Customers Bancorp, Inc. Form 10-Q November 13, 2018 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

x Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2018

"Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the transition period from to . 001-35542 (Commission File number)

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Pennsylvania 27-2290659
(State or other jurisdiction of (IRS Employer incorporation or organization) Identification No.)
1015 Penn Avenue
Suite 103
Wyomissing PA 19610
(Address of principal executive offices)
(610) 933-2000
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)
N/A
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes x No "Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a

smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer o Smaller Reporting Company "

Emerging Growth Company "

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new " or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) Yes " No x

On November 2, 2018, 31,687,340 shares of Voting Common Stock were outstanding.

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CUSTOMERS BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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CUSTOMERS BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET — UNAUDITED

(amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

	•	December 31,
. aarma	2018	2017
ASSETS	0.10 .0.10	(As Restated)
Cash and due from banks	\$12,943	\$ 20,388
Interest-earning deposits	653,091	125,935
Cash and cash equivalents	666,034	146,323
Investment securities, at fair value	668,851	471,371
Loans held for sale (includes \$1,383 and \$1,886, respectively, at fair value)	1,383	146,077
Loans receivable, mortgage warehouse, at fair value	1,516,327	1,793,408
Loans receivable	7,239,950	6,768,258
Allowance for loan losses		(38,015)
Total loans receivable, net of allowance for loan losses	8,715,536	8,523,651
FHLB, Federal Reserve Bank, and other restricted stock	74,206	105,918
Accrued interest receivable	32,986	27,021
Bank premises and equipment, net	11,300	11,955
Bank-owned life insurance	263,117	257,720
Other real estate owned	1,450	1,726
Goodwill and other intangibles	16,825	16,295
Other assets	165,416	131,498
Total assets	\$10,617,104	\$9,839,555
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Liabilities:		
Deposits:		
Demand, non-interest bearing	\$1,338,167	\$1,052,115
Interest-bearing	7,175,547	5,748,027
Total deposits	8,513,714	6,800,142
Federal funds purchased	_	155,000
FHLB advances	835,000	1,611,860
Other borrowings	123,779	186,497
Subordinated debt	108,953	108,880
Accrued interest payable and other liabilities	80,846	56,212
Total liabilities	9,662,292	8,918,591
Shareholders' equity:	,,,,,,,,	-,,,-, -
Preferred stock, par value \$1.00 per share; liquidation preference \$25.00 per share;		
100,000,000 shares authorized, 9,000,000 shares issued and outstanding as of September	r 217 471	217,471
30, 2018 and December 31, 2017	,.,.	
Common stock, par value \$1.00 per share; 200,000,000 shares authorized; 32,217,600		
and 31,912,763 shares issued as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017;		
31,687,340 and 31,382,503 shares outstanding as of September 30, 2018 and December	32,218	31,913
31, 2017		
Additional paid in capital	431,205	422,096
Retained earnings	302,404	258,076
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net		(359)
Treasury stock, at cost (530,260 shares as of September 30, 2018 and December 31,	(20,233	(339)
	(8,233	(8,233)
2017)		

Total shareholders' equity 954,812 920,964
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity \$10,617,104 \$9,839,555

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

CUSTOMERS BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME — UNAUDITED

(amounts in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Mo Ended September		Nine Mont September		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Interest income:					
Loans	\$97,815	\$88,740	\$278,986	\$248,708	
Investment securities	8,495	7,307	26,932	21,017	
Other	3,735	2,238	8,731	5,507	
Total interest income	110,045	98,285	314,649	275,232	
Interest expense:					
Deposits	32,804	18,381	76,779	48,934	
Other borrowings	2,431	3,168	9,082	6,767	
FHLB advances	9,125	7,032	27,381	15,433	
Subordinated debt	1,684	1,685	5,053	5,055	
Total interest expense	46,044	30,266	118,295	76,189	
Net interest income	64,001	68,019	196,354	199,043	
Provision for loan losses	2,924	2,352	4,257	5,937	
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	61,077	65,667	192,097	193,106	
Non-interest income:					
Interchange and card revenue	7,084	9,570	23,127	31,729	
Deposit fees	2,002	2,659	5,726	7,918	
Bank-owned life insurance	1,869	1,672	5,769	5,297	
Mortgage warehouse transactional fees	1,809	2,396	5,663	7,139	
Gain on sale of SBA and other loans	1,096	1,144	3,404	3,045	
Mortgage banking income	207	257	532	703	
Impairment loss on investment securities		(8,349)		(12,934)	
(Loss) gain on sale of investment securities	(18,659)	5,349	(18,659)	8,532	
Other	6,676	3,328	13,558	7,741	
Total non-interest income	2,084	18,026	39,120	59,170	
Non-interest expense:					
Salaries and employee benefits	25,462	24,807	78,135	69,569	
Technology, communication, and bank operations	11,657	14,401	32,923	33,227	
Professional services	4,743	7,403	14,563	21,142	
Merger and acquisition related expenses	2,945		3,920		
Occupancy	2,901	2,857	8,876	8,228	
FDIC assessments, non-income taxes, and regulatory fees	2,415	2,475	6,750	6,615	
Provision for operating losses	1,171	1,509	3,930	4,901	
Advertising and promotion	820	404	1,529	1,108	
Loan workout	516	915	1,823	1,844	
Other real estate owned expenses	66	445	164	550	
Other	4,408	5,824	10,521	13,634	
Total non-interest expense	57,104	61,040	163,134	160,818	
Income before income tax expense	6,057	22,653	68,083	91,458	
Income tax expense	28	14,899	14,250	34,236	
Net income	6,029	7,754	53,833	57,222	

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Preferred stock dividends	3,615	3,615	10,844	10,844
Net income available to common shareholders	\$2,414	\$4,139	\$42,989	\$46,378
Basic earnings per common share	\$0.08	\$0.13	\$1.36	\$1.52
Diluted earnings per common share	\$0.07	\$0.13	\$1.33	\$1.42

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

CUSTOMERS BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME — UNAUDITED (amounts in thousands)

	Three Months	Nine Months
	Ended	Ended
	September 30,	September 30,
	2018 2017	2018 2017
Net income	\$6,029 \$7,754	\$53,833 \$57,222
Unrealized (losses) gains on available-for-sale debt securities:		
Unrealized (losses) gains arising during the period	(1,629) (3,570) (47,917) 15,192
Income tax effect	423 1,393	12,458 (5,924)
Reclassification adjustments for losses (gains) on securities included in net	18,659 (5,349) 18,659 (8,532)
income	10,037 (3,547) 10,037 (0,332)
Income tax effect	(4,851) 2,086	(4,851) 3,327
Net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale debt securities	12,602 (5,440) (21,651) 4,063
Unrealized gains on cash flow hedges:		
Unrealized gains (losses) arising during the period	4,062 171	6,830 (189)
Income tax effect	(1,056) (67) (1,775) 74
Reclassification adjustment for (gains) losses included in net income	(2,519) 572	(2,647) 2,166
Income tax effect	655 (223) 688 (845)
Net unrealized gains on cash flow hedges	1,142 453	3,096 1,206
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of income tax effect	13,744 (4,987) (18,555) 5,269
Comprehensive income	\$19,773 \$2,767	\$35,278 \$62,491

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

CUSTOMERS BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY — UNAUDITED (amounts in thousands, except shares outstanding data)

	Preferred Shares of	Stock Preferred Stock	September: Common Shares of Common Stock Outstanding	tock Common Stock	Additional Paid in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehens Loss	Treasury	Total	
Balance, June	9,000,000	\$217,471	31,669,643	\$32,200	\$428,796	\$299,990	\$ (33,997)	\$(8,233)	\$936,227	
30, 2018 Net income	_	_	_	_	_	6,029	_	_	6,029	
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	_	_	_	13,744	_	13,744	
Preferred stock dividends	_	_	_	_	_	(3,615)	_	_	(3,615)
Share-based compensation expense		_	_	_	1,980		_	_	1,980	
Issuance of common stock under share-based compensation arrangements Balance, September 30,	9,000,000	- \$217,471	17,697 31,687,340	18 \$32,218	429 \$431,205	- \$302,404	- \$ (20,253)	- \$(8,233)	447 \$954,812	
2018	>,000,000	Ψ217,171	31,007,310	Ψ32,210	Ψ 131,203	Ψ302,101	ψ (20,233 ·)	Ψ(0,233)	Ψ > 5 1,012	
	Preferred Shares of	Stock Preferred Stock	September : Common S Shares of Common Stock Outstanding	tock Common Stock	Additional Paid in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehens Income	Treasury	Total	
Balance, June 30, 2017	9,000,000	\$217,471	30,730,784	\$31,261	\$428,488	\$235,938	\$ 5,364	\$(8,233)	\$910,289	,
Net income	_	_	_	_	_	7,754	_		7,754	
Other comprehensive loss	_	_	_	_	_	_	(4,987)	_	(4,987)
Preferred stock dividends Share-based	_	_	_	_	_	(3,615)	_	_	(3,615)
compensation	_	_	_		1,602	_	_	_	1,602	
expense		_	6,413	6	131	_	_	_	137	

Exercise of warrants Issuance of common stock under 50,435 51 (588 (538) (1) —) share-based compensation arrangements Balance, 9,000,000 \$217,471 30,787,632 \$31,318 \$429,633 \$240,076 \$377 September 30, \$(8,233) \$910,642 2017

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

CUSTOMERS BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY — UNAUDITED (CONTINUED) (amounts in thousands, except shares outstanding data)

	September 30, 2018 Common Stock Shares of Common Common Paid in			Accumula Retained Other					
	Stock Outstandir	Stock	Stock Outstanding	Stock	Paid in Capital	Earnings	Comprehe Loss	Treasury ensi St ock	Total
Balance, December 31, 2017 Reclassification	9,000,000	\$217,471	31,382,503	\$31,913	\$422,096	\$258,076	\$ (359) \$(8,233)	\$920,964
of the income tax effects of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act from accumulated	·	_	_	_	_	298	(298) —	_
other comprehensive loss Reclassification									
of net unrealized gains on equity securities from accumulated other comprehensive	·	_	_	_	_	1,041	(1,041) —	_
loss Net income	_	_	_	_	_	53,833	_	_	53,833
Other comprehensive loss	_	_	_	_	_	_	(18,555) —	(18,555)
Preferred stock dividends	_	_	_	_	_	(10,844)	_	_	(10,844)
Share-based compensation	_	_	_	_	5,641	_	_	_	5,641
expense Exercise of warrants Issuance of	_	_	5,242	5	107	_	_	_	112
common stock under share-based compensation	_	_	299,595	300	3,361	_	_	_	3,661
arrangements Balance, September 30,	9,000,000	\$217,471	31,687,340	\$32,218	\$431,205	\$302,404	\$ (20,253) \$(8,233)	\$954,812

2018

	Nine Mon	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017								
	Preferred S	Stock	Common S	tock						
	Shares of		Shares of		Additional		Accumulate	d		
	Preferred	Preferred	Common	Common	1	Retained	Other	Treasury	Total	
	Stock	Stock	Stock	Stock	Paid in	Earnings	Comprehens	i St ock	Total	
	Outstandin	ng	Outstanding	2	Capital	-	Income/(Los	ss)		
Balance,										
December 31,	9,000,000	\$217,471	30,289,917	\$30,820	\$427,008	\$193,698	\$ (4,892)	\$(8,233)	\$855,872	,
2016										
Net income	_	_				57,222			57,222	
Other										
comprehensive	_	_		_	_	_	5,269		5,269	
income										
Preferred stock						(10.044)			(10.044	`
dividends	_	_			_	(10,844)			(10,844)
Share-based										
compensation	_	_			4,536	_			4,536	
expense										
Exercise of			50.207	50	507					
warrants	_	_	50,387	50	507	_		_	557	
Issuance of										
common stock										
under			447.220	440	(2.410)				(1.070	`
share-based	_		447,328	448	(2,418)		_		(1,970)
compensation										
arrangements										
Balance,										
September 30,	9,000,000	\$217,471	30,787,632	\$31,318	\$429,633	\$240,076	\$ 377	\$(8,233)	\$910,642	,
2017	•	•		•	•	•		, , ,	•	

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

CUSTOMERS BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS — UNAUDITED (amounts in thousands)

	Nine Mon Septembe 2018	iths Ended r 30,		2017		
Cash Flows from				(As Resta	nted)	
Operating Activities Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by	\$	53,833		\$	57,222	
operating activities: Provision for loan losse	s4.257			5,937		
Depreciation and amortization	10,235			7,476		
Share-based compensation expense	6,595			5,377		
Deferred taxes	6,238			286		
Net amortization of investment securities premiums and discounts Unrealized loss	1,204 s			520		
	1,533			_		
Loss (gain) on sale of investment securities	18,659			(8,532)
Impairment loss on investment securities	_			12,934		
Gain on sale of SBA and other loans	(3,880)	(3,553)
Origination of loans held for sale	(22,978)	(32,343)
Proceeds from the sale of loans held for sale Amortization of fair	23,936			31,718		
value discounts and premiums	164			93		
Net (gain) loss on sales of other real estate owned	(35)	154		
Valuation and other adjustments to other rea estate owned				298		
Earnings on investment in bank-owned life insurance	(5,769)	(5,297)

Increase in accrued interest receivable and	(21,525)	(27,862)
other assets				
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable and other liabilities	25,774		(14,106)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	98,365		30,322	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Proceeds from				
maturities, calls and				
principal repayments of securities available for	38,926		36,461	
sale				
Proceeds from sales of				
investment securities	476,182		670,522	
available for sale				
Purchases of investment	t			
securities available for	(763,242)	(796,594)
sale				
Origination of mortgage	(21,739,744)	(22,738,383)
warehouse loans				
Proceeds from	22 016 925		22 902 050	
repayments of mortgage warehouse loans	22,010,823		22,893,950	
Net increase in loans,				
excluding mortgage	(20,476)	(921,049)
warehouse loans	(-0)	,	(> = -, 0 .)	
Proceeds from sales of	40.011		124 702	
loans	42,211		124,703	
Purchase of loans	(347,740)	(262,641)
Purchases of				
bank-owned life	_		(90,000)
insurance				
Proceeds from	520		1 /10	
bank-owned life insurance	529		1,418	
Net proceeds from				
(purchases of) FHLB,				
Federal Reserve Bank,	31,712		(30,203)
and other restricted	,			
stock				
Purchases of bank	(1 344)	(1,725)
premises and equipment	t ^{(1,544}	,	(1,723	,
Proceeds from sales of	421		1,680	
other real estate owned			, -	
Purchase of university	(1.500)	`		
relationship intangible asset	(1,502)	_	
asset	(21,849)	_	
	(=1,01)	,		

Purchase of leased assets under operating leases						
Net Cash Used In Investing Activities Cash Flows from	(289,091)	(1,111,861	l)
Financing Activities						
Net increase in deposits	1,713,572			293,301		
Net (decrease) increase						
in short-term borrowed	(776,860)	593,543		
funds from the FHLB						
Net (decrease) increase	(155,000		`	64.000		
in federal funds	(155,000)	64,000		
purchased						
(Repayments of)	(62.250		`	00.564		
proceeds from issuance	(63,250)	98,564		
of long-term debt						
Preferred stock	(10,844)	(10,844)
dividends paid				557		
Exercise of warrants	112			557		
Payments of employee	(711		`	(4.022		`
taxes withheld from	(711)	(4,923)
share-based awards						
Proceeds from issuance	3,418			2,112		
of common stock						
Net Cash Provided By	710,437			1,036,310		
Financing Activities						
Net Increase (Decrease)				(45.000		`
in Cash and Cash	519,711			(45,229)
Equivalents						
Cash and Cash Equivalents – Beginning	146,323			264,709		
Cash and Cash	3					
	\$	666,034		\$	219,480	
Equivalents – Ending						

(continued)

Supplementary Cash Flows Information:	*	114.050	Φ.	5 0 5 0 6
Interest paid	\$	114,973	\$	70,706
Income taxes paid	4,156		31,545	
Non-cash items:				
Transfer of loans to	¢	234	¢	02
other real estate owned	Ф	234	Ф	83

Transfer of loans held for investment to held — 150,638 for sale

Transfer of loans held for sale to held for 129,691 — investment

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

CUSTOMERS BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS NOTE 1 — DESCRIPTION OF THE BUSINESS

Customers Bancorp, Inc. (the "Bancorp" or "Customers Bancorp") is a bank holding company engaged in banking activities through its wholly owned subsidiary, Customers Bank (the "Bank"), collectively referred to as "Customers" herein. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP") and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

Customers Bancorp, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Customers Bank, and non-bank subsidiaries, serve residents and businesses in Southeastern Pennsylvania (Bucks, Berks, Chester, Philadelphia and Delaware Counties); Rye Brook, New York (Westchester County); Hamilton, New Jersey (Mercer County); Boston, Massachusetts; Providence, Rhode Island; Portsmouth, New Hampshire (Rockingham County); Manhattan and Melville, New York; Washington, D.C.; Chicago, Illinois; and nationally for certain loan and deposit products. The Bank has 13 full-service branches and provides commercial banking products, primarily loans and deposits. In addition, Customers Bank also administratively supports loan and other financial products to customers through its limited-purpose offices in Boston, Massachusetts, Providence, Rhode Island, Portsmouth, New Hampshire, Manhattan and Melville, New York, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Washington, D.C., and Chicago, Illinois. The Bank also provides liquidity to residential mortgage originators nationwide through commercial loans to mortgage companies. Through BankMobile, a division of Customers Bank, Customers offers state of the art high tech digital banking services to consumers, students, and the "under banked" nationwide.

Customers is subject to regulation of the Pennsylvania Department of Banking and Securities and the Federal Reserve Bank and is periodically examined by those regulatory authorities. Customers Bancorp has made certain equity investments through its wholly owned subsidiaries CB Green Ventures Pte Ltd. and CUBI India Ventures Pte Ltd.

NOTE 2 — SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Basis of Presentation

The interim unaudited consolidated financial statements of Customers have been prepared in conformity with U.S. GAAP and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC. These interim unaudited consolidated financial statements reflect all normal and recurring adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary to present a fair statement of the financial position and the results of operations and cash flows of Customers for the interim periods presented. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in the annual consolidated financial statements have been omitted from these interim unaudited consolidated financial statements as permitted by SEC rules and regulations. On November 13, 2018, Customers Bancorp filed with the SEC a report on Form 8-K advising that its 2017, 2016, and 2015 audited consolidated financial statements and its interim unaudited consolidated financial statements as of and for the three and six month periods ended March 31, 2018 and 2017 and June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, should no longer be relied upon because of incorrect classifications of the cash flows used in and provided by its commercial mortgage warehouse lending activities between operating and investing activities on the consolidated statements of cash flows because the related loan balances were incorrectly classified as held for sale instead of held for investment (i.e., loans receivable) on its consolidated balance sheets. These misclassifications have no impact on total cash balances, total loans, total assets, the allowance for loan losses, total capital, regulatory capital ratios, net interest income, net interest margin, net income to shareholders, basic or diluted earnings per share, return on average assets, return on average equity, the efficiency ratio, asset quality ratios or other key performance metrics, including non-GAAP performance metrics, that Customers routinely discusses with analysts and investors. The December 31, 2017 consolidated balance sheet presented in this report has been derived from Customers' audited 2017 consolidated financial statements, restated to correct the classification of the mortgage warehouse loans as held for investment instead of held for sale. Because of a fair value option election that Customers made on July 1, 2012 that continues today, these loans are, and will continue to be, reported at their fair value and accordingly do not have an allowance for loan losses. Management believes that the disclosures are adequate to present fairly the consolidated financial statements as of the dates and for the periods presented. These interim unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the 2017 consolidated financial statements of Customers included in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 filed with the SEC on February 23, 2018 (the "2017 Form 10-K") except to the extent they are affected by the restatement. That Form 10-K describes Customers Bancorp's significant accounting policies, which include its policies on Principles of Consolidation; Cash and Cash Equivalents and Statements of Cash Flows; Restrictions on Cash and Amounts due from Banks; Business Combinations; Investment Securities; Loan Accounting Framework; Loans Held for Sale and Loans at Fair Value; Loans Receivable; Purchased Loans; Allowance for Loan Losses; Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets; Investments in FHLB, Federal Reserve Bank, and Other Restricted Stock; Other Real Estate Owned; Bank-Owned Life Insurance; Bank Premises and Equipment; Operating Leases; Treasury Stock; Income Taxes; Share-Based Compensation; Transfer of Financial Assets; Business Segments; Derivative Instruments and Hedging; Comprehensive Income (Loss); Earnings per Share; and Loss Contingencies. Results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of those that may be expected for the fiscal year or any other period. There have been no material changes to Customers' significant accounting policies as disclosed in Customers' 2017 Form 10-K, except for the accounting policies related to Cash and Cash Equivalents and Statements of Cash Flows and Loans Held for Sale and Loans at Fair Value as described below.

Restatement of Previously Issued Financial Statements

In November 2018, Customers determined that the cash flow activities associated with its commercial mortgage warehouse lending activities should have been reported as investing activities in its consolidated statements of cash flows because the related loan balances should have been classified as held for investment (i.e., loans receivable). Effective with the filing of this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, Customers changed its accounting policies such that commercial mortgage warehouse loans will be classified as held for investment and presented as "Loans receivable, mortgage warehouse, at fair value" on its consolidated balance sheets. The cash flow activities associated with these commercial mortgage warehouse lending activities will be reported as investing activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows.

The following tables set forth the effects of the correction on the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2017 and the consolidated statements of cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

	December 31, 2017			
Consolidated Balance Sheet	As Previously Adjustments As Reported As			
(amounts in thousands)				
Loans held for sale	\$1,939,485 \$(1,793,408) \$146,077			
Loans receivable, mortgage warehouse, at fair value	— 1,793,408 1,793,408			
Total loans receivable, net of allowance for loan losses	6,730,243 1,793,408 8,523,651			
	For the Nine Months Ended September			
	30, 2017			
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	As Previously Reported Adjustments As Restated			
(amounts in thousands)				
Origination of loans held for sale	\$(22,770,726) \$22,738,383 \$(32,343)			
Proceeds from the sale of loans held for sale	22,925,668 (22,893,950) 31,718			
Net cash provided by operating activities	185,889 (155,567) 30,322			
Origination of mortgage warehouse loans	— (22,738,383) (22,738,38 3			
Proceeds from repayments of mortgage warehouse loans	— 22,893,950 22,893,950			
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,267,428) 155,567 (1,111,861)			

In addition, the December 31, 2017 comparative balances disclosed in NOTE 6 - LOANS HELD FOR SALE, NOTE 7 - LOANS RECEIVABLE AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES, and NOTE 9 - DISCLOSURES ABOUT FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, and the comparative balances reported throughout Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included elsewhere in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q, have been restated to present the corrected classification.

Presented below are recently issued accounting standards that Customers has adopted as well as those that the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") has issued but are not yet effective. Recently Issued Accounting Standards

Eliminates disclosure requirements for the amount of and reasons for transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, the policy for timing of transfers between levels, and the valuation processes for Level 3

Accounting Standards Adopted in 2018

Standard

Summary of guidance

Effects on Financial Statements

ASU 2018-13, Fair Value (Topic 820): Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement

Issued August 2018

ASU 2018-03,

Technical Corrections and

Improvements to Financial

Instruments-Overall

Issued February 2018

(Subtopic 825-10)

fair value measurements.

Clarifies that the measurement uncertainty disclosure is to communicate information about the uncertainty in measurement as of the reporting date.

Expands disclosures to include unrealized gains and losses for the period included in other comprehensive income for recurring Level 3 fair value measurements held at the end of the reporting period and the range and weighted average of significant unobservable inputs used to develop Level 3 fair value measurements.

Certain amendments are applied prospectively and retrospectively.

Effective for fiscal year beginning after December 15, 2019 and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption permitted.

Clarifies certain aspects of the guidance issued in ASU 2016-01 including: the ability to irrevocably elect to change the measurement approach for equity securities measured using the practical expedient (at cost plus or minus observable transactions less impairment) to a fair value method in accordance with ASC 820, Fair Value Measurement.

Provides clarification that if an observable transaction occurs for such securities, the adjustment is as of the observable transaction date.

Effective July 1, 2018 on a prospective basis with early adoption permitted.

ASU 2018-02, Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from Accumulated Other

Allows for reclassification from AOCI to retained earnings for stranded tax effects resulting from the 2017 Tax Cut and Jobs Act.

Customers early adopted on September 30, 2018.

The adoption did not have a significant impact on Customers' financial condition, results of operations and consolidated financial statements.

Customers adopted on July 1, 2018 on a prospective basis.

The adoption did not have a significant impact on Customers' financial condition, results of operations and consolidated financial statements as Customers currently does not have any significant equity securities without readily determinable fair values.

Customers early adopted on January 1, 2018.

The adoption resulted in the reclassification of \$0.3 million in

Comprehensive Income/(Loss) ("AOCI")

Issued February 2018

Requires an entity to disclose whether it has stranded tax effects in Customers' AOCI elected to reclassify stranded tax effects from AOCI to retained earnings and its policy for releasing income tax effects from AOCI.

Effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018 and interim periods within impact on Customers' financial those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted.

related to net unrealized losses on its available-for-sale debt securities and cash flow hedges.

The adoption did not have a significant condition, results of operations and consolidated financial statements.

Accounting Standards Adopted in 2018 (continued)

Standard

ASU 2017-12.

to Accounting for

Hedging Activities

Issued August 2017

Targeted Improvements

Summary of guidance

Aligns the entity's risk management activities and financial reporting for hedging relationships.

Amends the existing hedge accounting model and expands an entity's ability to hedge nonfinancial and financial risk components and reduce complexity in fair value hedges of interest-rate risk.

Eliminates the requirement to separately measur and report hedge ineffectiveness and generally requires the entire change in the fair value of a hedging instrument to be presented in the same income statement line item as the hedge item.

Changes certain documentation and assessment requirements and modifies the accounting for components excluded from the assessment of hedge effectiveness.

Effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. Early adoption is permitted.

"Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Inclusion of the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") Overnight Index Swap ("OIS") Rate as a Benchmark Interest Rate for Hedge Accounting Purposes," which permits the OIS rate based on SOFR as a U.S. benchmark interest rate for hedge accounting purposes.

Clarifies when to account for a change to the terms or conditions of a share-based-payment award as a modification in ASC 718.

Provides that modification accounting is only required if the fair value, vesting conditions, or the classification of the award as equity or a liability changes as a result of the change in terms or conditions.

Effective January 1, 2018 on a prospective basis for awards modified on or after the adoption date.

Effects on Financial Statements

Customers early adopted on January 1, 2018.

With the early adoption, Customers is able to pursue additional hedging strategies including the ability to apply fair value hedge accounting to a specified pool of assets by excluding the portion of the hedged items related to prepayments, defaults and other events.

These additional hedging strategies will allow Customers to better align the accounting and financial reporting of its hedging activities with the economic objectives thereby reducing the earnings volatility resulting from these hedging activities.

The adoption did not have a significant In October 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-16 impact on Customers' financial condition, financial statements. Customers has updated its disclosures in NOTE 10 -DERIVATIVES INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES as a result of early adopting this ASU.

ASU 2017-09, Compensation - Stock Compensation: Scope of Modification Accounting

Issued May 2017

ASU 2017-05, **Asset Derecognition** Guidance and Accounting for Partial Sales of Nonfinancial Assets

Clarifies the scope and application of the Clarifying the Scope of accounting guidance on the sale of nonfinancial assets to non-customers, including partial sales.

Clarifies that if substantially all of the fair value results of operations and consolidated of the assets that are promised to the counterparty in a contract is concentrated in nonfinancial assets, then all of the financial assets promised to the counterparty are in substance nonfinancial

Customers adopted on January 1, 2018.

The adoption did not have a significant impact on Customers' financial condition, results of operations and consolidated financial statements.

Customers adopted on January 1, 2018. The adoption did not have a significant impact on Customers' financial condition, financial statements.

Issued February 2017

assets within the scope of Subtopic 610-20.

Effective January 1, 2018 on a prospective basis.

ASU 2017-01, Clarifying the Definition of a **Business**

Narrows the definition of a business and clarifies that to be considered a business, the fair value of gross assets acquired (or disposed of) should not be concentrated in a single identifiable asset or a group of similar identifiable assets.

Issued January 2017

Also clarifies that in order to be considered a business, an acquisition would have to include an input and a substantive process that together will significantly contribute to the ability to create an output.

Effective January 1, 2018 on a prospective basis.

Customers adopted on January 1, 2018. The adoption did not have a significant impact on Customers' financial condition, results of operations and consolidated financial statements.

ASU 2016-18, Statement of Cash

Requires inclusion of restricted cash in cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the Flows: Restricted Cash beginning-of-period total amounts shown on the statement of cash flows.

Issued November 2016

Effective January 1, 2018 and requires retrospective application to all periods presented.

Customers adopted on January 1, 2018. The adoption did not result in any significant impact on Customers' financial condition, results of operations and consolidated financial statements, including its consolidated statement of cash flows, and therefore did not result in a retrospective application.

Accounting Standards Adopted in 2018 (continued)

Standard

ASU 2016-16, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Intra-Entity Than Inventory

Issued October 2016

Summary of guidance

Requires an entity to recognize the income tax consequences of an intra-entity transfer of an asset other than inventory when the transfer occurs.

Eliminates the current exception for all Transfers of Assets Other intra-entity transfers of an asset other than inventory that requires deferral of the tax effects until the asset is sold to a third party or otherwise recovered through use.

> Effective January 1, 2018 on a modified retrospective basis.

Aims to reduce the existing diversity in practice with regards to the classification of the following specific items in the statement of cash flows:

1.

Cash payments for debt prepayment or debt extinguishment costs should be classified as a financing activity.

Cash paid by an acquirer soon after a business combination for the settlement of a contingent consideration liability recognized at the acquisition date will be classified in investing activities.

Cash proceeds received from the settlement of insurance claims will be classified on the basis of the related insurance coverage (i.e., the nature of the loss).

4.

Cash proceeds received from the settlement of bank-owned life insurance policies will be classified as cash inflows from investing activities. 5.

A transferor's beneficial interest obtained in a securitization of financial assets will be disclosed as a non-cash activity, and cash received from beneficial interests will be classified in investing activities.

Effective January 1, 2018 and requires retrospective application to all periods presented. Effects on Financial Statements

Customers adopted on January 1, 2018.

The adoption of the ASU did not have a significant impact on Customers' financial condition, results of operations and consolidated financial statements

Customers adopted on January 1, 2018.

The adoption did not result in any significant impact on Customers' financial condition, results of operations and consolidated financial statements, including its consolidated statement of cash flows, and therefore it did not result in a retrospective application.

ASU 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flow: Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash **Payments**

Issued August 2016

ASU 2016-04, Liabilities -Extinguishment of

Requires issuers of prepaid stored-value products Customers adopted on January 1, (such as gift cards, telecommunication cards, and traveler's checks), to derecognize the financial Liabilities: Recognition of liability related to those products for breakage.

2018.

The adoption of this ASU did not have a significant impact on

Breakage for Certain Prepaid Stored-Value Products

Issued March 2016

Breakage is the value of prepaid stored-value products that is not redeemed by consumers for goods, services or cash.

The amendments in this ASU provide a narrow scope exception to the guidance in Subtopic 405-20 to require that breakage be accounted for consistent with the breakage guidance in Topic 606.

Effective January 1, 2018 on a modified retrospective basis.

Customers' financial condition, results of operations and consolidated financial statements.

Accounting Standards Adopted in 2018 (continued)

Standard

ASU 2016-01,

Recognition and

Measurement of

Financial Assets

and Financial

Issued January

Liabilities

2016

Summary of guidance

Requires equity investments with certain exceptions to be measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income.

Simplifies the impairment assessment of equity investments without readily determinable fair values by requiring a qualitative assessment to identify impairment.

Eliminates the requirement for public entities to disclose the methods and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value that is required to be disclosed for financial instruments measured at amortized cost on the balance sheet.

Requires public business entities to use the exit price notion when measuring the fair value of financial instruments for disclosure purposes.

Requires an entity to present separately in other comprehensive income the portion of the change in fair value of a liability resulting from a change in the instrument-specific credit risk when the entity has elected to measure the liability at fair value in accordance with the fair value option for financial instruments.

Requires separate presentation of financial assets and financial liabilities by measurement category and form of financial asset on the balance sheet or in the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Clarifies that an entity should evaluate the need for a valuation allowance on a deferred tax asset related to available-for-sale securities.

Effective January 1, 2018 on a modified retrospective basis.

Effects on Financial Statements

Customers adopted on January 1, 2018 using a modified retrospective approach.

The adoption of this ASU resulted in a cumulative-effect adjustment that resulted in a \$1.0 million reduction in AOCI and a corresponding increase in retained earnings for the same amount.

The \$1.0 million represented the net unrealized gain on Customers' investment in Religare equity securities at December 31, 2017, as disclosed in NOTE 5 - INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

Customers also refined its calculation to determine the fair value of its held-for- investment loan portfolio for disclosure purposes using an exit price notion as part of adopting this ASU. The refined calculation did not have a significant impact on Customers' fair value disclosures.

ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)

Issued May 2014

Supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in ASC 605.

Requires an entity to recognize revenue for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or

Customers adopted on January 1, 2018 on a modified retrospective basis.

Because the ASU does not apply to revenue associated with leases and financial instruments (including loans and securities), Customers concluded that the new guidance did not have a material impact on the elements of its consolidated services.

to assist an entity in achieving the main principle(s) of revenue recognition under ASC 605.

when an entity is acting as an agent and focused on evidence that an entity is acting as the principal or agent in a revenue transaction.

Requires additional qualitative and quantitative disclosures relating to the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers.

Effective January 1, 2018 and can either be applied retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented or as a cumulative effect adjustment as of the date of adoption (modified retrospective approach).

statements of operations most closely associated The amendment includes a five-step processwith leases and financial instruments (such as interest income, interest expense and securities gains or losses).

Customers has identified its deposit-related fees, Reframed the structure of the indicators of service charges, debit and prepaid card interchange income and university fees to be within the scope of the standard.

> Customers has also completed its review of the related contracts and its evaluation of certain costs related to these revenue streams and determined that its debit and prepaid card interchange income, previously reported on a gross basis for periods prior to adoption, will need to be presented on a net basis under this ASU, as Customers is the agent.

The adoption of this ASU, did not have a significant impact on Customers' financial condition, results of operations and consolidated financial statements. Additional discussion related to the adoption and the required quantitative and qualitative disclosures are included in NOTE 12 -NON-INTEREST REVENUES.

Accounting Standards Issued But Not Yet Adopted Standard

Summary of guidance

Clarifies that service contracts with hosting arrangements must follow internal-use software guidance Subtopic 350-40 when determining which implementation costs to capitalize as an asset related to the service contract and which costs to expense.

Also clarifies that capitalized implementation costs of a hosting arrangement that is a service contract are to be amortized over the term of the noncancelable period of the arrangement condition, results of operations and plus options to extend the arrangement if consolidated financial statements. reasonably certain to exercise.

Clarifies that existing impairment guidance in Subtopic 350-40 must be applied to the capitalized implementation costs as if they were long-lived assets.

Applied either retrospectively or prospectively to all implementation costs incurred after the date of adoption.

Effective for fiscal year beginning after December 15, 2019 and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption permitted.

Effects on Financial Statements

Customers is currently evaluating the hosting arrangement, which includes the expected impact of this ASU on its financial

Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40): Accounting for **Implementation Costs** Incurred in a Cloud **Computing Arrangement** That Is a Service Contract

Issued August 2018

ASU 2018-15,

ASU 2018-07, Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Non-employee Share-Based Payment Accounting

Issued June 2018

Expands the scope of Topic 718, Compensation - Stock Compensation, which currently only includes share-based payments issued to employees, to also include share-based payments issued to non-employees for goods and services.

Applies to all share-based payment transactions in which a grantor acquires goods or services from non-employees to be used or consumed in a grantor's own operations by issuing share-based payment awards.

With the amended guidance from ASU 2018-07, non-employees share-based payments are measured with an estimate of the fair value of the equity the business is obligated to issue at the grant date (the date that the business and the stock award recipient agree to the terms

Customers currently does not grant share-based payment awards to non-employees and, accordingly, does not expect the adoption of this ASU to have a significant impact on its financial condition, results of operations and consolidated financial statements: however, Customers will continue to evaluate the potential impact of this ASU through the adoption date.

of the award).

Compensation would be recognized in the same period and in the same manner as if the entity had paid cash for goods or services instead of stock.

Effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2018, with early adoption permitted.

ASU 2017-11,

Issued July 2017

Accounting for Certain

Down Round Features

Financial Instruments with

Accounting Standards Issued But Not Yet Adopted (continued) Standard

Summary of guidance

Changes the classification analysis of certain equity-linked financial instruments (or embedded features) with down round features.

When determining whether certain financial instruments should be classified as liabilities or equity instruments, a down round feature no longer precludes equity classification when assessing whether the instrument is indexed to an entity's own stock. As a result, a freestanding equity-linked financial instrument (or embedded conversion option) would no longer be accounted for as a derivative liability at fair value as a result of the existence of a down round feature.

For freestanding equity-classified financial statements; however, Customers will instruments, the amendments require entities continue to evaluate the potential to recognize the effect of the down round feature when it is triggered. That effect is treated as a dividend and as a reduction of net income available to common shareholders in basic earnings per share ("EPS").

periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2018, with early adoption permitted.

Effects on Financial Statements

Customers currently does not have any equity-linked financial instruments (or embedded features) with down round features and, accordingly, does not expect the adoption of this ASU to have a significant impact on its financial condition, results of operations and consolidated financial impact of this ASU through the

adoption date.

Effective for fiscal years, and interim

ASU 2017-08. Receivables-Nonrefundable Fees and Other Costs: Premium Amortization on Purchased Callable Debt Securities

Issued March 2017

Requires that premiums for certain callable immaterial amount of callable debt debt securities held be amortized to their earliest call date.

Effective for Customers beginning after December 15, 2018, with early adoption permitted.

Adoption of this new guidance must be applied on a modified retrospective approach.

Requires an entity to utilize a new impairment model known as the current expected credit loss ("CECL") model to Losses on Financial Instruments estimate lifetime expected credit loss and record an allowance that, when deducted from the amortized cost basis of the

Customers currently has an securities purchased at a premium and, accordingly, does not expect the adoption of this ASU to have a significant impact on its financial condition, results of operations and consolidated financial statements: however, Customers will continue to evaluate the potential impact through the adoption date.

Customers has established a company-wide, cross-discipline governance structure, which provides implementation oversight and continues evaluating the impact of this ASU and reviewing the loss modeling

ASU 2016-13,

Financial Instruments - Credit Losses: Measurement of Credit

Issued June 2016

financial asset (including HTM securities), presents the net amount expected to be collected on the financial asset.

Replaces today's "incurred loss" approach vendor to assist in the implementation and is expected to result in earlier process of its new model, which will recognition of credit losses. include different assumptions used in

For available-for-sale debt securities, entities will be required to record allowances for credit losses rather than reduce the carrying amount, as they do today under the OTTI model, and will be allowed to reverse previously established allowances in the event the credit of the issuer improves.

Simplifies the accounting model for purchased credit-impaired debt securities and loans.

Effective beginning after December 15, 2019 with early adoption permitted.

Adoption can be applied through a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings as of the beginning of the first reporting period in which the guidance is adopted.

requirements consistent with lifetime expected loss estimates.

Customers has selected a third-party vendor to assist in the implementation process of its new model, which will include different assumptions used in calculating credit losses, such as estimating losses over the estimated life of a financial asset and will consider expected future changes in macroeconomic conditions.

The adoption of this ASU may result in an increase to Customers' allowance for loan losses which will depend upon the nature and characteristics of Customers' loan portfolio at the adoption date, as well as the macroeconomic conditions and forecasts at that date.

Customers currently does not intend to early adopt this new guidance.

Accounting Standards Issued But Not Yet Adopted (continued)

Standard

ASU

2016-02,

Leases

Issued

2016

February

Summary of guidance

Effects on Financial Statements

Supersedes the current lease accounting guidance for both lessees and lessors under ASC 840, Leases.

From the lessee's perspective, the new standard establishes a right-of-use ("ROU") model that requires a lessee to record a ROU asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet for all leases with terms longer than 12 months.

Leases will be classified as either finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the income statement for lessees.

This ASU will require lessors to account for leases using an approach that is substantially similar to the existing guidance for sales-type, direct financing leases and operating leases.

Effective beginning after December 15, 2018 with early adoption permitted.

approach is required for lessees for capital and operating leases existing at, or entered into after, the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements, with certain practical expedients available.

In July 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-11 "Leases (Topic 842): Targeted Improvements," which provides lessees the option to apply the new leasing standard to all open leases as of the adoption date.

Customers is in the process of its implementation, which includes evaluating its leasing activities and certain contracts for embedded leases. Customers will be utilizing a lease accounting software solution for its real estate leases and updating processing and internal controls for its leasing activities.

Customers expects to recognize a lease liability and a corresponding right-of-use asset, at their present value, to predominately all of the \$22 million of future minimum payments required under operating leases as disclosed in Note 10 of Customers' 2017 Form 10-K, along with any leases entered into or extended during 2018. However, the population of contracts subject to balance sheet recognition and their initial measurement remains under evaluation. Customers does not expect material changes to the recognition of operating lease expense in its consolidated statements of income.

Customers expects to adopt certain practical expedients available under the new guidance, which will not require it to (1) reassess whether any expired or existing contracts contain leases, (2) reassess the lease classification for any expired or existing leases, or (3) reassess initial direct costs for any existing leases. Additionally, A modified retrospective transition Customers will elect to apply the new lease guidance at the adoption date, rather than at the beginning of the earliest period presented and recognize a cumulative effect adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings in the period of adoption, while continuing to present the comparative periods under Topic 840.

Customers does not intend to early adopt this new guidance.

NOTE 3 — EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following are the components and results of Customers' earnings per common share calculations for the periods presented.

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
(amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)					
Net income available to common shareholders	\$2,414	\$ 4,139	\$42,989	\$ 46,378	
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - basic Share-based compensation plans		1302,739,671 21,754,480	-	050,597,314 2.004.917	
Warrants	,	18,541	*	24,392	
Weighted-average number of common shares - diluted	32,277,	53920,512,692	32,312,4	532,626,623	
Basic earnings per common share Diluted earnings per common share	\$0.08 \$0.07	\$ 0.13 \$ 0.13	\$1.36 \$1.33	\$ 1.52 \$ 1.42	

The following is a summary of securities that could potentially dilute basic earnings per common share in future periods that were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per common share because either the performance conditions for certain of the share-based compensation awards have not been met or to do so would have been anti-dilutive for the periods presented.

Three M	Ionths	Nine Months			
Ended		Ended			
September 30,		Septeml	ber 30,		
2018	2017	2018	2017		

Anti-dilutive securities:

Share-based compensation awards 1,787,670 409,225 1,105,287 409,225 Warrants — 52,242 — 52,242 Total anti-dilutive securities 1,787,670 461,467 1,105,287 461,467

NOTE 4 — CHANGES IN ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) BY COMPONENT The following tables present the changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) by component for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017. All amounts are presented net of tax. Amounts in parentheses indicate reductions to accumulated other comprehensive income.

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 Available-for-sale debt securities							
(amounts in thousands)	Gains	izedForeig Currer s) Items	Total n Unrealize CyGains (Losses)	ed	Unrealiz Gains (Losses) on Cash Flo Hedges		Total	
Balance - June 30, 2018 Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	\$(35,7) (1,206)		-\$(35,711 (1,206		_		\$(33,997 1,800	7)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) to net income (1)	13,808	_	13,808		(1,864)	11,944	
Net current-period other comprehensive income Balance - September 30, 2018	12,602 \$(23,1)		12,602 -\$(23,109)	1,142 \$ 2,856		13,744 \$(20,253	3)
		onths Ende le-for-sale	ed Septembe securities	er	30, 2018			
(amounts in thousands)	Unrealiz Gains (Losses)	zedForeign Currence Items	Total Unrealized Gains (Losses)	d	Unrealize Gains (Losses) Cash Flo Hedges	on	Total	
Balance - December 31, 2017	\$(249)\$ 88	\$(161)	\$ (198)	\$(359)
Reclassification of the income tax effects of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (2)	(256)—	(256)	(42)	(298)
Reclassification of net unrealized gains on equity securities (2))(88	(1,041	_	_		(1,041)
Balance after reclassification adjustments on January 1, 2018	(1,458)—	(1,458	_	(240)	(1,698)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) to net income (1)	(35,459 13,808)—	(35,459 13,808)	5,055 (1,959)	(30,40411,849)
Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss) Balance - September 30, 2018	(21,651 \$(23,109)	,	(21,651 \$(23,109	-	3,096 \$ 2,856		(18,555 \$(20,253	-

(1) Reclassification amounts for available-for-sale debt securities are reported as loss on sale of investment securities on the consolidated statements of income. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, reclassification amounts of \$18.7 million (\$13.8 million net of taxes), respectively, were reported as loss on sale of investment securities on the consolidated statements of income. Reclassification amounts for cash flow hedges are reported as either interest expense on FHLB advances on the consolidated statements of income or other non-interest income on the consolidated statements of income for gains from the discontinuance of cash flow hedge accounting for certain interest rate swaps. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, reclassification amounts of \$303 thousand (\$224 thousand net of taxes) and \$175 thousand (\$129 thousand net of taxes) were reported as interest expense on FHLB advances on the consolidated statements of income. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, reclassification amounts of \$2.8 million (\$2.1 million net of taxes), respectively, were reported as other non-interest income on the consolidated statements of income from the discontinuance of cash flow hedge

accounting for certain interest rate swaps.

(2) Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) on January 1, 2018 as a result of the adoption of ASU 2018-02 and ASU 2016-01 resulted in a decrease in accumulated other comprehensive income of \$1.3 million and a corresponding increase in retained earnings for the same amount. See NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION for more information.

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 Unrealizednrealized
(amounts in thousands)	Gains Gains (Losses) (Losses) on on Available Tash-Flates
Balance - June 30, 2017 Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	SecuritiesHedges \$6,822 \$ (1,458) \$5,364 (2,177) 104 (2,073)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) to net income (1)	(3,263) 349 (2,914)
Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss) Balance - September 30, 2017	(5,440) 453 (4,987) \$1,382 \$ (1,005) \$377 Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017
(amounts in thousands)	Unrealized Unrealized Gains Gains (Losses) (Losses) on on Total Available Easth Sallow Securities Hedges
Balance - December 31, 2016	\$(2,681) \$(2,211) \$(4,892)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) to net income (1)	9,268 (115) 9,153 (5,205) 1,321 (3,884)
Net current-period other comprehensive income Balance - September 30, 2017	4,063 1,206 5,269 \$1,382 \$(1,005) \$377

(1) Reclassification amounts for available-for-sale debt securities are reported as gain on sale of investment securities on the consolidated statements of income. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, reclassification amounts of \$5.3 million (\$3.3 million net of taxes) and \$8.5 million (\$5.2 million net of taxes), respectively, were reported as gain on sale of investment securities on the consolidated statements of income. Reclassification amounts for cash flow hedges are reported as interest expense on FHLB advances on the consolidated statements of income. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, reclassification amounts of \$572 thousand (\$349 thousand net of taxes) and \$2.2 million (\$1.3 million net of taxes) were reported as interest expense on FHLB advances on the consolidated statements of income.

NOTE 5 — INVESTMENT SECURITIES

The amortized cost and approximate fair value of investment securities as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are summarized in the tables below:

September 30, 2018

	September	50, 2010		
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
(amounts in thousands)				
Available-for-sale debt securities:				
Agency-guaranteed residential mortgage-backed securities	\$316,785	\$ —	\$(11,367) \$	305,418
Corporate notes	381,475	347	(20,208) 3	361,614
Available-for-sale debt securities	\$698,260	\$ 347	\$(31,575)	667,032
Equity securities (1)			1	,819
Total investment securities, at fair value			\$	6668,851

(1) Includes equity securities issued by a foreign entity that are being measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized directly in earnings

effective January 1, 2018 as a result of adopting ASU 2016-01, Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (see NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION for additional information related to the adoption of this new standard).

	December			
	Amortized Cost	d Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
(amounts in thousands)				
Available-for-sale securities:				
Agency-guaranteed residential mortgage-backed securities	\$186,221	\$ 36	\$ (2,799)	\$183,458
Agency-guaranteed commercial real estate mortgage-backed securities	238,809	432	(769)	238,472
Corporate notes (1)	44,959	1,130	_	46,089
Equity securities (2)	2,311	1,041	_	3,352
Total available-for-sale securities, at fair value	\$472,300	\$ 2,639	\$ (3,568)	\$471,371

⁽¹⁾ Includes subordinated debt issued by other bank holding companies.

The following table presents proceeds from the sale of investment securities and gross gains and gross losses realized on those sales for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017:

	September	30,	Nine Mont September	30,
	2018	2017	2018	2017
(amounts in thousands)				
Proceeds from sale of available-for-sale securities	\$476,182	\$554,540	\$476,182	\$670,522
Gross gains	\$ —	\$5,349	\$ —	\$8,532
Gross losses	(18,659)		(18,659)	_
Net (losses)/gains	\$(18,659)	\$5,349	\$(18,659)	\$8,532
		a		

These (losses)/gains were determined using the specific identification method and were reported as (loss) gain on sale of investment securities included in non-interest income on the consolidated statements of income.

⁽²⁾ Includes equity securities issued by a foreign entity.

The following table shows debt securities by stated maturity. Debt securities backed by mortgages have expected maturities that differ from contractual maturities because borrowers have the right to call or prepay and, therefore, these debt securities are classified separately with no specific maturity date:

	September	r 30, 2018	
	AmortizedFair		
	Cost	Value	
(amounts in thousands)			
Due in one year or less	\$ —	\$ —	
Due after one year through five years	_		
Due after five years through ten years	229,807	218,904	
Due after ten years	151,668	142,710	
Agency-guaranteed residential mortgage-backed securities	316,785	305,418	
Total debt securities	\$698,260	\$667,032	

Gross unrealized losses and fair value of Customers' available-for-sale debt securities aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were as follows:

September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 were as	ionows:						
-	Septembe	er 30, 20	18				
	Less Tha	n 12 Moi	on this $\frac{12 \text{ M}}{\text{More}}$	Ionths or	Total		
	Fair Valu	ue Unreali Losses	zed Fair	Unrealize Value Losses	ed Fair Value	Unrealize Losses	ed
(amounts in thousands)							
Available-for-sale debt securities:							
Agency-guaranteed residential mortgage-backed securities	\$305,418	3 \$(11,36	67)\$ -	- \$	-\$305,418	\$(11,367	')
Corporate notes			3) —		321,303		
Total	\$626,721	\$ (31,57)	75)\$ -	- \$	_\$626,721	\$(31,575	()
	December 3 Less Than 1 Months Fair Value U	2		ths or More Unrealize ue Losses		Unrealiz Losses	ed
(amounts in thousands)							
Available-for-sale debt securities:							
Agency-guaranteed residential mortgage-backed securities	\$104,861 \$	(656)	\$66,579	\$ (2,143) \$171,440	\$ (2,799)
Agency-guaranteed commercial real estate mortgage-backed securities	115,970 (7	740)	6,151	(29) 122,121	(769)
Total	\$220,831 \$	(1,396)	\$72,730	\$ (2,172) \$293,561	\$ (3,568)

At September 30, 2018, there were twenty-eight available-for-sale debt securities in the less-than-twelve-month category and no available-for-sale debt securities in the twelve-month-or-more category. The unrealized losses on the mortgage-backed securities are guaranteed by government-sponsored entities and primarily relate to changes in market interest rates. The unrealized losses on the corporate notes relate to securities with no company specific concentration. The unrealized losses were due to an upward shift in interest rates that resulted in a negative impact on the respective note's fair value. All amounts related to the mortgage-backed securities and the corporate notes are expected to be recovered when market prices recover or at maturity. Customers does not intend to sell these securities

and it is not more likely than not that Customers will be required to sell the securities before recovery of the amortized cost basis.

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During the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2017, Customers recorded other-than-temporary impairment losses of \$8.3 million and \$12.9 million, respectively, related to its equity holdings in Religare Enterprises Ltd. ("Religare") for the full amount of the decline in fair value from the cost basis established at December 31, 2016 through September 30, 2017 because Customers no longer had the intent to hold these securities until a recovery in fair value. At December 31, 2017, the fair value of the Religare equity securities was \$3.4 million, which resulted in an unrealized gain of \$1.0 million being recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income with no adjustment for deferred taxes as Customers currently does not have a tax strategy in place capable of generating sufficient capital gains to utilize any capital losses resulting from the Religare investment.

As described in NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION, the adoption of ASU 2016-01, Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, on January 1, 2018 resulted in a cumulative effect adjustment to Customers' consolidated balance sheet with a \$1.0 million reduction in accumulated other comprehensive income and a corresponding increase in retained earnings related to the December 31, 2017 unrealized gain on the Religare equity securities. In accordance with the new accounting guidance, changes in the fair value of the Religare equity securities since adoption are recorded directly in earnings, which resulted in an unrealized loss of \$1.2 million and \$1.5 million being recognized in other non-interest income in the accompanying consolidated statements of income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, respectively.

At September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, Customers Bank had pledged investment securities aggregating \$187.1 million and \$16.9 million in fair value, respectively, as collateral against its borrowings primarily with the FHLB and an unused line of credit with another financial institution. These counterparties do not have the ability to sell or repledge these securities.

NOTE 6 - LOANS HELD FOR SALE - As Restated

The composition of loans held for sale as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 was as follows:

	September	December
	30, 2018	31, 2017
(amounts in thousands)		(As
(amounts in thousands)		Restated)
Commercial loans:		
Multi-family loans at lower of cost or fair value	\$ —	\$144,191
Total commercial loans held for sale	_	144,191
Consumer loans:		
Residential mortgage loans, at fair value	1,383	1,886
Loans held for sale	\$ 1,383	\$146,077

Effective March 31, 2018, Customers Bank transferred \$129.7 million of multi-family loans from loans held for sale to loan receivable (held for investment) because the Bank no longer has the intent to sell these loans. Customers Bank transferred these loans at their carrying value, which approximated their fair value at the time of transfer.

On June 30, 2017, Customers Bank transferred \$150.6 million of multi-family loans from held for investment to loans held for sale. Customers Bank transferred these loans at their carrying value, which was lower than the estimated fair value at the time of transfer. At December 31, 2017, the carrying value of these loans approximated their fair value. Accordingly, a lower of cost or fair value adjustment was not recorded as of December 31, 2017. See NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION for more information on the reclassification of loans previously reported as held for sale.

NOTE 7 — LOANS RECEIVABLE AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES - As Restated The following table presents loans receivable as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

The following there presents i			optomour c	.0, 2010 t		•	
(amounts in thousands)	Septemi	per 30, 2018			December 31, 2017 (As Restated)		
Loans receivable, mortgage warehouse, at fair value Loans receivable: Commercial:	\$	1,516,327			\$	1,793,408	
Multi-family Commercial and industrial	3,504,54	40			3,502,3	81	
(including owner occupied commercial real estate)	1,841,70)4			1,633,8	18	
Commercial real estate non-owner occupied	1,157,84	19			1,218,7	19	
Construction	95,250				85,393		
Total commercial loans receivable	6,599,34	43			6,440,3	11	
Consumer: Residential real estate Manufactured housing Other	509,853 82,589 51,210				234,090 90,227 3,547)	
Total consumer loans receivable	643,652				327,864	ļ	
Loans receivable Deferred (fees)/costs and	7,242,99	95			6,768,1	75	
unamortized (discounts)/premiums, net	(3,045)		83		
Allowance for loan losses	(40,741)		(38,015)
Total loans receivable, net of allowance for loan losses		8,715,536	,		\$	8,523,651	,

Customers' total loans receivable portfolio includes loans receivable which are reported at fair value based on an election made to account for these loans at fair value and loans receivable which are predominately reported at their outstanding unpaid principal balance, net of charge-offs and deferred costs and fees and unamortized premiums and discounts and are evaluated for impairment.

Loans receivable mortgage warehouse, at fair value:

Mortgage warehouse loans consist of commercial loans to mortgage companies. These mortgage warehouse lending transactions are subject to master repurchase agreements. As a result of the contractual provisions, for accounting purposes control of the underlying mortgage loan has not transferred and the rewards and risks of the mortgage loans are not assumed by Customers. The mortgage warehouse loans receivable are designated as loans held for investment and reported at fair value based on an election made to account for the loans at fair value. Pursuant to the agreements, Customers funds the pipelines for these mortgage lenders by sending payments directly to the closing agents for funded mortgage loans and receives proceeds directly from third party investors when the underlying mortgage loans are sold into the secondary market. The fair value of the mortgage warehouse loans is estimated as the amount of cash initially advanced to fund the mortgage, plus accrued interest and fees, as specified in the respective agreements. The interest rates on these loans are variable, and the lending transactions are short-term, with an average life of 25 days

from purchase to sale. The primary goal of these lending transactions is to provide liquidity to mortgage companies.

At September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, all of Customers' commercial mortgage warehouse loans were current in terms of payment. Because these loans are reported at their fair value, they do not have an allowance for loan loss and are therefore excluded from allowance for loan losses related disclosures.

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Loans receivable:

The following tables summarize loans receivable by loan type and performance status as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

	September 30, 2018							
	30-89	90 Days				Purchased-		
		Or More	Total Past	Non-	Current (2)	Credit-	Total	
	Days Past Due	Past Due	Due (1)	Accrual	Current (2)	Impaired	Loans (4)	
	Past Due	(1)				Loans (3)		
(amounts in thousands)								
Multi-family	\$ —	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ <i>—</i>	\$1,343	\$3,501,450	\$ 1,747	\$3,504,540	
Commercial and industrial	418		418	13,287	1,271,813	572	1,286,090	
Commercial real estate owner occupied	_	_	_	1,298	545,647	8,669	555,614	
Commercial real estate non-owner				158	1,153,107	4,584	1,157,849	
occupied				136	1,133,107	4,564	1,137,049	
Construction		_		_	95,250		95,250	
Residential real estate	2,321	_	2,321	5,522	497,211	4,799	509,853	
Manufactured housing (5)	3,475	2,300	5,775	1,921	72,777	2,116	82,589	
Other consumer	45	_	45	112	50,832	221	51,210	
Total	\$6,259	\$ 2,300	\$ 8,559	\$23,641	\$7,188,087	\$ 22,708	\$7,242,995	

December 31, 2017

	30-89 Days Past Due	Past Due	Total Past Due (1)	Non- Accrual	Current (2)	Purchased- Credit- Impaired Loans (3)	Total Loans (4)
(amounts in thousands)							
Multi-family	\$4,900	\$ <i>—</i>	\$4,900	\$—	\$3,495,600	\$ 1,881	\$3,502,381
Commercial and industrial	103	_	103	17,392	1,130,831	764	1,149,090
Commercial real estate owner occupied	202	_	202	1,453	472,501	10,572	484,728
Commercial real estate non-owner occupied	93	_	93	160	1,213,216	5,250	1,218,719
Construction	_	_	_		85,393	_	85,393
Residential real estate	7,628	_	7,628	5,420	215,361	5,681	234,090
Manufactured housing (5)	4,028	2,743	6,771	1,959	78,946	2,551	90,227
Other consumer	116	_	116	31	3,184	216	3,547
Total	\$17,070	\$ 2,743	\$ 19,813	\$26,415	\$6,695,032	\$ 26,915	\$6,768,175

- (1) Includes past due loans that are accruing interest because collection is considered probable.
- (2) Loans where next payment due is less than 30 days from the report date.

 Purchased-credit-impaired loans aggregated into a pool are accounted for as a single asset with a single composite interest rate and an aggregate expectation of cash flows, and the past due status of the pools, or that of the individual loans within the pools, is not meaningful. Due to the credit impaired nature of the loans, the loans are
- (3) recorded at a discount reflecting estimated future cash flows and the Bank recognizes interest income on each pool of loans reflecting the estimated yield and passage of time. Such loans are considered to be performing. Purchased-credit-impaired loans that are not in pools accrete interest when the timing and amount of their expected cash flows are reasonably estimable, and are reported as performing loans.

- (4) Amounts exclude deferred costs and fees, unamortized premiums and discounts, and the allowance for loan losses. Manufactured housing loans purchased in 2010 are supported by cash reserves held at the Bank that are used to
- (5) fund past-due payments when the loan becomes 90 days or more delinquent. Subsequent purchases are subject to varying provisions in the event of borrowers' delinquencies.

As of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Bank had \$0.4 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, of residential real estate held in other real estate owned. As of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Bank had initiated foreclosure proceedings on \$2.1 million and \$1.6 million, respectively, in loans secured by residential real estate.

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Allowance for loan losses

The changes in the allowance for loan losses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, and the loans and allowance for loan losses by loan type based on impairment-evaluation method as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 are presented in the tables below.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 (amounts in thousands) Ending	Multi-family	Commercial	Commercia Real Estate Owner Occupied	Commercial Real Estate Non-Owner Occupied		Residential ion Real Estate	Manufact Housing	u Ond er Consumer	Total
Balance, June 30, 2018	\$12,069	\$12,258	\$2,988	\$6,698	\$992	\$2,908	\$149	\$226	\$38,288
Charge-offs	_	(90)	_	_	_	_	_		(527)
Recoveries	<u> </u>	30		5	11	6		4	56
Provision for loan losses	(240)	516	164	(254)	59	987	(55)	1,747	2,924
Ending Balance, September 30, 2018 Nine Months Ended September	\$11,829	\$12,714	\$3,152	\$6,449	\$1,062	\$3,901	\$94	\$1,540	\$40,741
30, 2018									
Ending Balance, December 31, 2017	\$12,168	\$10,918	\$3,232	\$7,437	\$979	\$2,929	\$180	\$172	\$38,015
Charge-offs	_		(501)			(407)	_		(2,377)
Recoveries Provision for	 r	205	326	5	231	69		10	846
loan losses Ending	(339)	1,905	95	(993)	(148)	1,310	(86)	2,513	4,257
Balance, September 30, 2018	\$11,829	\$12,714	\$3,152	\$6,449	\$1,062	\$3,901	\$94	\$1,540	\$40,741
As of September 30, 2018 Loans: Individually evaluated for impairment Collectively		\$13,353 1,272,165	\$1,335 545,610	\$158 1,153,107	\$— 95,250	\$8,581 496,473	\$10,378 70,095	\$112 50,877	\$35,260 7,185,027
evaluated for		, . ,	- ,	,, -	-,	, -, -	-,	- ,	,,

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impairment Loans acquired with credit deterioration Total loans	1,747	572	8,669	4,584	_	4,799	2,116	221	22,708
receivable	\$3,504,540	\$1,286,090	\$555,614	\$1,157,849	\$95,250	\$509,853	\$82,589	\$51,210	\$7,242,995
(1) Allowance for loan losses: Individually									
evaluated for impairment Collectively	r \$—	\$1,381	\$80	\$ —	\$—	\$306	\$4	\$—	\$1,771
evaluated for impairment Loans		10,881	3,072	4,298	1,062	3,072	88	1,471	35,773
acquired with credit deterioration Allowance	_	452	_	2,151	_	523	2	69	3,197
for loan losses	\$11,829	\$12,714	\$3,152	\$6,449	\$1,062	\$3,901	\$94	\$1,540	\$40,741
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Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 (amounts in thousands) Ending	Multi-famil	Commercial yand Industrial	Commerce Real Estate Owner Occupied	Real Estate Non-Owner		.Residentia tion Real Estat	ıl Manufac e Housing	tu Ontl er Consum	Total er
Balance, June 30, 2017	\$12,028	\$11,585	\$2,976	\$7,786	\$716	\$2,995	\$268	\$104	\$38,458
Charge-offs Recoveries		(2,032) 54	_	(77 —) — 27	(120 7) — —	(356) 1	(2,585) 89
Provision for loan losses Ending	r 668	966	262	(53) 104	72	(77	410	2,352
Balance, September 30, 2017 Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 Ending	\$12,696 s	\$10,573	\$3,238	\$7,656	\$847	\$2,954	\$191	\$159	\$38,314
Balance, December 31, 2016	\$11,602	\$11,050	\$2,183	\$7,894	\$840	\$3,342	\$286	\$118	\$37,315
Charge-offs Recoveries	_	(4,079) 337	9	(485 —) — 157	(410 34) — —	(602) 101	(5,576) 638
Provision for loan losses Ending	r 1,094	3,265	1,046	247	(150) (12) (95	542	5,937
Balance, September 30, 2017 As of December 31, 2017 Loans: Individually	\$12,696	\$10,573	\$3,238	\$7,656	\$847	\$2,954	\$191	\$159	\$38,314
evaluated for impairment Collectively	r \$—	\$17,461	\$1,448	\$160	\$—	\$9,247	\$10,089	\$30	\$38,435
evaluated for impairment Loans	r 3,500,500	1,130,865	472,708	1,213,309	85,393	219,162	77,587	3,301	6,702,825
acquired with credit deterioration	1,881	764	10,572	5,250	_	5,681	2,551	216	26,915

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Total loans receivable	\$3,502,381	\$1,149,090	\$484,728	\$1,218,719	\$85,393	\$234,090	\$90,227	\$3,547	\$6,768,175
Allowance									
for loan									
losses:									
Individually									
evaluated for	\$	\$650	\$642	\$ —	\$—	\$155	\$4	\$—	\$1,451
impairment									
Collectively									
evaluated for	12,168	9,804	2,580	4,630	979	2,177	82	117	32,537
impairment									
Loans									
acquired		464	10	2,807		597	94	55	4,027
with credit		404	10	2,807	_	391	94	33	4,027
deterioration									
Allowance									
for loan	\$12,168	\$10,918	\$3,232	\$7,437	\$979	\$2,929	\$180	\$172	\$38,015
losses									

Certain manufactured housing loans were purchased in August 2010. A portion of the purchase price may be used to reimburse the Bank under the specified terms in the purchase agreement for defaults of the underlying borrower and other specified items. At September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, funds available for reimbursement, if necessary, were \$0.5 million and \$0.6 million, respectively. Each quarter, these funds are evaluated to determine if they would be sufficient to absorb the probable incurred losses within the manufactured housing portfolio.

Impaired Loans - Individually Evaluated for Impairment

The following tables present the recorded investment (net of charge-offs), unpaid principal balance, and related allowance by loan type for impaired loans that were individually evaluated for impairment as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 and the average recorded investment and interest income recognized for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017. Purchased-credit-impaired loans are considered to be performing and are not included in the tables below.

	September 30, 2018			Three Months Ended September 30, 2018			
	111,0001111	d Unpaid ent Principal Balance offs	Related Allowance	Average Interest RecordedIncome		Average Interest RecordedIncome Investme Recognized	
(amounts in thousands)							
With no recorded allowance:							
Multi-family	\$1,343	\$1,343	\$ —	\$1,343	\$ —	\$672	\$ 8
Commercial and industrial	9,888	10,224		7,765	166	7,623	168
Commercial real estate owner occupied	704	1,187		711		711	
Commercial real estate non-owner occupied	1158	271		1,347		774	8
Other consumer	112	112	_	103	1	83	1
Residential real estate	4,259	4,504	_	4,281	23	3,952	25
Manufactured housing	10,152	10,152	_	10,147	144	10,011	421
With an allowance recorded:							
Commercial and industrial	3,465	3,648	1,381	5,787	27	7,089	39
Commercial real estate owner occupied	631	631	80	336	9	546	11
Residential real estate	4,322	4,329	306	4,398	61	4,760	124
Manufactured housing	226	226	4	227	4	225	10
Total	\$35,260	\$36,627	\$ 1,771	\$36,445	\$ 435	\$36,446	5 \$ 815
	December 31, 2017 Recorded Unpaid Investment Principal Allowance Charge-offs		Three Months Ended Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 September 30, 2017				
			Related Allowance	Average Interest RecordedIncome InvestmeRecognized		AverageInterest RecordeIncome InvestmRtcognized	
(amounts in thousands)							
With no recorded allowance:							
Commercial and industrial	\$9,138	\$ 9,287	\$ -	-\$13,345	\$ 354	\$8,796	\$ 450
Commercial real estate owner occupied	806	806		1,744	15	1,589	18
Commercial real estate non-owner occupied	1 160	272		184	91	989	93
Other consumer	30	30		44		50	_
Residential real estate	3,628	3,801	_	5,228	125	4,865	126
Manufactured housing	9,865	9,865	_	10,243	164	10,038	457
With an allowance recorded:							
Commercial and industrial	8,323	8,506	650	1,963		5,400	22
Commercial real estate owner occupied	642	642	642	1,056	1	950	3
Commercial real estate non-owner occupied	l —			51	_	94	_