Months Ended |         |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------|-------------------|---------|
|                                              | June 30,<br>2014   | 2013    | June 30,<br>2014  | 2013    |
| Cash provided by operating activities        | \$714              | \$1,034 | \$1,163           | \$1,549 |
| Cash used by investing activities            | (1,904             | ) (268  | ) (2,557          | ) (963  |
| Cash provided (used) by financing activities | 1,144              | (856    | ) 540             | (432    |
| Capital expenditures                         | (274               | ) (265  | ) (876            | ) (929  |

The decrease in cash provided by operating activities for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily due to unfavorable changes in inventories, other assets, accounts receivable and accrued income taxes. For the nine months ended June 30, 2014, the decrease in cash provided by operating activities was primarily due to unfavorable changes in inventories and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, partially offset by favorable changes in accounts receivable and other assets.

The increase in cash used by investing activities for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily due to cash paid for the ADT acquisition in the current quarter.

The increase in cash provided by financing activities for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily due to an increase in long-term debt incurred to finance the acquisition of ADT. The increase in cash provided by financing activities for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 was primarily due to an increase of long-term debt to finance the acquisition of ADT, partially offset by current year stock repurchases.

The increase in capital expenditures for the three months ended June 30, 2014 primarily relates to increased investments to support customer growth. The decrease in capital expenditures for the nine months ended June 30, 2014 primarily relates to prior year capacity expansion and vertical integration efforts in the Power Solutions business.

## Deferred Taxes

The Company reviews the realizability of its deferred tax assets on a quarterly basis, or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that a review is required. In determining the requirement for a valuation allowance, the historical and projected financial results of the legal entity or consolidated group recording the net deferred tax asset are considered, along with any other positive or negative evidence. Since future financial results may differ from previous estimates, periodic adjustments to the Company's valuation allowances may be necessary.

The Company has certain subsidiaries, mainly located in Brazil, France, Germany and Spain, which have generated operating and/or capital losses and, in certain circumstances, have limited loss carryforward periods. In accordance with ASC 740, "Income Taxes," the Company is required to record a valuation allowance when it is more likely than not the Company will not utilize deductible amounts or net operating losses for each legal entity or consolidated group based on the tax rules in the applicable jurisdiction, evaluating both positive and negative historical evidences as well as expected future events and tax planning strategies.

In the first quarter of fiscal 2014, the Company determined that it was more likely than not that the deferred tax asset associated with a capital loss in Mexico would not be utilized. Therefore, the Company recorded a \$21 million valuation allowance as income tax expense.

In the second quarter of fiscal 2013, the Company performed an analysis of its worldwide deferred tax assets. As a result, and after considering tax planning initiatives and other positive and negative evidence, the Company determined that it was more likely than not that a portion of the deferred tax assets would not be utilized in Brazil and Germany. Therefore, the Company recorded \$94 million of valuation allowances as income tax expense. To the extent the Company improves its underlying operating results in these jurisdictions, these valuation allowances, or a portion thereof, could be reversed in future periods.

## Long-Lived Assets

The Company reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the asset's carrying amount may not be recoverable. The Company conducts its long-lived asset impairment analyses in accordance with ASC 360-10-15, "Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." ASC 360-10-15 requires the Company to group assets and liabilities at the lowest level for which identifiable cash flows are largely independent of the cash flows of other assets and liabilities and evaluate the asset group against the sum of the undiscounted future cash flows. If the undiscounted cash flows do not indicate the carrying amount of the asset group is recoverable, an impairment charge is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset group exceeds its fair value based on discounted cash flow analysis or appraisals.

In the third quarter of fiscal 2014, the Company concluded it had a triggering event requiring assessment of impairment for certain of its long-lived assets in conjunction with its restructuring actions announced for its Automotive Experience Interiors business. As a result, the Company reviewed the long-lived assets for impairment and recorded a \$45 million impairment charge within restructuring and impairment costs on the consolidated statement of income in the third quarter of fiscal 2014 for the Automotive Experience Interiors segment. Refer to Note 9, "Significant Restructuring Costs," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for additional information. In addition, the Company recorded \$43 million of asset and investment impairments within discontinued operations in the third quarter of fiscal 2014 related to the divestiture of the Automotive Experience Electronics business. Refer to Note 4, "Discontinued Operations," and Note 9, "Significant Restructuring Costs," of the notes to the consolidated financial statements for additional information. The impairments were measured, depending on the asset, under either an income approach utilizing forecasted discounted cash flows or a market approach utilizing an appraisal to determine fair values of the impaired assets. These methods are consistent with the methods the Company employed in prior periods to value other long-lived assets. The inputs utilized in the analyses are classified as Level 3 inputs within the fair value hierarchy as defined in ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurement." The Company concluded it did not have any other significant triggering events requiring assessment of impairment of its long-lived assets at June 30, 2014.

In the first nine months of fiscal 2013, the Company recorded \$49 million of asset impairment charges, of which \$13 million was recorded in the second quarter and \$36 million was recorded in the third quarter, in conjunction with its fiscal 2013 restructuring actions. The impairment charges related to long-lived assets within all business units, none of which were individually material to the consolidated financial statements. The impairments were recorded within significant restructuring and impairment costs on the consolidated statements of income. Refer to Note 9, "Significant Restructuring Costs," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for additional information. The impairments were measured, depending on the asset, under either an income approach utilizing forecasted discounted cash flows or a market approach utilizing an appraisal to determine fair values of the impaired assets. These methods are consistent with the methods the Company employed in prior periods to value other long-lived assets. The inputs utilized in the analyses are classified as Level 3 inputs within the fair value hierarchy as defined in ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurement." The Company concluded it did not have any other significant triggering events requiring assessment of impairment of its long-lived assets at June 30, 2013.

At October 1, 2013, the Company assessed goodwill for impairment in the Building Efficiency business due to the change in reportable segments. As a result, the Company performed impairment testing for goodwill under the new segment structure and determined that the estimated fair value of each reporting unit substantially exceeded its corresponding carrying amount including recorded goodwill, and as such, no impairment existed at October 1, 2013. No reporting unit was determined to be at risk of failing step one of the goodwill impairment test.



## Capitalization

| (in millions)                                                  | June 30,<br>2014 | September 30,<br>2013 | Change | June 30,<br>2013 | Change |   |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--------|------------------|--------|---|
| Short-term debt                                                | \$930            | \$119                 |        | \$312            |        |   |
| Current portion of long-term debt                              | 141              | 819                   |        | 1,119            |        |   |
| Long-term debt                                                 | 6,416            | 4,560                 |        | 4,593            |        |   |
| Total debt                                                     | 7,487            | 5,498                 | 36     | % 6,024          | 24     | % |
| Shareholders' equity attributable to<br>Johnson Controls, Inc. | 11,815           | 12,314                | -4     | % 12,188         | -3     | % |
| Total capitalization                                           | \$19,302         | \$17,812              | 8      | % \$18,212       | 6      | % |
| Total debt as a % of total<br>capitalization                   | 39               | % 31                  | %      | 33               | %      |   |

The Company believes the percentage of total debt to total capitalization is useful to understanding the Company's financial condition as it provides a review of the extent to which the Company relies on external debt financing for its funding and is a measure of risk to its shareholders.

At June 30, 2014, September 30, 2013, and June 30, 2013, the Company had committed bilateral euro denominated revolving credit facilities totaling 237 million euro. Additionally, at June 30, 2014, September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, the Company had committed bilateral U.S. dollar denominated revolving credit facilities totaling \$185 million. As of June 30, 2014, facilities in the amounts of 237 million euro and \$50 million are scheduled to expire in fiscal 2014, and a facility in the amount of \$135 million is scheduled to expire in fiscal 2015. There were no draws on any of the revolving facilities for the respective periods.

- In June 2014, the Company issued \$300 million aggregate principal amount of 1.4% senior unsecured fixed rate notes due in fiscal 2018, \$500 million aggregate principal amount of 3.625% senior unsecured fixed rate notes due in fiscal 2024, \$450 million aggregate principal amount of 4.625% senior unsecured fixed rate notes due in fiscal 2044 and \$450 million aggregate principal amount of 4.95% senior unsecured fixed rate notes due in fiscal 2064. Aggregate net proceeds of \$1.7 billion from the issuances were used to finance the acquisition of ADT and for other general corporate purposes.

In March 2014, the Company entered into a nine-month, \$150 million, floating rate term loan scheduled to mature in December 2014. Proceeds from the term loan were used for general corporate purposes. The loan was repaid during the quarter ended June 30, 2014.

In March 2014, the Company retired \$450 million in principal amount, plus accrued interest, of its 1.75% fixed rate notes that matured in March 2014.

In February 2014, the Company retired \$350 million in principal amount, plus accrued interest, of its floating rate notes that matured in February 2014.

In January 2014, the Company entered into a one-year, \$150 million, floating rate term loan scheduled to mature in January 2015. Proceeds from the term loan were used for general corporate purposes.

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In December 2013, the Company entered into a five-year, 220 million euro, floating rate credit facility scheduled to mature in fiscal 2019. The Company drew on the full credit facility during the quarter ended December 31, 2013. Proceeds from the facility were used for general corporate purposes.

In December 2013, the Company entered into a nine-month, \$500 million, floating rate term loan scheduled to mature in September 2014. Proceeds from the term loan were used for general corporate purposes.

In September 2013, the Company retired \$300 million in principal amount, plus accrued interest, of its 4.875% fixed rate notes that matured in September 2013.

In August 2013, the Company made a partial repayment of 43 million euro, plus accrued interest, of its 100 million euro floating rate credit facility scheduled to mature in February 2017.

In August 2013, the Company replaced its \$2.5 billion committed four-year credit facility, scheduled to mature in February 2015, with a \$2.5 billion committed five-year credit facility scheduled to mature in August 2018. The facility is used to support the Company's outstanding commercial paper. There were no draws on the facility as of June 30, 2014.

In November 2012, the Company entered into a five-year, 70 million euro, floating rate credit facility scheduled to mature in November 2017. The Company drew on the credit facility during the first quarter of fiscal 2013. Proceeds from the facility were used for general corporate purposes.

In November 2012, the Company retired \$100 million in principal amount, plus accrued interest, of its 5.8% fixed rate notes that matured.

The Company also selectively makes use of short-term credit lines. The Company estimates that, as of June 30, 2014, it could borrow up to \$1.7 billion on committed credit lines.

The Company believes its capital resources and liquidity position at June 30, 2014 are adequate to meet projected needs. The Company believes requirements for working capital, capital expenditures, dividends, stock repurchases, minimum pension contributions, debt maturities and any potential acquisitions in the remainder of fiscal 2014 will continue to be funded from operations, supplemented by short- and long-term borrowings, if required. The Company currently manages its short-term debt position in the U.S. and euro commercial paper markets and bank loan markets. In the event the Company is unable to issue commercial paper, it would have the ability to draw on its \$2.5 billion revolving credit facility, which matures in August 2018. There were no draws on the revolving credit facility as of June 30, 2014. As such, the Company believes it has sufficient financial resources to fund operations and meet its obligations for the foreseeable future.

The Company earns a significant amount of its operating income outside the U.S., which is deemed to be permanently reinvested in foreign jurisdictions. The Company currently does not intend nor foresee a need to repatriate these funds. The Company's intent is for such earnings to be reinvested by the subsidiaries or to be repatriated only when it would be tax effective through the utilization of foreign tax credits. The Company expects existing domestic cash and liquidity to continue to be sufficient to fund the Company's domestic operating activities and cash commitments for investing and financing activities for at least the next twelve months and thereafter for the foreseeable future. In addition, the Company expects existing foreign cash, cash equivalents, short-term investments and cash flows from operations to continue to be sufficient to fund the Company's foreign operating activities and cash commitments for investing activities, such as material capital expenditures, for at least the next twelve months and thereafter for the foreseeable future. Should the Company require more capital in the U.S. than is generated by operations domestically, the Company could elect to raise capital in the U.S. through debt or equity issuances. This alternative could result in increased interest expense or other dilution of the Company's earnings. The Company has borrowed funds domestically and continues to have the ability to borrow funds domestically at reasonable interest rates.

The Company's debt financial covenants require a minimum consolidated shareholders' equity attributable to Johnson Controls, Inc. of at least \$3.5 billion at all times and allow a maximum aggregated amount of 10% of consolidated shareholders' equity attributable to Johnson Controls, Inc. for liens and pledges. For purposes of calculating the Company's covenants, consolidated shareholders' equity attributable to Johnson Controls, Inc. is calculated without giving effect to (i) the application of ASC 715-60, "Defined Benefit Plans - Other Postretirement," or (ii) the cumulative foreign currency translation adjustment. As of June 30, 2014, consolidated shareholders' equity attributable to Johnson Controls, Inc. as defined per the Company's debt financial covenants was \$11.5 billion and there was a

maximum of \$301 million of liens outstanding. The Company expects to remain in compliance with all covenants and other requirements set forth in its credit agreements and indentures for the foreseeable future. None of the Company's debt agreements limit access to stated borrowing levels or require accelerated repayment in the event of a decrease in the Company's credit rating.

#### New Accounting Standards

In May 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)." ASU No. 2014-09 clarifies the principles for recognizing revenue when an entity either enters into a contract with customers to transfer goods or services or enters into a contract for the transfer of non-financial assets. ASU No. 2014-09 will be effective for the Company for the quarter ending December 31, 2017, with early adoption not permitted. The Company is currently assessing the impact adoption of this guidance may have on its consolidated financial statements.

In April 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-08, "Presentation of Financial Statements (Topic 205) and Property, Plant and Equipment (Topic 360): Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity." ASU No. 2014-08 limits discontinued operations reporting to situations where the disposal represents a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results, and requires expanded disclosures for discontinued operations. ASU No. 2014-08 will be effective prospectively for the Company for disposals that occur during or after the quarter ending December 31, 2015, with early adoption permitted in certain instances. The significance of this guidance for the Company is dependent on any future dispositions or disposals.

In July 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-11, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists." ASU No. 2013-11 clarifies that companies should present an unrecognized tax benefit as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss or a tax credit carryforward. ASU No. 2013-11 will be effective prospectively for the Company for the quarter ending December 31, 2014, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently assessing the impact adoption of this guidance may have on its consolidated statement of financial position. The adoption of this guidance will have no impact on the Company's consolidated results of operations.

In March 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-05, "Foreign Currency Matters (Topic 830): Parent's Accounting for the Cumulative Translation Adjustment upon Derecognition of Certain Subsidiaries or Groups of Assets within a Foreign Entity or of an Investment in a Foreign Entity." ASU No. 2013-05 clarifies when companies should release the cumulative translation adjustment (CTA) into net income when a parent either sells a part or all of its investment in a foreign entity or no longer holds a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or group of assets within a foreign entity. Additionally, ASU No. 2013-05 states that CTA should be released into net income upon an acquirer obtaining control of an acquiree in which it held an equity interest immediately before the acquisition date (step acquisition). ASU No. 2013-05 will be effective prospectively for the Company for the quarter ending December 31, 2014, with early adoption permitted. The significance of this guidance for the Company is dependent on any future derecognition events involving the Company's foreign entities.

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-02, "Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income." ASU No. 2013-02 requires companies to provide information about the amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by component. Additionally, companies are required to disclose these reclassifications by each respective line item on the statements of income. ASU No. 2013-02 was effective for the Company for the quarter ended December 31, 2013. The adoption of this guidance had no impact on the Company's consolidated financial condition or results of operations. Refer to Note 14, "Equity and Noncontrolling Interests," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for disclosures regarding other comprehensive income.

In December 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-11, "Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities." ASU No. 2011-11 requires additional quantitative and qualitative disclosures of gross and net information regarding derivative instruments that are offset or eligible for offset in the consolidated statement of financial position. ASU No. 2011-11 was effective for the Company for the quarter ending December 31, 2013. The adoption of this guidance had no impact on the Company's consolidated financial condition or results of operations. Refer to Note 15, "Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," of the notes to consolidated financial statements for disclosure of gross and net information regarding the Company's derivative instruments.

#### Other Financial Information

The interim financial information included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q has not been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP (PwC). PwC has, however, applied limited review procedures in accordance with professional standards for reviews of interim financial information. Accordingly, you should restrict your reliance on their reports on such information. PwC is not subject to the liability provisions of Section 11 of the Securities Act of 1933 for its reports on the interim financial information because such reports do not constitute "reports" or "parts" of the registration statements prepared or certified by PwC within the meaning of Sections 7 and 11 of the Securities Act of 1933.

### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

As of June 30, 2014, the Company had not experienced any adverse changes in market risk exposures that materially affected the quantitative and qualitative disclosures presented in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2013.

## ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, we conducted an evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined under Rule 13a-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (Exchange Act). Based upon their evaluation of these disclosure controls and procedures, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2014 to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time period specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding disclosure.

### Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no significant changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the three months ended June 30, 2014 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

The Company is undertaking the implementation of new enterprise resource planning (ERP) systems in certain businesses, which will occur over a period of several years. As the phased roll-out of the new ERP systems occurs, the Company may experience changes in internal control over financial reporting. No significant changes were made to the Company's current internal control over financial reporting as a result of the implementation of the new ERP systems during the three months ended June 30, 2014.

## PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

As noted in Item 1 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2013, liabilities potentially arise globally under various environmental laws and worker safety laws for activities that are not in compliance with such laws and for the cleanup of sites where Company-related substances have been released into the environment.

Currently, the Company is responding to allegations that it is responsible for performing environmental remediation, or for the repayment of costs spent by governmental entities or others performing remediation, at approximately 40 sites in the United States. Many of these sites are landfills used by the Company in the past for the disposal of waste materials; others are secondary lead smelters and lead recycling sites where the Company returned lead-containing materials for recycling; a few involve the cleanup of Company manufacturing facilities; and the remaining fall into miscellaneous categories. The Company may face similar claims of liability at additional sites in the future. Where potential liabilities are alleged, the Company pursues a course of action intended to mitigate them.

The Company accrues for potential environmental liabilities in a manner consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States; that is, when it is probable a liability has been incurred and the amount of the liability is reasonably estimable. Reserves for environmental liabilities totaled \$25 million, \$25 million and \$26 million at June 30, 2014, September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, respectively. The Company reviews the status of its environmental sites on a quarterly basis and adjusts its reserves accordingly. Such potential liabilities accrued by the

Company do not take into consideration possible recoveries of future insurance proceeds. They do, however, take into account the likely share other parties will bear at remediation sites. It is difficult to estimate the Company's ultimate level of liability at many remediation sites due to the large number of other parties that may be involved, the complexity of determining the relative liability among those parties, the uncertainty as to the nature and scope of the investigations and remediation to be conducted, the uncertainty in the application of law and risk assessment, the various choices and costs associated with diverse technologies that may be used in corrective actions at the sites, and the often quite lengthy periods over which eventual remediation may occur. Nevertheless, the Company does not currently believe that any claims, penalties or costs in connection with known environmental matters will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows. In addition, the Company has identified asset retirement obligations for environmental matters that are expected to be addressed at the retirement, disposal, removal or abandonment of existing owned facilities, primarily in

the Power Solutions business. At June 30, 2014, September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, the Company recorded conditional asset retirement obligations of \$54 million, \$56 million and \$80 million, respectively.

In June 2013, the Company self-reported to the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and the Department of Justice (DOJ) alleged Foreign Corrupt Practices Act (FCPA) violations related to its Building Efficiency marine business in China dating back to 2007. These allegations were isolated to the Company's marine business in China which had annual sales ranging from \$20 million to \$50 million during this period. The Company, under the oversight of its Audit Committee and Board of Directors, proactively initiated an investigation into this matter with the assistance of external legal counsel and external forensic accountants. In connection with this investigation, the Company has made and continues to evaluate certain enhancements to its FCPA compliance program. The Company continues to fully cooperate with the SEC and the DOJ; however, at this time, the Company is unable to predict the ultimate resolution of this matter with these agencies.

The Company is involved in a number of product liability and various other casualty lawsuits incident to the operation of its businesses. The Company maintains insurance coverages and records estimated costs for claims and suits of this nature. It is management's opinion that none of these will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows. Costs related to such matters were not material to the periods presented.

#### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes to the disclosure regarding risk factors presented in Item 1A to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2013.

#### ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

In November 2012, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a stock repurchase program to acquire up to \$500 million of the Company's outstanding common stock, which supersedes any prior programs. In September 2013, the Company's Board of Directors authorized up to an additional \$500 million in stock repurchases of the Company's outstanding common stock, and in November 2013, the Company's Board of Directors authorized an additional \$3.0 billion under the stock repurchase program, both incremental to prior authorizations. Stock repurchases under the stock repurchase program may be made through open market, privately negotiated, or structured transactions or otherwise at times and in such amounts as Company management deems appropriate. The stock repurchase program does not have an expiration date and may be amended or terminated by the Board of Directors at any time without prior notice. In November 2013, the Company announced an \$800 million accelerated stock repurchase agreement with Goldman Sachs that was funded in November 2013 and concluded in January 2014.

The Company entered into an Equity Swap Agreement, dated March 13, 2009, with Citibank, N.A. (Citibank). The Company selectively uses equity swaps to reduce market risk associated with its stock-based compensation plans, such as its deferred compensation plans. These equity compensation liabilities increase as the Company's stock price increases and decrease as the Company's stock price decreases. In contrast, the value of the Equity Swap Agreement moves in the opposite direction of these liabilities, allowing the Company to fix a portion of the liabilities at a stated amount.

In connection with the Equity Swap Agreement, Citibank may purchase unlimited shares of the Company's stock in the market or in privately negotiated transactions. The Company disclaims that Citibank is an "affiliated purchaser" of the Company as such term is defined in Rule 10b-18(a)(3) under the Securities Exchange Act or that Citibank is purchasing any shares for the Company. The Equity Swap Agreement has no stated expiration date. The net effect of the change in fair value of the Equity Swap Agreement and the change in equity compensation liabilities was not material to the Company's earnings for the three months ended June 30, 2014.

The following table presents information regarding the repurchase of the Company's common stock by the Company as part of the publicly announced program and purchases of the Company's common stock by Citibank in connection with the Equity Swap Agreement during the three months ended June 30, 2014.

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| Period                | Total Number of<br>Shares Purchased | Average Price<br>Paid per Share | Total Number of<br>Shares Purchased as<br>Part of the Publicly<br>Announced Program | Approximate Dollar<br>Value of Shares that<br>May Yet be<br>Purchased under the<br>Programs |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 4/1/14 - 4/30/14      |                                     |                                 |                                                                                     |                                                                                             |
| Purchases by Company  | —                                   | —                               | —                                                                                   | \$2,450,629,782                                                                             |
| 5/1/14 - 5/31/14      |                                     |                                 |                                                                                     |                                                                                             |
| Purchases by Company  | —                                   | —                               | —                                                                                   | \$2,450,629,782                                                                             |
| 6/1/14 - 6/30/14      |                                     |                                 |                                                                                     |                                                                                             |
| Purchases by Company  | —                                   | —                               | —                                                                                   | \$2,450,629,782                                                                             |
| 4/1/14 - 4/30/14      |                                     |                                 |                                                                                     |                                                                                             |
| Purchases by Citibank | —                                   | —                               | —                                                                                   | NA                                                                                          |
| 5/1/14 - 5/31/14      |                                     |                                 |                                                                                     |                                                                                             |
| Purchases by Citibank | —                                   | —                               | —                                                                                   | NA                                                                                          |
| 6/1/14 - 6/30/14      |                                     |                                 |                                                                                     |                                                                                             |
| Purchases by Citibank | —                                   | —                               | —                                                                                   | NA                                                                                          |

## ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Reference is made to the separate exhibit index contained on page 60 filed herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

JOHNSON CONTROLS, INC.

Date: August 1, 2014

By: /s/ R. Bruce McDonald  
R. Bruce McDonald  
Executive Vice President and  
Chief Financial Officer

JOHNSON CONTROLS, INC.  
Form 10-Q  
INDEX TO EXHIBITS

| Exhibit No. | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 4.1         | Officers' Certificate, dated June 13, 2014, establishing the 1.400% Senior Notes due 2017, 3.625% Senior Notes due 2024, 4.625% Senior Notes due 2044 and 4.950% Senior Notes due 2064 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to Johnson Controls, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 13, 2014).                                                                                                                                                 |
| 10.1        | Global Assignment Letter between Susan F. Davis and Johnson Controls, Inc. dated as of June 9, 2014.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 15          | Letter of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm, dated August 1, 2014, relating to Financial Information.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 31.1        | Certification by the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 31.2        | Certification by the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 32          | Certification of Periodic Financial Report by the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 101         | The following materials from Johnson Controls, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2014, formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position, (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Income, (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss), (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (v) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. |
| 60          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |