

AMERICA MOVIL SAB DE CV/

Form 6-K

April 26, 2010

Table of Contents

United States
Securities and Exchange Commission

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

Report of Foreign Private Issuer

Pursuant To Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16

of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the month of April 2010

Commission File Number: 1-16269

AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V.

(Exact Name of the Registrant as Specified in the Charter)

America Mobile

(Translation of Registrant's Name into English)

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Lago Alberto 366,

Colonia Anahuac

11320 México, D.F., México

(Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

(Check One) Form 20-F Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

(Check One) Yes No

(If Yes is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b). 82- .)

Table of Contents

Below is an English translation of the draft preliminary disclosure statement that América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V. filed with the Comisión Nacional Bancaria y de Valores (CNBV) in Mexico in connection with its previously announced offer to acquire all shares of Carso Global Telecom, S.A.B. de C.V. América Móvil is submitting this information solely because this information has been made public in Mexico. The information in this preliminary disclosure statement is not complete and may be changed. This document does not constitute an offer to sell any securities in the United States, Mexico or elsewhere. América Móvil has not yet commenced the Offer and the terms of and the disclosure with respect to the Offer when it is commenced may differ from the information set forth below. No securities may be offered or sold in the United States, Mexico or any other jurisdiction, unless registered or exempted from registration therein.

Table of Contents

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Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

The information contained in this preliminary disclosure statement is subject to modification, amendment, supplement, clarification or substitution.

An updated version of this preliminary disclosure statement, including any modification, amendment, supplement, clarification or substitution made hereto between the date hereof and the date of the offer described herein, will be available for consultation at the world wide web addresses of the Mexican Stock Exchange and Mexico's National Banking and Securities Commission,

www.bmv.com.mx, and

www.cnbv.gob.mx,

respectively. In addition, any such change in this preliminary disclosure statement shall be disclosed to the public through the Securities Issuers Electronic Communications System (*Sistema Electrónico de Comunicación con Emisoras de Valores*, or EMISNET), at

<http://emisnet.bmv.com.mx>.

The purchase offer subject matter of this preliminary disclosure statement may not be consummated until such time as Mexico's National Banking and Securities Commission shall have granted its approval therefor pursuant to Mexico's Securities Market Law. This preliminary disclosure statement does not constitute an offer to purchase the securities described herein.

Table of Contents

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Dated April 22, 2010

PUBLIC OFFER TO PURCHASE UP TO ALL OF THE 3,481,765,200 OUTSTANDING SERIES A-1 FULL-VOTING SHARES OF COMMON STOCK, NO PAR VALUE, ISSUED IN REGISTERED FORM, REPRESENTING 100% OF THE CAPITAL STOCK OF CARSO GLOBAL TELECOM, S.A.B. DE C.V. (TELECOM OR THE ISSUER) AS OF THE DATE HEREOF,

IN EXCHANGE FOR THE CONCURRENT SUBSCRIPTION OF UP TO 7,128,566,070 SERIES L LIMITED-VOTING SHARES, NO PAR VALUE, ISSUED IN REGISTERED FORM, REPRESENTING APPROXIMATELY [22]% OF THE OUTSTANDING CAPITAL STOCK OF AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V. (AMX) AS OF THE DATE HEREOF.

AMX is offering to purchase up to 100% of the outstanding shares of stock of TELECOM, consisting of [3,481,765,200] Series A-1 full-voting shares of common stock, no par value, issued in registered form, subject to the condition that TELECOM's shareholders will use the proceeds thereof to concurrently purchase and subscribe certain Series L limited-voting shares, no par value, issued in registered form, of the capital stock of AMX. Accordingly, this purchase and exchange offer (the Offer) constitutes a single transaction that may only be accepted in its entirety. The exchange ratio will be 2.0474:1 and, as a result, TELECOM's shareholders may subscribe up to 2.0474 Series L shares of AMX, which are not included in the Offer but shall be deemed to constitute an integral element of the Offer, in exchange for each Series A-1 share of TELECOM tendered by them.

Issuer:	Carso Global Telecom, S.A.B. de C.V.	América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V.
Trading symbol:	TELECOM	AMX
Number of shares outstanding prior to the Offer:	3,481,765,200 shares	32,108,530,456 shares
Number of shares included in the Offer and the U.S. Offer:	Up to [3,481,765,200 Series A-1 shares	None.
Number of shares outstanding upon completion of the Offer (including the TELINT Offer):	3,481,765,200 shares	41,875,605,858 shares
Purchase price:	2.0474 Series L shares of AMX for each TELECOM share tendered in connection with the Offer.	
Exchange ratio:	The aggregate price will depend on the number of shares subscribed in connection with the Offer, subject to a maximum of 7,128,566,070 Series L shares available in AMX's treasury. The aggregate reference price is approximately Ps.222,839,357,592.00	
Aggregate price in the Offer and the U.S. Offer:	Ps.64.0018337802	
Offering period:	April [], 2010, through May [], 2010.	
Date of registration with the BMV:	May [], 2010.	
Settlement date:	May [], 2010.	
Announcement of the outcome of the Offer:	[], 2010	

AMX's capital structure:

Authorized, paid-in capital as of the date hereof:	Ps.267,571,086.89
Authorized, paid-in capital following the Offer:	Ps.348,963,381.83
Aggregate number of authorized, paid-for shares as of the date hereof:	32,108,530,456 shares
Authorized Series AA shares outstanding immediately prior to and following completion of the Offer:	11,712,316,330 shares
Authorized Series A shares outstanding immediately prior to and following completion of the Offer:	445,330,920 shares
Authorized, paid-for Series L shares as of the date hereof:	19,950,883,216 shares
Maximum number of authorized Series L shares outstanding upon completion of the Offer (including the TELECOM Offer):	27,079,449,276 shares
Maximum aggregate number of authorized shares outstanding upon completion of the Offer (including the TELECOM Offer):	41,875,605,858 shares

Exchange Procedure: (1) Any TELECOM shareholder who may wish to participate in the Offer and who may be holding his/her TELECOM shares through a Custodian (as such term is defined in *Glossary of Defined Terms* in this Disclosure Statement) with an account at S.D. Indeval, Institución para el Depósito de Valores, S.A. de C.V. (Indeval), must within the offering period give to such Custodian written notice of his/her decision to accept the Offer and instruct such Custodian to sell his/her Series A-1 TELECOM shares and allocate the proceeds thereof to purchase and subscribe Series L shares of AMX. In order to participate in the Offer and implement the exchange, each Custodian will consolidate all the instructions received from their clients and deliver to Inversora Bursátil, S.A. de C.V., Casa de Bolsa, Grupo Financiero Inbursa (Inbursa or the Underwriter), a duly completed Acceptance Letter (as such term is defined in *Glossary of Defined Terms* in this Disclosure Statement) identifying the Series A-1 TELECOM shares being tendered by each of them, in the manner prescribed in the following paragraph. All Acceptance Letters must be duly completed, signed and delivered via courier, return receipt requested, to Inbursa's offices located at Paseo de las Palmas 736, Colonia Lomas de Chapultepec, Delegación Miguel Hidalgo, 11000 Mexico D.F., Att.: Mr. Gilberto Pérez Jiménez, telephone +(5255) 5625-4900 ext. 1547, fax +(5255) 5259-2167. Business hours for purposes of such delivery shall be from 9:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m., and from 4:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m., Mexico City time, during all business days of the Offering Period, except for the Expiration Date, in which business hours shall be from 9:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m., Mexico City time; (2) Custodians must transfer all relevant TELECOM Series A-1 shares to account No. 2501, maintained by Inbursa at Indeval, not later than by 4:00 p.m. (Mexico City time) on May 5, 2010. Any shares transferred or delivered to such account after such time shall be excluded from the Offer; (3) any TELECOM shareholder who may be holding his/her TELECOM shares in the form of physical certificates must make arrangements with the Custodian of his/her choice for purposes of participating in the Offer, or surrender his/her duly endorsed stock certificates at Inbursa's offices located at Paseo de las Palmas 736, Colonia Lomas de Chapultepec, Delegación Miguel Hidalgo, 11000 Mexico D.F., Att.: Gilberto Pérez Jiménez, during the hours set forth in the paragraph 1 above and not later than by 4:00 p.m. (Mexico City time) on May 5, 2010; and (4) on May 11, 2010, Inbursa will transfer to each Custodian's account at Indeval, the number of Series L shares of AMX issued in exchange for the Series A-1 TELECOM shares received from or transferred by them as set forth hereinabove. The acceptance of the Offer as evidenced by the transfer of any Series A-1 TELECOM shares to account No. 2501 at Indeval as described above, shall for all applicable purposes become irrevocable as of May 5, 2010 after 4:00 p.m., Mexico City time. As a result, no such shares may be withdrawn from such account subsequent to their transfer thereto. See section 5(k) of this Disclosure Statement, *The Offer Exchange Procedure*.

Additional Payments: AMX hereby represents, under penalty of perjury, that it has made no payment arrangements other than for the consideration payable in connection with this Offer, including the exchange factor and reference price described in this Disclosure Statement.

Conditions: The Offer is subject to various conditions, as described in Section 8, *Conditions for the Offer*, of this Disclosure Statement. Such conditions include, among others, the receipt of certain corporate and regulatory approvals, some of which have been heretofore obtained by AMX and/or TELECOM. Among other things, the Offer is conditioned upon the absence of any legal or other restriction precluding TELECOM's shareholders' ability to participate in the Offer and/or AMX capacity to process, execute, consummate and/or settle the Offer. In the event that the conditions set forth in this Disclosure Statement are not met and/or waived by AMX, the Offer shall have no legal effect whatsoever. In such event, AMX will disclose the corresponding relevant events through the *Emisnet* system operated by the Mexican Stock Exchange (*Bolsa Mexicana de Valores, S.A.B. de C.V.*) (BMV),

Table of Contents

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Extension of the Offering Period: Pursuant to the applicable laws, the offering period is subject to extension in accordance with Section 5(k) of this Disclosure Statement, *The Offer Exchange Procedure Extension of the Offering Period*, at AMX's sole discretion and/or in the event of any material change in the terms of the Offer; provided, that the period of any extension as a result of any such change shall be not less than five (5) business days. In addition, the Offer may be extended by resolution of Mexico's National Banking and Securities Commission (*Comisión Nacional Bancaria y de Valores*) (the CNBV) pursuant to the last paragraph of Article 101 of Mexico's Securities Market Law (*Ley del Mercado de Valores*) (the LMV).

Right to Withdraw: Any shareholder who may have accepted the Offer will have the right to withdraw his/her acceptance at any time prior to 4:00 p.m., Mexico City time on the Expiration Date (as such term is defined in *Glossary of Defined Terms* in this Disclosure Statement), including as a result of any relevant change in the terms of the Offer or upon receipt of one or more competitive offers (the Withdrawal Right). To such effect, the relevant Custodian shall give the Underwriter, prior to the Expiration Date, written notice of the exercise of the Withdrawal Right by such shareholder. The relevant acceptance will be deemed withdrawn upon receipt of such notice by the Underwriter. Notices of exercise of the Withdrawal Rights are not subject to revocation and, accordingly, the shares so withdrawn will not be included in the Offer. Notwithstanding the above, any TELECOM shares so withdrawn may be subsequently retendered in connection with the Offer at any time prior to the Expiration Date, subject to the satisfaction of the conditions set forth in Section 5(k)(ii) of this Disclosure Statement, *The Offer Exchange Procedure Conditions for the Acceptance of the Shares*. Any question as to the form and validity (including the time of receipt) of any withdrawal notice will be decided by AMX through the Underwriter, and such decision will be final and binding. AMX may waive any right, defect or irregularity in connection with the withdrawal of any acceptance by any TELECOM shareholder, depending upon its significance. The exercise of the Withdrawal Rights will not be subject to any penalty. Any TELECOM shareholder may exercise his/her Withdrawal Right in the manner prescribed in this Disclosure Statement and, particularly, in Section 5(n) hereof, *Withdrawal Rights*.

Opinion of TELECOM's Board of Directors: As disclosed by TELECOM on March 19, 2010, its Board of Directors, taking into consideration the independent expert opinion of Banco Santander (México), S.A., Institución de Banca Múltiple, Grupo Financiero Santander (Santander), who was engaged by TELECOM's Board of Directors, and the opinion of TELECOM's Audit and Corporate Governance Committee, determined that the exchange ratio for purposes of the Offer is fair and reasonable from a financial standpoint. For additional information, see Section 18 of this Disclosure Statement, *Opinion of the Board of Directors and the Independent Expert*.

Opinion of TELECOM's Independent Expert Advisor: As disclosed by TELECOM on March 19, 2010, TELECOM's Audit and Corporate Governance Committee confirmed Santander's appointment as independent expert advisor engaged by TELECOM's Board of Directors for purposes of the issuance of an opinion as to the financial fairness of the exchange ratio proposed in connection with the Offer. Based upon the facts disclosed thereto, and the other considerations described in its opinion, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit 25(b), Santander advised TELECOM's Board of Directors that the exchange ratio offered to TELECOM's shareholders is fair from a financial standpoint. Recipients of this Disclosure Statement are advised to review Exhibit 25(b) hereto to fully understand such opinion, including the facts upon which it is based and any qualifications thereto.

Opinion of AMX's Financial Advisor and Independent Expert for Mexican Law Purposes: On January 13, 2010, AMX's Board of Directors issued a favorable opinion with respect to the commencement of the Offer by AMX, and resolved, among other things, to authorize AMX to retain a financial advisor as independent expert for purposes of the Offer (and also to act as independent expert for purposes of, and in accordance with, Mexican law). On February 9, 2010, AMX's Audit and Corporate Governance Committee issued a favorable opinion with respect to the commencement of the Offer by AMX. Likewise, it resolved, among other things, to ratify the appointment of Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC (Credit Suisse). Said appointment was approved by AMX's Board of Directors on January 13, 2010. In connection with the Offer, Credit Suisse was requested (in its capacity as independent expert advisor engaged by AMX's Board of Directors, in accordance with, and for purposes of, Mexican law) to issue for the information of AMX's Board of Directors its opinion, from a financial standpoint, as to the financial fairness of the exchange ratio offered to TELECOM's shareholders in connection with the Offer. On March 9, 2010, Credit Suisse issued its opinion to AMX Board of Directors, stating that, as of the date thereto and, based upon the facts disclosed therein, and on other considerations included therein, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit 24(a), the exchange ratio offered to TELECOM's shareholders is reasonable from a financial standpoint to AMX. The opinion was issued solely for the information of AMX's Board of Directors for purposes of evaluating the Offer from a financial standpoint and not for the benefit of shareholders and is subject to several presumptions, qualifications,

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limitations and considerations. The opinion does not deal in any way with other aspects of the Offer, and does not purport to be a recommendation, and shall not be understood as a recommendation to the shareholders in connection with their participation in the Offer or any other matter.

Cancellation of Registration: Assuming that TELECOM's shareholders will elect to tender their shares in connection with the Offer, AMX intends to purchase up to 100% (one hundred percent) of the Series A-1 shares of stock of TELECOM and may file a petition to cancel the registration of such shares with Mexico's National Securities Registry (*RNV Nacional de Valores*) (RNV) and their registration for trading on the BMV, subject to the consent of at least 95% (ninety five percent) of TELECOM's shareholders. Contingent upon the outcome of the Offer, following the consummation thereof and subject to the satisfaction of all the conditions set forth in the applicable laws to ensure the protection of the public's interests, and the approval of the requisite corporate actions, AMX intends to file with the CNBV a petition to cancel the registration of the Series A-1 TELECOM Shares with the RNV and the BMV, so that such shares will no longer trade therein. Upon satisfaction of the conditions set forth in the applicable laws to obtain the cancellation of the registration of the Series A-1 TELECOM Shares, if a petition to obtain such cancellation is filed with and approved by the CNBV, AMX will establish a trust or conduct a subsequent offer in accordance with the applicable laws. THERE CAN BE NO ASSURANCE TO THE EFFECT THAT EITHER SUCH ACTION WILL BE TAKEN OR, IF SO, AS TO THE DATE THEREOF. For additional information, see Section 17 of this Disclosure Statement, Maintenance or Cancellation of Registration.

Tax Considerations: The sale of the Series A-1 shares of stock of TELECOM to AMX, and the concurrent subscription of the Series L shares of stock of AMX, are subject to the provisions contained in Articles 60, 109(XXVI) and 190 of Mexico's Income Tax Law and other applicable tax laws. In addition, the reference price may vary for those shareholders who may secure the resolution referred to in Article 26 of Mexico's Income Tax Law. The summary of tax considerations included in this Disclosure Statement does not purport to contain a complete or detailed description of the Mexican tax provisions applicable to TELECOM's shareholders. In addition, such summary may not be applicable to certain shareholders in light of their particular circumstances. Accordingly, TELECOM's shareholders are advised to consult with their own independent tax experts as to the tax consequences associated with their participation in the Offer, including those arising as a result of their particular circumstances.

Prospective Participants: The Offer is extensive to all holders of TELECOM's Series A-1 shares as of May [], 2010, the last day of the Offering Period. Section 5(k) of this Disclosure Statement, The Offer Exchange Procedure, sets forth the procedure in accordance with which the holders of TELINT's Series AA shares will be able to participate in the Offer.

Use of Proceeds: Not applicable. AMX will not receive any of the proceeds of the Offer and will allocate such proceeds to purchase 100% (one hundred percent) of the outstanding shares of stock of TELECOM as of the date hereof.

Depositary: Indeval.

Over-allotment Options: None.

Other Transactions: Concurrently with the Offer, AMX intends to commence a tender offer to purchase all of the outstanding Series A shares of common stock and Series L limited-voting shares, no par value, issued in registered form, of Telmex Internacional, S.A.B. de C.V., in exchange for certain AMX Shares, based upon an exchange ratio of 0.373 AMX Shares or Ps.11.66 in cash per share of Telmex Internacional, S.A.B. de C.V. tendered in connection with such offer. Such offer is conditioned upon the successful acquisition by AMX of at least 51% (fifty one percent) of TELECOM's shares in connection with the Offer; provided, that AMX will only invoke such condition upon TELECOM's shareholders becoming subject to any regulatory or other restriction precluding their participation in the Offer; and provided, further, that the satisfaction of such condition will not be subject to the sole discretion of TELECOM's shareholders.

AMX Shares: The shares being offered by AMX in exchange for the TELECOM Shares in connection with the Offer consist of Series L limited-voting shares of the capital stock AMX. Accordingly, holders of AMX's Series L shares will not have the same rights as holders of other series of stock of AMX and may be deemed to be at disadvantage. For additional information regarding AMX's Series L shares, see Section 15, Risk Factors and Section 16, Rights of the Shareholders, in this Disclosure Statement.

UNDERWRITER

Inversora Bursátil, S.A. de C.V., Casa de Bolsa

Grupo Financiero Inbursa

TELECOM's Series A-1 shares are registered with the RNV and are listed for trading on the BMV.

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AMX's Series L shares, which are not included in the Offer but may be subscribed in accordance with this Disclosure Statement, are registered with the RNV and are listed for trading on the BMV.

Registration with the RNV does not imply any certification as to the quality of the securities, the solvency of the issuer, or the accuracy or truthfulness of the information contained in this Disclosure Statement, nor does it validate any act carried out in violation of the law.

Mexico City, [], 2010.

CNBV Aut. No. [], dated [], 2010.

This Disclosure Statement is available for consultation at the web addresses of the BMV and AMX, www.bmv.com.mx and www.americamovil.com, respectively.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
1. <u>FREQUENT O&A</u>	1
2. <u>NAME AND ADDRESS OF AMX AND THE ISSUER</u>	8
3. <u>INFORMATION CONCERNING AMX</u>	10
4. <u>RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN AMX AND THE ISSUER</u>	12
5. <u>THE OFFER</u>	14
a. <u>Summary</u>	14
b. <u>Number and Characteristics of the Shares to be Purchased</u>	15
c. <u>Percentage of the Issuer's Capital Represented by the Shares Included in the Offer</u>	15
d. <u>Number of Shares and Over-allotment Options</u>	15
e. <u>Purchase Price and Basis for its Determination</u>	15
f. <u>Aggregate Amount of the Offer in Mexico and Outside of Mexico</u>	18
g. <u>Recent Price/Book Value Multiples</u>	18
h. <u>Recent Price/Net Income Multiples</u>	18
i. <u>Market Multiples</u>	18
j. <u>Other Multiples</u>	18
k. <u>Offering Period</u>	18
l. <u>Exchange Procedure</u>	18
m. <u>Transfer Period and Acceptance Letter Delivery Period</u>	19
n. <u>Conditions for the Acceptance of the Shares</u>	19
o. <u>Extension of the Offering Period</u>	20
p. <u>Settlement Date</u>	20
q. <u>Summary Resolutions of the Board of Directors of AMX in Connection with the Commencement of the Offer</u>	20
r. <u>Withdrawal Rights</u>	22
6. <u>UNDERWRITER</u>	23
7. <u>MARKET INFORMATION</u>	23
8. <u>CONDITIONS FOR THE OFFER</u>	24
9. <u>ARRANGEMENTS PREDATING THE OFFER</u>	26
10. <u>INTENT</u>	38
11. <u>PURPOSE AND FUTURE PLANS</u>	39
12. <u>CAPITAL RESOURCES</u>	43
13. <u>CAPITAL STRUCTURE</u>	44
14. <u>CONSEQUENCES OF THE OFFER</u>	45
15. <u>RISK FACTORS</u>	47
16. <u>RIGHTS OF THE SHAREHOLDERS</u>	51
a. <u>The TELECOM Shares</u>	51
b. <u>The AMX Shares</u>	51
17. <u>MAINTENANCE OR CANCELLATION OF THE REGISTRATION</u>	54
18. <u>OPINIONS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND THE INDEPENDENT EXPERTS</u>	57
a. <u>Opinion of TELECOM's Board of Directors</u>	57

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

b. <u>Opinion of the Independent Expert Retained by TELECOM</u>	57
c. <u>Opinion of the Financial Advisor and Independent Expert Retained by AMX for Mexican Law Purposes</u>	57
19. <u>TRUST FOR THE ACQUISITION OF SHARES SUBSEQUENT TO THE CANCELLATION OF THE REGISTRATION</u>	59
20. <u>TAX CONSIDERATIONS</u>	60
21. <u>LEGAL CONDITIONS</u>	63
22. <u>RECENT DEVELOPMENTS</u>	64
23. <u>INFORMATION REQUIRED BY EXHIBIT H OF THE GENERAL RULES</u>	65
24. <u>SIGNATURES</u>	78
25. <u>EXHIBITS</u>	83
<u>Exhibit 25(a) Opinion of Credit Suisse</u>	83
<u>Exhibit 25(b) Opinion of Santander</u>	84
<u>Exhibit 25(c) Form of Acceptance Letter</u>	85
<u>Exhibit 25(d) AMX Pro Forma Financial Statements</u>	87
<u>Exhibit 25(e) Legal Opinion</u>	101
<u>Exhibit 25(f) AMX s Additional Report Dated March 22, 2010</u>	102
<u>Exhibit 25(g) AMX s Additional Report Dated April 2, 2010</u>	103
<u>Exhibir 25(h) TELINT s Recent Developments Report</u>	104
<u>Exhibit 25(i) Telmex s Recent Developments Report</u>	105

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

Notice to Investors

No intermediary, person authorized to engage in transactions with the public, or any other person, has been authorized to provide information or make any representation not contained in this Disclosure Statement. Accordingly, any information or representation not contained herein must be construed as not authorized by AMX and/or the Underwriter.

The Offer contains forward-looking statements. Such statements are contained throughout this Disclosure Statement and include statements with respect to the current intentions, considerations or expectations of AMX and its management, including statements with respect to its strategy following the consummation of the Offer and its plans with respect to the acquisition of all of the Series A-1 shares of stock of TELECOM. Such forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that could materially affect us and cause our actual results to significantly differ from those described in our forward-looking statements as a result of various factors. Such factors include, without limitation, the condition of the economy, the political situation, the rates of inflation, the exchange rates, and any change in the existing laws and governmental policies of Mexico and other relevant markets. In this Disclosure Statement, such forward-looking statements may be identified in some instances by the use of words such as believe, anticipate, plan, expect, intend, target, estimate, project, predict, forecast, guideline, should, expressions, but they are not the only way used to identify such statements.

Forward-looking statements are based on the facts known as of the date on which they are made, and AMX and/or the Issuer do not undertake any obligation to update such statements in light of new information or future developments, other than the obligation to disclose the occurrence of any relevant event. Neither AMX nor the Issuer can guarantee that the Offer will be consummated in the terms described in this Disclosure Statement or at all. Similarly, no guarantee can be given as to the results, levels of activity, performance or future success of AMX, TELECOM and/or their respective subsidiaries and affiliates.

You will not be subject to any brokerage fees and/or commissions whatsoever as a result of your participation in the Offer, other than for any commission payable under any arrangement between you and your Custodian. We advise you to consult in advance with your Custodian as to the applicability of any commission and/or charge by reason of any transaction and/or service performed by your Custodian in connection with the acceptance of the Offer.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

GLOSSARY OF DEFINED TERMS

Unless otherwise defined in the cover page of this Disclosure Statement or as the context may otherwise require, the following terms shall have the following meanings, which shall be applicable to both the singular and plural forms thereof:

Term	Definition
Acceptance Letter	The document to be completed by each Custodian and delivered to the Underwriter, substantially in the form of the document attached hereto as Exhibit 25(c), containing the relevant Custodian's decision to participate in the Offer in the name and on behalf of its clients.
Adverse Governmental Action	The issuance, enactment, promulgation or execution by any public authority of any law, rule, provision, norm, decree, resolution or order (a) preventing or prohibiting the conduction and/or consummation of the Offer, (b) which may have a material adverse effect on the terms and/or conditions of the Offer, (c) imposing material restrictions on the ability of AMX (or any of its affiliates) to successfully acquire, preserve or exercise in full its ownership rights in respect of the TELECOM Shares purchased thereby in connection with the Offer, including, without limitation, the voting rights pertaining to the TELECOM Shares, (d) prohibiting, restricting, rendering or seeking to render unlawful any payment in exchange for or the purchase of the TELECOM Shares, or the concurrent subscription of the Series L shares of stock of AMX in the terms contemplated by the Offer, or imposing material liabilities for any damages and/or losses as a result thereof, (e) restricting or limiting TELECOM's business operations, (f) imposing or seeking to impose any material condition for the Offer in addition to those set forth in this Disclosure Statement, or giving rise to the commencement of any action, proceeding, claim or complaint seeking to achieve any of the above, or (g) limiting the participation of any shareholder in the Offer.
AMX Shares	All or any of the up to 7,128,566,060 Series L limited-voting shares, no par value, issued in registered form, representing approximately [22% (twenty two percent)] of the outstanding capital stock of AMX as of the date hereof, to be subscribed by the participants in the Offer; provided, that the AMX Shares are not and shall not be deemed to be included in the Offer but shall be deemed to constitute an integral element of the Offer.
AMX's Additional Reports	(i) The additional report containing AMX's selected financial information and discussion and analysis of its financial condition, results of operations and prospects, together with AMX's audited consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, prepared in accordance with Mexican financial reporting principles, released by AMX through the BMV on March 22, 2010, which report is available for inspection at AMX's Internet page, www.americamovil.com . For ease of reference, a copy of such report is attached hereto as Exhibit 25(f); and

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

	(ii) The additional report containing AMX's selected financial information and discussion and analysis of its financial condition, results of operations and prospects, together with AMX's audited consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, prepared in accordance with Mexican financial reporting principles, released by AMX through the BMV on April 2, 2010, which report is available for inspection at AMX's Internet page, www.americamovil.com . For ease of reference, a copy of such report is attached hereto as Exhibit 25(g).
AMX's Annual Report	AMX's annual report for the year ended December 31, 2008, as filed with the CNBV and the BMV on June 30, 2009, in accordance with the General Rules.
AMX's Quarterly Report	AMX's report for the fourth quarter of 2009, as filed with the CNBV and the BMV on February 2, 2010, in accordance with the General Rules.
Commencement Date	April [], 2010.
Custodian	Any brokerage firm, credit institution or other depository institution authorized to maintain direct deposits with Indeval, entrusted with the safe-keeping and custody of securities in the name and on behalf of the recipients of the Offer.
Disclosure Statement	This information statement and offering memorandum for the purchase and subscription offer described herein.
Expiration Date	May [], 2010, unless extended upon exercise of the rights described in Section 5(k)(iii) of this Disclosure Statement, The Offer Exchange Procedure Extension of the Offering Period.
General Rules	The General Provisions Applicable to Issuers and Other Participants in the Securities Market, issued by the CNBV and published in Mexico's Official Gazette on March 19, 2003 (as amended by any subsequent publication therein.)
Global Account	Account No. 2501, maintained by the Underwriter with Indeval.
Mexico	The United Mexican States.
Offer	The purchase and subscription offer described in this Disclosure Statement.
Offering Period	The 20 (twenty) business-day period beginning on the Commencement Date, unless extended upon exercise of the rights described in Section 5(k)(iii) of this Disclosure Statement, The Offer Exchange Procedure Extension of the Offering Period.
Other Reports	(i) The Recent Developments Report containing TELINT's audited consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, released by TELINT through the BMV on March 24, 2010, which report is available for inspection at TELINT's Internet page, www.telmexinternacional.com . For ease of reference, a copy of such report is attached hereto as Exhibit 25(h); and

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

	(ii) The Recent Developments Report containing Telmex's audited consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, released by Telmex on March 23, 2010, which report is available for inspection at Telmex's Internet page, www.telmex.com . For ease of reference, a copy of such report is attached hereto as Exhibit 25(i).
Pesos or Ps.	Pesos, legal tender of Mexico.
Registration Date	May 6, 2010.
SEC	The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.
Settlement Date	May 11, 2010.
Slim Family	Mr. Carlos Slim Helú and his immediate family members.
TELECOM Shares	All or any of the approximately 3,481,765,200 Series A-1 full-voting shares, no par value, issued in registered form, representing 100% (one hundred percent) of the outstanding capital stock of TELECOM as of the date hereof, which are the subject matter of the Offer.
TELECOM's Annual Report	TELECOM's annual report for the year ended December 31, 2008, as filed with the CNBV and the BMV on June 30, 2009, in accordance with the General Rules.
TELECOM's Quarterly Report	TELECOM's report for the fourth quarter of 2009, as filed with the CNBV and the BMV on February 18, 2010, resubmitted on February 19, 2010, in accordance with the General Rules.
TELINT	Telmex Internacional, S.A.B. de C.V.
TELINT Offer	The purchase and subscription offer to be commenced by AMX concurrently with the Offer, by means of which AMX intends to purchase up to all of the Series A-1 shares and the Series L limited-voting shares, no par value, issued in registered form, of the outstanding capital stock of TELINT, based upon an exchange ratio of 0.373:1 AMX Shares, or Ps.11.66 in cash, in exchange for each TELINT share tendered in connection therewith. The TELINT Offer is conditioned upon the successful acquisition by AMX of at least 51% (fifty one percent) of the TELECOM Shares in connection with the Offer; provided, that AMX will only invoke such condition upon TELECOM's shareholders becoming subject to any regulatory or other restriction precluding their participation in the Offer; and provided, further, that the satisfaction of such condition will not be subject to the sole discretion of

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

TELECOM's shareholders. As disclosed on March 19, 2010, TELECOM has indicated that it will not participate in the TELINT Offer.

TELMEX

Teléfonos de México, S.A.B. de C.V.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

1. FREQUENT Q&A

Included below are the answers to some of the more frequent questions that a holder of TELECOM Shares may have in connection with the Offer. We advise you to carefully read this Disclosure Statement in its entirety given that the information contained in this section is not complete and there may be additional material information in other sections of this Disclosure Statement.

A. Who is offering to purchase my securities?

América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V., a limited liability, variable capital public corporation (*sociedad anónima bursátil de capital variable*) organized under the laws of Mexico, whose principal offices are located at Lago Alberto 366, Edificio Telcel I, Colonia Anáhuac, Delegación Miguel Hidalgo, 11320, México, Distrito Federal, Mexico. AMX's telephone number at such location is +(5255) 2581-4719. For additional information regarding AMX, see Section 3 of this Disclosure Statement, Information Concerning AMX.

B. What are the Series and number of shares included in the Offer?

By means of the Offer, AMX intends to purchase up to [3,481,765,200] TELECOM Shares, in exchange for up to 7,128,566,070 Series L limited-voting shares, no par value, issued in registered form, of its capital stock, which are not part of the Offer, based upon an exchange ratio of 2.0474 Series L shares of stock of AMX for each TELECOM Share.

C. Why is the Offer a concurrent offer?

AMX is offering to purchase up to [3,481,765,200] TELECOM Shares from TELECOM's shareholders, on the condition that such shareholders concurrently purchase Series L shares of the capital stock of AMX based upon a 2.0474:1 exchange ratio, which means that those TELECOM's shareholders participating in the Offer would be entitled to subscribe 2.0474 Series L shares of AMX in exchange for each TELECOM share tendered by them; it being understood, that AMX's Series L shares are not included and shall not be deemed to be included in the Offer.

D. Can I sell my TELECOM Shares as part of the Offer, without purchasing any AMX Shares?

No. The Offer is a concurrent purchase and subscription offer. The purchase of the TELECOM Shares by AMX is conditioned upon the concurrent subscription of the AMX Series L shares.

E. Who is eligible to participate in the Offer?

Any individual and/or entity holding any TELECOM Shares, subject to the procedure described in this Disclosure Statement. For additional information, see Section 5(k) of this Disclosure Statement, The Offer Exchange Procedure.

F. How much am I being offered for my securities and what are the applicable payment terms?

AMX's offer to purchase the TELECOM Shares is subject to the condition that TELECOM's shareholder will allocate the proceeds thereof to concurrently purchase and subscribe Series L shares of AMX. Accordingly, the purchase and subscription offer constitutes a single transaction

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that can only be accepted as a whole.

The applicable exchange ratio is 2.0474:1, which means that those TELECOM s shareholders participating in the Offer would be entitled to subscribe 2.0474 Series L shares of AMX in exchange for each TELECOM share tendered by them; it being understood, that AMX s Series L shares are not included and shall not be deemed to be included in the Offer.

To such end, AMX intends to use the Series L shares currently held by it as treasury shares.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

G. Will I be subject to any brokerage fees?

You will not be subject to any brokerage fees and/or commissions whatsoever as a result of your participation in the Offer, other than for any commission payable under any arrangement between you and your Custodian. You should consult with your Custodian as to the applicability of any commission and/or charge by reason of any transaction and/or service performed by your Custodian in connection with the acceptance of the Offer.

H. Does AMX have sufficient resources to pay for all the costs associated with the Offer?

The source of payment will be the up to 7,128,566,070 Series L shares of AMX currently held in AMX's treasury. AMX has sufficient resources to pay for all the costs associated with the Offer and, accordingly, the Offer is not conditioned upon the availability of any external source of financing.

I. Is AMX's financial condition relevant to my decision to participate in the Offer?

Yes. If you decide to participate in the Offer, you will receive Series L shares of AMX and, accordingly, you must assess and/or take into consideration AMX's financial condition before making any decision to become a shareholder of AMX. To assess AMX's financial condition, we encourage you to carefully review all the documents included or incorporated by reference in this Disclosure Statement, which contain detailed information on AMX's business, financial condition and other matters.

J. Has AMX obtained all the requisite approvals to conduct the Offer?

Yes. The Offer was approved by the CNBV on [], 2010. In addition, on February 11, 2010, the Federal Competition Commission issued a favorable resolution in connection therewith. In addition, the Offer was approved by AMX's shareholders meeting on March 17, 2010. For additional information on the conditions applicable to the Offer, see Section 8 of this Disclosure Statement, Conditions for the Offer.

K. What is AMX's interest in TELECOM?

As of the date of this Disclosure Statement, AMX did not have any equity interest in TELECOM. AMX and the Issuer are engaged in the related party transactions described in Section 4 of this Disclosure Statement, Relationship Between AMX and the Issuer.

L. How much time do I have to decide whether or not to participate in the Offer?

You will have from April [], 2010, or the Commencement Date, through 4:00 p.m. on May [], 2010, or the Expiration Date; provided, that such period may be extended pursuant to Section 5(k)(iii) of this Disclosure Statement, The Offer Exchange Procedure Extension of the Offering Period.

M. What is the deadline for the surrender of my TELECOM Shares?

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The TELECOM Shares can be surrendered at any time prior to the Expiration Date. If such shares are held through a Custodian, the Custodian will be required to execute an Acceptance Letter prior to the Expiration Date.

N. Can the Offer be extended and, if so, under what circumstances?

Pursuant to the applicable laws, the offering period is subject to extension on one or more occasions at AMX's sole discretion and/or in the event of any material change in the terms of the Offer; provided, that the period of any extension as a result of any such change shall be not less than five (5) business days.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

In addition, the Offer may be extended by resolution of the CNBV pursuant to the last paragraph of Article 101 of the LMV. Any shareholder who may have accepted the Offer and tendered his/shares will be entitled to withdraw such acceptance if the Offer is extended for any reason beyond 4:00 p.m., Mexico City time, of the last day of any such extension. All extensions will be announced through the BMV's EMISNET system and through publication in a national newspaper.

O. How will I be notified of any extension?

AMX will give notice of any extension of the Offering Period to the Underwriter and will disclose such extension to the public through EMISNET and through publication in a national newspaper, not later than by 9:00 a.m., Mexico City time, on the business day immediately succeeding the Expiration Date.

P. Is AMX paying any premium above market price?

No. The exchange ratio was determined based upon the closing price of the AMX Shares, the TELMEX Shares and the TELINT Shares during the 10 (ten) day trading period immediately preceding the announcement of the Offer by AMX's Board of Directors, which period ended January 12, 2010, taking into consideration, also, TELECOM's net debt, which as December 31, 2009, amounted to approximately Ps.22,017 million. For additional information, see Section 5(e) of this Disclosure Statement, The Offer Purchase Price and Basis for the Determination Thereof.

In addition, the payment of any controlling premium would be in violation of the applicable Mexican laws as currently in effect, and the price/net income ratio represented by the Purchase Price for the TELINT Shares is higher than the price/net income of the AMX Shares. AMX represents that it will not make any payment other than the consideration described in this Disclosure Statement, and that it has not undertaken any commitment or affirmative or negative covenant pursuant to Article 100 of the LMV, for the benefit of either the Issuer or the holders of the securities it intends to purchase in connection with the Offer.

Q. Is there any agreement regarding the participation of TELECOM's controlling shareholders in the Offer?

No. AMX did not enter into any arrangement or agreement with TELECOM's controlling shareholders prior to the announcement of the Offer.

In addition, the beneficiaries of approximately 82.69% (eighty two point sixty nine percent) of the TELECOM Shares, have indicated that they intend to tender all of their shares in connection with the Offer.

Based upon Santander's opinion as independent expert advisor engaged by TELECOM's Board of Directors, and the opinion of the Audit and Corporate Practices Committee, both to the effect that the exchange ratio offered by AMX in connection with the Offer is justified from a financial standpoint and, accordingly, is fair to TELECOM's shareholders, the Board of Directors determined that such financial ratio is reasonable from a financial standpoint.

In addition, pursuant to Article 101 of the LMV, all members of TELECOM's Board of Directors holding TELECOM Shares, and TELECOM's Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Jaime Chico Pardo, have informed AMX that they and their related parties intend to participate in the Offer in the terms proposed by AMX, assuming that the economic situation and market conditions remain stable.

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For additional information regarding the opinion of TELECOM s Board of Directors, see Section 17 of this Disclosure Statement, Opinions of the Board of Directors and the Independent Experts.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

R. If I properly tender my TELECOM Shares within the Offering Period, will they all be accepted?

Yes.

S. Will the Offer be consummated if AMX acquires only a small portion of the TELECOM Shares?

Yes. The Offer will be consummated regardless of the number of TELECOM Shares acquired by AMX.

T. Who is the Underwriter, and what is the Indeval account number where my TELECOM Shares must be deposited?

The Underwriter is Inversora Bursátil, S.A. de C.V., Casa de Bolsa, Grupo Financiero Inbursa. Its account number at Indeval is 2501, which is referred to herein as the Global Account.

U. How can I participate in the Offer if my TELECOM Shares are held through a Custodian?

You must instruct your Custodian, in writing within the Offering Period, to transfer your TELECOM Shares to the Global Account not later than by 4:00 p.m., Mexico City time, on the Expiration Date. For additional information, see Section 5(k) of this Disclosure Statement, The Offer Exchange Procedure.

V. What should I do if I wish to sell a portion but not all of my TELECOM Shares in connection with the Offer?

If you wish to participate in the Offer with only a portion of your TELECOM interest, you must inform your Custodian of the number of TELECOM Shares to be transferred to the Global Account in accordance with the procedure described in Section 5(k) of this Disclosure Statement, The Offer Exchange Procedure. You will remain the owner of any TELECOM Shares not tendered in connection with the Offer.

W. Can I withdraw any TELECOM Shares previously tendered and, if so, until when?

Yes. Any shareholder who may have accepted the Offer will have the right to withdraw his/her acceptance at any time prior to the Expiration Date, including as a result of any relevant change in the terms of the Offer. For additional information thereon, see Section 5(n) of this Disclosure Statement, The Offer Withdrawal Rights.

X. How can I withdraw any TELECOM Shares previously tendered?

To withdraw any TELECOM Shares previously tendered, you will be required to give written notice of such withdrawal to your Custodian prior to 4:00 p.m., Mexico City time, on the Expiration Date.

Y. Is the consummation of the Offer subject to any condition?

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Yes. The Offer is subject to various conditions, as described in Section 8 of this Disclosure Statement, Conditions for the Offer. Such conditions include, among others, the receipt of certain corporate and regulatory approvals, some of which have been heretofore obtained by AMX and/or TELECOM. Among other things, the Offer is conditioned upon the absence of any legal or other restriction precluding TELECOM's shareholders' ability to participate in the Offer and/or its capacity to process, execute, consummate and/or settle the Offer. AMX intends to structure the Offers as efficiently as practicable, taking into consideration, among other things, various corporate, tax and regulatory considerations. In the event that the conditions set forth in this Disclosure Statement are not met and/or waived by AMX, the Offer shall have no legal effect whatsoever.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

Z. Will TELECOM remain a public company following the consummation of the Offer?

Assuming that TELECOM's shareholders will elect to tender their shares in connection with the Offer, AMX intends purchase up to 100% (one hundred percent) of the TELECOM Shares and may file a petition to cancel the registration of such shares with the RNV and the BMV, subject to the consent of at least 95% (ninety five percent) of TELECOM's shareholders. Contingent upon the outcome of the Offer, and subject to the satisfaction of all the conditions set forth in the applicable laws to ensure the protection of the public's interests, and the approval of the requisite corporate actions, AMX intends to file with the CNBV a petition to cancel the registration of the TELECOM Shares with the RNV and the BMV, so that such shares will no longer trade therein.

If upon consummation of the Offer there remain any publicly-held TELECOM Shares, one or more trusts pursuant to Article 108(I)(c) of the LMV may be established.

In any event, AMX will observe all applicable legal provisions to ensure the protection of the public's interests and the market generally, as required by the LMV.

AMX cannot determine at this time whether the TELECOM Shares will remain registered with the RNV and listed for trading on the BMV, as such determination is contingent upon, among other things, the outcome of the Offer. For additional information, see sections 17 and 19 of this Disclosure Statement, Maintenance or Cancellation of the Registration and Trust for the Acquisition of Shares Subsequent to the Cancellation of the Registration, respectively.

AA. How has the market price of the TELECOM Shares performed recently?

On January 13, 2010, the last full trading day prior to the public disclosure of AMX's intent to conduct the Offer, the closing price of the TELECOM Shares on the BMV was Ps.62.73 per share, and the closing price of AMX's Series L shares was Ps.31.79 per share. For additional information, see Section 7, Market Information, of this Disclosure Statement.

BB. Who can I speak with if I have any question in connection with the Offer?

If you have any question in connection with the Offer, you may contact Mr. Gilberto Pérez Jiménez, at +(5255) 5625-4900, ext. 1547, or your Custodian.

CC. Who is the independent expert retained by TELECOM's Audit and Corporate Governance Committee?

In observance of sound corporate governance practices and to provide increased transparency and objectivity, TELECOM's Audit and Corporate Governance Committee resolved to retain Santander as independent expert advisor engaged by TELECOM's Board of Directors, to issue an opinion with respect to the exchange ratio proposed in connection with the Offer from a financial standpoint, as required by Mexican law. A copy of such opinion is attached to this Disclosure Statement as Exhibit 25(b). Recipients of this Disclosure Statement are advised to review Exhibit 25(b) hereto to fully understand such opinion, including the facts upon which it is based and any qualifications thereto.

In addition, AMX's Audit and Corporate Governance Committee resolved to retain Credit Suisse as independent expert advisor engaged by AMX's Board of Directors (for purposes of, and in accordance with, Mexican law), as described further in Section 9, Arrangements Predating the Offer, of this Disclosure Statement.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

DD. Has TELECOM's Board of Directors issued any opinion in connection with the Offer?

As disclosed by TELECOM on March 19, 2010, based upon Santander's opinion as independent expert advisor to TELECOM's Board of Directors, and the opinion of TELECOM's Audit and Corporate Practices Committee, both to the effect that the exchange ratio offered by AMX in connection with the Offer is justified from a financial standpoint and, accordingly, is fair to TELECOM's shareholders, TELECOM's Board of Directors determined that such financial ratio is fair from a financial standpoint.

In addition, pursuant to Article 101 of the LMV, all members of TELECOM's Board of Directors and its Chief Executive Officer have informed AMX that they and their related parties intend to tender their TELECOM Shares in connection with the Offer. For additional information, see Section 18 of this Disclosure Statement, Opinions of the Board of Directors and the Independent Experts.

EE. Should I participate in the Offer, or would I be better off holding on to my TELECOM Shares?

Each investor must make his/her own decision as to how to his/her TELECOM Shares in light of his/her particular situation and publicly available information.

FF. Will TELECOM create a trust to subsequently purchase any TELECOM Shares not acquired in connection with the Offer?

As announced by AMX, subject to the satisfaction of the applicable requirements AMX intends to cancel the registration of the TELECOM Shares and the TELINT Shares with the RNV. Such cancellation is subordinated to the primary purpose of the Offer and the TELINT Offer, which is for AMX to acquire up to 100% (one hundred percent) of the outstanding shares of TELECOM and TELINT. In other words, in conducting the Offer and the TELINT Offer, AMX does not primarily seek to obtain the cancellation of the registration of the TELECOM Shares and the TELINT Shares with the RNV, and such cancellation will be a consequence of the acquisition of the TELECOM Shares and the TELINT Shares by AMX and will be subject to the satisfaction of all applicable legal requirements and the receipt of all the requisite corporate approvals.

The above, on the understanding that unless otherwise approved by the CNBV, if the cancellation of the registration of the TELECOM Shares is approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of 95% (ninety five percent) of the TELECOM Shares, but the other requirements set forth in Article 8 of the General Rules are not satisfied, including the requirement to the effect that the purchase price payable in respect of the remaining TELECOM Shares be less than 300,000 UDIs, TELECOM would be required to establish a trust to purchase such shares in accordance with the applicable law.

The creation of the Trust (as such term is defined in this Disclosure Statement) referred to in Article 108(I)(c) of the LMV and Section 19 of this Disclosure Statement, Trust for the Acquisition of Shares Subsequent to the Cancellation of the Registration, and the transfer thereto of a number of Series L shares of AMX sufficient to exchange any TELECOM Shares not purchased by AMX in connection with the Offer, is contingent upon, among other things, the outcome of the Offer. Accordingly, AMX cannot guarantee that such a trust will be established. For additional information, see sections 17 and 19 of this Disclosure Statement, Maintenance or Cancellation of Registration and Trust for the Acquisition of Shares Subsequent to the Cancellation of the Registration, respectively.

GG. If a trust is established, would the exchange ratio remain the same as in the Offer?

Yes. If the Trust is established, AMX will transfer thereto a number of Series L shares sufficient to acquire the TELECOM shares, based upon the same exchange ratio used in connection with the Offer, or 2.0474 Series L shares of AMX for each TELECOM share.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

HH. What consequences will I suffer if I forget or decide not to participate in the Offer, or if my Custodian does not transfer my TELECOM Shares to the Global Account prior to the Expiration Date?

You will retain your TELECOM Shares. The market for the TELECOM Shares not tendered in connection with the Offer may be less liquid than the market for such shares prior to the Offer, and the market value of such shares could be significantly lower than their value prior to the Expiration Date, particularly if the TELECOM Shares are effectively cancelled with the RNV and delisted from the BMV.

II. What are the tax implications of the sale of my TELECOM Shares in connection with the Offer?

The sale of the TELECOM shares to AMX and the concurrent subscription of the Series L shares of stock of AMX, are subject to the provisions contained in Articles 60, 109(XXVI) and 190 of Mexico's Income Tax Law and other applicable tax laws. The summary tax considerations included in this Disclosure Statement does not purport to contain a complete or detailed description of the Mexican tax provisions applicable to TELECOM's shareholders. In addition, such summary may not be applicable to certain shareholders in light of their particular circumstances. For additional information, see Section 20 of this Disclosure Statement, Tax Considerations.

TELECOM's shareholders are advised to consult with their own independent tax experts as to the tax consequences associated with their participation in the Offer, including those arising as a result of their particular circumstances.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

2. NAME AND ADDRESS OF AMX AND THE ISSUER

AMX's legal name is América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V., a limited liability, variable capital public corporation (*sociedad anónima bursátil de capital variable*) organized under the laws of Mexico, whose principal offices are located at Lago Alberto 366, Edificio Telcel I, Colonia Anáhuac, Delegación Miguel Hidalgo, 11320 México, D.F., Mexico. AMX's telephone number at such location is +(5255) 2581-4719.

As a publicly traded corporation whose shares are registered with the RNV, AMX's information is available for consultation by the public through the BMV, at www.bmv.com.mx, as well as through AMX's own Internet page, www.americamovil.com. AMX's trading symbol on the BMV is AMX.

In addition, as an issuer whose securities are registered with the SEC, since November 2002 AMX has electronically filed information that is available for consultation by the public at the SEC's Internet page, www.sec.gov.

For additional information concerning AMX, see AMX's Annual Report, AMX's Quarterly Report and AMX's Additional Reports, which are available for consultation at the Internet pages of AMX and the BMV, and the Other Reports, which contain the audited consolidated financial statements of TELINT and Telmex as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, together with any recent developments and a detailed analysis and discussion of their respective financial condition, pending their annual reports for 2009. See also Exhibit 25(k) hereto, which contains AMX's audited consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009.

The legal name of the Issuer is Carso Global Telecom, S.A.B. de C.V., a limited liability, variable capital public corporation (*sociedad anónima bursátil de capital variable*) organized under the laws of Mexico, whose principal offices are located at Insurgentes Sur 3500, Colonia Peña Pobre, Delegación Tlalpan, 14060 México, D.F., Mexico. TELECOM's telephone number at such location is +(5255) 5223-3200.

According to TELECOM's Annual Report, the Issuer was organized on June 24, 1996, as a result of a spin-off of Grupo Carso, S.A.B. de C.V., approved by resolution of the general extraordinary shareholders meeting held April 30, 1996. As of December 31, 2008, its principal assets consisted of its equity interests in TELMEX and its subsidiaries, TELINT and its subsidiaries, and other companies engaged in the telecommunications industry.

Through its subsidiary TELINT, TELECOM provides telecommunication services, including voice, data and video transmission services and Internet access; integrated telecommunications solutions through its subsidiaries in Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador and Peru; and is engaged in the publication of yellow page directories in Mexico, the United States, Argentina and Peru.

According to TELECOM's Annual Report, the Issuer is a holding company and, as a result, it has no employees and receives administrative services from an affiliate. As of December 31, 2008, TELECOM owned, directly and indirectly, 71.48% of the shares of stock of TELMEX and 71.42% of the voting shares of TELINT.

According to TELECOM's Annual Report, as of December 31, 2008, TELECOM held (i) 10,750 million shares of TELMEX, representing 57.93% of the outstanding shares of stock thereof (including its non-voting shares), and (ii) 10,877.6 million shares of TELINT, representing 59.36% of the outstanding shares of stock thereof (including its non-voting shares).

As of March 31, 2010, TELECOM held 50.9% (fifty point nine percent) of the outstanding Series L shares of TELINT, 23.3% (twenty three percent) of the outstanding Series A shares of TELINT, and 73.9% (seventy three point nine percent) of the outstanding Series AA shares of TELINT, all of which shares represented, in the aggregate, 60.7% (sixty point seven percent) of the outstanding capital stock of TELINT.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

For additional information concerning the Issuer, see TELECOM's Annual Report and TELECOM's Quarterly Report. Such reports are available for consultation through the BMV at www.bmv.com.mx, and through TELECOM's own Internet page, www.cgtelecom.com.mx. TELECOM's trading symbol on the BMV is TELECOM.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

3. INFORMATION CONCERNING AMX

AMX is the largest provider of wireless communications services in Latin America based on subscribers. As of December 31, 2009, AMX had 201 million wireless subscribers in 18 countries, compared to 182.7 million at year-end 2008. Because AMX's focus is on Latin America and the Caribbean, a substantial majority of its wireless subscribers are prepaid customers. In addition, as of December 31, 2008, AMX had an aggregate of approximately 3.8 million fixed lines in Central America and the Caribbean as of December 31, 2009, making it the largest fixed-line operator in those regions based on the number of subscribers.

AMX's principal operations are:

Mexico. Through Telcel, AMX provides mobile telecommunications service in all nine regions in Mexico. As of December 31, 2009, AMX had 59.2 million subscribers in Mexico. AMX is the largest provider of mobile telecommunications services in Mexico.

Brazil. AMX operates in Brazil through its subsidiaries, Claro S.A. and Americel S.A., under the unified brand name Claro. With approximately 44.4 million subscribers as of December 31, 2009, AMX is one of the three largest providers of wireless telecommunications services in Brazil based on the number of subscribers. AMX's network covers the main cities in Brazil, including São Paulo and Rio de Janeiro.

Southern Cone. AMX provides wireless services in Argentina, Paraguay, Uruguay and Chile, under the Claro brand. As of December 31, 2009, AMX 21.8 million subscribers in the Southern Cone.

Colombia and Panama. Through Comcel, AMX provides wireless services in Colombia. As of December 31, 2009, AMX had 27.7 million wireless subscribers in Colombia and Panama, and was the largest wireless provider in Colombia. In March 2009, AMX began offering wireless services in Panama.

Andean Region. AMX provides wireless services in Peru under the Claro brand and in Ecuador under the Porta brand. As of December 31, 2009, AMX had 17.8 million subscribers in the Andean region.

Central America. AMX provides fixed-line and wireless services in Guatemala, El Salvador, Honduras, Nicaragua and Panama, under the Claro brand. As of December 31, 2009, AMX's Central American subsidiaries had 9.7 million wireless subscribers, over 2.3 million fixed-line subscribers, and 0.3 million broadband subscribers in Central America.

United States. TracFone Wireless Inc. (TracFone) is engaged in the sale and distribution of prepaid wireless services and wireless phones throughout the United States, Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands. TracFone had approximately 14.4 million subscribers as of December 31, 2009.

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Caribbean. Compañía Dominicana de Teléfonos, C. por A., or Codetel, is the largest provider of telecommunication services in the Dominican Republic. Codetel provides fixed-line and broadband services in the Dominican Republic under the Codetel brand and wireless services under the Claro brand. Codetel had over 4.8 million wireless subscribers, 0.8 million fixed-line subscribers and 0.2 million broadband subscribers as of December 31, 2009. Through its subsidiaries, Telecomunicaciones de Puerto Rico, Inc. is the largest telecommunications service provider in Puerto Rico, with approximately 0.8 million fixed-line subscribers, 0.8 million wireless subscribers and 0.2 million broadband subscribers as of December 31, 2009. Telecomunicaciones de Puerto Rico, Inc. provides fixed-line and broadband services under the PRT brand and wireless services under the Claro brand. Oceanic Digital Jamaica Limited provides wireless and value added services in Jamaica. As of December 31, 2009, Oceanic Digital Jamaica Limited had 0.4 million wireless subscribers.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

For additional information concerning AMX, see AMX's Annual Report and the reports and other information released by AMX pursuant to Articles 104, 105 and 106 of the LMV and Article 33 and other related provisions of the General Rules, including AMX's Quarterly Report, all of which are available for consultation through AMX and the BMV at www.americamovil.com and www.bmv.com.mx, respectively.

See also AMX's Additional Reports, which are available for consultation at www.americamovil.com. For ease of reference, copies of such reports are attached hereto as Exhibits 25(f) and 25(g).

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

4. RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN AMX AND THE ISSUER

AMX was organized in September 2000, as a result of a spin-off of TELMEX.

According to TELECOM's Annual Report, as of December 31, 2008, TELECOM held (i) 10,750 million shares of TELMEX, representing 57.93% of TELMEX's total capital or 71.48% of its voting capital, and (ii) 10,877.6 million shares of TELINT, representing 59.36% of TELINT's total capital or 71.42% of its voting capital.

In the normal course of business, AMX enters into a number of contractual relationships with TELMEX, TELINT and their respective subsidiaries, including some foreign subsidiaries.

According to stock ownership reports filed with the SEC, TELMEX, TELINT and AMX may for certain purposes be deemed to be under common control.

TELMEX provides fixed-line telephony services throughout Mexico. TELINT provides voice, data and Internet services in Brazil, Chile, Argentina, Peru, Colombia and Ecuador, pay cable and satellite TV in some of those countries, and print and Internet-based yellow-page directory services in Mexico, the United States, Argentina and Peru.

Given that AMX and TELINT provide telecommunication services in some of the same regions, they maintain close business relations with each other. These relations include network interconnections, facility sharing arrangements, private circuit usage, the provision of long-distance services to AMX's subscribers, and the provision of various services to AMX. These relations are governed by a vast number and array of contracts, the most important of which relate to the relations between EMBRATEL (a TELINT subsidiary engaged in the provision of fixed-line telephony services) and AMX's subsidiaries in Brazil. Many of these contracts are also subject to telecommunications industry-specific laws. The terms of these contracts are similar to those governing each such company's relations with unrelated third parties. All these relations are of material significance to AMX's financial performance.

In addition, AMX and Telmex have entered into various telecommunications joint ventures.

For additional information concerning AMX's and TELECOM's operations, see (i) Section 7 of AMX's Annual Report, Principal Shareholders and Related Party Transactions, and (ii) Section 4(b) of TELECOM's Annual Report, Management Related Party Transactions and Conflicts of Interests.

As of the date hereof, AMX does not have any equity interest in TELECOM.

AMX and TELECOM have certain common directors, including (i) Mr. Patrick Slim Domit, who is the Chairman of AMX's Board of Directors and a member of its Executive Committee, a member of TELECOM's Board of Directors, and an alternate director of TELMEX, and (ii) Mr. Daniel Hajj Aboumrad, who is a director, the Chief Executive Officer, a member of the Executive Committee and a member of the Operating Committee for Puerto Rico and the U.S. at AMX, and an alternate director of TELECOM.

AMX and TELECOM have not entered into any agreement or arrangement in connection with the Offer. However, on January 13, 2010, AMX informed TELECOM's Board of Directors of its decision to commence the procedure towards the completion of the Offer and requested TELECOM's authorization in connection therewith pursuant to Article Thirteen of TELECOM's bylaws.

In addition, on January 14, 2010, the secretary of TELECOM's Board of Directors informed AMX that all of TELECOM's directors had acknowledge receipt of AMX's notice of its decision to commence the procedure towards the completion of the Offer and had resolved to authorize the Offer in accordance with Article Thirteen of TELECOM's bylaws.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

AMX believes that none of TELECOM's shareholders will fall within the criteria set forth in Article 98 of the LMV concerning tender offers.

For additional information concerning other actions taken in anticipation of the Offer, see Section 9 of this Disclosure Statement.

For additional information concerning TELECOM and Telmex, see Exhibits 25(h) and 25(i) of this Disclosure Statement.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

5. THE OFFER

a. Summary

The Purchase Offer

Buyer: América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V.

Shares to be purchased: Up to 3,481,765,200 Series A-1 full-voting shares, no par value, issued in registered form, representing 100% (one hundred percent) of TELECOM's capital stock, which are the subject matter of the Offer.

% of the capital stock: Up to 100% (one hundred percent) of the shares of stock of TELECOM; provided, that if the condition set forth in Article 89(I) of the General Corporations Law is not satisfied, then a subsidiary of AMX will purchase one (1) TELECOM Share. The percentage of AMX's capital to be subscribed in connection with the Offer is approximately [22% (twenty two percent)] of the [32,194,530,456] shares outstanding as of the date hereof.

Exchange ratio: 2.0474 AMX Shares for each TELECOM Share.

Trading symbol: TELECOM.

Offering Period: April [], 2010, through May [], 2010.

The Subscription Offer

Issuer: América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V.

Shares to be subscribed: Up to 7,128,566,070 Series L shares of stock of AMX, which are currently held by AMX as treasury shares, based upon an exchange ratio of 2.0474 Series L shares of AMX for each Series A-1 TELECOM Share.

% of the capital stock: The percentage of AMX's capital to be subscribed in connection with the Offer is approximately 22% (twenty two per cent) of its outstanding shares as of the date hereof.

Subscription factor: 2.0474 AMX Shares for each TELECOM Share.

Aggregate amount in Mexico and the U.S.: Depending on the number of shares acquired, subject to the maximum 7,128,566,070 shares currently held by AMX as treasury shares.

Offering Period: April [], 2010, through May [], 2010.

Trading symbol: AMX.

Potential buyers: Mexican and non-Mexican individuals or entities.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

b. Number and Characteristics of the Shares to be Purchased

Up to [3,481,765,200] Series A-1 full-voting shares, no par value, issued in registered form, representing 100% (one hundred percent) of TELECOM's outstanding capital, which are included in the Offer, and 7,128,566,070 Series L treasury shares of AMX, which will be subscribed concurrently with the purchase of the TELECOM Shares based upon an exchange ratio of 2.0474 Series L AMX Shares for each Series A-1 TELECOM Share.

c. Percentage of the Issuer's Capital Represented by the Shares Included in the Offer

Up to 100% (one hundred percent) of TELECOM's outstanding capital; provided, that if the condition set forth in Article 89(I) of the General Corporations Law is not satisfied, then a subsidiary of AMX will purchase one (1) TELECOM Share. The percentage of AMX's capital to be subscribed in connection with the Offer is approximately 22% (twenty two percent) of the shares outstanding as of the date hereof.

d. Number of Shares and Over-allotment Options

Up to 100% (one hundred percent) of TELECOM's outstanding capital; provided, that if the condition set forth in Article 89(I) of the General Corporations Law is not satisfied, then a subsidiary of AMX will purchase one (1) TELECOM Share. The percentage of AMX's capital to be subscribed in connection with the Offer is approximately 22% (twenty two percent) of the shares outstanding as of the date hereof. The Offer does not include an over-allotment option.

e. Purchase Price and Basis for its Determination

Basis for Determination

The purchase price was determined based upon market prices. AMX is offering to purchase up to 100% (one hundred percent) of the outstanding shares of TELECOM, subject to the condition that TELECOM's shareholders will use the proceeds thereof to concurrently purchase and subscribe Series L shares of AMX. Accordingly, this purchase and exchange Offer constitutes a single transaction that may only be accepted in its entirety.

The exchange ratio will be 2.0474:1 and, as a result, TELECOM's shareholders may subscribe up to 2.0474 Series L AMX Shares in exchange for each TELECOM Share tendered by them.

The financial terms for the Offer were determined based upon the average closing price of the AMX Shares, the Series L TELINT Shares and the Series L TELMEX Shares (the TMX Shares) during the 10 (ten) trading-day period immediately preceding AMX's announcement of its intent to commence the procedure towards the completion of the Offer, which period ended January 12, 2010 (the Valuation Period). The price per share so determined is referred to herein the Average Price for the Valuation Period.

In particular, in the TELINT Offer (1) the price per share is equal to the Average Price for the Valuation Period of each Series L TELINT Share, and (2) the price of the shares to be subscribed is equal to the Average Price for the Valuation Period of each Series L TELINT Share, divided by the Average Price for the Valuation Period of each AMX Share.

The price of the TELECOM Shares for purposes of the Offer was determined based upon the value of TELECOM's primary assets, which consist of the TMX Shares and the TELINT Shares, and its net debt, as of December 31, 2009.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

The aggregate reference price is approximately Ps.222,839,357,592, which assumes a reference price of Ps.64.0018337802 per TELECOM Share and a subscription price of Ps.31.2600536193 per AMX Share, based upon the exchange ratio of 2.0474 AMX Shares per TELECOM Share in connection with the Offer. The reference price per TELECOM Share, taking into consideration their exchange price and the exchange ratio, was determined as follows:

Purchase Price in the TELINT Offer = Ps.11.66

divided by

Exchange ratio in the TELINT Offer = 0.373

equals

AMX reference price = Ps.31.2600536193

multiplied by

Exchange ratio in the Offer = 2.0474

equals

Reference price for the TELECOM Shares = Ps.64.0018337802

Premium

There is no premium payable on either the purchase price of the TELECOM Shares or the subscription price of the AMX Shares in connection with the Offer. Payment of any such premium would be in violation of the applicable Mexican laws.

AMX represents under penalty of perjury that it will not make any payment other than the consideration described in this Disclosure Statement, and that it has not undertaken any commitment or affirmative or negative covenant pursuant to Article 100 of the LMV, for the benefit of either the Issuer or the holders of the securities it intends to purchase in connection with the Offer.

Cancellation of Registration

Subject to the satisfaction of the applicable legal requirements, AMX intends to cancel the registration of the TELECOM Shares and the TELINT Shares with the RNV. See Section 17 Maintenance or Cancellation of the Registration.

Pursuant to the procedure set forth to such effect in Article 108(I)(b) of the LMV, the reference price for purposes of the cancellation of the registration will be the highest of the weighted average price per share during the 30 trading-day period immediately preceding the Offer, and the book value per TELECOM Share or TELINT Share, as the case may be.

Although Mexican law does not permit price distinctions among the different series of stock of an issuer, AMX has only taken into consideration the price of the Series L shares of each of Telmex and TELINT, with the exclusion of any other series of stock thereof, because the Series L shares of each of Telmex and TELINT are the most liquid among all the series of stock thereof. In addition, TELINT's Series AA shares are not publicly traded, and its Series A shares account for less than 2% of the aggregate number of shares outstanding, are traded infrequently, and have

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limited or no liquidity as with respect to its Series L shares. As a matter of fact, the BMV's Price and Quotations Index includes only the Series L shares and not the shares of any other series of stock.

The exchange ratio for purposes of the Offer and the TELINT Offer has been determined by AMX based upon the above methodology and not pursuant to Article 108(I)(b) of the LMV, considering:

The Public Interest: The basis for the determination of the exchange ratio in the Offer and the TELINT Offer fully ensures the protection of the public's interest;

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

Liquidity Factors: the exchange ratio is justified by the fact that it takes into consideration the price of the more liquid Series L shares of each of Telmex and TELINT;

Corporate Approvals: The exchange ratio has been approved by the boards of directors of AMX, TELECOM and TELINT. The Purchase Price was approved by the boards of directors of TELECOM and TELINT based upon a recommendation issued by their respective audit and corporate governance committees in reliance upon an independent expert opinion as to the fairness of the Purchase Price from a financial standpoint;

Confirmation: The exchange ratio will be ratified by TELECOM's Board of Directors and Audit and Corporate Governance Committee, and by TELECOM's shareholders upon approval of the cancellation of the registration of the TELECOM Shares subject to its authorization by the CNBV;

Improvement Over the Statutory Ratio: The exchange ratio, as determined by AMX taking into consideration the date of announcement of its intention to commence the Offer, is higher than the product obtained from the application of the methodology set forth in the LMV. The two benchmarks referred to in Article 108 of the LMV, i.e., the book value per share according to the financial statements published prior to the Offer, and the average trading price prior to the announcement of the Offer by AMX's Board of Directors, are both lower than the exchange ratio. In addition, the Purchase Price has been approved as described in Corporate Approvals above;

Uncertainty: The commencement of the exclusion offer, as the case may be, is uncertain. See Section 17 of this Disclosure Statement, Maintenance or Cancellation of the Registration .

As announced by AMX, subject to the satisfaction of the applicable requirements AMX intends to cancel the registration of the TELECOM Shares and the TELINT Shares with the RNV. Such cancellation is subordinated to the primary purpose of the Offer and the TELINT Offer, which is for AMX to acquire up to 100% (one hundred percent) of the outstanding shares of TELECOM and TELINT. In other words, in conducting the Offer and the TELINT Offer AMX does not primarily seek to obtain the cancellation of the registration of the TELECOM Shares and the TELINT Shares with the RNV, and such cancellation will be a consequence of the acquisition of the TELECOM Shares and the TELINT Shares by AMX and will be subject to the satisfaction of all applicable legal requirements and the receipt of all the requisite corporate approvals.

The above, on the understanding that unless otherwise approved by the CNBV, if the cancellation of the registration of the TELINT Shares is approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of 95% (ninety five percent) of the TELINT Shares, but the other requirements set forth in Article 8 of the General Rules are not satisfied, including the requirement to the effect that the purchase price payable in respect of the remaining TELINT Shares be less than 300,000 UDIs, TELINT would be required to establish a trust to purchase such shares in accordance with the applicable law.

By way of example, if the cancellation of the registration of the TELECOM Shares is approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of 95% (ninety five percent) of the TELECOM Shares but the purchase price payable in respect of the remaining TELECOM Shares is less than 300,000 UDIs, TELECOM would be required to establish a trust to purchase such shares in accordance with the applicable law.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

f. Aggregate Amount of the Offer in Mexico and Outside of Mexico

The Offer is for up to 3,481,765,200 Series A-1 full-voting shares, no par value, issued in registered form representing 100% (one hundred percent) of TELECOM's outstanding capital, and to concurrently offer for their subscription up to 7,128,566,070 AMX's Series L limited-voting shares, no par value, issued in registered form, based upon an exchange ratio of 2.0474 Series L AMX Shares for each TELECOM Share.

The aggregate reference price is approximately Ps.222,839,357,592, assuming a reference price of Ps.64.0018337802 per TELECOM Share and a subscription price of Ps.31.2600536193 per AMX Share, and the exchange ratio of 2.0474:1 determined for purposes of the Offer.

g. Recent Price/Book Value Multiples

The Offering Price is equal to 3.274x the Issuer's book value per share, or its majority stockholders' equity as of December 31, 2009.

h. Recent Price/Net Income Multiples

The Offering Price is equal to 13.92x TELECOM's majority net income per share according to its income statement as of December 31, 2009.

i. Market Multiples

The offering price is equal to 1.02x the closing price of Ps.62.73 per TELECOM Share on the BMV on January 13, 2010.

j. Other Multiples

Multiples Prior to the Offer	AMX
Price/profit multiple	13.10
Price/book value	6.59
Price/EBITDA	5.45

k. Offering Period

The Offering Period will be 20 (twenty) days beginning as of the Commencement Date, unless extended pursuant to Section 5(k)(iii) of this Disclosure Statement, The Offer Exchange Procedure Extension of the Offering Period.

l. Exchange Procedure

(1)

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Any TELECOM shareholder who may wish to participate in the Offer and who may be holding his/her TELECOM shares through a Custodian with an account at Indeval, must within the Offering Period give to such Custodian written notice of his/her decision to accept the Offer and instruct such Custodian to sell his/her Series A-1 TELECOM shares and allocate the proceeds thereof to purchase and subscribe Series L shares of AMX. In order to participate in the Offer and implement the exchange, each Custodian will consolidate all the instructions received from their clients and deliver to Inbursa a duly completed Acceptance Letter identifying the Series A-1 TELECOM shares being tendered by each of them, in the manner prescribed in the following paragraph. All Acceptance Letters must be duly completed, signed and delivered via courier, return receipt requested, to Inbursa's offices located at Paseo de las Palmas 736, Colonia Lomas de Chapultepec, Delegación Miguel Hidalgo, 11000 Mexico D.F., Att.: Mr. Gilberto Pérez Jiménez, telephone

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

+(5255) 5625-4900 ext. 1547, fax +(5255) 5259-2167. Business hours for purposes of such delivery shall be from 9:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m., and from 4:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m., Mexico City time during all business days of the Offering Period, except for the Expiration Date, in which business hours shall be from 9:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m., Mexico City time.

- (2) Custodians must transfer all relevant TELECOM Series A-1 shares to account No. 2501, maintained by Inbursa at Indeval, not later than by 4:00 p.m. (Mexico City time) on May [], 2010. Any shares transferred or delivered to such account after such time shall be excluded from the Offer.
- (3) Any TELECOM shareholder who may be holding his/her TELECOM shares in the form of physical certificates must make arrangements with the Custodian of his/her choice for purposes of participating in the Offer, or surrender his/her duly endorsed stock certificates at Inbursa's offices located at Paseo de las Palmas 736, Colonia Lomas de Chapultepec, Delegación Miguel Hidalgo, 11000 Mexico D.F., Att.: Mr. Gilberto Pérez Jiménez, during the hours set forth in the paragraph 1 above and not later than by 11:00 a.m. (Mexico City time) on May [], 2010.
- (4) On May [], 2010, Inbursa will transfer to each Custodian's account at Indeval, the number of Series L shares of AMX issued in exchange for the Series A-1 TELECOM shares received from or transferred by them as set forth hereinabove.

The acceptance of the Offer as evidenced by the transfer of any Series A-1 TELECOM Shares to account No. 2501 at Indeval as described above, shall for all applicable purposes become irrevocable as of May [], 2010, after 4:00 p.m., Mexico City time. As a result, no such shares may be withdrawn from such account subsequent to their transfer thereto.

m. Transfer Period and Acceptance Letter Delivery Period

April [], 2010, through 4:00 p.m. on May [], 2010

n. Conditions for the Acceptance of the Shares

- (1) Any TELECOM shareholder who may wish to participate in the Offer and who may be holding his/her TELECOM shares through a Custodian with an account at Indeval, must within the Offering Period give to such Custodian written notice of his/her decision to accept the Offer and instruct such Custodian to sell his/her Series A-1 TELECOM shares and allocate the proceeds thereof to purchase and subscribe Series L shares of AMX. In order to participate in the Offer and implement the exchange, each Custodian will consolidate all the instructions received from their clients and deliver to Inbursa a duly completed Acceptance Letter identifying the Series A-1 TELECOM shares being tendered by each of them, in the manner prescribed in the following paragraph. All Acceptance Letters must be duly completed, signed and delivered via courier, return receipt requested, to Inbursa's offices located at Paseo de las Palmas 736, Colonia Lomas de Chapultepec, Delegación Miguel Hidalgo, 11000 Mexico D.F., Att.: Gilberto Pérez Jiménez, telephone +(5255) 5625-4900 ext. 1547, fax +(5255) 5259-2167. Business hours for purposes of such delivery shall be from 9:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m., and from 4:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m., Mexico City time during all business days of the Offering Period, except for the Expiration Date of the Offer, in which business hours will be from 9:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m., Mexico City time.

- (2) Custodians must transfer all relevant TELECOM Series A-1 shares to account No. 2501, maintained by Inbursa at Indeval, not later than by 4:00 p.m. (Mexico City time) on May [], 2010. Any shares transferred or delivered to such account after such time shall be excluded from the Offer.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

- (3) Any TELECOM shareholder who may be holding his/her TELECOM shares in the form of physical certificates must make arrangements with the Custodian of his/her choice for purposes of participating in the Offer, or surrender his/her duly endorsed stock certificates at Inbursa's offices located at Paseo de las Palmas 736, Colonia Lomas de Chapultepec, Delegación Miguel Hidalgo, 11000 Mexico D.F., Att.: Gilberto Pérez Jiménez, during the hours set forth in the paragraph 1 above and not later than by 11:00 a.m. (Mexico City time) on May [], 2010.

- (4) On May [], 2010, Inbursa will transfer to each Custodian's account at Indeval, the number of Series L shares of AMX issued in exchange for the Series A-1 TELECOM shares received from or transferred by them as set forth hereinabove.

The acceptance of the Offer as evidenced by the transfer of any Series A-1 TELECOM Shares to account No. 2501 at Indeval as described above, shall for all applicable purposes become irrevocable as of May [], 2010 after 4:00 p.m., Mexico City time. As a result, no such shares may be withdrawn from such account subsequent to their transfer thereto.

o. Extension of the Offering Period

Pursuant to the applicable laws, the offering period is subject to extension on one or more occasions at AMX's sole discretion and/or in the event of any material change in the terms of the Offer; provided, that the period of any extension as a result of any such change shall be not less than five (5) business days. In addition, the Offer may be extended by resolution of the CNBV pursuant to the last paragraph of Article 101 of the LMV.

Any shareholder who may have accepted the Offer and tendered his/shares will be entitled to withdraw such acceptance if the Offer is extended for any reason beyond 4:00 p.m., Mexico City time, of the last day of any such extension. All extensions will be announced through the BMV's EMISNET system and through a publication in a national newspaper.

The acceptance procedure is described in the section pertaining to the conditions for the acceptance of securities. There is no pro-ration or over-allotment procedure given that the Offer is for 100% (one hundred percent) of the TELECOM Shares.

p. Settlement Date

The settlement will occur three (3) business days following the date of registration with the BMV; provided that, subject to the successful completion of both the Offer and the TELINT Offer, AMX intends to settle both transactions concurrently in Mexico and the United States.

q. Summary Resolutions of the Board of Directors of AMX in Connection with the Commencement of the Offer

On January 13, 2010, all members of the Board of Directors of AMX, with the exception of Messrs. Patrick Slim Domit and Daniel Hajj Aboumrad, who abstained from voting thereon but accepted the outcome of the voting proceedings, adopted, among others, the following resolutions:

...It is hereby resolved to commence the procedures towards the potential completion of two voluntary, simultaneous and conditional public purchase and concurrent subscription offers, the first such offer for up to all of the shares of stock of Carso Global Telecom, S.A.B. de C.V., and the second such offer for up to all of the outstanding shares of stock of Telmex Internacional, S.A.B. de C.V. not presently held by Carso Global Telecom, S.A.B. de C.V., and to approve Mr. García Moreno's proposal to retain a recognized investment banking institution as independent expert advisor for

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

purposes of the issuance of an opinion as to the fairness of the proposed exchange ratio for the purchase and concurrent subscription of shares in connection with the aforementioned offers. The above, in order to provide the shareholders of the aforementioned entities with additional elements based upon which to make a decision with respect to such offers.

It is hereby acknowledged that the aforementioned public offers will be subject to various conditions customary for these types of transactions, and to certain special conditions given the nature of such transactions. Among other things, both offers will be conditioned upon the receipt of all the requisite governmental, corporate and third-party approvals, and to their concurrent closing and settlement. In addition, the voluntary purchase of the shares of stock of Telmex Internacional, S.A.B. de C.V. will be conditioned upon the successful acquisition of not less than 51% of the shares of stock of Carso Global Telecom, S.A.B. de C.V. The aforementioned transactions will be structured as efficiently as practicable, taking into consideration, among other things, various corporate, tax and regulatory considerations.

...It is hereby resolved to authorize the secretary of the Board of Directors to call one or more shareholders meetings to approve all the necessary procedures and amendments to the bylaws so as to implement the exchange and/or conversion of shares entailed by the offers described in the immediately preceding resolution, and to publish any and all necessary notices to such effect. The above, on the understanding that such shareholders meetings will consider, among other things, the confirmation of the transactions hereby approved, and any necessary amendments to the bylaws, including, among others, the amendment of the Company's nationality clause.

...It is hereby resolved to authorize the Company, through its officers and/or legal representatives and/or the secretary of the Board of Directors, to give notice of its intent to purchase the aforementioned shares through a public purchase and concurrent subscription offer, in the terms set forth herein, to the shareholders and/or boards of directors of Carso Global Telecom, S.A.B. de C.V. and Telmex Internacional, S.A.B. de C.V., respectively.

...It is hereby resolved to authorize Messrs. Daniel Hajj Aboumrad, Carlos José García Moreno and Alejandro Cantú Jiménez, to exercise the authority heretofore granted to them by the Company, to execute all the agreements, contracts and other documents pertaining to the transactions hereby approved, and to carry out any such acts and give to any domestic and/or foreign authorities any such notices as they may deem necessary or appropriate for purposes of the transactions hereby approved. It is further resolved to authorize the Company, through its officers and/or legal representatives, to commence such procedures as they may deem necessary or appropriate for the consummation of the public purchase offers hereby approved, including, among other things, to prepare such information memorandums and other documents and information required pursuant to the Securities Market Law and the General Provisions Applicable to Issuers and Other Participants in the Securities Market.

...It is expressly resolved to ratify each and all acts heretofore carried out by the aforementioned legal representatives in connection with the matters approved pursuant to the preceding resolutions.

...It is expressly resolved that the Company will hold each of the principal and alternate members of its Board of Directors, its Chief Executive Officer, Secretary and Alternate Secretary, each of its executive officers, employees and legal representatives, and each of the delegates appointed pursuant to the foregoing resolutions, free and harmless from any claim by or liability to any person or authority as a result of the performance and enforcement of the resolutions contained hereinabove. The Company expressly assumes any and all liabilities arising as a result of any claim or action of any nature whatsoever, and to reimburse each such person for any and all of the expenses incurred thereby in connection therewith, including attorneys' fees and other expenses.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

r. Withdrawal Rights

Any shareholder who may have accepted the Offer will have the right to withdraw his/her acceptance at any time prior to 4:00 p.m., Mexico City time, on the Expiration Date (without being subject to any penalty), including as a result of any material change in the terms of the Offer or the existence of a competing offer (i) providing for the payment of a cash and/or in-kind consideration to the holders of the TELECOM Shares, higher than the consideration contemplated by the Offer, and (ii) which is reasonably determined by TELECOM's Board of Directors, acting in good faith after due consideration of the terms and conditions thereof, to provide for better conditions than the Offer. To implement such withdrawal, the relevant Custodian shall give the Underwriter, prior to the Expiration Date, written notice of the exercise of the Withdrawal Right by such shareholder. The relevant acceptance will be deemed withdrawn upon receipt of such notice by the Underwriter. Notices of exercise of the Withdrawal Rights are not subject to revocation and, accordingly, the shares so withdrawn will not be included in the Offer.

Notwithstanding the above, any TELECOM shares so withdrawn may be subsequently retendered in connection with the Offer at any time prior to the Expiration Date, subject to the satisfaction of the conditions set forth in Section 5(k)(ii) of this Disclosure Statement, The Offer Exchange Procedure Conditions for the Acceptance of the Shares.

Any question as to the form and validity (including the time of receipt) of any withdrawal notice will be decided by AMX through the Underwriter, and such decision will be final and binding. AMX may waive any right, defect or irregularity in connection with the withdrawal of any acceptance by any TELECOM shareholder, depending upon its significance.

There is no penalty for the transfer of any TELECOM Shares in connection with a competing offer, or for the exercise of the Withdrawal Rights afforded to TELECOM's shareholders hereunder. Any TELECOM shareholder may exercise his/her Withdrawal Right in the manner prescribed in this Disclosure Statement.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

6. UNDERWRITER

Inversora Bursátil, S.A. de C.V. Casa de Bolsa, Grupo Financiero Inbursa.

7. MARKET INFORMATION

The Issuer is a limited liability, variable capital public corporation (*sociedad anónima bursátil de capital variable*) whose shares are listed for trading on the BMV under the trading symbol TELECOM.

On January 13, 2010, the date of announcement of the commencement of the procedure towards the completion of the Offer, the closing price of the TELECOM Shares on the BMV was Ps.62.73 per share.

The following table shows the high and low trading prices of the TELECOM Shares during each quarter in 2008 and 2009:

Financial Quarter	BMV	
	High	Low
2008:		
1Q	Ps. 56.59	Ps. 43.66
2Q	61.43	51.73
3Q	58.96	48.25
4Q	61.30	39.37
2009:		
1Q	Ps. 56.89	Ps. 36.28
2Q	54.38	45.47
3Q	63.07	45.75
4Q	63.74	51.07

Source: Bloomberg.

AMX is a limited liability, variable capital public corporation (*sociedad anónima bursátil de capital variable*) whose shares are listed for trading on the BMV under the trading symbol AMX.

On January 13, 2010, the date of announcement of the commencement of the procedure towards the completion of the Offer, the closing price of the Series L AMX Shares on the BMV was Ps.31.79 per share.

The following table shows the high and low trading prices of the Series L AMX Shares during each quarter in 2008 and 2009:

	BMV	
	High	Low

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Financial Quarter		
2008:		
1Q	Ps. 33.80	Ps. 26.23
2Q	34.52	26.46
3Q	26.82	23.07
4Q	25.13	16.03
2009:		
1Q	Ps. 22.53	Ps. 18.02
2Q	25.36	19.20
3Q	30.65	24.55
4Q	31.47	28.66

Source: Bloomberg.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

The market information derived from Bloomberg, contained in this Section, has not been reviewed by the CNBV.

8. CONDITIONS FOR THE OFFER

The Offer is conditioned upon the receipt of various corporate and legal approvals, consents and or implicit authorizations. As a result, the Offer is conditioned upon the satisfaction of the conditions described below, or the waiver of such conditions by AMX. AMX may in its sole discretion, at any time prior to the Expiration Date or, in the event of any condition consisting in the receipt and continuing validity and effect of any regulatory approval, the Settlement Date,

(1) rescind and terminate the Offer, and immediately return to TELECOM's shareholders any TELECOM Shares tendered thereby, without any consideration in exchange therefor, and/or

(2) modify the terms and conditions of the Offer,

if AMX determines in good faith and in its sole discretion, for purposes of either (1) or (2) above, that any of the following conditions has occurred:

Adverse Governmental Action: The commencement of an Adverse Governmental Action.

Consents: AMX's or TELECOM's failure to obtain from any public, governmental, judicial, legislative or regulatory authority, of from any individual or entity, any waiver, consent or approval necessary to consummate the Offer and the other transactions envisioned by AMX, or to enable any shareholder to participate in the Offer or the other transactions envisioned by AMX, or if the terms and conditions of any such waiver, consent or approval are not acceptable to AMX in its reasonable discretion.

Adverse Changes in the Issuer's Condition: Any change or potential change (or any condition, event or circumstance that could be expected to result in a change) in the business activities, properties, assets, liabilities, obligations, capitalization, equity interests, financial or other condition, operations, licenses, concessions, permits, permit applications, operating results, cash flows or prospects of TELECOM or any of its subsidiaries and affiliates, which in AMX's discretion has had or could be expected to have a material adverse effect on TELECOM or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates, or if AMX has acquired knowledge of any fact which in its sole discretion has had or could be expected to have a material adverse effect on the value of TELECOM or any of its subsidiaries, or the TELECOM Shares.

Adverse Changes in the Market Conditions: An actual or threatened (i) suspension of trading in or the imposition of any restriction on the trading price of any securities on any stock exchange, secondary or over-the-counter market, or any decrease in the Dow Jones Industrial Average, the Standard & Poor's Index of 500 Industrial Companies, Mexico's National Consumer Price Index or the Mexico Index, in excess of 10%, since the closing of business on the last trading day prior to the Commencement Date, or material adverse change in the price of the securities listed on the BMV or the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE), (ii) declaration of default or

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banking moratorium by the local or federal authorities of Mexico or the United States, whether or not mandatory, (iii) event or restriction (whether or not mandatory) imposed by any authority, entity or agency, which in AMX's discretion could affect the availability of credit or financing from the banking system, (iv) commencement or escalation of any war, hostilities, threats, terrorist acts or other national or international crisis directly or indirectly affecting Mexico or the United States, (v) material change in the exchange rate of the Mexican peso in the United States, or in any other exchange rate, or any suspension or restriction in the relevant foreign exchange, financial or securities markets (whether or not mandatory), or (vi) if any such act or event is ongoing as of the Commencement Date, any escalation or deterioration in any such act or event.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

The occurrence of any of the events upon which the Offer is conditioned will be determined by AMX in its sole and reasonable discretion. Such conditions have been established for AMX's exclusive benefit and may be invoked, exercised or decided upon by AMX regardless of the circumstances giving rise thereto. Such conditions may be waived by AMX (to the extent permitted by law) in whole or in part, from time to time, at AMX's sole discretion. AMX failure to exercise any such right will not be construed as a waiver thereof. No waiver of any such right in respect of any particular event or circumstance will constitute or be deemed to constitute a waiver with respect of any other particular fact or circumstance. Each such right shall constitute a continuing right that may be exercised or invoked at any time and from time to time. Any determination by AMX based upon any of the events described in this Section 8, Conditions for the Offer, of this Disclosure Statement, shall be final and binding upon all parties.

AMX reserves the right to rescind and terminate the Offer upon the verification of any of the aforementioned conditions. In such event, AMX will publicly announce such event or waive the relevant condition. Upon termination of the Offer, those TELECOM shareholders who may have tendered their shares will not have any right or claim against AMX as a result of such termination. The foregoing right may be exercised by AMX at any time prior to its acceptance of any TELECOM Shares tendered in connection with the Offer.

Following the commencement of the Offering Period, the Offer will not be subject to any condition other than those described in this section. The receipt by the Underwriter of any TELECOM Shares validly tendered in connection with the Offer shall not be construed as a waiver of any of the aforementioned conditions by AMX.

No waiver by AMX of its right to rescind and terminate the Offer at any time upon the occurrence of any of the conditions described herein shall constitute or be deemed to constitute a permanent waiver of AMX's right to invoke such condition at any future time.

On the first business day after the Expiration Date, AMX, taking into consideration the satisfaction or absence of the conditions described in this section, will disclose to the public, through a press release, whether or not it intends to accept the TELECOM Shares tendered in connection with the Offer and, as the case may be, the aggregate number of shares so tendered and accepted. Any such announcement shall constitute an acknowledgment on the part of AMX to the effect that the Offer has been consummated and that AMX will proceed to settle the Offer in the terms and in accordance with the procedure described herein. Any such announcement will also be released through EMISNET.

For purposes of the conditions referred to in this Section 8 of this Disclosure Statement, Conditions for the Offer, (i) on February 11, 2010, the CNBV resolved by a majority of votes to unconditionally approve the foregoing transaction, and (ii) the Offer was approved by AMX's shareholders meeting on March 17, 2010.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

9. ARRANGEMENTS PREDATING THE OFFER

a. Preliminary Discussions and Analysis

In November 2009, the chief executive officers of AMX and TELINT, Messrs. Daniel Hajj and Oscar Von Hauske, respectively, began discussing a potential arrangement for the joint provision of telecommunications services to their customers in Brazil in order to match the offerings available from their competitors in the integrated fixed-line and wireless telephony sector. Subsequent discussions between Messrs. Hajj and Von Hauske expanded to include other potential synergies or business opportunities, not only in Brazil but in some of the other countries in which both companies operate.

The preliminary discussions led to a series of meetings in late December 2009. Such meetings were held as part of the ongoing quest for business opportunities to maximize the use of the 3G technology developed by AMX in the region, and to provide converging services based upon the technologies implemented by both AMX and TELINT. These meetings in turn led to a more comprehensive approach towards the integration of services, including through the potential merger or overall reorganization of some of their operating companies in the region, including those in Brazil and Colombia.

In early January 2010, Mr. Daniel Hajj began discussing with the Slim Family and TELECOM's directors the possibility of combining the operations of AMX, TELECOM and TELINT, in lieu of a more limited merger or combination of some of AMX's and TELINT's operating subsidiaries. These discussions led to the conclusion that such a combination would provide the shareholders of both companies not only with an integrated service but also with significant long-term synergies among AMX's and TELINT's business operations, licenses, infrastructure and managements in various Latin American countries. They developed a proposal pursuant to which AMX would offer shares of its capital stock as consideration in connection with any such operation, based upon an exchange ratio that would take into consideration the relative market prices of each of AMX's and TELINT's Series L shares, given their high market liquidity. As with respect to TELECOM, they discussed the possibility of using the market price of the Series L shares of each of AMX, TELINT and TELMEX, and TELECOM's net debt.

Following the aforementioned discussions, in early January 2010, Messrs. Hajj and Von Hauske, together with certain members of the Slim Family and TELECOM directors, concluded that the proposed combination should be analyzed from a corporate and regulatory standpoint in order to submit a formal proposal for its consideration by AMX's Board of Directors in accordance with Mexican applicable procedures. Such conclusion was based, among other things, on (i) the fact that the evolution in the telecommunications industry has led to the existence of concurrent technological platforms for voice, data and video streaming services, (ii) the recent development in terms of applications, functionalities and equipment, (iii) the increased demand for services in Latin America, (iv) the advantages derived from offering integrated communication services in the region, regardless of the platform of origin of such services, and (v) the opportunity to create long-term synergies.

Over the weekend of January 9 and 10, 2010, Mr. Hajj contacted several of AMX's executive officers, principal shareholders and outside counsel, and the Slim Family, to discuss the viability and potential structure of such a business combination. He also contacted certain representatives of AT&T, which is one of TELINT's and AMX's principal shareholders, to inform such shareholder of AMX's plans in connection with the proposed transaction. Over the same weekend, the General Counsel and Secretary of the Board of Directors of AMX, Mr. Alejandro Cantú Jiménez, and the company's outside counsel, discussed and devised a preliminary structure for the proposed combination. On January 11, 2010, a working group comprised by various executive offices and advisors informed Mr. Hajj that the preferred structure for such combination would be a concurrent purchase and subscription offer targeted towards TELECOM's and TELINT's shareholders, given that any merger or other alternatives to achieve such combination would under Mexican law give rise to adverse tax consequences and involve cumbersome regulatory approval processes in Mexico and the rest of Latin America.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

Over the course of the following week, AMX's Executive Director of Administration and Finance, Mr. Carlos García Moreno, and Mr. Cantú, held numerous telephone conferences and meetings with AMX's outside counsel and tax advisors, and with its financial advisor, Grupo Financiero Inbursa, S.A.B. de C.V. They further met and held several discussions with various representatives of AT&T, Inc., regarding the proposed combination.

The meeting of the Board of Directors took place as scheduled, on January 13. In attendance thereat were Messrs. García Moreno, Cantú Jiménez, as well as various representatives of Grupo Financiero Inbursa, S.A.B. de C.V., its financial advisor. Mr. Hajj submitted the proposed combination to the Board of Directors for its approval, which moved to authorize the company's executive officers to initiate the processes leading to the possible completion of the transaction in the proposed terms. The Board of Directors' decision was unanimous, except that Messrs. Hajj and Patrick Slim Domit abstained from voting thereon to avoid any appearance of a conflict of interests, but were nevertheless in agreement with the resolution adopted by the remaining directors.

Immediately after the board meeting, AMX issued a notice of disclosure of the occurrence of a relevant event and announced its intention to conduct the Offer and the TELINT Offer. On the same date, AMX delivered a letter to each member of TELECOM's and TELINT's boards, requesting their authorization for AMX to commence the process towards the consummation of the Offer and the TELINT Offer, as required by Article Twelve of TELINT's bylaws and Article Thirteen of TELECOM's bylaws. Such letters contained all the additional information required to be disclosed to any person interested in the acquisition of 10% (ten percent) or more of the issued and outstanding shares of stock of TELECOM and TELINT, in accordance with their respective bylaws.

b. Approval by AMX's Board of Directors

As mentioned in subsection (a) above, on January 13, 2010, the members of AMX's Board of Directors resolved, by unanimous consent, to commence the process towards the consummation of the Offer in the terms set forth below, which terms were disclosed to the public and the Board of Directors of TELECOM:

América Móvil's Tender Offer for Carso Global Telecom and Telmex Internacional

Mexico City, January 13, 2010. América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V. (América Móvil) [BMV: AMX] [NYSE: AMX] [NASDAQ: AMOV] [LATIBEX: XAMXL] announced today that it will launch an exchange offer to the shareholders of Carso Global Telecom, S.A.B. de C.V. (Telecom), pursuant to which, the shares of this entity would be exchanged for shares issued by América Móvil. The exchange ratio will be 2.0474 to 1, and thus, the shareholders of Telecom would receive 2.0474 shares of América Móvil per each Telecom share.

If Telecom's shareholders tender all their Telecom shares, America Móvil would beneficially own 59.4% of the outstanding shares of Teléfonos de México, S.A.B. de C.V. (Telmex), and 60.7% of the outstanding shares of Telmex Internacional, S.A.B. de C.V. (Telmex Internacional). Telecom's net indebtedness at the end of 2009 was approximately 22,017 million pesos.

América Móvil also announced that it will launch an offer for the exchange or purchase of all of the Telmex Internacional's shares that are not already owned by Telecom (39.3%). The exchange ratio will be 0.373 shares of America Móvil per each Telmex Internacional share or, if in cash, the purchase price would be 11.66 pesos per share.

In the event that, at completion of the processes described above, a sufficient number of shares are obtained, it is intended to delist both Telecom and Telmex Internacional in the various securities markets in which their shares are registered.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

These transactions have been approved today by América Móvil's board of directors.

The evolution of the telecommunications industry has led to the development of technological platforms capable of providing combined voice, data and video transmission services. This circumstance, coupled with the most recent advances in applications, functionalities and equipment, points towards an imminent, exponential growth in the demand for data services in Latin America and the Caribbean. The business combination described herein will enable América Móvil to offer integrated communication services throughout the region, regardless of their platform of origin.

In addition, the business combination will enable América Móvil to create significant synergies, improve its marketing efforts and more efficiently use its networks and information systems and processes, which will in turn enable it to offer more integrated and universal services in increasingly attractive conditions to its customers. América Móvil also believes that the combined businesses will place it in a better position to focus on research and development in the telecommunications and information technology industries. Overall, the business combination will strengthen América Móvil's position as a world class company with nearly 250 million customers in 18 countries.

As a strong and competitive Mexican corporation, América Móvil will be well positioned to offer to its customers and investors the benefits of the significant technological changes occurring worldwide, which will be of particular relevance in Latin America.

The Offers will be conditioned upon the issuance of the requisite approvals.

About AMX

América Móvil is the leading provider of wireless services in Latin America. As of September 30, 2009, it had 194.3 million cellular and 3.8 million fixed-line subscribers in the American continent.

Limitation of Liability

This document does not constitute an offer to sell any securities in the United States, Mexico, or elsewhere. No securities may be offered or sold in the United States, Mexico or any other jurisdiction, unless registered or exempted from registration therein. Any public offering of securities in the United States or Mexico must be made pursuant to a prospectus or Disclosure Statement available from América Móvil, containing detailed information with respect to América Móvil, Carso Global Telecom, S.A.B. de C.V. and/or Telmex Internacional, S.A.B. de C.V., and their respective managements, financial information and other relevant data.

This document contains forward-looking statements, which reflect the current views or future expectations of América Móvil and its management with respect to its performance, business operations and future developments. We use words such as believe, anticipate, plan, expect, intend, target, estimate, project, predict, forecast, guideline, should and other similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements, but they are not the only way we identify such statements. Forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties. We caution you that a number of important factors could cause actual results to differ materially from the plans, objectives, expectations, estimates and intentions expressed in such forward-looking statements. América Móvil does not undertake and expressly disclaims any obligation to update such statements in light of new information, future developments, or otherwise.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

c. Receipt of Notice and Approval by TELECOM S Board of Directors

As mentioned in subsection (a) above, on January 13, 2010, América Móvil informed TELECOM S board of directors of its intention to commence the process towards the completion of the Offer, and requested that it authorize the necessary actions for purposes of Article Thirteen of TELECOM S bylaws.

On January 14, 2010, TELECOM issued a public release with respect to the events described in the following excerpt thereof:

Mexico City, Federal District, January 14, 2010; Carso Global Telecom, S.A.B. de C.V. (BMV: TELECOM), hereby announces that it has received notice of the intent of América Móvil, S.A.B de C.V. (BMV and NYSE: AMX ; NASDAQ: AMOV) to conduct an exchange offer in respect of up to all of the registered shares of common stock of TELECOM, which notice is reproduced below:

AMÉRICA MÓVIL S TENDER OFFER FOR CARSO GLOBAL TELECOM AND TELMEX INTERNACIONAL

MEXICO CITY, JANUARY 13, 2010. AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V. (AMÉRICA MÓVIL) [BMV: AMX] [NYSE: AMX] [NASDAQ: AMOV] [LATIBEX: XAMXL] ANNOUNCED TODAY THAT IT WILL LAUNCH AN EXCHANGE OFFER TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CARSO GLOBAL TELECOM, S.A.B. DE C.V. (TELECOM), PURSUANT TO WHICH, THE SHARES OF THIS ENTITY WOULD BE EXCHANGED FOR SHARES ISSUED BY AMÉRICA MÓVIL. THE EXCHANGE RATIO WILL BE 2.0474 TO 1, AND THUS, THE SHAREHOLDERS OF TELECOM WOULD RECEIVE 2.0474 SHARES OF AMÉRICA MOVIL PER EACH TELECOM SHARE.

IF TELECOM S SHAREHOLDERS TENDER ALL THEIR TELECOM SHARES, AMERICA MOVIL WOULD BENEFICIALLY OWN 59.4% OF THE OUTSTANDING SHARES OF TELÉFONOS DE MÉXICO, S.A.B. DE C.V. (TELMEX), AND 60.7% OF THE OUTSTANDING SHARES OF TELMEX INTERNACIONAL, S.A.B. DE C.V. (TELMEX INTERNACIONAL). TELECOM S NET INDEBTEDNESS AT THE END OF 2009 WAS APPROXIMATELY 22,017 MILLION PESOS.

AMÉRICA MOVIL ALSO ANNOUNCED THAT IT WILL LAUNCH AN OFFER FOR THE EXCHANGE OR PURCHASE OF ALL OF THE TELMEX INTERNACIONAL S SHARES THAT ARE NOT ALREADY OWNED BY TELECOM (39.3%). THE EXCHANGE RATIO WILL BE 0.373 SHARES OF AMERICA MOVIL PER EACH TELMEX INTERNACIONAL SHARE OR, IF IN CASH, THE PURCHASE PRICE WOULD BE 11.66 PESOS PER SHARE.

IN THE EVENT THAT, AT COMPLETION OF THE PROCESSES DESCRIBED ABOVE, A SUFFICIENT NUMBER OF SHARES ARE OBTAINED, IT IS INTENDED TO DELIST BOTH TELECOM AND TELMEX INTERNACIONAL IN THE VARIOUS SECURITIES MARKETS IN WHICH THEIR SHARES ARE REGISTERED.

THESE TRANSACTIONS HAVE BEEN APPROVED TODAY BY AMÉRICA MÓVIL S BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

THE EVOLUTION OF THE TELECOMMUNICATIONS INDUSTRY HAS LED TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF TECHNOLOGICAL PLATFORMS CAPABLE OF PROVIDING COMBINED VOICE, DATA AND VIDEO TRANSMISSION SERVICES. THIS CIRCUMSTANCE, COUPLED WITH THE MOST RECENT ADVANCES IN APPLICATIONS, FUNCTIONALITIES AND EQUIPMENT, POINTS TOWARDS AN IMMINENT, EXPONENTIAL GROWTH IN THE DEMAND FOR DATA SERVICES IN LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN. THE BUSINESS COMBINATION DESCRIBED HEREIN WILL ENABLE AMÉRICA MÓVIL TO OFFER

Table of Contents

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Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

INTEGRATED COMMUNICATION SERVICES THROUGHOUT THE REGION, REGARDLESS OF THEIR PLATFORM OF ORIGIN. IN ADDITION, THE BUSINESS COMBINATION WILL ENABLE AMÉRICA MÓVIL TO CREATE SIGNIFICANT SYNERGIES, IMPROVE ITS MARKETING EFFORTS AND MORE EFFICIENTLY USE ITS NETWORKS AND INFORMATION SYSTEMS AND PROCESSES, WHICH WILL IN TURN ENABLE IT TO OFFER MORE INTEGRATED AND UNIVERSAL SERVICES IN INCREASINGLY ATTRACTIVE CONDITIONS TO ITS CUSTOMERS. AMÉRICA MÓVIL ALSO BELIEVES THAT THE COMBINED BUSINESSES WILL PLACE IT IN A BETTER POSITION TO FOCUS ON RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT IN THE TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY INDUSTRIES. OVERALL, THE BUSINESS COMBINATION WILL STRENGTHEN AMÉRICA MÓVIL'S POSITION AS A WORLD CLASS COMPANY WITH NEARLY 250 MILLION CUSTOMERS IN 18 COUNTRIES.

AS A STRONG AND COMPETITIVE MEXICAN CORPORATION, AMÉRICA MÓVIL WILL BE WELL POSITIONED TO OFFER TO ITS CUSTOMERS AND INVESTORS THE BENEFITS OF THE SIGNIFICANT TECHNOLOGICAL CHANGES OCCURRING WORLDWIDE, WHICH WILL BE OF PARTICULAR RELEVANCE IN LATIN AMERICA.

THE OFFERS WILL BE CONDITIONED UPON THE ISSUANCE OF THE REQUISITE APPROVALS.

ABOUT AMX

AMÉRICA MÓVIL IS THE LEADING PROVIDER OF WIRELESS SERVICES IN LATIN AMERICA. AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2009, IT HAD 194.3 MILLION CELLULAR AND 3.8 MILLION FIXED-LINE SUBSCRIBERS IN THE AMERICAN CONTINENT.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

THIS DOCUMENT DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN OFFER TO SELL ANY SECURITIES IN THE UNITED STATES, MEXICO, OR ELSEWHERE. NO SECURITIES MAY BE OFFERED OR SOLD IN THE UNITED STATES, MEXICO OR ANY OTHER JURISDICTION, UNLESS REGISTERED OR EXEMPTED FROM REGISTRATION THEREIN. ANY PUBLIC OFFERING OF SECURITIES IN THE UNITED STATES OR MEXICO MUST BE MADE PURSUANT TO A PROSPECTUS OR DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AVAILABLE FROM AMÉRICA MÓVIL, CONTAINING DETAILED INFORMATION WITH RESPECT TO AMÉRICA MÓVIL, CARSO GLOBAL TELECOM, S.A.B. DE C.V. AND/OR TELMEX INTERNACIONAL, S.A.B. DE C.V., AND THEIR RESPECTIVE MANagements, FINANCIAL INFORMATION AND OTHER RELEVANT DATA.

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS, WHICH REFLECT THE CURRENT VIEWS OR FUTURE EXPECTATIONS OF AMÉRICA MÓVIL AND ITS MANAGEMENT WITH RESPECT TO ITS PERFORMANCE, BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS. WE USE WORDS SUCH AS BELIEVE, ANTICIPATE, PLAN, EXPECT, INTEND, TARGET, ESTIMATE, PROJECT, PREDICT, FORECAST, GUIDELINE, SHOULD AND OTHER SIMILAR EXPRESSIONS TO IDENTIFY FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS, BUT THEY ARE NOT THE ONLY WAY WE IDENTIFY SUCH STATEMENTS. FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS INVOLVE INHERENT RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES. WE CAUTION YOU THAT A NUMBER OF IMPORTANT FACTORS COULD CAUSE ACTUAL RESULTS TO DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM THE PLANS, OBJECTIVES, EXPECTATIONS, ESTIMATES AND INTENTIONS EXPRESSED IN SUCH FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. AMÉRICA MÓVIL DOES NOT UNDERTAKE AND EXPRESSLY

Table of Contents

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DISCLAIMS ANY OBLIGATION TO UPDATE SUCH STATEMENTS IN LIGHT OF NEW INFORMATION, FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS, OR OTHERWISE.

ABOUT AMX

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THE SHARES SUBJECT MATTER OF THE EXCHANGE OFFER WILL REPRESENT UP TO 100% OF THE CAPITAL STOCK OF TELECOM. THE OFFER IS CONDITIONED UPON THE RECEIPT OF ALL THE REQUISITE APPROVALS, INCLUDING THE APPROVAL OF THE NATIONAL BANKING AND SECURITIES COMMISSION.

TELECOM'S BOARD OF DIRECTORS EXPRESSED ITS INTEREST IN THE PROPOSAL AND RESOLVED TO AUTHORIZE ITS AUDIT AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE TO TAKE ALL THE ACTIONS MANDATED BY THE APPLICABLE LAWS, INCLUDING THE PREPARATION OF THE RELEVANT OPINIONS AND THE APPOINTMENT OF EXPERTS AND ADVISORS TO ANALYZE SUCH PROPOSAL, SO AS TO FACILITATE THE SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION OF THE OFFER.

Table of Contents

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BASED UPON ARTICLE THIRTEEN OF TELECOM S BYLAWS, THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF TELECOM AUTHORIZED AMÉRICA MÓVIL TO LAUNCH THE PROPOSED OFFER.

THIS NOTICE DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN OFFER IN RESPECT OF ANY TYPE OF SHARES. NO SECURITIES MAY BE PUBLICLY OFFERED UNTIL AFTER THE RELEVANT OFFER HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE NATIONAL BANKING AND SECURITIES COMMISSION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SECURITIES MARKET LAW.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY: THIS DOCUMENT MAY CONTAIN FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS, WHICH REFLECT OUR CURRENT VIEWS OR FUTURE EXPECTATIONS WITH RESPECT TO OUR PERFORMANCE, BUSINESS OPERATIONS AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS. SUCH FORECASTS INCLUDE, WITHOUT LIMITATION, CERTAIN STATEMENTS THAT MAY PREDICT, INDICATE OR IMPLY FUTURE RESULTS, PERFORMANCE OR ACHIEVEMENTS, AND MAY CONTAIN WORDS SUCH AS BELIEVE, ANTICIPATE, EXPECT, IN OUR OPINION, MAY RESULT, AND OTHER WORDS OF SIMILAR IMPORT. FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS INVOLVE INHERENT RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES. WE CAUTION YOU THAT A NUMBER OF IMPORTANT FACTORS COULD CAUSE ACTUAL RESULTS TO DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM THE PLANS, OBJECTIVES, EXPECTATIONS, ESTIMATES AND INTENTIONS EXPRESSED HEREIN. NEITHER WE NOR OUR SUBSIDIARIES, AFFILIATES, DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, AGENTS OR EMPLOYEES ASSUME ANY RESPONSIBILITY WHATSOEVER TO ANY THIRD PARTY (INCLUDING ANY INVESTOR) FOR ANY INVESTMENT, DECISION OR ACTION TAKEN IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFER CONTAINED IN THIS DOCUMENT OR FOR ANY CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL OR OTHER SIMILAR DAMAGES SUFFERED THEREBY.

Pursuant to Article 48 of the LMV and Article 130 of the General Corporations Law, Article Thirteen of TELECOM s bylaws incorporates protections against the acquisition, directly or indirectly, of a controlling ownership position in TELECOM by any shareholder, group of related shareholders acting in concert, or third party. Pursuant to such provisions, any acquisition of TELECOM s shares or other securities the underlying instruments of which are TELECOM Shares or any rights thereto, representing 10% (ten percent) or more of TELECOM s voting capital, in a single transaction or a series of successive transactions, is subject to the prior approval of TELECOM s Board of Directors.

Any person or group of persons intending to acquire 10% (ten percent) or more of the outstanding voting shares of TELECOM, must request in writing the aforementioned authorization to the Chairman and the Secretary of TELECOM s Board of Directors.

If the Board of Directors declines such request, it must designate one or more buyers, and such buyers will be required to pay to the seller the most recent price reported by the BMV. The price for any shares not registered with the RNV will be determined in accordance with the procedure set forth in Article 130 of the General Corporations Law.

The Board of Directors will issue its decision to that effect within three months from the receipt of the request, or the date of receipt of any additional information requested by it, as the case may be, taking into consideration (i) such criteria as may best conform to the interests, business operations and long term prospects of TELECOM and its subsidiaries, (ii) the economic benefits resulting from the observance of Article Twelve of TELECOM s bylaws, which must not be exclusive of any one or more TELECOM shareholders other than the person intending to acquire its control, and (iii) not to completely preclude the acquisition of TELECOM s control.

Table of Contents

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Dated April 22, 2010

In addition, TELECOM's bylaws provide that for so long as TELECOM's shares are registered with the RNV, any such transaction carried out through the BMV will be subject, in addition, to the provisions contained in the LMV or any resolution issued by the CNBV.

TELECOM's bylaws further provide that in the event of any acquisition required to be made through a tender offer in terms of the LMV, the prospective buyer must (i) satisfy all applicable legal requirements, (ii) obtain all the requisite regulatory approvals, and (iii) secure the Board of Director's authorization prior to the commencement of the applicable offering period. In any event, any person intending to acquire 10% (ten percent) or more of TELECOM's capital stock must disclose any action taken thereby to secure the authorization of the Board of Directors in accordance with TELECOM's bylaws.

d. Receipt of Notice and Approval by TELINT's Board of Directors

As mentioned in subsection (a) above, on January 13, 2010, América Móvil informed TELINT's board of directors of its intention to commence the process towards the completion of the TELINT Offer, and requested that it authorize the necessary actions for purposes of Article Twelve of TELINT's bylaws.

On January 14, 2010, TELINT issued a public release with respect to the events described in the following excerpt thereof:

Mexico City, Federal District, January 14, 2010; Telmex Internacional, S.A.B. de C.V. (BMV: TELINT, NYSE: TII, LATIBEX: XTII), hereby announces that it has received notice of the intent of América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V. (BMV and NYSE: AMX; NASDAQ: AMOV) to conduct an exchange offer in respect of up to all of the registered shares of common stock of TELINT other than those owned by Carso Global Telecom, S.A.B. de C.V., which notice is reproduced below:

AMÉRICA MÓVIL'S TENDER OFFER FOR CARSO GLOBAL TELECOM AND TELMEX INTERNACIONAL

MEXICO CITY, JANUARY 13, 2010. AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V. (AMÉRICA MÓVIL) [BMV: AMX] [NYSE: AMX] [NASDAQ: AMOV] [LATIBEX: XAMXL] ANNOUNCED TODAY THAT IT WILL LAUNCH AN EXCHANGE OFFER TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CARSO GLOBAL TELECOM, S.A.B. DE C.V. (TELECOM), PURSUANT TO WHICH, THE SHARES OF THIS ENTITY WOULD BE EXCHANGED FOR SHARES ISSUED BY AMÉRICA MÓVIL. THE EXCHANGE RATIO WILL BE 2.0474 TO 1, AND THUS, THE SHAREHOLDERS OF TELECOM WOULD RECEIVE 2.0474 SHARES OF AMÉRICA MOVIL PER EACH TELECOM SHARE.

IF TELECOM'S SHAREHOLDERS TENDER ALL THEIR TELECOM SHARES, AMERICA MOVIL WOULD BENEFICIALLY OWN 59.4% OF THE OUTSTANDING SHARES OF TELÉFONOS DE MÉXICO, S.A.B. DE C.V. (TELMEX), AND 60.7% OF THE OUTSTANDING SHARES OF TELMEX INTERNACIONAL, S.A.B. DE C.V. (TELMEX INTERNACIONAL). TELECOM'S NET INDEBTEDNESS AT THE END OF 2009 WAS APPROXIMATELY 22,017 MILLION PESOS.

AMÉRICA MOVIL ALSO ANNOUNCED THAT IT WILL LAUNCH AN OFFER FOR THE EXCHANGE OR PURCHASE OF ALL OF THE TELMEX INTERNACIONAL'S SHARES THAT ARE NOT ALREADY OWNED BY TELECOM (39.3%). THE EXCHANGE RATIO WILL BE 0.373 SHARES OF AMERICA MOVIL PER EACH TELMEX INTERNACIONAL SHARE OR, IF IN CASH, THE PURCHASE PRICE WOULD BE 11.66 PESOS PER SHARE.

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Table of Contents

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TELECOM AND TELMEX INTERNACIONAL IN THE VARIOUS SECURITIES MARKETS IN WHICH THEIR SHARES ARE REGISTERED.

THESE TRANSACTIONS HAVE BEEN APPROVED TODAY BY AMÉRICA MÓVIL S BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

THE EVOLUTION OF THE TELECOMMUNICATIONS INDUSTRY HAS LED TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF TECHNOLOGICAL PLATFORMS CAPABLE OF PROVIDING COMBINED VOICE, DATA AND VIDEO TRANSMISSION SERVICES. THIS CIRCUMSTANCE, COUPLED WITH THE MOST RECENT ADVANCES IN APPLICATIONS, FUNCTIONALITIES AND EQUIPMENT, POINTS TOWARDS AN IMMINENT, EXPONENTIAL GROWTH IN THE DEMAND FOR DATA SERVICES IN LATIN AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN. THE BUSINESS COMBINATION DESCRIBED HEREIN WILL ENABLE AMÉRICA MÓVIL TO OFFER INTEGRATED COMMUNICATION SERVICES THROUGHOUT THE REGION, REGARDLESS OF THEIR PLATFORM OF ORIGIN.

IN ADDITION, THE BUSINESS COMBINATION WILL ENABLE AMÉRICA MÓVIL TO CREATE SIGNIFICANT SYNERGIES, IMPROVE ITS MARKETING EFFORTS AND MORE EFFICIENTLY USE ITS NETWORKS AND INFORMATION SYSTEMS AND PROCESSES, WHICH WILL IN TURN ENABLE IT TO OFFER MORE INTEGRATED AND UNIVERSAL SERVICES IN INCREASINGLY ATTRACTIVE CONDITIONS TO ITS CUSTOMERS. AMÉRICA MÓVIL ALSO BELIEVES THAT THE COMBINED BUSINESSES WILL PLACE IT IN A BETTER POSITION TO FOCUS ON RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT IN THE TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY INDUSTRIES. OVERALL, THE BUSINESS COMBINATION WILL STRENGTHEN AMÉRICA MÓVIL S POSITION AS A WORLD CLASS COMPANY WITH NEARLY 250 MILLION CUSTOMERS IN 18 COUNTRIES.

AS A STRONG AND COMPETITIVE MEXICAN CORPORATION, AMÉRICA MÓVIL WILL BE WELL POSITIONED TO OFFER TO ITS CUSTOMERS AND INVESTORS THE BENEFITS OF THE SIGNIFICANT TECHNOLOGICAL CHANGES OCCURRING WORLDWIDE, WHICH WILL BE OF PARTICULAR RELEVANCE IN LATIN AMERICA.

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Table of Contents

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THE SHARES SUBJECT MATTER OF THE PURCHASE OR EXCHANGE OFFER WILL REPRESENT UP TO 39.3% OF THE CAPITAL STOCK OF TELINT AND CONSIST OF THE SHARES OF TELINT OTHER THAN THOSE CURRENTLY OWNED BY CARSO GLOBAL TELECOM, S.A.B. DE C.V. THE OFFER IS CONDITIONED UPON THE RECEIPT OF ALL THE REQUISITE APPROVALS, INCLUDING THE APPROVAL OF THE NATIONAL BANKING AND SECURITIES COMMISSION.

TELINT'S BOARD OF DIRECTORS EXPRESSED ITS INTEREST IN THE PROPOSAL AND RESOLVED TO AUTHORIZE ITS AUDIT AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMMITTEE TO TAKE ALL THE ACTIONS MANDATED BY THE APPLICABLE LAWS, INCLUDING THE PREPARATION OF THE RELEVANT OPINIONS AND THE APPOINTMENT OF EXPERTS AND ADVISORS TO ANALYZE SUCH PROPOSAL, SO AS TO FACILITATE THE SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION OF THE OFFER.

BASED UPON ARTICLE TWELVE OF TELINT'S BYLAWS, THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF TELINT AUTHORIZED AMÉRICA MÓVIL TO LAUNCH THE PROPOSED OFFER.

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Table of Contents

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HEREIN. NEITHER WE NOR OUR SUBSIDIARIES, AFFILIATES, DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, AGENTS OR EMPLOYEES ASSUME ANY RESPONSIBILITY WHATSOEVER TO ANY THIRTY PARTY (INCLUDING ANY INVESTOR) FOR ANY INVESTMENT, DECISION OR ACTION TAKEN IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFER CONTAINED IN THIS DOCUMENT OR FOR ANY CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL OR OTHER SIMILAR DAMAGES SUFFERED THEREBY.

e. Financial Advisor and Independent Expert Retained by AMX's Audit and Corporate Governance Committee, in accordance with Mexican law

On February 9, 2010, AMX's Audit and Corporate Governance Committee issued a favorable opinion with respect to the commencement of the Offer by AMX. Likewise, it resolved, among other things, to ratify the appointment of Credit Suisse. Said appointment was approved by AMX's Board of Directors on January 13, 2010. In connection with the Offers, Credit Suisse was requested (in its capacity as independent expert advisor engaged by AMX's Board of Directors, in accordance with, and for purposes of, Mexican law) to issue for the information of AMX's Board of Directors its opinion, from a financial standpoint, as to the fairness for AMX of the cash consideration or the exchange for AMX Shares offered to TELECOM's shareholders in connection with the Offer.

f. Opinion of AMX's Financial Advisor and Independent Expert, for Mexican Law Purposes

During the meeting of the Board of Directors of AMX held March 9, 2010, Credit Suisse (in its capacity as the independent expert retained by AMX's Board of Directors, exclusively for purposes of and in accordance with Mexican law) stated its verbal opinion, later confirmed in writing, to the effect that as of the date thereof and based upon the facts and conditions disclosed therein, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit 25(a), the consideration in cash or in AMX Shares offered to TELECOM's shareholders is reasonable from a financial standpoint to AMX. The opinion was issued solely for the information of AMX's Board of Directors (solely in its capacity as such) for purposes of evaluating the Offer from a financial standpoint and not for the benefit of shareholders, and is subject to several presumptions, qualifications, limitations and considerations. The opinion does not deal in any way with other aspects of the Offer, and does not purport to be a recommendation, and shall not be understood as a recommendation to the shareholders in connection with their participation in the Offer or any other matter.

g. Independent Expert Retained by TELECOM's Audit and Corporate Governance Committee

As disclosed by TELECOM on March 19, 2010, TELECOM's Audit and Corporate Governance Committee confirmed Santander's appointment as independent expert advisor engaged by TELECOM's Board of Directors for purposes of the issuance of an opinion as to the financial fairness of the exchange ratio proposed in connection with the Offer. Based upon the facts disclosed thereto, and the other considerations described in its opinion, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit 25(b), Santander advised TELECOM's Board of Directors that the exchange ratio offered to TELECOM's shareholders is fair from a financial standpoint. Recipients of this Disclosure Statement are advised to review Exhibit 25(b) hereto to fully understand such opinion, including the facts upon which it is based and any qualifications thereto.

h. Approval by TELECOM's Board of Directors

As disclosed by TELECOM on March 19, 2010, pursuant to Article 101 of the LMV its Board of Directors, taking into consideration Santander's independent expert opinion and the opinion of TELECOM's Audit and Corporate Governance Committee, both to the effect that the exchange ratio offered by AMX in connection with the Offer is justified from a financial standpoint and, accordingly, is fair to TELECOM's shareholders, determined that the exchange ratio for purposes of the Offer is fair and reasonable from a financial standpoint.

Table of Contents

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Preliminary Disclosure Statement

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In addition, pursuant to Article 101 of the LMV, all members of TELECOM's Board of Directors holding TELECOM Shares, and TELECOM's Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Jaime Chico Pardo, have informed AMX that they and their related parties intend to participate in the Offer in the terms proposed by AMX, assuming that the economic situation and market conditions remain stable.

Finally, the members of TELECOM's Board of Directors indicated that, notwithstanding the fact that in their opinion they have no conflicts of interests in connection with the Offer, in order to avoid any potential perception as to the existence of any such conflict Messrs. Arturo Elías Ayub, Daniel Hajj Aboumrads, Carlos Slim Domit, Marco Antonio Slim Domit, Patrick Slim Domit, and Héctor Slim Seade, who are either directors or alternate directors of TELECOM, decided to abstain from participating in any discussion with respect to the Offer, but were nevertheless in agreement with the resolution adopted by the remaining directors.

i. Approval by AMX's General Ordinary Shareholders Meeting

As part of the process associated with the Offer, the Offer was approved by AMX's general shareholders meeting on March 17, 2010.

Table of Contents

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Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

10. INTENT

AMX intends to purchase up to 3,481,765,200 Series A-1 full-voting shares, no par value, issued in registered form representing 100% (one hundred percent) of TELECOM's outstanding capital, and to concurrently offer for their subscription up to 7,128,566,070 of its Series L limited-voting shares, no par value, issued in registered form, based upon an exchange ratio of 2.0474 Series L AMX Shares for each TELECOM Share.

For additional information concerning AMX plans and prospects, see Section 11 of this Disclosure Statement, Purpose and Future Plans.

As announced by AMX, subject to the satisfaction of the applicable requirements AMX intends to cancel the registration of the TELECOM Shares and the TELINT Shares with the RNV. Such cancellation is subordinated to the primary purpose of the Offer and the TELINT Offer, which is for AMX to acquire up to 100% (one hundred percent) of the outstanding shares of TELECOM and TELINT. In other words, in conducting the Offer and the TELINT Offer, AMX does not primarily seek to obtain the cancellation of the registration of the TELECOM Shares and the TELINT Shares with the RNV, and such cancellation will be a consequence of the acquisition of the TELECOM Shares and the TELINT Shares by AMX and will be subject to the satisfaction of all applicable legal requirements and the receipt of all the requisite corporate approvals.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

11. PURPOSE AND FUTURE PLANS

The primary purpose of the Offer is for AMX to acquire all of the outstanding shares of stock of TELECOM available in the open market, and for TELECOM's participating shareholders to subscribe AMX Shares.

Consolidation of Operations and Creation of Synergies between AMX and TELINT

The purpose of the Offer and the TELINT Offer is for AMX to acquire, directly or indirectly, substantially all of the outstanding shares of stock of TELECOM and TELINT, so as to integrate AMX's wireless communication services with TELINT's voice, data and video transmission, Internet access and other telecommunications services in Brazil, Colombia and certain Latin American countries where both AMX and TELINT currently operate. AMX believes that the evolution of the telecommunications industry in the past few years has resulted in the development of integrated technological platforms capable of providing combined voice, data and video transmission services. This circumstance, coupled with the most recent advances in applications, functionalities and equipment, points towards an exponential increase in the demand for data services throughout Latin America. AMX believes that the proposed business combination would enable it to provide integrated communication services to its customers in the two companies' operating regions, regardless of their platform of origin at any given time.

AMX and TELINT have significant operations in seven countries. AMX provides wireless voice and data services in each such country. The following table contains a description of the services offered by TELINT in each such country:

Country	TELINT
Brazil	National and international long-distance telephony Internet access DTH TV VPN data solutions Managed voice, data and video transmission Data Center Call Center Satellite TV
Chile	National and international long-distance telephony Internet access DTH-HFC TV VPN data solutions

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	Managed voice, data and video transmission
	Data Center
	Satellite TV
Argentina	National and international long-distance telephony
	Internet access
	VPN data solutions
	Managed voice, data and video transmission
	Data Center
	Print and Internet-based yellow-page directories
Colombia	National and international long-distance telephony
	Internet access
	VPN data solutions
	Managed voice, data and video transmission
	Data Center
	Print and Internet-based yellow-page directories

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

Country	TELINT
Peru	National and international long-distance telephony
	Public telephony
	Internet access
	DTH-HFC TV
	VPN data solutions
	Managed voice, data and video transmission
	Satellite TV
Ecuador	Print and Internet-based yellow-page directories
	National and international long-distance telephony
	Public telephony
	Internet access
	VPN data solutions
Uruguay	Data Center
	HFC Pay TV
	National and international long-distance telephony
	Internet access
	VPN data solutions
	International managed voice, data and video transmission
	Data Center

* Through its subsidiaries, TELINT offers double- and triple-play services in Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Peru and Ecuador. TELINT also offers double-play services in Argentina.

AMX anticipates that upon completion of the Offer and the TELINT Offer it will be able to create synergies and opportunities for growth throughout Latin America and, particularly, in these seven countries. The proposed business combination will facilitate the use of the operating companies' networks, information systems, management and personnel, and will enable them to provide more universally integrated services to their customers. AMX expects that the combined entity will enjoy of a strengthened position towards the major suppliers and will be better able

to implement new technologies.

AMX has identified several areas where it may develop specific plans in terms of its consolidation and the creation of synergies: (1) operations, networking and IT; (2) legal, taxation and finance; (3) marketing and distribution; and (4) organization. Upon consummation of the Offer and the TELINT Offer, AMX expects to work closely with TELINT towards the achievement of results in these four primary areas. AMX has not prepared any estimates as to the specific financial effects of any of these measures.

AMX has not committed any disposition, liquidation or restructuring of the business assets of either TELECOM or TELINT. AMX does not currently anticipate being required to make any such disposition of assets by the competent regulatory or antitrust authorities as a result of the Offer and/or the TELINT Offer. Depending on the business structure it may implement in each particular country, AMX may be required to obtain certain authorizations or consents from the competent regulatory or antitrust authorities thereof. Consistent with its past practice, AMX will continue to explore potential acquisition opportunities that may enhance the value of its business portfolio, and may decide to carry out any such acquisition directly, through TELINT and/or through any of their respective subsidiaries.

AMX provides services in many of the same countries where TELINT has significant business operations, including wireless telecommunication services in Paraguay and Uruguay, fixed-line and wireless telecommunication services in Guatemala, El Salvador, Honduras, Nicaragua and Panama, fixed-line, wireless and broadband services in the Dominican Republic and Puerto Rico, and wireless telecommunication and value added services in Jamaica.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

Plans with Respect to TELINT

Upon completion of the Offer and the TELINT Offer, and assuming that AMX will successfully acquire a substantial majority of the TELINT Shares (other than the TELINT Shares currently owned by TELECOM), AMX will hold a controlling interest in TELINT. AMX's immediate priority will be to ensure that both companies can continue providing high-quality services to their subscribers and working efficiently to achieve the generation of synergies and opportunities for growth throughout Latin America.

Contingent upon the outcome of the Offer and the TELINT Offer, and upon the development of AMX's business plan as with respect to the combined entity, AMX could decide to implement certain changes in the organizational structure of TELINT and its subsidiaries. For instance, while it currently has no specific plans to that effect, AMX could cause TELINT to restructure or merge some of its subsidiaries in certain markets.

AMX may decide to change the capital structure and financing practices of TELINT and its subsidiaries. In particular, AMX or its subsidiaries may decide, at any time prior to, during and after the Offer, to supply financing to TELINT, TELECOM and Telmex or their respective subsidiaries.

In addition, following the consummation of the Offer and the TELINT Offer, AMX expects to review TELINT's past dividend and share repurchase practices and its capitalization and leverage ratios. AMX has yet to develop any specific plans in that regard and believes that TELINT can continue to operate successfully as an independently capitalized and funded group.

AMX does not anticipate making any material change in TELINT's management following the Offer and the TELINT Offer. However, if the TELINT Shares are delisted in both Mexico and the U.S., AMX would implement certain changes in the composition of TELINT's board of directors, including removing those directors who were appointed by the public.

Because the consummation of the TELINT Offer is not conditioned upon the acquisition of a minimum number of TELINT Shares, AMX could complete the Offer but hold less than 100% (one hundred percent) of the TELINT Shares. The existence of minority shareholders at TELINT may generate additional expenses and result in administrative inefficiencies. For example, AMX may be precluded from cancelling the registration of the TELINT Shares or from conducting certain types of reorganizations involving TELINT and its subsidiaries that would result in significant benefits to the combined entity.

Plans with Respect to TELECOM

Contingent upon the outcome of the Offer, AMX may decide to implement certain changes in the organizational structure of TELECOM and its subsidiaries. For instance, although AMX does not currently have any plans to such effect, AMX could decide to restructure or merge TELECOM or any of its subsidiaries with or into other entities within AMX's group.

AMX or its subsidiaries may decide, at any time prior to, during and after the Offer, to supply financing to TELINT, TELECOM and Telmex or their respective subsidiaries.

In addition, following the consummation of the Offer, AMX expects to make a decision with respect to the ongoing registration of the TELECOM Shares in the various markets in which such shares are listed for trading, and to review TELECOM's past dividend and share repurchase practices and its capitalization and leverage ratios. AMX may also decide to modify TELECOM's capital structure and financing practices, although it currently has no specific plans to that effect.

Cancellation of the Registration of the TELECOM Shares

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For additional information concerning the maintenance or cancellation of the registration of the TELECOM Shares with the RNV, see Section 17 of this Disclosure Statement, Maintenance or Cancellation of the Registration.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

Plans with Respect to Telmex

Although the acquisition of TELECOM will result in AMX holding an indirect controlling interest in Telmex, AMX does not plan to integrate its operations with the business operations of Telmex, although it may consider potential synergies. AMX or its subsidiaries may decide, at any time prior to, during and after the Offer and/or the TELINT Offer, to supply financing to TELINT, TELECOM and Telmex or their respective subsidiaries.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

12. CAPITAL RESOURCES

Up to 7,128,566,070 Series L shares of AMX, which are currently held by AMX as treasury shares. In addition, to the extent necessary AMX will use its own resources.

AMX will pay for all the estimated expenses incurred in connection with the legal structuring of the Offer. The aggregate amount of expenses to be incurred in connection with the Offer and the TELINT Offer is expected to be approximately Ps.89 million. For additional information regarding the source of the capital resources to available to pay for such expenses, see the immediately preceding section of this Disclosure Statement.

The principal expenses associated with the Offer include, among others:

Application review and processing fees in the amount of Ps.15,708;

Underwriting and exchange fees and commissions in the amount of Ps.10,000,000;

Financial advisors fees in the amount of Ps.20,500,000;

Legal fees in the amount of Ps.10,000,000;

Auditors fees in the amount of Ps.3,477,000;

Printing costs in the amount of Ps.100,000; and

Publication costs in the amount of Ps.75,000.

The above does not include the costs and expenses, other than legal expenses, incurred in connection with the U.S. Offer.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

13. CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As of the Commencement Date, AMX did not own, whether directly or indirectly, any TELECOM Shares.

Assuming that AMX will acquire all of the TELECOM Shares in connection with the Offer, AMX will own 100% (one hundred percent) of the shares of stock of TELECOM; provided, that if the condition set forth in Article 89(I) of the General Corporations Law is not satisfied, then a subsidiary of AMX will purchase one (1) TELECOM Share.

Upon consummation of the Offer and without giving effect to the TELINT Offer, AMX's organizational structure will be as follows:

* For additional information concerning AMX's subsidiaries, see AMX's Annual Report and AMX's Quarterly Report.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

14. CONSEQUENCES OF THE OFFER

The consummation of the Offer will cause the number of TELECOM shareholders to decrease significantly and, as a result, there may be no active secondary market for the TELECOM Shares after the Expiration Date.

Until such time as the registration of the TELECOM Shares with the RNV and the BMV shall have been cancelled, TELECOM will remain subject to the provisions contained in the LMV, the General Rules and other applicable provisions, including those governing the periodic disclosure of information and the supervision and surveillance powers of the CNBV.

As announced by AMX, subject to the satisfaction of the applicable requirements AMX intends to cancel the registration of the TELECOM Shares and the TELINT Shares with the RNV. Such cancellation is subordinated to the primary purpose of the Offer and the TELINT Offer, which is for AMX to acquire up to 100% (one hundred percent) of the outstanding shares of TELECOM and TELINT. In other words, in conducting the Offer and the TELINT Offer, AMX does not primarily seek to obtain the cancellation of the registration of the TELECOM Shares and the TELINT Shares with the RNV, and such cancellation will be a consequence of the acquisition of the TELECOM Shares and the TELINT Shares by AMX and will be subject to the satisfaction of all applicable legal requirements and the receipt of all the requisite corporate approvals.

As described in sections 17 and 19 of this Disclosure Statement, Maintenance or Cancellation of the Registration and Trust for the Acquisition of Shares Subsequent to the Cancellation of the Registration, respectively, if upon completion of the Offer the CNBV approves the cancellation of the TELECOM Shares with the RNV and the BMV, but there are still any TELECOM Shares held by the public, pursuant to Article 108(I)(c) of the LMV the Issuer will establish an irrevocable management trust (the Trust) and transfer thereto, for a term of not less than six (6) months from the date of cancellation of the registration of the TELECOM Shares with the RNV, a number of Series L AMX Shares sufficient to enable the holders of any TELECOM Shares not tendered in connection with the Offer, to subscribe such Series L shares based upon the same exchange ratio as in the Offer. Any TELECOM shareholder that elects not to tender his/her TELECOM Shares in connection with the Offer, or to subsequently transfer such shares to the aforementioned Trust, will become a shareholder of a privately held company. The TELECOM Shares will lose their liquidity, which will in turn have a material adverse effect their market price.

In any event, AMX will observe all applicable legal provisions to ensure the protection of the public's interests and the market generally, as required by the LMV.

The Series L of AMX to be subscribed by the holders of the TELECOM Shares in connection with the Offer are limited-voting shares, no par value, issued in registered form. For additional information, see sections 15 and 16 of this Disclosure Statement, Risk Factors and Rights of the Shareholders, respectively.

AMX does not expect the consummation of the Offer to result in any material violation of the applicable laws and regulations, or the regulatory requirements imposed by the applicable antitrust laws.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

If consummated, the Offer and the TELINT Offer will have the following effect on AMX's capital:

Series	Prior to the Offers			Following the Offers (w/o cash at the TELINT level(**))			Following the Offers (all cash at the TELINT Level)(*))		
	Number of Shares Outstanding	% of Capital Stock	Outstanding Capital	Number of Shares Outstanding	% of Capital Stock	Outstanding Capital	Number of Shares Outstanding	% of Capital Stock	Outstanding Capital
A	445,330,920	1.39%	\$ 3,711,091.00	445,330,920	1.06%	\$ 3,711,091.00	445,330,920	1.13%	\$ 3,711,091.00
AA	11,712,316,330	36.48%	\$ 97,602,635.99	11,712,316,330	27.97%	\$ 97,602,635.99	11,712,316,330	29.85%	\$ 97,602,635.99
L	19,950,883,206	62.14%	\$ 166,257,359.90	29,717,958,608	70.97%	\$ 247,649,654.84	27,079,449,276	69.01%	\$ 225,662,077.10
Total	32,108,530,456	100.00%	\$ 267,571,086.89	41,875,605,858	100.00%	\$ 348,963,381.83	39,237,096,526	100.00%	\$ 326,975,804.09

(*) Assuming that none of the TELINT shareholders participating in the TELINT Offer will elect the cash option.

(**) Assuming that all of the TELINT shareholders participating in the TELINT Offer will elect the cash option.

For additional information concerning AMX's pro forma financial information, see the pro forma financial statements included in Exhibit 25(d) of this Disclosure Statement.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

15. RISK FACTORS

The Offer involves various material risks and consequences. As a result, TELECOM's shareholders should consider such risks, including, without limitation, those described below, before making any decision as to whether or not to participate in the Offer.

The offering price is fixed and will not be adjusted in response to market fluctuations

AMX is offering to purchase the TELECOM Shares based upon an exchange ratio of 2.0474:1 and, as a result, TELECOM's shareholders will receive 2.0474 Series L shares of AMX for each TELECOM Share tendered by them in connection with the Offer. We will not adjust the exchange ratio in response to any fluctuation in the market price of the securities subject matter of the Offer. The market price of the TELECOM Shares may vary significantly between the date of this Disclosure Statement and throughout the Offering Period.

The liquidity of any TELECOM Shares not tendered in connection with the Offer may be adversely affected

AMX intends to acquire up to 100% (one hundred percent) of the shares of stock of TELECOM in connection with the Offer, and to promote the cancellation of the registration of the TELECOM Shares with the RNV and the BMV. The market for any remaining TELECOM Shares may be less liquid than the market for such shares prior to the Offer, and the market value of such shares could decrease significantly with respect to their value prior to the Expiration Date, particularly if the TELECOM Shares are effectively cancelled with the RNV and delisted from the BMV.

If you do not tender your TELECOM Shares in connection with the Offer, you will remain a minority shareholder of TELECOM and there may be no liquid market for the TELECOM Shares

If you do not tender your TELECOM Shares in connection with the Offer, upon completion of the Offer you will become a minority shareholder in TELECOM and will have limited rights, if any, to influence the outcome of any decision requiring shareholder approval, including the election of directors, the acquisition or transfer of material assets, the issuance of shares or other securities, and the payment of dividends on the TELECOM Shares. Mexican law affords limited rights to minority shareholders. Under Mexican law, AMX may be required to conduct a subsequent offer to purchase any remaining TELECOM Shares, or to establish a trust for the acquisition of any publicly held TELECOM Shares. However, AMX cannot predict whether the conditions that would trigger such obligation will occur. In addition, upon completion of the Offer the market for the TELECOM Shares may become less liquid. As a result, the price for any future transfer of TELECOM Shares could be significantly lower than the price per share reflected by the exchange ratio applicable to the Offer.

In addition, unless the CNBV approves the cancellation of the TELECOM Shares with the RNV, such shares will continue to trade on the BMV. Pursuant to Article 108 of the LMV, the CNBV may cancel the registration of any securities with the RNV in any of the events set forth in such provision, if it determines that the protection of the public's interests has been ensured and the conditions set forth in such Article 108 have been satisfied.

Following the consummation of the Offer, the market liquidity of the TELECOM Shares will be materially and adversely affected as a result of the cancellation of the registration of such shares with the RNV and the BMV, given that in all likelihood there will be no further active trading market in which to sell such shares. As a result, the purchase price of such TELECOM Shares would be substantially lower than the price offered in connection with the Offer.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

As announced by AMX, subject to the satisfaction of the applicable requirements AMX intends to cancel the registration of the TELECOM Shares and the TELINT Shares with the RNV. Such cancellation is subordinated to the primary purpose of the Offer and the TELINT Offer, which is for AMX to acquire up to 100% (one hundred percent) of the outstanding shares of TELECOM and TELINT. In other words, in conducting the Offer and the TELINT Offer, AMX does not primarily seek to obtain the cancellation of the registration of the TELECOM Shares and the TELINT Shares with the RNV, and such cancellation will be a consequence of the acquisition of the TELECOM Shares and the TELINT Shares by AMX and will be subject to the satisfaction of all applicable legal requirements and the receipt of all the requisite corporate approvals.

AMX's failure to acquire a substantial majority of the outstanding capital stock of TELECOM could affect its ability to complete any post-closing changes in the organizational structure of the combined company, which could reduce or delay the cost savings or revenue benefits to the combined company

The Offer is not conditioned upon the acquisition of a minimum number of TELINT Shares. In addition, under Mexican law, AMX will only be permitted to apply for the cancellation of the registration of the TELECOM Shares with the RNV and to delist such shares on the BMV if at least 95% (ninety five percent) of the holders of TELECOM Shares vote favorably (it is the applicable threshold required by Mexican Law to request cancellation of the registration of shares with the RNV and its subsequent delisting from the BMV). As a result, AMX could complete the Offer but hold less than 100% (one hundred percent) of the TELECOM Shares. The existence of minority shareholders at TELECOM and the non-cancellation of the registration of the TELECOM Shares with the RNV and the fact that TELECOM Shares remain listed on the BMV, may generate additional expenses and result in administrative inefficiencies. For example, AMX may be precluded from conducting certain types of changes in the organizational structure of TELECOM and its subsidiaries that would result in significant benefits to the combined entity. In addition, AMX may be required to maintain separate committees at the AMX and TELECOM boards of directors, and may be subject to separate reporting requirements with the BMV. In addition, all transactions between AMX and TELECOM would be required under Mexican law to be on an arm's length basis, which may limit AMX's ability to achieve certain savings and to conduct the joint operations as a single business unit in order to achieve its strategic objectives. As a result, it may take longer and be more difficult to effect any post-closing change in organizational structure and the full amount of the cost synergies and revenue benefits for the combined company may not be obtained or may only be obtained over a longer period of time. This may adversely affect AMX's ability to achieve the expected amount of cost synergies and revenue benefits after the Offer is completed.

If you do not tender your TELECOM Shares in connection with the Offer, you may in the future cease to receive dividend payments from TELECOM

TELECOM paid dividends in each of 2007, 2008 y 2009. Following the consummation of the Offer, TELECOM could or AMX could cause TELECOM to reduce or discontinue the payment of dividends and allocate the relevant resources to make business acquisitions or meet its payment obligations, including, without limitation, its obligations under any financing arrangement that AMX and TELECOM or its subsidiaries may enter into from time to time. As a result, you should not assume that TELECOM will continue to pay dividends on the TELECOM Shares if you elect not to tender your TELECOM Shares in connection with the Offer.

In case of consummation of the Offer, AMX may fail to realize the business growth opportunities, revenue benefits, cost savings and other benefits anticipated from, or may incur unanticipated costs associated with the Offer

Acquisition of TELECOM Shares by AMX may not achieve the business growth opportunities, revenue benefits, cost savings and other benefits that AMX anticipates. AMX believes the consideration for the

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

Offers is justified by the benefits it expects to achieve by combining its operations with TELECOM and TELINT. However, these expected business growth opportunities, revenue benefits, cost savings and other benefits may not develop and other assumptions upon which the offer consideration was determined may prove to be incorrect, as, among other things, such assumptions were based on publicly available information.

AMX may be unable to fully implement its business plans and strategies for the combined businesses due to regulatory restrictions. Each of AMX and TELINT is subject to extensive government regulation, and AMX may face regulatory restrictions in the provision of combined services in some of the countries in which it operates. For example, in Brazil, AMX's and TELINT's businesses are regulated by the Brazilian National Telecommunications Agency, or Anatel. Upcoming regulations by Anatel, which focus on economic groups with significant market powers, would impose new cost-based methodologies for determining interconnection fees charged by operators in Brazil. AMX cannot predict whether Anatel will impose specific regulations that would affect its combined operations more adversely than they would affect its individual operations. In Mexico, Telcel is part of an industry-wide investigation by the Federal Competition Commission to determine whether any operators possess substantial market power or are engaged in monopolistic practices in certain segments of the Mexican telecommunications market. TELECOM is the direct holder of approximately 59.4% (fifty nine point four percent) of the outstanding capital stock of Telmex, and AMX will be acquiring part of Telmex through the Offer. AMX cannot predict whether the Federal Competition Commission or other governmental entities would renew or revise its investigations to take into account the combined businesses.

Under any of these circumstances, the business growth opportunities, revenue benefits, cost savings and other benefits anticipated by AMX to result from the reorganization may not be achieved as expected, or at all, or may be delayed. To the extent that AMX incurs higher integration costs or achieve lower revenue benefits or fewer cost savings than expected, its results of operations, financial condition and the price of its shares may suffer.

If you elect to participate in the Offer, you will receive limited-voting shares of AMX

Holders of TELECOM Shares who may elect to participate in the Offer will be entitled to subscribe Series L shares of the capital stock of AMX, which shares are not subject to and are not included in the Offer.

Holders of AMX L Shares are not permitted to vote except on such limited matters as, among others, the transformation or merger of AMX, the transformation of AMX from one type of company to another, any merger involving AMX, the extension of the corporate life or the voluntary dissolution of AMX, any change in its corporate purpose, any change of nationality, the cancellation of registration of AMX's shares with the BMV, and any other matter affecting the rights of the holders of the AMX L Shares. Accordingly, those persons who may acquire Series L shares of AMX in connection with the Offer will have different rights as with respect to the holders of shares of other series of stock of AMX.

For additional information regarding the AMX L Shares and a comparison between such shares and the A-1 TELECOM Shares, see Section 16 of this Disclosure Statement, Rights of the Shareholders.

AMX's shareholders will experience dilution as a result of the Offer

The issuance of shares at a price over book value results in an immediate dilution in the stockholders' equity per share for any buyer who may subscribe such shares at the pre-established price in connection with the Offer. As a result, the book value per share for any investor who may elect to subscribe shares in connection with the Offer will differ from his initial contribution and will experience dilution in the net profit per share.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

The fact that the AMX Shares may trade at a discount over book value is separate and different from the risk that AMX's stockholders equity per share may decrease. AMX cannot predict whether its shares of stock will trade at above or below its book value per share. Pursuant to AMX's financial statements as of December 31, 2009, the subscription or reference price in the Offer is higher than the book value per AMX Share. See Section 23.2(h) of this Disclosure Statement, "The Offer Dilution" and Exhibit 25(k) hereto, which contains AMX's audited consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009.

See also Section 3, "Critical Information Risk Factors," in AMX's Annual Report (pages 7 to 18), which is incorporated herein by reference.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

16. RIGHTS OF THE SHAREHOLDERS

a. The TELECOM Shares

According to TELECOM's Annual Report, TELECOM's capital is represented by Series A-1 shares of common stock, no par value, issued in registered form, representing to the minimum fixed portion of such capital. The issuance of any new shares on account of the minimum fixed portion of the capital stock requires the amendment of the Issuer's bylaws and is subject to approval by the general extraordinary shareholders meeting. As a limited liability, variable capital corporation, TELECOM's capital consists of a minimum fixed portion and may include a variable portion. As of the date hereof, TELECOM has not issued any shares on account of the variable portion of its capital.

The Series A-1 shares may only be held by Mexican nationals. Mexican corporations whose bylaws permit the participation of foreign capital therein, and foreign nationals, may only acquire such shares in the form of ordinary participation certificates issued by Banco Inbursa, S.A., Institución de Banca Múltiple, Grupo Financiero Inbursa.

Each TELECOM Share entitles its holder to cast one vote at any shareholders meeting of TELECOM. The TELECOM Shares carry full voting rights.

The holders of the TELECOM Shares are entitled to appoint the members of the Board of Directors of TELECOM. TELECOM's Board of Directors currently consists of seven directors and seven alternates. Any shareholder or group of shareholders representing, individually or in the aggregate, 10% (ten percent) or more of TELECOM's voting stock, including its limited voting stock, are entitled to appoint a director during the company's general shareholders meeting, and to revoke such appointment. In the event of any such appointment, such shareholder or group of shareholders will not be entitled to vote on the election of the directors and alternates designated by the majority. The directors appointed by the minority shareholders may be removed by the majority only if all of the remaining directors are concurrently removed, unless such removal is for cause under the LMV.

The TELECOM Shares carry equal rights to participate in any dividend or other distribution, including upon TELECOM's liquidation. Partly paid shares will participate in any such distribution only if the balance outstanding thereon is paid as of the date of such distribution or, otherwise, to the extent of or in proportion to the amount paid as of such date.

No TELECOM Shares confer to their holders any right to vote during the company's general shareholders meetings, other than as described above. In addition, to the best of the Issuer's knowledge, there is no agreement in place that could delay, prevent, differ or impose additional requirements for a change in TELECOM's control. The corporate rights conferred to their holders by the TELECOM Shares are not limited by reason of the existence of any trust or other arrangement in effect as of the date hereof.

b. The AMX Shares

As of the date hereof, AMX's capital stock comprises Series AA shares, Series A shares, and Series L shares. All of the outstanding shares of AMX are fully subscribed and paid-in. Any TELECOM shareholder who may elect to participate in the Offer will be entitled to subscribe Series L shares of AMX, which shares are not included in the Offer.

Holders of the Series L shares are entitled to vote only in limited circumstances, including the transformation of AMX from one type of corporation to another, any merger involving AMX, the extension of its corporate life, its voluntary dissolution, any change in its corporate purpose, any change of nationality, the removal of AMX's shares from listing on the BMV or any foreign stock exchange, and any other matter that may affect the rights of the holders of the Series L shares.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

The Series AA shares, which must represent at all times at least 51% of the aggregate number of Series AA and Series A shares, may only be held by investors who qualify as Mexican pursuant to Mexico's Foreign Investment Law (*Ley de Inversión Extranjera*) and the bylaws of AMX. Each Series AA and Series A share may be exchanged, at the election of its holder, for one Series L share; provided, that the Series AA shares may not represent at any time less than 20% of AMX's capital or less than 51% of the aggregate number of Series AA and Series A shares.

Absent the appointment of a director by the minority shareholders, the holders of the Series L shares, voting as a class pursuant to a resolution adopted at a special shareholders meeting convened to such effect, will be entitled to appoint two members of the Board of Directors of AMX and two alternates; provided, that the aggregate number of directors appointed by the minority shareholders and the holders of the Series L shares, as a class, may in no event exceed the aggregate percentage of the capital stock represented by the Series L shares, divided by 10.

The following table contains a brief summary of the principal differences between TELINT's Series A and Series L shares, and the AMX Shares:

TELECOM Series A-1 Shares	Voting Rights	AMX L Shares
<p>Holders of TELECOM A-1 Shares entitled to elect all of the members of the Board of Directors and the corresponding alternate directors.</p> <p>Under Mexican law, holders of TELECOM A-1 Shares are entitled to cast one vote per share at any shareholders meeting.</p> <p>Under Mexican law, holders of 20% or more of all outstanding TELECOM A-1 Shares would be entitled to request judicial relief against any such action taken without such vote.</p> <p>Holders of TELECOM A-1 Shares are entitled to vote on all matters at any meeting of TELECOM shareholders.</p>	<p>Holders of AMX L Shares entitled to vote only to elect two members of the Board of Directors and the corresponding alternate directors.</p> <p>Under Mexican law, holders of AMX L Shares are entitled to vote as a class on any action that would prejudice the rights of the holders of AMX L Shares.</p> <p>Under Mexican law, holders of AMX L Shares, a holder of 20% or more of all outstanding AMX L Shares would be entitled to judicial relief against any such action taken without such a vote.</p> <p>Holders of AMX L Shares are entitled to vote on the following matters together with the holders of the AMX AA Shares and the AMX A Shares. A resolution on any of these matters requires the affirmative vote of both a majority of all outstanding shares and a majority of the AMX AA Shares and the AMX A Shares voting together:</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">The transformation of AMX from one type of company to another;</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">any merger of AMX;</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">the extension of AMX's corporate life;</p>	

AMX's voluntary dissolution;

change in AMX's corporate purpose;

transactions that represent 20% or more of AMX's consolidated assets;

a change in AMX's state of incorporation;

removal of AMX's shares from listing on the BMV or any foreign stock exchange; and

any action that would prejudice the rights of holders of AMX L Shares.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

TELECOM Series A-1 Shares

AMX L Shares

Dividend Rights

Holders of TELECOM A-1 Shares are entitled to participate in dividend or other distributions at the time such dividend or other distribution is declared.

Holders of AMX L Shares are entitled to receive a cumulative preferred annual dividend of Ps.0.00042 per share before any dividends are payable in respect of any other class of AMX s capital stock.

If a dividend is paid after payment of the AMX L Share preferred dividend, such dividend must first be allocated to the payment of dividends to AMX A Shares and AMX AA Shares, in equal amounts, up to the amount of the AMX L Share preferred dividend, and then to all classes of shares, such that the dividend per share is equal.

Liquidation Preference

None.

Upon liquidation, AMX L Shares are entitled to a liquidation preference equal to: (i) accrued but unpaid AMX L Share preferred dividends, plus (ii) Ps. 0.00833 per share (representing the capital attributable to AMX L Shares as set forth in AMX s bylaws) before any other distribution is made.

Following payment in full of any such amount, holders of AMX AA Shares and AMX A Shares are entitled to receive, if available, an amount per share equal to the liquidation preference paid per AMX L Shares. Following payment in full of the foregoing amounts, all shareholders share equally, on a per share basis, any remaining amounts payable in respect of AMX s capital stock.

Limitations on Share Ownership with Respect to non-Mexican Investors

Pursuant to TELECOM s bylaws, non-Mexican investors and Mexican entities the bylaws of which allow for the participation therein of non-Mexican investors, are not permitted to own any of TELECOM s capital stock.

On March 17, 2010, AMX s shareholders approved an amendment to the company s nationality, to preclude the participation of non-Mexicans therein. The AMX L Shares are neutral shares and, as such, do not constitute a foreign investment under Mexican law

Limitations on Share Ownership

None.

AMX L Shares and AMX A Shares together cannot represent more than 80% of AMX S capital stock. 20% of AMS s capital stock must consist of AMX AA Shares.

Capital Increases and Preemptive Rights

In the event of a capital increase, except in certain circumstances such as mergers, convertible debentures, public offers and placement of repurchased shares, a holder of existing TELECOM A-1 Shares has a

Any capital increase must be represented by new shares of each series (including AMX L Shares) in proportion to the number of shares of each series outstanding.

preferential right to subscribe to a sufficient number of TELECOM A-1 Shares to maintain that holders existing proportionate holdings of TELECOM A-1 Shares.

In the event of a capital increase, except in certain circumstances such as mergers, convertible debentures, public offers and placement of repurchased shares, a holder of exiting AMX L Shares has a preferential right to subscribe to a sufficient number of AMX L Shares to maintain that holders existing proportionate holdings of AMX L Shares.

At the extraordinary shareholders meeting held March 17, 2010, AMX's shareholders approved an amendment to AMX's bylaws so as to include therein a provision precluding the participation of non-Mexican investors in AMX. The inclusion of such provision in AMX's bylaws is a prerequisite for the consummation of the Offer and is necessary to comply with the provisions contained in TELECOM's and Telmex's bylaws. According to such provision, the ownership of AMX's shares is reserved to Mexican investors within the meaning of the Foreign Investment Law. However, such provision is not applicable to AMX's Series L shares, and an interim provision adopted concurrently therewith does not impose ownership restrictions upon the Series A shares issued prior to the aforementioned amendment.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

17. MAINTENANCE OR CANCELLATION OF THE REGISTRATION

As announced by AMX, subject to the satisfaction of the applicable requirements AMX intends to cancel the registration of the TELECOM Shares and the TELINT Shares with the RNV. Such cancellation is subordinated to the primary purpose of the Offer and the TELINT Offer, which is for AMX to acquire up to 100% (one hundred percent) of the outstanding shares of TELECOM and TELINT. In other words, in conducting the Offer and the TELINT Offer, AMX does not primarily seek to obtain the cancellation of the registration of the TELECOM Shares and the TELINT Shares with the RNV, and such cancellation will be a consequence of the acquisition of the TELECOM Shares and the TELINT Shares by AMX and will be subject to the satisfaction of all applicable legal requirements and the receipt of all the requisite corporate approvals.

Assuming that TELECOM's shareholders will elect to tender their shares in connection with the Offer, AMX intends purchase up to 100% (one hundred percent) of the TELECOM Shares and may file a petition to cancel the registration of such shares with the RNV and the BMV, subject to the consent of at least 95% (ninety five percent) of TELECOM's shareholders. Contingent upon the outcome of the Offer, and subject to the satisfaction of all the conditions set forth in the applicable laws to ensure the protection of the public's interests, and the approval of the requisite corporate actions, AMX intends to file with the CNBV a petition to cancel the registration of the TELECOM Shares and the TELINT Shares with the RNV and the BMV, so that such shares will no longer trade therein.

As described in this Section and in Section 18 below, Trust for the Acquisition of Shares Subsequent to the Cancellation of the Registration, if after the completion of the Offer the CNBV approves the cancellation of the TELECOM Shares with the RNV and the BMV, but there are still any TELECOM Shares held by the public, pursuant to Article 108(I)(c) of the LMV the Issuer will establish the Trust and transfer thereto, for a term of not less than six (6) months from the date of cancellation of the registration of the TELECOM Shares with the RNV, a number of Series L AMX Shares sufficient to enable the holders of any TELECOM Shares not tendered in connection with the Offer, to subscribe such Series L shares based upon the same exchange ratio as in the Offer. Any TELECOM shareholder that elects not to tender his/her TELECOM Shares in connection with the Offer, or to subsequently transfer such shares to the aforementioned Trust, will become a shareholder of a privately held company. The TELECOM Shares will lose their liquidity, which will in turn have a material adverse effect their market price.

In any event, AMX will observe all applicable legal provisions to ensure the protection of the public's interests and the market generally, as required by the LMV.

In addition, the CNBV could resolve not to authorize the cancellation of the registration of the TELECOM Shares notwithstanding that such cancellation may have been approved by TELECOM's shareholders. In either case, the TELECOM Shares would continue to be listed for trading on the BMV.

Legal Provisions Applicable to the Cancellation

Article 108 of the LMV, which sets forth the procedure applicable to the cancellation of the registration with the RNV, provides that such cancellation will only be approved if in the CNBV's opinion the protection of the public's interests has been ensured and all of the conditions set forth in such article have been met. In addition, pursuant to TELECOM's bylaws, the cancellation of the registration with the RNV must be carried out in strict adherence to the LMV and the General Rules.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

Potential Cancellation Scenarios

Contingent upon the outcome of the Offer, following the consummation thereof and subject to the satisfaction of all the applicable legal requirements to ensure the protection of the public's interests, and the approval of all the requisite corporate actions, and assuming that AMX will elect to cancel the registration of the TELECOM Shares and the TELINT Shares with the RNV, under applicable law AMX may proceed with such cancellation in accordance with either of the following scenarios:

A. Immediate Cancellation.

If warranted by the percentage of shares publicly held after the Offer, and subject to the approval of TELECOM's shareholders, AMX will immediately apply for the cancellation of the TELECOM Shares with the RNV and the BMV. The requisite percentage would be at least 95% of the outstanding TELECOM Shares. However, if the holders of 95% (ninety five percent) or more of the outstanding TELECOM Shares approve such cancellation but TELECOM does not meet all the other requirements set forth in Article 8 of the General Rules, unless authorized by the CNBV, including the 300,000 UDIs threshold set in respect of the publicly-held TELECOM Shares, TELECOM would be required to establish a trust in order to conduct a subsequent tender offer.

B. Deferred Cancellation.

If warranted by the percentage of shares publicly held after the Offer, in the CNBV's opinion based upon the outcome of the Offer and a detailed review of the terms on which it was completed, AMX will consider conducting a subsequent public offer based on a price equal to the highest of:

the trading price of such shares on the BMV (which shall for these purposes be the weighted average trading price for the last 30 (thirty) days of reported trading activity for the TELECOM Shares and/or the TELINT Shares, as the case may be, within a period not to exceed the six (6) month-period immediately preceding the subsequent offer or, if the number of trading days within such period is less than 30 (thirty), then the number of days on which such shares were actually traded; or, absent any trading activity occurred during such period, the book value of such shares). For purposes of such determination, the relevant period will include the period subsequent to the announcement of the Offer and, accordingly, there is no guaranty that the resulting price will be equal or similar to the exchange ratio used in connection with the Offer; or

the book value of per TELECOM Share, as the case may be, pursuant to the most recent quarterly report filed with the CNBV and the BMV prior to the commencement of the subsequent offer.

Notwithstanding the above, based upon TELECOM's financial condition and prospects, it may be requested to the CNBV authorization to determine the offering price in the subsequent offer upon other basis, subject to the submission of evidence of the approval of such basis by TELECOM's board of directors, taking into consideration the opinion of its Audit and Corporate Governance Committee, together with a description of the reasons that justify such other price, and a report from an independent expert stating that such other price is consistent with the provisions of Article 108 of the LMV.

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AMX cannot anticipate if, when or under what terms and conditions it will conduct a subsequent offer, or if the offering price in connection therewith will be similar to the price determined for purposes of the Offer.

AMX cannot determine if it will elect to maintain the TELECOM Shares registered with the RNV and the BMV, or to cancel such registrations as a result of the outcome of the Offer, due to, among others, the following considerations:

AMX cannot determine the number of TELECOM Shares it will acquire in connection with the Offer;

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

The Offer is not conditioned upon the acquisition of a minimum number of shares and, accordingly, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the relevant offering documents, AMX will purchase any such number of TELECOM Shares as may be tendered in connection therein;

AMX cannot guaranty that it will establish a trust upon consummation of the Offer. The creation of any such trust will depend on whether or not AMX elects to cancel the registration with the RNV based upon the outcome of such offers;

AMX cannot guaranty that it will request the cancellation of the registration of the TELECOM Shares with the RNV following any subsequent offer. Any decision to such effect will be contingent upon the number of TELECOM Shares acquired by AMX; and

If the TELECOM Shares cease to constitute publicly traded securities as a result of the cancellation of their registration with the RNV, any transfer of such shares by any individual, including any transfer effected through any trust established pursuant to Article 108 of the LMV, will be subject to the Mexican income tax. For additional information on the tax consequences associated with the transfer of shares through such trust, see Section 20 of this Disclosure Statement, Tax Considerations.

The time period it takes to effectively cancel the registration of shares with the RNV is undetermined. Generally, it may take up to two (2) months to initiate the process and it is not possible to determine how long it will take to culminate.

Corporate Rights

The exercise of various corporate rights, including the appointment of directors, the commencement of liability actions against the directors, the right to petition the issuance of notice of a shareholders meeting, the right to request a delay for voting with respect to a particular matter, and the right to challenge the resolutions adopted by the shareholders, requires ownership of a given percentage of the capital stock. Accordingly, upon completion of the Offer the number of shares held by persons other than AMX may not be sufficient to exercise such rights.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

18. OPINIONS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND THE INDEPENDENT EXPERTS

a. Opinion of TELECOM's Board of Directors

As disclosed by TELECOM on March 19, 2010, pursuant to Article 101 of the LMV its Board of Directors, taking into consideration Santander's independent expert opinion and the opinion of TELECOM's Audit and Corporate Governance Committee, both to the effect that the exchange ratio offered by AMX in connection with the Offer is justified from a financial standpoint and, accordingly, is fair to TELECOM's shareholders, determined that the exchange ratio for purposes of the Offer is fair from a financial standpoint.

In addition, pursuant to Article 101 of the LMV, all members of TELECOM's Board of Directors holding TELECOM Shares, and TELECOM's Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Jaime Chico Pardo, have informed AMX that they and their related parties intend to participate in the Offer in the terms proposed by AMX, assuming that the economic situation and market conditions remain stable.

Finally, the members of TELECOM's Board of Directors indicated that, notwithstanding the fact that in their opinion they have no conflicts of interests in connection with the Offer, in order to avoid any potential perception as to the existence of any such conflict Messrs. Arturo Elías Ayub, Daniel Hajj Aboumradi, Carlos Slim Domit, Marco Antonio Slim Domit, Patrick Slim Domit, and Héctor Slim Seade, who are either directors or alternate directors of TELECOM, decided to abstain from participating in any discussion with respect to the Offer, but were nevertheless in agreement with the resolution adopted by the remaining directors.

b. Opinion of the Independent Expert Retained by TELECOM

As disclosed by TELECOM on March 19, 2010, TELECOM's Audit and Corporate Governance Committee confirmed Santander's appointment as independent expert advisor engaged by TELECOM's Board of Directors for purposes of the issuance of an opinion as to the financial fairness of the exchange ratio proposed in connection with the Offer. Based upon the facts disclosed thereto, and the other considerations described in its opinion, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit 25(b), Santander advised TELECOM's Board of Directors that the exchange ratio offered to TELECOM's shareholders is fair from a financial standpoint. Recipients of this Disclosure Statement are advised to review Exhibit 25(b) hereto to fully understand such opinion, including the facts upon which it is based and any qualifications thereto.

c. Opinion of the Financial Advisor and Independent Expert Retained by AMX for Mexican Law Purposes

On January 13, 2010, AMX's Board of Directors issued a favorable opinion with respect to the commencement of the Offer by AMX, and resolved, among other things, to authorize AMX to retain a financial advisor as independent expert for purposes of the Offer (and also to act as independent expert for purposes of, and in accordance with, Mexican law). On February 9, 2010, AMX's Audit and Corporate Governance Committee issued a favorable opinion with respect to the commencement of the Offer by AMX. Likewise, it resolved, among other things, to ratify the appointment of Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC (Credit Suisse). Said appointment was approved by AMX's Board of Directors on January 13, 2010. In connection with the Offer, Credit Suisse was requested (in its capacity as independent expert advisor engaged by AMX's Board of Directors, in accordance with, and for purposes of, Mexican law) to issue for the information of AMX's Board of Directors its opinion, from a financial standpoint, as to the financial fairness of the consideration, in cash or in AMX Shares, offered by AMX to TELINT's shareholders in connection with the Offer. On March 9, 2010, Credit Suisse issued its opinion to AMX Board of Directors, stating that, as of the date thereto and, based upon the facts disclosed therein, and on other considerations included therein, a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit 26(a), the

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

consideration, in cash or in AMX Shares offered to TELINT's shareholders is reasonable from a financial standpoint to AMX. The opinion was issued solely for the information of AMX's Board of Directors for purposes of evaluating the Offer from a financial standpoint and not for the benefit of shareholders and is subject to several presumptions, qualifications, limitations and considerations. The opinion does not deal in any way with other aspects of the Offer, and does not purport to be a recommendation, and shall not be understood as a recommendation to the shareholders in connection with their participation in the Offer or any other matter.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

19. TRUST FOR THE ACQUISITION OF SHARES SUBSEQUENT TO THE CANCELLATION OF THE REGISTRATION

Assuming that TELECOM's shareholders will elect to tender their shares in connection with the Offer, AMX intends purchase up to 100% (one hundred percent) of the TELECOM Shares and may file a petition to cancel the registration of such shares with the RNV and the BMV, subject to the consent of at least 95% (ninety five percent) of TELECOM's shareholders. Contingent upon the outcome of the Offer and subject to the satisfaction of all the conditions set forth in the applicable laws to ensure the protection of the public's interests, and the approval of the requisite corporate actions, upon consummation of the Offer AMX intends to file with the CNBV a petition to cancel the registration of the TELECOM Shares with the RNV and the BMV, so that such shares will no longer trade therein.

Pursuant to Article 108(I)(c) and other applicable provisions, upon cancellation of the registration of the TELECOM Shares the Issuer will establish the Trust and transfer thereto, for a period of not less than six (6) months from the date of cancellation of the registration of the TELECOM Shares with the RNV, a number of Series L AMX Shares sufficient to enable the holders of any TELECOM Shares not tendered in connection with the Offer, to subscribe such Series L shares based upon the same exchange ratio as in the Offer. Any TELECOM shareholder that elects not to tender his/her TELECOM Shares in connection with the Offer, or to subsequently transfer such shares to the aforementioned Trust, will become a shareholder of a privately held company. The TELECOM Shares will lose their liquidity, which will in turn have a material adverse effect their market price.

As announced by AMX, subject to the satisfaction of the applicable requirements AMX intends to cancel the registration of the TELECOM Shares and the TELINT Shares with the RNV. Such cancellation is subordinated to the primary purpose of the Offer and the TELINT Offer, which is for AMX to acquire up to 100% (one hundred percent) of the outstanding shares of TELECOM and TELINT. In other words, in conducting the Offer and the TELINT Offer, AMX does not primarily seek to obtain the cancellation of the registration of the TELECOM Shares and the TELINT Shares with the RNV, and such cancellation will be a consequence of the acquisition of the TELECOM Shares and the TELINT Shares by AMX and will be subject to the satisfaction of all applicable legal requirements and the receipt of all the requisite corporate approvals.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

20. TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following summary contains a description of certain Mexican federal income tax consequences applicable to the Offer, but it does not purport to be a comprehensive description of all of the tax considerations that may be relevant to a decision to participate in the Offer.

This discussion does not constitute, and should not be considered as, legal or tax advice to TELECOM's shareholders. This discussion is for general information purposes only and is based upon the federal tax laws of Mexico as in effect on the date of this Disclosure Statement.

The following considerations may not be applicable to all shareholders alike. Accordingly, TELECOM's shareholders should consult their own tax advisors as to the tax consequences of their participation in the Offer. AMX, the Issuer and the Intermediary assume no liability whatsoever in connection with the tax effects or obligations to those shareholders who may tender their TELECOM shares in connection with the Offer.

a. Transfer of the TELECOM Shares

Those holders of TELECOM Shares that may decide to accept the Offer will transfer their shares for the benefit of AMX. Such transfer may be subject to tax consequences in Mexico.

For purposes of the applicable tax laws, the reference price for tax purposes should be equal to the reference price. However, the reference price may vary for any shareholder able to secure the resolution referred to in Article 26 of Mexico's Income Tax Law.

The transfer of the TELECOM Shares through the BMV in connection with the Offer may have, among others, the following tax consequences depending on the particular situation of each shareholder:

A. Individuals Residents of Mexico

Any individual resident of Mexico not covered by the exception to the condition set forth in Article 109(XXVI) of the Income Tax Law, will be exempt from Mexican income taxes on any gain obtained as a result of the transfer of his/her TELECOM Shares through the BMV in connection with the Offer.

Article 109(XXVI) of the Income Tax Law provides for an exemption from taxation in connection with capital gains from the transfer of shares of Mexican issuers carried out through a stock exchange duly licensed in accordance with the LMV, or the transfer of shares of foreign issuers listed in any such exchange.

Notwithstanding the above, Article 109(XXVI) excludes certain transactions from such exemption. Among others, the following transactions remain subject to income tax payment obligations in Mexico: (i) certain transactions by any person or group of persons (as such terms are defined in the Income Tax Law by reference to the LMV) directly or indirectly holding 10% (ten percent) or more of the shares of stock of the relevant issuer or the ability to exercise the control thereof; and (ii) any transfer of shares other than through a stock exchange duly licensed in accordance with the LMV.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

B. Non-Mexican Residents

Any income received by any non-Mexican resident as a result of the transfer of shares of Mexican issuers, among others, will be deemed to have originated in Mexico and will be subject to the Mexican income tax.

Notwithstanding the above, non-Mexican residents will not be subject to Mexican income tax payment obligations to the extent they sell their shares through the BMV; provided, that the relevant transaction is exempt from income tax obligations pursuant to the provisions contained in Article 109(XXVI) of the Income Tax Law, as described in the preceding paragraph.

Non-Mexican residents holding shares of the Issuer should be aware of the fact that, to the extent that they transfer such shares through the BMV in connection with the Offer, they may be subject to taxation pursuant to the applicable laws of their place or residence or country of origin. Such shareholders should consult with their own tax advisors as to the potential tax consequences of such transfer outside of Mexico.

Individuals or entities that are residents of a country that is party with Mexico to a treaty to avoid double taxation, may abide themselves of the benefits afforded by the applicable treaty by submitting evidence of their residence in such country for tax purposes, appointing a representative for tax purposes in Mexico, and giving notice of such designation to Mexican tax authorities, in addition to satisfying the requirements imposed by the applicable tax laws.

The tax consequences in Mexico from the transfer of TELECOM Shares by non-Mexican residents may vary depending upon the availability of a treaty to avoid double taxation between Mexico and the home country of the relevant TELECOM shareholder.

C. Mexican Resident Entities, and Non-Mexican Entities That Have a Permanent Establishment in Mexico

Gains obtained by legal entities that are residents of Mexico and non-Mexican Residents who have a permanent place of business in Mexico, as a result of the transfer of their TELECOM Shares through the BMV in connection with the Offer, will be considered as taxable income for purposes of the determination of the income tax rate payable thereon.

The gain on the transfer of any shares by any legal entity resident of Mexico or any non-Mexican resident with a permanent place of business in Mexico, will be determined based upon the price per share and the average cost of each such share in terms of the applicable law, taking into consideration the particular circumstances of such person.

b. Subscription of the Series L AMX Shares

The subscription of the Series L AMX Shares by those TELECOM shareholders participating in the Offer should not give rise to any income tax payment obligation in accordance with the Mexican tax laws in effect as of the date of this Disclosure Statement.

c. Transfer of Unregistered Securities

Assuming that TELECOM's shareholders will elect to tender their shares in connection with the Offer, AMX intends purchase up to 100% (one hundred percent) of the TELECOM Shares and may file a petition to cancel the registration of such shares with the RNV and the BMV, subject to the consent of at least 95% (ninety five percent) of TELECOM's shareholders. Contingent upon the outcome of the Offer

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

and the TELINT Offer, and subject to the satisfaction of all the conditions set forth in the applicable laws to ensure the protection of the public's interests, and the approval of the requisite corporate actions, AMX intends to file with the CNBV a petition to cancel the registration of the TELECOM Shares with the RNV and the BMV, so that such shares will no longer trade therein.

If the TELECOM Shares cease to constitute publicly traded securities as a result of the cancellation of their registration with the RNV, any transfer of such shares by any individual, including any transfer effected through the Trust, will be subject to the Mexican income tax.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

21. LEGAL CONDITIONS

By means of the Offer, AMX is inviting TELECOM s shareholders, during the period from the Commencement Date to the Expiration Date, to enter into a binding arrangement in the terms set forth in this Disclosure Statement. By participating in the Offer and tendering or causing their TELECOM Shares to be tendered to Inbursa in accordance with the procedure set forth in this Disclosure Statement, TELECOM s shareholders fully and consent to the terms and conditions of the Offer as described in this Disclosure Statement. Such acceptance shall become irrevocable as of the Expiration Date.

On the Expiration Date, those TELECOM shareholders who may have accepted the Offer and tendered or caused their TELECOM Shares to be tendered in accordance with the procedure set forth in this Disclosure Statement will be deemed to have entered into a binding agreement subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Disclosure Statement.

In addition, by participating in the Offer each TELECOM shareholder represents, for the benefit of AMX, that (i) he/she holds all legal and valid title to the TELECOM Shares tendered by him/her in connection with the Offer for purposes of participating therein in the terms and conditions set forth in this Disclosure Statement, (ii) there is no right of any third party attaching to the TELECOM Shares tendered by him/her in connection with the Offer, which could limit or restrict such participation in any manner whatsoever, and (iii) there is no legal, regulatory or contractual provision that could limit or restrict the acquisition of his/her TELECOM Shares by AMX in connection with the Offer, and/or the exercise by AMX of the rights pertaining to such TELECOM Shares.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

22. RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

For information concerning certain recent developments affecting AMX, see AMX's Additional Reports, which are available for consultation through AMX at www.americamovil.com. For ease of reference, copies of such reports are attached as Exhibits 25(f) and 25(g) to this Disclosure Statement.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

23. INFORMATION REQUIRED BY EXHIBIT H OF THE GENERAL RULES

Set forth below is certain information required by Exhibit H of the General Rules.

23.1 General

a. Glossary of defined terms

See the Glossary of Defined Terms included in this Disclosure Statement.

b. Executive Summary

The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to Section 4, *The Company* (pages 19 to 62), of AMX's Annual Report.

c. Risk Factors

The Offer and the resulting subscription of the AMX Shares involve various material risks and consequences. Investors should carefully consider the risk factors described in this Disclosure Statement. Such risk factors are not the only ones to which AMX is exposed. There may be additional risks and uncertainties unknown to AMX or which AMX does not currently deem relevant but which could affect its business operations.

The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to Section 3, *Critical Information Risk Factors* (pages 7 to 18), of AMX's Annual Report.

The risk factors incorporated herein by reference to AMX's Annual Report have not been supplemented in any manner that could affect AMX's financial condition and/or current strategy. Given AMX's primary line of business, no environmental risk factors have been included therein.

For additional information on the risk factors relating to the Offer, see Section 15, *Risk Factors*, of this Disclosure Statement.

d. Other Securities

Securities Registered with the RNV

AMX's shares were first registered with the RNV and listed for trading on the BMV in February 2001. AMX has filed when due with the CNBV and the BMV all the quarterly and annual information required by the LMV and the General Rules. In addition, AMX has filed when due all the relevant event reports and complied with all the applicable ongoing information requirements set forth in the applicable Mexican laws.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

Below is a list of AMX's registered securities as of the date hereof:

Initial commercial paper (*certificados bursátiles*) program in the aggregate amount of Ps.5,000,000,000.00 (five billion Pesos), approved for registration by the CNBV on August 9, 2001. AMX has placed the following issues under such program:

	Issue Amount (in millions of Pesos)	Trading Symbol	Date of Issue	Maturity
Ps.	1,500	AMX 01	August 10, 2001	August 10, 2006*
Ps.	1,750	AMX 01-2	October 11, 2001	April 24, 2003*
Ps.	1,750	AMX 01-3	October 12, 2001	October 5, 2006*

* Repaid in full by AMX upon maturity.

Second commercial paper (*certificados bursátiles*) program in the aggregate amount of Ps.5,000,000,000.00 (five billion Pesos), approved for registration by the CNBV on January 30, 2002. AMX has placed the following issues under such program:

	Issue Amount (in millions of Pesos)	Trading Symbol	Date of Issue	Maturity
Ps.	500	AMX 02	January 31, 2002	January 31, 2007*
Ps.	1,250	AMX 02-2	January 31, 2002	January 26, 2006*
Ps.	1,000	AMX 02-3	March 22, 2002	March 23, 2009*
Ps.	400	AMX 02-4	May 9, 2002	January 31, 2007*
Ps.	400	AMX 02-5	May 9, 2002	May 11, 2009*
Ps.	1,000	AMX 02-6	June 24, 2002	June 21, 2007*
Ps.	450	AMX 02-7	June 24, 2002	June 23, 2005*

* Repaid in full by AMX upon maturity.

Third commercial paper (*certificados bursátiles*) program in the aggregate amount of Ps.5,000,000,000.00 (five billion Pesos), approved for registration by the CNBV on September 25, 2001. AMX has placed the following issues under such program:

	Issue Amount (in millions of Pesos)	Trading Symbol	Date of Issue	Maturity
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Ps.	1,000	AMX 03	January 20, 2003	January 26, 2006*
Ps.	1,000	AMX 03-2	July 11, 2003	July 3, 2008*
Ps.	1,000	AMX 03-3	September 5, 2003	August 28, 2008*
Ps.	750	AMX 04	July 26, 2004	July 15, 2010
Ps.	1,000	AMX 04-02	July 26, 2004	July 17, 2008*

* Repaid in full by AMX upon maturity.

Fourth commercial paper (*certificados bursátiles*) program in the aggregate amount of Ps.5,000,000,000.00 (five billion Pesos), approved for registration by the CNBV on August 9, 2001. The program's registration expired without AMX having issued any securities thereunder.

Fifth revolving commercial paper (*certificados bursátiles*) program in the aggregate amount of Ps.10,000,000,000.00 (ten billion Pesos) or its equivalent in UDIs, approved for registration by the CNBV on April 11, 2006. AMX has placed the following issues under such program:

Issue Amount (in millions of Pesos)		Trading Symbol	Date of Issue	Maturity
Ps.	500	AMX 07	April 11, 2007	April 5, 2012
Ps.	2,500	AMX 07-2	November 1, 2007	October 28, 2010
Ps.	2,000	AMX 07-3	November 1, 2007	October 19, 2017
Ps.	2,500	AMX 08	March 7, 2008	February 22, 2018

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

AMX has placed 10 (ten) debt issues in the international securities markets, as follows:

Issue Amount (in millions)	Trading Symbol	Date of Issue	Maturity
US\$ 500	AMXLMM FLOAT 08	December 27, 2006	June 27, 2008*
Ps 8,000	AMXLMM 36 12/36	December 18, 2006	December 18, 2036
Ps 5,000	AMXLMM 9 01/16	October 5, 2005	January 15, 2016
US\$ 1,000	AMXLMM 6 3/8 03/35	February 25, 2005	March 1, 2035
US\$ 500	AMXLMM 5 3/4 01/15	November 3, 2004	January 15, 2015
US\$ 300	AMXLMM FLOAT 07	April 27, 2004	April 27, 2007*
US\$ 500	AMXLMM 4 1/8 03/09	March 9, 2004	March 1, 2009*
US\$ 800	AMXLMM 5 1/2 03/14	March 9, 2004	March 1, 2014
US\$ 600	AMXLMM 5 5/8 11/17	October 30, 2007	November 15, 2017
US\$ 400	AMXLMM 6 1/8 11/37	October 30, 2007	November 15, 2037
UF 4	AMXLMM 3 04/01/14	April 1, 2009	April 1, 2014
JPY 13	N/A	August 24, 2009	August 24, 2034
US\$ 750	AMXLMM 5 10/16/19	October 16, 2009	October 16, 2019

* Repaid in full by AMX upon maturity.

Commercial paper program in the aggregate amount of Ps.10,000,000,000 (ten billion Pesos), maturing June 3, 2010, approved for registration by the CNBV on June 3, 2008.

Revolving commercial paper (*certificados bursátiles*) program in the aggregate amount of Ps.20,000,000,000.00 (twenty billion Pesos) or its equivalent in UDIs, approved for registration by the CNBV on September 9, 2008. AMX has placed the following issues under this program:

Issue Amount (in millions of Pesos/UDIs)	Trading Symbol	Date of Issue	Maturity
UDIS 516,443,800	AMX 08U	September 12, 2008	September 6, 2013
Ps. 3,000	AMX 08-2	September 12, 2008	September 6, 2013

Commercial paper program in the aggregate amount of Ps.10,000,000,000.00 (ten billion Pesos), maturing October 20, 2011, approved for registration by the CNBV on October 10, 2008.

Securities Registered in the International Markets

In addition, AMX shares and ADSs are registered with the SEC and listed for trading in the following markets:

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Series L shares	LATIBEX
Series L ADSs	New York Stock Exchange
	FWB Frankfurter Wertpapierbörse
Series L ADSs	NASDAQ National Market

Pursuant to the SEC's rules and regulations concerning foreign issuers, AMX is required to file with the SEC various reports, including an annual report under Form 20-F and quarterly and relevant event reports under Form 6-K. Such documents are available for consultation over the Internet at www.sec.gov. As of the date hereof, AMX has filed when due all the ongoing information and relevant event reports required to be filed thereby pursuant to foreign applicable laws.

e. Public Documents

The information contained in this Disclosure Statement and the applications filed with the CNBV and the BMV are available for consultation at the Internet addresses of the CNBV and the BMV, ww.cnbv.gob.mx and www.bmv.com.mx, respectively.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

AMX will make copies of such documents available to any investor upon written request addressed to Lago Alberto 366, Edificio Telcel I, Segundo Piso, Colonia Anahuac, 11320 Mexico, D.F., Mexico, attention Daniela Lecuona Torras, Investor Relations Department, telephone (5255) 2581-4449, email: daniela.lecuona@americamovil.com.

Additional information about AMX can be obtained at AMX's Internet address, www.americamovil.com. Such information does not constitute part of this Disclosure Statement.

23.2 The Offer

a. Characteristics of the Securities

See sections 5 and 15 of this Disclosure Statement, *The Offer*, and *Rights of the Shareholders*, respectively.

b. Use of Proceeds

Not applicable. AMX will not receive any of the proceeds of the Offer and will allocate such proceeds to purchase 100% (one hundred percent) of the outstanding shares of stock of TELECOM as of the date hereof.

c. Distribution Plan

Inbursa is the underwriter for the Offer. The AMX Shares may only be subscribed by those electing to participate in the Offer in the terms set forth in Section 5(k) of this Disclosure Statement, *The Offer Exchange Procedure*.

Inbursa does not intend to enter into any management or syndication agreement in connection with the Offer.

It is expected that a notice concerning the Offer will be published on the Date of Commencement, both through the *Emisnet* system maintained by the BMV and in various national newspapers.

Neither AMX nor Inbursa have knowledge of the intent of any of AMX's principal shareholders, officers and directors to participate in the Offer and, accordingly, subscribe any AMX Shares. Pursuant to Article 201 of the LMV, the members of TELECOM's board of directors and Chief Executive Officer have informed AMX that they and their related parties intend to participate in the Offer and tender the TELECOM Shares held by them. For additional information, see Section 18 of this Disclosure Statement, *Opinions of the Board of Directors and the Independent Experts*.

The Offer is a concurrent tender and subscription offer and, as a result, any TELECOM shareholder who may wish to participate in the Offer and subscribe AMX Shares will have the right to so participate in the same terms and conditions as all other eligible shareholders, as described in this Disclosure Statement.

Inbursa currently maintains and may in the future maintain financial and other service relationships with AMX, for which it receives compensation on an arm's length basis (including the compensation payable thereto in its capacity as the underwriter for the Offer). Inbursa believes that no such service poses a conflict of interest with AMX for purposes of the Offer.

d. Expenses

See Section 12 of this Disclosure Statement, Capital Resources.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

e. Capital Structure Following the Offer

See AMX's Pro Forma Financial Statements, which are attached as Exhibit 25(d) to this Disclosure Statement.

f. Duties of the Trustee

Not applicable.

g. Persons Involved in the Offer

The following persons have provided advisory and consulting services in connection with the authorization of this Disclosure Statement and the Offer:

AMX;

Bufete Robles Miaja, S.C., as outside counsel;

Mancera, S.C., a Member Practice of Ernst & Young Global, as external auditors;

Inbursa, as the Underwriter.

Banco Inbursa, S.A., Institución de Banca Múltiple, Grupo Financiero Inbursa, as financial advisor.

AMX's head of investor relations is Daniela Lecuona Torras, whose contact information is as follows: Lago Alberto 366, Edificio Telcel I, Segundo Piso, Colonia Anáhuac, 11320, Mexico, Federal District, Mexico, telephone +(5255) 2581-4449, email: daniela.lecuona@americamovil.com.

None of the aforementioned persons holds a direct or indirect interest in AMX.

h. Dilution

Included below are the amount of the dilution effect and percentage of share subscription, calculated in accordance with the requirements set forth in the General Rules, resulting from the difference between the theoretical subscription price and the per share book value, taking into consideration AMX's financial statements as of December 31, 2009. Also included are the effect in terms of amount and percentage for current shareholders that will not participate in the Offer, and the dilutive effect in gross revenues and book value per share resulting from increase in the number of outstanding shares.

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As of December 31, 2009, the AMX per share book value was Ps.5.54 per share. The book value per AMX Share represents the accounting value of AMX's total assets less its total liabilities, divided by AMX's aggregate outstanding shares as of the date of calculation. The pro forma book value per AMX Share as of December 31, 2009, will increase by Ps1.69 per AMX Share (without giving effect to the fees and expenses payable in connection with the Offer), the later:

after giving effect to the subscription of shares at the reference value in connection with the Offer; and

after giving effect to the subscription of shares at the reference value in connection with the Offer, assuming all shareholders decide to participate and not receive cash.

This amount represents for AMX existing shareholders an immediate theoretical increase of Ps.1.69 in per share book value and for new investors who subscribe at the reference value in the TELECOM and TELINT Offers this will represent an immediate theoretical dilution of Ps.24.03 in the investment value without considering the current book value for both TELECOM and TELINT.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

The following table shows the dilution in book value:

	Ps. per Share
AMX Reference Value in the Offers	31.26
Book Value before Offers	5.54
Increase in book value resulting from share subscription	1.69
Book Value after Offers	7.23
Dilution in purchase book value	24.03

* Based upon the number of shares outstanding as of the date hereof.

As of December 31, 2009, AMX per share net income was Ps.2.40. Once the Offers are consummated and assuming (i) all TELINT shareholders participate in the Offer and all receive AMX shares in lieu of cash and (ii) all TELECOM shareholders participate in the TELECOM Offer, the new AMX per share income at the same date would have been Ps.1.84, representing a Ps.0.56 dilution for current AMX shareholders.

AMX officers and members of its Board of Directors have not purchase shares out of the market or offered to all shareholders in the past three years.

The information included in this section is illustrative, and once the Offers are consummated, it will be adjusted base on real variables.

i. Selling Shareholders

AMX will allocate to the Offer the AMX Shares currently held in its treasury.

j. Market Information

The following table shows the high and low closing prices for AMX's Series L shares on the BMV, and the high and low closing prices for AMX's Series L ADSs on the NYSE during the periods indicated. All such prices have been adjusted to give effect to the three-for-one split share split effected in July 2005, but have not been restated in constant monetary units.

	BMV		NYSE	
	High	Low	High	Low
Annual Highs and Lows	(Ps. per AMX Series L Share)		(U.S.\$ per AMX Series L ADS)	
2005	Ps. 6.15	Ps. 8.65	U.S.\$ 29.54	U.S.\$ 15.21
2006	24.13	15.21	44.40	27.00
2007	36.09	22.85	66.93	40.89
2008	35.09	16.29	66.75	23.63
2009	32.00	18.32	49.69	23.66

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Average Traded Volume

2005	30,759,581	4,098,612
2006	33,287,258	4,212,765
2007	40,242,965	5,724,966
2008	49,045,055	7,938,865
2009	38,419,491	4,873,543

Quarterly Highs and Lows

2008:				
1Q	Ps. 34.35	Ps. 26.66	U.S.\$ 64.10	U.S.\$ 52.70
2Q	35.09	26.89	66.75	52.25
3Q	27.26	23.45	53.23	43.01
4Q	25.54	16.29	46.71	23.63

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

	BMV		NYSE	
	High (Ps. per AMX Series L Share)	Low	High (U.S.\$ per AMX Series L ADS)	Low
2009:				
1Q	Ps. 22.90	Ps. 18.32	U.S.\$ 34.12	U.S.\$ 23.66
2Q	25.84	19.57	39.07	29.10
3Q	31.16	24.88	47.66	37.17
4Q	32.00	28.99	49.69	42.63

Monthly Highs and Lows

2009:				
October	Ps. 31.88	Ps. 27.59	U.S.\$ 50.01	U.S.\$ 42.94
November	31.96	29.87	49.24	45.07
December	32.00	30.03	49.69	46.59
2010:				
January	Ps. 31.80	Ps. 27.59	U.S.\$ 50.01	U.S.\$ 42.94
February	29.76	28.39	45.89	43.38
March	31.47	28.30	50.81	44.90

Source: Bloomberg.

The following table shows the high and low closing prices for AMX's Series A shares on the BMV, and the high and low closing prices for AMX's Series A ADSs on NASDAQ Stock Market, Inc. (NASDAQ) during the periods indicated. The price for AMX's Series A ADSs, as published by NASDAQ, represent trades among sellers and may not be reflective of the actual transactions. All such prices have been adjusted to give effect to the three-for-one split share split effected in July 2005, but have not been restated in constant monetary units.

	BMV		NASDAQ	
	High (Ps. per AMX Series A Share)	Low	High (U.S.\$ per AMX Series A ADS)	Low
Annual Highs and Lows				
2005	Ps. 16.16	Ps. 8.74	U.S.\$ 29.48	U.S.\$ 15.09
2006	24.09	15.15	44.38	26.80
2007	35.94	22.81	66.95	40.88
2008	35.50	16.00	66.40	24.03
2009	32.90	17.91	49.97	23.44

Average Traded Volume

2005	59,995	7,819
2006	62,914	7,121
2007	44,792	8,173
2008	34,927	5,553
2009	82,713	4,519

Quarterly Highs and Lows

2008:

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1Q	Ps. 34.70	Ps. 26.80	U.S.\$ 64.00	U.S.\$ 52.31
2Q	35.50	27.00	66.40	52.15
3Q	27.23	24.10	53.17	43.03
4Q	25.35	16.00	46.50	24.03
2009:				
1Q	Ps. 22.47	Ps. 17.96	U.S.\$ 34.84	U.S.\$ 23.44
2Q	25.70	18.70	38.96	29.17
3Q	31.10	25.00	47.65	37.23
4Q	32.09	28.90	49.97	42.51

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

	BMV		NASDAQ	
	High (Ps. per AMX Series A Share)	Low	High (U.S.\$ per AMX Series A ADS)	Low
Monthly Highs and Lows				
2009:				
October	Ps. 31.80	Ps. 28.90	U.S.\$ 48.64	U.S.\$ 42.51
November	32.09	29.50	49.10	44.44
December	31.80	30.11	49.97	46.74
2010:				
January	Ps. 31.80	Ps. 27.61	U.S.\$ 50.00	U.S.\$ 43.02
February	29.61	25.00	46.03	43.48
March	31.40	27.01	50.57	44.85

Source: Bloomberg.

The market information derived from Bloomberg, contained in this Section, has not been reviewed by the CNBV.

k. Principal Shareholders

The following table identifies each owner of more than 5% of any series of our shares as of February 28, 2010. Except as described in the table below and the accompanying notes, we are not aware of any holder of more than 5% of any series of our shares. Figures below do not include the total number of AMX L Shares that would be held by each shareholder upon conversion of the maximum number of AMX AA Shares or AMX A Shares, as provided for under our bylaws. See Bylaws Share Capital under Item 10 of the América Móvil 2008 Form 20-F.

Shareholder	AA Shares ⁽¹⁾		A Shares ⁽²⁾		L Shares ⁽³⁾		Combined A Shares and AA Shares ^(*)
	Shares Owned (millions)	Percent of Class	Shares Owned (millions)	Percent of Class	Shares Owned (millions)	Percent of Class	
Control Trust ⁽⁴⁾	5,446	46.5					44.7
AT&T Inc. ⁽⁵⁾	2,869	24.5					23.5
Inmobiliaria Carso ⁽⁶⁾	696	5.9					5.7

(*) The AMX AA Shares and AMX A Shares are entitled to elect together a majority of our directors. Percentage figures for each shareholder are based on the number of shares outstanding as of the date of its most recently filed beneficial ownership report.

(1) As of February 28, 2010, there were 11,712 million AMX AA Shares outstanding, representing 96.3% of the total full voting shares (AMX A Shares and AMX AA Shares).

(2) As of February 28, 2010, there were 449 million AMX A Shares outstanding, representing 3.6% of the total full voting shares (AMX A Shares and AMX AA Shares).

(3) As of February 28, 2010, there were 20,033 million AMX L Shares outstanding.

(4) Based on beneficial ownership reports filed with the SEC on March 1, 2010, the Control Trust is a Mexican trust, which directly holds AMX AA Shares for the benefit of the members of the Slim Family. Members of the Slim Family, including Carlos Slim Helú, directly

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own an aggregate of 1,779,218,535 AMX AA Shares and 2,469,735,195 AMX L Shares, representing 15.19% and 12.28%, respectively, of each series and 14.62% of the combined AMX A Shares and AMX AA Shares. According to such reports, none of these members of the Slim Family individually directly own more than 5% of any of our shares. According to reports of beneficial ownership of shares filed with the SEC on March 1, 2010, the Slim Family may be deemed to control us through their beneficial ownership of shares held by the Control Trust and Inmobiliaria Carso (defined below) and their direct ownership of shares. Percentage figures are based on the number of shares outstanding as of the date of the most recently filed beneficial ownership report.

- (5) Based on beneficial ownership reports filed with the SEC on June 20, 2008. In accordance with Mexican law and our bylaws, AT&T holds its AMX AA Shares through a Mexican trust. Percentage figures are based on the number of shares outstanding as of the date of the most recently filed beneficial ownership report.
- (6) Inmobiliaria Carso, S.A. de C.V. is a *sociedad anónima de capital variable* organized under the laws of Mexico. Inmobiliaria Carso is a real estate holding company. The Slim Family beneficially owns, directly or indirectly, a majority of the outstanding voting equity securities of Inmobiliaria Carso. The Slim Family may be deemed to control us through their beneficial ownership held by the Control Trust and Inmobiliaria Carso and their direct ownership of shares. Percentage figures are based on the number of shares outstanding as of the date of the most recently filed beneficial ownership report.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

l. Suspensions

Trading in AMX's shares has not been subject to any suspension in the past three years.

m. Market Maker

AMX has not retained any market makers.

n. Listing

AMX's Shares and ADSs are listed for trading on the following markets:

Series L Shares:	BMV, Mexico City
	Exchange for Latin American Securities (LATIBEX) Madrid, Spain
Series L ADSs:	NYSE, New York
	FWB Frankfurter Wertpapierbörse, Frankfurt
Series A Shares:	BMV, Mexico City
Series A ADSs:	NASDAQ Stock Market, New York

23.3 AMX

a. History and Evolution

The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to Section 4, The Company (pages 19 to 62), of AMX's Annual Report.

b. Business

The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to Section 4, The Company (pages 19 to 62), of AMX's Annual Report.

(i) Primary Line of Business

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The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to Section 4, The Company (pages 19 to 62), of AMX s Annual Report.

(ii) *Distribution Channels*

The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to Section 4, The Company (pages 19 to 62), of AMX s Annual Report.

(iii) *Patents, Licenses, Trademarks and Other Agreements*

The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to Section 4, The Company (pages 19 to 62), of AMX s Annual Report.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

(iv) *Principal Customers*

The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to Section 4, The Company (pages 19 to 62), of AMX's Annual Report.

(v) *Legal Regime and Taxation*

The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to Section 4, The Company (pages 19 to 62), and Section 10, Additional Information (pages 122 to 127), of AMX's Annual Report.

(vi) *Employees*

The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to Section 6, Employees (page 96), of AMX's Annual Report.

(vii) *Environmental*

Not applicable.

(viii) *Market Information*

The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to Section 4, The Company (pages 19 to 62), of AMX's Annual Report.

(ix) *Organizational Structure*

The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to Section 6, Directors, Executive Officers and Employees (pages 88 to 96), and Section 7, Principal Shareholders and Related Party Transactions (pages 88 to 101), of AMX's Annual Report.

(x) *Principal Assets*

The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to Section 4, The Company (pages 19 to 62), of AMX's Annual Report.

(xi) *Legal Proceedings*

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The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to Section 8, Legal Proceedings (pages 103 to 110), of AMX's Annual Report.

(xii) Capital Stock

The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to Section 7, Principal Shareholders and Related Party Transactions (pages 97 to 98) of AMX's Annual Report.

(xiii) Dividends

The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to Section 8, Financial Information Dividends (page 102) of AMX's Annual Report.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

24.4 Financial Information

a. Selected Financial Information

The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to Section 3, *Critical Information - Selected Financial Information* (pages 1 to 4), of AMX's Annual Report, and to AMX's Quarterly Report.

For additional information regarding AMX's financial condition, see AMX's Additional Reports, which are available for consultation at AMX's Internet address, www.americamovil.com. For ease of reference, copies of such reports are attached hereto as Exhibits 25(f) and 25(g).

b. Financial Information by Line of Business, Geographical Region and Exports

The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to Section 4, *The Company* (pages 19 to 62), of AMX's Annual Report, and to AMX's Quarterly Report.

For additional information regarding AMX's financial condition, see AMX's Additional Reports, which are available for consultation at AMX's Internet address, www.americamovil.com. For ease of reference, copies of such reports are attached hereto as Exhibits 25(f) and 25(g).

c. Material Indebtedness Report

The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to Section 5, *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations* (pages 80 to 83), of AMX's Annual Report, and to AMX's Quarterly Report.

For additional information regarding AMX's financial condition, see AMX's Additional Reports, which are available for consultation at AMX's Internet address, www.americamovil.com. For ease of reference, copies of such reports are attached hereto as Exhibits 25(f) and 25(g).

d. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to Section 5, *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations* (pages 63 to 87), of AMX's Annual Report, and to AMX's Quarterly Report.

For additional information regarding AMX's financial condition, see AMX's Additional Reports, which are available for consultation at AMX's Internet address, www.americamovil.com. For ease of reference, copies of such reports are attached hereto as Exhibits 25(f) and 25(g).

(i) Operating Results

The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to AMX's Quarterly Report.

For additional information regarding AMX's financial condition, see AMX's Additional Reports, which are available for consultation at AMX's Internet address, www.americamovil.com. For ease of reference, copies of such reports are attached hereto as Exhibits 25(f) and 25(g).

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

(ii) *Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources*

The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to AMX's Quarterly Report.

For additional information regarding AMX's financial condition, see AMX's Additional Reports, which are available for consultation at AMX's Internet address, www.americamovil.com. For ease of reference, copies of such reports are attached hereto as Exhibits 25(f) and 25(g).

(iii) *Internal Controls*

The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to Section 15, Controls and Procedures (pages 129 to 132), of AMX's Annual Report.

e. Critical Accounting Estimates and Provisions

The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to Section 5, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (pages 84 to 87), of AMX's Annual Report.

For additional information regarding AMX's financial condition, see AMX's Additional Reports, which are available for consultation at AMX's Internet address, www.americamovil.com. For ease of reference, copies of such reports are attached hereto as Exhibits 25(f) and 25(g).

24.5 Management

a. External Auditors

The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to Section 6, Directors, Executive Officers and Employees and Section 16C, Fees of the Principal Auditor (pages 93 and 132), of AMX's Annual Report.

During the past three years there has been no change in AMX's external auditors, and such auditors have not issued any qualified or negative or withheld any opinion whatsoever with respect to AMX's financial statements.

b. Related Party Transactions and Conflicts of Interests

The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to Section 7, Principal Shareholders and Related Party Transactions (pages 99 to 101), of AMX's Annual Report.

c. Directors and Shareholders

The information regarding AMX's shareholders, required to be included under this caption, is deemed incorporated herein by reference to Section 6, Directors, Executive Officers and Employees (pages 88 to 95) and Section 7, Principal Shareholders and Related Party Transactions

(pages 97 and 98), of AMX s Annual Report.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

d. Bylaws and Other Agreements

The information required to be included under this caption is deemed incorporated herein by reference to Section 10, Additional Information Bylaws (pages 114 to 121), of AMX's Annual Report.

At the extraordinary shareholders meeting held March 17, 2010, AMX's shareholders approved an amendment to AMX's bylaws so as to include therein a provision precluding the participation of non-Mexican investors in AMX. The inclusion of such provision in AMX's bylaws is a prerequisite for the consummation of the Offer and is necessary to comply with the provisions contained in TELECOM's and Telmex's bylaws. According to such provision, the ownership of AMX's shares is reserved to Mexican investors within the meaning of the Foreign Investment Law. However, such provision is not applicable to AMX's Series L shares, and an interim provision adopted concurrently therewith does not impose ownership restrictions upon the Series A shares issued prior to the aforementioned amendment.

24.6 Signatures

See Section 24 of this Disclosure Statement.

24.7 Exhibits

a. Financial Statements; Opinion of the Audit and Corporate Governance Committee.

AMX's audited financial statements for the most recent three-year period are incorporated herein by reference to AMX's Annual Report (Exhibit 1). AMX's Quarterly Report is also incorporated by reference herein.

For additional information regarding AMX's financial condition, see AMX's Additional Reports, which are available for consultation at AMX's Internet address, www.americamovil.com. For ease of reference, copies of such reports are attached hereto as Exhibits 25(f) and 25(g).

See also Exhibit 25(k) hereto, which contains AMX's audited consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009.

b. Legal Opinion

See Exhibit 25(f) to this Disclosure Statement.

c. Global Certificate Representing the Issue

See Exhibit 25(j) to this Disclosure Statement.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

24. SIGNATURES

The undersigned hereby represent, under penalty of perjury, that we have no knowledge of any material information which has been omitted from or misrepresented in this Disclosure Statement in connection with the public offer subject matter thereof, or which could induce the public to error.

AMX

América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V.
By: Alejandro Cantú Jiménez
Legal Representative

The Underwriter

Inversora Bursátil, S.A. de C.V., Casa de
Bolsa, Grupo Financiero Inbursa
By: Luis Frías Humphrey
Legal Representative

78

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

The undersigned hereby represent, under penalty of perjury, that we have prepared, within the scope of our respective duties, the information with respect to AMX contained in this Disclosure Statement, and to the best of our knowledge such information reasonably reflects AMX's condition. We further represent that we have no knowledge of any material information which has been omitted from or misrepresented in this Disclosure Statement, or which could be misleading to investors.

AMX

América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V.

By: Daniel Hajj Aboumrad
Title: Chief Executive Officer

By: Carlos José García Moreno Elizondo
Title: Chief Financial Officer

By: Alejandro Cantú Jimenez
Title: General Counsel

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

The undersigned hereby represents, under penalty of perjury, that his principal, in its capacity as Underwriter, has researched, reviewed and analyzed AMX's business and participated in the determination of the terms of the Offer and, to the best of its knowledge, such investigation was sufficiently thorough as to provide an adequate understanding of AMX's business. To the best of its principal's knowledge, there is no material information which has been omitted from or misrepresented in this Disclosure Statement, or which could be misleading to investors.

Its representative has agreed to focus its efforts on maximizing the distribution of the shares subject matter of the Offer, as has advised AMX, as an issuer of securities registered with the RNV and the BMV, of the scope and extent of its obligations towards the public, the competent authorities and other participants in the securities market.

Inversora Bursátil, S.A. de C.V., Casa de
Bolsa, Grupo Financiero Inbursa

By: Luis Roberto Frías Humphrey
Title: Legal Representative

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

The undersigned hereby represents, under penalty of perjury, that to the best of his knowledge the issuance and placement of the securities subject matter hereof have been carried out in compliance with the law and all other applicable provisions. The undersigned has no knowledge of any material legal information which has been omitted from or misrepresented in this Disclosure Statement, or which could be misleading to investors.

By: Rafael Robles Miaja

Bufete Robles Miaja, S.C.
Partner

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

The undersigned hereby represents, under penalty of perjury, that the consolidated financial statements of América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V. and its subsidiaries as of and for the three-year period ended December 31, 2008, and the consolidated financial statements of AMX and its subsidiaries as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, included in this Disclosure Statement, have been audited in accordance with Mexican generally accepted auditing rules. The undersigned further represents that, within the scope of the audit of such financial statements, he has no knowledge of any material financial information which has been omitted from or misrepresented in this Disclosure Statement, or which could be misleading to investors.

By: Omero Campos Segura
External Auditor and Legal Representative

Mancera, S.C., a Member Practice of

Ernst & Young Global

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

25. EXHIBITS

a. Exhibit 25(a) Opinion of Credit Suisse

83

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

b. Exhibit 25(b) Opinion of Santander

84

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

c. Exhibit 25(c) Form of Acceptance Letter

Acceptance Letter

PUBLIC OFFER TO PURCHASE UP TO ALL OF THE OUTSTANDING SERIES A-1 SHARES, NO PAR VALUE, ISSUED IN REGISTERED FORM, REPRESENTING 100% OF THE MINIMUM FIXED, NON-WITHDRAWABLE CAPITAL OF CARSO GLOBAL TELECOM, S.A.B. DE C.V. (TELECOM)

Custodian's Acceptance Letter to Participate in the Offer (the Acceptance Letter)

In order to participate in the Offer, the Custodian shall consolidate all the acceptances and instructions received from its clients and deliver to Inversora Bursátil, S.A. de C.V., Casa de Bolsa, Grupo Financiero Inbursa (Inbursa) a duly completed Acceptance Letter together with the power of attorney granted to its executor, and transfer the applicable TELECOM Shares (the Shares) in the manner set forth below.

This letter must be completed, executed and delivered via courier, return receipt requested, at Inbursa's offices located at Paseo de las Palmas 736, Colonia Lomas de Chapultepec, Delegación Miguel Hidalgo, 11000 México, D.F., Mexico, attention: Mr. Gilberto Pérez Jiménez, telephone +(5255) 5625-4900, ext. 1547, Fax +(5255) 5259-2167.

Acceptance Letters will be received from April 7, 2010, which is the first day of the Offering Period, through May 5, 2010, which is the last day of the Offering Period, or the Expiration Date. The hours for such receipt will be 9:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m., and 4:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m. Mexico City time, each business day during the Offering Period, except for the Expiration Date, which will be 9:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m., Mexico City time.

The Custodian shall transfer the Shares to Inbursa's account No. 2501 with S.D. Indeval, S.A. de C.V., Institución para el Depósito de Valores (Indeval), not later than by 4:00 p.m., Mexico City time, on the Expiration Date. Any Shares transferred to such account after such time will not be included in the Offer.

Any Acceptance Letter improperly completed, received after the dates or hours stipulated above, or which are not accompanied by the transfer of the relevant Shares, will not be taken into consideration and, as a result, the Shares subject matter of such Acceptance Letters will be excluded from the Offer without any liability for Inbursa, América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V. or their respective related parties. Neither América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V., Inbursa or any other person assumes any obligation to notify any Custodian or shareholder who may intend to accept the Offer, of any defect or irregularity in the Acceptance Letter or any document relating to the tender of their shares in connection with the Offer.

For purposes of the Offer, the Custodian, on behalf of its clients, hereby represents that such clients have instructed it to accept the terms and conditions for the Offer as set forth in the Disclosure Statement, which is available for inspection at www.bmv.com.mx as of []. The Custodian further represents that, in accordance with its internal books and records, as of the date hereof each investor on whose behalf it has submitted this Acceptance Letter is the legitimate holder of the Shares and has the necessary legal capacity to transfer such shares in connection with the Offer.

The Custodian will receive, through Indeval, 2.0474 Series L AMX Shares in exchange for each Series A-1 TELECOM Share tendered in connection with the Offer (the Exchange Ratio).

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

The number of Shares tendered by the Custodian in its own name or on behalf of third parties in connection with the Offer, which have been transferred to Inbursa's account No. 2501 with Indeval, is:

Number of shares (in number and words):

The number of shares indicated in the preceding box, multiplied by the Exchange Ratio, equals:

Number of shares (in number and words):

On May 11, 2010, the Settlement Date, Inbursa will transfer the number of shares indicated in the preceding box to those Custodians who may have validly accepted the Offer in their own name or on behalf of their clients in accordance with the terms set forth in the Disclosure Statement, based upon the following information:

Custodian's SIAC account for purposes of the transfer of the Series L AMX Shares by Inbursa:

Account No.:

Beneficiary:

Credit Institution's ID No.:

If the Custodian is electing to receive the settlement of the Shares transferred pursuant hereto at an account other than a SIAC account, please provide the relevant account information: _____.

The undersigned hereby represents, on behalf of the institution represented by him/her, that all of the information contained herein with respect to such institution or its clients is correct, that he/she accepts the terms of the Offer, and that he/she has been granted sufficient authority by the Custodian to deliver and accept the terms of this Acceptance Letter.

The Custodian

Name:

Name and position of the contact person:

Address:

Telephone:

Fax:

Email:

Individual responsible for the information contained in this Acceptance Letter

Name:

Title:

Signature

Date:

Capitalized terms not otherwise defined in this Acceptance Letter shall have the meaning ascribed thereto in the Disclosure Statement.

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Attached hereto is a copy of the power of attorney granted by the Custodian to the person executing this Acceptance Letter.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

**d. Exhibit 25(d) AMX Pro Forma Financial Statements
Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Information**

The following Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements give pro forma effect to the TELECOM Offer (a common control transaction) and the Offer (a purchase of non-controlling interest) as described below.

On January 13, 2010 AMX announced that it intended to conduct two separate but concurrent offers to acquire outstanding shares of TELINT and TELECOM. TELINT provides a wide range of telecommunications services in Brazil, Colombia and other countries in Latin America. TELECOM is a holding company with controlling interests in TELINT and Telmex, a leading Mexican telecommunications provider.

The two offers consist of the following:

The TELECOM Offer. The consideration in the TELECOM Offer will consist of 2.0474 AMX L Shares for each share of TELECOM. If all shareholders of TELECOM participate in the TELECOM Offer, AMX will issue 7,129 million AMX L Shares in the TELECOM Offer.

The TELINT Offer. The consideration in the TELINT Offer will consist of 0.373 AMX L Shares or Ps. 11.66, at the election of the exchanging holder, for each share of TELINT. TELECOM has announced publicly that it will not participate in the TELINT Offer. If all shareholders of TELINT other than TELECOM participate in the TELINT Offer and elect to receive shares, AMX will issue 2,639 million AMX L Shares in the TELINT Offer. If all shareholders of TELINT other than TELECOM participate in the offer and elect to receive the cash consideration, AMX will pay Ps. 82,495 million (US\$6,317 million based on the December 31, 2009 exchange rate) in the TELINT Offer.

This condensed financial information was prepared from, and should be read in conjunction with, the following:

The audited consolidated financial statements of AMX as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2009.

The audited consolidated financial statements of TELINT as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2009.

The audited consolidated financial statements of Telmex as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2009.

The Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet combines the December 31, 2009 historical consolidated balance sheets of the entities giving effect to the TELECOM Offer as a merger between entities under common control, as discussed below. It gives effect to the TELINT Offer as a purchase of non-controlling interest (a shareholders' equity transaction). The Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet assumes that the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer were completed on December 31, 2009.

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The Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Statements of Income give effect to the TELECOM Offer as if it had occurred on January 1, 2007. They also give effect to the TELINT Offer as if it had occurred on January 1, 2009.

Table of Contents

[THIS ENGLISH TRANSLATION IS PROVIDED FOR CONVENIENCE PURPOSES ONLY. IN THE EVENT OF CONFLICT BETWEEN THE ENGLISH AND SPANISH VERSIONS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM, THE SPANISH VERSION WILL PREVAIL.]

Preliminary Disclosure Statement

Dated April 22, 2010

The Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements are presented based on historical Mexican FRS amounts, with pro-forma combined net income and pro-forma combined shareholders' equity amounts reconciled to US GAAP.

The Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements are based on information presently available, using assumptions that we believe are reasonable. The Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements are being provided for information purposes only. They do not purport to represent our actual financial position or results of operations had the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer occurred on the dates specified, nor do they project our results of operations or financial position for any future period or date.

The Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Statements of Income do not reflect any adjustments for operating synergies, transaction expenses or costs that may result from the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer. In addition, pro forma adjustments are based on certain assumptions and other information that are subject to change as additional information becomes available. Accordingly, the amounts included in our financial statements published after the completion of the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer may vary from the pro-forma amounts included herein.

Table of Contents**AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. de C.V. AND SUBSIDIARIES****UNAUDITED PRO-FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED BALANCE SHEET**

As of December 31, 2009

(in thousands of Mexican pesos)

	América Móvil Consolidated	CGT (non-consolidated)	Telmex Consolidated	Telmex Internacional Consolidated	Pro-Forma Elimination Entries (Note 3 (a))	Subtotal	Other Pro-Forma Adjustments	Explanation	Pro-Forma Combined
Current assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	Ps. 27,445,880	Ps. 6,474,042	Ps. 14,379,768	Ps. 10,699,224	Ps.	Ps. 58,998,914	Ps.		Ps. 58,998,914
Accounts receivable, net	55,918,984	2,752,053	20,218,788	20,462,805	(5,591,403)	93,761,227			93,761,227
Derivative financial instruments	8,361	1,512,820	11,496,359			13,017,540			13,017,540
Related parties	468,096		894,535	4,000,119	(2,251,470)	3,111,280			3,111,280
Inventories, net	21,536,018		1,543,648	675,859		23,755,525			23,755,525
Other current assets, net	2,720,983	22,632	3,303,275	2,346,295		8,393,185			8,393,185
Total current assets	108,098,322	10,761,547	51,836,373	38,184,302	(7,842,873)	201,037,671			201,037,671
Plant, property and equipment	227,049,009	1,079,770	105,952,096	84,124,541		418,205,416			418,205,416
Licenses, net	42,582,531		918,341	12,740,656		56,241,528			56,241,528
Trademarks, net	3,974,527			1,815,916		5,790,443			5,790,443
Goodwill, net	45,805,279	8,631,267		14,399,481		68,836,027			68,836,027
Investments in affiliates, net	974,693	90,751,963	1,775,380	16,766,564	(90,873,316)	19,395,284			19,395,284
Deferred taxes	15,908,795	3,365,040		6,098,449	(551,119)	24,821,165			24,821,165
Other assets	8,614,805		17,873,187	170,828	(372,294)	26,286,526			26,286,526
Total assets	Ps. 453,007,961	Ps. 114,589,587	Ps. 178,355,377	Ps. 174,300,737	Ps. (99,639,602)	Ps. 820,614,060	Ps.		Ps. 820,614,060
Liabilities and Shareholders Equity									
Current liabilities:									
Short term debt and current portion of long-term debt	Ps. 9,167,941	Ps. 3,361,740	Ps. 19,768,894	Ps. 12,667,266	Ps.	Ps. 44,965,841	Ps.		Ps. 44,965,841
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	97,086,585	2,960,702	12,602,060	17,488,978	(3,870,616)	126,267,709			126,267,709
Taxes payable	16,716,549	175,458	2,211,626	468,842		19,572,475			19,572,475
Related parties	1,045,155		1,602,128	3,320,070	(3,972,256)	1,995,097			1,995,097
Deferred revenues	16,240,451		1,104,175	4,494,451		21,839,077			21,839,077

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Total current liabilities	140,256,681	6,497,900	37,288,883	38,439,607	(7,842,872)	214,640,199			214,640,199
Long-term liabilities:									
Long-term debt	101,741,199	26,117,402	83,105,454	21,310,434		232,274,489			232,274,489
Deferred taxes	22,282,245	3,816,567	15,060,058	7,295,658	(654,645)	47,799,883			47,799,883
Deferred credits			466,696	4,991,473		5,458,169			5,458,169
Employee benefits	10,822,273		4,113,513	2,778,593	(2,559)	17,711,820			17,711,820
Total liabilities	275,102,398	36,431,869	140,034,604	74,815,765	(8,500,076)	517,884,560			517,884,560
Shareholders equity Capital stock	36,524,423	20,462,452	9,020,300	55,015,542	(77,328,307)	43,694,410	106,698,656	Notes 2 (a), 2 (c) and 3 (c)	150,393,066
Retained earnings:									
From prior years	38,952,974	27,436,668	7,907,079	11,215,607	(12,851,974)	72,660,354	(67,987,055)	Notes 2 (a) and 3 (c)	4,673,299
Current year	76,913,454	17,823,677	20,468,689	9,104,501	(31,392,142)	92,918,179			92,918,179
	115,866,428	45,260,345	28,375,768	20,320,108	(44,244,116)	165,578,533	(67,987,055)		97,591,478
Accumulated other comprehensive income	24,782,273	12,434,921	883,225	20,400,517	(22,553,052)	35,947,884			35,947,884
Total controlling shareholders equity	177,173,124	78,157,718	38,279,293	95,736,167	(144,125,475)	245,220,827	38,711,601	Note 3 (e)	283,932,428
Non-controlling interests	732,439		41,480	3,748,805	52,985,949	57,508,673	(38,711,601)	Note 3 (e)	18,797,072
Total shareholders equity	177,905,563	78,157,718	38,320,773	99,484,972	(91,139,526)	302,729,500			302,729,500
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	Ps. 453,007,961	Ps. 114,589,587	Ps. 178,355,377	Ps. 174,300,737	Ps. (99,639,602)	Ps. 820,614,060	Ps.		Ps. 820,614,060
US GAAP adjustments (Note 5)	12,145,910		(30,855,922)	12,462,959		(6,247,053)	145,320,911	Note 3 (d)	139,892,554
Pro-Forma Shareholders Equity under US GAAP	Ps. 190,051,473	Ps. 78,157,718	Ps. 7,464,851	Ps. 111,947,931	Ps. (91,139,526)	Ps. 296,482,447	Ps. 145,320,911		Ps. 442,622,054

See accompanying notes to Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements.

Table of Contents**AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V. AND SUBSIDIARIES****UNAUDITED PRO-FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENT OF INCOME**

Year ended December 31, 2009

(in thousands of Mexican pesos)

	América Móvil Consolidated	CGT (non-consolidated)	Telmex Consolidated	Telmex Internacional Consolidated	Pro-Forma Eliminations (Note 3 (a))	Subtotal	Other Pro-Forma Adjustments	Explanations	Pro-Forma Combined
Operating revenues:									
Services									
Air time	Ps. 118,949,020	Ps.	Ps. 45,027,811	Ps. 15,255,365	Ps.	Ps. 179,232,196	Ps.		Ps. 179,232,196
Interconnection	60,557,856		16,572,941	34,876,488	(25,776,078)	86,231,207			86,231,207
Monthly rent	75,585,846				(6,367)	75,579,479			75,579,479
Long-distance	23,301,403		20,804,790		(138,117)	43,968,076			43,968,076
Data			30,817,715	29,762,188	(241,426)	60,338,477			60,338,477
Value added services and other services	70,743,490	772,138	5,876,955	12,646,045	(2,487,380)	87,551,248			87,551,248
Sales of handsets and accessories	45,573,416					45,573,416			45,573,416
	394,711,031	772,138	119,100,212	92,540,086	(28,649,368)	578,474,099			578,474,099
Operating costs and expenses:									
Cost of sales and services	165,039,738		45,955,140	48,421,032	(27,027,387)	232,388,523			232,388,523
Commercial, administrative and general expenses	72,380,031	27,611	20,830,245	21,540,979	(1,178,292)	113,600,574			113,600,574
Depreciation and amortization	53,082,307	55,315	17,950,768	11,526,288	(28,489)	82,586,189			82,586,189
	290,502,076	82,926	84,736,153	81,488,299	(28,234,168)	428,575,286			428,575,286
Operating income	104,208,955	689,212	34,364,059	11,051,787	(415,200)	149,898,813			149,898,813
Other expenses, net	(2,165,584)	42,593	(1,349,680)	(47,973)	(7,705)	(3,528,349)			(3,528,349)
Comprehensive result of financing:									
Interest income	1,691,929	174,931	711,243	1,085,044		3,663,147			3,663,147
Interest expense	(7,410,314)	(1,226,951)	(6,122,328)	(2,365,641)		(17,125,234)			(17,125,234)
Exchange gain (loss), net	4,556,571 (1,820,110)	(538,468)	1,096,531	2,372,766		7,487,400 (1,820,110)			7,487,400 (1,820,110)

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Other financing (cost) income, net	(2,981,924)	(1,590,488)	(4,314,554)	1,092,169		(7,794,797)		(7,794,797)
Equity interest in net income of affiliates	195,714	19,098,194	254,680	1,889,386	(19,098,194)	2,339,780		2,339,780
Income before taxes on profit	99,257,161	18,239,511	28,954,505	13,985,369	(19,521,099)	140,915,447		140,915,447
Taxes on profit	22,259,308	415,834	8,485,522	4,422,481	(103,527)	35,479,618		35,479,618
Net income - Mexican FRS	76,997,853	17,823,677	20,468,983	9,562,888	(19,417,572)	105,435,829		105,435,829
US GAAP adjustments (Note 5)	(2,638,029)	Note 3 (d)	(650,473)	(976,367)		(4,264,869)	(202,756)	Note 3 (d) (4,467,625)
Net income - US GAAP	Ps. 74,359,824	Ps. 17,823,677	Ps. 19,818,510	Ps. 8,586,521	Ps. (19,417,572)	101,170,960	(202,756)	Ps. 100,968,204
Distribution of net income:								
Controlling interest	Ps. 76,913,454	Ps. 17,823,677	Ps. 20,468,689	Ps. 9,104,501	Ps. (19,417,572)	Ps. 104,892,749	(7,632,774)	Note 3 (e) Ps. 97,259,975
Non-controlling interest (Note 3 (e))	84,399		294	458,387		543,080	7,632,774	Note 3 (e) 8,175,854
	Ps. 76,997,853	Ps. 17,823,677	Ps. 20,468,983	Ps. 9,562,888	Ps. (19,417,572)	Ps. 105,435,829		Ps. 105,435,829
Distribution of net income under US GAAP:								
Controlling interest	Ps. 74,278,317							Note 3 (d) Ps. 93,138,784
Non-controlling interest (Note 3 (e))	81,507							Note 3 (d) 7,829,419
	Ps. 74,359,824							Ps. 100,968,204
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (in millions)	32,738							Note 3 (f) 42,506
Controlling Interest earnings per share - Mexican FRS	Ps. 2.35							Ps. 2.29
Controlling interest earnings per share - US GAAP	Ps. 2.27							Ps. 2.19

See accompanying notes to Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements.

Table of Contents**AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V. AND SUBSIDIARIES****UNAUDITED PRO-FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENT OF INCOME****Year ended December 31, 2008****(in thousands of Mexican pesos)**

	América Móvil Consolidated	CGT (non-consolidated)	Telmex Consolidated	Telmex Internacional Consolidated	Pro-Forma Eliminations (Note 3 (a))	Subtotal	Other Pro-Forma Adjustments	Explanations	Pro-Forma Combined
Operating revenues:									
Services:									
Air time	Ps. 99,258,566	Ps.	Ps. 48,982,383	Ps. 10,593,515	Ps.	Ps. 158,834,464	Ps.		Ps. 158,834,464
Interconnection	60,371,865		19,139,692		(26,308,965)	53,202,592			53,202,592
Monthly rent	66,805,611					66,805,611			66,805,611
Long-distance	20,624,128		24,535,033	31,592,774	(68,969)	76,682,966			76,682,966
Data			25,387,672	22,253,818	(245,999)	47,395,491			47,395,491
Value added services and other services	51,089,479	516,448	6,060,455	11,564,634	(2,173,306)	67,057,710			67,057,710
Sales of handsets and accessories	47,505,259					47,505,259			47,505,259
	345,654,908	516,448	124,105,235	76,004,741	(28,797,239)	517,484,093			517,484,093
Operating costs and expenses:									
Cost of sales and services	146,025,037		46,566,053	38,972,801	(27,972,886)	203,591,005			203,591,005
Commercial, administrative and general expenses	62,316,415	11,367	19,863,006	19,141,283	(867,135)	100,464,936			100,464,936
Depreciation and amortization	41,767,309	19,712	17,933,207	8,967,605		68,687,833			68,687,833
	250,108,761	31,079	84,362,266	67,081,689	(28,840,021)	372,743,774			372,743,774
Operating income	95,546,147	485,369	39,742,969	8,923,052	42,782	144,740,319			144,740,319
Other expenses, net Comprehensive result of financing:	(2,326,959)	2,380	(679,592)	(102,434)	(16,155)	(3,122,760)			(3,122,760)
Interest income	2,414,390	189,271	913,462	1,265,849	(1,513)	4,781,459			4,781,459
Interest expense	(8,950,562)	(2,050,980)	(7,652,427)	(1,508,463)	23	(20,162,409)			(20,162,409)
Exchange gain (loss), net	(13,686,423)	(1,157,041)	(2,493,729)	(1,878,262)		(19,215,455)			(19,215,455)
Other financing (cost) income, net	6,357,722					6,357,722			6,357,722
	(13,864,873)	(3,018,750)	(9,232,694)	(2,120,876)	(1,490)	(28,238,683)			(28,238,683)
Equity interest in net income of affiliates	109,416	16,096,955	(62,113)	190,519	(16,096,955)	237,822			237,822
	79,463,731	13,565,954	29,768,570	6,890,261	(16,071,818)	113,616,698			113,616,698

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Income before taxes									
Income tax expense									
Income before taxes on profit	19,888,337	239,817	9,591,659	1,259,333	7,039	30,986,185			30,986,185
Net income - Mexican FRS	59,575,394	13,326,137	20,176,911	5,630,928	(16,078,857)	82,630,513			82,630,513
US GAAP adjustments	(5,323,315)		(394,354)	(2,354,092)		(8,071,761)	(256,657)	Note 3 (d)	(8,328,418)
Net income - US GAAP	Ps. 54,252,079	Ps. 13,326,137	Ps. 19,782,557	Ps. 3,276,836	Ps. (16,078,857)	Ps. 74,558,752	Ps. (256,657)		Ps. 74,302,095
Distribution of net income:									
Controlling interest	Ps. 59,485,502	Ps. 13,326,137	Ps. 20,176,936	Ps. 5,535,476	Ps. (16,078,857)	Ps. 82,445,194	(9,491,989)	Note 3 (e)	Ps. 72,953,205
Non-controlling interest	89,892		(25)	95,452		185,319	9,491,989	Note 3 (e)	9,677,308
	Ps. 59,575,394	Ps. 13,326,137	Ps. 20,176,911	Ps. 5,630,928	Ps. (16,078,857)	Ps. 82,630,513			Ps. 82,630,513
Distribution of net income under US GAAP:									
Controlling interest	Ps. 54,170,219							Note 3 (d)	Ps. 65,600,174
Non-controlling interest (Note 3 (e))	81,860							Note 3 (d)	8,701,922
	Ps. 54,252,079								Ps. 74,302,095
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (in millions)	34,220							Note 3 (f)	41,359
Controlling Interest earnings per share - Mexican FRS	Ps. 1.74								Ps. 1.76
Controlling interest earnings per share - US GAAP	Ps. 1.59								Ps. 1.59

See accompanying notes to Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements.

Table of Contents**AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V. AND SUBSIDIARIES****UNAUDITED PRO-FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENT OF INCOME**

Year ended December 31, 2007

(in thousands of Mexican pesos)

	América Móvil Consolidated	CGT (non-consolidated)	Telmex Consolidated	Telmex Internacional Consolidated	Pro-Forma Eliminations (Note 3 (a))	Subtotal	Other Pro-Forma Adjustments	Explanations	Pro-Forma Combined
Operating revenues:									
Services:									
Air time	Ps. 87,522,245		Ps. 54,398,425	Ps. 7,873,585	Ps.	Ps. 149,794,255	Ps.		Ps. 149,794,255
Interconnection	58,554,255		22,603,745		(25,764,042)	55,393,958			55,393,958
Monthly rent	59,551,717					59,551,717			59,551,717
Long-distance	20,348,067		27,027,186	30,688,607		78,063,860			78,063,860
Data			22,280,016	19,771,404		42,051,420			42,051,420
Value added services and other services	40,359,659	Ps. 509,705	4,458,299	9,426,575	(2,662,737)	52,091,501			52,091,501
Sales of handsets and accessories	45,243,819					45,243,819			45,243,819
	311,579,762	509,705	130,767,671	67,760,171	(28,426,779)	482,190,530			482,190,530
Operating costs and expenses:									
Cost of sales and services	132,373,998		48,905,671	33,451,671	(27,917,074)	186,814,266			186,814,266
Commercial, administrative and general expenses	53,605,408	19,671	19,552,442	16,207,483	(509,705)	88,875,299			88,875,299
Depreciation and amortization	40,406,018		18,425,285	7,770,805		66,602,108			66,602,108
	226,385,424	19,671	86,883,398	57,429,959	(28,426,779)	342,291,673			342,291,673
Operating income	85,194,338	490,034	43,884,273	10,330,212		139,898,857			139,898,857
Other expenses, net	(3,712,874)	2,696	(44,361)	(242,692)		(3,997,231)			(3,997,231)
Comprehensive result of financing:									
Interest income	2,960,265	778,740	1,396,088	1,216,707		6,351,800			6,351,800
Interest expense	(7,696,967)	(2,889,253)	(6,615,400)	(1,630,535)	958,222	(17,873,933)			(17,873,933)
Exchange gain (loss), net	2,463,442	(86,873)	(643,137)	(3,107)		1,730,325			1,730,325
Monetary gain, net	5,038,406	731,786	2,513,085	140,781		8,424,058			8,424,058
Other financing (cost) income,	(3,152,631)	958,222			(958,222)	(3,152,631)			(3,152,631)

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net									
	(387,485)	(507,378)	(3,349,364)	(276,154)		(4,520,381)			(4,520,381)
Equity interest in net income of affiliates	57,621	21,037,922	17,245	689,075	(21,037,922)	763,941			763,941
Income before taxes on profit	81,151,600	21,023,274	40,507,793	10,500,441	(21,037,922)	132,145,186			132,145,186
Taxes on profit	22,454,267	(310,215)	11,618,710	3,486,763		37,249,525			37,249,525
Income from continuing operations	58,697,333	21,333,489	28,889,083	7,013,678	(21,037,922)	94,895,661			94,895,661
Income from discontinued operations, net			7,166,312		(7,166,312)				
Net income - Mexican FRS	58,697,333	21,333,489	36,055,395	7,013,678	(28,204,234)	94,895,661			94,895,661
US GAAP adjustments	(3,168,439)		(222,251)	(850,670)	318,021	(3,923,339)	(237,893)	Note 3 (d)	(4,161,232)
Net income - US GAAP	Ps. 55,528,894	Ps. 21,333,489	Ps. 35,833,144	Ps. 6,163,008	Ps. (27,886,213)	Ps. 90,972,322	Ps. (237,893)		Ps. 90,734,429
Distribution of net income:									
Controlling interest	58,587,511	21,333,489	35,484,947	6,463,834	(28,204,164)	93,665,617	(15,683,687)	Note 3 (e)	77,981,930
Non-controlling interest	109,822		570,448	549,844	(70)	1,230,044	15,683,687	Note 3 (e)	16,913,731
	Ps. 58,697,333	Ps. 21,333,489	Ps. 36,055,395	Ps. 7,013,678	Ps. (28,204,234)	Ps. 94,895,661			Ps. 94,895,661
Distribution of net income under US GAAP:									
Controlling interest	Ps. 55,425,000							Note 3 (d)	Ps. 74,562,375
Non-controlling interest (Note 3 (e))	103,894							Note 3 (d)	16,172,054
	Ps. 55,528,894								Ps. 90,734,429
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (in millions)	35,149							Note 3 (f)	42,294
Controlling Interest earnings per share - Mexican FRS	Ps. 1.67								Ps. 1.84
Controlling interest earnings per share - US GAAP	Ps. 1.58								Ps. 1.76

See accompanying notes to Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements.

Table of Contents

Notes to Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Information

(In thousands of Mexican pesos, and thousands of U.S. dollars,
except share and per share amounts and when indicated otherwise)

1. Presentation of Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Financial Information

AMX is a leading provider of wireless communications services in Latin America.

On January 13, 2010 AMX announced that it intended to conduct two separate but concurrent offers to acquire outstanding shares of TELINT and TELECOM. TELINT provides telecommunications services in Brazil, Colombia and other countries in Latin America. TELECOM is a holding company with controlling interests in TELINT and Telmex, a leading Mexican telecommunications provider.

The two offers consist of the following:

The TELECOM Offer. The consideration in the TELECOM Offer will consist of 2.0474 AMX L Shares for each share of TELECOM. If all shareholders of TELECOM participate in the TELECOM Offer, AMX will issue 7,129 million AMX L Shares in the TELECOM Offer.

The TELINT Offer. The consideration in the TELINT Offer will consist of 0.373 AMX L Shares or Ps. 11.66, at the election of the exchanging holder, for each share of TELINT. TELECOM has publicly announced that it will not participate in the TELINT Offer. If all shareholders of TELINT other than TELECOM participate in the TELINT Offer and elect to receive shares, AMX will issue 2,639 million AMX L Shares in the TELINT Offer. If all shareholders of TELINT other than TELECOM participate in the offer and elect to receive the cash consideration, AMX will pay Ps. 82,495 million (US\$6,317 million based on the December 31, 2009 exchange rate) in the TELINT Offer.

If the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer are completed, AMX will acquire controlling interests in TELECOM, TELINT (directly and indirectly through TELECOM) and Telmex (indirectly through TELECOM). The principal purpose of the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer is to pursue synergies between AMX's business and that of TELINT.

AMX, TELECOM and TELINT are indirectly under the control of the Slim Family.

The accompanying Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet is presented in order to present the pro-forma effects of the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer as if they were consummated as of December 31, 2009. The accompanying Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Statements of Income for each of the three years ended December 31, 2009 are presented in order to present the pro-forma effects of the TELECOM Offer as if it were consummated as of January 1, 2007. The accompanying Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Statements of Income is also presented in order to present the pro-forma effects of the TELINT Offer as if it were consummated as of January 1, 2009.

The accompanying Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements are presented based on the provisions of Article 11 of Regulation S-X of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). In presenting the accompanying Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements, AMX has not presented a column for the audited historical consolidated financial information of TELECOM. Instead, it has presented separate columns for the audited historical consolidated financial statements of AMX, Telmex and TELINT representing the substantial entirety of the assets and operations of the entities subject to the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer. AMX has also presented a column for the unaudited non-consolidated (equity method accounting) financial statements of TELECOM, along with incremental disclosures for TELECOM's indebtedness and derivatives. TELECOM has no significant assets or operations beyond its holdings in Telmex and TELINT. The TELECOM non-consolidated (equity method accounting) financial statements also include combined

Table of Contents

amounts for two TELECOM majority (99.9%) owned subsidiaries (Empresas y Controles en Comunicaciones, S.A. de C.V., and Multimedia Corporativo, S.A. de C.V), which also have small holdings of shares of both Telmex and TELINT. Those subsidiaries have no operating revenues and their only assets are their equity investments in both Telmex and TELINT, and insignificant amounts of cash.

AMX has presented the accompanying Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements for illustrative purposes only. The Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements are not necessarily indicative of the actual results of operations or financial position that would have occurred had the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer occurred on the dates indicated, nor are they indicative of future operating results or financial position. No account has been taken within the Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements of any operating synergies, transaction expenses or costs such as severance or restructuring costs that may result from the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer.

2. Accounting for the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer**a. Common Control - TELECOM Offer**

The TELECOM Offer involves the share for share exchange of capital stock. Prior to the TELECOM Offer, 88.57% of TELECOM's capital stock was indirectly owned by the Slim Family. That component of the TELECOM Offer has been accounted for as a transaction between entities under common control with balances and transactions being accounted for at historical cost on a basis similar to the accounting method previously known as a pooling-of-interest for all periods presented herein. In combining the historical financial statements of the companies, AMX has not adjusted any historical accounting policies, believing that they all reasonably conform. Prior to the TELECOM Offer, 11.43% of TELECOM's capital stock was owned by investors other than the Slim Family. The acquisition of those shares has been accounted for at a share price of Ps. 31.13 as of March 31, 2010, with the resulting difference on the third party share acquisition being recorded as a charge to retained earnings in the amount of Ps. 24,546,586.

b. Repurchase of Non-Controlling Interests in TELINT - TELINT Offer

The TELINT Offer has been accounted for as a repurchase of non-controlling interest in the manner discussed in Note 3C below.

c. Pro-Forma Capital Stock

TELECOM's historical combined capital stock as of December 31, 2009 prior to the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer was Ps. 20,462,452, and was represented by Ps. 7,169,987 related to TELECOM and Ps. 13,292,465 related to Empresas y Controles en Comunicaciones, S.A. de C.V., and Multimedia Corporativo, S.A. de C.V. The latter amounts have been eliminated in the combination of the Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet.

Pro-Forma capital stock balances reflect the following:

Historical carrying value of AMX capital stock	Ps. 36,524,423
Historical carrying value of 88.57% of TELECOM capital stock exchanged with Slim Family entities in the TELECOM Offer	6,350,457
Assumed value of 11.43% of TELECOM capital stock exchanged with third parties in TELECOM Offer	25,366,116
Assumed value of TELINT Offer shares (see Note 3(c) below)	82,152,070
Pro-Forma capital stock	Ps. 150,393,066

Table of Contents

In accounting for the issuance of the pro-forma shares, a pro-forma adjustment of Ps. 106,698,656 has been presented in the accompanying Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet. This adjustment primarily relates to the value assigned to capital stock issued to third parties.

3. Pro-Forma Adjustments

a. Elimination of Intercompany Transactions and Balances

Elimination entries have been made so as to combine the financial position and results of operations of the entities under common control. The amounts eliminated in the accompanying Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements include:

revenues, expenses, accounts payable, related party accounts payable, taxes payable, related parties accounts receivable and accrued liabilities, correspond to eliminations for transactions carried out between the entities under common control. The eliminations also contain the related income tax effects, if any. The primary services rendered and or received by the entities are: interconnection services, sales of handsets and accessories, long distance charges, sale of airtime, sale and lease of corporate links and networks, call traffic, lease of physical space, as well as other operating services, such as technical assistance;

TELECOM s equity interests in both Telmex and TELINT as of December 31, 2009;

Reclassification of the equity of certain investors in Telmex from controlling interest equity to non-controlling interest as discussed in Note 3(e) below;

Discontinued operations recorded by Telmex during the year ended December 31, 2007 related to its spin-off of TELINT. Historical results of TELINT reflect a full year of operations during the year ended December 31, 2007;

Capital stock accounts of subsidiary companies as discussed above.

b. Income Taxes

The TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer are anticipated to be non-taxable to the combined companies.

c. Repurchase of TELINT Non-Controlling Interest

The pro-forma effects of the TELINT Offer have been reflected in the Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2009. The pro-forma effects of the TELINT Offer have also been reflected in the Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Statements of Income from January 1, 2009.

The repurchase of TELINT non-controlling interest has been assumed to be a share-for-share exchange on the terms disclosed above. This pro-forma exchange has resulted in a reduction in TELINT non-controlling interest to zero, an increase in AMX common shares of 2,639 million shares at a value of Ps. 31.13 per share as of March 31, 2010 (a total value of Ps. 82,152 million), with the resulting difference on the non-controlling interest acquisition being recorded as a charge to retained earnings in the amount of Ps. 43,440,469.

Table of Contents

As indicated above, TELINT shareholders have the option to have their TELINT Securities repurchased either through an exchange of AMX shares or in cash at Ps. 11.66 per TELINT Security. While the accompanying Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet assumes a share for share exchange, should the following levels of TELINT Securities elect to receive cash, AMX would be required to pay the following amounts in cash:

Percentage of Outstanding	Required TELINT Non-Controlling Interest Cash Payment
10%	Ps. 8,248
20%	Ps. 16,496
30%	Ps. 24,744
40%	Ps. 32,992
50%	Ps. 41,240
60%	Ps. 49,488
70%	Ps. 57,736
80%	Ps. 65,984
90%	Ps. 74,232
100%	Ps. 82,495

The final accounting will be based on the share price on the date of exchange and actual results of the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer. As a result, the actual amounts will differ from the pro-forma amounts presented herein.

d. Basis Differences of TELECOM's Holdings in Telmex and TELINT

TELECOM has no other significant assets or operations beyond its holdings in Telmex and TELINT.

The only material difference between Mexican FRS and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (US GAAP) as applied to the historical TELECOM financial statements relates to estimated amounts attributable to purchase accounting for a very large number of purchases of treasury shares by Telmex and TELINT over many years, and also TELECOM's purchase of non-controlling interests in Telmex and TELINT over those years. Under Mexican FRS, the acquisition of non-controlling interest has been treated as an equity transaction. Under US GAAP in effect prior to January 1, 2009, purchases of minority interests represented a step acquisition that must be recorded utilizing the purchase method, whereby the purchase price is allocated to the proportionate fair value of assets and liabilities acquired. Subsequent to January 1, 2009, Mexican FRS and US GAAP provide for similar accounting for the acquisition of non-controlling interest.

AMX has estimated this US GAAP pro-forma adjustment based on the excess of the cost over the carrying value of the numerous share purchases in Telmex and TELINT. Those excess amounts were then allocated to the underlying net assets based on overall assumptions, allocating three percent to fixed asset basis and approximately 97% to goodwill, which AMX believes is a reasonable estimation for the purpose of these Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements. Certain of these amounts were then depreciated and or amortized since the date of acquisition. Depreciation and amortization were applied to the adjustments as follows:

Asset Category	Depreciation Period
Property, plant and equipment	10 years
Goodwill, prior to 2002	20 years
Goodwill, subsequent to 2002	Not amortized

Pro-Forma depreciation expense was Ps. 289,652, Ps. 356,468 and Ps. 330,407 in each of the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively. The pro-forma tax benefit over the depreciation expense was Ps. 86,896, Ps. 99,811 and Ps. 92,514 respectively. Therefore, the pro-forma net income adjustment in each of the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 amount to Ps. 202,756, Ps. 256,657 and Ps. 237,893 respectively.

Table of Contents

In order to apply conformed accounting policies to the combined companies, for amounts incurred prior to January 1, 2008 inflationary accounting was also applied consistent with Mexican FRS. While inflationary accounting is not applied under US GAAP, it has also not been eliminated in the reconciliation to US GAAP by any of the companies, in accordance with the Instructions to Form 20-F.

Impairment was evaluated giving consideration to whether the carrying amount of the US GAAP adjustment exceeds its recovery value. No impairment has been recorded during any of the periods presented in the Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements.

The resulting difference between TELECOM's shareholders' equity under Mexican FRS and US GAAP was estimated at Ps. 146,139,607 (Ps. 145,320,911 net of pro-forma deferred income taxes) as of December 31, 2009 and has been applied as a pro-forma adjustment in the accompanying Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet.

e. Non-Controlling Interests

Investors other than [] own approximately 34.95% in Telmex.

When Telmex was reported on as a stand-alone entity, this equity was included as a component of controlling interest shareholders' equity in its separate consolidated balance sheet. Upon completion of the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer, Telmex will be an indirect consolidated subsidiary of AMX, and accordingly this equity has been reclassified (as part of the other pro-forma adjustments discussed above) and presented as a component of non-controlling interest in the final pro-forma numbers attached.

Prior to the completion of the TELINT Offer, investors other than [] owned approximately 37.29% of TELINT.

Pro-forma non-controlling interest amounts as of December 31, 2009 are as follows:

AMX:	
Non-controlling interest before the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer	Ps. 732,439
Telmex:	
Non-controlling interest before the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer	41,480
Other investors, whose equity will become non-controlling interest	18,023,153
 Pro-Forma Non-Controlling Interest	 Ps. 18,797,072

In accounting for the acquisition of non-controlling interest, pro-forma adjustments of Ps. 38,711,601 have been reflected in the accompanying Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet so as to arrive at the ending Pro-Forma non-controlling interest amount disclosed above. This adjustment relates to the acquisition of Ps. 56,734,754 of TELINT non-controlling interests in the TELINT Offer and the addition of Ps. 18,023,153 of Telmex other investors controlling interest equity that would become part of AMX's non-controlling interest after completion of the TELECOM Offer.

The amount of non-controlling interest in the accompanying Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Statements of Income reflects the change in ownership resulting from the TELECOM Offer from January 1, 2007 and the TELINT Offer from January 1, 2009. These changes result in a pro-forma reclassification between controlling and non-controlling net income of Ps. 7,632,774, Ps. 9,491,989 and Ps. 15,683,687 during the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Table of Contents**f. Earnings Per Share**

Historical and pro-forma controlling interest earnings per share amounts have been presented for AMX both under Mexican FRS and under US GAAP. In presenting the pro-forma number of shares outstanding, AMX added the historical weighted average number of shares outstanding to the presumed number of shares issued in the TELECOM Offer for all periods presented (based on the proposed exchange rate), and in the TELINT Offer since January 1, 2009, as follows (in millions of shares):

	Historical Weighted Average Shares Outstanding	TELECOM Offer	TELINT Offer	Pro-Forma Shares Outstanding
Year ended December 31, 2007	35,149	7,145		42,294
Year ended December 31, 2008	34,220	7,139		41,359
Year ended December 31, 2009	32,738	7,129	2,639	42,506

4. Additional TELECOM Disclosures**a. Indebtedness**

TELECOM's long-term debt consists of the following:

	Weighted-average interest rate at December 31		Maturity From 2010 to	Balance at December 31	
	2009	2008		2009	2008
Debt denominated in U.S. dollars:					
Secured loans	LIBOR + .20	LIBOR +.20	2012	Ps. 28,729,142	29,784,263
Total				28,729,142	29,784,263
Debt denominated in Mexican pesos:					
Domestic senior notes	9.30%	9.30%	2010	750,000	750,000
Short-term domestic senior notes		10.25%	2008		3,934,917
Total				750,000	4,684,917
Total debt				29,479,142	34,469,180
Less short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt				3,361,740	3,934,917
Long-term debt				Ps. 26,117,402	30,534,263

TELECOM has several secured loans aggregating US\$ 2,200 million that mature between 2010 and 2012. To secure the loans, TELECOM placed in trust 84.05 million ADRs representing 1,681 million TMX L Shares and TELINT L Shares. The loans bear interest at London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus a spread, which ranged from 0.20% to 0.625% in 2009. TELECOM's weighted-average cost of debt at December 31, 2009 (including interest expense, interest rate swaps, commissions and taxes withheld) was approximately 6.67% (10.25% in 2008).

TELECOM's long-term debt maturities at December 31, 2009 are as follows:

Year

Total

2011	Ps. 14,364,571
2012	11,752,831
	Ps. 26,117,402

b. Derivative Financial Instruments

TELECOM is exposed to interest rate and foreign currency risks, which are mitigated through a controlled risk management program that includes the use of derivative financial instruments. In order to reduce the risks due to exchange rate fluctuations, TELECOM utilizes swaps, cross currency swaps and forwards to fix exchange rates to the liabilities being hedged; however, since TELECOM has not formally documented the hedging relationship, it does not apply hedge accounting rules to its derivative financial instruments.

Table of Contents

TELECOM's derivative financial instruments are recognized in the balance sheet at their fair values, which are obtained from the financial institutions with which it has entered into the related agreements. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognized in results of operations.

TELECOM's derivative financial instruments consist of the following:

Interest-rate swaps

To offset its exposure to financial risks, TELECOM entered into interest-rate swaps. Under these contracts, the parties exchange cash flows on the amount resulting from applying the swap base amount to the agreed on rates. TELECOM agreed to receive the 28-day Mexican weighted interbank (TELINTE) rate and to pay fixed rates. The swaps are recorded in results of operations in accordance with the related market interest rates. At December 31, 2009 and 2008, TELECOM had interest-rate swaps for a total base amount of Ps. 9,400 and Ps. 9,000 million, respectively. For the year ended December 31, 2009, TELECOM recognized a net charge of Ps. 305,938 (Ps. 128,835 in 2008, and credit of Ps. 41,965 in 2007) as part of Comprehensive result of financing due to changes in the fair value of such instruments.

Cross currency swaps

At December 31, 2009, TELECOM also had cross currency swaps for a total of US\$ 500 million. At December 31, 2009, TELECOM recognized a net expense for these swaps in Comprehensive result of financing of Ps. 215,095 (Ps. 114,844 in 2008). At December 31, 2007 TELECOM did not have cross currency swaps.

Forward contracts

As part of its hedging strategy, TELECOM uses derivatives to reduce the risk associated with exchange rate fluctuations on its U.S. dollar denominated transactions. In 2009, TELECOM entered into long-term exchange hedges, which, at December 31, 2009, cover liabilities of US\$ 1,535 million (US\$ 1,221 million in 2008). In 2009, TELECOM recognized a charge of Ps. 1,467,004 (credit of Ps. 4,699,452 in 2008, and expense of Ps. 579,701 in 2007) to results of operations for these hedges corresponding to exchange differences.

An analysis of the fair value of financial instruments at December 31, 2009 and 2008 is as follows:

Instrument	2009		2008	
	Notional amount (in millions)	Fair value	Notional amount (in millions)	Fair value
Cross currency swaps	US\$ 500	Ps. 1,240	US\$ 500	Ps. 1,613
Forwards dollar-peso	US\$ 1,535	154	US\$ 1,221	1,280
Interest-rate swaps in pesos	Peso 9,400	119	\$ 9,000	280
Total		Ps. 1,513		Ps. 3,173

At December 31, 2009 the fair value of debt was estimated at Ps. 28,999,062.

Table of Contents**5. US GAAP Adjustments**

The consolidated financial statements of AMX, Telmex, TELINT and TELECOM are prepared in accordance with Mexican FRS, which differs in certain significant respects from US GAAP. Adjustments to reconcile the historical net income and historical shareholders' equity of AMX, Telmex and TELINT are each presented separately and explained in the audited historical financial statements of those companies, and are summarized as follows:

	Net income for 2009	Net income for 2008	Net income for 2007	Shareholders Equity
AMX	Ps. (2,638,029)	Ps. (5,323,315)	Ps. (3,168,439)	Ps. 12,145,910
Telmex	(650,473)	(394,354)	(222,251)*	(30,855,922)
TELINT	(976,367)	(2,354,092)	(850,670)	12,462,959
Total	Ps. (4,264,869)	Ps. (8,071,761)	Ps. (4,241,360)	Ps. (6,247,053)

* represents US GAAP adjustments of Ps. 95,770 related to continuing operations, and (Ps. 318,021) related to discontinued operations.

Amounts related to discontinued operations are ultimately eliminated in the presentation of pro-forma results.

Adjustments to reconcile the Mexican FRS and US GAAP net income and shareholders' equity of TELECOM for the purpose of these pro-forma financial statements are presented as a pro-forma adjustment based on management's estimate, and are explained in Note 3(d) above.

Table of Contents

e. Exhibit 25(e) Legal Opinion

101

Table of Contents

f. Exhibit 25(f) AMX s Additional Report Dated March 22, 2010

102

Table of Contents

g. Exhibit 25(g) AMX s Additional Report Dated April 2, 2010

103

Table of Contents

h. Exhibit 25(h) TELINT s Recent Developments Report

104

Table of Contents

i. Exhibit 25(i) Telmex's Recent Developments Report

105

Table of Contents

25. EXHIBITS

a. Exhibit 25(a) Opinion of Credit Suisse

CREDIT SUISSE SECURITIES (USA) LLC

Eleven Madison Avenue Phone 212 325 2000

New York, NY 10010-3629 www.credit-suisse.com

March 9, 2010

Board of Directors

América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V.

Lago Alberto No. 366

Colonia Anahuac, 11320

Mexico, Distrito Federal

Members of the Board:

You have asked us to advise you with respect to the fairness, from a financial point of view, to América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V. (América Móvil) of the Exchange Ratio (as defined below) provided for in its proposed acquisition of Carso Global Telecom, S.A.B. de C.V. (Telecom and, such acquisition, the Transaction), a majority shareholder of Telmex Internacional, S.A.B. de C.V. (Telint). Subject to the terms and conditions more fully described in the Offer Information Documents (as defined below), América Móvil will commence an offer to exchange each outstanding Series A-1 full voting share, no par value (Telecom Shares), of the capital stock of Telecom for 2.0474 (the Exchange Ratio) Series L limited voting shares, no par value (América Móvil Shares), of the capital stock of América Móvil. It is our understanding that, concurrently with the commencement of the Transaction, América Móvil also will commence an exchange offer for all outstanding shares of the capital stock of Telint not already owned by Telecom.

In arriving at our opinion, we have reviewed certain publicly available business and financial information relating to América Móvil, Telecom and the Transaction, including certain press releases and information statements publicly filed by América Móvil with respect to the Transaction (collectively, the Offer Information Documents). We also have reviewed certain other information relating to América Móvil and Telecom provided to or discussed with us by América Móvil and Telecom, including certain publicly available financial forecasts relating to América Móvil as adjusted and extrapolated per the guidance of the management of América Móvil (the América Móvil Public Forecasts) and certain publicly available financial forecasts relating to Telecom and its subsidiaries as adjusted and extrapolated per the guidance of the managements of América Móvil, Telecom and Telecom s subsidiaries (the Telecom Public Forecasts), and have met with the managements of América Móvil, Telecom and Telecom s subsidiaries to discuss the businesses and prospects of América Móvil and Telecom. We also have considered certain financial and stock market data of América Móvil and Telecom, and we have compared that data with similar data for other publicly held companies in businesses we deemed similar to those of América Móvil and Telecom. We also considered such other information, financial studies, analyses and investigations and financial, economic and market criteria which we deemed relevant.

In connection with our review, we have not independently verified any of the foregoing information and we have assumed and relied upon such information being complete and accurate in all material respects. As you are aware, we have been advised by the management of América Móvil that América Móvil was not provided with access to internal financial forecasts of Telecom and that there are no long-term internal financial

Table of Contents

CREDIT SUISSE SECURITIES (USA) LLC

Eleven Madison Avenue

Phone 212 325 2000

New York, NY 10010-3629

www.credit-suisse.com

forecasts for América Móvil. Accordingly, at the direction of América Móvil and with your consent, we have utilized for purposes of our analyses the América Móvil Public Forecasts and Telecom Public Forecasts and have assumed that such forecasts represent reasonable estimates and judgments with respect to the future financial performance of América Móvil and Telecom, respectively, and that América Móvil and Telecom will perform substantially in accordance with such forecasts. We also have assumed, with your consent, that, in the course of obtaining any regulatory or third party consents, approvals or agreements in connection with the Transaction or any related transaction, no delay, limitation, restriction or condition will be imposed that would have an adverse effect on América Móvil, Telecom or the contemplated benefits of the Transaction and that the Transaction and related transactions will be consummated in accordance with their respective terms without waiver, modification or amendment of any material term, condition or agreement thereof. Representatives of América Móvil have advised us, and we further have assume, that the terms of the Transaction which will be set forth in certain offer documents to be filed by América Móvil in connection with the Transaction will conform in all material respects to the terms described to us and as set forth in the Offer Information Documents.

We have not been requested to make, and have not made, an independent evaluation or appraisal of the assets or liabilities (contingent or otherwise) of América Móvil or Telecom, nor have we been furnished with any such evaluations or appraisals. In addition, we were not requested to, and we did not, participate in the structuring of the Transaction or any related transaction. Our opinion addresses only the fairness, from a financial point of view and as of the date hereof, to América Móvil of the Exchange Ratio provided for in the Transaction and does not address any other aspect or implication of the Transaction or any related transaction or any other agreement, arrangement or understanding entered into in connection with the Transaction, any related transaction or otherwise, including, without limitation, the form or structure of the Transaction or the fairness of the amount or nature of, or any other aspect relating to, any compensation to any officers, directors or employees of any party to the Transaction or any related transaction, or class of such person, relative to the Exchange Ratio or otherwise. The issuance of this opinion was approved by our authorized internal committee.

Our opinion is necessarily based upon information made available to us as of the date hereof and financial, economic, market and other conditions as they exist and can be evaluated on the date hereof and upon certain assumptions regarding such financial, economic, market and other conditions, which are currently subject to unusual volatility and which, if different than assumed, would have a material impact on our analyses. We are not expressing any opinion as to what the value of América Móvil Shares actually will be when issued to the holders of Telecom Shares pursuant to the Transaction or the prices at which América Móvil Shares or Telecom Shares will trade at any time. Our opinion does not address the relative merits of the Transaction or any related transaction as compared to alternative transactions or strategies that might be available to América Móvil, nor does it address the underlying business decision of América Móvil to proceed with the Transaction or any related transaction.

We have acted as financial advisor to América Móvil in connection with the Transaction and will receive a fee upon delivery of this opinion. In addition, América Móvil has agreed to indemnify us and certain related parties for certain liabilities and other items

Table of Contents

CREDIT SUISSE SECURITIES (USA) LLC

Eleven Madison Avenue Phone 212 325 2000

New York, NY 10010-3629 www.credit-suisse.com

arising out of or related to our engagement. We and our affiliates in the past have provided, currently are providing and in the future may provide investment banking and other financial services to América Móvil, Telecom and their respective affiliates, for which services we and our affiliates have received and would expect to receive compensation, including having acted as joint bookrunner in connection with certain note offerings of América Móvil and as joint bookrunner and structuring agent in connection with certain toll road and securitization transactions for an affiliate of América Móvil. We are a full service securities firm engaged in securities trading and brokerage activities as well as providing investment banking and other financial services. In the ordinary course of business, we and our affiliates may acquire, hold or sell, for our and our affiliates own accounts and the accounts of customers, equity, debt and other securities and financial instruments (including bank loans and other obligations) of América Móvil, Telecom and any other company that may be involved in the Transaction or related transactions, as well as provide investment banking and other financial services to such companies.

It is understood that this letter is for the information of the Board of Directors of América Móvil (solely in its capacity as such) in connection with its evaluation of the Transaction and does not constitute advice or recommendation to any stockholder as to how such stockholder should vote or act on any matter relating to the proposed Transaction or any related transaction.

Based upon and subject to the foregoing, it is our opinion that, as of the date hereof, the Exchange Ratio is fair, from a financial point of view, to América Móvil.

Very truly yours,

CREDIT SUISSE SECURITIES (USA) LLC

Table of Contents

b. Exhibit 25(b) Opinion of Santander

19 de Marzo de 2010

ESTRICTAMENTE PRIVADO Y CONFIDENCIAL

Al Consejo de Administración y Comité de Auditoría de

Carso Global Telecom, S.A.B. de C.V.

Insurgentes Sur 3500

Col. Peña Pobre Tlalpan

14060 México, D.F.

Estimados señores,

Hemos sido informados que América Móvil, S.A.B de C.V., una sociedad anónima bursátil constituida bajo las leyes de México (AMX) realizará una oferta pública de compra para adquirir todas las acciones en circulación representativas del capital social de Carso Global Telecom, S.A.B. de C.V., una sociedad anónima bursátil constituida bajo las leyes de México (CGT) (la Oferta de Compra).

De conformidad con los términos de la Oferta de Compra y con lo establecido en la información divulgada por AMX a través de la página de Internet de la Bolsa Mexicana de Valores, S.A.B. de C.V. el 13 de enero de 2010 (la Información de la Oferta), AMX ofrecerá a cada accionista de CGT, 2.0474 (dos punto cero cuatro siete cuatro) acciones de AMX (las Acciones AMX) por cada acción de la que cada accionista sea propietario, representativa del capital social de CGT (cada una, una Acción, y cada tenedor de una Acción, un Accionista) (la Contraprestación).

El Consejo de Administración y el Comité de Auditoría de CGT han solicitado a Banco Santander (México), S.A., Institución de Banca Múltiple, Grupo Financiero Santander (Santander), su opinión sobre si la Contraprestación es razonable, desde un punto de vista financiero, para los Accionistas.

Para efectos de emitir nuestra opinión, Santander ha:

1. Revisado cierta información pública de negocios y financiera disponible relacionada con CGT, incluyendo sus estados financieros auditados al cierre de los ejercicios 2007 y 2008, así como la información financiera disponible al cierre del ejercicio 2009;
2. Revisado cierta información pública de negocios y financiera disponible de Teléfonos de México, S.A. de C.V. (Telmex) y Telmex International, S.A.B. de C.V. (TII) y otras subsidiarias de CGT, incluyendo sus estados financieros auditados al cierre de los ejercicios 2007 y 2008, así como la información financiera disponible al cierre del ejercicio 2009;

Table of Contents

3. Revisado cierta información pública de negocios y financiera disponible relacionada con AMX, incluyendo sus estados financieros auditados al cierre de los ejercicios en 2007 y 2008, así como la información financiera disponible al cierre del ejercicio 2009;
4. Participado en discusiones con, y revisado información proporcionada por, funcionarios, consejeros, asesores y funcionarios de la alta dirección de CGT con respecto a los negocios de CGT;
5. Revisado cierta información histórica, información de operación y financiera de CGT y AMX;
6. Revisado los precios accionarios actuales e históricos y volumen de operaciones de las Acciones y de las acciones de AMX;
7. Revisado información pública con respecto a ciertas compañías que Santander considera son relevantes y comparables a CGT, TII, Telmex y AMX;
8. Revisado aquella información de la Oferta y ciertos documentos relacionados, que Santander considera relevantes para efectos de proporcionar esta opinión;
9. Revisado reportes de investigación de diversas instituciones bancarias, preparados por sus áreas de análisis. Santander consideró las proyecciones relacionadas con el comportamiento de compañías que Santander juzgó comparables a CGT, TII, Telmex y AMX; y
10. Realizado otras revisiones y análisis financieros, y revisado demás información financiera, económica y de mercado que Santander, a su entera discreción, consideró apropiado para emitir esta opinión.

Para emitir esta opinión, Santander consideró y aplicó, según resultó apropiado, los siguientes métodos de valuación: (i) precio promedio ponderado de las acciones de CGT, Telmex, TII y AMX en ciertos periodos; (ii) valuaciones económicas, con base en múltiplos de mercado de empresas comparables (los Múltiplos de Valuación); y (iii) el valor neto de CGT, con base en los Múltiplos de Valuación, aplicados a las subsidiarias de CGT, principalmente a Telmex y a TII.

Santander ha asumido y se ha basado, sin haber llevado a cabo verificación o investigación alguna, en la veracidad e integridad de la información, proyecciones, datos y términos financieros proporcionados a, o utilizados por, Santander, y en la demás información públicamente disponible o entregada a, o discutida con, Santander, así como en la afirmación de la administración de CGT, en el sentido de que esta última ha confirmado que no tiene conocimiento de información relevante que haya sido omitida o no haya sido revelada a Santander. Hemos asimismo asumido que la información, proyecciones, datos y términos financieros no son erróneos ni inducen al error, y Santander no asume ni acepta responsabilidad alguna por cualquier verificación independiente de dicha información o de cualquier valuación o avalúo independiente de cualquiera de los activos, operaciones o pasivos de CGT, Telmex, TII o AMX. Asimismo, Santander ha sido informado por CGT que, desde la fecha en que la información empezó a ser revisada por Santander para efectos de la emisión de esta opinión, hasta esta fecha, CGT no ha tenido conocimiento de cualquier información o evento que pudiera afectar de manera importante los negocios, situación financiera, activos, responsabilidades, perspectivas de negocio, concesiones u autorizaciones, operaciones comerciales o el número de acciones emitidas y en circulación de CGT, Telmex, TII o AMX, incluyendo, sin limitar, como resultado de cualquier plan de opción

Table of Contents

de compra de acciones, o que pudiera hacer incorrecta o imprecisa la información analizada en cualquier aspecto importante, o que pudiera causar un impacto significativo en la valoración de la razonabilidad de la Contraprestación y en la emisión de esta Opinión.

Con respecto a la información financiera y demás información, Santander ha asumido, con el consentimiento de CGT, que éstas han sido preparadas de manera razonable con base en las estimaciones y criterios más acertados disponibles al mercado y a los funcionarios de CGT en ese momento, y que ningún evento subsecuente que no haya sido revelado a Santander ha tenido un efecto relevante en los mismos. Santander no asume o acepta responsabilidad alguna por las proyecciones o premisas en las cuales dichas estimaciones y criterios están basados, y no expresa opinión alguna acerca de las mismas. En la preparación de esta opinión, Santander ha recibido la confirmación específica de la administración de CGT de que las proyecciones o premisas antes mencionadas son correctas y que no existe información que no haya sido entregada a Santander, que haya podido influir sobre la presente opinión o las proyecciones o premisas en las que dicha opinión está basada.

En adición a lo anterior, esta opinión se fundamenta en condiciones financieras, económicas, monetarias, de mercado y otras condiciones vigentes a esta fecha, así como en la información puesta a disposición de, o utilizada por, Santander, a la fecha de la presente opinión. Esta opinión se emite exclusivamente para determinar la razonabilidad, desde un punto de vista financiero, de la Contraprestación, de conformidad con lo establecido en la Información de la Oferta y no versa sobre ningún otro asunto, incluyendo la decisión de negocios de participar en la Oferta de Compra o los beneficios comerciales de dicha Oferta, los cuales son asuntos que competen al Consejo de Administración o al Comité de Auditoría de CGT. Eventos subsecuentes que afecten las condiciones antes mencionadas, podrán afectar la presente opinión y las suposiciones hechas en la emisión de la misma. Santander no está obligado a actualizar, revisar o ratificar esta opinión si las condiciones cambiaran.

Al emitir esta opinión, Santander no ha proporcionado asesoría legal, regulatoria, fiscal, contable o actuarial y, por lo tanto, Santander no asume responsabilidad u obligación alguna a este respecto. Adicionalmente, Santander ha asumido que la Oferta de Compra será consumada bajo los términos y condiciones establecidos en la Información de la Oferta, sin cambio relevante alguno o renuncia de sus términos y condiciones.

El compromiso de Santander y la opinión expresada en este documento, son en beneficio exclusivo del Consejo de Administración y del Comité de Auditoría de CGT y, por lo tanto, esta opinión se emite exclusivamente al Consejo de Administración y al Comité de Auditoría de CGT, en relación con la evaluación que hagan de la Oferta de Compra. Esta opinión no constituye de modo alguno una recomendación por parte de Santander a ninguno de los Accionistas en el sentido de que deban participar o no en la Oferta de Compra.

No se emite opinión alguna, ni se considera, la decisión de negocios de CGT en relación con la Oferta de Compra, ni los posibles beneficios de la Oferta de Compra en relación con otras alternativas estratégicas de negocios al alcance de CGT, o los efectos de cualquier otra operación que CGT lleve a cabo. La presente opinión no considera términos distintos a la Contraprestación (según se establece en esta opinión) o cualquier otro aspecto o implicación de la Oferta de Compra, incluyendo, sin limitación, la estructura

Table of Contents

de la Oferta de Compra o la forma de pago de la Contraprestación, los aspectos o implicaciones fiscales o contables de la misma, o cualquier contrato o acuerdo a celebrarse en relación con, o contemplado por, la Oferta de Compra.

Santander está actuando como asesor financiero de CGT y recibirá honorarios por sus servicios, incluyendo por la emisión de esta opinión. Santander y sus afiliadas han prestado, se encuentran prestando y en el futuro podrán prestar servicios, así como: (i) mantener relaciones bancarias con CGT y AMX; (ii) operar, por cuenta propia o por cuenta de sus clientes, acciones de AMX o de CGT.

En el curso ordinario de nuestros negocios, Santander y sus afiliadas podrían negociar o adquirir valores emitidos por CGT o AMX, por cuenta propia o por cuenta de terceros y, en consecuencia, ser titulares de dichos valores. Adicionalmente, Santander y sus afiliadas podrán mantener relaciones de negocios con CGT, AMX, Telmex y TII y sus respectivas afiliadas.

La presente opinión únicamente puede ser utilizada para los fines expresamente mencionados. Salvo por la presentación de la presente Opinión ante la *Securities and Exchange Commission* de los Estados Unidos de América y ante la Comisión Nacional Bancaria y de Valores, así como la inclusión de referencias de esta opinión en el folleto informativo divulgado por CGT a través de la Bolsa Mexicana de Valores, S.A.B. de C.V. como consecuencia de la Reestructuración Societaria de CGT (como dicho término se define en la normatividad aplicable a emisoras de valores), esta opinión no puede ser citada, referida, ni hacerse pública, en todo o en parte, ni ninguna referencia a Santander o a sus afiliadas puede realizarse, sin nuestro consentimiento previo y por escrito.

Esta opinión es emitida en el idioma español y la versión en idioma inglés es una traducción literal. La traducción de esta opinión al inglés es emitida únicamente para efectos de referencia, y no tendrá validez legal alguna, por lo que Santander no hace declaración alguna (ni acepta responsabilidad alguna) sobre la exactitud de dicha traducción.

Con base en lo anteriormente expuesto, en nuestra experiencia como banco de inversión, el análisis aquí descrito, y en consideración de ciertos otros factores considerados como relevantes, y sujeto a lo arriba expresado, somos de la opinión que, a esta fecha, la Contraprestación es razonable, desde un punto de vista financiero, para los Accionistas.

Atentamente,

BANCO SANTANDER (MÉXICO), S.A.

INSTITUCIÓN DE BANCA MÚLTIPLE, GRUPO FINANCIERO SANTANDER

Mauricio Rebolledo Fernández

Lorenzo Soler Ibañez

Apoderado

Apoderado

Table of Contents

c. Exhibit 25(c) Form of Acceptance Letter

Acceptance Letter

PUBLIC OFFER TO PURCHASE UP TO ALL OF THE OUTSTANDING SERIES A-1 SHARES, NO PAR VALUE, ISSUED IN REGISTERED FORM, REPRESENTING 100% OF THE MINIMUM FIXED, NON-WITHDRAWABLE CAPITAL OF CARSO GLOBAL TELECOM, S.A.B. DE C.V. (TELECOM)

Custodian's Acceptance Letter to Participate in the Offer (the Acceptance Letter)

In order to participate in the Offer, the Custodian shall consolidate all the acceptances and instructions received from its clients and deliver to Inversora Bursátil, S.A. de C.V., Casa de Bolsa, Grupo Financiero Inbursa (Inbursa) a duly completed Acceptance Letter together with the power of attorney granted to its executor, and transfer the applicable TELECOM Shares (the Shares) in the manner set forth below.

This letter must be completed, executed and delivered via courier, return receipt requested, at Inbursa's offices located at Paseo de las Palmas 736, Colonia Lomas de Chapultepec, Delegación Miguel Hidalgo, 11000 México, D.F., Mexico, attention: Mr. Gilberto Pérez Jiménez, telephone +(5255) 5625-4900, ext. 1547, Fax +(5255) 5259-2167.

Acceptance Letters will be received from April 7, 2010, which is the first day of the Offering Period, through May 5, 2010, which is the last day of the Offering Period, or the Expiration Date. The hours for such receipt will be 9:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m., and 4:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m. Mexico City time, each business day during the Offering Period, except for the Expiration Date, which will be 9:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m., Mexico City time.

The Custodian shall transfer the Shares to Inbursa's account No. 2501 with S.D. Indeval, S.A. de C.V., Institución para el Depósito de Valores (Indeval), not later than by 4:00 p.m., Mexico City time, on the Expiration Date. Any Shares transferred to such account after such time will not be included in the Offer.

Any Acceptance Letter improperly completed, received after the dates or hours stipulated above, or which are not accompanied by the transfer of the relevant Shares, will not be taken into consideration and, as a result, the Shares subject matter of such Acceptance Letters will be excluded from the Offer without any liability for Inbursa, América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V. or their respective related parties. Neither América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V., Inbursa or any other person assumes any obligation to notify any Custodian or shareholder who may intend to accept the Offer, of any defect or irregularity in the Acceptance Letter or any document relating to the tender of their shares in connection with the Offer.

For purposes of the Offer, the Custodian, on behalf of its clients, hereby represents that such clients have instructed it to accept the terms and conditions for the Offer as set forth in the Disclosure Statement, which is available for inspection at www.bmv.com.mx as of []. The Custodian further represents that, in accordance with its internal books and records, as of the date hereof each investor on whose behalf it has submitted this Acceptance Letter is the legitimate holder of the Shares and has the necessary legal capacity to transfer such shares in connection with the Offer.

The Custodian will receive, through Indeval, 2.0474 Series L AMX Shares in exchange for each Series A-1 TELECOM Share tendered in connection with the Offer (the Exchange Ratio).

The number of Shares tendered by the Custodian in its own name or on behalf of third parties in connection with the Offer, which have been transferred to Inbursa's account No. 2501 with Indeval, is:

Number of shares (in number and words):

Table of Contents

The number of shares indicated in the preceding box, multiplied by the Exchange Ratio, equals:

Number of shares (in number and words):

On May 11, 2010, the Settlement Date, Inbursa will transfer the number of shares indicated in the preceding box to those Custodians who may have validly accepted the Offer in their own name or on behalf of their clients in accordance with the terms set forth in the Disclosure Statement, based upon the following information:

Custodian s SIAC account for purposes of the transfer of the Series L AMX Shares by Inbursa:

Account No.:

Beneficiary:

Credit Institution s ID No.:

If the Custodian is electing to receive the settlement of the Shares transferred pursuant hereto at an account other than a SIAC account, please provide the relevant account information: _____.

The undersigned hereby represents, on behalf of the institution represented by him/her, that all of the information contained herein with respect to such institution or its clients is correct, that he/she accepts the terms of the Offer, and that he/she has been granted sufficient authority by the Custodian to deliver and accept the terms of this Acceptance Letter.

The Custodian

Name:

Name and position of the contact person:

Address:

Telephone:

Fax:

Email:

Capitalized terms not otherwise defined in this Acceptance Letter shall have the meaning ascribed thereto in the Disclosure Statement.

Attached hereto is a copy of the power of attorney granted by the Custodian to the person executing this Acceptance Letter.

Individual responsible for the information

contained in this Acceptance Letter

Name:

Title:

Signature

Date:

Table of Contents

d. Exhibit 25(d) AMX Pro Forma Financial Statements

Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Information

The following Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements give pro forma effect to the TELECOM Offer (a common control transaction) and the Offer (a purchase of non-controlling interest) as described below.

On January 13, 2010 AMX announced that it intended to conduct two separate but concurrent offers to acquire outstanding shares of TELINT and TELECOM. TELINT provides a wide range of telecommunications services in Brazil, Colombia and other countries in Latin America. TELECOM is a holding company with controlling interests in TELINT and Telmex, a leading Mexican telecommunications provider.

The two offers consist of the following:

The TELECOM Offer. The consideration in the TELECOM Offer will consist of 2.0474 AMX L Shares for each share of TELECOM. If all shareholders of TELECOM participate in the TELECOM Offer, AMX will issue 7,129 million AMX L Shares in the TELECOM Offer.

The TELINT Offer. The consideration in the TELINT Offer will consist of 0.373 AMX L Shares or Ps. 11.66, at the election of the exchanging holder, for each share of TELINT. TELECOM has announced publicly that it will not participate in the TELINT Offer. If all shareholders of TELINT other than TELECOM participate in the TELINT Offer and elect to receive shares, AMX will issue 2,639 million AMX L Shares in the TELINT Offer. If all shareholders of TELINT other than TELECOM participate in the offer and elect to receive the cash consideration, AMX will pay Ps. 82,495 million (US\$6,317 million based on the December 31, 2009 exchange rate) in the TELINT Offer.

This condensed financial information was prepared from, and should be read in conjunction with, the following:

The audited consolidated financial statements of AMX as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2009.

The audited consolidated financial statements of TELINT as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2009.

The audited consolidated financial statements of Telmex as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2009.

The Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet combines the December 31, 2009 historical consolidated balance sheets of the entities giving effect to the TELECOM Offer as a merger between entities under common control, as discussed below. It gives effect to the TELINT Offer as a purchase of non-controlling interest (a shareholders' equity transaction). The Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet assumes that the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer were completed on December 31, 2009.

The Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Statements of Income give effect to the TELECOM Offer as if it had occurred on January 1, 2007. They also give effect to the TELINT Offer as if it had occurred on January 1, 2009.

The Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements are presented based on historical Mexican FRS amounts, with pro-forma combined net income and pro-forma combined shareholders' equity amounts reconciled to US GAAP.

Table of Contents

The Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements are based on information presently available, using assumptions that we believe are reasonable. The Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements are being provided for information purposes only. They do not purport to represent our actual financial position or results of operations had the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer occurred on the dates specified, nor do they project our results of operations or financial position for any future period or date.

The Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Statements of Income do not reflect any adjustments for operating synergies, transaction expenses or costs that may result from the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer. In addition, pro forma adjustments are based on certain assumptions and other information that are subject to change as additional information becomes available. Accordingly, the amounts included in our financial statements published after the completion of the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer may vary from the pro-forma amounts included herein.

Table of Contents**AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. de C.V. AND SUBSIDIARIES****UNAUDITED PRO-FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED BALANCE SHEET**

As of December 31, 2009

(in thousands of Mexican pesos)

	América Móvil Consolidated	CGT (non-consolidated)	Telmex Consolidated	Telmex Internacional Consolidated	Pro-Forma Elimination Entries (Note 3 (a))	Subtotal	Other Pro-Forma Adjustments	Explanation	Pro-Forma Combined
Current Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	Ps. 27,445,880	Ps. 6,474,042	Ps. 14,379,768	Ps. 10,699,224	Ps.	Ps. 58,998,914	Ps.		Ps. 58,998,914
Accounts receivable, net	55,918,984	2,752,053	20,218,788	20,462,805	(5,591,403)	93,761,227			93,761,227
Derivative financial instruments	8,361	1,512,820	11,496,359			13,017,540			13,017,540
Related parties	468,096		894,535	4,000,119	(2,251,470)	3,111,280			3,111,280
Inventories, net	21,536,018		1,543,648	675,859		23,755,525			23,755,525
Other current assets, net	2,720,983	22,632	3,303,275	2,346,295		8,393,185			8,393,185
Total current assets	108,098,322	10,761,547	51,836,373	38,184,302	(7,842,873)	201,037,671			201,037,671
Plant, property and equipment	227,049,009	1,079,770	105,952,096	84,124,541		418,205,416			418,205,416
Licenses, net	42,582,531		918,341	12,740,656		56,241,528			56,241,528
Trademarks, net	3,974,527			1,815,916		5,790,443			5,790,443
Goodwill, net	45,805,279	8,631,267		14,399,481		68,836,027			68,836,027
Investments in affiliates, net	974,693	90,751,963	1,775,380	16,766,564	(90,873,316)	19,395,284			19,395,284
Deferred taxes	15,908,795	3,365,040		6,098,449	(551,119)	24,821,165			24,821,165
Other assets	8,614,805		17,873,187	170,828	(372,294)	26,286,526			26,286,526
Total assets	Ps.453,007,961	Ps.114,589,587	Ps.178,355,377	Ps.174,300,737	Ps.(99,639,602)	Ps.820,614,060	Ps.		Ps.820,614,060
Liabilities and Shareholders Equity									
Current Liabilities:									
Short term debt and current portion of long-term debt	Ps. 9,167,941	Ps. 3,361,740	Ps. 19,768,894	Ps. 12,667,266	Ps.	Ps. 44,965,841	Ps.		Ps. 44,965,841
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	97,086,585	2,960,702	12,602,060	17,488,978	(3,870,616)	126,267,709			126,267,709
Taxes payable	16,716,549	175,458	2,211,626	468,842		19,572,475			19,572,475
Related parties	1,045,155		1,602,128	3,320,070	(3,972,256)	1,995,097			1,995,097
Deferred revenues	16,240,451		1,104,175	4,494,451		21,839,077			21,839,077

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Total current liabilities	140,256,681	6,497,900	37,288,883	38,439,607	(7,842,872)	214,640,199			214,640,199
Long-term liabilities:									
Long-term debt	101,741,199	26,117,402	83,105,454	21,310,434		232,274,489			232,274,489
Deferred taxes	22,282,245	3,816,567	15,060,058	7,295,658	(654,645)	47,799,883			47,799,883
Deferred credits			466,696	4,991,473		5,458,169			5,458,169
Employee benefits	10,822,273		4,113,513	2,778,593	(2,559)	17,711,820			17,711,820
Total liabilities	275,102,398	36,431,869	140,034,604	74,815,765	(8,500,076)	517,884,560			517,884,560
Shareholders equity									
Capital stock	36,524,423	20,462,452	9,020,300	55,015,542	(77,328,307)	43,694,410	106,698,656	Notes 2 (a), 2 (c) and 3 (c)	150,393,060
Retained earnings:									
From prior years								Notes 2 (a) and 3 (c)	
Current year	38,952,974	27,436,668	7,907,079	11,215,607	(12,851,974)	72,660,354	(67,987,055)	3 (c)	4,673,299
	76,913,454	17,823,677	20,468,689	9,104,501	(31,392,142)	92,918,179			92,918,179
Accumulated other comprehensive income	115,866,428	45,260,345	28,375,768	20,320,108	(44,244,116)	165,578,533	(67,987,055)		97,591,478
	24,782,273	12,434,921	883,225	20,400,517	(22,553,052)	35,947,884			35,947,884
Total controlling shareholders equity	177,173,124	78,157,718	38,279,293	95,736,167	(144,125,475)	245,220,827	38,711,601	Note 3 (e)	283,932,422
Non-controlling interests	732,439		41,480	3,748,805	52,985,949	57,508,673	(38,711,601)	Note 3 (e)	18,797,077
Total shareholders equity	177,905,563	78,157,718	38,320,773	99,484,972	(91,139,526)	302,729,500			302,729,500
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	Ps.453,007,961	Ps.114,589,587	Ps.178,355,377	Ps.174,300,737	Ps.(99,639,602)	Ps.820,614,060	Ps.		Ps.820,614,060
US GAAP adjustments (Note 5)	12,145,910		(30,855,922)	12,462,959		(6,247,053)	145,320,911	Note 3 (d)	139,892,555
Pro-Forma Shareholders Equity under US GAAP	Ps.190,051,473	Ps. 78,157,718	Ps. 7,464,851	Ps.111,947,931	Ps.(91,139,526)	Ps.296,482,447	Ps.145,320,911		Ps.442,622,055

See accompanying notes to Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements.

Table of Contents**AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V. AND SUBSIDIARIES****UNAUDITED PRO-FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENT OF INCOME****Year ended December 31, 2009****(in thousands of Mexican pesos)**

	América Móvil Consolidated	CGT (non-consolidated)	Telmex Consolidated	Telmex Internacional Consolidated	Pro-Forma Eliminations (Note 3 (a))	Subtotal	Other Pro-Forma Adjustments	Explanations	Pro-Forma Combined
Operating revenues:									
Services									
Time	Ps. 118,949,020	Ps.	Ps. 45,027,811	Ps. 15,255,365	Ps.	Ps. 179,232,196	Ps.		Ps. 179,232,196
Preconnection	60,557,856		16,572,941	34,876,488	(25,776,078)	86,231,207			86,231,207
Monthly rent	75,585,846				(6,367)	75,579,479			75,579,479
Long-distance	23,301,403		20,804,790		(138,117)	43,968,076			43,968,076
Local			30,817,715	29,762,188	(241,426)	60,338,477			60,338,477
Value added services									
Other services	70,743,490	772,138	5,876,955	12,646,045	(2,487,380)	87,551,248			87,551,248
Sales of handsets and accessories	45,573,416					45,573,416			45,573,416
	394,711,031	772,138	119,100,212	92,540,086	(28,649,368)	578,474,099			578,474,099
Operating costs and expenses:									
Cost of sales and services	165,039,738		45,955,140	48,421,032	(27,027,387)	232,388,523			232,388,523
Commercial, administrative and general expenses	72,380,031	27,611	20,830,245	21,540,979	(1,178,292)	113,600,574			113,600,574
Depreciation and amortization	53,082,307	55,315	17,950,768	11,526,288	(28,489)	82,586,189			82,586,189
	290,502,076	82,926	84,736,153	81,488,299	(28,234,168)	428,575,286			428,575,286
Operating income	104,208,955	689,212	34,364,059	11,051,787	(415,200)	149,898,813			149,898,813
Other expenses, net	(2,165,584)	42,593	(1,349,680)	(47,973)	(7,705)	(3,528,349)			(3,528,349)
Comprehensive result from financing:									
Interest income	1,691,929	174,931	711,243	1,085,044		3,663,147			3,663,147
Interest expense	(7,410,314)	(1,226,951)	(6,122,328)	(2,365,641)		(17,125,234)			(17,125,234)
Change gain (loss),	4,556,571	(538,468)	1,096,531	2,372,766		7,487,400			7,487,400
Other financing (cost)	(1,820,110)					(1,820,110)			(1,820,110)
	(2,981,924)	(1,590,488)	(4,314,554)	1,092,169		(7,794,797)			(7,794,797)
Equity interest in net income of affiliates	195,714	19,098,194	254,680	1,889,386	(19,098,194)	2,339,780			2,339,780
Income before taxes	99,257,161	18,239,511	28,954,505	13,985,369	(19,521,099)	140,915,447			140,915,447
Profit									

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Income on profit	22,259,308	415,834	8,485,522	4,422,481	(103,527)	35,479,618			35,479,618
Income Mexican S	76,997,853	17,823,677	20,468,983	9,562,888	(19,417,572)	105,435,829			105,435,829
GAAP adjustments (Note 5)	(2,638,029)	Note 3 (d)	(650,473)	(976,367)		(4,264,869)	(202,756)	Note 3 (d)	(4,467,622)
Income US S	Ps. 74,359,824	Ps. 17,823,677	Ps. 19,818,510	Ps. 8,586,521	Ps.(19,417,572)	101,170,960	(202,756)		Ps. 100,968,204
Distribution of net income:									
Controlling interest	Ps. 76,913,454	Ps. 17,823,677	Ps. 20,468,689	Ps. 9,104,501	Ps.(19,417,572)	Ps. 104,892,749	(7,632,774)	Note 3 (e)	Ps. 97,259,975
Non-controlling interest (Note 3 (e))	84,399		294	458,387		543,080	7,632,774	Note 3 (e)	8,175,853
	Ps. 76,997,853	Ps. 17,823,677	Ps. 20,468,983	Ps. 9,562,888	Ps. 19,417,572)	Ps. 105,435,829			Ps. 105,435,829
Distribution of net income under US GAAP:									
Controlling interest	Ps. 74,278,317							Note 3 (d)	Ps. 93,138,781
Non-controlling interest (Note 3 (e))	81,507							Note 3 (d)	7,829,419
	Ps. 74,359,824								Ps. 100,968,204
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (in millions)	32,738							Note 3 (f)	42,500
Controlling Interest earnings per share Mexican FRS	Ps. 2.35								Ps. 2.27
Controlling interest earnings per share GAAP	Ps. 2.27								Ps. 2.18

See accompanying notes to Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements.

Table of Contents**AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V. AND SUBSIDIARIES****UNAUDITED PRO-FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENT OF INCOME****Year ended December 31, 2008****(in thousands of Mexican pesos)**

	América Móvil Consolidated	CGT (non-consolidated)	Telmex Consolidated	Telmex Internacional Consolidated	Pro-Forma Eliminations (Note 3 (a))	Subtotal	Other Pro-Forma Adjustments	Explanations	Pro-Forma Combined
Operating revenues:									
Services:									
Air time	Ps. 99,258,566	Ps.	Ps. 48,982,383	Ps. 10,593,515	Ps.	Ps. 158,834,464	Ps.		Ps. 158,834,464
Interconnection	60,371,865		19,139,692		(26,308,965)	53,202,592			53,202,592
Monthly rent	66,805,611					66,805,611			66,805,611
Long-distance	20,624,128		24,535,033	31,592,774	(68,969)	76,682,966			76,682,966
Data			25,387,672	22,253,818	(245,999)	47,395,491			47,395,491
Value added services and other services	51,089,479	516,448	6,060,455	11,564,634	(2,173,306)	67,057,710			67,057,710
Sales of handsets and accessories	47,505,259					47,505,259			47,505,259
	345,654,908	516,448	124,105,235	76,004,741	(28,797,239)	517,484,093			517,484,093
Operating costs and expenses:									
Cost of sales and services	146,025,037		46,566,053	38,972,801	(27,972,886)	203,591,005			203,591,005
Commercial, administrative and general expenses	62,316,415	11,367	19,863,006	19,141,283	(867,135)	100,464,936			100,464,936
Depreciation and amortization	41,767,309	19,712	17,933,207	8,967,605		68,687,833			68,687,833
	250,108,761	31,079	84,362,266	67,081,689	(28,840,021)	372,743,774			372,743,774
Operating income	95,546,147	485,369	39,742,969	8,923,052	42,782	144,740,319			144,740,319
Other expenses, net	(2,326,959)	2,380	(679,592)	(102,434)	(16,155)	(3,122,760)			(3,122,760)
Comprehensive result of financing:									
Interest income	2,414,390	189,271	913,462	1,265,849	(1,513)	4,781,459			4,781,459
Interest expense	(8,950,562)	(2,050,980)	(7,652,427)	(1,508,463)	23	(20,162,409)			(20,162,409)
Exchange gain (loss), net	(13,686,423)	(1,157,041)	(2,493,729)	(1,878,262)		(19,215,455)			(19,215,455)
Other financing (cost) income, net	6,357,722					6,357,722			6,357,722
	(13,864,873)	(3,018,750)	(9,232,694)	(2,120,876)	(1,490)	(28,238,683)			(28,238,683)

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Equity interest in net income of affiliates	109,416	16,096,955	(62,113)	190,519	(16,096,955)	237,822			237,822
Income before taxes on profit	79,463,731	13,565,954	29,768,570	6,890,261	(16,071,818)	113,616,698			113,616,698
Taxes on profit	19,888,337	239,817	9,591,659	1,259,333	7,039	30,986,185			30,986,185
Net income Mexican FRS	59,575,394	13,326,137	20,176,911	5,630,928	(16,078,857)	82,630,513			82,630,513
US GAAP adjustments	(5,323,315)		(394,354)	(2,354,092)		(8,071,761)	(256,657)	Note 3 (d)	(8,328,418)
Net income US GAAP	Ps. 54,252,079	Ps. 13,326,137	Ps. 19,782,557	Ps. 3,276,836	Ps.(16,078,857)	Ps. 74,558,752	Ps.(256,657)		Ps. 74,302,095
Distribution of net income:									
Controlling interest	Ps. 59,485,502	Ps. 13,326,137	Ps. 20,176,936	Ps. 5,535,476	Ps.(16,078,857)	Ps. 82,445,194	(9,491,989)	Note 3 (e)	Ps. 72,953,205
Non-controlling interest	89,892		(25)	95,452		185,319	9,491,989	Note 3 (e)	9,677,308
	Ps. 59,575,394	Ps. 13,326,137	Ps. 20,176,911	Ps. 5,630,928	Ps.(16,078,857)	Ps. 82,630,513			Ps. 82,630,513
Distribution of net income under US GAAP:									
Controlling interest	Ps. 54,170,219							Note 3 (d)	Ps. 65,600,174
Non-controlling interest (Note 3 (e))	81,860							Note 3 (d)	8,701,922
	Ps. 54,252,079								Ps. 74,302,095
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (in millions)	34,220							Note 3 (f)	41,359
Controlling Interest earnings per share Mexican FRS	Ps. 1.74								Ps. 1.76
Controlling interest earnings per share US GAAP	Ps. 1.59								Ps. 1.59

See accompanying notes to Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements.

Table of Contents**AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V. AND SUBSIDIARIES****UNAUDITED PRO-FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENT OF INCOME****Year ended December 31, 2007****(in thousands of Mexican pesos)**

	América Móvil Consolidated	CGT (non-consolidated)	Telmex Consolidated	Telmex Internacional Consolidated	Pro-Forma Eliminations (Note 3 (a))	Subtotal	Other Pro-Forma Adjustments	Explanations	Pro-Forma Combined
Operating revenues:									
Services:									
Air time	Ps. 87,522,245		Ps. 54,398,425	Ps. 7,873,585	Ps.	Ps.149,794,255	Ps.		Ps.149,794,255
Interconnection	58,554,255		22,603,745		(25,764,042)	55,393,958			55,393,958
Monthly rent	59,551,717					59,551,717			59,551,717
Long-distance	20,348,067		27,027,186	30,688,607		78,063,860			78,063,860
Data			22,280,016	19,771,404		42,051,420			42,051,420
Value added services and other services	40,359,659	Ps. 509,705	4,458,299	9,426,575	(2,662,737)	52,091,501			52,091,501
Sales of handsets and accessories	45,243,819					45,243,819			45,243,819
	311,579,762	509,705	130,767,671	67,760,171	(28,426,779)	482,190,530			482,190,530
Operating costs and expenses:									
Cost of sales and services	132,373,998		48,905,671	33,451,671	(27,917,074)	186,814,266			186,814,266
Commercial, administrative and general expenses	53,605,408	19,671	19,552,442	16,207,483	(509,705)	88,875,299			88,875,299
Depreciation and amortization	40,406,018		18,425,285	7,770,805		66,602,108			66,602,108
	226,385,424	19,671	86,883,398	57,429,959	(28,426,779)	342,291,673			342,291,673
Operating income	85,194,338	490,034	43,884,273	10,330,212		139,898,857			139,898,857
Other expenses, net	(3,712,874)	2,696	(44,361)	(242,692)		(3,997,231)			(3,997,231)
Comprehensive result of financing:									
Interest income	2,960,265	778,740	1,396,088	1,216,707		6,351,800			6,351,800
Interest expense	(7,696,967)	(2,889,253)	(6,615,400)	(1,630,535)	958,222	(17,873,933)			(17,873,933)
Exchange gain (loss), net	2,463,442	(86,873)	(643,137)	(3,107)		1,730,325			1,730,325
Monetary gain, net	5,038,406	731,786	2,513,085	140,781		8,424,058			8,424,058
Other financing (cost) income, net	(3,152,631)	958,222			(958,222)	(3,152,631)			(3,152,631)

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	(387,485)	(507,378)	(3,349,364)	(276,154)		(4,520,381)			(4,520,381)
Equity interest in net income of affiliates	57,621	21,037,922	17,245	689,075	(21,037,922)	763,941			763,941
Income before taxes on profit	81,151,600	21,023,274	40,507,793	10,500,441	(21,037,922)	132,145,186			132,145,186
Taxes on profit	22,454,267	(310,215)	11,618,710	3,486,763		37,249,525			37,249,525
Income from continuing operations	58,697,333	21,333,489	28,889,083	7,013,678	(21,037,922)	94,895,661			94,895,661
Income from discontinued operations, net			7,166,312		(7,166,312)				
Net income Mexican FRS	58,697,333	21,333,489	36,055,395	7,013,678	(28,204,234)	94,895,661			94,895,661
US GAAP adjustments	(3,168,439)		(222,251)	(850,670)	318,021	(3,923,339)	(237,893)	Note 3 (d)	(4,161,232)
Net income US GAAP	Ps. 55,528,894	Ps.21,333,489	Ps. 35,833,144	Ps. 6,163,008	Ps.(27,886,213)	Ps. 90,972,322	Ps. (237,893)		Ps. 90,734,429
Distribution of net income:									
Controlling interest	58,587,511	21,333,489	35,484,947	6,463,834	(28,204,164)	93,665,617	(15,683,687)	Note 3 (e)	77,981,930
Non-controlling interest	109,822		570,448	549,844	(70)	1,230,044	15,683,687	Note 3 (e)	16,913,731
	Ps. 58,697,333	Ps.21,333,489	Ps. 36,055,395	Ps. 7,013,678	Ps.(28,204,234)	Ps. 94,895,661			Ps. 94,895,661
Distribution of net income under US GAAP:									
Controlling interest	Ps. 55,425,000							Note 3 (d)	Ps. 74,562,375
Non-controlling interest (Note 3 (e))	103,894							Note 3 (d)	16,172,054
	Ps. 55,528,894								Ps. 90,734,429
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (in millions)	35,149							Note 3 (f)	42,294
Controlling Interest earnings per share Mexican FRS	Ps. 1.67								Ps. 1.84
Controlling interest earnings per share US GAAP	Ps. 1.58								Ps. 1.76

See accompanying notes to Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements.

Table of Contents

Notes to Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Information

(In thousands of Mexican pesos, and thousands of U.S. dollars,
except share and per share amounts and when indicated otherwise)

1. Presentation of Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Financial Information

AMX is a leading provider of wireless communications services in Latin America.

On January 13, 2010 AMX announced that it intended to conduct two separate but concurrent offers to acquire outstanding shares of TELINT and TELECOM. TELINT provides telecommunications services in Brazil, Colombia and other countries in Latin America. TELECOM is a holding company with controlling interests in TELINT and Telmex, a leading Mexican telecommunications provider.

The two offers consist of the following:

The TELECOM Offer. The consideration in the TELECOM Offer will consist of 2.0474 AMX L Shares for each share of TELECOM. If all shareholders of TELECOM participate in the TELECOM Offer, AMX will issue 7,129 million AMX L Shares in the TELECOM Offer.

The TELINT Offer. The consideration in the TELINT Offer will consist of 0.373 AMX L Shares or Ps. 11.66, at the election of the exchanging holder, for each share of TELINT. TELECOM has publicly announced that it will not participate in the TELINT Offer. If all shareholders of TELINT other than TELECOM participate in the TELINT Offer and elect to receive shares, AMX will issue 2,639 million AMX L Shares in the TELINT Offer. If all shareholders of TELINT other than TELECOM participate in the offer and elect to receive the cash consideration, AMX will pay Ps. 82,495 million (US\$6,317 million based on the December 31, 2009 exchange rate) in the TELINT Offer.

If the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer are completed, AMX will acquire controlling interests in TELECOM, TELINT (directly and indirectly through TELECOM) and Telmex (indirectly through TELECOM). The principal purpose of the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer is to pursue synergies between AMX's business and that of TELINT.

AMX, TELECOM and TELINT are indirectly under the control of the Slim Family.

The accompanying Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet is presented in order to present the pro-forma effects of the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer as if they were consummated as of December 31, 2009. The accompanying Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Statements of Income for each of the three years ended December 31, 2009 are presented in order to present the pro-forma effects of the TELECOM Offer as if it were consummated as of January 1, 2007. The accompanying Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Statements of Income is also presented in order to present the pro-forma effects of the TELINT Offer as if it were consummated as of January 1, 2009.

The accompanying Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements are presented based on the provisions of Article 11 of Regulation S-X of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). In presenting the accompanying Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements, AMX has not presented a column for the audited historical consolidated financial information of TELECOM. Instead, it has presented separate columns for the audited historical consolidated financial statements of AMX, Telmex and TELINT representing the substantial entirety of the assets and operations of the entities subject to the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer. AMX has also presented a column for the unaudited non-consolidated (equity method accounting) financial statements of TELECOM, along with incremental disclosures for TELECOM's indebtedness and derivatives. TELECOM has no significant assets or operations beyond its holdings in Telmex and TELINT. The TELECOM non-consolidated (equity method accounting) financial statements also include combined

Table of Contents

amounts for two TELECOM majority (99.9%) owned subsidiaries (Empresas y Controles en Comunicaciones, S.A. de C.V., and Multimedia Corporativo, S.A. de C.V), which also have small holdings of shares of both Telmex and TELINT. Those subsidiaries have no operating revenues and their only assets are their equity investments in both Telmex and TELINT, and insignificant amounts of cash.

AMX has presented the accompanying Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements for illustrative purposes only. The Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements are not necessarily indicative of the actual results of operations or financial position that would have occurred had the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer occurred on the dates indicated, nor are they indicative of future operating results or financial position. No account has been taken within the Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements of any operating synergies, transaction expenses or costs such as severance or restructuring costs that may result from the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer.

2. Accounting for the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer**a. Common Control TELECOM Offer**

The TELECOM Offer involves the share for share exchange of capital stock. Prior to the TELECOM Offer, 88.57% of TELECOM's capital stock was indirectly owned by the Slim Family. That component of the TELECOM Offer has been accounted for as a transaction between entities under common control with balances and transactions being accounted for at historical cost on a basis similar to the accounting method previously known as a pooling-of-interest for all periods presented herein. In combining the historical financial statements of the companies, AMX has not adjusted any historical accounting policies, believing that they all reasonably conform. Prior to the TELECOM Offer, 11.43% of TELECOM's capital stock was owned by investors other than the Slim Family. The acquisition of those shares has been accounted for at a share price of Ps. 31.13 as of March 31, 2010, with the resulting difference on the third party share acquisition being recorded as a charge to retained earnings in the amount of Ps. 24,546,586.

b. Repurchase of Non-Controlling Interests in TELINT TELINT Offer

The TELINT Offer has been accounted for as a repurchase of non-controlling interest in the manner discussed in Note 3C below.

c. Pro-Forma Capital Stock

TELECOM's historical combined capital stock as of December 31, 2009 prior to the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer was Ps. 20,462,452, and was represented by Ps. 7,169,987 related to TELECOM and Ps. 13,292,465 related to Empresas y Controles en Comunicaciones, S.A. de C.V., and Multimedia Corporativo, S.A. de C.V. The latter amounts have been eliminated in the combination of the Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet.

Pro-Forma capital stock balances reflect the following:

Historical carrying value of AMX capital stock	Ps. 36,524,423
Historical carrying value of 88.57% of TELECOM capital stock exchanged with Slim Family entities in the TELECOM Offer	6,350,457
Assumed value of 11.43% of TELECOM capital stock exchanged with third parties in TELECOM Offer	25,366,116
Assumed value of TELINT Offer shares (see Note 3(c) below)	82,152,070
Pro-Forma capital stock	Ps.150,393,066

Table of Contents

In accounting for the issuance of the pro-forma shares, a pro-forma adjustment of Ps. 106,698,656 has been presented in the accompanying Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet. This adjustment primarily relates to the value assigned to capital stock issued to third parties.

3. Pro-Forma Adjustments

a. Elimination of Intercompany Transactions and Balances

Elimination entries have been made so as to combine the financial position and results of operations of the entities under common control. The amounts eliminated in the accompanying Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements include:

revenues, expenses, accounts payable, related party accounts payable, taxes payable, related parties accounts receivable and accrued liabilities, correspond to eliminations for transactions carried out between the entities under common control. The eliminations also contain the related income tax effects, if any. The primary services rendered and or received by the entities are: interconnection services, sales of handsets and accessories, long distance charges, sale of airtime, sale and lease of corporate links and networks, call traffic, lease of physical space, as well as other operating services, such as technical assistance;

TELECOM's equity interests in both Telmex and TELINT as of December 31, 2009;

Reclassification of the equity of certain investors in Telmex from controlling interest equity to non-controlling interest as discussed in Note 3(e) below;

Discontinued operations recorded by Telmex during the year ended December 31, 2007 related to its spin-off of TELINT. Historical results of TELINT reflect a full year of operations during the year ended December 31, 2007;

Capital stock accounts of subsidiary companies as discussed above.

b. Income Taxes

The TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer are anticipated to be non-taxable to the combined companies.

c. Repurchase of TELINT Non-Controlling Interest

The pro-forma effects of the TELINT Offer have been reflected in the Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2009. The pro-forma effects of the TELINT Offer have also been reflected in the Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Statements of Income from January 1, 2009.

The repurchase of TELINT non-controlling interest has been assumed to be a share-for-share exchange on the terms disclosed above. This pro-forma exchange has resulted in a reduction in TELINT non-controlling interest to zero, an increase in AMX common shares of 2,639 million shares at a value of Ps. 31.13 per share as of March 31, 2010 (a total value of Ps. 82,152 million), with the resulting difference on the non-controlling interest acquisition being recorded as a charge to retained earnings in the amount of Ps. 43,440,469.

As indicated above, TELINT shareholders have the option to have their TELINT Securities repurchased either through an exchange of AMX shares or in cash at Ps. 11.66 per TELINT Security. While the accompanying Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet assumes a share for share exchange, should the following levels of TELINT Securities elect to receive cash, AMX would be required to pay the following amounts in cash:

Table of Contents

	Required TELINT
	Non-Controlling
Percentage of	Interest Cash
Outstanding	Payment
10%	Ps. 8,248
20%	Ps. 16,496
30%	Ps. 24,744
40%	Ps. 32,992
50%	Ps. 41,240
60%	Ps. 49,488
70%	Ps. 57,736
80%	Ps. 65,984
90%	Ps. 74,232
100%	Ps. 82,495

The final accounting will be based on the share price on the date of exchange and actual results of the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer. As a result, the actual amounts will differ from the pro-forma amounts presented herein.

d. Basis Differences of TELECOM's Holdings in Telmex and TELINT

TELECOM has no other significant assets or operations beyond its holdings in Telmex and TELINT.

The only material difference between Mexican FRS and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (US GAAP) as applied to the historical TELECOM financial statements relates to estimated amounts attributable to purchase accounting for a very large number of purchases of treasury shares by Telmex and TELINT over many years, and also TELECOM's purchase of non-controlling interests in Telmex and TELINT over those years. Under Mexican FRS, the acquisition of non-controlling interest has been treated as an equity transaction. Under US GAAP in effect prior to January 1, 2009, purchases of minority interests represented a step acquisition that must be recorded utilizing the purchase method, whereby the purchase price is allocated to the proportionate fair value of assets and liabilities acquired. Subsequent to January 1, 2009, Mexican FRS and US GAAP provide for similar accounting for the acquisition of non-controlling interest.

AMX has estimated this US GAAP pro-forma adjustment based on the excess of the cost over the carrying value of the numerous share purchases in Telmex and TELINT. Those excess amounts were then allocated to the underlying net assets based on overall assumptions, allocating three percent to fixed asset basis and approximately 97% to goodwill, which AMX believes is a reasonable estimation for the purpose of these Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements. Certain of these amounts were then depreciated and or amortized since the date of acquisition. Depreciation and amortization were applied to the adjustments as follows:

Asset Category	Depreciation Period
Property, plant and equipment	10 years
Goodwill, prior to 2002	20 years
Goodwill, subsequent to 2002	Not amortized

Pro-Forma depreciation expense was Ps. 289,652, Ps. 356,468 and Ps. 330,407 in each of the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively. The pro-forma tax benefit over the depreciation expense was Ps. 86,896, Ps. 99,811 and Ps. 92,514 respectively. Therefore, the pro-forma net income adjustment in each of the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 amount to Ps. 202,756, Ps. 256,657 and Ps. 237,893 respectively.

Table of Contents

In order to apply conformed accounting policies to the combined companies, for amounts incurred prior to January 1, 2008 inflationary accounting was also applied consistent with Mexican FRS. While inflationary accounting is not applied under US GAAP, it has also not been eliminated in the reconciliation to US GAAP by any of the companies, in accordance with the Instructions to Form 20-F.

Impairment was evaluated giving consideration to whether the carrying amount of the US GAAP adjustment exceeds its recovery value. No impairment has been recorded during any of the periods presented in the Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Financial Statements.

The resulting difference between TELECOM's shareholders' equity under Mexican FRS and US GAAP was estimated at Ps. 146,139,607 (Ps. 145,320,911 net of pro-forma deferred income taxes) as of December 31, 2009 and has been applied as a pro-forma adjustment in the accompanying Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet.

e. Non-Controlling Interests

Investors other than [] own approximately 34.95% in Telmex.

When Telmex was reported on as a stand-alone entity, this equity was included as a component of controlling interest shareholders' equity in its separate consolidated balance sheet. Upon completion of the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer, Telmex will be an indirect consolidated subsidiary of AMX, and accordingly this equity has been reclassified (as part of the other pro-forma adjustments discussed above) and presented as a component of non-controlling interest in the final pro-forma numbers attached.

Prior to the completion of the TELINT Offer, investors other than [] owned approximately 37.29% of TELINT.

Pro-forma non-controlling interest amounts as of December 31, 2009 are as follows:

AMX:	
Non-controlling interest before the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer	Ps. 732,439
Telmex:	
Non-controlling interest before the TELINT Offer and the TELECOM Offer	41,480
Other investors, whose equity will become non-controlling interest	18,023,153
Pro-Forma Non-Controlling Interest	Ps.18,797,072

In accounting for the acquisition of non-controlling interest, pro-forma adjustments of Ps. 38,711,601 have been reflected in the accompanying Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet so as to arrive at the ending Pro-Forma non-controlling interest amount disclosed above. This adjustment relates to the acquisition of Ps. 56,734,754 of TELINT non-controlling interests in the TELINT Offer and the addition of Ps. 18,023,153 of Telmex other investors controlling interest equity that would become part of AMX's non-controlling interest after completion of the TELECOM Offer.

The amount of non-controlling interest in the accompanying Unaudited Pro-Forma Condensed Combined Statements of Income reflects the change in ownership resulting from the TELECOM Offer from January 1, 2007 and the TELINT Offer from January 1, 2009. These changes result in a pro-forma reclassification between controlling and non-controlling net income of Ps. 7,632,774, Ps. 9,491,989 and Ps. 15,683,687 during the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

f. Earnings Per Share

Historical and pro-forma controlling interest earnings per share amounts have been presented for AMX both under Mexican FRS and under US GAAP. In presenting the pro-forma number of shares

Table of Contents

outstanding, AMX added the historical weighted average number of shares outstanding to the presumed number of shares issued in the TELECOM Offer for all periods presented (based on the proposed exchange rate), and in the TELINT Offer since January 1, 2009, as follows (in millions of shares):

	Historical Weighted Average Shares Outstanding	TELECOM Offer	TELINT Offer	Pro-Forma Shares Outstanding
Year ended December 31, 2007	35,149	7,145		42,294
Year ended December 31, 2008	34,220	7,139		41,359
Year ended December 31, 2009	32,738	7,129	2,639	42,506

4. Additional TELECOM Disclosures**a. Indebtedness**

TELECOM's long-term debt consists of the following:

	Weighted-average interest rate at December 31		Maturity From 2010 to	Balance at December 31	
	2009	2008		2009	2008
Debt denominated in U.S. dollars:					
Secured loans	LIBOR + .20	LIBOR + .20	2012	Ps.28,729,142	29,784,263
Total				28,729,142	29,784,263
Debt denominated in Mexican pesos:					
Domestic senior notes	9.30%	9.30%	2010	750,000	750,000
Short-term domestic senior notes		10.25%	2008		3,934,917
Total				750,000	4,684,917
Total debt				29,479,142	34,469,180
Less short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt				3,361,740	3,934,917
Long-term debt				Ps.26,117,402	30,534,263

TELECOM has several secured loans aggregating US\$ 2,200 million that mature between 2010 and 2012. To secure the loans, TELECOM placed in trust 84.05 million ADRs representing 1,681 million TMX L Shares and TELINT L Shares. The loans bear interest at London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus a spread, which ranged from 0.20% to 0.625% in 2009. TELECOM's weighted-average cost of debt at December 31, 2009 (including interest expense, interest rate swaps, commissions and taxes withheld) was approximately 6.67% (10.25% in 2008).

TELECOM's long-term debt maturities at December 31, 2009 are as follows:

Year	Total
2011	Ps.14,364,571
2012	11,752,831

b. Derivative Financial Instruments

TELECOM is exposed to interest rate and foreign currency risks, which are mitigated through a controlled risk management program that includes the use of derivative financial instruments. In order to reduce the risks due to exchange rate fluctuations, TELECOM utilizes swaps, cross currency swaps and forwards to fix exchange rates to the liabilities being hedged; however, since TELECOM has not formally documented the hedging relationship, it does not apply hedge accounting rules to its derivative financial instruments.

Table of Contents

TELECOM's derivative financial instruments are recognized in the balance sheet at their fair values, which are obtained from the financial institutions with which it has entered into the related agreements. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognized in results of operations.

TELECOM's derivative financial instruments consist of the following:

Interest-rate swaps

To offset its exposure to financial risks, TELECOM entered into interest-rate swaps. Under these contracts, the parties exchange cash flows on the amount resulting from applying the swap base amount to the agreed on rates. TELECOM agreed to receive the 28-day Mexican weighted interbank (TELINTE) rate and to pay fixed rates. The swaps are recorded in results of operations in accordance with the related market interest rates. At December 31, 2009 and 2008, TELECOM had interest-rate swaps for a total base amount of Ps. 9,400 and Ps. 9,000 million, respectively. For the year ended December 31, 2009, TELECOM recognized a net charge of Ps. 305,938 (Ps. 128,835 in 2008, and credit of Ps. 41,965 in 2007) as part of Comprehensive result of financing due to changes in the fair value of such instruments.

Cross currency swaps

At December 31, 2009, TELECOM also had cross currency swaps for a total of US\$ 500 million. At December 31, 2009, TELECOM recognized a net expense for these swaps in Comprehensive result of financing of Ps. 215,095 (Ps. 114,844 in 2008). At December 31, 2007 TELECOM did not have cross currency swaps.

Forward contracts

As part of its hedging strategy, TELECOM uses derivatives to reduce the risk associated with exchange rate fluctuations on its U.S. dollar denominated transactions. In 2009, TELECOM entered into long-term exchange hedges, which, at December 31, 2009, cover liabilities of US\$ 1,535 million (US\$ 1,221 million in 2008). In 2009, TELECOM recognized a charge of Ps. 1,467,004 (credit of Ps. 4,699,452 in 2008, and expense of Ps. 579,701 in 2007) to results of operations for these hedges corresponding to exchange differences.

An analysis of the fair value of financial instruments at December 31, 2009 and 2008 is as follows:

Instrument	2009		2008	
	Notional amount (in millions)	Fair value	Notional amount (in millions)	Fair value
Cross currency swaps	US\$ 500	Ps.1,240	US\$ 500	Ps.1,613
Forwards dollar-peso	US\$ 1,535	154	US\$ 1,221	1,280
Interest-rate swaps in pesos	Peso 9,400	119	\$ 9,000	280
Total		Ps.1,513		Ps.3,173

At December 31, 2009 the fair value of debt was estimated at Ps. 28,999,062.

5. US GAAP Adjustments

The consolidated financial statements of AMX, Telmex, TELINT and TELECOM are prepared in accordance with Mexican FRS, which differs in certain significant respects from US GAAP. Adjustments to reconcile the historical net income and historical shareholders' equity of AMX, Telmex and TELINT are each presented separately and explained in the audited historical financial statements of those companies, and are summarized as follows:

Table of Contents

	Net income for 2009	Net income for 2008	Net income for 2007	Shareholders Equity
AMX	Ps.(2,638,029)	Ps.(5,323,315)	Ps.(3,168,439)	Ps.12,145,910
Telmex	(650,473)	(394,354)	(222,251)*	(30,855,922)
TELINT	(976,367)	(2,354,092)	(850,670)	12,462,959
Total	Ps.(4,264,869)	Ps.(8,071,761)	Ps.(4,241,360)	Ps.(6,247,053)

* represents US GAAP adjustments of Ps. 95,770 related to continuing operations, and (Ps. 318,021) related to discontinued operations.

Amounts related to discontinued operations are ultimately eliminated in the presentation of pro-forma results.

Adjustments to reconcile the Mexican FRS and US GAAP net income and shareholders' equity of TELECOM for the purpose of these pro-forma financial statements are presented as a pro-forma adjustment based on management's estimate, and are explained in Note 3(d) above.

Table of Contents

e. Exhibit 25(e) Legal Opinion

15 de abril de 2010

COMISIÓN NACIONAL BANCARIA Y DE VALORES

Dirección General de Emisiones Bursátiles

Av. Insurgentes Sur No. 1971, Torre Norte

Col. Guadalupe Inn

01020, México, Distrito Federal

Hacemos referencia a la oferta pública de adquisición por hasta la totalidad de las acciones en circulación representativas del capital social de CARSO GLOBAL TELECOM, S.A.B. DE C.V. (CGT), y a la correspondiente suscripción recíproca de hasta 7,128,566,070 acciones de la Serie L representativas del capital social de **AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V.** (respectivamente, las ACCIONES y AMX) a llevarse a cabo por AMX.

Hemos revisado la documentación e información legal de AMX que se señala más adelante a efecto de rendir una opinión legal de conformidad con lo previsto por la fracción IV del artículo 85 y por la fracción II del artículo 87 de la Ley del Mercado de Valores, así como por el inciso c) de la fracción I del artículo 14 de las Disposiciones de carácter general aplicables a las emisoras de valores y a otros participantes del mercado de valores emitidas por la Secretaría de Hacienda y Crédito Público por conducto de esa H. Comisión Nacional Bancaria y de Valores y publicadas en el Diario Oficial de la Federación el 19 de marzo de 2003, según han sido modificadas (las DISPOSICIONES).

Table of Contents

15 de abril de 2010. Página 2.

Para efectos de la presente opinión, hemos revisado:

a. Constitutiva y estatutos sociales. (i) Copia simple de la escritura pública número 123,022 de fecha 29 de septiembre de 2000, otorgada ante el señor Felipe del Valle Prieto Ortega, notario público número 20 del Distrito Federal, inscrita en el Registro Público de Comercio bajo el folio mercantil número 263,770, en la que consta la constitución de AMX; y (ii) copia simple de la escritura pública número 35,039 de fecha 10 de abril de 2007, otorgada ante el señor Patricio Garza Bandala, notario público número 18 del Distrito Federal (actuando como asociado de la señora Ana Patricia Bandala Tolentino, notaria pública número 195 del Distrito Federal), que contiene la compulsa de los estatutos sociales de AMX.

b. Acuerdos corporativos. (i) Copia simple de la escritura pública número 41,878 de fecha 23 de marzo de 2010, otorgada ante la señora Ana Patricia Bandala Tolentino, notaria pública número 195 del Distrito Federal, cuyo primer testimonio se encuentra en trámite previo a su ingreso al Registro Público de Comercio, en la que consta la protocolización del acta de la asamblea general ordinaria de accionistas de AMX celebrada el 17 de marzo de 2010 que, entre otras cosas, aprobó que AMX iniciara la oferta pública de adquisición de las acciones representativas del capital social de CGT referida en el proemio de la presente opinión; y (ii) los acuerdos adoptados en la sesión del consejo de administración de AMX celebrada el 9 de marzo de 2010 en la que, entre otras cosas, fue presentada la opinión de Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC, en su carácter de experto independiente contratado por el consejo de administración de AMX, respecto de la razón de intercambio en la mencionada oferta pública de adquisición y suscripción recíproca que pretende llevar a cabo AMX.

c. Nombramiento consejeros. Copia simple del acta de la asamblea general ordinaria de accionistas de AMX celebrada el 7 de abril de 2010, en la que, entre otras cosas, consta el nombramiento de los señores Patrick Slim Domit, Rayford Wilkins, Mike Viola, Daniel Hajj Aboumrad, Alejandro Soberón Kuri, Carlos Bremer Gutiérrez, Enresto Vega Velasco, Santiago Cosío Pando, Pablo Roberto González Guajardo y David Ibarra Muñoz como miembros del consejo de administración de AMX (los CONSEJEROS).

d. Título. Proyecto de los títulos que amparan las ACCIONES (los TÍTULOS).

Asimismo, hemos presumido, sin haber realizado investigación independiente alguna o verificación de cualquier índole:

i. La legitimidad de todas las firmas y la autenticidad de los documentos que nos fueron proporcionados por AMX para efecto de llevar a cabo nuestra revisión y rendir la presente opinión legal;

Table of Contents

15 de abril de 2010. Página 3.

- ii. La fidelidad y suficiencia de todas las copias de documentos originales que nos fueron proporcionados;
- iii. Que los títulos que ampararán las ACCIONES serán suscritos por al menos uno de los CONSEJEROS, y que dichos títulos se suscribirán en sustancialmente los términos de los TÍTULOS; y
- iv. Que a la fecha en que sean suscritas las ACCIONES, el nombramiento de los CONSEJEROS a que se refiere el inciso c. anterior no habrá sido revocado, modificado o limitado en forma alguna, y dichos CONSEJEROS ocuparán sus cargos como miembros del consejo de administración de AMX.

Considerando las presunciones anteriores, y sujeto a las limitaciones y salvedades mencionadas más adelante, manifestamos a esa H. Comisión Nacional Bancaria y de Valores que a la fecha de la presente opinión y a nuestro leal saber y entender:

1. AMX se encuentra constituida y existe de conformidad con las leyes de los Estados Unidos Mexicanos, según consta en la escritura pública a que se refiere el inciso a. anterior.
2. Los estatutos sociales de AMX se apegan a lo dispuesto por la Ley del Mercado de Valores y las DISPOSICIONES.
3. Los acuerdos corporativos a que se refiere el inciso b. anterior son válidos.
4. Cualquiera de los CONSEJEROS se encontrará debidamente facultado para suscribir los títulos que amparen las ACCIONES.
5. Si (i) la Comisión Nacional Bancaria y de Valores autoriza la actualización de la inscripción de la ACCIONES en el Registro Nacional de Valores, (ii) se llevan a cabo todos los actos jurídicos y administrativos necesarios en observancia de la forma y términos legales, corporativos y contractuales que resulten aplicables y sean necesarios (incluyendo el cumplimiento de cualesquiera condiciones), (iii) los títulos que amparen las ACCIONES son suscritos por al menos un CONSEJERO cuyo cargo se encuentre vigente y no haya sido revocado, y (iv) los títulos que amparen las ACCIONES son suscritos sustancialmente en los términos de los TÍTULOS, entonces las ACCIONES habrán sido válidamente puestas en circulación por AMX y los derechos inherentes a las mismas serán exigibles en su contra.

Lo anterior se basa en la documentación e información referida en los incisos a. a d. anteriores que nos fue proporcionada por AMX y no implica, en modo alguno, haber realizado diligencia de investigación, examen particular o averiguación sobre el estado actual o potencial de los asuntos en que está involucrada AMX. Nuestra

Table of Contents

15 de abril de 2010. Página 4.

asesoría a AMX se ha limitado a las cuestiones particulares indicadas en la presente y no ha consistido, en caso alguno, en el examen de aspectos contenciosos o de litigio o en el examen de obligaciones contractuales asumidas por AMX frente a terceros. Asimismo, nuestra opinión se encuentra sujeta a las siguientes limitaciones específicas:

- I.** Se basa en documentación proporcionada por AMX que se encuentra en nuestro poder y en las circunstancias existentes a la fecha y de las que nosotros tenemos conocimiento;
- II.** Se limita a las cuestiones a las que hace referencia la fracción IV del artículo 85 y la fracción II del artículo 87 de la Ley del Mercado de Valores, respecto de las cuales hemos recibido instrucciones expresas de actuar y sobre las cuales hemos puesto atención especial;
- III.** No emitimos opinión respecto del tratamiento y régimen fiscal aplicable a las ACCIONES; y
- IV.** No aceptamos responsabilidades genéricas sobre materias distintas a las que se hace referencia en la presente opinión.

Las manifestaciones antes expresadas sustituyen cualesquiera que se hayan llevado a cabo con anterioridad en relación con este asunto. Estas manifestaciones se emiten en la fecha de la presente y, por lo tanto, están condicionadas y/o sujetas a probables modificaciones por causa de cambios en las leyes, circulares y demás disposiciones aplicables, hechos que imposibiliten el cumplimiento de las obligaciones citadas u otras situaciones similares. No expresamos manifestación alguna ni adquirimos compromiso u obligación alguna de informar a ustedes o a cualquier otra persona respecto de cualesquiera cambios en la documentación o información descritas que resulten de cuestiones, circunstancias o eventos que pudieran surgir en el futuro o que pudieran ser traídos a nuestra atención con fecha posterior a la de la presente opinión y que modifiquen su alcance y/o contenido.

Atentamente,

BUFETE ROBLES MIAJA, S.C.

Rafael Robles Miaja

Socio

132

Table of Contents

f. Exhibit 25(f) AMX s Additional Report Dated March 22, 2010

United States
Securities and Exchange Commission
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

Report of Foreign Private Issuer
Pursuant To Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16
of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the month of March 2010
Commission File Number: 1-16269

AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V.

(Exact Name of the Registrant as Specified in the Charter)

America Mobile

Edgar Filing: AMERICA MOVIL SAB DE CV/ - Form 6-K

(Translation of Registrant's Name into English)

Lago Alberto 366,

Colonia Anahuac

11320 México, D.F., México

(Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

(Check One) Form 20-F Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

(Check One) Yes No

(If Yes is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b). 82- .)

Table of Contents

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
<u>Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements</u>	135
<u>Presentation of Financial Statements</u>	136
<u>Selected Consolidated Financial and Operating Data</u>	137
<u>Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges</u>	139
<u>Operating and Financial Review and Prospects</u>	140
<u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk</u>	159
<u>Recent Developments</u>	160
Exhibits:	
<u>Calculation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges</u>	Exhibit 11.1
<u>Audited Consolidated Financial Statements under Mexican Financial Reporting Standards as of December 31, 2009 and 2008 and for the Years Ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007</u>	Exhibit 99.1

We have prepared this report to provide our investors with disclosure and financial information regarding recent developments in our business and results of operation for the year ended December 31, 2009.

The information in this report supplements information contained in our annual report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2008 (File No. 001-16269), filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 30, 2009 (our 2008 Form 20-F).

Table of Contents

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report contains forward-looking statements. We may from time to time make forward-looking statements in our periodic reports to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, on Forms 20-F and 6-K, in our annual report to shareholders, in offering circulars and prospectuses, in press releases and other written materials, and in oral statements made by our officers, directors or employees to analysts, institutional investors, representatives of the media and others. Examples of such forward-looking statements include:

projections of operating revenues, net income (loss), net income (loss) per share, capital expenditures, dividends, capital structure or other financial items or ratios;

statements of our plans, objectives or goals, including those relating to acquisitions, competition, regulation and rates;

statements about our future economic performance or that of Mexico or other countries in which we operate;

competitive developments in the telecommunications sector in each of the markets where we currently operate;

other factors or trends affecting the telecommunications industry generally and our financial condition in particular; and

statements of assumptions underlying the foregoing statements.

We use words such as believe, anticipate, plan, expect, intend, target, estimate, project, predict, forecast, guideline, should, or similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements, but they are not the only way we identify such statements.

Forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties. We caution you that a number of important factors could cause actual results to differ materially from the plans, objectives, expectations, estimates and intentions expressed in such forward-looking statements. These factors, some of which are discussed under Risk Factors in our 2008 Form 20-F include economic and political conditions and government policies in Mexico, Brazil or elsewhere, inflation rates, exchange rates, regulatory developments, technological improvements, customer demand and competition. We caution you that the foregoing list of factors is not exclusive and that other risks and uncertainties may cause actual results to differ materially from those in forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made. We do not undertake any obligation to update such statements in light of new information or future developments.

You should evaluate any statements made by us in light of these important factors.

Table of Contents

PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Mexican Financial Reporting Standards (*Normas de Información Financiera Mexicanas*, or Mexican FRS) and are presented in Mexican pesos. They have been audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Mexico. The financial statements of our non-Mexican subsidiaries have been adjusted to conform to Mexican FRS and translated to Mexican pesos. See Note 2(a)(ii) to our audited consolidated financial statements.

Under Mexican FRS, our financial statements for periods ending prior to January 1, 2008 recognized the effects of inflation on financial information. Inflation accounting under Mexican FRS had extensive effects on the presentation of our financial statements through 2007. See Inflation Accounting under Operating and Financial Review and Prospects in this report and Note 2(f) to our audited consolidated financial statements.

Beginning with the year ended December 31, 2012, Mexican issuers with securities listed on a Mexican securities exchange will be required to prepare financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (or IFRS) as adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (or IASB). Issuers may voluntarily report using IFRS before the change in the reporting standards becomes mandatory. We plan to begin reporting financial statements in IFRS for 2012 at the latest.

On December 13, 2006, our shareholders approved the merger of América Telecom, S.A.B. de C.V., or Amtel, our then controlling shareholder, and its subsidiary Corporativo Empresarial de Comunicaciones, S.A. de C.V., or Corporativo, with us. As a result of the merger, we assumed assets and liabilities based on Amtel's unaudited financial statements as of October 31, 2006. In accordance with Mexican FRS, the merger with Amtel has been accounted for on a historical basis similar to a pooling of interest basis and we have adjusted our financial information and selected financial information presented in this report to include the consolidated assets, liabilities and results of operations of Amtel for periods presented up to December 31, 2006.

References herein to U.S.\$ are to U.S. dollars. References herein to Mexican pesos, P. or Ps. are to Mexican pesos.

This report contains translations of various Mexican peso amounts into U.S. dollars at specified rates solely for your convenience. You should not construe these translations as representations by us that the nominal Mexican peso or constant Mexican peso amounts actually represent the U.S. dollar amounts or could be converted into U.S. dollars at the rate indicated. Unless otherwise indicated, we have translated U.S. dollar amounts from constant Mexican pesos at the exchange rate of Ps. 13.0587 to U.S.\$1.00, which was the rate reported by Banco de México for December 31, 2009, as published in the Official Gazette of the Federation (*Diario Oficial de la Federación*, or Official Gazette).

Table of Contents**SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL AND OPERATING DATA**

The selected financial and operating information set forth below has been derived in part from our audited consolidated financial statements, which have been reported on by Mancera S.C., a Member Practice of Ernst & Young Global, independent auditors. The selected financial and operating information should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, our audited consolidated financial statements.

	As of and for the year ended December 31, ⁽¹⁾					2009 (millions of U.S. dollars) ⁽²⁾
	2005 ⁽⁹⁾ (2009 and 2008 in millions of Mexican pesos, previous years in millions of constant Mexican pesos as of December 31, 2007) ⁽²⁾	2006 ⁽⁹⁾	2007 ⁽⁹⁾⁽¹⁰⁾	2008 ⁽⁹⁾	2009 ⁽⁹⁾	
Income Statement Data:						
<i>Mexican FRS</i>						
Operating revenues	Ps. 196,638	Ps. 243,005	Ps. 311,580	Ps. 345,655	Ps. 394,711	U.S.\$ 30,225
Operating costs and expenses	159,928	181,971	226,386	250,109	290,502	22,246
Depreciation and amortization	22,955	27,884	40,406	41,767	53,082	4,065
Operating income	36,710	61,034	85,194	95,546	104,209	7,980
Comprehensive financing (income) cost	2,790	28	387	13,865	2,982	228
Net income	33,053	44,422	58,587	59,486	76,913	5,890
Earnings per share:						
Basic ⁽³⁾	0.92	1.25	1.67	1.74	2.35	0.18
Diluted ⁽³⁾	0.92	1.25	1.67	1.74	2.35	0.18
Dividends declared per share ⁽⁴⁾	0.37	0.10	1.20	0.26	0.80	0.06
Dividends paid per share ⁽⁵⁾	0.37	0.12	1.20	0.26	0.80	0.06
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (millions) ⁽⁶⁾ :						
Basic	35,766	35,459	35,149	34,220	32,738	
Diluted	35,766	35,459	35,149	34,220	32,738	

(footnotes on following page)

Table of Contents

	2005 ⁽⁹⁾	2006 ⁽⁹⁾	As of and for the year ended December 31, ⁽¹⁾			2009 ⁽⁹⁾	2009
	(2009 and 2008 in millions of Mexican pesos, previous years in millions						(millions of
	of constant Mexican pesos as of December 31, 2007) ⁽²⁾						U.S.
							dollars) ⁽²⁾
Balance Sheet Data:							
<i>Mexican FRS</i>							
Property, plant and equipment, net	Ps. 120,734	Ps. 143,090	Ps. 167,084	Ps. 209,897	Ps. 227,049	U.S.\$ 17,387	
Total assets	249,171	328,325	349,121	435,455	453,008		34,690
Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt	22,176	26,214	19,953	26,731	9,168		702
Long-term debt	68,346	89,038	84,799	116,755	101,741		7,791
Total stockholders' equity ⁽⁷⁾	77,909	113,747	126,858	144,925	177,906		13,624
Capital stock	36,565	36,555	36,552	36,532	36,524		2,797
Number of outstanding shares (millions) ⁽⁶⁾⁽⁸⁾							
AA Shares	10,915	10,859	11,712	11,712	11,712		
A Shares	761	571	547	480	451		
L Shares	23,967	23,872	22,638	21,058	20,121		
Subscriber Data:							
Number of subscribers (in thousands)	93,329	124,776	157,287	186,568	204,761		
Subscriber growth	52.70%	33.70%	23.20%	18.60%	9.8%		

- (1) In accordance with Mexican FRS, the merger with Amtel has been accounted for on a historical basis similar to a pooling of interest basis and we have adjusted our financial information and selected financial information presented in this report to include the consolidated assets, liabilities and results of operations of Amtel for periods presented up to December 31, 2006.
- (2) Except per share data.
- (3) We have not included earnings or dividends on a per ADS basis. Each AMX L ADS represents 20 AMX L Shares and each AMX A ADS represents 20 AMX A Shares.
- (4) Nominal amounts. Figures provided represent the annual dividend declared at the general shareholders' meeting and for 2005 and 2007 include special dividends of Ps. 0.30 per share and Ps. 1.0 per share, respectively.
- (5) Nominal amounts (except for 2009). For more information on dividends paid per share translated into U.S. dollars, see Financial Information Dividends under Item 8 of our 2008 Form 20-F. Amount in U.S. dollars translated at the exchange rate on each of the respective payment dates.
- (6) All L Share figures have been adjusted retroactively to reflect a reduction in AMX L Shares as a result of our merger with Amtel. The increase in AMX AA Shares between 2006 and 2007 was due to the exchange of shares of Amtel for our shares in connection with our merger with Amtel. Subject to certain restrictions, the shareholders of Amtel were free to elect to receive AMX L Shares or AMX AA Shares.
- (7) Includes non-controlling interest.
- (8) As of year-end.
- (9) Note 2z.3 to our audited consolidated financial statements describes new accounting pronouncements under Mexican FRS that came into force in 2009. The pronouncements that became effective on January 1, 2009, were fully implemented in the financial statements included in this report. These new accounting pronouncements were applied on a prospective basis. As a result, the financial statements of prior years, which are presented for comparative purposes, have not been modified and may not be comparable to our financial statements for 2009.
- (10) Beginning in 2007, we capitalize interest under Mexican FRS.

Table of Contents**RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES**

The following table sets forth our consolidated ratios of earnings to fixed charges for each year in the five-year period ended December 31, 2009, in accordance with Mexican FRS.

	Year ended December 31,				
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Mexican FRS ⁽¹⁾	4.6	7.2	9.0	7.6	9.9

- (1) Earnings, for this purpose, consist of earnings from continuing operations before income taxes, plus fixed charges and depreciation of capitalized interest and minus interest capitalized during the period. Through December 31, 2006, for Mexican FRS purposes, employee profit-sharing is considered an income tax and earnings are calculated before the provision for employee profit-sharing. Fixed charges, for this purpose, consist of interest expense plus interest capitalized during the period. Fixed charges do not take into account gain or loss from monetary position or exchange gain or loss attributable to our indebtedness.

Table of Contents

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW AND PROSPECTS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included as Exhibit 99.1 to this report.

Under Mexican FRS, our financial statements for periods ending prior to January 1, 2008 recognized the effects of inflation on financial information. Inflation accounting under Mexican FRS had extensive effects on the presentation of our financial statements through 2007. See Inflation Accounting below and Note 2(f) to our audited consolidated financial statements.

The following discussion analyzes certain operating data, such as average revenues per subscriber (also referred to as ARPU), average minutes of use per subscriber (also referred to as average MOUs per subscriber) and churn rate, that are not included in our financial statements. We calculate ARPU for a given period by dividing service revenues for such period by the average number of subscribers for such period. The figure includes both prepaid and postpaid customers. We calculate churn rate as the total number of customer deactivations for a period divided by total subscribers at the beginning of such period.

We provide this operating data because it is regularly reviewed by management and because management believes it is useful in evaluating our performance from period to period. We believe that presenting information about ARPU and MOUs is useful in assessing the usage and acceptance of our products and services, and that presenting churn rate is useful in assessing our ability to retain subscribers. This additional operating information may not be comparable with similarly titled measures and disclosures by other companies.

We count our wireless subscribers by the number of lines activated. We continue to count postpaid subscribers for the length of their contracts. We disconnect, or churn, our postpaid subscribers at the moment they voluntarily discontinue their service or following a prescribed period of time after they become delinquent. We disconnect our prepaid subscribers after a period of four months after they discontinue using our service, so long as they have not activated a calling card or received traffic. We calculate our subscriber market share by comparing our own subscriber figures with the total market subscriber figures periodically reported by the regulatory authorities in the markets in which we operate. We understand that these regulatory authorities compile total market subscriber figures based on subscriber figures provided to them by market participants, and we do not independently verify these figures.

Inflation Accounting

Through the end of 2007, Mexican FRS required us to recognize effects of inflation in our financial statements. They also required us to present financial statements from prior periods in constant pesos as of the end of the most recent period presented. We present financial information for 2008 and 2009 in nominal pesos and financial information for 2007 and prior years in constant pesos as of December 2007.

Cessation of Inflation Accounting under Mexican FRS

Mexican FRS changed beginning on January 1, 2008, and the inflation accounting methods summarized below no longer apply, except where the economic environment qualifies as inflationary for purposes of Mexican FRS. The environment is inflationary if the cumulative inflation rate equals or exceeds an aggregate of 26% over three years (equivalent to an average of 8% in each year). Based on current forecasts, we do not expect the Mexican economic environment to qualify as inflationary in 2010, but that could change depending on actual economic performance.

Changes in Mexican FRS

Note 2z.3 to our audited consolidated financial statements discusses new accounting pronouncements under Mexican FRS that came into force in 2009 and that will come into force in 2010. The pronouncements that became effective on January 1, 2009 were fully implemented in the financial statements included in this report. In 2010, other pronouncements might affect certain aspects of our financial statements. The 2009 accounting pronouncements were applied on a prospective basis and prior years' financial statements have not been adjusted. As a result, our financial statements for 2009 may not be comparable to our financial statements for prior years.

Table of Contents

Transition to IFRS

Beginning with the year ended December 31, 2012, Mexican issuers with securities listed on a Mexican securities exchange will be required to prepare financial information in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB. Issuers may voluntarily report using IFRS before the change in the reporting standards becomes mandatory. We plan to begin presenting financial statements in accordance with IFRS for 2012 at the latest.

Overview

Trends in Operating Results

We have experienced significant growth in our operating revenues (14.2% in 2009, 10.9% in 2008 and 28.2% in 2007) and operating income (9.1% in 2009, 12.2% in 2008 and 39.6% in 2007) in recent years. Besides acquisitions, the principal factors affecting our operating revenues and operating income relate to growth in subscribers and traffic. Traffic can grow as a result of increased usage by existing customers or as a result of subscriber growth or both. In recent years, we have experienced a significant increase in the usage of value-added services, such as data services.

We have generally experienced both increased usage and subscriber growth in recent periods. Due principally to competitive pressures, we generally have not increased prices in recent periods. In many of our markets, we have introduced promotions and discount packages that tend to result in higher MOUs and lower ARPU. In addition, interconnection rates have been reduced in many of our markets. During 2009, for example, interconnection rates in Mexico, Colombia and Chile declined by 10%, 50% and 40%, respectively, as compared to 2008 levels. We expect the trend of declining prices to slow in 2010, but we also expect pressure on ARPU as a result of the economic crisis. Traffic increases may not continue to fully offset further price or rate declines, which may adversely affect our revenues and operating income.

At December 31, 2009, we had approximately 201.0 million wireless subscribers, as compared to 182.7 million at December 31, 2008, a 10.0% increase. During 2008, we experienced a 29.3 million or 19.1% increase in wireless subscribers. During 2007, we experienced a 28.6 million or 23.0% increase in wireless subscribers. Subscriber growth during 2009, 2008 and 2007 was substantially attributable to organic growth rather than acquisitions of new companies. We experienced wireless subscriber growth in every segment, with the largest amounts attributable to Brazil (5.7 million net new subscribers, or 31.07% of total net new subscribers), the United States (3.2 million net new subscribers, or 17.73% of total net new subscribers), Mexico (2.8 million net new subscribers, or 15.32% of total net new subscribers) and the Southern Cone (2.2 million net new subscribers, or 12.1% of total net new subscribers). The rate of organic growth in subscribers was adversely affected by the recent economic crisis. However, the South American economies recovered faster than we expected. This recovery resulted in faster subscriber growth in these markets and allowed us to meet our target for subscriber growth in 2009.

We believe that many of the markets we serve provide opportunities for continued growth; and as subscribers and traffic increase, we generally expect to report higher revenue and operating income (before depreciation and amortization) as a result of economies of scale. These effects can be partly or wholly offset, however, by the effects of competition on prices and subscriber acquisition costs. Our operating margins, particularly in certain geographic segments, have tended to decline during periods of accelerated subscriber growth because of the costs of acquiring new subscribers, which include subsidies for equipment purchases and activation commissions. As our subscriber base grows and new subscribers represent a lower fraction of our subscriber base, our operating margins have generally improved, although we cannot give assurances that this improvement will continue.

We have launched and are actively promoting 3G and value-added services in all of our markets. The introduction of 3G services in our markets contributed to an increase of 31.1%, 24.1% and 19.8% in data revenues in

Table of Contents

2007, 2008 and 2009, respectively. Data revenues accounted for 18.1% of service revenues in 2009, as compared to 13.5% in 2008 and 12.4% in 2007. We expect that data revenues as a percentage of our service revenues will continue to increase as 3G services are more widely adopted.

Market and competitive conditions differ considerably in the markets in which we operate, and these conditions are sometimes subject to rapid change.

Effects of Recent Acquisitions

During the last two years, we made significant acquisitions. The consolidation of these companies affects the comparability of our recent results. We accounted for all of these acquisitions using the purchase method, and the results of each acquired company were consolidated in our financial statements as from the month following the consummation of its acquisition. Our audited consolidated financial statements reflect the consolidation of these companies as follows:

Telecomunicaciones de Puerto Rico, Inc. (from April 2007);

Oceanic Digital Jamaica Limited (from December 2007); and

Estesa Holding Corp. (from September 2008).

There were no significant acquisitions in 2009.

Geographic Segments

We have operations in 18 countries, which are grouped for financial reporting purposes in nine geographic segments. Segment information is presented in Note 19 to our audited consolidated financial statements included in this report. Mexico is our largest single geographic market, accounting for 36.0% of our total operating revenues in 2009 and 29.4% of our total wireless subscribers at December 31, 2009. The percentage of our total operating revenues represented by Mexico decreased in 2009, as a result of acquisitions outside Mexico and faster organic revenue growth outside Mexico. We expect that our non-Mexican operations will continue to grow faster than Mexico, though exchange rate variations may affect the comparison in any given year.

Brazil is our second most important market in terms of revenues and subscribers, accounting for 20.9% of our total operating revenues in 2009 and 22.1% of our total wireless subscribers at December 31, 2009. We have made significant investments in Brazil in recent periods, through acquisitions and expansions of our networks, and the importance of our Brazilian operations has increased significantly with respect to our overall results.

Our Colombian and Panamanian operations have experienced accelerated subscriber growth in recent years; and, as a result, Colombia has become our third largest market in terms of revenues (9.4% in 2009) and subscribers (13.8% in 2009).

Table of Contents

The table below sets forth the percentage of our revenues and total wireless subscribers represented by each of our operating segments for the periods indicated.

	2007		2008		2009	
	% Revenues	% Subscribers ⁽¹⁾	% Revenues	% Subscribers ⁽¹⁾	% Revenues	% Subscribers ⁽¹⁾
Mexico	40.8	32.6	39.1	30.9	36.0	29.4
Brazil	18.7	19.7	20.4	21.2	20.9	22.1
Southern Cone ⁽²⁾	8.7	11.3	8.8	10.7	9.4	10.9
Colombia and Panama	9.5	14.6	9.5	15.0	9.4	13.8
Andean Region ⁽³⁾	5.2	8.1	5.8	8.5	6.6	8.8
Central America ⁽⁴⁾	5.4	5.3	4.6	5.0	4.6	4.8
United States	5.0	6.2	4.8	6.1	5.8	7.2
Dominican Republic	3.5	1.7	3.3	2.1	3.6	2.4
Caribbean ⁽⁵⁾	3.2	0/5	3.7	0.5	3.7	0.6
	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

(1) As of December 31.

(2) Includes our operations in Argentina, Chile, Paraguay and Uruguay.

(3) Includes our operations in Ecuador and Peru.

(4) Includes our operations in El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua.

(5) Includes our operations in Puerto Rico and Jamaica.

Our subsidiaries report significantly different operating margins. In 2009, Mexico reported operating margins higher than our consolidated operating margin, while the other segments reported lower operating margins.

Factors that drive financial performance differ for our operations in different countries, depending on subscriber acquisition costs, competitive situation, regulatory environment (including fees and revenue-based payments related to our concessions), economic factors, interconnection rates, capital expenditures requirements, debt profile and many other factors. Accordingly, our results of operations in each period reflect a combination of different effects in the different countries.

In recent years, we have experienced faster growth in our postpaid subscriber base than in our prepaid subscriber base, due in part to the quality of coverage and service and the technological platforms that allow us to offer more variety in data services. In 2009, Mexico, the Dominican Republic and the Caribbean reported postpaid subscriber gains that significantly exceeded those reported in 2008.

Effects of Economic Conditions and Exchange Rates

Our results of operations are affected by economic conditions in Mexico, Brazil, Colombia and the other countries in which we operate. The current recessionary environment in every country in which we operate may also impact our results of operations. In periods of slow economic growth, demand for telecommunications services tends to be adversely affected.

Effects of Exchange Rates

Our results of operations are affected by changes in currency exchange rates. As discussed above, currency variations between the Mexican peso and the currencies of our non-Mexican subsidiaries, especially the Brazilian real, may affect our results of operations as reported in Mexican pesos.

Changes in the value of the various operating currencies of our subsidiaries against the U.S. dollar also result in exchange losses or gains on our net U.S. dollar-denominated indebtedness and accounts payable. Appreciation of these currencies against the U.S. dollar generally results in foreign exchange gains, while depreciation of these currencies against the U.S. dollar generally results in foreign exchange losses. We recorded foreign exchange gains of Ps. 4,557 million in 2009. We recorded foreign exchange losses of Ps. 13,686 million in 2008 and foreign exchange gains of Ps. 2,463 million in 2007. Changes in exchange rates also affect the fair value of derivative instruments that we use to manage our currency risk exposures. We recognized Ps. 732 million in fair value losses on derivatives in 2009.

Table of Contents

Proposed Offers for Telmex Internacional and Carso Global Telecom

On January 13, 2010, we announced that we intend to conduct two separate but concurrent offers (the Proposed Offers) to acquire outstanding shares of Telmex Internacional, S.A.B. de C.V. (Telmex Internacional) and Carso Global Telecom, S.A.B. de C.V. (CGT). Telmex Internacional provides a wide range of telecommunications services in Brazil, Colombia and other countries in Latin America. CGT is a holding company with controlling interests in Telmex Internacional and Teléfonos de México, S.A.B. de C.V. (Telmex), a leading Mexican telecommunications provider. If the Proposed Offers are completed, we will acquire controlling interests in CGT, Telmex Internacional (directly and indirectly through CGT) and Telmex (indirectly through CGT). The principal purpose of the Proposed Offers is to pursue synergies between our business and that of Telmex Internacional.

The commencement of the Proposed Offers requires regulatory approvals that we have not yet received, and the completion of the Proposed Offers will also be subject to receiving regulatory approvals and to other conditions. It is possible that if not all such approvals or conditions are obtained or met we will not complete the Proposed Offers. Accordingly, there can be no assurance as to when we will launch the Proposed Offers or as to whether or when they will be completed.

Effects of Regulation

We operate in a regulated industry. Although currently we are free to set end prices to our wireless customers, our results of operations and financial condition have been, and will continue to be, affected by regulatory actions and changes. In recent periods, for example, regulators have imposed or promoted decreases to interconnection rates, and we expect further decreases in interconnection rates in Mexico, Chile and Colombia. Lower interconnection revenues have often been offset by increased traffic resulting from lower effective prices to customers, but this may change.

In addition, some jurisdictions may impose specific regulations on wireless carriers that are deemed dominant. Although we are not currently subject to any regulations or restrictions as a result of our market position, we are one of the subjects in ongoing general market investigations in Mexico to ascertain whether one or more cellular operators have substantial market power in one or more sectors of the telecommunications industry. In November 2008, Mexican Federal Competition Commission (*Comisión Federal de Competencia*, or Cofeco) issued a preliminary report (*dictamen preliminar*) finding that Telcel has substantial market power. The preliminary report was confirmed by the publication on February 10, 2010 of the relevant findings of a resolution relating to the existence of substantial market power in the nationwide market for voice services. In February 2010, Telcel filed an administrative proceeding (*recurso administrativo de reconsideración*) before Cofeco. When this administrative proceeding was rejected by Cofeco for analysis, Telcel filed an appeal (*amparo indirecto*) before an administrative judge against the rejection of the proceeding and against the issuance, subscription and publication of the February 10, 2010 resolution. Under the Antitrust Law (*Ley Federal de Competencia Económica*) and the Telecommunications Law (*Ley Federal de Telecomunicaciones*), if Cofeco makes a final finding of substantial market power concerning an operator, the Mexican Federal Communications Commission (*Comisión Federal de Telecomunicaciones*, or Cofotel) can impose on that operator specific regulations with respect to tariffs, quality of service and information. We cannot predict what regulatory steps Cofotel may take in response to determinations by Cofeco.

In September 2009, the Colombian Telecommunications Regulatory Commission (*Comisión de Regulación de Telecomunicaciones de Colombia*, or CRT) issued a series of resolutions stating that our Colombian subsidiary, Comcel, has a dominant position in Colombia's market for outgoing mobile services. Under Colombian law, a market participant is considered to have a dominant position in a specified market if the regulators determine that it has the capacity to control the conditions in that market. The CRT made its determination based on Comcel's traffic, revenues and subscriber base. The resolutions also included regulations requiring Comcel to charge rates (excluding access fees) for mobile-to-mobile calls outside the Comcel network (off net) that are not higher than the fees charged for mobile-to-mobile calls within the Comcel network (on net) plus access fees. The regulations were first implemented in December 4, 2009. These regulations will limit our flexibility in offering pricing plans to our customers, but we cannot predict the effects on our financial performance.

Composition of Operating Revenues

Most of our operating revenues (88.5% in 2009) is comprised of service revenues. Of our service revenues, the largest portion (34.0% in 2009) is from airtime charges for outgoing calls. We also derive a significant portion of our revenues from interconnection charges billed to other service providers for calls completed on our network. The primary driver of usage charges (airtime and interconnection charges) is traffic, which, in turn, is driven by the number of customers and by their average usage. Postpaid customers generally have an allotment of airtime each month for which they are not required to pay usage charges. Service revenues also include (1) monthly subscription charges paid by postpaid customers, (2) long-distance charges and (3) charges for value-added and other services, such as roaming, call forwarding, call waiting, call blocking and short text messaging.

Table of Contents

Revenues from sales of prepaid services are deferred and recognized as airtime is used or when it expires, and are included under usage charges. Monthly basic rent under post-paid is billed in arrears based on the plan and package rates approved and correspond to services rendered, except in Mexico and Colombia, where basic monthly rent is billed one month in advance. Revenues are recognized at the time services are provided. Billed revenues for the service not yet rendered are recognized as deferred revenues.

We also have sales revenues from selling handsets and other equipment. Most of our new subscribers purchase a handset, and although we also sell new handsets to existing customers, changes in sales revenues are driven primarily by the number of new customers. The pricing of handsets is not geared primarily to making a profit from handset sales, because it also takes into account the service revenues that are expected to result when the handset is used.

Seasonality of our Business

Our business has been subject to a certain degree of seasonality, characterized by a higher number of new clients during the fourth quarter of each year. We believe seasonality is mainly driven by the Christmas shopping season.

Consolidated Results of Operations***Operating Revenues***

Operating revenues increased by 14.2% in 2009. The Ps. 49,056 million total increase was attributable to increases in service revenues (Ps. 50,988 million), partially offset by a decrease in equipment revenues (Ps. 1,932 million). We experienced subscriber growth in all of our markets for wireless services.

Service revenues increased by 17.1% in 2009. The total increase of Ps. 50,988 million in service revenues is principally due to increased traffic and subscriber growth (Ps. 23,792 million, or 8.0% of the increase) reflecting a significant increase in the usage of value added services and to exchange rate variations (Ps. 27,196 million, or 9.1% of the increase) primarily attributable to the appreciation of the Brazilian real and the Colombian peso against the Mexican peso.

Equipment revenues decreased by 4.1% in 2009, from Ps. 47,505 million to Ps. 45,573 million. This decrease primarily reflects a decrease in the average selling price of handsets. Equipment revenues as a percentage of total revenues decreased from 13.7% in 2008 to 11.5% in 2009.

In 2008, our operating revenues increased by Ps. 34,075 million, or 10.9%, compared to 2007. The total increase of Ps. 31,813 million in service revenues reflects principally increased traffic and subscriber growth (Ps. 28,122 million), as our wireless subscriber base increased by 19.1%. The balance of the increase in service revenues reflects increases due to exchange rate variation (Ps. 7,021 million) and to the effect of consolidating Puerto Rico for the full year (Ps. 3,039 million), offset in part by the effect of inflation accounting on 2007 revenues (Ps. 6,370 million). This was partly offset by lower ARPU attributable principally to promotions and discount packages, lower interconnection rates in some markets and a growing proportion of prepaid subscribers, who generate less revenue per line than postpaid subscribers.

Equipment revenues accounted for Ps. 2,261 million, or 6.6%, of the Ps. 34,075 million increase in operating revenues in 2008. This primarily reflects subscriber growth. Equipment revenues as a percentage of total revenues decreased from 14.5% in 2007 to 13.7% in 2008.

Operating Costs and Expenses

Cost of sales and services Cost of sales and services represented 41.8% of operating revenues in 2009, 42.2% of operating revenues in 2008 and 42.5% of operating revenues in 2007. In absolute terms, cost of sales and services increased by 13.0% in 2009 and 10.3% in 2008, due principally to increases in interconnection rates, infrastructure rental costs, network maintenance costs and radio base station rental costs.

Table of Contents

Cost of sales was Ps. 76,187 million in 2009 and Ps. 75,117 million in 2008 and primarily represents the cost of handsets sold to subscribers. Costs of handsets increased by 1.4% in 2009 and by 7.3% in 2008 and exceeded our revenues from the sale of handsets by 40.0% during 2009 and 36.7% during 2008, since we subsidize the cost of handsets for new subscribers.

Cost of services increased by 25.3% in 2009 to Ps. 17,945 million. This increase in cost of services was greater than the growth in service revenues, which increased by 17.1% in 2009. Cost of services increased faster than service revenues primarily due to increases in revenue-based concession payments in Mexico, the fee for renewal of our concession in Ecuador, infrastructure costs, employee salary increases and infrastructure maintenance costs. Cost of services increased by 13.6% in 2008 compared to 2007, while service revenues increased by 11.9% during the same period.

Commercial, administrative and general Commercial, administrative and general expenses represented 18.3% of operating revenues in 2009, 18.0% of operating revenues in 2008 and 17.2% of operating revenues in 2007. On an absolute basis, commercial administrative and general expenses increased by 16.1% in 2009 and 16.3% in 2008. The increase in commercial, administrative and general expenses in 2009 principally reflects higher advertising expenses, higher commissions paid to our distributors, establishment of new customer service centers and an increase in our uncollectible accounts.

Telcel, like other Mexican companies, is required by law to pay to its employees, in addition to their agreed compensation and benefits, profit sharing in an aggregate amount equal to 10% of Telcel's taxable income. Conecel, our Ecuadorian subsidiary, and Claro Peru, our Peruvian subsidiary, are also required to pay employee profit sharing at a rate of 15% of Conecel's and 10% of Claro Peru's taxable income. We recognize these amounts under commercial, administrative and general expenses.

Depreciation and amortization Depreciation and amortization increased by 27.1% in 2009 and 3.4% in 2008. As a percentage of revenues, depreciation and amortization increased from 12.1% in 2008 to 13.4% in 2009. The increases in depreciation and amortization in 2009 and 2008 reflect the substantial investments made in our networks and a charge of Ps. 4,462 million in 2009 and of Ps. 1,996 million in 2008, in each case due to the shortening of the useful life of certain GSM assets in Brazil in 2009.

Operating Income

Operating income increased by 9.1% in 2009 and 12.2% in 2008. Operating income in 2009 reflects a charge of Ps. 4,462 million due to the shortening of the useful life of certain plants and equipment in Brazil. Absent this additional depreciation charge in Brazil, our operating income during 2009 would have increased to 11.4% in 2009.

All of our segments reported operating income in 2009. Operating margin (operating income as a percentage of operating revenues) was 26.4% in 2009, 27.6% in 2008 and 27.3% in 2007. The decrease in our operating margin in 2009 is due principally to the increased depreciation costs in Brazil and an increase in indirect taxes, including taxes on our concessions, local taxes and employee profit sharing. Improvement in our operating margin in 2008 reflected principally the increase in service revenues.

Comprehensive Financing Cost

Under Mexican FRS, comprehensive financing cost reflects interest income, interest expense, foreign exchange gain or loss and other financing costs. Through 2007, comprehensive financing cost also included gain or loss attributable to the effects of inflation on monetary assets and liabilities.

We had comprehensive financing cost of Ps. 2,982 million in 2009, as compared to comprehensive financing cost of Ps. 13,865 million in 2008 and Ps. 387 million in 2007. The decrease in comprehensive financing cost in 2009 reflects principally (a) a 12.5% decrease

Table of Contents

in net interest expense due to a decrease in net debt, (b) foreign exchange gains of Ps. 4,557 million due principally to the appreciation of the Mexican peso against the U.S. dollar and (c) a decrease in net other financing costs, primarily due to fair value losses of our derivative financial instruments, commissions and stock exchange registration and listing costs.

The increase in financing cost in 2008 reflects principally (a) foreign exchange losses of Ps. 13,686 million due principally to the depreciation of the Mexican peso against the U.S. dollar, (b) net other financing income of Ps. 6,358 million, primarily due to fair value gains on currency derivatives and (c) no monetary gains or losses in 2008, due to the cessation of inflation accounting under Mexican FRS, as compared to a monetary gain of Ps. 5,038 million in 2007.

For 2009, 2008 and 2007, changes in the components of financing cost were as follows:

Net interest expense decreased by 12.5% in 2009 and increased by 38.0% in 2008. The decrease in 2009 was primarily attributable to a decrease in our consolidated net debt. The increase in 2008 was primarily attributable to increased net debt resulting from increased capital expenditures.

We had a net foreign exchange gains of Ps. 4,557 million in 2009, compared to a loss of Ps. 13,686 million in 2008 and a gain of Ps. 2,463 million in 2007. The foreign exchange gain in 2009 was primarily attributable to the 3.5% appreciation of the Mexican peso against the U.S. dollar. The foreign exchange loss in 2008 was primarily attributable to the depreciation of the Mexican peso against the U.S. dollar and was partly offset by gains on currency derivatives described below. The foreign exchange gain in 2007 was primarily attributable to appreciation of the Mexican peso against the U.S. dollar and of the Brazilian real and the Colombian peso against the Mexican peso and the U.S. dollar.

In 2009 and 2008, following the cessation of inflation accounting under Mexican FRS, we did not record monetary gains or losses. In 2007, we reported a Ps. 5,038 million net monetary gain, as compared to Ps. 3,848 million in 2006. The increase in 2007 was primarily related to higher inflation in many of our markets, as well as an increase in our average net indebtedness. See *Inflation Accounting* above.

We reported a net other financing loss of Ps. 1,820 million in 2009, compared to a gain of Ps. 6,358 million in 2008 and a loss of Ps. 3,153 million in 2007. Net other financing costs include fair value gains and losses of financial instruments, commissions, fair value gains and losses on the sale of investments. In 2009, our net other financing cost was principally attributable to fair value losses of our financial instruments and commissions. In 2008, our net financing income was principally attributable to a net fair value gain on our currency derivatives of Ps. 7,497 million. In 2007, our net financing costs were principally attributable to the write-off of our investment in U.S. Commercial Corp. and fair value gain on our derivative instruments.

We capitalized financing cost of Ps. 1,627 million in 2009, Ps. 7,054 million in 2008 and Ps. 1,158 million in 2007, in each case related to construction of our plant, property and equipment.

Income Tax

Our effective rates of provisions for corporate income tax as a percentage of pretax income were 22.4%, 25% and 27.7% for 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Our effective rate in 2009 and 2008 includes the partial reversal of the valuation allowance corresponding to tax losses in Brazil. The statutory rate of Mexican corporate income tax was 28% in 2009, 2008 and 2007.

In 2008, Mexico introduced a new flat rate business tax (*Impuesto Empresarial a Tasa Única* , or IETU). IETU is calculated by reference to the income derived from the transfer of goods, the lease of assets and the rendering of services. The rate for 2008 and 2009 was 16.5% and 17%, respectively. Hereafter, the rate will be 17.5%.

Table of Contents*Other Expense, Net*

In 2009, we recorded net other expense of Ps. 2,166 million in 2009, compared to net other expense of Ps. 2,327 million in 2008 and Ps. 3,713 million in 2007. The expense in 2009 reflects principally other net financing costs and other non-operating costs. The expense in 2008 reflects principally an impairment of goodwill in Honduras and the accrual for interest and penalties for certain tax contingencies in Brazil. The expense in 2007 reflects principally our decision to discontinue the use of certain time division multiple access (or TDMA) equipment in Colombia and Ecuador.

Equity in Results of Affiliates

Our proportionate share of the results of equity-method affiliates resulted in income of Ps. 196 million in 2009, Ps. 109 million in 2008 and Ps. 58 million in 2007. The income in 2009, 2008 and 2007 reflect principally our share of the income reported by Grupo Telvista, S.A. de C.V., a Mexican *sociedad anónima de capital variable*.

Net Income

We had majority net income of Ps. 76,913 million in 2009, Ps. 59,486 million in 2008 and Ps. 58,588 million in 2007. The increase in net income in 2009 reflects principally the Ps. 8,663 million increase in operating income and a significant reduction (Ps. 10,884 million) in our comprehensive financing cost. The increase in net income in 2008 principally reflects our increase in operating income, which was substantially offset by an increase in our exchange losses. The increase in net income in 2007 principally reflects our increased operating income, which was partially offset by an increase in our income tax expense.

Results of Operations by Geographic Segment

We discuss below the operating results of our subsidiaries that provide telecommunication services in our principal markets. All amounts discussed below are presented in accordance with Mexican FRS. Note 2(a)(ii) to our audited consolidated financial statements included in this report describes how we translate the financial statements of our non-Mexican subsidiaries. Exchange rate changes between the Mexican peso and those currencies affect our reported results in Mexican pesos and the comparability of reported results between periods.

The following table sets forth the exchange rate used to translate the results of our significant non-Mexican operations, as expressed in Mexican pesos per foreign currency unit, and the change from the rate used in the prior year.

	Mexican pesos per foreign currency unit					
	2007	% Change	2008	% Change	2009	% Change
Guatemalan quetzal	1.4239	(0.6)%	1.7398	22.2%	1.5631	(10.2)%
U.S. dollar ⁽¹⁾	10.8662	(0.1)	13.5383	24.6	13.0587	(3.5)
Brazilian real	6.1345	20.5	5.7930	(5.6)	7.4998	29.5
Colombian peso	0.0054	10.2	0.006	11.1	0.0064	6.7
Argentine peso	3.4506	(2.9)	3.9207	13.6	3.4365	(12.3)
Dominican peso	0.316	(1.9)	0.382	20.8	0.3604	(5.6)

(1) The U.S. dollar is the sole monetary instrument and unit of account and the main currency for transaction purposes in Ecuador and Puerto Rico.

Note 19 to our audited consolidated financial statements includes certain financial information of our operations by country. Except as discussed below, the following discussion is based on the segment data included in that note.

Table of Contents

The following table sets forth the number of subscribers and the rate of subscriber growth by geographic segment during the last three years.

	Number of subscribers (in thousands) as of December 31, ⁽¹⁾					
	2007	% Change	2008	% Change	2009	% Change
Wireless						
Mexico	50,011	15.8%	56,371	12.7	59,167	5.0
Brazil	30,228	26.6	38,731	28.1	44,401	14.6
Southern Cone ⁽²⁾	17,290	30.5	19,591	13.3	21,833	11.4
Colombia and Panama ⁽³⁾	22,335	14.4	27,390	22.6	27,797	1.5
Andean Region ⁽⁴⁾	12,391	37.3	15,482	25.0	17,760	14.7
Central America ⁽⁵⁾	8,157	38.8	9,158	12.3	9,535	4.1
Dominican Republic	2,682	25.3	3,877	44.6	4,826	24.5
Caribbean ⁽⁶⁾	814		932	14.5	1,226	31.5
United States	9,514	20.5	11,192	17.6	14,427	28.9
Total wireless	153,422	23.0	182,724	19.1	200,972	10.0
Fixed						
Central America ⁽⁷⁾	2,197	4.8	2,242	2.0	2,259	0.8
Dominican Republic	748	1.9	772	3.1	765	(0.9)
Caribbean ⁽⁶⁾	921		832	(9.5)	765	(8.0)
Total Fixed	3,866	36.5	3,846	(0.5)	3,789	(1.5)
Total Lines	157,287	23.3	186,570	18.6	204,761	9.7

(1) Includes total subscribers of all consolidated subsidiaries in which we hold an economic interest.

(2) Includes Argentina, Chile, Paraguay and Uruguay.

(3) We began operations in Panama in March 2009.

(4) Includes Ecuador and Peru.

(5) Includes El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua

(6) Includes Puerto Rico and Jamaica.

(7) Includes El Salvador, Guatemala and Nicaragua.

The table below sets forth the operating revenues and operating income represented by each of our operating segments for the periods indicated.

	(2009 and 2008 in millions of Mexican pesos, previous year in millions of constant Mexican pesos as of December 31, 2007)					
	2007		2008		2009	
	Operating Revenues	Operating Income	Operating Revenues	Operating Income	Operating Revenues	Operating Income
Mexico ⁽¹⁾	Ps. 126,923	Ps. 59,075	Ps. 135,068	Ps. 63,064	Ps. 142,135	Ps. 68,599
Brazil	58,305	608	70,484	1,584	82,300	1,368
Southern Cone ⁽²⁾	27,237	2,691	30,541	5,702	37,135	7,578
Colombia and Panama ⁽³⁾	29,614	7,616	32,622	10,955	37,031	11,853
Andean Region ⁽⁴⁾	16,210	3,725	20,218	5,284	26,087	7,668
Central America ⁽⁵⁾	16,918	4,698	16,051	3,029	18,137	1,936
United States	15,604	1,503	16,546	943	22,857	956
Dominican Republic	10,990	3,946	11,241	3,373	14,250	3,891
Caribbean ⁽⁶⁾	9,779	1,332	12,883	1,612	14,780	361

- (1) Includes our operations in Mexico and our corporate operations and assets.
- (2) Includes our operations in Argentina, Chile, Paraguay and Uruguay.
- (3) Includes our operations in Ecuador and Peru.
- (4) We began our operations in Panama in March 2009.
- (5) Includes our operations in El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua.
- (6) Includes our operations in Puerto Rico and Jamaica.

Mexico

Operating revenues in Mexico increased by 5.2% in 2009 and 6.4% in 2008, benefiting from subscriber growth and increases in traffic. Service revenues increased by 9.3% in 2009 and 6.3% in 2008, reflecting growth in

Table of Contents

revenues from value-added, airtime and long distance services, partially offset by a decrease in interconnection revenues due to lower interconnection fees that were not compensated by volume. Equipment revenues in Mexico decreased by 6.5% in 2009 and increase by 7.4% in 2008, principally due to a reduction in the average sales price of handsets. The number of subscribers in Mexico increased by 5.0% in 2009 and 12.7% in 2008.

Average MOUs per subscriber increased by 11.3% in 2009 and 21.7% in 2008. ARPU decreased by 1.2% in 2009 and 7.5% in 2008. During both years, we lowered the price of some of our services through new commercial plans and promotions, which contributed to the increase in subscribers and MOUs but had a negative impact on ARPU. In addition, in 2008 and 2009, our ARPU was negatively affected by lower interconnection rates and an increase in the share of our total traffic represented by data services, such as SMS messaging and other 3G services, which on average generate lower revenues per minute of use than voice services. Reductions in interconnection tariffs also resulted in lower interconnection revenues. The churn rate for our Mexican operations was 3.2% in 2009, 3.3% in 2008 and 3.4% in 2007.

Operating income increased by 10.6% in 2009 and 4.6% in 2008. Our operating margin was 48.2% in 2009 and 45.8% in 2008. The increase in our operating margin in 2009 is due principally to an increase in our operating revenues and the implementation of strict controls in our operating costs and expenses, which remained unchanged as a percentage of our operating revenues. In 2008, operating margin decreased, reflecting an increase in cost and expenses principally due to equipment subsidies, uncollectible accounts and employee profit sharing, which was greater than the increase in operating revenues in that year. Finally, depreciation and amortization expenses of our Mexican operations as a percentage of its operating revenues remained unchanged increased slightly from 6.2% in 2008 to 6.5% in 2009.

For Mexico, the financial information set forth in Note 19 to our audited financial statements includes revenues and costs from group corporate activities, such as licensing fees and group overhead expenses. The discussion above refers to our operating results in Mexico and excludes the results of our group corporate activities.

Brazil

Operating revenues in Brazil increased by 16.8% in 2009 and 20.9% in 2008. The increase in 2009 was primarily attributable to the appreciation of the Brazilian real against the Mexican peso as well as an increase in traffic and subscriber growth. The number of our subscribers in Brazil increased by 5.7 million subscribers in 2009 to approximately 44.4 million subscribers as of December 31, 2009. The increase in operating revenues in 2008 was primarily attributable to increased traffic and subscriber growth and data revenue. The 6% appreciation of the Brazilian real against the Mexican peso in 2008 also contributed to the increase in operating revenues in 2008, as 6.9% of the 20.9% was due to currency effects. The number of subscribers increased by 8.5 million subscribers in 2008 to approximately 38.7 million subscribers.

Average MOUs per subscriber decreased by 9.4% in 2009 and increased by 20.7% in 2008. ARPU decreased by 0.3% in 2009 and 3.1% in 2008. Calculated in nominal Brazilian reais, ARPU decreased by 8.0% in 2009 and 7.4 in 2008. The decrease in average MOUs and ARPU during 2009 reflects a significant increase in the use of data services as compared to voice (airtime and long distance) services. The increase in average MOUs during 2008 as well as the decrease in ARPU during 2008 reflects the impact on traffic of our lowering of prices through new commercial plans and promotions for our 3G services. Our churn rate was 2.8% in 2009 and 2.7% in 2008.

Operating income decreased by 13.7% in 2009 and increased by 161.0% in 2008. Operating income in 2009 and 2008 reflects primarily the effect of higher depreciation expense resulting from the shortening of the useful lives of certain GSM and TDMA assets in 2009 and 2007 as compared to 2008. In 2009, the depreciation expense resulting from the shortening of the useful lives of certain GSM assets was Ps. 4,462 million. The depreciation expense in 2008 relating to GSM and TDMA assets was Ps. 1,996 million. Operating margin (1.7% in 2009 and 2.2% in 2008) continues to be affected by a high level of depreciation and amortization expenses relative to revenues due to the significant costs incurred to deploy networks. Absent these depreciation expenses, the operating margin would have been 5.1% in 2008 and 7.1% in 2009. Depreciation and amortization expenses represented 22.5% of our operating revenues in 2009 and 21.4% in 2008.

Table of Contents

Southern Cone Argentina, Chile, Paraguay and Uruguay

Our operating revenues in Argentina, Chile, Paraguay and Uruguay increased by 21.6% in 2009 and 12.1% in 2008. The increase in 2008 and 2009 was attributable primarily to subscriber growth. The number of subscribers increased by 2.2 million subscribers in 2009 to approximately 21.8 million subscribers at year-end. Since 2007, our postpaid subscriber base has grown at a faster rate than our prepaid subscriber base. The currency effects between the Argentine peso and the Mexican peso did not have a significant effect on our operating revenues in 2009 and 2008.

Average MOUs per subscriber increased by 9.2% in 2009 and 2.3% in 2008. ARPU increased by 8.5% in 2009 and decreased by 4.8% in 2008. Expressed in nominal local currencies, ARPU increased in 2009 by 5.9% in Argentina, 52% in Paraguay and 4% in Uruguay and decreased by 15% in Chile. In 2008, ARPU increased by 3.0% in Argentina and 11.7% in Paraguay and decreased by 10.0% in Uruguay and 7.3% in Chile. The increase in MOUs in 2009 principally reflected reflects an increase in our airtime traffic and a significant increase in traffic and revenues from data and value-added services. The increase in MOUs in 2008 principally reflected a decrease in prices due to promotions and airtime subsidies including free calls to friends and family. We also experienced increase in our churn rate, from 2.0% in 2008 to 2.6% in 2009.

Operating income increased by 32.9% in 2009 and 112.0% in 2008. This increase in 2009 reflected an increase in operating revenues and a reduction in our subscriber acquisition costs and other operating costs and expenses. The increase in 2008 reflected principally both a significant increase in our operating revenues and a reduction in the commissions payable to our distributors.

Colombia and Panama

Operating revenues increased by 13.5% in 2009 and 10.2% in 2008. The increase in operating revenues in 2009 was attributable to the appreciation of the Colombian peso against the Mexican peso and subscriber growth. The increase in operating revenues in 2008 was attributable principally to subscriber growth, increased traffic, the appreciation of the Colombian peso against the Mexican peso and increased revenue from long distance charges. The Colombian peso appreciated 11.9% against the Mexican peso in 2008, and currency appreciation accounted for approximately 6.5% of the increase in revenues during 2008. Also, we began providing long distance services in Colombia in 2008. These factors more than offset a decrease in interconnection tariffs of 50% in Colombia beginning in December 2007. In 2009, the number of subscribers in Colombia and Panama increased by 1.5% to approximately 27.8 million as of December 31, 2009. In 2008, the number of subscribers in Colombia increased by 22.6%.

Average MOUs per subscriber increased by 10.2% in 2009 and 28.7% in 2008. ARPU increased by 8.8% in 2009 and decreased by 4.8% in 2008. Calculated in nominal Colombian pesos, ARPU decreased by 3.3% in 2009 and 8.4% in 2008. The increase on average MOUs per subscriber in 2009 reflected primarily an increase in traffic resulting from the net increase in subscriber growth. The increase on average MOUs per subscriber in 2008 reflected primarily the reduction in prices for our voice and data services. The decrease in ARPU in local currency during 2009 reflected the lower interconnection fees which were not compensated by the increase in volume. The decrease in ARPU during 2008 reflected principally the lowering of our prices for voice and data services through promotions and lower rates. A substantial majority of our subscriber growth in 2009 and 2008 was attributable to an increase in prepaid customers, which generate on average less minutes of use and revenues than postpaid customers. Our churn rate increased from 2.4% in 2008 to 3.5% in 2009.

Our operating income increased by 8.2% in 2009 and 43.8% in 2008. Operating income in 2009 reflects the implementation of stricter controls in our operating costs and expenses, particularly with respect to handset subsidies. Operating income in 2008 reflects a reduction in subscriber acquisition costs and the effect in 2007 of higher depreciation expense resulting from the useful lives of certain GSM assets. Our operating margin was 32.0% in 2009 and 33.6% in 2008.

We began operating in Panama in March 2009. The commencement of operations in Panama did not have a significant impact in the operating margin and results of operations of this segment.

Table of Contents

Andean Region Ecuador and Peru

Operating revenues in Ecuador and Peru increased by 29.0% in 2009 and 24.7% in 2008. The increase in operating revenues in 2009 reflected principally the appreciation of the local currencies against the Mexican peso and subscriber growth. Currency effects contributed to 71.7% of the growth in operating revenues in 2009. The increase in operating revenues in 2008 was attributable principally to subscriber growth and increased traffic. In 2009, the number of subscribers increased by 14.7% to approximately 17.7 million at year-end 2009. In 2008, the number of subscribers increased by 24.9%.

Average MOUs per subscriber increased by 16.4% in 2009 and 27.3% in 2008. ARPU increased by approximately 13.0% in 2009 and decreased by approximately 3.0% in 2008. The increase in ARPU during 2009 reflected the appreciation of local currencies against the Mexican peso. The decline in ARPU during 2008 reflected principally subscriber growth and a reduction in our rates per minute. Our churn rate decreased from 2.4% in 2008 to 2.2% in 2009.

Operating income increased by 45.1% in 2009 and 41.8% in 2008. Our operating margin was 29.4% in 2009 and 26.1% in 2008. The increase in operating margin during 2009 resulted from a reduction in subscriber acquisition costs. The increase in operating margin during 2008 resulted from an increase in revenues, partially offset by a Ps. 136 million income-based payment related to our concession in Ecuador.

Central America El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua

Operating revenues in El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua increased by 13.0% in 2009 and decreased by 5.1% in 2008. The increase in 2009 reflected principally the 15.6% appreciation of the local currencies (mainly the dollar) against the Mexican peso, which compensated for a 2.6% decrease in operating revenues in local currencies. The decrease in 2008 reflected principally a decrease in nearly all sources of operating revenue as a result of a decrease in our share of the market. In 2009, the number of wireless subscribers in Central America increased by 4.1% to 9.5 million at year-end 2009. The number of fixed line subscribers increased by 0.8%, to approximately 2.3 million at year-end. In 2009, wireless services accounted for approximately 51.9% of our operating revenues, and fixed-line and other services for approximately 48.1%, as compared to 52.5% and 47.5%, respectively, in 2008.

Average MOUs decreased by 6.9% in 2009 and 13.4% in 2008. ARPU increased by 5.1% in 2009 and decreased by 23.4% in 2008. The increase in ARPU in 2009 reflects principally the appreciation of the local currencies, in particular the U.S. dollar, against the Mexican peso. Calculated in local currencies, ARPU decreased primarily as a result of increased competition for wireless customers in the region.

Operating income decreased by 36.1% in 2009 and 35.5% in 2008. Operating margin was 10.7% in 2009 and 18.9% in 2008. The decrease in operating income and margin in 2009 reflected principally increased network maintenance costs and radio base station rental costs. The decrease in operating income and margin in 2008 reflected principally increased network maintenance costs and acquisition costs related to triple-play.

United States

Operating revenues in the United States increased by 38.1% in 2009 and 6.0% in 2008. The increase in operating revenues in 2009 reflected principally new commercial plans and promotional packages that contributed to the increase in subscriber growth. The increase in operating revenues in 2008 was attributable principally to subscriber growth and increased traffic. In 2009, the number of TracFone subscribers increased by 28.9% to approximately 14.4 million as of December 31, 2009; and in 2008, the number of TracFone subscribers increased by 17.6% to approximately 11.2 million as of December 31, 2008.

Average MOUs per subscriber increased by 6.1% in 2009 and 5.6% in 2008. ARPU increased by 11.7% in 2009 and decreased by 9.0% in 2008. The increase in ARPU in 2009 reflects our new commercial plans and promotional packages. The decline in ARPU in 2008 was primarily attributable to the increasing portion of

Table of Contents

TracFone's traffic that is comprised of digital traffic, which results in lower revenues per minute than analog traffic. The churn rate increased from 3.8% in 2008 to 4.0% in 2009.

Operating income increased by 1.4% in 2009 and decreased by 37.3% in 2008. TracFone's operating margin decreased from 5.7% in 2008 to 4.2% in 2009. The increase in operating income in 2009 reflected currency effects due to the appreciation of the U.S. dollar against the Mexican peso and subscriber growth. The decrease in operating margin in 2009 reflects higher subscriber acquisition costs due mainly to equipment subsidies and publicity expenses.

Dominican Republic

Operating revenues in the Dominican Republic increased by 26.8% in 2009 and 2.3% in 2008. The increase in 2009 reflects the appreciation of the Dominican peso against the Mexican peso and subscriber growth. The increase in 2008 reflected principally subscriber growth in the wireless market and improved service promotions. In 2009, the number of wireless subscribers in the Dominican Republic increased by 24.5%, and in 2008, the number of wireless subscribers increased by 44.6%. In 2009, the number of fixed line subscribers decreased by 0.9%, and the number of fixed line subscribers increased by 3.1% in 2008. In 2009, wireless services accounted for approximately 49.2% of our operating revenues as compared to approximately 43.8% in 2008. Fixed-line and other services accounted for approximately 50.8% as compared to 56.2% in 2008.

Average MOUs decreased by 15.3% in 2009 and 6.7% in 2008. ARPU increased by 0.8% in 2009 and decreased by 15.5% in 2008. The decrease in average MOUs and the increase in ARPU in 2009 reflect currency effects. Calculated in Dominican pesos, ARPU decreased by 12.7% in 2009. The declines in 2008 primarily reflected promotions and airtime subsidies and a growing proportion of prepaid subscribers, who generate less revenue per line than postpaid subscribers.

Operating income increased by 15.4% in 2009 and decreased by 14.5% in 2008. Operating margin was 27.3% in 2009 and 30.0% in 2008. The increase in operating income and the decrease in operating margin in 2009 reflected principally indirect taxes on network maintenance and operation costs. The decrease in operating income and margin in 2008 reflected principally the growing proportion of our prepaid subscribers, which resulted in increased subscriber acquisition costs, equipment subsidies and customer service expenses.

Caribbean Puerto Rico and Jamaica

Operating revenues in the Caribbean increased by 14.7% in 2009 and 31.7% in 2008. The increase in 2009 and 2008 reflected principally the appreciation of the U.S. dollar against the Mexican peso and organic growth. In 2009, the number of wireless subscribers in Puerto Rico and Jamaica increased by 37.6%, and in 2008, the number of wireless subscribers increased by 14.5%. In 2009, the number of fixed line subscribers decreased by 8.0%, and the number of fixed line subscribers decreased by 9.5% in 2008. In 2009, wireless services accounted for approximately 36.4% of our operating revenues as compared to approximately 33.6% in 2008. Fixed-line and other services accounted for approximately 63.3% of operating revenues in 2009, as compared to 66.4% in 2008.

Average MOUs increased by 4.9% in 2009 and decreased by 8.4% in 2008. ARPU decreased by 1.0% in 2009 and 10.7% in 2008. Calculated in local currencies, ARPU decreased in 2009 and in 2008. These declines in ARPU primarily reflected the reduction in prices of voice services, principally in Puerto Rico.

Operating income decreased by 77.6% in 2009 and increased by 21.0% in 2008. Operating margin was 2.4% in 2009 and 12.5% in 2008. The decrease in operating income and operating margin in 2009 reflected principally an increase in indirect taxes including two real property taxes that became effective in Puerto Rico in 2009.

Table of Contents

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Principal Uses of Cash

We generate substantial resources from our operations. On a consolidated basis, operating activities provided Ps. 152,809 million in 2009 and Ps. 87,464 million in 2008. Our cash and cash equivalents amounted to Ps. 27,446 million at December 31, 2009, compared to Ps. 22,092 million as of December 31, 2008. We believe that our working capital is sufficient for our present requirements. We use the cash that we generate from our operations primarily for the following purposes:

We must make substantial capital expenditures to continue expanding and improving our networks in each country in which we operate. In 2009 and 2008, we invested approximately Ps. 45,395 million and Ps. 57,134 million, respectively, in plant, property and equipment. As of December 31, 2009, we had not disbursed Ps. 24,621 million of our investments in 2008, which will be disbursed in 2010. We have budgeted capital expenditures for 2010 to be approximately U.S.\$ 3,500 billion (Ps. 45,815 million). See *Capital Expenditures* below.

During 2008 we spent approximately Ps. 13,737 million to acquire or renew licenses, principally Ps. 8,830 million to acquire additional spectrum in Brazil, Ps. 3,001 million to renew our concession in Ecuador and Ps. 896 million to acquire a license in Panama. We did not spend any funds in the acquisition or renewal of licenses in 2009. The amount we spend on acquisitions and licenses varies significantly from year to year, depending on acquisition opportunities, concession renewal schedules and needs for more spectrum.

We must pay interest on our indebtedness and repay principal when due. As of December 31, 2009, we had Ps. 9,168 million of principal due in 2010.

If we have resources after meeting our obligations and capital expenditure requirements, we may pay dividends, or repurchase our own shares from time to time. We paid Ps. 25,462 million in dividends in 2009 and Ps. 8,816 million in dividends in 2008, and our shareholders have approved the payment of a Ps. 0.32 dividend per share in 2010. Dividends for 2009 included an extraordinary dividend of Ps. 0.50 per share paid on December 2009. We also spent (including commissions and value-added taxes) Ps. 24,658 million repurchasing our own shares in the open market in 2009 and Ps. 41,633 million in 2008. Our shareholders have authorized additional repurchases, and whether we do so will depend on considerations including market price and our other capital requirements. We have made additional repurchases in 2010.

Under many of our concessions and licenses, we are required to make annual royalty payments in order to continue using such concessions and licenses. These payments are typically calculated as a percentage of gross revenues generated under such concessions and licenses. In the case of the 1900 megahertz spectrum (Band F) concessions in Mexico, however, we are required to pay Ps. 255 million (subject to adjustment for inflation) annually for 20 years in respect of the 10 megahertz acquired during 2005.

We could have opportunities in the future to invest in other telecommunications companies outside Mexico, primarily in Latin America and the Caribbean, because we believe the telecommunications sector in Latin America will continue to undergo consolidation. For example, we may pursue further market consolidation opportunities in Brazil and Argentina depending on their terms and conditions. We can give no assurance as to the extent, timing or cost of such investments. We may also pursue opportunities in other areas in the world. Some of the assets that we acquire may require significant funding for capital expenditures. See the discussion included earlier in this report under *Overview Effects of Recent Acquisitions* for more information about these transactions.

Borrowings

In addition to funds generated from operations, we have used borrowings to fund acquisitions and capital expenditures and refinance debt. We have relied on a combination of equipment financings, borrowings from international banks and borrowings in the Mexican and international capital markets. Beginning in the second half of 2008, with the difficult circumstances in the credit markets, we arranged several equipment financing facilities to

Table of Contents

further improve our liquidity position. As of the date of this report, we have an aggregate of U.S.\$1,297 million in committed undrawn equipment financing facilities from three different sources.

As of December 31, 2009, our total consolidated indebtedness was Ps. 110,909 million, compared to Ps. 143,486 million as of December 31, 2008. Our net debt (total debt minus cash and cash equivalents) at December 31, 2009 decreased by 31.2% as compared to December 31, 2008. This decrease reflects, among other things, our increased capacity for generating cash flow.

Without taking into account the effects of derivative instruments that we use to manage our interest rate and currency risk liabilities, approximately 76.2% of our indebtedness at December 31, 2009 was denominated in currencies other than Mexican pesos (approximately 51.4% in U.S. dollars and 24.8% in other currencies, principally in Colombian and Chilean pesos and euros), and approximately 24.5% of our consolidated debt obligations bore interest at floating rates. Of our total debt at December 31, 2009, Ps. 6,355 million (or 5.7%) was classified as short-term based on the original terms.

Our ability to access the international debt capital markets on the terms described below has been helped by the credit rating given to our debt. As of the date of this report, our dollar-denominated senior notes are rated A2 by Moody's Investors Service, BBB+ (positive watch) by Standard and Poor's Rating Group and A- by Fitch Ratings. Adverse economic conditions or changing circumstances may, however, cause our ratings to be downgraded. The weighted average cost of all our third-party debt at December 31, 2009 (excluding commissions and reimbursement of certain lenders for Mexican taxes withheld) was approximately 5.8%.

Our major categories of indebtedness at December 31, 2009 are as follows:

U.S. dollar-denominated senior notes. At December 31, 2009, we had approximately U.S.\$3.9 billion (Ps. 51,608 million) outstanding under series of U.S. dollar-denominated senior notes issued in the international capital markets between 2004 and 2009:

U.S.\$795 million (Ps. 10,381 million) senior notes due 2014, bearing interest at a fixed rate of 5.500%;

U.S.\$473 million (Ps. 6,181 million) senior notes due 2015, bearing interest at a fixed rate of 5.750%;

U.S.\$583 million (Ps. 7,615 million) senior notes due 2017, bearing interest at a fixed rate of 5.625%;

U.S.\$750 million (Ps. 9,794 million) senior notes due 2019, bearing interest a fixed rate of 5.000%;

U.S.\$981 million (Ps. 12,815 million) senior notes due 2035, bearing interest at a fixed rate of 6.375%; and

U.S.\$369 million (Ps. 4,822 million) senior notes due 2037, bearing interest at a fixed rate of 6.125%.

Mexican-peso denominated senior notes. At December 31, 2009, we had approximately Ps. 12,872 million outstanding under two series of peso-denominated senior notes sold in the international and Mexican capital markets: on October 5, 2005, we issued Ps. 5,000 million in principal amount of 9.0% senior notes due January 2016 and on December 18, 2006 we issued Ps. 8,000 million in principal amount of 8.46% senior notes due 2036. These notes are denominated in Mexican pesos, but all amounts in respect of the notes are payable in U.S. dollars, unless a holder of notes elects to receive payment in Mexican pesos in accordance with certain specified procedures.

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Mexican peso-denominated domestic senior notes (certificados bursátiles). At December 31, 2009, we had Ps. 13,491 million in domestic senior notes that were sold in the Mexican capital markets. These domestic senior notes were issued by us between 2002 and 2009, and have varying maturities, ranging from 2010 through 2018. Some bear interest at fixed rates, and others at variable rates based on CETES (a rate based on the cost of Mexican treasuries) or TIIE (a Mexican interbank rate). Recent issuances of domestic senior notes include:

On April 11, 2007, we issued Ps. 500 million in 5-year floating domestic senior notes. The notes bear interest at a discount of 6 basis points below TIIE, and mature on April 5, 2012;

Table of Contents

On November 1, 2007, we issued Ps. 2,500 million in 3-year floating domestic senior notes. The notes bear interest at a discount of 10 basis points below THIE, and mature on October 28, 2010;

On November 1, 2007, we issued Ps. 2,000 million in 10-year fixed rate domestic senior notes. The notes bear interest at a rate of 8.39% per annum, and mature on October 19, 2017;

On March 7, 2008, we issued Ps. 2,500 million in 10-year fixed rate domestic senior notes. The notes bear interest at a rate of 8.11% per annum, and mature on February 22, 2018;

On September 12, 2008, we issued Ps. 3,000 million in 5-year floating domestic senior notes. The notes bear interest at a spread of 55 basis points over CETES, and mature on September 6, 2013; and

On September 12, 2008, we issued Ps. 2,100 million in 5-year UDI denominated equivalent fixed rate domestic senior notes. The notes bear interest at a rate of 4.10% per annum and mature on September 6, 2013.

Bank loans. At December 31, 2009, we had approximately Ps. 9,226 million outstanding under a number of bank facilities bearing interest principally at fixed and variable rates based on LIBOR. We are also party to a U.S.\$2 billion revolving syndicated facility that matures in April 2011. At December 31, 2009, the entire U.S.\$2 billion was available for borrowing. Loans under the facility bear interest at LIBOR plus a spread. The syndicated facility limits our ability to incur secured debt, to effect a merger as a result of which the surviving entity would not be América Móvil or Telcel, to sell substantially all of our assets or to sell control of Telcel. The facility does not allow us to impose any restrictions on the ability of Telcel to pay dividends or make distributions to us. In addition, the bank facilities require us to maintain a consolidated ratio of debt to EBITDA not greater than 4.0 to 1.0 and a consolidated ratio of EBITDA to interest expense not less than 2.5 to 1.0.

Equipment financing facilities with support from export development agencies. We have a number of equipment financing facilities, under which export development agencies provide support for financing to purchase exports from their respective countries. These facilities are medium- to long-term, with periodic amortization and interest at a spread over LIBOR/EURIBOR. They are extended to us or to operating subsidiaries, with the guarantee of Telcel. The aggregate amount outstanding under equipment financing facilities at December 31, 2009 was U.S.\$928 million (Ps. 12,124 million).

Sale and leasebacks. Our subsidiaries in Ecuador, Peru, Nicaragua and Honduras have entered into sale and leaseback transactions with respect to a portion of its telephone plant. At December 31, 2009, lease payment obligations under these contracts amounted to U.S.\$87 million (Ps. 1,133 million). Payments are due on a monthly and three-month basis through 2012 and bear interest at fixed or variable rates plus a spread.

Colombian peso-denominated notes. In 2004, Comcel issued Colombian peso-denominated notes that were sold in the Colombian capital markets in three different series. These notes bear interest at a variable rate based on the Colombian consumer price index rate (IPC) plus a spread, and mature in 2010 and 2013. These notes are guaranteed by América Móvil. In 2006, Comcel issued Colombian peso-denominated notes that were sold in the Colombian capital markets. These notes bear interest at a 7.59% fixed rate, and mature in 2016. These notes are not guaranteed by América Móvil. At December 31, 2009, the aggregate principal amount outstanding under these notes was Ps. 5,749 million.

All of the public securities issued by América Móvil in international and Mexican capital markets and amounts due under our syndicated loan facility and export credit facilities are guaranteed by Telcel.

Table of Contents

At December 31, 2009, Telcel had, on an unconsolidated basis, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of approximately Ps. 93,908 million (U.S.\$7,204 million), excluding debt owed to us or our other subsidiaries. This amount represents outstanding obligations of Telcel under guarantees of parent company and subsidiary indebtedness. In addition, at December 31, 2009, our operating subsidiaries other than Telcel had indebtedness of Ps. 17,001 million (U.S.\$1,302 million).

Capital Expenditures

The following table sets forth our consolidated capital expenditures (in nominal amounts) for each year in the three-year period ended December 31, 2009. The table below includes capital expenditures in property, plant and equipment. We have also dedicated resources to acquire new companies and licenses and increase our interest in some of our subsidiaries, which in 2008 and 2007 amounted to Ps. 13,737 million and Ps. 26,045 million, respectively. See [Liquidity and Capital Resources](#) [Capital Requirements](#) above.

	Year ended December 31, ⁽¹⁾		
	2007	2008 ⁽²⁾	2009
	(millions of nominal Mexican pesos)		
Transmission and switching equipment	Ps. 32,100	Ps. 50,278	Ps. 41,018
Other	2,522	6,856	4,377
Total capital expenditures	Ps. 34,622	Ps. 57,134	Ps. 45,395

(1) Figures reflect amounts accrued for each period.

(2) As of December 31, 2009, we had not disbursed Ps. 24,621 million of our capital investments in 2008, which will be disbursed in 2010. Our capital expenditures during 2009 related primarily to expanding the capacity of our GSM networks and expanding our third generation UMTS/HSDPA network coverage throughout our principal markets in Latin America. We have budgeted capital expenditures of approximately U.S.\$3.5 billion for the year ending December 31, 2010, but this budgeted amount could change as we re-evaluate our expenditure needs during the year or as a result of any acquisitions. We expect that our capital expenditures during 2010 will primarily relate to the expansion and upgrading of our cellular infrastructure for consolidated networks and third generation technology. We expect to spend approximately 15.0% of our budgeted capital expenditures in Mexico and the United States, 59.0% in South America, 13.0% in Central America and 13.0% in the Caribbean.

We expect to finance our capital expenditures for 2010 with funds generated from operations and, depending on market conditions and our other capital requirements, new debt financings.

Risk Management

We regularly assess our interest rate and currency exchange exposures in order to determine how to manage the risk associated with these exposures. In Mexico, we have indebtedness denominated in currencies, principally the U.S. dollar, other than the currency of the operating environment. We use derivative financial instruments to adjust the resulting exchange rate exposures. We do not use derivatives to hedge the exchange rate exposures that arise from having operations in different countries. We also use derivative financial instruments from time to time to adjust our exposure to variable interest rates or to reduce our costs of financing. Our practices vary from time to time depending on our judgment of the level of risk, expectations as to exchange or interest rate movements and the costs of using derivative financial instruments. We may stop using derivative financial instruments or modify our practices at any time. As of December 31, 2009, after taking into account derivative transactions, approximately 30.5% of our total debt was denominated in U.S. dollars and approximately 28.5% was subject to floating rates.

As of December 31, 2009, we had the following derivatives positions, with an aggregate fair value of Ps. 8,361 million:

U.S. dollar-Mexican peso cross currency swaps with a notional amount of U.S.\$147 million with respect to our total U.S. dollar-denominated debt. Under these swaps, we have replaced our obligation to make payment in U.S. dollars with an obligation to

make payment in Mexican pesos;

Table of Contents

U.S. dollar-Mexican peso forwards for a total notional amount of U.S.\$1,965 million to hedge our exposure to our U.S. dollar denominated debt;

Euro-Mexican peso cross currency swap with a notional amount of EUR 82 million with respect to our total Euro-denominated debt. Under this swap we replaced our obligation to make payment in Euros with an obligation to make payment in Mexican pesos;

Euro-U.S. dollar cross currency swaps with a notional amount of EUR 143 million with respect to our total Euro-denominated debt. Under this swap we replaced our obligation to make payment in Euros with an obligation to make payment in U.S. dollars; and

A Japanese Yen-U.S. dollar denominated cross-currency swap with a notional amount of Yen¥13,000 million with respect to our total Japanese-Yen denominated debt. Under this swap, we replaced our obligation to make payment in Japanese Yen with an obligation to make payment in U.S. dollars.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of December 31, 2009, we had no off-balance sheet arrangements that require disclosure under applicable SEC regulations.

Table of Contents

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Exchange Rate And Interest Rate Risks

We are exposed to market risk principally from changes in interest rates and currency exchange rates. Interest rate risk exists principally with respect to our net financial liabilities bearing interest at floating rates. Interest rate risk also exists with respect to the fair value of fixed-rate financial assets and liabilities. Exchange rate risk exists with respect to our financial assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than Mexican pesos, principally on our U.S. dollar denominated debt. We are also subject to exchange rate risks with respect to our investments outside Mexico.

At December 31, 2009, we had approximately Ps. 20,805 million (as compared to Ps. 13,942 million as of December 31, 2008) in financial assets denominated in currencies other than Mexican pesos, principally consisting of cash, short-term investments and investments in financial instruments, and approximately Ps. 84,546 million (as compared to Ps. 105,675 million as of December 31, 2008) in financial liabilities denominated in currencies other than Mexican pesos, consisting of debt. Approximately 67.4% of our non-peso indebtedness as of December 31, 2009 was denominated in U.S. dollars. As of December 31, 2009, we had Ps. 27,155 million of debt that bore interest at floating rates.

We regularly assess our interest rate and currency exchange exposures and determine whether to adjust our position. We may use derivative financial instruments as an economic hedge to adjust our exposures. Our derivatives use practices vary from time to time depending on our judgment of the level of risk, expectations as to interest or exchange rate movements and the costs of using derivative instruments. See Operating And Financial Review And Prospects Risk Management in this report. We have also used derivative financial instruments from time to time to seek to reduce our costs of financing. We may stop using derivative instruments or modify our practices at any time.

Sensitivity Analysis Disclosures

The potential increase in net debt and corresponding foreign exchange loss, taking account our derivatives transactions, that would have resulted as a December 31, 2009 from a hypothetical, instantaneous 10% depreciation of all of our operating currencies against the U.S. dollar, would have been approximately Ps. 4,061 million. Such depreciation would have also resulted in additional interest expense of approximately Ps. 287 million per annum, reflecting the increased costs of servicing foreign currency indebtedness.

A hypothetical, immediate increase of 100 basis points in the interest rates applicable to our floating rate financial liabilities at December 31, 2009 would have resulted in additional interest expense of approximately Ps. 272 million per year, assuming no change in the principal amount of such indebtedness.

The above sensitivity analyses are based on the assumption of unfavorable movements in exchange or interest rates applicable to each homogeneous category of financial assets and liabilities. A homogeneous category is defined according to the currency in which financial assets and liabilities are denominated and assumes the same exchange rate or interest rate movement with each homogeneous category. As a result, exchange rate risk and interest rate risk sensitivity analysis may overstate the impact of exchange rate or interest rate fluctuations for such financial instruments, as consistently unfavorable movements of all exchange rates or interest rates are unlikely.

Table of Contents

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

Regulatory Matters

In November 2008, Cofeco issued a preliminary report (*dictamen preliminar*) finding that Telcel has substantial market power in the national mobile telephone services relevant market. The preliminary report was confirmed by the publication on February 10, 2010 of the relevant findings of a resolution relating to the existence of substantial market power. In February 2010, Telcel filed an administrative proceeding (*recurso administrativo de reconsideración*) before Cofeco. When this administrative proceeding was rejected by Cofeco for analysis, Telcel filed an appeal (*amparo indirecto*) before an administrative judge against the rejection of the proceeding and against the issuance, subscription and publication of the February 10, 2010 resolution. Under the Antitrust Law (*Ley Federal de Competencia Económica*) and the Telecommunications Law (*Ley Federal de Telecomunicaciones*), if Cofeco makes a final finding of substantial market power concerning an operator, Cofetel can impose on that operator specific regulations with respect to tariffs, quality of service and information. We cannot predict what regulatory steps Cofetel may take in response to determinations by Cofeco.

In September 2009, the CRT issued a series of resolutions stating that our Colombian subsidiary, Comcel, has a dominant position in Colombia's market for outgoing mobile services. Under Colombian law, a market participant is considered to have a dominant position in a specified market if the regulators determine that it has the capacity to control the conditions in that market. The CRT made its determination based on Comcel's traffic, revenues and subscriber base. The resolutions also included regulations requiring Comcel to charge rates (excluding access fees) for mobile-to-mobile calls outside the Comcel network (off net) that are no higher than the fees charged for mobile-to-mobile calls within the Comcel network (on net) plus access fees. The regulations were first implemented in December 4, 2009. These regulations will limit our flexibility in offering pricing plans to our customers, but we cannot predict the effects on our financial performance.

See Note 15 to our audited consolidated financial statements for a description of our material legal proceedings.

Tax on Telecommunications Services

Effective January 1, 2010, the Mexican government imposed a new tax of 3% on certain telecommunication services we provide. Customers of those telecommunication services are responsible for the payment of this new tax. Telcel has filed legal proceedings against this new tax. We cannot predict the medium- to long-term effects of this new tax on our financial performance.

América Móvil Shareholders Meetings

At a general ordinary shareholders meeting held in Mexico City on March 17, 2010, the shareholders of América Móvil voted to approve the making of the Proposed Offers. On that same date, at a general extraordinary shareholders meeting, the shareholders also approved an amendment to the bylaws (*estatutos sociales*) of América Móvil to include a foreign exclusion clause restricting the ownership América Móvil Series A shares (AMX A Shares) to holders that qualify as Mexican investors under Mexican law and certain transitory provisions relating to the AMX A Shares. This amendment does not affect the ability of holders of currently outstanding AMX A Shares to continue to hold such shares or to transfer them to other non-Mexican investors.

Table of Contents

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V.

By: /s/ Carlos García Moreno Elizondo

Name: Carlos García Moreno Elizondo

Title: Chief Financial Officer

Date: March 22, 2010

161

Table of Contents

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibits

Documents filed as exhibits to this report:

- 11.1 Calculation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges
- 99.1 Audited Consolidated Financial Statements as of December 31, 2009 and 2008 and for Years Ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007.

162

Table of Contents**Exhibit 11.1****CALCULATION OF RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES****AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S. A.B. DE C. V. AND SUBSIDIARIES****RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES**

Thousands of Mexican pesos

	2005 As adjusted	2006	2007	2008	2009
Mexican FRS					
Income before taxes on profits	33,432,068	61,527,609	81,151,600	79,463,731	99,257,161
Plus: Fixed charges :					
Interest expense	9,151,266	9,618,645	9,865,355	11,610,982	10,689,719
Interest implicit in operating leases	189,596	263,090	338,440	352,989	444,785
Earnings under Mexican FRS	42,772,929	71,409,344	91,355,395	91,427,702	110,391,665
Divided by: Fixed charges:					
Interest expense	9,151,266	9,618,645	9,865,355	11,610,982	10,689,719
Interest implicit in operating leases	189,596	263,090	338,440	352,989	444,785
	9,340,862	9,881,735	10,203,795	11,963,972	11,134,505
Mexican FRS	4.6	7.2	9.0	7.6	9.9

Table of Contents

Exhibit 99.1

**AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS UNDER MEXICAN FINANCIAL
REPORTING STANDARDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2009 AND 2008 AND FOR THE YEARS ENDED
DECEMBER 31, 2009, 2008 AND 2007
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS**

To the Shareholders of

América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2008 and 2009, and the related consolidated statements of income and changes in shareholders' equity for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2009 and the consolidated statement of changes in financial position for the year ended December 31, 2007, as well as, the consolidated statements of cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2009. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We did not audit the financial statements of TracFone Wireless, Inc., a consolidated subsidiary, whose assets accounted for approximately 1% of total consolidated assets at December 31, 2008 and approximately 5% of total consolidated operating revenues for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2008. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for TracFone Wireless, Inc., is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Mexico. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement and are prepared in conformity with Mexican Financial Reporting Standards. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the financial reporting standards used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation (including the Company's conversion of the financial statements of TracFone Wireless, Inc. to Mexican Financial Reporting Standards). We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2008 and 2009, and the consolidated results of their operations and changes in their shareholders' equity for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2009, and the changes in their consolidated financial position for the year ended December 31, 2007, as well as, their consolidated statement of cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2009, in conformity with Mexican Financial Reporting Standards.

Table of Contents

As mentioned in Note 2 a), f) and z.1) to the financial statements, as of January 1, 2008, the Company adopted the new Mexican Financial Reporting Standards B-10, *Effects of Inflation*, B-15, *Translation of Foreign Currencies*, and B-2, *Statements of Cash Flows*, with the effects described therein.

Mancera, S.C.
A Member Practice of

Ernst & Young Global

Omero Campos Segura

Mexico City, Mexico

March 8, 2010

Table of Contents**AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Consolidated Balance Sheets**

(In thousands of Mexican pesos)

	At December 31,	
	2008	2009
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	Ps. 22,092,139	Ps. 27,445,880
Accounts receivable, net (Note 4)	52,770,676	55,918,984
Derivative financial instruments (Note 10)	3,125,214	8,361
Related parties (Note 16)	1,052,796	468,096
Inventories, net (Note 5)	31,805,142	21,536,018
Other current assets, net (Note 6)	2,639,912	2,720,983
Total current assets	113,485,879	108,098,322
Plant, property and equipment, net (Note 7)	209,896,820	227,049,009
Licenses, net (Note 8)	43,098,985	42,582,531
Trademarks, net (Note 8)	5,010,539	3,974,527
Goodwill, net (Note 8)	44,696,281	45,805,279
Investments in affiliates and others (Note 9)	789,612	974,693
Deferred taxes (Note 18)	9,296,367	15,908,795
Other non-current assets, net (Note 6)	9,180,987	8,614,805
Total assets	Ps. 435,455,470	Ps. 453,007,961
Liabilities and shareholders equity		
Current liabilities:		
Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt (Note 13)	Ps. 26,731,355	Ps. 9,167,941
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 12)	90,867,401	97,086,585
Taxes payable	14,612,465	16,716,549
Related parties (Note 16)	922,254	1,045,155
Deferred revenues	14,662,631	16,240,451
Total current liabilities	147,796,106	140,256,681
Long-term liabilities:		
Long-term debt (Note 13)	116,755,093	101,741,199
Deferred taxes (Note 18)	14,621,075	22,282,245
Employee benefits (Note 11)	11,358,647	10,822,273
Total liabilities	290,530,921	275,102,398
Shareholders equity (Note 17):		
Capital stock	36,532,481	36,524,423
Retained earnings:		
From prior years	29,261,187	38,952,974
Current year	59,485,502	76,913,454
	88,746,689	115,866,428

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Accumulated other comprehensive income items	18,988,897	24,782,273
Total majority shareholders' equity	144,268,067	177,173,124
Non-controlling interest	656,482	732,439
Total shareholders' equity	144,924,549	177,905,563
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	Ps. 435,455,470	Ps. 453,007,961

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Table of Contents**AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Consolidated Statements of Income**

(In thousands of Mexican pesos, except for earnings per share and
weighted-average number of shares outstanding)

	For the year ended December 31,		
	2007	2008	2009
Operating revenues:			
Services:			
Air time	Ps. 87,522,245	Ps. 99,258,566	Ps. 118,949,020
Interconnection	58,554,255	60,371,865	60,557,856
Monthly rent	59,551,717	66,805,611	75,585,846
Long-distance	20,348,067	20,624,128	23,301,403
Value added services and other services	40,359,659	51,089,479	70,743,490
Sales of handsets and accessories	45,243,819	47,505,259	45,573,416
	311,579,762	345,654,908	394,711,031
Operating costs and expenses:			
Cost of sales and services	132,373,998	146,025,037	165,039,738
Commercial, administrative and general expenses	53,605,408	62,316,415	72,380,031
Depreciation and amortization (Notes 7 and 8) (includes Ps. 29,389,162, Ps. 30,047,363 and Ps. 38,187,412 for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009, respectively, not included in cost of sales and services)	40,406,018	41,767,309	53,082,307
	226,385,424	250,108,761	290,502,076
Operating income	85,194,338	95,546,147	104,208,955
Other expenses, net	(3,712,874)	(2,326,959)	(2,165,584)
Comprehensive result of financing:			
Interest income	2,960,265	2,414,390	1,691,929
Interest expense	(7,696,967)	(8,950,562)	(7,410,314)
Exchange gain (loss), net	2,463,442	(13,686,423)	4,556,571
Monetary gain, net	5,038,406		
Other financing (cost) income, net	(3,152,631)	6,357,722	(1,820,110)
	(387,485)	(13,864,873)	(2,981,924)
Equity interest in net income of affiliates	57,621	109,416	195,714
Income before taxes on profits	81,151,600	79,463,731	99,257,161
Taxes on profits (Note 18)	22,454,267	19,888,337	22,259,308
Net income	Ps. 58,697,333	Ps. 59,575,394	Ps. 76,997,853
Distribution of the net income:			
Majority interest	Ps. 58,587,511	Ps. 59,485,502	Ps. 76,913,454
Non-controlling interest	109,822	89,892	84,399

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Net income	Ps. 58,697,333	Ps. 59,575,394	Ps. 76,997,853
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (in millions)	35,149	34,220	32,738
Earnings per share	Ps. 1.67	Ps. 1.74	Ps. 2.35

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Table of Contents**AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity****For the Years Ended December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009**

(In thousands of Mexican pesos)

	Capital stock	Legal reserve	Retained earnings		Accumulated other comprehensive income items	Majority shareholders equity	Non-controlling interest	Comprehensive income	Total shareholders equity
			Unappropriated	Total					
Balance at December 31, 2006 (Note 17)	Ps. 36,555,398	Ps. 482,925	89,590,018	90,072,943	(13,565,675)	113,062,666	684,137		113,746,803
Non-controlling interest related to current year acquisitions			(6,604)	(6,604)		(6,604)	(13,187)		(19,791)
Dividends declared at Ps. 0.20 and Ps. 1 per share (historical)			(42,127,537)	(42,127,537)		(42,127,537)			(42,127,537)
Repurchase of shares	(3,359)		(12,853,079)	(12,853,079)		(12,856,438)			(12,856,438)
Comprehensive income:									
Net income for the period			58,587,511	58,587,511		58,587,511	109,822	Ps. 58,697,333	58,697,333
Other comprehensive income items:									
Effect of translation of foreign entities					10,143,715	10,143,715	(141,953)	10,001,762	10,001,762
Result from holding non-monetary assets, net of deferred taxes					(579,243)	(579,243)	(5,119)	(584,362)	(584,362)
Comprehensive income for the year								Ps. 68,114,733	
Balance at December 31, 2007 (Note 17)	36,552,039	482,925	93,190,309	93,673,234	(4,001,203)	126,224,070	633,700		126,857,770
Effect of adopting Mexican FRS B-10, net of deferred tax			(13,771,039)	(13,771,039)	13,771,039				
Dividends declared at Ps. 0.26 per share (historical)			(8,904,997)	(8,904,997)		(8,904,997)			(8,904,997)
Repurchase of shares	(19,558)		(41,736,011)	(41,736,011)		(41,755,569)			(41,755,569)

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Comprehensive income:										
Net income for the period			59,485,502		59,485,502		59,485,502	89,892	Ps. 59,575,394	59,575,394
Other comprehensive income items:										
Effect of translation of foreign entities, net of deferred tax					9,219,061	9,219,061	(67,110)	9,151,951		9,151,951
Comprehensive income for the year									Ps. 68,727,345	
Balance at December 31, 2008 (Note 17)										
	Ps. 36,532,481	Ps. 482,925	Ps. 88,263,764	Ps. 88,746,689	Ps. 18,988,897	Ps. 144,268,067	Ps. 656,482		Ps. 144,924,549	
Dividends declared at Ps. 0.30 and Ps. 0.50 per share										
			(25,979,049)	(25,979,049)		(25,979,049)				(25,979,049)
Repurchase of shares										
	(8,058)		(24,697,658)	(24,697,658)		(24,705,716)				(24,705,716)
Asset tax write-off										
			882,992	882,992		882,992				882,992
Comprehensive income:										
Net income for the period			76,913,454	76,913,454		76,913,454	84,399	Ps. 76,997,853		76,997,853
Other comprehensive income items:										
Effect of translation of foreign entities, net of deferred tax					5,793,376	5,793,376	(8,442)	5,784,934		5,784,934
Comprehensive income for the year									Ps. 82,782,787	
Balance at December 31, 2009 (Note 17)										
	Ps. 36,524,423	Ps. 482,925	Ps. 115,383,503	Ps. 115,866,428	Ps. 24,782,273	Ps. 177,173,124	Ps. 732,439		Ps. 177,905,563	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Table of Contents**AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Consolidated Statement of Changes in Financial Position**

(In thousands of Mexican pesos)

	For the year ended December 31, 2007
Operating activities	
Net income	Ps. 58,697,333
Add (deduct) items not requiring the use of resources:	
Depreciation	31,162,660
Amortization	7,670,961
Amortization of loss on sale and leaseback	1,572,397
Deferred income tax and deferred employee profit sharing	4,659,365
Loss on marketable securities	1,384,418
Equity interest in net income of affiliates	(57,621)
Net cost of labor obligations	456,095
	105,545,608
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Decrease (increase) in:	
Accounts receivable	(4,265,886)
Inventories	(896,364)
Other assets	(943,209)
(Decrease) increase in:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	10,136,210
Related parties	(991,389)
Financial instruments	(740,769)
Deferred revenues and credits	36,809
Taxes payable	(8,800,706)
Marketable securities	1,499,381
Resources provided by operating activities	100,579,685
Financing activities	
New loans	33,287,331
Repayment of loans	(46,008,892)
Effect of exchange rate differences and variances in debt expressed in constant pesos	(4,161,387)
Decrease in capital stock and retained earnings due to purchase of Company's own shares	(12,856,438)
Dividend declared	(42,127,537)
Resources used in financing activities	(71,866,923)
Investing activities	
Investment in plant, property and equipment	(38,854,801)
Investment in subsidiaries and affiliates	42,130
Instruments available for sale	(789,100)
Minority interest	(160,259)
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(19,464,035)
Investments in trademarks	26,811
Investment in licenses	(499,145)

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Resources used in investing activities	(59,698,399)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(30,985,637)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	42,957,756
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	Ps. 11,972,119

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Table of Contents**AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

(In thousands of Mexican pesos)

	For the year ended December 31,	
	2008	2009
Operating activities		
Income before taxes on profits	Ps. 79,463,731	Ps. 99,257,161
Items not requiring the use of cash:		
Depreciation	32,677,429	42,953,356
Amortization of intangible assets	7,471,679	8,160,235
Amortization of loss on sale and leaseback	1,618,201	1,968,716
Impairment in the value of long-lived assets	739,853	
Equity interest in net income of affiliates	(109,416)	(195,714)
Loss (gain) on sale of fixed assets	141,278	(403,031)
Net period cost of labor obligations	734,636	779,705
Exchange loss (gain), net	11,979,839	(840,300)
Accrued interest receivable	(2,241,926)	(1,963,537)
Accrued interest payable	8,950,562	7,410,314
Other financing expenses, net	(2,605,594)	(1,838,672)
Loss on sale of marketable securities	(46,014)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Financial instruments	65,800	
Accounts receivable	(5,299,903)	(7,599,026)
Interest collected	2,241,926	1,963,537
Prepaid expenses	(888,241)	(197,274)
Related parties	(14,719)	707,600
Inventories	(9,361,512)	8,479,369
Other assets	(143,908)	(124,900)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(13,888,254)	8,403,243
Taxes paid	(21,702,646)	(16,839,757)
Employee profit sharing paid	(672,457)	(1,132,677)
Financial instruments	(2,156,946)	2,869,210
Deferred revenues	1,001,969	1,568,963
Labor obligations	(491,359)	(577,567)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	87,464,008	152,808,954
Investing activities		
Acquisition of plant, property and equipment	(26,943,957)	(53,213,700)
Acquisition of licenses	(13,736,502)	(485)
Fixed asset sales	75,538	556,704
Business acquisitions, net of cash	(479,090)	
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(41,084,011)	(52,657,481)
Net cash flows before financing activities	46,379,997	100,151,473
Financing activities		
Loans obtained	61,810,010	26,776,298
Repayment of loans	(41,487,985)	(62,720,695)

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Interests paid	(8,105,142)	(8,551,023)
Repurchase of shares	(41,632,608)	(24,657,808)
Payment of dividends	(8,815,570)	(25,462,328)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(38,231,295)	(94,615,556)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	8,148,702	5,535,917
Adjustment to cash flow for exchange rate differences	1,971,318	(182,176)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	11,972,119	22,092,139
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	Ps. 22,092,139	Ps. 27,445,880

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Table of Contents**AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

(In thousands of Mexican pesos,

and thousands of U.S. dollars, except when indicated otherwise)

1. Description of Business

América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V. and subsidiaries (collectively, the Company or América Móvil) provides wireless and fixed communications services in Latin America and in the Caribbean. América Móvil obtains its revenues primarily from telecommunications services, including the sale of airtime (including interconnection under the calling party pays program), monthly rent, long-distance charges, and other services (including roaming, value added services and other service charges), as well as the proceeds from the sale of cellular phones and accessories.

América Móvil has authorization, licenses, permits and concessions (hereinafter collectively referred to as licenses) to build, install, operate and use both public and private telecommunications networks and provide telecommunication services (mostly mobile and fixed-line telephony) in the countries in which the Company has presence (except for in the U.S.). These licenses will expire at various times from 2012 through 2046.

Such licenses require the payment to the respective governments of a share in sales determined as a percentage of revenues from services under concession. The percentage is set as either a fixed rate or in some cases based on the size of the infrastructure in operation (except for Guatemala and El Salvador).

Equity investments in subsidiaries and affiliated companies

At December 31, 2008 and 2009, América Móvil's equity interest in its principal subsidiaries and affiliated companies is as follows:

Company	Country	% equity interest at December 31	
		2008	2009
Subsidiaries:			
AMX Tenedora, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	100.0%	100.0%
AMOV Canadá, S.A.	Mexico	100.0%	100.0%
Compañía Dominicana de Teléfonos, C. por A. (Codetel)	Dominican Republic	100.0%	100.0%
Sercotel, S.A. de C.V. (Sercotel)	Mexico	100.0%	100.0%
Radiomóvil Dipsa, S.A. de C.V. and subsidiaries (Telcel)	Mexico	100.0%	100.0%
Telecomunicaciones de Puerto Rico, Inc. (1)	Puerto Rico	100.0%	100.0%
Puerto Rico Telephone Company, Inc.	Puerto Rico	100.0%	100.0%
PRT Larga Distancia, Inc.	Puerto Rico	100.0%	100.0%
Servicios de Comunicaciones de Honduras, S.A. de C.V. (Sercom Honduras)	Honduras	100.0%	100.0%
AMX USA Holding, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	100.0%	100.0%
TracFone Wireless, Inc. (TracFone)	U.S.A.	98.2%	98.2%
AM Telecom Américas, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	100.0%	100.0%
Claro Telecom Participacoes, S.A.	Brazil	100.0%	100.0%
Americel, S.A.	Brazil	99.3%	99.3%
Claro, S.A. (formerly BCP, S.A.)	Brazil	99.9%	99.9%
América Central Tel, S.A. de C.V. (ACT)	Mexico	100.0%	100.0%
Telecomunicaciones de Guatemala, S.A. (Telgua)	Guatemala	99.2%	99.2%
Empresa Nicaragüense de Telecomunicaciones, S.A. (Enitel)	Nicaragua	99.5%	99.5%

Table of Contents

Company	Country	% equity interest at December 31	
		2008	2009
Estesa Holding Corp. (1)	Panama	100.0%	100.0%
Cablenet, S.A. (1)	Nicaragua	100.0%	100.0%
Estaciones Terrenas de Satélite, S.A. (Estesa) (1)	Nicaragua	100.0%	100.0%
AMX El Salvador, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	100.0%	100.0%
Compañía de Telecomunicaciones de El Salvador, S.A. de C.V. (CTE)	El Salvador	95.8%	95.8%
CTE Telecom Personal, S.A. de C.V. (Personal)	El Salvador	95.8%	95.8%
Cablenet, S.A. (Cablenet)	Guatemala	95.8%	95.8%
Telecomoda, S.A. de C.V. (Telecomoda)	El Salvador	95.8%	95.8%
Telecom Publicar Directorios, S.A. de C.V. (Publicom)	El Salvador	48.8%	48.8%
Comunicación Celular, S.A. (Comcel)	Colombia	99.4%	99.4%
AMX Santa Lucía, Inc. (1) (2)	Santa Lucia	100.0%	99.4%
Oceanic Digital Jamaica, Ltd. (1) (2)	Jamaica	100.0%	99.4%
Claro Panamá, S.A. (4)	Panama	100.0%	99.4%
Consortio Ecuatoriano de Telecomunicaciones, S.A. (Conecel)	Ecuador	100.0%	100.0%
AMX Argentina Holdings, S.A.	Argentina	100.0%	100.0%
AMX Argentina, S.A. (3)	Argentina	100.0%	100.0%
AMX Wellington Gardens, S.A. de C.V. (3)	Mexico	100.0%	100.0%
Widcombe, S.A. de C.V. (3)	Mexico	100.0%	100.0%
AMX Paraguay, S.A. (3)	Paraguay	100.0%	100.0%
AM Wireless Uruguay, S.A.	Uruguay	100.0%	100.0%
Claro Chile, S.A.	Chile	100.0%	100.0%
América Móvil Perú, S.A.C.	Peru	100.0%	100.0%
Affiliated companies:			
Grupo Telvista, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	45.0%	45.0%

1. Companies acquired in 2007 and 2008 (see Note 9).
2. On November 28, 2008, Sercotel, S.A. de C.V. sold 100% of its shares in AMX Santa Lucia, Inc. to Comunicación Celular, S.A. As a result, the Company's equity interest in AMX Santa Lucía, Inc. and Oceanic Digital Jamaica, Ltd. decreased from 100% to 99.4% in both companies.
3. On December 29, 2008, Sercotel, S.A. de C.V. sold 100% of its shares in Wellington Gardens, S.A. de C.V. and Widcombe, S.A. de C.V. to AMX Argentina, S.A. As a result, AMX Argentina, S.A. now indirectly holds 100% of the shares of AMX Paraguay, S.A.
4. This Company started up operations in the second half of 2009. The reduction in equity interest was due to Sercotel's capital withdrawal, which diluted its holding in the subsidiary.

The subsidiaries mentioned above provide mobile telephony services. In addition to mobile telephony services, Telgua, CTE, Enitel, Estesa, Codetel and Puerto Rico provide, among other telecommunication services, fixed-line telephone services.

TracFone resells cellular airtime on a prepaid basis through retailers to customers who use telephones equipped with TracFone software. TracFone does not own a cellular infrastructure but purchases airtime from mobile carriers throughout the United States.

On March 8, 2010, América Móvil's General Director, Legal Director and Finance Director authorized the issuance of the accompanying consolidated Mexican Financial Reporting Standards (Mexican FRS) financial statements and these notes at December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2009. On March 9, 2010 these financial statements were approved by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors.

Table of Contents

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Practices

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with Mexican Financial Reporting Standards, issued by the Mexican Financial Reporting Standards Research and Development Board (*Consejo Mexicano para la Investigación y Desarrollo de Normas de Información Financiera*, A.C. or CINIF). The principal accounting policies and practices followed by the Company in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are described below:

a) Consolidation and basis of translation of financial statements of foreign subsidiaries

i) Consolidation and equity method

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V. and those of its subsidiaries. The financial statements of the subsidiaries have been prepared for the same accounting period and follow the same accounting principles as those of the Company. All the companies operate in the telecommunications sector or provide services to companies operating in this sector.

All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements. Non-controlling interest refers to certain subsidiaries in which the Company does not hold 100% of the shares.

Equity investments in affiliated companies over which the Company exercises significant influence are accounted for using the equity method, which basically consists of recognizing América Móvil's proportional share in the net income or loss and the shareholders' equity of the investee.

The results of operations of the subsidiaries and affiliates were included in the Company's consolidated financial statements as of the month following their acquisition.

ii) Basis of translation of financial statements of foreign subsidiaries

The financial statements of foreign subsidiaries and affiliates, which in the aggregate account for approximately 59%, 61% and 64% of the Company's total operating revenues for 2007, 2008 and 2009, respectively, and approximately 75% and 85% of the Company's total assets at December 31, 2008 and 2009, are either consolidated or accounted for based on the equity method, as the case may be, after their financial statements have first been adjusted to conform to Mexican Financial Reporting Standards in the corresponding functional currency and have then been translated to the reporting currency.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries and affiliates located abroad were translated into Mexican pesos, as follows:

Effective January 1, 2008, the Company adopted the MFRS B-15, *Foreign Currency Translation*. Consequently, the financial statements as reported by the foreign subsidiaries and affiliates are converted to conform to Mexican Financial Reporting Standards in the local currency, and subsequently translated into the reporting currency. Since none of the Company's subsidiaries or affiliates operates in an inflationary environment, except for Argentina and Nicaragua; and the local currencies are its functional currencies, the financial statements prepared under Mexican Financial Reporting Standards reported by the subsidiaries and affiliates abroad in the local currency are translated as follows:

i) all monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the prevailing exchange rate at year-end;

ii) all non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the prevailing exchange rate at year-end;

Table of Contents

iii) shareholders' equity accounts are translated at the prevailing exchange rate at the time capital contributions were made and earnings were generated;

iv) revenues, costs and expenses are translated using the average exchange rate;

v) translation differences are recorded in shareholders' equity in the line item Effect of translation of foreign entities under Accumulated other comprehensive income items ; and

vi) the statement of cash flows was translated using the weighted average exchange rate and the difference is presented in the statement of cash flows under the caption Adjustment to cash flow for exchange rate differences .

Through December 31, 2007, the financial statements as reported by the foreign subsidiaries were converted to conform to Mexican Financial Reporting Standards in the local currency, and subsequently restated to constant monetary values based on the inflation rate of the country in which the subsidiary operates. Under this method, all assets and liabilities were translated at the prevailing exchange rate at year-end; shareholders' equity accounts were translated at the prevailing exchange rate at the time capital contributions were made and earnings were generated; income statement amounts were translated at the prevailing exchange rate at the end of the year being reported on; exchange rate variances and effect of intercompany monetary items were recorded in the consolidated statements of income; and translation differences were recorded in shareholders' equity in the line item Effect of translation of foreign entities under Accumulated other comprehensive income items . For the years ended December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009, the gain on translation was Ps. 10,001,762, Ps. 12,044,547 and Ps. 13,236,787, respectively.

The statement of changes in financial position for the year ended December 31, 2007 was prepared based on the financial statements expressed in constant Mexican pesos. The source and application of resources represent the differences between beginning and ending financial statement balances in constant Mexican pesos. Monetary and foreign exchange gains and losses are not considered as items not requiring the use of resources in the statement of changes in financial position.

b) Revenue recognition

Revenues are recognized at the time services are provided and when the probability of their collection is reasonably assured. Mobile telecommunications services are provided either under prepaid (calling cards), or post payment (agreement) plans, or both. In all cases, airtime revenues are recognized as a customer uses the airtime or when the card expires in the case of prepayments or for unused airtime.

Monthly basic rent under post-paid plans is billed in arrears based on the plan and package rates approved and correspond to services rendered, except in Mexico and Colombia, where basic monthly rent is billed one month in advance. Revenues are recognized at the time services are provided. Billed revenues for the service not yet rendered are recognized as deferred revenues.

Revenues from interconnections services, which consist of calls of other carriers that enter the Company's cellular network (incoming interconnections services), are recognized at the time the service is provided. Such services are billed based on rates previously agreed with the other carriers.

Table of Contents

Long-distance charges refer to airtime used in receiving from or making calls to regions or coverage areas outside of the area where the customer service is activated. The related revenues are recognized at the time the service is provided.

Roaming charges represent airtime charged to customers for making or receiving calls outside their coverage areas or abroad. The related revenues are recognized at the time the service is provided based on the rates agreed upon by our subsidiaries with other domestic and international carriers.

Value added services and other services include voice services and data transmission services (such as two-way and written messages, call information, ring tones, emergency services, among others). Revenues from such services are recognized at the time they are provided or when the services are downloaded.

Sales of handsets and accessories, which for the most part are made to authorized distributors, are recorded as revenue when a) the products are delivered and accepted by the distributor, b) distributors do not have a right to return the product and c) probability of collection is reasonably assured.

Discounts granted on the sale of cellular equipment to wholesalers, retailers and department store chains are recognized as reductions in the price of the phone.

Telgua, ENITEL, CTE, Codetel and Puerto Rico's revenues from telephone line installation fees (net of related costs) are deferred and recognized over the estimated average life of the customer.

The Company usually does not charge activation fees for its mobile telephony services; however, in certain regions, depending on the particular market, certain activation fees are charged. The Company recognizes revenues from these fees when billed. These revenues are not deferred because they are not significant to the Company's financial statements.

c) Cost of cellular telephone equipment

The cost related to cellular telephone equipment is recognized in the statements of income at the time the corresponding income is recognized. Shipping and handling costs for wireless handsets sold to distributors are classified as costs of sales.

d) Network interconnection costs, long distance costs and rent paid for use of infrastructure

These costs represent the costs of outgoing calls from the Company's cellular networks to other carriers' network, the costs of link-ups between fixed and cellular networks, long-distance charges and rent paid for use of infrastructure (links, ports and measured usage), as well as the message exchange between operators, all of which are recognized as costs at the time the service is received.

e) Commissions paid to distributors

Commissions paid with respect to the activation of postpaid customers are recognized as expenses at the time the new customer is activated in the system and may begin using the Company's cellular network.

Loyalty and sales volumes commissions are accrued on a monthly basis based on statistical information regarding customer retention, sales volume and the number of acquired customers by each distributor. Loyalty commissions are paid to distributors for customers that remain for a specified period of time, and sales volume commissions are paid at the time the distributor reaches certain ranges of activated customers.

Table of Contents

f) Recognition of the effects of inflation

Mexican FRS B-10, *Effects of Inflation*, which became effective on January 1, 2008, requires that once it has been confirmed that the economic environment in which the Company operates has changed from inflationary to non-inflationary as of the beginning of the period, the Company should cease to recognize the effects of inflation. The Company currently operates in a non-inflationary economic environment because the cumulative inflation rate in Mexico over the past three years was 15.01% (11.56% in 2008).

The financial statements for the years ended December 2009 and 2008 are expressed in nominal pesos, except for those non-monetary items that include inflation effects at December 31, 2007 and current pesos due to the changes realized subsequent to that date.

Capital stock and retained earnings were restated for inflation through December 31, 2007 based on the Mexican National Consumer Price Index (NCPI).

Through December 31, 2007, the deficit from restatement of shareholders' equity consists of the accumulated monetary position gain at the time the provisions of Bulletin B-10 were first applied, which was Ps. 19,327, and of the result from holding non-monetary assets, which represents the difference between restatement by the specific indexation method and restatement based on the NCPI. At December 31, 2007, the Ps. 14,562,294 balance of this item is included in shareholders' equity under the caption "Accumulated other comprehensive income items". In conformity with Mexican FRS B-10, since it was impractical to identify the result from holding non-monetary assets with the items giving rise to them, the cumulative result from holding non-monetary assets, together with the initial effect from the adoption of Bulletin B-10 net of Ps. 771,928 of deferred taxes, was reclassified to retained earnings.

The net monetary position gain shown in the 2007 income statement represents the effect of inflation on monetary assets and liabilities and is included as part of the caption "Comprehensive result of financing".

g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist basically of bank deposits and highly liquid investments with original maturities of less than 90 days. Such investments are stated at acquisition cost plus accrued interest, which is similar to their market value.

h) Investments in marketable securities

Investments in marketable securities have been classified either as trading marketable securities or available-for-sale. All investments are represented by equity securities and are recognized at market value. Changes in the fair value of instruments classified as trading securities are recognized in results of operations. Changes in the market value of instruments classified as available-for-sale are included in shareholders' equity until they are sold.

Should there be objective and lasting evidence of impairment in the value of either its instruments available-for-sale or held to maturity, the Company determines the amount of the related loss and recognizes such loss as part of the comprehensive financing income (cost). For the year ended December 31, 2007, since the loss on fair value of securities available-for-sale was other than temporary, the Company included an impairment loss of Ps. 1,362,900 in the statement of income. For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009, there were no impairment losses on marketable securities.

Table of Contents

i) Allowance for doubtful accounts

The Company recognizes periodically in its results of operations an allowance for doubtful accounts for its portfolios of postpaid customers, distributors and network operators (basically for interconnection fees). The allowance is based primarily on past write-off experience and on the aging of accounts receivable balances, as well as management's estimates as to when dispute proceedings with operators will be resolved.

Collection policies and procedures vary by the type of credit extended, the payment history of customers and the age of the unpaid calls.

The risk of uncollectibility from intercompany receivables is evaluated annually based on an examination of each related party's financial situation and the markets in which they operate.

j) Inventories

Cellular equipment inventories are initially recognized at historical acquisition cost, and valued using the average-cost method.

k) Business acquisitions and goodwill

Business and entity acquisitions are recorded using the purchase method and until 2008, the acquisition of non-controlling interest is considered a transaction between entities under common control and any difference between the purchase price and the book value of net assets acquired is recognized as an equity transaction. Effective January 1, 2009, in conformity with Mexican FRS B-7, *Business Combinations*, if the acquisition of non-controlling interest is made at fair value, the purchase price is also recognized based on the fair value of the net assets acquired.

Goodwill represents the difference between the acquisition price and the fair value of the net assets acquired at acquisition date.

Goodwill is recorded initially at acquisition cost and up to December 31, 2007 was restated using adjustment factors derived from the NCPI. Goodwill is no longer amortized, but rather is subject to annual impairment valuations at the end of each year, or during the year if there are indications of impairment.

Impairment losses are recognized when the carrying amount of goodwill exceeds its recovery value. The Company determines the recovery value of goodwill based on its perpetuity value, which is computed by dividing the average excess in the value in use of the cash generating unit where the intangible is identified, by the average of the appropriate discount rates used in the projection of the present value of cash flows from the cash generating unit.

For the year ended December 31, 2007, there were no goodwill impairment losses recognized by the Company.

For the year ended December 31, 2008, the Company recognized a loss of Ps. 527,770 from impairment in the value of goodwill. Such loss was included in the statement of income as part of the caption Other expenses, net. This impairment was originated by the subsidiary in Honduras.

For the year ended December 31, 2009, there were no impairment losses recorded.

Table of Contents**l) Telephone plant, property and equipment**

Effective January 1, 2008, purchases of plant, property and equipment are recorded at acquisition cost. Through December 31, 2007, plant, property and equipment and construction in progress acquired abroad were restated based on the rate of inflation of the respective country of origin and the prevailing exchange rate at the balance sheet date (specific indexation factors), while plant, property and equipment of domestic origin were restated based on the NCPI.

Depreciation is computed on restated values using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of the related assets, starting the month after the assets are put to use.

Annual depreciation rates are as follows:

Telephone plant	10% to 33%
System-performance monitoring equipment included in telephone plant	33%
Buildings	3%
Other assets	10% to 25%

As of January 1, 2007, the Company adopted the provisions of Mexican FRS D-6, *Capitalization of the Comprehensive Cost of Financing*, establishing that entities must capitalize comprehensive financing cost (CFC), which corresponds to net interest expense, exchange differences, the monetary position result and other financial costs related to the acquisition of the telephone plant.

The comprehensive cost of financing incurred during the building and installation period is capitalized and was restated up to December 31, 2007 using the NCPI. The net effect of the capitalization of such cost in 2007 was an increase in net income in 2007 of

Ps. 1,158,576 (Ps. 834,175 net of taxes), Ps. 7,053,951 (Ps. 5,289,244 net of taxes) in 2008 and Ps. 1,626,731 (Ps. 1,127,202 net of taxes) in 2009.

The value of plant, property and equipment is reviewed on an annual basis to verify whether there are indicators of impairment. When the recovery value of an asset, which is the greater of its selling price and value in use (the present value of future cash flows), is lower than its net carrying value, the difference is recognized as an impairment loss.

During the year ended December 31, 2007, the Company wrote-off the remaining carrying value of its telephone plant that utilizes TDMA technology in Colombia and Ecuador due to its obsolescence. This write-down was made after considering both technological obsolescence of TDMA in those specific geographies and also other economic and operational considerations. The write-off amounted to Ps. 2,735,000 and has been included as a component of the caption Other expenses, net in the accompanying 2007 consolidated statement of income. The Company also began to accelerate TDMA depreciation in Brazil (see Note 7).

For the year ended December 31, 2008, the Company recognized a loss of Ps. 113,422 from impairment in the value of the telephone plant recorded in the consolidated balance sheet. Such loss was included in the statement of operations as part of the caption Other expenses, net.

For the year ended December 31, 2009, there were no impairment losses recognized.

m) Licenses and trademarks

Effective January 1, 2008, the Company records licenses at acquisition cost. Through December 31, 2007, licenses were restated based on the rate of inflation of each country.

Table of Contents

Licenses to operate wireless telecommunications networks are accounted for at cost, or at fair value at the business acquisition date. Licenses are being amortized using the straight-line method over periods ranging from 15 to 40 years, which correspond to the usage period of each license.

Trademarks are recorded at their values in use at the date acquired, as determined by independent appraisers, and are amortized using the straight-line method over a ten-year period.

The carrying values of intangible assets with definite useful lives are reviewed annually and whenever there are indications of impairment in such values. When the recovery value of an asset, which is the greater of its selling price and value in use (the present value of future cash flows), is lower than its net carrying amount, the difference is recognized as an impairment loss.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives, including those that are not yet available for use and intangibles with definite useful lives whose amortization period exceeds 20 years from the date they were available for use, are tested for impairment at the end of each year.

At December 31, 2008, the Company recognized a loss of Ps. 98,661 from impairment in the value of licenses recorded in the consolidated balance sheet and recognized the loss in the statement of income as part of the caption Other expenses, net. This impairment was originated by the subsidiary in Honduras.

For the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2009, there were no impairment losses recognized.

n) Leases

- Sale and leaseback

The Company entered into sales and leaseback agreements that meet the conditions for consideration as financial leases. Such agreements give rise to losses derived from the difference between the asset's sale price and its value in books that result in the recognition of deferred charges that are being amortized based on the remaining useful life of the related assets at the time of sale.

- Operating leases

Rent paid under operating leases is recognized in results of operations as it accrues.

- Financial leases

Lease arrangements are recognized as capital leases if (i) the ownership of the leased asset is transferred to the lessee upon termination of the lease; (ii) the agreement includes an option to purchase the asset at a reduced price; (iii) the term of the lease is substantially the same as the remaining useful life of the leased asset; or (iv) the present value of minimum lease payments is substantially the same as the market value of the leased asset, net of any benefit or scrap value.

o) Transactions in foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currency are recorded at the prevailing exchange rate at the time of the related transactions. Foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities are translated at the prevailing exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences determined from such date to the time foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities are settled or translated at the balance sheet date are charged or credited to operations, except for those arising on foreign currency denominated loans for the construction of fixed assets, as such costs are capitalized as comprehensive financing costs during the construction stage.

Table of Contents

See Note 14 for the Company's consolidated foreign currency position at the end of each year and the exchange rates used to translate foreign currency denominated balances.

p) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

Liabilities are recognized whenever (i) the Company has current obligations (legal or assumed) resulting from past events, (ii) when it is probable the obligation will give rise to a future cash disbursement for its settlement and (iii) the amount of the obligation can be reasonably estimated.

When the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount of the reserve is determined as the present value of the expected disbursements to settle the obligation. The discount rate applied is determined on a pre-tax basis and reflects current market conditions at the balance sheet date and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, an increase in the reserve is recognized as financial expense.

Reserves for contingent liabilities are recognized only when it is probable they will give rise to a future cash disbursement for their settlement. Also, contingencies are only recognized when they will generate a loss.

q) Employee benefits

In Radiomóvil Dipsa, S.A. de C.V. and in Telecomunicaciones de Puerto Rico, S.A., the Company has established defined benefit pension plans. These plans require the valuation and recognition of the accumulated effects of retirement and post-retirement labor obligations. Such effects are determined based on actuarial studies using the projected unit-credit method.

In Consorcio Ecuatoriano de Telecomunicaciones S.A. (subsidiary in Ecuador), the Company has an individual capitalization pension plan, whereby it purchases a single-premium deferred annuity from an insurance company, for which the Company only makes a yearly premium payment. In accordance with Mexican FRS D-3, this plan falls under the category of a defined contribution plan and thus, only the net period cost of the plan must be disclosed.

Seniority premiums are paid to personnel of the Mexican subsidiaries as required by Mexican labor law. Also under Mexican labor law, the Company is liable for certain benefits accruing to workers who leave or are dismissed in certain circumstances.

The Company recognizes annually the cost for pension benefits, seniority premiums and termination payments based on independent actuarial computations applying the projected unit-credit method, using real rates (financial hypotheses net of inflation). The latest actuarial computation date was prepared as of December 31, 2009.

In conformity with the labor laws of the rest of the countries in which the Company operates, there are no statutory defined benefit plans or compulsory defined contribution structures for companies. However, the foreign subsidiaries make contributions to national pension, social security and severance plans in accordance with the percentages and rates established by the applicable laws.

Such contributions are made to bodies designated by each government and are recorded in results of operations as direct labor benefits as they are incurred or when the contribution is made.

Effective January 1, 2008, the Company adopted Mexican FRS D-3, *Employee Benefits*, which replaced Mexican accounting Bulletin D-3, *Labor Obligations*. The adoption of Mexican FRS D-3 did not have an effect on the Company's financial position or results of operation.

Actuarial gains and losses are amortized over the estimated average remaining working lifetime of Company employees, which is 20 years.

Table of Contents

The Company recognizes a reserve for the costs of paid absences, such as vacation time, based on the accrual method.

r) Employee profit sharing

Current-year employee profit sharing is presented under the caption "Commercial, administrative and general expenses" in the income statement.

Beginning January 1, 2008, in connection with the adoption of Mexican FRS D-3, Employee Benefits, the Company recognized deferred employee profit sharing using the asset and liability method. Under this method, deferred profit sharing is computed by applying the 10% rate (Mexico and Peru) and 15% (Ecuador) to all differences between the book and tax values of all assets and liabilities. At December 31, 2008 and 2009, the amounts were not significant.

Through December 31, 2007, deferred employee profit sharing was determined only on temporary differences in the reconciliation of current year net income to taxable income for employee profit sharing purposes, provided there was no indication that the related liability or asset would not be realized in the future.

s) Taxes on profits

Current year taxes on profits are presented as a short-term liability, net of prepayments made during the year.

The Company determines deferred taxes on profits based on the asset and liability method established in Mexican FRS D-4, *Taxes on Profits*. Under this method, deferred taxes on profits are recognized on all differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities, including effects of translation, applying the enacted income tax rate or the flat-rate business tax rate (FRBT), applicable only in Mexico), as the case may be, effective as of the balance sheet date, or the enacted rate at the balance sheet date that will be in effect when the temporary differences giving rise to deferred tax assets and liabilities are expected to be recovered or settled.

The Company periodically evaluates the possibility of recovering deferred tax assets and if necessary, creates a valuation allowance for those assets that are not more likely than not to be realized.

Effective January 1, 2008, asset tax paid in excess of income tax in Mexico is treated as a tax credit, while through December 31, 2007, asset tax was recorded as part of deferred income tax. In both cases, an evaluation of its future realization is performed.

As a result of the adoption of Mexican FRS D-4 in 2008, the Company recognized deferred taxes in the amount of Ps. 2,825,486 for the effects of translation of foreign companies at December 31, 2008. Such amount is presented in a shareholders' equity item as part of the caption "Accumulated other comprehensive income items".

t) Advertising

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. For the years ended December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009, advertising expenses aggregated to Ps. 7,175,663, Ps. 8,520,506 and Ps. 9,932,119, respectively.

Table of Contents**u) Comprehensive income**

Comprehensive income consists of the net income for the year plus the following items that are reflected directly in shareholders' equity: the effect of translation of financial statements of foreign entities, the effect of current year deferred taxes, and other items different from net income.

At December 31, 2008 and 2009, an analysis of accumulated other comprehensive income items other than net income is as follows:

	2008	2009
Effect of translation of foreign entities	Ps. 21,814,383	Ps. 35,051,170
Deferred taxes	(2,825,486)	(10,268,897)
	Ps. 18,988,897	Ps. 24,782,273

v) Earnings per share

The Company determined earnings per share by dividing net majority income by the weighted average number of shares issued and outstanding during the period. In determining the weighted average number of shares issued and outstanding, shares acquired by repurchases by the Company have been excluded.

w) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Mexican Financial Reporting Standards requires the use of estimates and assumptions. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

x) Concentration of risk

The Company's principal financial instruments consist of bank loans, derivative financial instruments, financial leases and accounts payable. The Company has other financial assets, such as accounts receivable, prepaid expenses and short-term deposits, that are directly related to its business.

The main risks associated with the Company's financial instruments are cash flow risk, liquidity risk, market risk and credit risk. The Company performs sensitivity analyses to measure potential losses in its operating results based on a theoretical increase of 100 basis points in interest rates and a 10% change in exchange rates. The Board of Directors approves the risk management policies that are proposed by the Company's management.

Credit risk represents the potential loss from the failure of counterparties to completely comply with their contractual obligations. The Company is also exposed to market risks related to fluctuations in interest rates and exchange rates. To reduce the risks related to fluctuations in exchange rates, the Company uses derivative financial instruments.

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk are cash and cash equivalents, trade accounts receivable, and debt and derivative financial instruments. The Company's policy is designed to not restrict its exposure to any one financial institution; therefore, the Company's financial instruments are maintained in different financial institutions located in different geographical areas.

The credit risk in accounts receivable is diversified because the Company has a broad customer base that is geographically dispersed. The Company continuously evaluates the credit conditions of its customers and does not require collateral to guarantee collection of its accounts receivable. In the event the collection of accounts receivable deteriorates significantly, the Company's results of operations could be adversely affected.

Table of Contents

A portion of excess cash is invested in time deposits in financial institutions with strong credit ratings.

The Company operates internationally and is therefore exposed to market risks related to fluctuations in exchange rates.

The Company relies on several key suppliers. Approximately 21%, 32% and 31% of the Company's aggregate interconnection expenditures for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009, respectively, represented services rendered by one supplier; approximately 75%, 70% and 66%, respectively, of the aggregate cost of cellular telephone equipment for such periods represented purchases from three suppliers; and approximately 58%, 54% and 39%, respectively, of telephone plant purchases were made from two suppliers. If any of these suppliers fails to provide the Company with services or equipment on a timely and cost effective basis, the Company's business and results of operations could be adversely affected.

y) Derivative financial instruments

The Company is exposed to interest rate and foreign currency risks, which are mitigated through a controlled risk management program that includes the use of derivative financial instruments. In order to reduce the risks due to exchange rate fluctuations, the Company utilizes swaps, cross currency swaps and forwards to fix exchange rates to the liabilities being hedged; however, since the Company has not formally documented the hedging relationship, it does not apply hedge accounting rules to its derivative financial instruments.

Derivative financial instruments are recognized in the balance sheet at their fair values, which are obtained from the financial institutions with which the Company has entered into the related agreements. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognized in results of operations.

z) Statement of income presentation

Costs and expenses in the Company's income statement are presented on a combined basis between their nature and function, which allows operating income levels to be shown, since such classification allows the captions to be compared with other companies in the Telecommunications industry.

The Operating income caption is shown in the statement of income since it is an important indicator used for evaluating the Company's operating results. Operating income consists of ordinary revenues and operating costs and expenses and thus excludes other income (expenses), net. This presentation is comparable to the one used in the financial statements at and for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2008.

z.1) Mexican FRS B-2, Cash Flows

Mexican FRS B-2 replaced Mexican accounting Bulletin B-12, *Statement of Changes in Financial Position*. Accordingly, the statement of cash flows substituted the statement of changes in financial position. The main differences between both statements lie in the fact that the statement of cash flows shows the entity's cash inflows and outflows during the period, while the statement of changes in financial position shows the changes in the entity's financial structure. Also, the statement of cash flows presents first income before taxes on profits, followed by cash flows from operating activities, then cash flows from investing activities and finally cash flows from financing activities.

The statements of cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009 were prepared using the indirect method. The statement of cash flows is not comparable to the statement of changes in financial position that is presented for the year ended December 31, 2007.

Table of Contents

z.2) Operating segments

Segment information is prepared based on information used by the Company in its decision-making processes based on the geographical areas in which América Móvil operates.

z.3) New accounting pronouncements that became effective in 2009

Mexican FRS B-7, *Business Combinations*

In December 2008, the CINIF issued Mexican FRS B-7, which became effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2009. Mexican FRS B-7 replaced Mexican accounting Bulletin B-7, *Business Combinations*.

Both Mexican FRS B-7 and Mexican accounting Bulletin B-7 require the application of the purchase method for the recognition of business combinations. However, unlike Mexican accounting Bulletin B-7, this standard: (i) requires that the total net assets acquired and consideration paid to be valued at fair value; and (ii) requires that all of the costs incurred in a business combination be recognized in the operating results of the acquiring entity. As a result of this change, it was clarified that goodwill must be determined for both the controlling (majority) interest and the non-controlling (minority) interest, the latter of which must be valued at fair value.

In certain cases, this standard allows transactions between entities under common control to be treated as business combinations, unlike Mexican accounting Bulletin B-7, which requires such transactions, without exception, to be stated at book value. Regarding business combinations carried out in stages, this standard also clarifies that the values recognized in the balance sheet of the buyer for its investment, net of any depreciation, amortization or impairment adjustments, are to be considered as part of the consideration paid (and not at their fair value), when determining goodwill at the time control is acquired over the investee.

Finally, Mexican FRS B-7 also clarifies that the recognition of push-down adjustments to the financial statements of the acquired entity is not applicable in Mexico and provides no transitory guidance in this regard.

The Company did not have business acquisitions in 2009, and thus the adoption of this standard had no impact on the Company's financial statements.

Mexican FRS B-8, *Consolidated and Combined Financial Statements*

Mexican FRS B-8, which is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2009. Mexican FRS B-8 replaces Mexican accounting Bulletin B-8, *Consolidated and Combined Financial Statements and the Valuation of Long-Term Equity Investments*. Mexican FRS B-8 establishes the overall guidelines for preparing and presenting consolidated or combined financial statements, and transfers the guidance related to accounting for long-term equity investments to Mexican FRS C-7.

The most important amendments, changes or additions to this standard are as follows:

Unlike Mexican accounting Bulletin B-8, Mexican FRS B-8 does not require sub-holding companies to present consolidated financial statements under certain circumstances. In such cases, the investments in subsidiaries of these intermediary holding companies are accounted for using the equity method.

This standard establishes that to determine the existence of control, the Company must consider any potential voting rights held that might be exercised or converted, regardless of management's actual intention and financial capacity to exercise such rights.

Table of Contents

This standard also includes guidelines for the accounting treatment of special purpose entities and, upon adoption, abolishes the supplementary application of SIC 12, *Consolidation - Special Purpose Entities*. Mexican FRS B-8 establishes that specific purpose entities over which the Company exercises control must be consolidated, irrespective of their business purpose or line of business.

e) This standard establishes that changes in equity interest that do not cause loss of control must be recognized as transactions between shareholders; therefore, any difference between the book value of the equity investment sold or acquired and the value of the consideration paid must be recognized in shareholders' equity.

The adoption of this standard did not have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements since there was no change in control, the Company has no special purpose entities and did not acquire any subsidiaries.

Mexican FRS C-7, *Investments in Affiliates and Other Permanent Investments*

Mexican FRS C-7 modifies the guidelines for the accounting recognition of investments in affiliates contained in Mexican accounting Bulletin B-8, *Consolidated and Combined Financial Statements and the Valuation of Long-Term Equity Investments*. Under the new standard, significant influence is considered to exist when an entity holds an equity interest of more than 10% in the case of publicly traded entities, and 25% in the case of unlisted entities. This standard establishes that in determining the existence of control, any potential exercisable or convertible voting rights held must be taken into account. Mexican FRS C-7 establishes the guidelines for determining the existence of significant influence in the case of SPEs and provides a specific procedure for recognizing the accumulated losses incurred by affiliates.

This standard requires the financial statements of affiliates to be prepared under the same Mexican FRS as those of the controlling company, which eliminates the possibility of recognizing the equity interest in regulated affiliates using financial statements prepared under the specific accounting standards for their sectors.

The adoption of this standard did not have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Mexican FRS C-8, *Intangible Assets*

This standard replaces Mexican accounting Bulletin C-8, *Intangible Assets*, for fiscal years beginning on January 1, 2009.

Unlike Mexican accounting Bulletin C-8, this standard establishes that separability is not the only condition necessary to determine that an intangible asset is identifiable. Mexican FRS C-8 also provides additional guidance on the accounting recognition of intangible assets acquired through exchange transactions and eliminates the presumption that the useful life of an intangible asset could not exceed twenty years. Furthermore, the standard adds the requirement of an accelerated amortization period as a condition for impairment and modifies the definition of pre-operating costs.

The adoption of this standard did not have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

The most important new accounting pronouncements that will become effective in 2010 are as follows:

Mexican FRS C-1, *Cash and Cash Equivalents*

Mexican FRS C-1 was issued by the CINIF in November 2009 to replace Mexican accounting Bulletin C-1, *Cash*, and is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2010. The principal changes compared to the old Mexican accounting Bulletin C-1 are as follows:

- a) Under this standard, cash and cash equivalents are required to be grouped together.
- b) Mexican FRS C-1 establishes that restricted cash and cash equivalents must be presented in the cash and cash equivalents caption in the statement of financial position, rather than separately.
- c) This standard substitutes the term *short-term demand investments* with the new term *liquid demand investments*.
- d) Mexican FRS C-1 also defines the following terms: acquisition costs, cash equivalents, restricted cash and cash equivalents, liquid demand investments, net realizable value, nominal value and fair value.

The Company does not believe that the adoption of this new accounting standard will have a material effect on the valuation of its cash and cash equivalents and that it will only give rise to changes in the names of certain items.

The most important new accounting pronouncements that will become effective in 2011 are as follows:

Mexican FRS B-5, *Financial Information by Segment*

In November 2009, the CINIF issued Mexican FRS B-5, which is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2011. Mexican FRS B-5 will replace Mexican accounting Bulletin B-5.

Mexican FRS B-5 establishes the criteria for identifying the segments to be reported by an entity, as well as the standards for disclosing the financial information of such segments. The standard also contains the requirements applicable to the disclosure of certain information related to the entity as a whole.

The principal changes compared to Mexican accounting Bulletin B-5 are as follows:

Information to be disclosed - Mexican FRS B-5 is management-focused, since the segment information disclosures it requires refer to the information used by the entity's most-senior business decision makers. Mexican FRS B-5 also requires the disclosure of information related to entity's products, geographic regions, customers and suppliers.

Business risks - In identifying operating segments, this standard does not require that different areas of the business necessarily be subject to different risks.

Segments in the pre-operating stage - Under Mexican FRS B-5, the different areas of a business in its pre-operating stage may be classified as operating segments.

Disclosure of financial results - This standard requires disclosure of interest income and expense, as well as the other comprehensive financing items.

Table of Contents

Disclosure of liabilities - Mexican FRS B-5 requires disclosure of the liabilities included in the regular information for the operating segment that is habitually used by the entity's most-senior business decision makers.

Mexican FRS B-9, *Interim Financial Information*

In November 2009, the CINIF issued Mexican FRS B-9, which is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2011. Mexican FRS B-9 will replace Mexican accounting Bulletin B-9.

Mexican FRS B-9 establishes that interim financial information must contain, as a minimum for each interim period, the following comparative financial statements:

- Condensed statement of financial position
- Condensed income statement or statement of activities, as applicable
- Condensed statement of changes in shareholders' equity
- Condensed statement of cash flows
- Notes to financial statements with select disclosures

Mexican FRS B-9 requires the interim financial information at the end of a period to be compared to the information at the closing of the immediately prior equivalent period (except for the statement of financial position), which makes it necessary to also include a comparison with the statement at the immediately prior annual closing date.

z.4) Reclassifications

Certain captions shown in the 2007 financial statements as originally issued have been reclassified for uniformity of presentation with the 2008 and 2009 financial statements.

		As originally issued 2007	Reclassification	As reclassified 2007
<u>Statement of income:</u>				
Depreciation and amortization	(1)	40,818,281	(412,263)	40,406,018
Commercial, administrative and general expenses	(1)	53,193,145	412,263	53,605,408

(1) Reclassification of amortization of prepaid expenses in 2007

3. Investments in Marketable Securities

At December 31, 2008 and 2009, the Company does not have a marketable securities portfolio.

However, at December 31, 2007, the net unrealized loss on for-trading securities was Ps. 2,441. The net realized gain was Ps. 29,604 and Ps. 19,786 for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2008, respectively. All such valuation results are recognized in results of operations.

As a result of the loss in the market value of the securities of the issuer U.S. Commercial (USCO), in 2007, the Company recorded an other than temporary loss of Ps. 1,362,900 in its results of operations under the other financing costs, net caption. In December 2007, USCO's shares were transferred to the Carso Foundation (a related party) as a charitable donation.

Table of Contents**4. Accounts Receivable**

a) An analysis of accounts receivable is as follows:

	December 31	
	2008	2009
Subscribers	Ps. 24,815,416	Ps. 24,289,422
Distributors	10,233,726	13,588,162
Cellular operators for interconnections of networks and other facilities including the Calling Party Pays program	9,713,659	10,746,263
Recoverable taxes	9,967,980	10,433,259
Sundry debtors	3,465,030	4,347,480
	58,195,811	63,404,586
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts of customers and distributors and cellular operators	(5,425,135)	(7,485,602)
Net	Ps. 52,770,676	Ps. 55,918,984

b) An analysis of activity in the allowance for doubtful accounts for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009 is as follows:

	2007	2008	2009
Balance at the beginning of the period	Ps. (4,324,981)	Ps. (6,044,433)	Ps. (5,425,135)
Increase through charge to expenses	(4,642,250)	(5,676,033)	(5,700,276)
Applications to the allowance	3,192,832	6,950,478	3,963,895
Effect of translation	(270,034)	(655,147)	(324,086)
Balance at the end of the period	Ps. (6,044,433)	Ps. (5,425,135)	Ps. (7,485,602)

5. Inventories

An analysis of inventories at December 31, 2008 and 2009 is as follows:

	December 31	
	2008	2009
Cellular telephones, accessories, cards and other materials	Ps. 33,035,047	Ps.\$ 23,195,148
Less:		
Reserve for obsolete and slow-moving inventories	(1,229,905)	(1,659,130)
Total	Ps. 31,805,142	Ps. 21,536,018

6. Other Assets

a) An analysis of other assets at December 31, 2008 and 2009 is as follows:

December 31	
2008	2009

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Current assets:			
Prepaid expenses (including advertising, insurance and maintenance)	Ps.	2,353,677	Ps. 2,281,290
Other		286,235	439,693
	Ps.	2,639,912	Ps. 2,720,983
Non-current assets:			
Recoverable taxes	Ps.	1,082,370	1,982,292
Sale and leaseback of the telephone plant		5,706,564	3,503,068
Advances to related parties for use of fiber optic		748,701	883,102
Prepaid expenses		1,643,352	2,246,343
Total	Ps.	9,180,987	Ps. 8,614,805

Table of Contents

From 2003 to 2008, the Company sold part of its telephone plant to unrelated parties for Ps. 7,875,591 and then leased back the plant under financial leaseback agreements. The losses incurred on such transactions are being amortized based on the remaining useful lives of the assets at the time of sale.

Amortization expense for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009 was Ps. 2,706,612, Ps. 1,618,201 and Ps. 1,968,716, respectively.

7. Plant, Property and Equipment

a) An analysis of plant, property and equipment at December 31, 2008 and 2009 is as follows:

	December 31,	
	2008	2009
Telephone plant and equipment	Ps. 320,141,371	Ps. 371,426,995
Land and buildings	21,148,304	22,268,890
Other assets	39,713,303	51,486,555
	381,002,978	445,182,440
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(204,323,681)	(249,140,213)
Net	176,679,297	196,042,227
Construction in progress and advances to equipment suppliers	30,361,241	28,091,540
Inventories, primarily for use in the construction of the telephone plant	2,856,282	2,915,242
Total	Ps. 209,896,820	Ps. 227,049,009

b) At December 31, 2008 and 2009, plant, property and equipment include the following assets held under capital leases:

	2008	2009
Assets under capital leases	Ps. 3,046,236	Ps. 2,230,216
Accumulated depreciation	(1,254,925)	(1,046,156)
	Ps. 1,791,311	Ps. 1,184,060

c) Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009 was Ps. 31,162,660, Ps. 32,677,429 and Ps. 42,953,356, respectively.

d) Given the speed in which important breakthroughs and changes in telecommunications equipment technology arise, the Company reevaluates periodically the estimated useful life of its telephone plant and adjusts the plant's remaining useful life accordingly. In 2007, the Company increased the depreciation rate of TDMA technology and certain other assets primarily in Brazil and Colombia. This change in estimate was made to better reflect the technological advances of telecommunications equipment and other operational decisions. The effect of the depreciation rate increase was a Ps. 5,796,000 increase in depreciation for 2007. In 2008 the Company did not change the estimated useful life of its telephone plant.

In 2009, the subsidiary in Brazil prospectively increased the depreciation rate of its GSM telephone plant on a prospective basis. Such increase represented an additional charge of Ps. 4,461,748 to depreciation expense for 2009.

e) The most relevant information used in determining the capitalized comprehensive financing cost is as follows:

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	2008	2009
Amounts invested during the year in the acquisition of qualifying assets	Ps. 30,700,024	Ps. 29,803,816
Capitalized comprehensive financing cost	7,053,951	1,626,731
Capitalization rate	23%	5%

Table of Contents

This amount is amortized over a period of seven years, which is the estimated useful life of the plant.

f) An analysis of the comprehensive financing cost for the year is as follows:

	December 31	
	2008	2009
Total comprehensive financing cost accrued	Ps. (20,918,824)	Ps. (4,608,655)
Capitalized amount	7,053,951	1,626,731
Total comprehensive financing cost	Ps. (13,864,873)	Ps. (2,981,924)

8. Intangible Assets

An analysis of intangible assets at December 31, 2008 and 2009 is as follows:

	December 31, 2008				
	Balance at beginning of year	Acquisitions	Amortization expense	Effect of translation of foreign subsidiaries, net	Balance at end of year
Licenses	Ps. 37,888,804	Ps. 13,736,514			Ps. 51,625,318
Effect of translation	21,959,899			Ps. (528,923)	21,430,976
Accumulated amortization	(23,284,399)		Ps. (6,574,249)		(29,858,648)
Impairment of the year			(98,661)		(98,661)
Net	Ps. 36,564,304	Ps. 13,736,514	Ps. (6,672,910)	Ps. (528,923)	Ps. 43,098,985
Trademarks	Ps. 10,816,751				Ps. 10,816,751
Effect of translation	(808,845)			Ps. 306,815	(502,030)
Accumulated amortization	(4,406,752)		Ps. (897,430)		(5,304,182)
Net	Ps. 5,601,154		Ps. (897,430)	Ps. 306,815	Ps. 5,010,539
Goodwill	Ps. 47,942,225	Ps. 452,302			Ps. 48,394,527
Effect of translation	2,546,423			Ps. 46,877	2,593,300
Accumulated amortization	(5,763,776)				(5,763,776)
Impairment of the year			Ps. (527,770)		(527,770)
Net	Ps. 44,724,872	Ps. 452,302	Ps. (527,770)	Ps. 46,877	Ps. 44,696,281

Table of Contents

	December 31, 2009				
	Balance at beginning of year	Acquisitions	Amortization expense	Effect of translation of foreign subsidiaries, net	Balance at end of year
Licenses	Ps. 51,625,318	Ps. 485			Ps. 51,625,803
Effect of translation	21,430,976			Ps. 6,758,840	28,189,816
Accumulated amortization	(29,858,648)		Ps. (7,275,779)		(37,134,427)
Impairment of the year	(98,661)				(98,661)
Net	Ps. 43,098,985	Ps. 485	Ps. (7,275,779)	Ps. 6,758,840	Ps. 42,582,531
Trademarks	Ps. 10,816,751				Ps. 10,816,751
Effect of translation	(502,030)			Ps. (151,556)	(653,586)
Accumulated amortization	(5,304,182)		Ps. (884,456)		(6,188,638)
Net	Ps. 5,010,539		Ps. (884,456)	Ps. (151,556)	Ps. 3,974,527
Goodwill	Ps. 48,394,527				Ps. 48,394,527
Effect of translation	2,593,300			Ps. 1,108,998	3,702,298
Accumulated amortization	(5,763,776)				(5,763,776)
Impairment of the year	(527,770)				(527,770)
Net	Ps. 44,696,281			Ps. 1,108,998	Ps. 45,805,279

a) A description of the principal changes in the caption licenses at December 31, 2008 is as follows:

In May 2008, the Company announced that Conecel had been notified by the *Consejo Nacional de Telecomunicaciones de Ecuador* that it had accepted Conecel's proposal and payments terms regarding the license renewal for a period of 15 years. Conecel made an initial fixed payment of US\$ 289 million (Ps. 4,003,439) to the Ecuadorian government for the new 15-year concession and will subsequently make payments determined at 3.93% of the gross revenues on the services awarded.

On May 7, 2008, the Company was awarded the bid to provide mobile voice services as well as data and video transmission services (PCS) in Panama. The license obtained by its subsidiary in Panama, Claro Panamá, S.A., grants the right to use and exploit 30 MHz in the 1900 MHz band over a period of 20 years. The amount paid by the Company for such license was US\$ 86 million (Ps. 895,626).

The Company acquired a license to operate 20 MHz of additional spectrum in five regions in Brazil and 30 MHz of additional spectrum in six regions in such country. The amount paid by the Company in April 2008 for these new rights aggregated to Ps. 8,830,124 (approximately 1.4 billion Brazilian reais).

9. Investments in Affiliates and Others

An analysis of this caption at December 31, 2008 and 2009 is as follows:

	2008	2009
Investments in:		
Associates (Grupo Telvista, S.A. de C.V.)	Ps. 721,044	Ps. 898,871
Other investments	68,568	75,822
Total	Ps. 789,612	Ps. 974,693

Table of Contents**I. Investments in subsidiaries**

During 2007 and 2008, the Company made a number of investments in subsidiaries which are described as follows:

The Company considered appraisals from independent experts to determine the fair value of the net assets acquired. An analysis of the acquisition price of the net assets acquired per company based on fair values at the acquisition date is as follows:

- 2008 Acquisitions

	Estesa Holding
Current assets	Ps. 44,224
Fixed assets	147,627
Other assets	1,612
Less:	
Total liabilities	160,559
Fair value of net assets acquired	32,904
% of equity acquired	100%
Net assets acquired	32,904
Amount paid	485,206
Goodwill generated	Ps. 452,302

a) In August 2008, the Company acquired 100% of the shares of Estesa Holding Corp., a cable television and broadband platform service provider for homes and businesses in Nicaragua. The amount paid for the acquisition was Ps. 485,206 (US\$ 47,841). The Company plans to use this acquisition to strengthen its position in the telecommunications market in Central America.

- 2007 Acquisitions

	Telecomunicaciones de Puerto Rico, Inc.		Oceanic Digital Jamaica Limited	Total
Current assets	Ps. 6,611,161	Ps. 160,850	Ps. 6,772,011	
Fixed assets	12,086,219	420,641	12,506,860	
Licenses	1,318,675	271,995	1,590,670	
Trademarks	397,597		397,597	
Customer lists and relationships	840,671		840,671	
Other assets	1,861,055		1,861,055	
Less:				
Total liabilities	19,697,347	174,530	19,871,877	
Fair value of net assets acquired	3,418,031	678,956	4,096,987	
% of equity acquired	100%	100%		
Net assets acquired	3,418,031	678,956	4,096,987	
Amount paid	20,946,236	800,279	21,746,515	
Goodwill generated	Ps. 17,528,205	Ps. 121,323	Ps. 17,649,528	

a) Telecomunicaciones de Puerto Rico

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As a result of its expansion in Latin America, on March 30, 2007, the Company announced the acquisition of 100% of the shares of Telecomunicaciones de Puerto Rico, Inc. The shares were acquired from Verizon Communications, the government of Puerto Rico, Banco Popular and the employees of such company, who before the sale respectively held 52%, 28%, 13% and 7% of the total shares at such date. The Company paid Ps. 20,946,236 (US\$ 1,890 million after net debt assumed, which was approximately Ps. 4,104,288 (US\$ 370,830)).

Table of Contents

At the time of acquisition, the Company assumed a liability for the new subsidiary's retirement and post-retirement labor obligations of approximately Ps. 10,216,851 (US\$ 934,650).

Telecomunicaciones de Puerto Rico provides telecommunication services, including fixed-line and cellular services in Puerto Rico. Telecomunicaciones de Puerto Rico's results of operations have been included in the consolidated financial statements as of April 2007. The Company expects the acquisition of Puerto Rico to contribute to the strategy of becoming the leading wireless communication provider in Latin America.

b) Oceanic Digital Jamaica Limited

In November 2007, the Company completed the acquisition of 100% of the shares of Oceanic Digital Jamaica, Ltd. Oceanic Digital Jamaica provides mobile telephone and value added services in the Republic of Jamaica. The amount paid for the acquisition was Ps. 800,279 (US\$ 73,648) before net cash of Ps. 15,548 (US\$ 1,431). Oceanic Digital Jamaica Limited's results of operations have been included in the consolidated financial statements as of December 2007. The Company expects the acquisition of Oceanic Digital Jamaica Limited to contribute to its the strategy of becoming the leading wireless communication provider in Latin America.

- Other acquisitions

a) In 2007, the Company paid Ps. 53,184 to acquire non-controlling interest in Guatemala, El Salvador, Nicaragua and Colombia. The book value of such shares was Ps. 46,580, and the difference between the book value and price paid is reflected in shareholders' equity. As a result of these acquisitions, the Company's equity interest increased from 99.1% to 99.2% in Guatemala; from 99.3% to 99.5% in Nicaragua; and from 99.2% to 99.4% in Colombia.

- General

The Company is not obligated to make any further payments or provide any form of additional or contingent consideration related to these acquisitions, other than those already disclosed.

- Unaudited pro forma financial data

The following consolidated pro forma financial data for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2008 have not been audited and are based on the Company's historical financial statements, adjusted to give effect to (i) the series of acquisitions mentioned in the preceding paragraphs; and (ii) certain accounting adjustments related to the amortization of licenses and adjustments related to depreciation of fixed assets of the acquired companies.

The pro forma adjustments assume that the acquisitions were made at the beginning of the year of acquisition and the immediately preceding year and are based upon available information and other assumptions that management considers reasonable. The pro forma financial information data does not purport to represent what the effect on the Company's consolidated operations would have been had the transactions in fact occurred at the beginning of each year, nor are they intended to predict the Company's results of operations.

	Unaudited pro forma consolidated	
	for the years ended	
	December 31,	
	2007	2008
Operating revenues	Ps. 315,415,110	Ps. 345,849,287
Income from continued operations	58,809,925	60,115,083
Net income	58,809,925	60,115,083
Earnings per share (in Mexican pesos)	1.67	1.76

Table of Contents**10. Derivative financial instruments**

To protect itself against future increases in interest rates for the servicing of its long-term debt of Ps. 101,741,199, the Company has entered into interest-rate swap contracts in over-the-counter transactions carried out with the same financial institutions from which the Company has obtained unsecured loans, with no collateral and no values given as a guarantee. The weighted average interest rate is 2.14%. The swap floating rate is the three-month London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) and is due every three months, coinciding with the payments of interest.

At December 31, 2008 and 2009, the financial instruments contracted by the Company are as follows:

Instrument	Amounts in thousands			
	Notional amount	2008 Fair value	Notional amount	2009 Fair value
Cross Currency Swaps				
Swaps Dollar-Peso	US\$ 610,000	Ps. (483,916)	US\$ 146,965	Ps. (2,699)
Swaps Euro-Peso			82,000	24,578
Swaps Euro-Dollar			142,821	106,637
Swaps Yen-Dollar			¥ 13,000,000	(27,181)
Interest rate swaps and Cross Currency Swaps	US\$ 350,000	2,371,725		
Forwards Dollar-Peso	US\$ 2,700,000	1,237,405	US\$ 1,965,000	(92,974)
Total		Ps. 3,125,214		Ps. 8,361

With respect to the aforementioned financial instruments, the valuation gain (loss) for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009 aggregated to Ps. 23,851, Ps. 7,497,200 and (Ps. 732,566), respectively, and was included in the statement of income as part of comprehensive result of financing in the Other financing cost (income), net caption.

11. Employee Benefits

The Company's post-retirement obligations for seniority premiums, pension and retirement plans, and medical services in the countries in which it operates and that have defined benefit and defined contribution plans are as follows:

a) Puerto Rico**Pension plan**

In accordance with the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act issued in 1974, all full-time employees are entitled to a pension plan and the contributions to such plan are deductible for income tax purposes.

This pension plan is comprised of two types of payment:

- Life-long or retirement pension to which employees are entitled to when they have reached a certain number of years of service and that is computed by applying certain percentages to the number of years of service and based on the employee's salary of the last three years.
- The payment of an amount that ranges from 9 to 12 months of the employee's current salary. The number of months (9 to 12) also depends on the years of service.

Table of Contents

The benefit costs and obligations, together with the status of the funds and costs related to these post-retirement pension plans at December 31, 2008 and 2009, are as follows:

	2008		2009	
	Pensions and sum of benefits	Post-retirement benefits	Pensions and sum of benefits	Post-retirement benefits
Projected benefit obligation at beginning of year	Ps. 15,243,410	Ps. 7,144,994	Ps. 18,904,990	Ps. 9,926,295
Labor cost	309,201	88,392	272,013	79,906
Finance cost on projected benefit obligation	1,121,865	590,121	1,101,802	515,597
Actuarial loss (gain)	(253,748)	735,942	777,985	(615,052)
Other amended plans		31,964	(824,304)	(269,662)
Payments from trust fund	(1,264,234)	(422,138)	(1,418,253)	(454,064)
Effect of translation	3,748,496	1,757,020	(785,015)	(353,354)
Projected benefit obligation at end of year	Ps. 18,904,990	Ps. 9,926,295	Ps. 18,029,218	Ps. 8,829,666
Changes in plan assets:				
Established fund at beginning of year	Ps. 13,526,767		Ps. 14,959,431	
Effect of business acquisition				
Actual return on plan assets	(807,465)		693,221	
Employee contributions	69,221	Ps. 422,138	121,916	Ps. 438,890
Payments from trust fund	(1,264,234)	(422,138)	(1,418,266)	(438,890)
Effect of translation	3,435,142		(450,999)	
Established fund at end of year	Ps. 14,959,431	Ps.	Ps. 13,905,303	Ps.
Unfunded labor obligation	Ps. (3,945,559)	Ps. (9,926,295)	Ps. (4,123,915)	Ps. (8,829,666)
Unrecognized actuarial loss (gain)	1,933,608	644,843	2,474,363	(263,851)
Accrued labor obligation	Ps. (2,011,951)	Ps. (9,281,452)	Ps. (1,649,552)	Ps. (9,093,517)

Net period cost

The net period cost at December 31, 2008 and 2009 is comprised of the following elements:

	2008		2009	
	Pensions and sum of benefits	Post-retirement benefits	Pensions and sum of benefits	Post-retirement benefits
Labor cost	Ps. 309,201	Ps. 88,392	Ps. 272,013	Ps. 79,906
Finance cost on projected benefit obligation	1,121,865	590,121	1,101,802	515,597
Projected return on plan assets	(1,382,477)	(15,136)	(1,184,295)	(34,334)
	Ps. 48,589	Ps. 663,377	Ps. 189,520	Ps. 561,169

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	2008		2009	
Projected benefit obligation	Ps. 18,904,990	Ps. 9,926,295	Ps. 18,029,218	Ps. 8,829,666
Accumulated benefit obligation	17,542,843	9,926,295	17,809,050	8,829,666
Fair value of plan assets	14,959,943		13,905,303	

The unrecognized net actuarial loss of Ps. 2,578,451 for 2008 derives from: i) changes in actuarial assumptions primarily due to changes in the rates of return on assets; and ii) experience adjustments. For 2009, there is no unrecognized actuarial loss.

Table of Contents**Actuarial assumption**

The average rates used to determine the net period cost for 2008 and 2009 are as follows:

	2008	2009
Long-term rate of return	8.5%	8.5%
Rate of future salary increases	4.00%	4.00%

The average rates and other actuarial assumptions used in determining post-retirement obligations for medical services and others are as follows:

	2008	2009
Cost percentage of increase in health care for the following year	7.0%	6.90%
Cost percentage due to death	5.0%	4.5%
Year to which this level will be maintained	2010	2021

The average rates and other actuarial assumptions used to determine the net period cost of post-retirement obligations are as follows:

	Post-retirement benefits	
	2008	2009
Cost percentage of increase in health care for the following year	7.00%	5.8%
Cost percentage due to death	5.00%	5.0%
Year to which this level will be maintained	2010	2021

The projected return on plan assets is as follows:

	Projected return	
	2008	2009
Debt instruments	4.4%	6.3%
Cash and equivalents	4.2%	2.6%

Plan assets

The Company invests its plan assets at the following percentages:

	Post-retirement benefits	
	2008	2009
Equity instruments	2.0%	2.5%
Debt instruments	35.0%	41.3%
Cash and cash equivalents	63.0%	56.2%
	100%	100%

Cash flows

During 2008 and 2009, the Company contributed approximately Ps. 69,221 (US\$ 5,112) and Ps. 121,903 (US\$ 9,335), respectively, to the pension plan fund and Ps. 422,138 (US\$ 31,181) and Ps. 399,727 (US\$ 30,610), respectively, to the post-retirement obligations fund. In accordance with current regulations, during 2010, the Company expects to contribute approximately Ps. 615,468 to the pension plan fund and Ps. 464,816 to the post-retirement obligations fund.

Table of Contents**Estimated future payments**

An analysis of the payments for labor obligations the Company expects to make in succeeding years is as follows:

	Pensions and sum of benefits	Post-retirement benefits
2010	Ps. 1,280,458	Ps. 479,646
2011	1,271,800	516,237
2012	1,259,394	548,988
2013	1,248,568	579,819
2014-2018	8,064,922	4,051,409

An analysis of future payments for medicines is as follows:

	Post-retirement benefits
2010	Ps. 14,822
2011	17,094
2012	19,928
2013	23,062
2014-2018	201,966

c) For Mexico and Ecuador, the net period cost in 2007, 2008 and 2009 is Ps. 3,819, Ps. 15,493 and Ps. 15,939, respectively, for Mexico and Ps. 6,730, Ps. 7,177 and Ps. 13,077, respectively, for Ecuador. The balance of labor obligations at December 31, 2008 and 2009 is Ps. 19,101 and Ps. 22,177, respectively, for Mexico and Ps. 46,143 and Ps. 57,027, respectively, for Ecuador.

d) In Mexico, Ecuador and Peru, the Company is legally required to pay employee profit sharing, in addition to the compensation and benefits to which employees are contractually entitled. The statutory employee profit sharing rate in 2007, 2008 and 2009 was 10% of taxable income in Mexico and Peru and 15% in Ecuador.

e) The total amount charged to results of operations for employee profit sharing in 2007, 2008 and 2009 is Ps. 758,957, Ps. 1,104,461 and Ps. 1,589,588, respectively.

Starting in 2006, employee profit sharing paid to employees is deductible under certain circumstances for income tax purposes in Mexico. For Ecuador, employee profit sharing is deductible from current year income tax. In Mexico, this deduction aggregated to Ps. 305,273 in 2007, Ps. 353,142 in 2008 and Ps. 473,334 in 2009.

12. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

a) An analysis of accounts payable and accrued liabilities is as follows:

	December 31,	
	2008	2009
Suppliers	Ps. 64,086,196	Ps. 62,131,638
Sundry creditors	8,763,642	10,468,068
Interest payable	2,330,624	1,574,996
Accrued expenses and other provisions	13,685,577	20,179,010
Guarantee deposits	1,057,244	1,263,674
Dividend pending payment	944,118	1,469,199
Total	Ps. 90,867,401	Ps. 97,086,585

Table of Contents

b) At December 31, 2008 and 2009, an analysis of accrued expenses and other provisions is as follows:

	Balance at December 31, 2007		Effect of translation		Increase for the year		Payments	Reversals	Balance at December 31, 2008			
Direct employee benefits payable	Ps.	1,024,320	Ps.	66,982	Ps.	1,004,203	Ps.	(598,851)	Ps.	(54,201)	Ps.	1,442,453
Office expenses		576,560		748		127,184		(52,162)		(4,133)		648,197
Professional fees		117,952		26,337		460,273		(353,726)				250,836
Retirement of assets		1,319,795		70,210		390,767		(3,455)				1,777,317
Points and loyalty program		868,638		36,449		604,260		(763,883)				745,464
Contingencies		7,217,852		(115,340)		551,959		(551,869)				7,102,602
Value added services		68,658				535,420						604,078
Other provisions		774,151		180,767		183,245		(23,533)				1,114,630
	Ps.	11,967,926	Ps.	266,153	Ps.	3,857,311	Ps.	(2,347,479)	Ps.	(58,334)	Ps.	13,685,577

	Balance at December 31, 2008		Effect of translation		Increase for the year		Payments	Reversals	Balance at December 31, 2009			
Direct employee benefits payable	Ps.	1,442,453	Ps.	225,454	Ps.	1,102,891	Ps.	(845,015)	Ps.	(83,582)	Ps.	1,842,200
Office expenses		648,197		102,398		74,623		(276,670)				548,548
Professional fees		250,836		7,251		340,692		(296,632)		(1,417)		300,730
Retirement of assets		1,777,317		30,794		1,848,499		(174,904)				3,481,706
Points and loyalty program		745,464		14,200		461,152		(362)		(58,017)		1,162,437
Contingencies		7,102,602		1,536,206		3,765,057		(936,393)		(58,817)		11,408,655
Value added services		604,078		3,560		334,259		(267,333)				674,564
Other provisions		1,114,630		(14,051)		52,361		(390,146)		(2,625)		760,169
	Ps.	13,685,577	Ps.	1,905,812	Ps.	7,979,533	Ps.	(3,187,455)	Ps.	(204,458)	Ps.	20,179,010

Table of Contents**13. Debt**

The Company's short- and long-term debt consists of the following:

Currency	Item	Rate	2008		Rate	2009		
			Maturity from 2009 to	Total 2008		Maturity from 2010 to	Total 2009	
<i>U.S. dollars</i>								
	Export Credit Agencies							
	ECA credits (fixed rate)	2.71% - 3.2%	2010	Ps. 527,508	2.71% - 3.20%	2010	Ps.	169,607
	ECA credits (floating rate)	L + 0.75%	2015	2,707,660	L + 0.75 - L + 1.50%	2019		4,913,714
	Syndicated loans	L + 0.25%	2011	27,076,600				
	Fixed-rate senior notes	4.125% - 6.375%	2037	50,517,558	5.0% - 6.375%	2037		51,608,178
	Lines of credit	L + 0.15 - L + 2.5%	2013	4,397,017	L + 5.14%	2013		151,494
	Leases	7.95% - 8.75% & L + 2.9% - 3.16%	2012	587,772	7.95% - 8.75% & TPR + 2.0%	2012		157,916
	Subtotal dollars			85,814,115				57,000,909
<i>Euros</i>								
	ECA credits (floating rate)	E ⁽⁴⁾ + 0.70%	2016	4,979,233	E ⁽⁵⁾ + 0.70%	2016		7,040,726
	Subtotal euros			4,979,233				7,040,726
<i>Mexican pesos</i>								
	Lines of credit	TIIE + 0.24%		4,500,000				
	Fixed-rate notes	8.11% - 10.45%	2036	20,060,964	4.1% - 9.0%	2036		19,613,149
	Floating-rate notes	Sundry	2013	7,750,000	Sundry	2013		6,750,000
	Commercial paper	8.18% - 8.53%	2009	5,500,000				
	Subtotal Mexican pesos			37,810,964				26,363,149
<i>Brazilian reais</i>								
	Lines of credit	9.25%	2014	1,155,040	8.78% - 9.20%	2017		2,352,034
	Subtotal Brazilian reais			1,155,040				2,352,034
<i>Colombian pesos</i>								
	Bonds	CPI + 6.8% - 7.50% and 7.59%	2016	5,430,792	IPC + 6.8% - 7.50% and 7.59%	2016		5,749,270
	Subtotal Colombian pesos			5,430,792				5,749,270
<i>Other currencies</i>								
	Bonds	6.41%	2012	538,602	1.489% - 6.406%	2039		4,546,906
	Leases	6.45%	2011	890,254	2.75% - 6.45%	2012		1,133,455
	Lines of credit	Sundry	2012	6,867,448	Sundry	2013		6,722,691
	Subtotal other currencies			8,296,304				12,403,052
	Total debt			143,486,448				110,909,140
				26,731,355				9,167,941

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Less: Short-term debt
and current portion of
long-term debt

Long-term debt

Ps. 116,755,093

Ps. 101,741,199

- (1) L = LIBOR or London Interbank Offered Rate
- (2) TIIE = Mexican Weighted Interbank Interest Rate
- (3) FTD = Fixed-Term Deposits
- (4) CPI = Consumer price index
- (5) E = Euribor
- (6) RLR = Reference Liability Rate

Table of Contents

Except for the fixed-rate senior notes, interest rates on the Company's debts are subject to variances in international and local rates. The Company's weighted-average cost of borrowed funds at December 31, 2009 was approximately 5.8% (5.7% in 2008).

Such rate does not include interest, commissions or the reimbursements for Mexican tax withholdings (typically 4.9% of the interest payment) that the Company must make to international lenders. In general, fees on financing transactions add ten basis points to financing costs.

An analysis of the Company's short-term debt at December 31, 2008 and 2009 is as follows:

Debt	2008	2009
Domestic senior notes	Ps. 8,142,073	Ps. 5,038,662
Credit lines drawdowns	10,200,547	1,005,544
Commercial paper	5,500,000	
Other loans	270,997	310,547
Total	Ps. 24,113,617	Ps. 6,354,753
Weighted-average interest rate	6.18%	7.61%

An analysis of maturities of the Company's long-term debt is as follows:

Year	Amount
2011	Ps. 2,454,789
2012	8,943,324
2013	8,623,773
2014	14,516,672
2015	8,065,621
2016 and thereafter	59,137,020
Total	Ps. 101,741,199

Senior Notes - At December 31, 2009, the Company had senior notes issued in U.S. dollars for US\$ 3,952 million (Ps. 51,608 million) maturing from 2014 to 2037. The Company also had senior notes issued in Mexican pesos for Ps. 26,363 million maturing in 2010 and 2036. During 2009 América Móvil issued three new senior notes of JPY 13,000 million, US\$ 750 million and 4 million Financing Units (FU) in Chile (equivalent to 83,772 million Chilean pesos).

All senior notes issued by the Company are guaranteed by Telcel.

Lines of credit granted or guaranteed by export credit agencies - The Company has medium- and long-term financing programs for the purchase of equipment, whereby certain agencies provide financial support to purchase export equipment from their respective countries. The debt issued under these plans at December 31, 2009 is approximately Ps. 12,124 million.

Domestic senior notes - At December 31, 2009, the domestic senior note debt aggregates to Ps. 13,491 million. In general, these notes bear a fixed or floating interest rate established as a percentage of either the Mexican weighted interbank interest rate (TIIE).

In addition to the above, the Company has two commercial paper programs authorized by the National Banking and Securities Commission (NBSC) for a total amount of Ps. 20,000 million.

Table of Contents**General**

At December 31, 2009, the Company had a number of bank facilities for approximately Ps. 9,226 million (US\$ 707 million). Under all of the facilities, América Móvil and Telcel are the guarantors.

The Company is subject to financial and operating covenants under the loan agreements. In some cases, these covenants limit America Móvil or the guarantor's ability to: pledge assets, carry out certain types of mergers, sell off all or substantially all of its assets and sell control over Telcel.

The covenants do not restrict the ability of the subsidiaries to pay dividends or make other distributions to the Company. The most restrictive financial covenants require the Company to maintain a consolidated ratio of debt to EBITDA not greater than 4 to 1 and a consolidated ratio of EBITDA to interest expense of no less than 2.5 to 1 (based on the terms of the loan agreements). For some of its loans, Telcel is subject to financial covenants similar to those applicable to América Móvil.

A number of the financing instruments are subject to either acceleration or repurchase at the holder's option if there is a change in the Company's control. At December 31, 2009, the Company has complied with all of the above-mentioned requirements.

At December 31, 2008 and 2009, approximately 87% and 85%, respectively, of the total outstanding consolidated debt is guaranteed by Telcel.

14. Foreign Currency Position and Transactions

At December 31, 2008 and 2009, América Móvil had the following foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities:

	Foreign currency in millions at December 31			
	2008		2009	
	Amount	Exchange rate- Mexican peso per currency	Amount	Exchange rate- Mexican peso per currency
Assets				
U.S. dollars	4,138	13.54	4,831	13.06
Quetzal (Guatemala)	1,145	1.74	885	1.56
Brazilian reais	3,158	5.79	2,939	7.5
Colombian peso	941,758	0.006	913,359	0.006
Argentinean peso	1,331	3.92	1,493	3.44
Uruguayan peso	1,126	0.556	521	0.665
Cordoba (Nicaragua)	1,144	0.682	1,097	0.627
Lempira (Honduras)	751	0.712	470	0.686
Chilean peso	128,447	0.02	115,091	0.03
Peruvian sol	415	4.3	327	4.5
Guarani (Paraguay)	203,435	0.003	267,694	0.003
Dominican peso	32,291	0.382	34,059	0.360
Jamaican dollars	4,285	0.169	3,505	0.146
Euro	119,742	18.91	4,493	18.70
Swiss franc	106	12.67	106	12.61

Table of Contents

	Foreign currency in millions at December 31			
	2008		2009	
	Amount	Exchange rate- Mexican peso per currency	Amount	Exchange rate- Mexican peso per currency
Liabilities				
U.S. dollars	(11,955)	13.54	(9,443)	13.06
Quetzal (Guatemala)	(2,760)	1.74	(3,687)	1.56
Brazilian reais	(5,642)	5.79	(6,666)	7.50
Colombian peso	(1,839,490)	0.006	(1,958,152)	0.006
Argentinean peso	(2,753)	3.92	(2,701)	3.44
Uruguayan peso	(1,164)	0.556	(375)	0.665
Cordoba (Nicaragua)	(2,066)	0.682	(3,007)	0.627
Lempira (Honduras)	(2,578)	0.712	(3,246)	0.686
Chilean peso	(328,378)	0.02	(307,903)	0.03
Peruvian sol	(1,253)	4.3	(1,236)	4.52
Guarani (Paraguay)	(330,894)	0.003	(322,035)	0.003
Dominican peso	(13,435)	0.382	(10,179)	0.360
Jamaican dollars	(10,908)	0.169	(5,004)	0.146
Euro	(263,766)	18.91	(376,491)	18.70
Yen			(13,000,000)	0.140

At March 8, 2010, the date of issuance of these financial statements, the exchange rates were as follows:

Foreign currency	Exchange rate- Mexican peso per currency
U.S. dollars	12.69
Quetzal (Guatemala)	1.58
Brazilian reais	7.12
Colombian peso	0.0066
Argentinean peso	3.29
Uruguayan peso	0.64
Cordoba (Nicaragua)	0.60
Lempira (Honduras)	0.67
Chilean peso	0.02
Peruvian sol	4.47
Guarani (Paraguay)	0.0027
Dominican peso	0.35
Euro	17.29
Swiss franc	11.81
Jamaican dollars	0.14

In the years ended December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009, the Company had the following transactions denominated in foreign currencies. Currencies other than the U.S. dollar were translated to U.S. dollars using the closing exchange rate at December 31, 2007, while for 2008 and 2009 using the average exchange rate.

	U.S. dollars (thousands)		
	2007	2008	2009
Net revenues	Ps . 17,131,480	Ps . 19,036,746	Ps . 18,717,023
Operating costs and expenses	14,576,815	16,023,340	16,042,797
Interest income	375,254	470,033	347,444
Interest expense	608,093	711,218	618,258
Other income (expenses), net	(465,427)	258,211	(146,628)

Table of Contents**15. Contingencies and Commitments**

a) As of December 31, 2009, the Company has entered into various leases (as a lessee) with related and third parties for the buildings in which its offices are located, as well as with owners of property where the Company has installed radio bases. The leases generally run from one to fourteen years.

Provided below is an analysis of minimum rent payments due in the next five years. In some cases, amounts are subject to an annual increase based on the NCPI.

At December 31, 2009, the Company had the following commitments under non-cancelable leases:

Year ended December 31,	Capital lease	Operating lease
2010	Ps. 762,458	Ps. 4,314,378
2011	407,219	4,050,849
2012	181,893	3,331,981
2013		3,009,501
2014		2,130,224
2015 and thereafter		3,526,184
Total	1,351,570	Ps. 20,363,117
Less interest	(60,199)	
Present value of minimum net rental payments	1,291,371	
Less current portion	(716,481)	
Long-term obligations	Ps. 574,890	

Rent charged to expenses in 2007, 2008 and 2009 aggregated to Ps. 5,052,082, Ps. 6,325,739 and Ps. 8,153,371, respectively.

b) Commitments

At December 31, 2009, some of the Company's subsidiaries had commitments to acquire equipment for their GSM and 3G networks for up to approximately US\$ 7,204 million (approximately Ps. 94,078 million). The estimated completion period for projects in progress ranges from 3 to 6 months, depending on the type of project and the equipment supplier, as well as the type of asset.

c) Contingencies**América Móvil****NatTel**

The plaintiff, NatTel, LLC (NatTel) sued the Company and others in a Connecticut state court in the United States based on an August 2007 transaction where the Company purchased shares of Oceanic Digital Jamaica, Ltd. (ODJ) from ODC St. Lucia, a subsidiary of Oceanic Digital Communications, Ltd. (ODC), in which NatTel is a minority shareholder. Under the agreement governing the transaction, the parties placed approximately US\$15 million (approximately Ps.195.9 million) in escrow with The Bank of New York, and the remaining purchase payments paid certain inter-company debt owed by Oceanic to the majority shareholders in ODC SAC Capital Associates, LLC and SAC Capital Advisors (collectively, SAC).

In the Connecticut action (State Suit), NatTel alleges that the entire transaction was intended to deprive NatTel of its fair share of the sales proceeds, and structured so that SAC received the entire proceeds of the sale. NatTel seeks, inter alia, an order that it receive the approximately

Table of Contents

US\$15 million placed in escrow. On February 7, 2008, the Company filed a motion to dismiss for (i) lack of personal jurisdiction; and (ii) insufficient service. The motion principally argues that the Company does not have sufficient contacts with Connecticut to support the state court's exercise of personal jurisdiction over it. The Company believes it has several other meritorious defenses to NatTel's claims.

Concurrently with the State Suit, NatTel also initiated an adversary proceeding in connection with its bankruptcy case in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Connecticut (Bankruptcy Court), against many of the parties in the State Suit, including the Company. The adversary proceeding contains the same allegations as the State Suit.

After the filing of the adversary proceeding in Bankruptcy Court, defendants, excluding the Company, filed a motion in the District Court for the District of Connecticut (District Court) to withdraw the reference (Motion to Withdraw) of the adversary proceeding, and send those proceedings to the District Court judge who had previously decided a related case against NatTel.

In April 2008, the parties to the State Suit agreed to stay the State Suit pending a decision by the District Court on the Motion to Withdraw. As of the date of the accompanying financial statements, the District Court has yet to decide on the Motion to Withdraw. Accordingly, the State Suit remains stayed.

The Company has not made provisions in the accompanying financial statements for this potential liability.

Cempresa

In May or June of 2008, plaintiffs Centro Empresarial Cempresa, S.A. and Conecel Holding Limited (collectively, Plaintiffs), filed a suit in the Supreme Court of the State of New York against numerous defendants including the Company, certain of its affiliates, subsidiaries and two members of its Board of Directors (collectively, Defendants), asserting breach of contract, fraud, fraudulent inducement, unjust enrichment and a claim for accounting. Plaintiffs sold a majority of their shares in our Ecuadorian subsidiary, Consorcio Ecuatoriano de Telecomunicaciones, S.A.

Conecel (Conecel), a subsidiary of Teléfonos de México, S.A.B. de C.V. (Telmex) in 2000. Telmex's holdings in Conecel were included in the Company's spin-off from Telmex in 2000 and remain held by one of its subsidiaries. Plaintiffs kept a minority of the shares of Conecel.

Plaintiffs assert that one of their exit strategies with respect to the minority shares was a right to negotiate for an exchange of those shares of the Company. Plaintiffs contend in the lawsuit that Defendants wrongfully deprive them of a share exchange and they seek the alleged value of the Company's shares they claim they would have received, which Plaintiffs assert amount to over US\$900 million (approximately Ps.11,754 million). Plaintiffs also seek punitive damages. Plaintiffs additionally assert that Defendants purposefully misrepresented the value of Plaintiffs' minority shares to try to prevent a share exchange. In 2003, Plaintiffs voluntarily sold their minority shares to Defendants, executing comprehensive releases as part of the transactions.

Defendants filed a motion to dismiss asserting numerous defenses, including statute of limitations, release, lack of damages, personal jurisdiction for certain defendants, and the inability to add to a contract cause of action the fraud causes of action. In December 2008, the trial court denied the motion to dismiss and Defendants appealed. The appellate court stayed the case in the trial court. The appeal is fully briefed and oral argument was held in April 2009.

Defendants believe they have numerous meritorious defenses to Plaintiffs' claims. In addition to the defenses contained in the motion to dismiss that are issues on appeal, Defendants do not believe that the Company's spin-off from Telmex triggered the share exchange provision. Moreover, Defendants argue that a plain reading of the provision relating to the potential exchange of shares provides no right to a share exchange, but instead only a right to a good faith negotiation for a period of 20 days, for a potential share exchange.

The Company has not made provisions in the accompanying financial statements for this potential liability.

Table of Contents

Telcel

Cofeco Substantial market power investigations

The Mexican Competition Commission (Comisión Federal de Competencia or Cofeco) began two substantial market power investigations into certain competitive conditions in the mobile telecommunications market. The first of these, which commenced in December 2007, is a Cofeco initiated investigation into whether one or more cellular operators have substantial market power in the market for termination (interconnection) of calls made as part of the local, national and international calling party pays system. Cofeco has issued a preliminary report (dictamen preliminar) finding that each operator, including Radiomóvil Dipsa, S.A de C.V., (Telcel), has substantial market power in the market for interconnection to its own network.

Interested parties have the opportunity to submit information for Cofeco s review before it issues a final report. Telcel has provided extensive information to Cofeco, and the Company cannot predict when Cofeco will issue a final report or whether it will modify its preliminary findings.

The second Cofeco investigation, which commenced in April 2008 was initiated by an alleged Telcel subscriber -who ended up being subscribed to another mobile operator- and is into whether Telcel has substantial market power in the nationwide market for voice services. In this investigation, Cofeco issued a preliminary report (dictamen preliminar) in November 2008 finding that Telcel has substantial market power in the national mobile telephone services relevant market. The preliminary report was confirmed by the publication on February 10, 2010 in the Federation Official Gazette (Diario Oficial de la Federación) of the relevant findings of the resolution relating to the existence of substantial market power in the nationwide market for voice services. In February 2010, Telcel filed an administrative proceeding (recurso administrativo de reconsideración) before Cofeco. As a result of the aforesaid proceeding being rejected by Cofeco for analysis, Telcel filed an appeal (amparo indirecto) before an administrative judge against the rejection of the mentioned administrative proceeding and the issuance, subscription and publication of the resolution which relevant findings where published on February 10, 2010 in the Federation Official Gazette (Diario Oficial de la Federación).

Under the Antitrust Law (Ley Federal de Competencia Económica) and the Telecommunications Law (Ley Federal de Telecomunicaciones), if Cofeco makes a final finding of substantial market power concerning an operator, the Mexican Federal Communications Commission (Comisión Federal de Telecomunicaciones or Cofetel) can impose on that operator specific regulations with respect to tariffs, quality of service and information. The Company cannot predict what regulatory steps might be taken in response to determinations by Cofeco.

Cofeco Monopolistic practices investigations

Cofeco currently conducts four separate administrative proceedings against Telcel for alleged monopolistic practices. The first two concern alleged actions by certain distributors of Telcel in relation to the purchase and sale of cellular phones to third parties. The third proceeding concerns to certain exclusivity agreements with some content providers. In each of these investigations, Cofeco has determined that Telcel engaged in anti-competitive behavior, and it has imposed fines totaling Ps.6.7 million in the aggregate and ordered that the alleged behaviors terminate immediately. Telcel has challenged Cofeco s determinations and fines in the courts and no final ruling has been issued.

The fourth investigation concerns alleged monopolistic practices in the interconnection market. After having concluded the investigation stage, in October 2008 Cofeco notified Telcel a Writ of Probable Responsibility (Oficio de Probable Responsabilidad) for carrying out monopolistic practices in the commuted termination services relevant market.

Interested parties to this investigation have the opportunity to submit information for Cofeco s review before it issues a final resolution. Telcel has provided extensive information to Cofeco, and the Company cannot predict when Cofeco will issue a final resolution or whether it will modify the Writ of Probable Responsibility.

Table of Contents

Adverse determinations against Telcel in any of these proceedings could result in material fines, penalties or restrictions on our operations. Telcel has not made provisions in its financial statements for these potential liabilities since at the time Telcel's most recent financial statements were published, the amount of the possible contingency could not be reasonably estimated.

Interconnection Fees

Since 2005, there has been extensive controversy in Mexico concerning the interconnection fees payable by fixed-line operators to mobile operators on fixed-to-mobile calls. The principal stages of the controversy, as they relate to interconnection with Telcel, are summarized below.

December 2004 Agreement. In December 2004, most Mexican telecommunications operators agreed on interconnection fees for the years 2005 through 2007. The agreement provided for annual reductions of 10% and it was further contemplated that the reductions would be reflected in the tariffs charged by fixed operators to their customers. The agreed upon interconnection fees were as follows:
January 1, 2005 to December 31, 2005: Ps. 1.71 per minute or part thereof.

January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2006: Ps. 1.54 per minute or part thereof.

January 1, 2007 to December 31, 2007: Ps. 1.34 per minute or part thereof

August 2006 Cofetel Resolutions. Axtel, independently, and Avantel and Alestra, jointly, began proceedings with Cofetel to establish the applicable interconnection fees for termination of public commuted traffic under calling party pays in local mobile service networks, between them and Telcel.

As a result of the foregoing proceedings (desacuerdos de interconexión), on August 31, 2006, Cofetel issued two resolutions (Axtel Resolution and Avantel/Alestra Resolution) establishing local interconnection fees payable by the aforementioned carriers to Telcel for the years 2005 through 2010, as follows: from (i) January 1 to December 31, 2005: Ps. 1.71 per interconnection minutes; (ii) January 1 to September 30, 2006: Ps. 1.54 per interconnection minutes; (iii) October 1, 2006 to December 31, 2007: Ps. 1.23 per interconnection minute; (iv) January 1 to December 31, 2008: Ps. 1.12 per interconnection minute; (v) January 1 to December 31, 2009: Ps. 1.00 per interconnection minute; (vi) January 1 to December 31, 2010: Ps. 0.90. Several of the foregoing fees were lower than the fees Telcel had agreed with other operators. In addition, Cofetel ruled that starting in 2007, interconnection fees would be determined by adding the total seconds of all completed calls rounded to the next minute, rather than by rounding each call to the next minute, before calculating the sum of total network occupation.

In order to mitigate the effects of this change on Telcel, Cofetel authorized Telcel to collect a surcharge of 25% in 2007, 18% in 2008 and 10% in 2009 over the interconnection fees billed to Axtel, Avantel y Alestra. Telcel challenged the Axtel Resolution and the Avantel/Alestra Resolution.

August 31, 2006 Avantel/Alestra Resolution. Telcel challenged Cofetel's August 2006 Avantel and Alestra Resolution on interconnection rates between the aforesaid carriers and Telcel. In November 2009, said challenge was decided ruling that Cofetel is not empowered to add elements to the controversy set forth in the foregoing proceedings (desacuerdos de interconexión) and may not resolve on matters which were not originally requested, for example interconnection fees for the years 2008 to 2010. Consequently, the challenged resolution was declared without effect and Cofetel was ordered to issue a new resolution establishing interconnection fees for the years 2005 to 2007. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the ruling was silent in connection with the analysis and the assessment of several of the acts challenged by Telcel. Accordingly, on December 2009 Telcel challenged the ruling before the competent courts. Likewise, Cofetel challenged the ruling. Avantel adhered to the challenges (recurso de revisión adhesiva).

Table of Contents

August 31, 2006 Axtel Resolution December 2007 Judicial Decision and January 2008 Cofetel Resolution Telcel began a judicial proceeding (juicio de amparo) challenging the Axtel Resolution on interconnection rates between Axtel and Telcel. In December 2007, the district court invalidated the Axtel Resolution in its entirety and directed Cofetel to issue a new resolution covering solely the periods from 2005 through 2007. In January 2008, as directed by the court, Cofetel issued a resolution establishing interconnection rates between Telcel and Axtel for the periods from 2005 through 2007 on the same terms as Cofetel's August 2006 resolution. Telcel challenged this resolution as to the rates applicable for the aforementioned period. The ruling on the foregoing challenge was ruled adversely for Telcel in October 2009 arguing that, among others, the model used by Cofetel to calculate interconnection fees is appropriate; accordingly, the judge determined that the interconnection fees resulting from Cofetel's model should be: (i) Ps. 0.71 for 2005; (ii) Ps. 0.74 for 2006; and (iii) Ps. 0.78 for 2007. Telcel challenged (recurso de revisión) the mentioned ruling arguing that although it may be true that the method used by Cofetel is appropriate, it is also true that the results obtained by the judge are absolutely erroneous, since Cofetel did not use real and updated information while implementing their method, thus resulting in an incorrect outcome. Likewise, Cofetel challenged the ruling. Axtel adhered to the challenges (recurso de revisión adhesiva).

December 2006 Agreements. In the fourth quarter of 2006, most industry operators, other than Axtel and Avantel, agreed on interconnection fees payable for termination services for local and long-distance (national and international) calls in mobile networks under the calling party pays system for the years 2005 through 2010. These agreements contemplated continued reductions in fees, as follows: (i) 2005: Ps. 1.71 per interconnection minute; (ii) 2006: Ps. 1.54 per interconnection minute; (iii) 2007: Ps. 1.34 per interconnection minute; (iv) 2008: Ps. 1.21 per interconnection minute; (v) 2009: Ps. 1.09 per interconnection minutes; and (vi) 2010: Ps. 1.00 per interconnection minute.

2008 Proceedings Involving Axtel. In December 2007 and March 2008, Axtel initiated proceedings with Cofetel to establish interconnection rates for the years from 2008 through 2011. In May 2008, prior to Cofetel issuing a resolution, Axtel obtained a court order against Cofetel to prevent Cofetel from issuing a resolution on interconnection between Axtel and Telcel. It also filed an administrative review proceeding (recurso de revisión), against the alleged negative to act (negativa ficta) of Cofetel with the Mexican Ministry of Communications and Transportation (Secretaría de Comunicaciones y Transportes or SCT), that permits SCT to review the alleged decision by Cofetel. Axtel contended that Cofetel, by failing to issue a resolution on interconnection between Axtel and Telcel for interconnection fees for 2008 through 2011, had refused to act, and asked SCT to review that refusal.

In July 2008 Telcel obtained a court order which prevented SCT from ruling on Axtel's challenge to Cofetel's supposed refusal to act on interconnection fees between Axtel and Telcel.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in September 2008, however, SCT issued a resolution establishing interconnection fees for 2008 through 2011, as follows: (i) 2008: Ps. 0.5465 per interconnection minutes; (ii) 2009: Ps. 0.5060 per interconnection minute; (iii) 2010: Ps. 0.4705 per interconnection minute; and (iv) 2011: Ps. 0.4179 per interconnection minute, based on the assumption that the valuation method consists of adding the actual duration of the calls measured in seconds. These fees are substantially less than the fees agreed upon with the rest of the industry operators. Telcel challenged said resolution and, in October 2008, obtained a court order suspending the effects of it until a final ruling is issued.

April 2009 Cofetel Resolution Avantel Interconnection Disagreement. In April 2009, Cofetel issued a resolution establishing the interconnection fees for 2008 through 2010 applicable between Avantel (a subsidiary of Axtel) and Telcel for termination of public commuted traffic under the calling party pays system in Telcel's mobile network, as follows: (i) 2008: Ps. 1.12 per interconnection minute plus a surcharge of 18% over the total interconnection minutes billed; (ii) 2009: Ps. 1.00 per interconnection minutes plus a surcharge of 10% over the total minutes billed; and (iii) 2010: Ps. 0.90 per interconnection

Table of Contents

minute without any surcharge, based on the assumption that the valuation method consist of adding the actual duration of the calls measured in seconds and then rounding up to the next minute. In May 2009, Telcel judicially challenged said resolution and a final decision is still pending.

The Company considers that interconnection fees for fixed-to-mobile calls will continue, for a while, to be the subject of litigation and administrative proceedings and the resulting uncertainty. We cannot predict when or how these matters will be resolved, and the competitive and financial effects of any resolution could be complex and difficult to predict. Although the matters in dispute primarily concern one operator, Axtel (and its subsidiary Avantel), if those matters are resolved adversely to us through a final, non-appealable resolution or decision from Cofetel, SCT or the courts, the impact could be material because Telcel would be required to offer to the other operators any more favorable fees it is required to provide, as of the date of said final, non-appealable resolution or decision, to Axtel and/or Avantel. This could materially reduce Telcel's interconnection revenues in future periods. Also, depending on how the disputes are resolved, there could be contractual claims among Axtel and/or Avantel, and Telcel for reimbursement or payment, as the case maybe, of amounts paid or left unpaid between Telcel and Axtel and/or Avantel in respect to certain time periods from 2005 to 2010.

February 2009 Interconnection Plan

On February 10, 2009, Cofetel published a Fundamental Technical Plan of Interconnection and Inter-operability (Plan Técnico Fundamental de Interconexión e Interoperabilidad or Plan). The Plan addresses technical, economical and legal conditions of interconnection. With respect to interconnection fees, the Plan establishes a process for developing an economic model over a relatively brief period and then applying the economic model to determine fees, which, it is suggested, could override the existing fee agreements among operators. The Plan also contemplates asymmetrical and discriminatory treatment for operators with the largest number of access points, including specific technical and legal requirements and different economic, technical and legal conditions from other operators.

At this time, Telcel cannot predict the effects that might result from the implementation of the Plan. They could be substantially different from the potential effects of the regulatory steps described above with respect to fixed-to-mobile interconnection. It is also difficult to anticipate the timetable for implementation of the Plan.

In March 2009, Telcel challenged the Plan in the Mexican courts. In April 2009, Telcel obtained a court order suspending the effects of the Plan as they relate to Telcel pending resolution of its judicial challenge. As of the date of the accompanying financial statements, the challenge remains pending.

Short Message Services (SMS)

Under the terms of its concessions for the 850 megahertz spectrum, Telcel must pay to the Mexican federal government a royalty based on gross revenues from concessioned services. The royalty is levied at rates that vary from region to region and average approximately 6%.

Telcel believes that short message services are value-added services, which are not concessioned services, and that revenues from short message services should not be subject to this royalty.

In related proceedings, Cofetel has ruled that short text messages are subject to the interconnection regulatory regime and that such services do not constitute value-added services. Telcel is currently disputing these issues in an administrative proceeding, but has made provisions in its financial statements for this potential liability.

Trademarks Tax Assessments

On March 3, 2006, the Mexican Tax Administration Service (Servicio de Administración Tributaria, or SAT) notified Telcel of an assessment of Ps. 281.7 million (Ps. 155.8 million plus adjustments, fines and late fees) as a result of a tax deduction made by Telcel in 2003 of Ps. 1,267.7 million in connection with royalty payments made to another of our subsidiaries for

Table of Contents

the use of certain trademarks. In June 2007, the SAT notified us of an additional assessment of Ps. 541.5 million (Ps. 258.5 million plus adjustments, fines and late fees) as a result of a tax deduction made by us in 2003 in connection with the aforementioned royalty payments. The Company and Telcel believe that these deductions were made in accordance with applicable law and have challenged the validity of these assessments.

In December 2007, the SAT notified Telcel of a new assessment of Ps. 453.6 million (Ps. 243.6 million plus adjustments, fines and late fees) in connection with a deduction of advertising expenses made by Telcel in 2004 in the amount of Ps. 1,678.6 million. The SAT is challenging the validity of this deduction, alleging that the deduction is unfounded because Telcel is already paying a royalty for the use of the trademarks. Telcel believes that the SAT's argument is unfounded and has challenged the assessment in court.

Based on these assessments, the Company expects that the SAT will challenge deductions made during 2005, 2006 and 2007 for royalty payments and/or expenses associated with the trademarks. Telcel has not made specific provisions in its financial statements for these potential liabilities.

Comcel

Voice over IP

In March 2000, the Colombian Industry and Commerce Superintendence (Superintendencia de Industria y Comercio or SIC) issued Resolution No. 4954, requiring Comunicación Celular, S.A. (Comcel) to pay a fine of approximately US\$100 thousand (approximately Ps. 1.3 million) for alleged anti-competitive behavior. In addition to this administrative fine, the SIC ordered Comcel to pay damages to other long distance operators. The long distance operators estimated their damages to be US\$70 million (approximately Ps. 904.2 million). Comcel requested an administrative review of the damages decision, which was denied in June 2000. Comcel appealed, and the appeal was rejected in November 2000. Comcel resubmitted the appeal in February 2001. Comcel also filed a special action in court challenging the denial of the administrative review.

Following a series of court proceedings, a Colombian appeals court in June 2002 ordered that Comcel's February 2001 appeal be granted and that the administrative decision against Comcel be reviewed. After additional proceedings, the Constitutional Court revoked the June 2002 decision and ordered the continuance of the procedure for the determination of damages to the other operators.

In January 2008, SIC determined that Comcel was required to pay the long distance operators approximately US\$1.8 million (approximately Ps. 23.5 million, which represents a reduction of approximately 95% of the original amount claimed by the long distance operators). In February 2008, Comcel appealed the SIC's resolution on the grounds that Comcel had not caused any damage nor it incurred in any liability.

In June 2009, Bogota's Judicial District Court of Appeals (Tribunal Superior del Distrito Judicial de Bogotá), confirmed SIC's January 2008 resolution. As a result, Comcel timely paid US\$1.8 million fine. As a result of the foregoing, this contingency has been duly terminated.

Distributors

In February 2007, Comcel was notified of an arbitration proceeding initiated against it by Tecnoquímicas, S.A., which was a distributor of prepaid cards of Comcel until July 2006. In the proceeding, the distributor alleges breach of contract and commercial liability on the part of Comcel. Claimant seeks to recover approximately US\$35 million (approximately Ps. 457.1 million) from Comcel. On July 13, 2009, the arbitration tribunal decided that Comcel had to pay Tecnoquímicas, S.A., US\$13 million (approximately Ps. 169.8 million), which were timely paid by Comcel. As a result of the foregoing, this contingency has been duly terminated.

Table of Contents*Dominant position*

In September 2009, the Colombian Telecommunications Regulatory Commission (Comisión de Regulación de Telecomunicaciones de Colombia or CRT) issued a series of resolutions stating that Comcel has a dominant position in Colombia's market for outgoing mobile services. Under Colombian law, a market participant is considered to have a dominant position in a specified market if the regulators determine that it has the capacity to control the conditions in that market. The CRT made its determination based on Comcel's traffic, revenues and subscriber base. The resolutions also included regulations that would require Comcel to charge rates (excluding access fees) for mobile-to-mobile calls outside the Comcel network (off net) that are no higher than the fees charged for mobile-to-mobile calls within the Comcel network (on net) plus access fees. The regulations were first implemented on December 4, 2009 and Comcel does not expect them to have a material impact on its business and results of operations in Colombia.

Brazil*Anatel Inflation-Related Adjustments*

The Brazilian Federal Communications Commission (Agência Nacional de Telecomunicações or ANATEL) has challenged each of Tess, S.A., or Tess, and ATL-Telecom Leste, S.A., or ATL, regarding the calculation of inflation-related adjustments due under these companies' concession agreements with ANATEL. Forty percent of the concession price under each of these agreements was due upon execution and 60% was due in three equal annual installments (subject to inflation-related adjustments and interest) beginning in 1999. Both companies have made these concession payments, but ANATEL has rejected the companies' calculation of the inflation-related adjustments and requested payment of the alleged shortfalls.

The companies have filed declaratory and consignment actions in Brazilian courts seeking resolution of the disputes. The court of first instance ruled against ATL's filing for declaratory action in October 2001 and ATL's filing for consignment action in September 2002. Subsequently, ATL filed appeals which are pending. The court of first instance ruled against Tess' filing for consignment action in June 2003 and against Tess' filing for declaratory action in February 2009. Tess filed an appeal which is pending. In December 2008, ANATEL charged Tess approximately US\$160 million (approximately Ps. 2,089.6 million). Tess filed an appeal and consequently payment has been suspended until the final ruling is issued. In March 2009, ANATEL charged ATL approximately US\$100 million (approximately Ps. 1,306 million). ATL filed an appeal and consequently payment has been suspended until the final ruling is issued.

The aggregate contested amounts are approximately US\$240 million (approximately Ps.3,134.4 million) (including potential penalties and interest). On December 31, 2005, both ATL and Tess were merged into BCP, S.A. (BCP). In April 2008, BCP changed its name to Claro S.A. (Claro Brasil).

Claro Brasil has made specific provisions in its financial statements for these potential liabilities.

BNDESPar

Prior to the acquisition of Telet, S.A. (Telet) and Americel, S.A. (Americel) by Telecom Americas Limited (Telecom Americas), BNDESPar, a subsidiary of BNDES, the Brazilian development bank, had entered into investment and other shareholder agreements with Americel, Telet and certain of their significant shareholders. Under these agreements, BNDESPar had the right, among others, to participate in the sale of shares of Telet and Americel in the event of certain transfers of control, for so long as BNDESPar held 5% of the share of capital in those companies.

In October 2003, Telecom Americas increased the capital of each of Telet and Americel and BNDESPar's ownership fell below 5% from approximately 20% in each, as it elected not to exercise its preemptive rights. Subsequently, BNDESPar sent official notices to Telet and Americel reserving its rights under the agreements with respect to certain past transfers of shares.

Table of Contents

In November 2004, BNDESPar filed a lawsuit with the competent court of Rio de Janeiro claiming that BNDESPar is entitled to sell its shares in Telet and Americel to Telecom Americas for approximately US\$164 million (approximately Ps. 2,141.8 million). The Company does not believe that BNDESPar has valid grounds for its claims against Telecom Americas. The Company cannot provide assurance, however, that Telecom Americas will ultimately prevail in this dispute. Claro Brasil has not made specific provisions in its financial statements for this potential liability.

Lune Patent Case

A Brazilian company claims that wireless operators in Brazil have infringed its patent over certain caller ID technology. The plaintiff first brought a patent infringement case in a state court in Brasília, Federal Capital of Brazil, against Americel and later brought cases, as part of two separate proceedings, against other 23 defendants. Although the Company believes that the patent does not cover the technology that is used by Americel to provide caller ID services, Americel lost the case at the trial level and on first appeal. After the judgment against Americel was rendered, a federal court in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, rendered a preliminary injunction decision suspending the effects of the patent, in an action filed by a supplier of caller ID technology. This injunction was later upheld on appeal, and the proceeding for judicial review on the merits of the validity of the patent is in its initial stages.

Americel filed three special appeals against the decision of the state court in Brasília, seeking review at the Superior Court of Justice (which is the highest court in Brazil to decide on questions of federal law) and Supreme Court (the highest court in Brazil to decide on questions of constitutional law). The Court of Appeals has determined that two of Americel's special appeals will be heard by the Superior Court of Justice. Americel's request for a special appeal before the Supreme Court was denied. Americel filed a motion requesting the reversal of this decision which is still pending.

The cases against the other operators are currently suspended as a result of the preliminary injunction suspending the effects of the patent. The plaintiff has brought these cases to the same state trial court that heard the case against Americel, but the defendants have requested that the cases be remitted to another court on jurisdictional grounds. The Americel judgment does not bind other state courts or federal courts of Brazil. The Company does not expect that there will be a resolution of these other cases within this year.

In the case against Americel, the plaintiff has requested the court to initiate the necessary proceedings for the execution of judgment. The court has estimated that the award for damages could amount to as much as approximately US\$270 million (approximately Ps. 3,526.2 million). In September 2006, the Higher Court of Justice of Brazil unanimously ruled to stay the trial, due to the injunction suspending the validity of the patent in question. In September 2009, Lune filed before the Higher Court of Justice of Brazil a motion to revert the ruling to stay the trial. However, Americel obtained a favorable resolution that maintained the decision to stay the trial until a ruling has been issued in the process held before the federal court in Rio de Janeiro. Lune has challenged said resolution before the Superior Court, but the resolution to stay the trial was unanimously upheld. The Company expects that the trial will remain stayed as long as the patent remains suspended. Furthermore, Americel benefits from a limited contractual indemnity from its equipment suppliers (Nortel Networks) in respect of trademark infringement. The process remains suspended by the Superior Court of Justice. Americel has not made specific provisions in its financial statements to cover these potential liabilities.

Tax Assessments against Americel

In December 2005, the Brazilian Federal Revenue Service (Secretaria da Receita Federal do Brasil) issued three tax assessments against Americel in respect of withholding income taxes and PIS and COFINS taxes (contributions levied on gross revenue) for 2000 through 2005. As of February 2010, the total amount of the tax assessments was R\$ 242 million (approximately Ps. 1,815 million), including R\$ 89.9 million (approximately Ps. 673.4 million) of taxes and contributions plus fines and interest. Americel has challenged these assessments, and its challenge is pending before the Brazilian Taxpayers Council (Conselho Administrativo de Recursos Fiscais) in Brasilia. Americel did not make any specific provisions in its financial statements to cover these potential liabilities.

Table of Contents

Tax Assessments against ATL

In March 2006, the Brazilian Federal Revenue Service issued two tax assessments against ATL in respect of certain tax credits claimed by ATL and derived from non-cumulative contributions levied on gross income (PIS and COFINS). Under the Brazilian tax legislation, the calculation and payment of PIS and COFINS has two different regimes, the cumulative and non-cumulative regimes. The applicability of a regime depends on the nature of the company and its business sector. The cumulative regime applies to revenues derived from the provision of telecommunications services, while the sale of handsets is taxed under the non-cumulative regime. The non-cumulative regime is based on the value-added concept and allows the taxpayer to claim tax credits corresponding to preceding transactions. ATL (as well as other of the Company's Brazilian subsidiaries) offsets the tax credit derived from the non-cumulative regime for the sale of handsets (the balance between the purchase and the sale of handsets), against contributions owed under the cumulative regime. The Brazilian Federal Revenue Service is arguing that tax credits derived from the non-cumulative regime may not be used to offset contributions owed under the cumulative regime. The total amount of the tax assessments is approximately R\$54.9 million (approximately Ps. 411.8 million), including R\$24.1 million (approximately Ps. 180.8 million) of taxes and contributions plus R\$30.8 million (approximately Ps. 231 million) of fines and interest. Claro Brasil has challenged these assessments, and the challenge is pending before the Brazilian Taxpayers Council.

On December 31, 2005, ATL was merged into BCP. In April 2008, BCP changed its name to Claro Brasil.

Claro Brasil did not make any specific provisions in its financial statements to cover these potential liabilities.

Conecel

Tax Assessments

During 2008, Conecel filed administrative proceedings before the Ecuadorian Revenue Services (Servicio de Rentas Internas de Ecuador, or the SRI), challenging US\$127 million (approximately Ps. 1,658.6 million) of certain tax assessments notified by the SRI amounting to US\$138 million (not including interest and penalties) (approximately Ps. 1,802.3) which related to special consumption (ICE), value-added, income and withholding taxes for the years 2003 to 2006. In March 2008, Conecel paid to the SRI US\$14.3 million (approximately Ps. 186.8 million) in respect of the aforesaid tax assessments.

In December 2008, the SRI notified Conecel of a resolution that denied the challenges filed by Conecel against the tax assessments. As a result of the foregoing, on January 15, 2009, Conecel filed a lawsuit before a Tax Court in Guayaquil (Tribunal Distrita de lo Fiscal de Guayaquil) challenging the tax assessments, attaching a bank guarantee of US\$12.7 million (approximately Ps. 165.9 million), which represented 10% of the contested amount.

In May, 2009, the SRI filed the answer to the complaint. Immediately thereafter, the Tax Court opened the evidentiary stage of the proceedings and summoned the parties to several document exhibition hearings, which took place in Conecel and the SRI. Accountant experts, certified by the parties, were also summoned to the hearings and were responsible for issuing expert opinions as to the document exhibition process. The latest expert opinion was filed before the Tax Court on January 27, 2010.

Table of Contents**16. Related Parties**

a) An analysis of balances due from/to related parties at December 31, 2008 and 2009 is provided below. All the companies are considered affiliates since América Móvil's primary shareholders are also either directly or indirectly the controlling shareholders of the related parties.

	December 31	
	2008	2009
<u>Due from:</u>		
Teléfonos de México, S.A.B. de C.V. and subsidiaries	Ps. 704,038	Ps. 274,481
Telmex Internacional, S.A.B. de C.V.	20,004	25,628
Teléfonos del Noroeste S.A. de C.V.	34,709	92,649
Sanborn Hermanos, S.A.	100,214	62,224
Sears Roebuck de México, S.A. de C.V.	33,845	12,944
Other	159,986	170
 Total	 Ps. 1,052,796	 Ps. 468,096

Table of Contents

	December 31	
	2008	2009
Due to:		
Fianzas Guardiania Inbursa, S.A. de C.V.	Ps. 77,232	Ps. 108,698
Seguros Inbursa, S.A. de C.V.	75,686	114,797
Embratel Participacoes, S.A.	499,303	615,804
Other	270,033	205,856
 Total	 Ps. 922,254	 Ps. 1,045,155

b) América Móvil receives services from several subsidiaries of Grupo Carso, S.A. de C.V.; Grupo Financiero Inbursa, S.A. de C.V. (Inbursa); Teléfonos de México, S.A.B. de C.V. and subsidiaries (Telmex), and Telmex Internacional, S.A.B. de C.V. and subsidiaries (Telmex Internacional). The Company's transactions with Telmex include, among others, the interconnection of their respective networks and the use of the related party's facilities, specifically the co-location of switchboard equipment in the facilities owned by Telmex. The Company's transactions with Inbursa include insurance and bank services, among others.

c) América Móvil has entered into an agreement with AT&T (Major shareholder and related party) to receive consultancy services. In 2008 and 2009, the Company paid USD 7.5 million (Ps. 101,500 million and Ps. 100,474 million, respectively) for services received.

d) For the years ended December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009, the Company conducted the following transactions with related parties (mainly with Telmex and Telmex Internacional):

	2007	2008	2009
Revenues:			
Calling Party Pays interconnection fees and others	Ps. 19,702,718	Ps. 19,372,722	Ps. 18,070,319
Costs:			
Payments for long-distance, circuits and others	6,891,049	7,049,264	7,217,809
Commercial, administrative and general expenses:			
Others, net	896,249	1,202,526	1,327,414
Interest expense, net		(161,798)	

e) Telcel has entered into various leasing and co-location agreements with a subsidiary of Telmex. Under these agreements, Telcel pays monthly fees for the use of Telmex's antenna and repeater space and has the right to install its interconnection equipment.

f) Claro Chile and Telmex Chile entered into an agreement for the provision of capacity, whereby the latter agrees to provide the former with capacity and infrastructure use over the following 20 years. The amount recorded in results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009 for this agreement was US\$ 222 million (Ps. 2,412,000), US\$ 218 million (Ps. 2,951,000) and US\$ 265 million (Ps. 3,460,555), respectively.

g) In 2005, Telmex Argentina, a subsidiary of Telmex Internacional, and AMX Argentina (formerly, CTI Móvil) agreed to jointly install a network of fiber optic trunk lines in Argentina approximately 1,943 kilometers in length. The project was completed in 2009 at an approximate cost of Ps. 313,410 (US\$ 24 million).

Table of Contents

In 2009, AMX Argentina began the construction of approximately 3,100 kilometers of fiber optic transmission lines in southern Argentina. The approximate total cost of this project will be Ps. 502,760 (USD 39 million) Once the work is finalized, AMX Argentina plans to enter into a 30-year rights of use agreement with Telmex Argentina (subsidiary of Telmex Internacional). Additionally, Telmex Internacional transferred to the Company the rights to use for 15 years the fiber optic ring serving the Buenos Aires metropolitan area (commonly known in Argentina the AMBA), which covers most of the urban links of the greater Buenos Aires area (commonly known in Argentina as Gran Buenos Aires) with an approximate value of Ps. 2,100 (US\$ 0.6 million).

h) Claro Telecom (through its operating subsidiaries) and Embratel, a subsidiary of Telmex Internacional, both provide telecommunications services in certain regions of Brazil; consequently, they have significant operating relationships between themselves, mainly the interconnection of their respective networks and the provision of long-distance services by Embratel.

i) In November 2005, Embratel entered into an agreement with Claro Telecom Participacoes to provide trunk line capacity to the operating subsidiaries in Brazil for a period of 20 years. Through this contract, the subsidiaries in Brazil are obligated to pay monthly fees to Embratel of between 4.0 million Brazilian reais and 6.0 million Brazilian reais (approximately Ps. 24.5 million and Ps. 36.8 million, respectively), depending on the number of months that have passed as of the signing of the agreement (fixed capacity in the agreement of 84,608 Gbps).

j) In the normal course of operations, the Company's subsidiaries in Brazil have entered into lease agreements with Embratel. The total annual rent under such lease agreements is approximately 1.27 million Brazilian reais (approximately Ps. 9.52 million).

k) On December 26, 2006, CICS Perú S.A., Telmex Peru, S.A. and América Móvil Perú, SAC entered into a turnkey fiber optic network construction contract for approximately US\$ 43 million. Such contract has totally been concluded in November 2009.

l) An analysis of employee benefits granted to the Company's key managers or relevant directors is as follows:

	2007	2008	2009
Short- and long-term direct benefits	Ps. 30,302	Ps. 34,300	Ps. 35,835

During the years ended December 31, 2007, 2008, and 2009, the Company made no termination payments.

m) As mentioned in Note 3 above, in December 2008, the Company's shares in USCO were donated to Carso Foundation (related party).

17. Shareholders Equity

Shares

a) In July 2005, the Company carried out a three-for-one share split of its outstanding shares, as was approved at the extraordinary shareholders meeting held on April 27, 2005. As a result, the Company's capital stock at December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009 was represented by 34,897,833,852 shares (11,712,316,330 of Series AA, 547,508,654 of Series A and 22,638,008,877 of Series L) for 2007, 33,250,796,049 shares (11,712,316,330 of Series AA, 480,036,244 of Series A and 21,058,443,475 of Series L) for 2008 and 32,283,917,456 shares (11,712,316,330 of Series AA, 450,920,648 of Series A and 20,120,680,478 of Series L) for 2009, with no par value and limited voting rights (Series L). Such amounts include the retroactive effect of the split mentioned above and the effect of the merger as mentioned in the next paragraph. These shares represented the Company's fixed minimum capital at such dates.

Table of Contents

b) The Company's capital stock before the 2006 merger with América Telecom consisted of a fixed amount of Ps. 402,900 (historical), represented by 48,348,005,796 shares (including treasury shares for re-subscription in terms of the Securities Trading Act and the general provisions issued by the National Securities and Bonding Commission (NSBC)), consisting of: (i) 11,420,301,030 common registered Series AA shares, with no par value; (ii) 979,846,541 common registered Series A shares, with no par value and; (iii) 35,947,858,245 registered Series L shares, with no par value and limited voting rights. All of the above-mentioned shares were fully subscribed and paid in.

c) After the merger, the Company's capital stock consisted of a fixed amount of Ps. 397,873 (historical), represented by 47,744,862,098 shares (including treasury shares for re-subscription in terms of the Securities Trading Act and the general provisions issued by the NSBC, consisting of: (i) 11,717,316,330 common registered Series AA shares; (ii) 599,818,479 common registered Series A shares; (iii) 35,427,727,289 registered Series L shares. All of the above-mentioned shares were fully subscribed and paid in.

d) At December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009, the Company had treasury shares for re-subscription in terms of the Securities Trading Act and the general provisions issued by the NSBC as follows: 12,847,028,246 shares (12,814,643,242 Series L and 32,385,004 Series A) for 2007, 14,494,066,049 shares (14,460,871,645 Series L and 33,194,404 Series A) for 2008 and 15,460,944,642 shares (15,423,542,538 Series L and 37,402,104 Series A) for 2009.

e) Holders of Series AA and Series A shares have full voting rights. Holders of Series L shares are entitled to vote only to elect two members of the Board of Directors and the corresponding alternate directors and on the following matters: extension of the term of América Móvil, its voluntary dissolution, a change in its corporate purpose or nationality, transformation of América Móvil from one type of company to another and mergers, as well as the cancellation of the registration of the shares issued by the Company in the National Registry of Securities and Intermediaries and in other foreign stock exchanges, with the exception of valuation systems or other markets not organized as stock exchanges.

The Company's bylaws contain restrictions and limitations related to the subscription and acquisition of Series AA shares by foreign investors.

f) In conformity with the Company's bylaws, Series AA shares must represent at all times no less than 20% and no more than 51% of the Company's capital stock and also must represent at all times no less than 51% of the combined number of common registered shares (with full voting rights represented by Series AA and Series A shares).

Series AA shares may only be subscribed or acquired by Mexican individuals, Mexican corporations and trusts expressly authorized to do so in conformity with the applicable legislation in force. Common A shares, which may be freely subscribed, must represent no more than 19.6% of the Company's capital stock and no more than 49% of its common shares. Common registered shares (with full voting rights represented by Series AA and Series A shares) may not exceed 51% of the Company's capital stock. Lastly, the combined number of Series L shares, which have limited voting rights and may be freely subscribed, and Series A shares may not exceed 80% of the Company's capital stock. For purposes of determining these restrictions, the percentages mentioned above refer only to the number of shares outstanding.

Table of Contents

Dividends

g) On April 27, 2007, the Company's stockholders declared a cash dividend of Ps. 0.20 per Series AA, A and L share, for a total distribution of Ps. 6,712,544, payable in full on July 27, 2007 against coupon No. 22 of the titles that represent the Company's capital stock.

On October 29, 2007, the Company's stockholders declared a cash dividend of Ps. 1.00 per Series AA, A and L share, for a total distribution of Ps. 35,414,993, payable in full on November 6, 2007 against coupon No. 23 of the titles that represent the Company's capital stock.

On April 29, 2008, the Company's stockholders approved payment of a cash dividend of Ps. 0.26 per Series AA, A and L share, for a total distribution of Ps. 8,904,997, payable in full on July 25, 2008 against coupon No. 24 of the titles that represent the Company's capital stock.

On April 20, 2009, the Company's stockholders approved payment of a cash dividend of Ps. 0.30 per Series AA, A and L share, for a total distribution of Ps. 9,812,319, payable in full on July 24, 2009 against coupon No. 25 of the titles that represent the Company's capital stock.

On December 1, 2009, the Company's stockholders approved payment of a cash dividend of Ps. 0.50 per Series AA, A and L share, for a total distribution of Ps. 16,166,730, payable in full on December 10, 2009 against coupon No. 26 of the titles that represent the Company's capital stock.

All the information has been adjusted to give effect to the split and the merger; consequently, the information above may not necessarily coincide with the information shown in the Company's legal records of the dates on which the stockholders' meetings were held.

The aforementioned dividends were paid from the Net tax profit account (CUFIN) of the Company.

Repurchase of shares

h) During the three-year period ended December 31, 2009, the Company has repurchased shares, as shown below. The amount of the repurchase price in excess of the capital stock represented by the shares was charged to retained earnings:

Year	No. of shares in millions		Amount in thousands of Mexican pesos		Historical amount in thousands of Mexican pesos ¹	
	Series L	Series A	Series L	Series A	Series L	Series A
2007	405	0.8	Ps.12,829,295	Ps. 27,143	Ps.12,617,400	Ps. 26,915
2008	1,646	0.8	41,736,011	19,558	41,736,011	19,558
2009	962	4	24,587,700	118,016	24,587,700	118,016

1) In conformity with Article 20 of the Mexican Corporations Act, at least 5% of the Company's net income of the year must be appropriated to increase the legal reserve. This practice must be continued each year until the legal reserve reaches at least 20% of capital stock.

Table of Contents

18. Income Tax, Flat Rate Business Tax and Asset Tax

I) Mexico

a) Effective January 2002, the Ministry of Finance and Public Credit authorized América Móvil to consolidate its tax results with those of its Mexican subsidiaries.

Tax consolidation is a legal precept in Mexico that consists of presenting the tax results of all Mexican subsidiaries and the controlling company (América Móvil, as a legal entity) together as a single legal entity.

b) Asset Tax (AT) and Flat Rate Business Tax (FRBT)

Through 2007, the asset tax was payable based on 1.25% of the average value of most assets.

Beginning January 1, 2008, the Flat-Rate Business Tax (FRBT) Law abolished the Asset Tax Law. The FRBT Law establishes a procedure for determining asset tax payable through December 2007, which can be recovered beginning in 2008.

Current-year FRBT is computed by applying the 16.5% (17% for 2009) to income determined on the basis of cash flows, net of authorized credits.

FRBT credits result mainly from the negative FRBT base to be amortized, salary and social security contribution credits, and credits arising from the deduction of certain assets, such as inventories and fixed assets, during the transition period as of the date on which the FRBT became effective.

FRBT is payable only to the extent it exceeds income tax for the same period. To determine FRBT payable, income tax paid in a given period is first subtracted from the FRBT of the same period.

When the FRBT base is negative because deductions exceed taxable income, there is no FRBT payable. The amount of the negative base multiplied by the FRBT rate results in a FRBT credit, which may be applied against income tax for the same year or, if applicable, against FRBT payable in the next ten years.

c) Corporate income tax rate

i) The corporate income tax rate for 2007, 2008 and 2009 was 28% in Mexico.

ii) An analysis of income tax charged to results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009 is as follows:

Table of Contents

	2007	2008	2009
In Mexico:			
Current year income tax	Ps. 11,096,983	Ps. 16,358,514	Ps. 17,371,300
Deferred income tax	5,250,377	(361,855)	948,916
Deferred FRBT	117,237		
Asset tax	1,080,303		
Effect of decrease in tax rate			(279,837)
Abroad:			
Current year income tax	5,617,616	8,594,349	10,303,070
Deferred income tax	(708,249)	(4,702,671)	(6,084,141)
Total	Ps. 22,454,267	Ps. 19,888,337	Ps. 22,259,308

iii) A reconciliation of the statutory corporate income tax rate to the effective tax rate recognized by the Company for financial reporting purposes is as follows:

	2007	Year ended December 31, 2008	2009
Statutory income tax rate in Mexico	28.0%	28.0%	28.0%
Effect of non-taxable, non-deductible items:			
Tax inflation effect	0.4	3.2	1.0
Asset tax	(0.4)		
Tax benefit from tax consolidation	(1.0)		
Tax benefit derived from carryforward of tax losses	(1.8)		
Operations of subsidiaries abroad	(0.9)	(3.2)	(1.0)
Other	0.6	0.3	1.8
Effective tax rate on Mexican operations	24.9	28.3	29.8
Tax reversal of NOL s and temporary differences from Brazil		(4.2)	(5.1)
Tax credits compensation		(1.3)	(1.8)
Revenues and costs of foreign subsidiaries	2.7	2.2	(0.5)
Effective income tax rate before effect derived from the recognition of deferred FRBT	27.6%	25.0%	22.4%
Deferred FRBT	0.1		
Effective income tax rate	27.7%	25.0%	22.4%

Table of Contents

iv) An analysis of the effects of temporary differences on net deferred tax liabilities is as follows:

	December 31,	
	2008	2009
Deferred tax assets		
Accrued liabilities	Ps. (1,697,482)	Ps. (2,299,510)
Other	(557,010)	(892,856)
Deferred income	(1,719,045)	(1,760,799)
Tax losses	(8,544,867)	(10,776,987)
	(12,518,404)	(15,730,152)
Deferred tax liabilities		
Fixed assets	5,468,840	5,488,079
Sale and leaseback	1,668,061	1,470,520
Inventories	540,716	534,474
Licenses	346,387	350,230
Deferred effects of tax consolidation in Mexican subsidiaries	4,101,855	3,218,858
Futures agreements with affiliates	1,893,720	2,829,468
Royalty advances	1,630,000	3,030,000
Tax losses from Mexican subsidiaries	6,574,533	8,854,119
Effect of translation of foreign subsidiaries	2,825,486	10,276,172
Other	592,575	914,712
	25,642,173	36,966,632
Plus:		
Valuation allowance	1,497,306	1,325,602
Other		(279,837)
Total deferred tax liability, net	Ps. 14,621,075	Ps. 22,282,245

An analysis of the temporary differences that comprise the net deferred tax asset at December 31, 2008 and 2009 is as follows:

	December 31,	
	2008	2009
Deferred tax assets		
Accrued liabilities	Ps. (3,630,658)	Ps. (7,514,024)
Fixed assets	(771,771)	(791,803)
Deferred revenues	(46,308)	(35,300)
Other	(1,386,356)	(2,165,169)
Tax losses	(15,265,167)	(17,800,092)
	(21,100,260)	(28,306,388)
Deferred tax liabilities		
Sale and leaseback	41,424	25,063
Licenses	110,803	14,303
Other	18,779	20,603
	171,006	59,969

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Less: Valuation allowance	11,632,887	12,337,624
Total deferred tax asset, net	Ps. (9,296,367)	Ps. (15,908,795)

At December 31, 2008 and 2009, the table shown above includes the deferred tax asset of TracFone, Enitel and Puerto Rico. The deferred tax asset in Puerto Rico refers to the income tax benefit this subsidiary will enjoy upon settling its labor obligations. Deferred taxes also include an account receivable arising from differences in the book and tax values of the plant and equipment of Comcel in Colombia.

Table of Contents

Additionally, there is a deferred income tax asset recognized in Brazil resulting from tax losses obtained at the time of acquisition and subsequent to the acquisition date, as well as other temporary differences. In 2008 and 2009, the valuation allowance related to this deferred income tax asset was reduced, resulting in a credit of Ps. 4,428,593 and Ps. 6,419,448, respectively, to deferred income tax expense.

g) Changes in Mexican tax legislation effective beginning in 2010

On December 7, 2009, the Mexican Congress passed a tax reform bill that includes an increase in the corporate income tax rate from 28% to 30% from 2010 until 2012, which will then decrease to 29% for 2013 and 28% for 2014 and thereafter.

The effect of such change in the income tax rate represented a decrease of Ps. 279,837 in the Company's deferred income tax liability, since the reversal amount of certain differences in balance sheet accounts for financial and tax reporting purposes was calculated using the 30% statutory rate.

Dividends paid from sources other than the Net taxed profits account (CUFIN) will be subject to the following gross-up or split factors:

Year	Gross-up factor
2009	1.3889
2010 to 2012	1.4286
2013	1.4085
2014 and thereafter	1.3889

Tax consolidation

Additionally, the 2010 Mexican Tax Reform establishes a procedure for a partial or total deconsolidation for certain items that, under the tax consolidation regulations previously permitted under the law, had been deferred from 2004 to date. Such items are as follows depending on the year in which the original tax benefit was taken in the tax consolidation:

- i) Tax losses of the controlling company or controlled companies
- ii) Loss on sale of shares issued by controlled companies
- iii) Book dividends paid from sources other than the CUFIN
- iv) Adjustements from changes in equity interest percentages
- v) As of 2010, the deferred-payment procedure must include the difference in CUFIN between the controlled companies and the controlling company.

The payment schedule for aforementioned items in the case of a partial deconsolidation would be remitted as follows:

Year	Portion to be remitted
2010	25%
2011	25%
2012	20%
2013	15%
2014	15%

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The Company's deferred tax consolidation items are represented primarily by tax losses that were previously benefited in the Company's tax consolidation but that now should be remitted. These amounts may now be carried forward on an individual basis by the individual companies. Such amounts are presented in the deferred tax table above, with retrospective disclosure for comparable amounts in the prior year.

h) At December 31, 2009, the balance of the Company's Restated contributed capital account (CUCA) and Net tax profit account (CUFIN) aggregated Ps. 105,262,200 and Ps. 3,758,442, respectively.

Table of Contents**II) Subsidiaries abroad**

a) Net income

The foreign subsidiaries determine their income tax based on the individual results of each subsidiary and in conformity with the specific tax regime of each country. An analysis of the aggregate pretax income and aggregate tax provisions of these subsidiaries in 2007, 2008 and 2009 is as follows:

Item	December 31,		
	2007	2008	2009
Aggregate pretax income	Ps. 22,894,721	Ps. 21,354,353	Ps. 45,150,209
Aggregate tax provisions, including deferred taxes	4,909,367	3,891,678	4,218,929

b) Tax losses

At December 31, 2009, América Móvil's foreign subsidiaries had available tax loss carryforwards as follows:

Country	Available tax loss carryforward at December 31, 2009	Future tax benefit
Chile	Ps . 11,310,990	Ps . 1,922,868
Brazil	50,051,386	17,517,985
México	31,621,853	8,854,119
Puerto Rico	773,223	270,628
USA	32,797	11,479
Total	Ps . 93,790,249	Ps . 28,577,079

The tax loss carryforwards in the different countries in which the Company operates have the following expiration dates and characteristics:

- i) In Brazil, tax loss carryforwards do not expire; however, the carryforward amount that may be utilized in each year may not exceed 30% of the tax base for such year, so that in the year on which taxable income is generated, the effective tax rate is 25% rather than the 34% corporate rate.
- ii) In Chile, the tax loss carryforwards have no expiration date. The corporate tax rate is 17%; therefore, at the time tax losses are incurred taxpayers may enjoy a maximum 17% benefit of the amount of the loss.

19. Segments

América Móvil operates primarily in one operating segment (cellular services); however, as mentioned in Note 1 above, the Company has international telecommunications operations in Mexico, Guatemala, Nicaragua, Ecuador, El Salvador, Brazil, Argentina, Colombia, United States, Honduras, Chile, Peru, Paraguay, Uruguay, the Dominican Republic, Puerto Rico, Jamaica, and Panama. The accounting policies for the segments are the same as those described in Note 2.

Company's management analyzes the financial and operating information by geographical segment. However, the information for significant countries, whose revenues aggregates more than 10% of consolidated revenues and more than 10% of consolidated assets, is presented separately.

Table of Contents

	Mexico (1)	Brazil	Southern Cone (2)	Colombia and Panama	Andean (3)	Central America (4)	U.S.A. (5)	Caribbean (6)	Dominican Republic	Eliminations	Consolidated total
December 31, 2007											
Operating revenues	144,895,069	58,304,614	27,236,872	29,614,027	16,210,004	16,917,573	15,603,705	9,779,538	10,990,058	(17,971,698)	311,579,760
Depreciation and amortization	7,661,902	13,970,397	2,664,336	6,841,611	1,930,027	3,837,280	282,504	1,982,504	1,235,457		40,406,013
Operating income	59,160,330	607,980	2,690,863	7,616,334	3,724,817	4,697,885	1,503,392	1,331,978	3,945,926	(85,167)	85,194,331
Interest expense	6,804,449	1,012,354	728,647	575,174	208,798	185,594		212,407	64	(2,030,520)	7,696,997
Segment assets	571,661,701	95,359,385	32,281,803	40,697,444	21,629,821	34,747,392	6,710,313	20,095,070	33,059,612	(507,121,226)	349,121,313
Plant, property and equipment, net	32,390,036	42,547,172	19,112,976	20,474,373	9,549,744	20,512,204	571,199	12,660,352	9,265,850		167,083,900
Goodwill, net			588,636	3,715,153	3,474,354	5,006,284	781,201	17,649,531	13,509,713		44,724,872
Trademarks, net		2,209,526	978,550	1,124,645	195	671,561		328,495	288,182		5,601,159
Licenses, net	4,989,973	23,284,334	1,686,476	2,455,911	1,437,380	1,118,672		1,591,558			36,564,303
December 31, 2008											
Operating revenues	166,582,112	70,484,150	30,541,276	32,621,989	20,217,826	16,051,352	16,545,768	12,883,853	11,240,768	(31,514,186)	345,654,900
Depreciation and amortization	9,164,283	15,101,006	3,043,500	4,223,943	1,862,316	4,216,965	312,134	2,490,675	1,352,487		41,767,309
Operating income	60,911,024	1,584,203	5,701,590	10,911,635	5,284,123	3,072,735	943,099	1,611,954	3,373,114	2,152,670	95,546,144
Interest expense	8,880,448	1,125,054	533,162	599,818	289,439	340,366	179	113,273	52	(2,931,229)	8,950,566
Segment assets	729,196,475	104,288,579	42,051,725	54,579,734	35,066,903	47,566,628	9,993,465	27,838,108	39,816,155	(654,942,303)	435,455,470
Plant, property and equipment, net	40,100,016	47,003,912	23,942,465	23,849,740	13,075,185	29,792,843	684,644	17,871,323	13,576,692		209,896,820
Goodwill, net			575,985	4,156,145	3,843,755	4,657,139	781,201	17,614,553	13,067,503		44,696,286
Trademarks, net		1,753,208	847,843	960,133	141	697,252		400,742	351,220		5,010,559
Licenses, net	4,496,065	24,987,341	1,617,912	3,492,207	5,431,289	1,175,155		1,899,017			43,098,986
December 31, 2009											
Operating revenues	171,338,315	82,300,043	37,134,845	37,031,154	26,087,222	18,136,936	22,856,621	14,779,556	14,249,533	(29,203,194)	394,711,035
Depreciation and amortization	10,612,448	18,503,915	3,589,028	6,212,512	2,777,377	5,991,156	385,210	3,110,293	1,900,368		53,082,395
Operating income	66,956,926	1,367,578	7,577,580	11,852,749	7,668,006	1,935,719	956,112	361,472	3,891,136	1,641,678	104,208,959
Interest expense	7,514,531	1,662,272	377,327	536,275	635,370	423,766		58,730		(3,797,957)	7,410,312
Segment assets	825,120,225	139,554,893	43,608,175	57,077,379	37,805,040	39,002,035	9,816,822	26,853,227	39,870,958	(765,700,793)	453,007,909
Plant, property and equipment, net	39,776,646	61,517,942	25,583,969	27,960,767	13,888,045	27,156,572	673,774	17,674,928	12,816,366		227,049,000
Goodwill, net			589,017	4,378,428	3,675,875	4,609,315	781,201	17,584,720	14,186,723		45,805,271
Trademarks, net		1,296,921	670,376	795,621	54	538,041		339,690	333,824		3,974,527
Licenses, net	4,002,012	26,434,667	1,621,484	1,868,826	4,979,917	2,024,032		1,651,593			42,582,531

- (1) Mexico includes Telcel and corporate operations and assets
- (2) Southern Cone includes Argentina, Chile, Paraguay and Uruguay
- (3) Andean includes Ecuador and Peru.
- (4) Central America includes Guatemala, El Salvador, Honduras, and Nicaragua
- (5) Excludes Puerto Rico
- (6) Caribbean includes Puerto Rico and Jamaica

Table of Contents

20. Subsequent Events

a) On January 13, 2010, the Company announced that it will launch a tender offer to the shareholders of Carso Global Telecom, S.A.B. de C.V. (Telecom) for the exchange of the shares they hold in Telecom for shares in América Móvil. The exchange ratio would be 2.0474 to 1, which means that the shareholders of Telecom would receive 2.0474 shares of América Móvil per each share of Telecom

Should this offer be accepted by the shareholders of Telecom, América Móvil would indirectly acquire 59.4% of the outstanding shares of Teléfonos de México, S.A.B. de C.V. (Telmex) and 60.7% of the shares of Telmex Internacional, S.A.B. de C.V. (Telmex Internacional). At December 31, 2009, the net debt of Telecom was approximately Ps. 22,017 million. América Móvil also announced that it will make an offer to the shareholders of Telmex Internacional for the exchange or purchase of shares in Telmex Internacional not already owned by Telecom (39.3%). The exchange ratio would be 0.373 per share of América Móvil share per share of Telmex Internacional or, if paid in cash, the purchase price would be Ps. 11.66 per share.

In the event that, at completion of the processes described above, a sufficient number of shares are obtained, it is intended to delist both Telecom and Telmex Internacional in the various securities markets in which their shares are registered. These transactions were approved by the Board of Directors of América Móvil on January 13, 2010.

On February 11, 2010, the Comisión Federal de Competencia Económica (Mexican Federal Antitrust Commission or COFECO) approved these transactions through a resolution that confirms that the transaction would represent a corporate restructuring that would have no bearing whatsoever on the structure of the markets in which the companies involved do business.

b) On March 4, 2010, the Company issued Domestic Senior Notes based on the program that was authorized by the National Banking and Securities Commission and is registered under the number 2723-4.15-2008-006 in the National Securities Register.

The issuance was for an amount of Ps. 14,881,331, in three tranches, one for Ps. 4,600,000, with a maturity in February 2015, at an interest rate of 5.32%; the second tranche was issued in Investment Units (IU) that amounted to 743,487,900 (IU) (Ps. 3,281,331), with a maturity in February 2020 and the last tranche amounted to Ps. 7,000,000, with a maturity in February 2025, at an interest rate of 8.6%.

Table of Contents

g. Exhibit 25(g) AMX s Additional Report Dated April 2, 2010

United States
Securities and Exchange Commission
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

Report of Foreign Private Issuer
Pursuant To Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16
of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the month of April 2010
Commission File Number: 1-16269

AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V.

(Exact Name of the Registrant as Specified in the Charter)

America Mobile

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(Translation of Registrant's Name into English)

Lago Alberto 366,

Colonia Anahuac

11320 México, D.F., México

(Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

(Check One) Form 20-F Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

(Check One) Yes No

(If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b). 82- .)

Table of Contents

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
<u>Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements</u>	227
<u>Presentation of Financial Statements</u>	228
<u>Selected Consolidated Financial and Operating Data</u>	229
<u>Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges</u>	231
<u>Operating and Financial Review and Prospects</u>	232
<u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk</u>	251
<u>Recent Developments</u>	252
Exhibits:	
Calculation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges	Exhibit 11.1
Consent of Mancera, S.C.	Exhibit 23.1
Consent of BDO Seidman, LLP	Exhibit 23.2
Audited Consolidated Financial Statements under Mexican Financial Reporting Standards as of December 31, 2009 and 2008 and for the Years Ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007	Exhibit 99.1

We have prepared this report to provide our investors with disclosure and financial information regarding recent developments in our business and results of operation for the year ended December 31, 2009.

The information in this report supplements information contained in our annual report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2008 (File No. 001-16269), filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on June 30, 2009 (our 2008 Form 20-F).

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

This report on Form 6-K is hereby incorporated by reference into our registration statement on Form F-3 (Registration No. 333-162217), filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on September 30, 2009. The audited consolidated financial statements included in this Form 6-K supersede the PCAOB audited consolidated financial statements included in our 2008 Form 20-F for the purposes of the prospectus that is part of such registration statement.

Table of Contents

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report contains forward-looking statements. We may from time to time make forward-looking statements in our periodic reports to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, on Forms 20-F and 6-K, in our annual report to shareholders, in offering circulars and prospectuses, in press releases and other written materials, and in oral statements made by our officers, directors or employees to analysts, institutional investors, representatives of the media and others. Examples of such forward-looking statements include:

projections of operating revenues, net income (loss), net income (loss) per share, capital expenditures, dividends, capital structure or other financial items or ratios;

statements of our plans, objectives or goals, including those relating to acquisitions, competition, regulation and rates;

statements about our future economic performance or that of Mexico or other countries in which we operate;

competitive developments in the telecommunications sector in each of the markets where we currently operate;

other factors or trends affecting the telecommunications industry generally and our financial condition in particular; and

statements of assumptions underlying the foregoing statements.

We use words such as believe, anticipate, plan, expect, intend, target, estimate, project, predict, forecast, guideline, should, or similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements, but they are not the only way we identify such statements.

Forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties. We caution you that a number of important factors could cause actual results to differ materially from the plans, objectives, expectations, estimates and intentions expressed in such forward-looking statements. These factors, some of which are discussed under Risk Factors in our 2008 Form 20-F include economic and political conditions and government policies in Mexico, Brazil or elsewhere, inflation rates, exchange rates, regulatory developments, technological improvements, customer demand and competition. We caution you that the foregoing list of factors is not exclusive and that other risks and uncertainties may cause actual results to differ materially from those in forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made. We do not undertake any obligation to update such statements in light of new information or future developments.

You should evaluate any statements made by us in light of these important factors.

Table of Contents

PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This report includes our audited consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2008 and 2009 and for each of the three years ended December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009. Our consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Mexican Financial Reporting Standards (*Normas de Información Financiera Mexicanas*, or Mexican FRS) and are presented in Mexican pesos. The financial statements have been audited in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States of America). The financial statements of our non-Mexican subsidiaries have been adjusted to conform to Mexican FRS and translated to Mexican pesos. See Note 2(a)(ii) to our audited consolidated financial statements.

Mexican FRS differs in certain respects from U.S. GAAP. Note 21 to the audited consolidated financial statements provides a description of the principal differences between Mexican FRS and U.S. GAAP, as they relate to us, a reconciliation to U.S. GAAP of net income and total shareholder s equity and cash flow statements for the years ended 2008 and 2009 under U.S. GAAP.

Under Mexican FRS, our financial statements for periods ending prior to January 1, 2008 recognized the effects of inflation on financial information. Inflation accounting under Mexican FRS had extensive effects on the presentation of our financial statements through 2007. See Inflation Accounting under Operating and Financial Review and Prospects in this report and Note 2(f) to our audited consolidated financial statements.

Beginning with the year ended December 31, 2012, Mexican issuers with securities listed on a Mexican securities exchange will be required to prepare financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (or IFRS) as adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (or IASB). Issuers may voluntarily report using IFRS before the change in the reporting standards becomes mandatory. We plan to begin reporting financial statements in IFRS for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010.

On December 13, 2006, our shareholders approved the merger of América Telecom, S.A.B. de C.V., or Amtel, our then controlling shareholder, and its subsidiary Corporativo Empresarial de Comunicaciones, S.A. de C.V., or Corporativo, with us. As a result of the merger, we assumed assets and liabilities based on Amtel s unaudited financial statements as of October 31, 2006. In accordance with Mexican FRS, the merger with Amtel has been accounted for on a historical basis similar to a pooling of interest basis and we have adjusted our financial information and selected financial information presented in this report to include the consolidated assets, liabilities and results of operations of Amtel for periods presented up to December 31, 2006.

References herein to U.S.\$ are to U.S. dollars. References herein to Mexican pesos, P. or Ps. are to Mexican pesos.

This report contains translations of various Mexican peso amounts into U.S. dollars at specified rates solely for your convenience. You should not construe these translations as representations by us that the nominal Mexican peso or constant Mexican peso amounts actually represent the U.S. dollar amounts or could be converted into U.S. dollars at the rate indicated. Unless otherwise indicated, we have translated U.S. dollar amounts from constant Mexican pesos at the exchange rate of Ps. 13.0587 to U.S.\$1.00, which was the rate reported by Banco de México for December 31, 2009, as published in the Official Gazette of the Federation (*Diario Oficial de la Federación*, or Official Gazette).

Table of Contents**SELECTED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL AND OPERATING DATA**

The selected financial and operating information set forth below has been derived in part from our audited consolidated financial statements, which have been reported on by Mancera S.C., a Member Practice of Ernst & Young Global, an independent registered public accounting firm. The selected financial and operating information should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, our audited consolidated financial statements.

	As of and for the year ended December 31, ⁽¹⁾					2009
	2005 ⁽⁹⁾⁽¹²⁾	2006 ⁽⁹⁾⁽¹²⁾	2007 ⁽⁹⁾⁽¹⁰⁾⁽¹²⁾	2008 ⁽⁹⁾⁽¹²⁾	2009 ⁽⁹⁾	(millions of U.S. dollars) ⁽²⁾
	(2009 and 2008 in millions of Mexican pesos, previous years in millions of constant Mexican pesos as of December 31, 2007) ⁽²⁾					
Income Statement Data:						
<i>Mexican FRS</i>						
Operating revenues	Ps. 196,638	Ps. 243,005	Ps. 311,580	Ps. 345,655	Ps. 394,711	U.S.\$ 30,225
Operating costs and expenses	159,928	181,971	226,386	250,109	290,502	22,246
Depreciation and amortization	22,955	27,884	40,406	41,767	53,082	4,065
Operating income	36,710	61,034	85,194	95,546	104,209	7,980
Comprehensive financing (income) cost	2,790	28	387	13,865	2,982	228
Net income	33,127	44,509	58,697	59,575	76,998	5,896
Earnings per share:						
Basic ⁽³⁾	0.92	1.25	1.67	1.74	2.35	0.18
Diluted ⁽³⁾	0.92	1.25	1.67	1.74	2.35	0.18
Dividends declared per share ⁽⁴⁾	0.37	0.10	1.20	0.26	0.80	0.06
Dividends paid per share ⁽⁵⁾	0.37	0.12	1.20	0.26	0.80	0.06
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (millions) ⁽⁶⁾ :						
Basic	35,766	35,459	35,149	34,220	32,738	
Diluted	35,766	35,459	35,149	34,220	32,738	
<i>U.S. GAAP</i>						
Operating revenues ⁽⁷⁾	Ps. 183,417	Ps. 231,509	Ps. 299,335	Ps. 330,712	Ps. 377,589	U.S.\$ 28,915
Operating costs and expenses	149,415	172,170	220,294	237,737	275,391	21,089
Depreciation and amortization	25,037	30,020	46,698	43,961	55,139	4,222
Operating income	34,002	59,339	79,041	92,975	102,198	7,826
Comprehensive financing (income) cost	(140)	(1,084)	(267)	19,629	2,864	219
Net income	33,102	40,726	55,529	54,252	74,360	5,694
Earnings per share:						
Basic ⁽³⁾	0.92	1.15	1.58	1.58	2.27	0.17
Diluted ⁽³⁾	0.92	1.15	1.58	1.58	2.27	0.17

(footnotes on following page)

Table of Contents

	As of and for the year ended December 31, ⁽¹⁾					2009
	2005 ⁽¹⁰⁾⁽¹²⁾	2006 ⁽¹⁰⁾⁽¹²⁾	2007 ⁽¹⁰⁾⁽¹¹⁾⁽¹²⁾	2008 ⁽¹⁰⁾⁽¹²⁾	2009 ⁽⁹⁾	2009
	(2009 and 2008 in millions of Mexican pesos, previous years in millions					(millions of
	of constant Mexican pesos as of December 31, 2007) ⁽²⁾					U.S.
						dollars) ⁽²⁾
Balance Sheet Data:						
<i>Mexican FRS</i>						
Property, plant and equipment, net	Ps. 120,734	Ps. 143,090	Ps. 167,084	Ps. 209,897	Ps. 227,049	U.S.\$ 17,387
Total assets	249,171	328,325	349,121	435,455	453,008	34,690
Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt	22,176	26,214	19,953	26,731	9,168	702
Long-term debt	68,346	89,038	84,799	116,755	101,741	7,791
Total shareholder s equity ⁽⁸⁾	77,909	113,747	126,858	144,925	177,906	13,624
Capital stock	36,565	36,555	36,552	36,532	36,524	2,797
Number of outstanding shares (millions) ⁽⁶⁾⁽⁹⁾						
AA Shares	10,915	10,859	11,712	11,712	11,712	
A Shares	761	571	547	480	451	
L Shares	23,967	23,872	22,638	21,058	20,121	
<i>U.S. GAAP</i>						
Property, plant and equipment, net	Ps. 136,871	Ps. 156,449	Ps. 177,424	Ps. 212,264	Ps. 227,349	U.S.\$ 17,410
Total assets	268,479	349,564	363,075	443,544	459,164	35,161
Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt	22,176	26,213	19,953	26,731	9,168	702
Long-term debt	68,346	89,037	84,799	116,755	101,741	7,791
Capital stock	37,026	37,017	37,014	36,994	36,986	2,832
Total shareholder s equity	Ps. 93,359	Ps. 125,593	Ps. 137,660	Ps. 151,895	Ps. 190,051	U.S.\$ 14,553
Subscriber Data:						
Number of subscribers (in thousands)	93,329	124,776	157,287	186,568	204,761	
Subscriber growth	52.70%	33.70%	23.20%	18.60%	9.8%	

- (1) In accordance with Mexican FRS, the merger with Amtel has been accounted for on a historical basis similar to a pooling of interest basis and we have adjusted our financial information and selected financial information presented in this report to include the consolidated assets, liabilities and results of operations of Amtel for periods presented up to December 31, 2006.
- (2) Except per share data.
- (3) We have not included earnings or dividends on a per ADS basis. Each AMX L ADS represents 20 AMX L Shares and each AMX A ADS represents 20 AMX A Shares.
- (4) Nominal amounts. Figures provided represent the annual dividend declared at the general shareholders meeting and for 2005 and 2007 include special dividends of Ps. 0.30 per share and Ps. 1.0 per share, respectively.
- (5) Nominal amounts (except for 2009). For more information on dividends paid per share translated into U.S. dollars, see Financial Information Dividends under Item 8 of our 2008 Form 20-F. Amount in U.S. dollars translated at the exchange rate on each of the respective payment dates.
- (6) All L Share figures have been adjusted retroactively to reflect a reduction in AMX L Shares as a result of our merger with Amtel. The increase in AMX AA Shares between 2006 and 2007 was due to the exchange of shares of Amtel for our shares in connection with our merger with Amtel. Subject to certain restrictions, the shareholders of Amtel were free to elect to receive AMX L Shares or AMX AA Shares.
- (7) The differences between our Mexican FRS and U.S. GAAP operating revenues include the reclassification of (1) the application of ASC 605-50, Customer Payments and Incentives, which we have applied to all periods presented in this table and which resulted in a reclassification of certain commissions paid to distributors from commercial, administrative and general expenses under Mexican FRS to reductions in operating revenues under U.S. GAAP, and (2) the application of ASC 605-25, Multiple Element Arrangements, which addresses certain aspects of accounting for sales that involved multiple revenue generating products and/or services sold under a single contractual agreement. See Note 21 to our audited consolidated financial statements.
- (8) Includes non-controlling interest.
- (9) As of year-end.
- (10)

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Note 2z.3 to our audited consolidated financial statements describes new accounting pronouncements under Mexican FRS that came into force in 2009. The pronouncements that became effective on January 1, 2009, were fully implemented in the financial statements included in this report. These new accounting pronouncements were applied on a prospective basis. As a result, the financial statements of prior years, which are presented for comparative purposes, have not been modified and may not be comparable to our financial statements for 2009.

- (11) Beginning in 2007, we capitalize interest under Mexican FRS.
- (12) Net income and shareholder's equity information for prior years was retrospectively adjusted for presentation and disclosure purposes, in accordance with amendments to Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 810, *Consolidation*. ASC 810 states that a noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary is an ownership interest in the consolidated entity that should be reported as equity in the consolidated financial statements, and requires consolidated net income to be reported at amounts that include the amounts attributable to both the parent and the noncontrolling interest.

Table of Contents**RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES**

The following table sets forth our consolidated ratios of earnings to fixed charges for each year in the five-year period ended December 31, 2009, in accordance with Mexican FRS and U.S. GAAP.

	Year ended December 31,				
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Mexican FRS ⁽¹⁾	4.6	7.2	9.0	7.6	9.9
U.S. GAAP ⁽²⁾	4.5	7.0	8.7	7.5	9.7

- (1) Earnings, for this purpose, consist of earnings from continuing operations before income taxes, plus fixed charges and depreciation of capitalized interest and minus interest capitalized during the period. Through December 31, 2006, for Mexican FRS purposes, employee profit-sharing is considered an income tax and earnings are calculated before the provision for employee profit-sharing. Fixed charges, for this purpose, consist of interest expense plus interest capitalized during the period. Fixed charges do not take into account gain or loss from monetary position or exchange gain or loss attributable to our indebtedness.
- (2) Earnings, for this purpose, consist of earnings from continuing operations before income taxes, plus fixed charges and depreciation of capitalized interest and minus interest capitalized during the period. Under U.S. GAAP, employee profit-sharing is considered an operating expense and earnings are calculated after the provision for employee profit-sharing. Fixed charges, for this purpose, consist of interest expense plus interest capitalized during the period. Fixed charges do not take into account gain or loss from monetary position or exchange gain or loss attributable to our indebtedness.

Table of Contents

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW AND PROSPECTS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included as Exhibit 99.1 to this report. Our financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Mexican FRS, which differs in certain respects from U.S. GAAP. Note 21 to our audited consolidated financial statements provides a description of the principal differences between Mexican FRS and U.S. GAAP, as they relate to us, a reconciliation to U.S. GAAP of income and total shareholder's equity, a description of how operating income under U.S. GAAP was determined and cash flow statements for the years ended 2008 and 2009 under U.S. GAAP.

Under Mexican FRS, our financial statements for periods ending prior to January 1, 2008 recognized the effects of inflation on financial information. Inflation accounting under Mexican FRS had extensive effects on the presentation of our financial statements through 2007. See Inflation Accounting below and Note 2(f) to our audited consolidated financial statements.

The following discussion analyzes certain operating data, such as average revenues per subscriber (also referred to as ARPU), average minutes of use per subscriber (also referred to as average MOUs per subscriber) and churn rate, that are not included in our financial statements. We calculate ARPU for a given period by dividing service revenues for such period by the average number of subscribers for such period. The figure includes both prepaid and postpaid customers. We calculate churn rate as the total number of customer deactivations for a period divided by total subscribers at the beginning of such period.

We provide this operating data because it is regularly reviewed by management and because management believes it is useful in evaluating our performance from period to period. We believe that presenting information about ARPU and MOUs is useful in assessing the usage and acceptance of our products and services, and that presenting churn rate is useful in assessing our ability to retain subscribers. This additional operating information may not be comparable with similarly titled measures and disclosures by other companies.

We count our wireless subscribers by the number of lines activated. We continue to count postpaid subscribers for the length of their contracts. We disconnect, or churn, our postpaid subscribers at the moment they voluntarily discontinue their service or following a prescribed period of time after they become delinquent. We disconnect our prepaid subscribers after a period of four months after they discontinue using our service, so long as they have not activated a calling card or received traffic. We calculate our subscriber market share by comparing our own subscriber figures with the total market subscriber figures periodically reported by the regulatory authorities in the markets in which we operate. We understand that these regulatory authorities compile total market subscriber figures based on subscriber figures provided to them by market participants, and we do not independently verify these figures.

Inflation Accounting

Through the end of 2007, Mexican FRS required us to recognize effects of inflation in our financial statements. They also required us to present financial statements from prior periods in constant pesos as of the end of the most recent period presented. We present financial information for 2008 and 2009 in nominal pesos and financial information for 2007 and prior years in constant pesos as of December 31, 2007.

Cessation of Inflation Accounting under Mexican FRS

Mexican FRS changed beginning on January 1, 2008, and the inflation accounting methods no longer apply, except where the economic environment qualifies as inflationary for purposes of Mexican FRS. The environment is inflationary if the cumulative inflation rate equals or exceeds an aggregate of 26% over three years (equivalent to an average of 8% in each year). Based on current forecasts, we do not expect the Mexican economic environment to qualify as inflationary in 2010, but that could change depending on actual economic performance.

Changes in Mexican FRS

Note 2z.3 to our audited consolidated financial statements discusses new accounting pronouncements under Mexican FRS that came into force in 2009 and that will come into force in 2010. The pronouncements that became effective on January 1, 2009 were fully implemented in the financial statements included in this report. In 2010, other pronouncements might affect certain aspects of our financial statements. The 2009 accounting pronouncements were applied on a prospective basis and prior years' financial statements have not been adjusted. As a result, our financial statements for 2009 may not be comparable to our financial statements for prior years.

Table of Contents

Transition to IFRS

Beginning with the year ended December 31, 2012, Mexican issuers with securities listed on a Mexican securities exchange will be required to prepare financial information in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB. Issuers may voluntarily report using IFRS before the change in the reporting standards becomes mandatory. We plan to begin presenting financial statements in accordance with IFRS for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010.

Overview

Trends in Operating Results

We have experienced significant growth in our operating revenues (14.2% in 2009, 10.9% in 2008 and 28.2% in 2007) and operating income (9.1% in 2009, 12.2% in 2008 and 39.6% in 2007) in recent years. Besides acquisitions, the principal factors affecting our operating revenues and operating income relate to growth in subscribers and traffic. Traffic can grow as a result of increased usage by existing customers or as a result of subscriber growth or both. In recent years, we have experienced a significant increase in the usage of value-added services, such as data services.

We have generally experienced both increased usage and subscriber growth in recent periods. Due principally to competitive pressures, we generally have not increased prices in recent periods. In many of our markets, we have introduced promotions and discount packages that tend to result in higher MOUs and lower ARPU. In addition, interconnection rates have been reduced in many of our markets. During 2009, for example, interconnection rates in Mexico, Colombia and Chile declined by 10%, 50% and 40%, respectively, as compared to 2008 levels. We expect the trend of declining prices to slow in 2010, but we also expect pressure on ARPU as a result of the economic crisis. Traffic increases may not continue to fully offset further price or rate declines, which may adversely affect our revenues and operating income.

At December 31, 2009, we had approximately 201.0 million wireless subscribers, as compared to 182.7 million at December 31, 2008, a 10.0% increase. During 2008, we experienced a 29.3 million or 19.1% increase in wireless subscribers. During 2007, we experienced a 28.6 million or 23.0% increase in wireless subscribers. Subscriber growth during 2009, 2008 and 2007 was substantially attributable to organic growth rather than acquisitions of new companies. We experienced wireless subscriber growth in every segment, with the largest amounts attributable to Brazil (5.7 million net new subscribers, or 31.07% of total net new subscribers), the United States (3.2 million net new subscribers, or 17.73% of total net new subscribers), Mexico (2.8 million net new subscribers, or 15.32% of total net new subscribers) and the Southern Cone (2.2 million net new subscribers, or 12.1% of total net new subscribers). The rate of organic growth in subscribers was adversely affected by the recent economic crisis. However, the South American economies recovered faster than we expected. This recovery resulted in faster subscriber growth in these markets and allowed us to meet our target for subscriber growth in 2009.

We believe that many of the markets we serve provide opportunities for continued growth; and as subscribers and traffic increase, we generally expect to report higher revenue and operating income (before depreciation and amortization) as a result of economies of scale. These effects can be partly or wholly offset, however, by the effects of competition on prices and subscriber acquisition costs. Our operating margins, particularly in certain geographic segments, have tended to decline during periods of accelerated subscriber growth because of the costs of acquiring new subscribers, which include subsidies for equipment purchases and activation commissions. As our subscriber base grows and new subscribers represent a lower fraction of our subscriber base, our operating margins have generally improved, although we cannot give assurances that this improvement will continue.

We have launched and are actively promoting 3G and value-added services in all of our markets. The introduction of 3G services in our markets contributed to an increase of 31.1%, 24.1% and 19.8% in data revenues in

Table of Contents

2007, 2008 and 2009, respectively. Data revenues accounted for 18.1% of service revenues in 2009, as compared to 13.5% in 2008 and 12.4% in 2007. We expect that data revenues as a percentage of our service revenues will continue to increase as 3G services are more widely adopted.

Market and competitive conditions differ considerably in the markets in which we operate, and these conditions are sometimes subject to rapid change.

Effects of Recent Business Acquisitions

During 2007 and 2008, we made significant acquisitions. The consolidation of these companies affects the comparability of our recent results. We accounted for all of these acquisitions using the purchase method, and the results of each acquired company were consolidated in our financial statements as from the month following the consummation of its acquisition. Our audited consolidated financial statements reflect the consolidation of these companies as follows:

Telecomunicaciones de Puerto Rico, Inc. (from April 2007);

Oceanic Digital Jamaica Limited (from December 2007); and

Estesa Holding Corp. (from September 2008).

There were no significant acquisitions in 2009.

Geographic Segments

We have operations in 18 countries, which are grouped for financial reporting purposes in nine geographic segments. Segment information is presented in Note 19 to our audited consolidated financial statements included in this report. Mexico is our largest single geographic market, accounting for 36.0% of our total operating revenues in 2009 and 29.4% of our total wireless subscribers at December 31, 2009. The percentage of our total operating revenues represented by Mexico decreased in 2009, as a result of acquisitions outside Mexico and faster organic revenue growth outside Mexico. We expect that our non-Mexican operations will continue to grow faster than Mexico, though exchange rate variations may affect the comparison in any given year.

Brazil is our second most important market in terms of revenues and subscribers, accounting for 20.9% of our total operating revenues in 2009 and 22.1% of our total wireless subscribers at December 31, 2009. We have made significant investments in Brazil in recent periods, through acquisitions and expansions of our networks, and the importance of our Brazilian operations has increased significantly with respect to our overall results.

Our Colombian and Panamanian operations have experienced accelerated subscriber growth in recent years; and, as a result, Colombia has become our third largest market in terms of revenues (9.4% in 2009) and subscribers (13.8% in 2009).

Table of Contents

The table below sets forth the percentage of our revenues and total wireless subscribers represented by each of our operating segments for the periods indicated.

	2007		2008		2009	
	% Revenues	% Subscribers ⁽¹⁾	% Revenues	% Subscribers ⁽¹⁾	% Revenues	% Subscribers ⁽¹⁾
Mexico	40.8	32.6	39.1	30.9	36.0	29.4
Brazil	18.7	19.7	20.4	21.2	20.9	22.1
Southern Cone ⁽²⁾	8.7	11.3	8.8	10.7	9.4	10.9
Colombia and Panama	9.5	14.6	9.5	15.0	9.4	13.8
Andean Region ⁽³⁾	5.2	8.1	5.8	8.5	6.6	8.8
Central America ⁽⁴⁾	5.4	5.3	4.6	5.0	4.6	4.8
United States	5.0	6.2	4.8	6.1	5.8	7.2
Dominican Republic	3.5	1.7	3.3	2.1	3.6	2.4
Caribbean ⁽⁵⁾	3.2	0.5	3.7	0.5	3.7	0.6
	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

(1) As of December 31.

(2) Includes our operations in Argentina, Chile, Paraguay and Uruguay.

(3) Includes our operations in Ecuador and Peru.

(4) Includes our operations in El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua.

(5) Includes our operations in Puerto Rico and Jamaica.

Our subsidiaries report significantly different operating margins. In 2009, Mexico reported operating margins higher than our consolidated operating margin, while the other segments reported lower operating margins.

Factors that drive financial performance differ for our operations in different countries, depending on subscriber acquisition costs, competitive situation, regulatory environment (including fees and revenue-based payments related to our concessions), economic factors, interconnection rates, capital expenditures requirements, debt profile and many other factors. Accordingly, our results of operations in each period reflect a combination of different effects in the different countries.

In recent years, we have experienced faster growth in our postpaid subscriber base than in our prepaid subscriber base, due in part to the quality of coverage and service and the technological platforms that allow us to offer more variety in data services. In 2009, Mexico, the Dominican Republic and the Caribbean reported postpaid subscriber increases that significantly exceeded those reported in 2008.

Effects of Economic Conditions and Exchange Rates

Our results of operations are affected by economic conditions in Mexico, Brazil, Colombia and the other countries in which we operate. The current recessionary environment in every country in which we operate may also impact our results of operations. In periods of slow economic growth, demand for telecommunications services tends to be adversely affected.

Effects of Exchange Rates

Our results of operations are affected by changes in currency exchange rates. As discussed above, currency variations between the Mexican peso and the currencies of our non-Mexican subsidiaries, especially the Brazilian real, may affect our results of operations as reported in Mexican pesos.

Changes in the value of the various operating currencies of our subsidiaries against the U.S. dollar also result in exchange losses or gains on our net U.S. dollar-denominated indebtedness and accounts payable. Appreciation of these currencies against the U.S. dollar generally results in foreign exchange gains, while depreciation of these currencies against the U.S. dollar generally results in foreign exchange losses. We recorded foreign exchange gains of Ps. 4,557 million in 2009. We recorded foreign exchange losses of Ps. 13,686 million in 2008 and foreign exchange

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gains of Ps. 2,463 million in 2007. Changes in exchange rates also affect the fair value of derivative instruments that we use to manage our currency risk exposures. We recognized Ps. 732 million in fair value losses on derivatives in 2009.

Table of Contents

Proposed Offers for Telmex Internacional and Carso Global Telecom

On January 13, 2010, we announced that we intend to conduct two separate but concurrent offers (the Proposed Offers) to acquire outstanding shares of Telmex Internacional, S.A.B. de C.V. (Telmex Internacional) and Carso Global Telecom, S.A.B. de C.V. (CGT). Telmex Internacional provides a wide range of telecommunications services in Brazil, Colombia and other countries in Latin America. CGT is a holding company with controlling interests in Telmex Internacional and Teléfonos de México, S.A.B. de C.V. (Telmex), a leading Mexican telecommunications provider. If the Proposed Offers are completed, we will acquire controlling interests in CGT, Telmex Internacional (directly and indirectly through CGT) and Telmex (indirectly through CGT). The principal purpose of the Proposed Offers is to pursue synergies between our business and that of Telmex Internacional.

The commencement of the Proposed Offers requires regulatory approvals that we have not yet received, and the completion of the Proposed Offers will also be subject to receiving regulatory approvals and to other conditions. It is possible that if not all such approvals or conditions are obtained or met we will not complete the Proposed Offers. Accordingly, there can be no assurance as to when we will launch the Proposed Offers or as to whether or when they will be completed.

Effects of Regulation

We operate in a regulated industry. Although currently we are free to set end prices to our wireless customers, our results of operations and financial condition have been, and will continue to be, affected by regulatory actions and changes. In recent periods, for example, regulators have imposed or promoted decreases to interconnection rates, and we expect further decreases in interconnection rates in Mexico, Chile and Colombia. Lower interconnection revenues have often been offset by increased traffic resulting from lower effective prices to customers, but this may change.

In addition, some jurisdictions may impose specific regulations on wireless carriers that are deemed dominant. Although we are not currently subject to any regulations or restrictions as a result of our market position, we are one of the subjects in ongoing general market investigations in Mexico to ascertain whether one or more cellular operators have substantial market power in one or more sectors of the telecommunications industry. In November 2008, Mexican Federal Competition Commission (*Comisión Federal de Competencia*, or Cofeco) issued a preliminary report (*dictamen preliminar*) finding that Telcel has substantial market power. The preliminary report was confirmed by the publication on February 10, 2010 of the relevant findings of a resolution relating to the existence of substantial market power in the nationwide market for voice services. In February 2010, Telcel filed an administrative proceeding (*recurso administrativo de reconsideración*) before Cofeco. When this administrative proceeding was rejected by Cofeco for analysis, Telcel filed an appeal (*amparo indirecto*) before an administrative judge against the rejection of the proceeding and against the issuance, subscription and publication of the February 10, 2010 resolution. Under the Antitrust Law (*Ley Federal de Competencia Económica*) and the Telecommunications Law (*Ley Federal de Telecomunicaciones*), if Cofeco makes a final finding of substantial market power concerning an operator, the Mexican Federal Communications Commission (*Comisión Federal de Telecomunicaciones*, or Cofotel) can impose on that operator specific regulations with respect to tariffs, quality of service and information. We cannot predict what regulatory steps Cofotel may take in response to determinations by Cofeco.

In September 2009, the Colombian Telecommunications Regulatory Commission (*Comisión de Regulación de Telecomunicaciones de Colombia*, or CRT) issued a series of resolutions stating that our Colombian subsidiary, Comcel, has a dominant position in Colombia's market for outgoing mobile services. Under Colombian law, a market participant is considered to have a dominant position in a specified market if the regulators determine that it has the capacity to control the conditions in that market. The CRT made its determination based on Comcel's traffic, revenues and subscriber base. The resolutions also included regulations requiring Comcel to charge rates (excluding access fees) for mobile-to-mobile calls outside the Comcel network (off net) that are not higher than the fees charged for mobile-to-mobile calls within the Comcel network (on net) plus access fees. The regulations were first implemented in December 4, 2009. These regulations will limit our flexibility in offering pricing plans to our customers, but we cannot predict the effects on our financial performance.

Composition of Operating Revenues

Most of our operating revenues (88.5% in 2009) is comprised of service revenues. Of our service revenues, the largest portion (34.0% in 2009) is from airtime charges for outgoing calls. We also derive a significant portion of our revenues from interconnection charges billed to other service providers for calls completed on our network. The primary driver of usage charges (airtime and interconnection charges) is traffic, which, in turn, is driven by the number of customers and by their average usage. Postpaid customers generally have an allotment of airtime each month for which they are not required to pay usage charges. Service revenues also include (1) monthly subscription charges paid by postpaid customers, (2) long-distance charges and (3) charges for value-added and other services, such as roaming, call forwarding, call waiting, call blocking and short text messaging.

Table of Contents

Revenues from sales of prepaid services are deferred and recognized as airtime is used or when it expires, and are included under usage charges. Monthly basic rent under post-paid is billed in arrears based on the plan and package rates approved and correspond to services rendered, except in Mexico and Colombia, where basic monthly rent is billed one month in advance. Revenues are recognized at the time services are provided. Billed revenues for the service not yet rendered are recognized as deferred revenues.

We also have sales revenues from selling handsets and other equipment. Most of our new subscribers purchase a handset, and although we also sell new handsets to existing customers, changes in sales revenues are driven primarily by the number of new customers. The pricing of handsets is not geared primarily to making a profit from handset sales, because it also takes into account the service revenues that are expected to result when the handset is used.

Seasonality of our Business

Our business has been subject to a certain degree of seasonality, characterized by a higher number of new clients during the fourth quarter of each year. We believe seasonality is mainly driven by the Christmas shopping season.

Consolidated Results of Operations***Operating Revenues***

Operating revenues increased by 14.2% in 2009. The Ps. 49,056 million total increase was attributable to increases in service revenues (Ps. 50,988 million), partially offset by a decrease in equipment revenues (Ps. 1,932 million). We experienced subscriber growth in all of our markets for wireless services.

Service revenues increased by 17.1% in 2009. The total increase of Ps. 50,988 million in service revenues is principally due to increased traffic and subscriber growth (Ps. 23,792 million, or 8.0% of the increase) reflecting a significant increase in the usage of value added services and to exchange rate variations (Ps. 27,196 million, or 9.1% of the increase) primarily attributable to the appreciation of the Brazilian real and the Colombian peso against the Mexican peso.

Equipment revenues decreased by 4.1% in 2009, from Ps. 47,505 million to Ps. 45,573 million. This decrease primarily reflects a decrease in the average selling price of handsets. Equipment revenues as a percentage of total revenues decreased from 13.7% in 2008 to 11.5% in 2009.

In 2008, our operating revenues increased by Ps. 34,075 million, or 10.9%, compared to 2007. The total increase of Ps. 31,813 million in service revenues reflects principally increased traffic and subscriber growth (Ps. 28,122 million), as our wireless subscriber base increased by 19.1%. The balance of the increase in service revenues reflects increases due to exchange rate variation (Ps. 7,021 million) and to the effect of consolidating Puerto Rico for the full year (Ps. 3,039 million), offset in part by the effect of inflation accounting on 2007 revenues (Ps. 6,370 million). This was partly offset by lower ARPU attributable principally to promotions and discount packages, lower interconnection rates in some markets and a growing proportion of prepaid subscribers, who generate less revenue per line than postpaid subscribers.

Equipment revenues accounted for Ps. 2,261 million, or 6.6%, of the Ps. 34,075 million increase in operating revenues in 2008. This primarily reflects subscriber growth. Equipment revenues as a percentage of total revenues decreased from 14.5% in 2007 to 13.7% in 2008.

Operating Costs and Expenses

Cost of sales and services Cost of sales and services represented 41.8% of operating revenues in 2009, 42.2% of operating revenues in 2008 and 42.5% of operating revenues in 2007. In absolute terms, cost of sales and services increased by 13.0% in 2009 and 10.3% in 2008, due principally to increases in interconnection rates, infrastructure rental costs, network maintenance costs and radio base station rental costs.

Table of Contents

Cost of sales was Ps. 76,187 million in 2009 and Ps. 75,117 million in 2008 and primarily represents the cost of handsets sold to subscribers. Costs of handsets increased by 1.4% in 2009 and by 7.3% in 2008 and exceeded our revenues from the sale of handsets by 40.0% during 2009 and 36.7% during 2008, since we subsidize the cost of handsets for new subscribers.

Cost of services increased by 25.3% in 2009 to Ps. 17,945 million. This increase in cost of services was greater than the growth in service revenues, which increased by 17.1% in 2009. Cost of services increased faster than service revenues primarily due to increases in revenue-based concession payments in Mexico, the fee for renewal of our concession in Ecuador, infrastructure costs, employee salary increases and infrastructure maintenance costs. Cost of services increased by 13.6% in 2008 compared to 2007, while service revenues increased by 11.9% during the same period.

Commercial, administrative and general Commercial, administrative and general expenses represented 18.3% of operating revenues in 2009, 18.0% of operating revenues in 2008 and 17.2% of operating revenues in 2007. On an absolute basis, commercial administrative and general expenses increased by 16.1% in 2009 and 16.3% in 2008. The increase in commercial, administrative and general expenses in 2009 principally reflects higher advertising expenses, higher commissions paid to our distributors, establishment of new customer service centers and an increase in our uncollectible accounts.

Telcel, like other Mexican companies, is required by law to pay to its employees, in addition to their agreed compensation and benefits, profit sharing in an aggregate amount equal to 10% of Telcel's taxable income. Conecel, our Ecuadorian subsidiary, and Claro Peru, our Peruvian subsidiary, are also required to pay employee profit sharing at a rate of 15% of Conecel's and 10% of Claro Peru's taxable income. We recognize these amounts under commercial, administrative and general expenses.

Depreciation and amortization Depreciation and amortization increased by 27.1% in 2009 and 3.4% in 2008. As a percentage of revenues, depreciation and amortization increased from 12.1% in 2008 to 13.4% in 2009. The increases in depreciation and amortization in 2009 and 2008 reflect the substantial investments made in our networks and a charge of Ps. 4,462 million in 2009 and of Ps. 1,996 million in 2008, in each case due to the shortening of the useful life of certain GSM assets in Brazil in 2009.

Operating Income

Operating income increased by 9.1% in 2009 and 12.2% in 2008. Operating income in 2009 reflects a charge of Ps. 4,462 million due to the shortening of the useful life of certain plants and equipment in Brazil. Absent this additional depreciation charge in Brazil, our operating income during 2009 would have increased to 11.4% in 2009.

All of our segments reported operating income in 2009. Operating margin (operating income as a percentage of operating revenues) was 26.4% in 2009, 27.6% in 2008 and 27.3% in 2007. The decrease in our operating margin in 2009 is due principally to the increased depreciation costs in Brazil and an increase in indirect taxes, including taxes on our concessions, local taxes and employee profit sharing. Improvement in our operating margin in 2008 reflected principally the increase in service revenues.

Comprehensive Financing Cost

Under Mexican FRS, comprehensive financing cost reflects interest income, interest expense, foreign exchange gain or loss and other financing costs. Through 2007, comprehensive financing cost also included gain or loss attributable to the effects of inflation on monetary assets and liabilities.

We had comprehensive financing cost of Ps. 2,982 million in 2009, as compared to comprehensive financing cost of Ps. 13,865 million in 2008 and Ps. 387 million in 2007. The decrease in comprehensive financing cost in 2009 reflects principally (a) a 12.5% decrease

Table of Contents

in net interest expense due to a decrease in net debt, (b) foreign exchange gains of Ps. 4,557 million due principally to the appreciation of the Mexican peso against the U.S. dollar and (c) a decrease in net other financing costs, primarily due to fair value losses of our derivative financial instruments, commissions and stock exchange registration and listing costs.

The increase in financing cost in 2008 reflects principally (a) foreign exchange losses of Ps. 13,686 million due principally to the depreciation of the Mexican peso against the U.S. dollar, (b) net other financing income of Ps. 6,358 million, primarily due to fair value gains on currency derivatives and (c) no monetary gains or losses in 2008, due to the cessation of inflation accounting under Mexican FRS, as compared to a monetary gain of Ps. 5,038 million in 2007.

For 2009, 2008 and 2007, changes in the components of financing cost were as follows:

Net interest expense decreased by 12.5% in 2009 and increased by 38.0% in 2008. The decrease in 2009 was primarily attributable to a decrease in our consolidated net debt. The increase in 2008 was primarily attributable to increased net debt resulting from increased capital expenditures.

We had a net foreign exchange gains of Ps. 4,557 million in 2009, compared to a loss of Ps. 13,686 million in 2008 and a gain of Ps. 2,463 million in 2007. The foreign exchange gain in 2009 was primarily attributable to the 3.5% appreciation of the Mexican peso against the U.S. dollar. The foreign exchange loss in 2008 was primarily attributable to the depreciation of the Mexican peso against the U.S. dollar and was partly offset by gains on currency derivatives described below. The foreign exchange gain in 2007 was primarily attributable to appreciation of the Mexican peso against the U.S. dollar and of the Brazilian real and the Colombian peso against the Mexican peso and the U.S. dollar.

In 2009 and 2008, following the cessation of inflation accounting under Mexican FRS, we did not record monetary gains or losses. In 2007, we reported a Ps. 5,038 million net monetary gain, as compared to Ps. 3,848 million in 2006. The increase in 2007 was primarily related to higher inflation in many of our markets, as well as an increase in our average net indebtedness. See *Inflation Accounting* above.

We reported a net other financing loss of Ps. 1,820 million in 2009, compared to a gain of Ps. 6,358 million in 2008 and a loss of Ps. 3,153 million in 2007. Net other financing costs include fair value gains and losses of financial instruments, commissions, fair value gains and losses on the sale of investments. In 2009, our net other financing cost was principally attributable to fair value losses of our financial instruments and commissions. In 2008, our net financing income was principally attributable to a net fair value gain on our currency derivatives of Ps. 7,497 million. In 2007, our net financing costs were principally attributable to the write-off of our investment in U.S. Commercial Corp. and fair value gain on our derivative instruments.

We capitalized financing cost of Ps. 1,627 million in 2009, Ps. 7,054 million in 2008 and Ps. 1,158 million in 2007, in each case related to construction of our plant, property and equipment.

Income Tax

Our effective rates of provisions for corporate income tax as a percentage of pretax income were 22.4%, 25% and 27.7% for 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Our effective rate in 2009 and 2008 includes the partial reversal of the valuation allowance corresponding to tax losses in Brazil. The statutory rate of Mexican corporate income tax was 28% in 2009, 2008 and 2007.

In 2008, Mexico introduced a new flat rate business tax (*Impuesto Empresarial a Tasa Única* , or IETU). IETU is calculated by reference to the income derived from the transfer of goods, the lease of assets and the rendering of services. The rate for 2008 and 2009 was 16.5% and 17%, respectively. Hereafter, the rate will be 17.5%.

Table of Contents*Other Expense, Net*

In 2009, we recorded net other expense of Ps. 2,166 million in 2009, compared to net other expense of Ps. 2,327 million in 2008 and Ps. 3,713 million in 2007. The expense in 2009 reflects principally other net financing costs and other non-operating costs. The expense in 2008 reflects principally an impairment of goodwill in Honduras and the accrual for interest and penalties for certain tax contingencies in Brazil. The expense in 2007 reflects principally our decision to discontinue the use of certain time division multiple access (or TDMA) equipment in Colombia and Ecuador.

Equity in Results of Affiliates

Our proportionate share of the results of equity-method affiliates resulted in income of Ps. 196 million in 2009, Ps. 109 million in 2008 and Ps. 58 million in 2007. The income in 2009, 2008 and 2007 reflect principally our share of the income reported by Grupo Telvista, S.A. de C.V., a Mexican *sociedad anónima de capital variable*.

Net Income

We had majority net income of Ps. 76,913 million in 2009, Ps. 59,486 million in 2008 and Ps. 58,588 million in 2007. The increase in net income in 2009 reflects principally the Ps. 8,663 million increase in operating income and a significant reduction (Ps. 10,884 million) in our comprehensive financing cost. The increase in net income in 2008 principally reflects our increase in operating income, which was substantially offset by an increase in our exchange losses. The increase in net income in 2007 principally reflects our increased operating income, which was partially offset by an increase in our income tax expense.

Results of Operations by Geographic Segment

We discuss below the operating results of our subsidiaries that provide telecommunication services in our principal markets. All amounts discussed below are presented in accordance with Mexican FRS. Note 2(a)(ii) to our audited consolidated financial statements included in this report describes how we translate the financial statements of our non-Mexican subsidiaries. Exchange rate changes between the Mexican peso and those currencies affect our reported results in Mexican pesos and the comparability of reported results between periods.

The following table sets forth the exchange rate used to translate the results of our significant non-Mexican operations, as expressed in Mexican pesos per foreign currency unit, and the change from the rate used in the prior year.

	Mexican pesos per foreign currency unit					
	2007	% Change	2008	% Change	2009	% Change
Guatemalan quetzal	1.4239	(0.6)%	1.7398	22.2%	1.5631	(10.2)%
U.S. dollar ⁽¹⁾	10.8662	(0.1)	13.5383	24.6	13.0587	(3.5)
Brazilian real	6.1345	20.5	5.7930	(5.6)	7.4998	29.5
Colombian peso	0.0054	10.2	0.006	11.1	0.0064	6.7
Argentine peso	3.4506	(2.9)	3.9207	13.6	3.4365	(12.3)
Dominican peso	0.316	(1.9)	0.382	20.8	0.3604	(5.6)

(1) The U.S. dollar is the sole monetary instrument and unit of account and the main currency for transaction purposes in Ecuador and Puerto Rico.

Note 19 to our audited consolidated financial statements includes certain financial information of our operations by country. Except as discussed below, the following discussion is based on the segment data included in that note.

Table of Contents

The following table sets forth the number of subscribers and the rate of subscriber growth by geographic segment during the last three years.

	Number of subscribers (in thousands) as of December 31, ⁽¹⁾					
	2007	% Change	2008	% Change	2009	% Change
Wireless						
Mexico	50,011	15.8%	56,371	12.7	59,167	5.0
Brazil	30,228	26.6	38,731	28.1	44,401	14.6
Southern Cone ⁽²⁾	17,290	30.5	19,591	13.3	21,833	11.4
Colombia and Panama ⁽³⁾	22,335	14.4	27,390	22.6	27,797	1.5
Andean Region ⁽⁴⁾	12,391	37.3	15,482	25.0	17,760	14.7
Central America ⁽⁵⁾	8,157	38.8	9,158	12.3	9,535	4.1
Dominican Republic	2,682	25.3	3,877	44.6	4,826	24.5
Caribbean ⁽⁶⁾	814		932	14.5	1,226	31.5
United States	9,514	20.5	11,192	17.6	14,427	28.9
Total wireless	153,422	23.0	182,724	19.1	200,972	10.0
Fixed						
Central America ⁽⁷⁾	2,197	4.8	2,242	2.0	2,259	0.8
Dominican Republic	748	1.9	772	3.1	765	(0.9)
Caribbean ⁽⁶⁾	921		832	(9.5)	765	(8.0)
Total Fixed	3,866	36.5	3,846	(0.5)	3,789	(1.5)
Total Lines	157,287	23.3	186,570	18.6	204,761	9.7

(1) Includes total subscribers of all consolidated subsidiaries in which we hold an economic interest.

(2) Includes Argentina, Chile, Paraguay and Uruguay.

(3) We began operations in Panama in March 2009.

(4) Includes Ecuador and Peru.

(5) Includes El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua

(6) Includes Puerto Rico and Jamaica.

(7) Includes El Salvador, Guatemala and Nicaragua.

The table below sets forth the operating revenues and operating income represented by each of our operating segments for the periods indicated.

	(2009 and 2008 in millions of Mexican pesos, previous year in millions of constant Mexican pesos as of December 31, 2007)					
	2007		2008		2009	
	Operating Revenues	Operating Income	Operating Revenues	Operating Income	Operating Revenues	Operating Income
Mexico ⁽¹⁾	Ps. 126,923	Ps. 59,075	Ps. 135,068	Ps. 63,064	Ps. 142,135	Ps. 68,599
Brazil	58,305	608	70,484	1,584	82,300	1,368
Southern Cone ⁽²⁾	27,237	2,691	30,541	5,702	37,135	7,578
Colombia and Panama ⁽³⁾	29,614	7,616	32,622	10,955	37,031	11,853
Andean Region ⁽⁴⁾	16,210	3,725	20,218	5,284	26,087	7,668
Central America ⁽⁵⁾	16,918	4,698	16,051	3,029	18,137	1,936
United States	15,604	1,503	16,546	943	22,857	956
Dominican Republic	10,990	3,946	11,241	3,373	14,250	3,891
Caribbean ⁽⁶⁾	9,779	1,332	12,883	1,612	14,780	361

- (1) Includes our operations in Mexico and our corporate operations and assets.
- (2) Includes our operations in Argentina, Chile, Paraguay and Uruguay.
- (3) Includes our operations in Ecuador and Peru.
- (4) We began our operations in Panama in March 2009.
- (5) Includes our operations in El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua.
- (6) Includes our operations in Puerto Rico and Jamaica.

Mexico

Operating revenues in Mexico increased by 5.2% in 2009 and 6.4% in 2008, benefiting from subscriber growth and increases in traffic. Service revenues increased by 9.3% in 2009 and 6.3% in 2008, reflecting growth in

Table of Contents

revenues from value-added, airtime and long distance services, partially offset by a decrease in interconnection revenues due to lower interconnection fees that were not compensated by volume. Equipment revenues in Mexico decreased by 6.5% in 2009 and increase by 7.4% in 2008, principally due to a reduction in the average sales price of handsets. The number of subscribers in Mexico increased by 5.0% in 2009 and 12.7% in 2008.

Average MOUs per subscriber increased by 11.3% in 2009 and 21.7% in 2008. ARPU decreased by 1.2% in 2009 and 7.5% in 2008. During both years, we lowered the price of some of our services through new commercial plans and promotions, which contributed to the increase in subscribers and MOUs but had a negative impact on ARPU. In addition, in 2008 and 2009, our ARPU was negatively affected by lower interconnection rates and an increase in the share of our total traffic represented by data services, such as SMS messaging and other 3G services, which on average generate lower revenues per minute of use than voice services. Reductions in interconnection tariffs also resulted in lower interconnection revenues. The churn rate for our Mexican operations was 3.2% in 2009, 3.3% in 2008 and 3.4% in 2007.

Operating income increased by 10.6% in 2009 and 4.6% in 2008. Our operating margin was 48.2% in 2009 and 45.8% in 2008. The increase in our operating margin in 2009 is due principally to an increase in our operating revenues and the implementation of strict controls in our operating costs and expenses, which remained unchanged as a percentage of our operating revenues. In 2008, operating margin decreased, reflecting an increase in cost and expenses principally due to equipment subsidies, uncollectible accounts and employee profit sharing, which was greater than the increase in operating revenues in that year. Finally, depreciation and amortization expenses of our Mexican operations as a percentage of its operating revenues remained unchanged increased slightly from 6.2% in 2008 to 6.5% in 2009.

For Mexico, the financial information set forth in Note 19 to our audited financial statements includes revenues and costs from group corporate activities, such as licensing fees and group overhead expenses. The discussion above refers to our operating results in Mexico and excludes the results of our group corporate activities.

Brazil

Operating revenues in Brazil increased by 16.8% in 2009 and 20.9% in 2008. The increase in 2009 was primarily attributable to the appreciation of the Brazilian real against the Mexican peso as well as an increase in traffic and subscriber growth. The number of our subscribers in Brazil increased by 5.7 million subscribers in 2009 to approximately 44.4 million subscribers as of December 31, 2009. The increase in operating revenues in 2008 was primarily attributable to increased traffic and subscriber growth and data revenue. The 6% appreciation of the Brazilian real against the Mexican peso in 2008 also contributed to the increase in operating revenues in 2008, as 6.9% of the 20.9% was due to currency effects. The number of subscribers increased by 8.5 million subscribers in 2008 to approximately 38.7 million subscribers.

Average MOUs per subscriber decreased by 9.4% in 2009 and increased by 20.7% in 2008. ARPU decreased by 0.3% in 2009 and 3.1% in 2008. Calculated in nominal Brazilian reais, ARPU decreased by 8.0% in 2009 and 7.4% in 2008. The decrease in average MOUs and ARPU during 2009 reflects a significant increase in the use of data services as compared to voice (airtime and long distance) services. The increase in average MOUs during 2008 as well as the decrease in ARPU during 2008 reflects the impact on traffic of our lowering of prices through new commercial plans and promotions for our 3G services. Our churn rate was 2.8% in 2009 and 2.7% in 2008.

Operating income decreased by 13.7% in 2009 and increased by 161.0% in 2008. Operating income in 2009 and 2008 reflects primarily the effect of higher depreciation expense resulting from the shortening of the useful lives of certain GSM and TDMA assets in 2009 and 2007 as compared to 2008. In 2009, the depreciation expense resulting from the shortening of the useful lives of certain GSM assets was Ps. 4,462 million. The depreciation expense in 2008 relating to GSM and TDMA assets was Ps. 1,996 million. Operating margin (1.7% in 2009 and 2.2% in 2008) continues to be affected by a high level of depreciation and amortization expenses relative to revenues due to the significant costs incurred to deploy networks. Absent these depreciation expenses, the operating margin would have been 5.1% in 2008 and 7.1% in 2009. Depreciation and amortization expenses represented 22.5% of our operating revenues in 2009 and 21.4% in 2008.

Table of Contents*Southern Cone Argentina, Chile, Paraguay and Uruguay*

Our operating revenues in Argentina, Chile, Paraguay and Uruguay increased by 21.6% in 2009 and 12.1% in 2008. The increase in 2008 and 2009 was attributable primarily to subscriber growth. The number of subscribers increased by 2.2 million subscribers in 2009 to approximately 21.8 million subscribers at year-end. Since 2007, our postpaid subscriber base has grown at a faster rate than our prepaid subscriber base. The currency effects between the Argentine peso and the Mexican peso did not have a significant effect on our operating revenues in 2009 and 2008.

Average MOUs per subscriber increased by 9.2% in 2009 and 2.3% in 2008. ARPU increased by 8.5% in 2009 and decreased by 4.8% in 2008. Expressed in nominal local currencies, ARPU increased in 2009 by 5.9% in Argentina, 52% in Paraguay and 4% in Uruguay and decreased by 15% in Chile. In 2008, ARPU increased by 3.0% in Argentina and 11.7% in Paraguay and decreased by 10.0% in Uruguay and 7.3% in Chile. The increase in MOUs in 2009 principally reflected reflects an increase in our airtime traffic and a significant increase in traffic and revenues from data and value-added services. The increase in MOUs in 2008 principally reflected a decrease in prices due to promotions and airtime subsidies including free calls to friends and family. Our churn rate remained stable at 2.6% in 2008 and 2009.

Operating income increased by 32.9% in 2009 and 112.0% in 2008. This increase in 2009 reflected an increase in operating revenues and a reduction in our subscriber acquisition costs and other operating costs and expenses. The increase in 2008 reflected principally both a significant increase in our operating revenues and a reduction in the commissions payable to our distributors.

Colombia and Panama

Operating revenues increased by 13.5% in 2009 and 10.2% in 2008. The increase in operating revenues in 2009 was attributable to the appreciation of the Colombian peso against the Mexican peso and subscriber growth. The increase in operating revenues in 2008 was attributable principally to subscriber growth, increased traffic, the appreciation of the Colombian peso against the Mexican peso and increased revenue from long distance charges. The Colombian peso appreciated 11.9% against the Mexican peso in 2008, and currency appreciation accounted for approximately 6.5% of the increase in revenues during 2008. Also, we began providing long distance services in Colombia in 2008. These factors more than offset a decrease in interconnection tariffs of 50% in Colombia beginning in December 2007. In 2009, the number of subscribers in Colombia and Panama increased by 1.5% to approximately 27.8 million as of December 31, 2009. In 2008, the number of subscribers in Colombia increased by 22.6%.

Average MOUs per subscriber increased by 10.2% in 2009 and 28.7% in 2008. ARPU increased by 8.8% in 2009 and decreased by 4.8% in 2008. Calculated in nominal Colombian pesos, ARPU decreased by 3.3% in 2009 and 8.4% in 2008. The increase on average MOUs per subscriber in 2009 reflected primarily an increase in traffic resulting from the net increase in subscriber growth. The increase on average MOUs per subscriber in 2008 reflected primarily the reduction in prices for our voice and data services. The decrease in ARPU in local currency during 2009 reflected the lower interconnection fees which were not compensated by the increase in volume. The decrease in ARPU during 2008 reflected principally the lowering of our prices for voice and data services through promotions and lower rates. A substantial majority of our subscriber growth in 2009 and 2008 was attributable to an increase in prepaid customers, which generate on average less minutes of use and revenues than postpaid customers. Our churn rate increased from 2.4% in 2008 to 3.5% in 2009.

Our operating income increased by 8.2% in 2009 and 43.8% in 2008. Operating income in 2009 reflects the implementation of stricter controls in our operating costs and expenses, particularly with respect to handset subsidies. Operating income in 2008 reflects a reduction in subscriber acquisition costs and the effect in 2007 of higher depreciation expense resulting from the useful lives of certain GSM assets. Our operating margin was 32.0% in 2009 and 33.6% in 2008.

We began operating in Panama in March 2009. The commencement of operations in Panama did not have a significant impact in the operating margin and results of operations of this segment.

Table of Contents*Andean Region Ecuador and Peru*

Operating revenues in Ecuador and Peru increased by 29.0% in 2009 and 24.7% in 2008. The increase in operating revenues in 2009 reflected principally the appreciation of the local currencies against the Mexican peso and subscriber growth. Currency effects contributed to 71.7% of the growth in operating revenues in 2009. The increase in operating revenues in 2008 was attributable principally to subscriber growth and increased traffic. In 2009, the number of subscribers increased by 14.7% to approximately 17.7 million at year-end 2009. In 2008, the number of subscribers increased by 24.9%.

Average MOUs per subscriber increased by 16.4% in 2009 and 27.3% in 2008. ARPU increased by approximately 13.0% in 2009 and decreased by approximately 3.0% in 2008. The increase in ARPU during 2009 reflected the appreciation of local currencies against the Mexican peso. The decline in ARPU during 2008 reflected principally subscriber growth and a reduction in our rates per minute. Our churn rate decreased from 2.4% in 2008 to 2.2% in 2009.

Operating income increased by 45.1% in 2009 and 41.8% in 2008. Our operating margin was 29.4% in 2009 and 26.1% in 2008. The increase in operating margin during 2009 resulted from a reduction in subscriber acquisition costs. The increase in operating margin during 2008 resulted from an increase in revenues, partially offset by a Ps. 136 million income-based payment related to our concession in Ecuador.

Central America El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua

Operating revenues in El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua increased by 13.0% in 2009 and decreased by 5.1% in 2008. The increase in 2009 reflected principally the 15.6% appreciation of the local currencies (mainly the dollar) against the Mexican peso, which compensated for a 2.6% decrease in operating revenues in local currencies. The decrease in 2008 reflected principally a decrease in nearly all sources of operating revenue as a result of a decrease in our share of the market. In 2009, the number of wireless subscribers in Central America increased by 4.1% to 9.5 million at year-end 2009. The number of fixed line subscribers increased by 0.8%, to approximately 2.3 million at year-end. In 2009, wireless services accounted for approximately 51.9% of our operating revenues, and fixed-line and other services for approximately 48.1%, as compared to 52.5% and 47.5%, respectively, in 2008.

Average MOUs decreased by 6.9% in 2009 and 13.4% in 2008. ARPU increased by 5.1% in 2009 and decreased by 23.4% in 2008. The increase in ARPU in 2009 reflects principally the appreciation of the local currencies, in particular the U.S. dollar, against the Mexican peso. Calculated in local currencies, ARPU decreased primarily as a result of increased competition for wireless customers in the region.

Operating income decreased by 36.1% in 2009 and 35.5% in 2008. Operating margin was 10.7% in 2009 and 18.9% in 2008. The decrease in operating income and margin in 2009 reflected principally increased network maintenance costs and radio base station rental costs. The decrease in operating income and margin in 2008 reflected principally increased network maintenance costs and acquisition costs related to triple-play.

United States

Operating revenues in the United States increased by 38.1% in 2009 and 6.0% in 2008. The increase in operating revenues in 2009 reflected principally new commercial plans and promotional packages that contributed to the increase in subscriber growth. The increase in operating revenues in 2008 was attributable principally to subscriber growth and increased traffic. In 2009, the number of TracFone subscribers increased by 28.9% to approximately 14.4 million as of December 31, 2009; and in 2008, the number of TracFone subscribers increased by 17.6% to approximately 11.2 million as of December 31, 2008.

Average MOUs per subscriber increased by 6.1% in 2009 and 5.6% in 2008. ARPU increased by 11.7% in 2009 and decreased by 9.0% in 2008. The increase in ARPU in 2009 reflects our new commercial plans and promotional packages. The decline in ARPU in 2008 was primarily attributable to the increasing portion of

Table of Contents

TracFone's traffic that is comprised of digital traffic, which results in lower revenues per minute than analog traffic. The churn rate increased from 3.8% in 2008 to 4.0% in 2009.

Operating income increased by 1.4% in 2009 and decreased by 37.3% in 2008. TracFone's operating margin decreased from 5.7% in 2008 to 4.2% in 2009. The increase in operating income in 2009 reflected currency effects due to the appreciation of the U.S. dollar against the Mexican peso and subscriber growth. The decrease in operating margin in 2009 reflects higher subscriber acquisition costs due mainly to equipment subsidies and publicity expenses.

Dominican Republic

Operating revenues in the Dominican Republic increased by 26.8% in 2009 and 2.3% in 2008. The increase in 2009 reflects the appreciation of the Dominican peso against the Mexican peso and subscriber growth. The increase in 2008 reflected principally subscriber growth in the wireless market and improved service promotions. In 2009, the number of wireless subscribers in the Dominican Republic increased by 24.5%, and in 2008, the number of wireless subscribers increased by 44.6%. In 2009, the number of fixed line subscribers decreased by 0.9%, and the number of fixed line subscribers increased by 3.1% in 2008. In 2009, wireless services accounted for approximately 49.2% of our operating revenues as compared to approximately 43.8% in 2008. Fixed-line and other services accounted for approximately 50.8% as compared to 56.2% in 2008.

Average MOUs decreased by 15.3% in 2009 and 6.7% in 2008. ARPU increased by 0.8% in 2009 and decreased by 15.5% in 2008. The decrease in average MOUs and the increase in ARPU in 2009 reflect currency effects. Calculated in Dominican pesos, ARPU decreased by 12.7% in 2009. The declines in 2008 primarily reflected promotions and airtime subsidies and a growing proportion of prepaid subscribers, who generate less revenue per line than postpaid subscribers.

Operating income increased by 15.4% in 2009 and decreased by 14.5% in 2008. Operating margin was 27.3% in 2009 and 30.0% in 2008. The increase in operating income and the decrease in operating margin in 2009 reflected principally indirect taxes on network maintenance and operation costs. The decrease in operating income and margin in 2008 reflected principally the growing proportion of our prepaid subscribers, which resulted in increased subscriber acquisition costs, equipment subsidies and customer service expenses.

Caribbean Puerto Rico and Jamaica

Operating revenues in the Caribbean increased by 14.7% in 2009 and 31.7% in 2008. The increase in 2009 and 2008 reflected principally the appreciation of the U.S. dollar against the Mexican peso and organic growth. In 2009, the number of wireless subscribers in Puerto Rico and Jamaica increased by 37.6%, and in 2008, the number of wireless subscribers increased by 14.5%. In 2009, the number of fixed line subscribers decreased by 8.0%, and the number of fixed line subscribers decreased by 9.5% in 2008. In 2009, wireless services accounted for approximately 36.4% of our operating revenues as compared to approximately 33.6% in 2008. Fixed-line and other services accounted for approximately 63.3% of operating revenues in 2009, as compared to 66.4% in 2008.

Average MOUs increased by 4.9% in 2009 and decreased by 8.4% in 2008. ARPU decreased by 1.0% in 2009 and 10.7% in 2008. Calculated in local currencies, ARPU decreased in 2009 and in 2008. These declines in ARPU primarily reflected the reduction in prices of voice services, principally in Puerto Rico.

Operating income decreased by 77.6% in 2009 and increased by 21.0% in 2008. Operating margin was 2.4% in 2009 and 12.5% in 2008. The decrease in operating income and operating margin in 2009 reflected principally an increase in indirect taxes including two real property taxes that became effective in Puerto Rico in 2009.

Table of Contents**Liquidity and Capital Resources***Principal Uses of Cash*

We generate substantial resources from our operations. On a consolidated basis, operating activities provided Ps. 152,809 million in 2009 and Ps. 87,464 million in 2008. Our cash and cash equivalents amounted to Ps. 27,446 million at December 31, 2009, compared to Ps. 22,092 million as of December 31, 2008. We believe that our working capital is sufficient for our present requirements. We use the cash that we generate from our operations primarily for the following purposes:

We must make substantial capital expenditures to continue expanding and improving our networks in each country in which we operate. In 2009 and 2008, we invested approximately Ps. 45,395 million and Ps. 57,134 million, respectively, in plant, property and equipment. As of December 31, 2009, we had not disbursed Ps. 24,621 million of our investments in 2008, which will be disbursed in 2010. We have budgeted capital expenditures for 2010 to be approximately U.S.\$ 3,500 billion (Ps. 45,815 million). See *Capital Expenditures* below.

During 2008 we spent approximately Ps. 13,737 million to acquire or renew licenses, principally Ps. 8,830 million to acquire additional spectrum in Brazil, Ps. 3,001 million to renew our concession in Ecuador and Ps. 896 million to acquire a license in Panama. We did not spend any funds in the acquisition or renewal of licenses in 2009. The amount we spend on acquisitions and licenses varies significantly from year to year, depending on acquisition opportunities, concession renewal schedules and needs for more spectrum.

In 2008, we had a significant increase in our inventory, as compared to 2007, resulting from an increase in volume and inventory acquisition costs and currency effects.

We must pay interest on our indebtedness and repay principal when due. As of December 31, 2009, we had Ps. 9,168 million of principal due in 2010.

If we have resources after meeting our obligations and capital expenditure requirements, we may pay dividends, or repurchase our own shares from time to time. We paid Ps. 25,462 million in dividends in 2009 and Ps. 8,816 million in dividends in 2008, and our shareholders have approved the payment of a Ps. 0.32 dividend per share in 2010. Dividends for 2009 included an extraordinary dividend of Ps. 0.50 per share paid on December 2009. We also spent (including commissions and value-added taxes) Ps. 24,658 million repurchasing our own shares in the open market in 2009 and Ps. 41,633 million in 2008. Our shareholders have authorized additional repurchases, and whether we do so will depend on considerations including market price and our other capital requirements. We have made additional repurchases in 2010.

The following table summarizes certain contractual liabilities as of December 31, 2009. Our purchase obligations and approximately 51.4% of our debt described below are denominated in U.S. dollars. The table does not include accounts payable or pension liabilities, and amounts set forth in the table do not include interest and do not give effect to hedging transactions.

	Total	Payments Due by Period			
		Less than 1 year	1-3 years (in millions)	4-5 years	After 5 years
Contractual obligations as of December 31, 2009:					
Equipment leases	Ps. 1,291	Ps. 716	Ps. 575	Ps. 514	Ps. 500
Real estate leases	20,363	4,314	7,383	5,140	3,526
Short-term debt ⁽¹⁾	9,168	9,168			
Long-term debt ⁽¹⁾	101,741		20,022	22,582	59,137
Purchase obligations ⁽²⁾	32,521	29,402	1,374	341	1,404

Total	Ps. 165,084	Ps. 43,600	Ps. 29,354	Ps. 28,063	Ps. 64,067
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- (1) Excludes interest payments, as they are set at floating rates.
 (2) See discussion below.

Other than the amounts described in the table above, we had no other outstanding material purchase commitments as of December 31, 2009. We enter into a number of supply, advertising and other contracts in the ordinary course of business, but we do not believe that any of those contracts are material to our liquidity.

Under many of our concessions and licenses, we are required to make annual royalty payments in order to continue using such concessions and licenses. These payments are typically calculated as a percentage of gross revenues generated under such concessions and licenses. In the case of the 1900 megahertz spectrum (Band F) concessions in Mexico, however, we are required to pay Ps. 255 million (subject to adjustment for inflation) annually for 20 years in respect of the 10 megahertz acquired during 2005.

We could have opportunities in the future to invest in other telecommunications companies outside Mexico, primarily in Latin America and the Caribbean, because we believe the telecommunications sector in Latin America will continue to undergo consolidation. For example, we may pursue further market consolidation opportunities in Brazil and Argentina depending on their terms and conditions. We can give no assurance as to the extent, timing or cost of such investments. We may also pursue opportunities in other areas in the world. Some of the assets that we acquire may require significant funding for capital expenditures. See the discussion included earlier in this report under *Overview* *Effects of Recent Acquisitions* for more information about these transactions.

Borrowings

In addition to funds generated from operations, we have used borrowings to fund acquisitions and capital expenditures and refinance debt. We have relied on a combination of equipment financings, borrowings from international banks and borrowings in the Mexican and international capital markets. Beginning in the second half of 2008, with the difficult circumstances in the credit markets, we arranged several equipment financing facilities to

Table of Contents

further improve our liquidity position. As of the date of this report, we have an aggregate of U.S.\$1,297 million in committed undrawn equipment financing facilities from three different sources.

As of December 31, 2009, our total consolidated indebtedness was Ps. 110,909 million, compared to Ps. 143,486 million as of December 31, 2008. Our net debt (total debt minus cash and cash equivalents) at December 31, 2009 decreased by 31.2% as compared to December 31, 2008. This decrease reflects, among other things, our increased capacity for generating cash flow.

Without taking into account the effects of derivative financial instruments that we use to manage our interest rate and currency risk liabilities, approximately 76.2% of our indebtedness at December 31, 2009 was denominated in currencies other than Mexican pesos (approximately 51.4% in U.S. dollars and 24.8% in other currencies, principally in Colombian and Chilean pesos and euros), and approximately 24.5% of our consolidated debt obligations bore interest at floating rates. Of our total debt at December 31, 2009, Ps. 6,355 million (or 5.7%) was classified as short-term based on the original terms.

Our ability to access the international debt capital markets on the terms described below has been helped by the credit rating given to our debt. As of the date of this report, our dollar-denominated senior notes are rated A2 by Moody's Investors Service, BBB+ (positive watch) by Standard and Poor's Rating Group and A- by Fitch Ratings. Adverse economic conditions or changing circumstances may, however, cause our ratings to be downgraded. The weighted average cost of all our third-party debt at December 31, 2009 (excluding commissions and reimbursement of certain lenders for Mexican taxes withheld) was approximately 5.8%.

Our major categories of indebtedness at December 31, 2009 are as follows:

U.S. dollar-denominated senior notes. At December 31, 2009, we had approximately U.S.\$3.9 billion (Ps. 51,608 million) outstanding under series of U.S. dollar-denominated senior notes issued in the international capital markets between 2004 and 2009:

U.S.\$795 million (Ps. 10,381 million) senior notes due 2014, bearing interest at a fixed rate of 5.500%;

U.S.\$473 million (Ps. 6,181 million) senior notes due 2015, bearing interest at a fixed rate of 5.750%;

U.S.\$583 million (Ps. 7,615 million) senior notes due 2017, bearing interest at a fixed rate of 5.625%;

U.S.\$750 million (Ps. 9,794 million) senior notes due 2019, bearing interest a fixed rate of 5.000%;

U.S.\$981 million (Ps. 12,815 million) senior notes due 2035, bearing interest at a fixed rate of 6.375%; and

U.S.\$369 million (Ps. 4,822 million) senior notes due 2037, bearing interest at a fixed rate of 6.125%.

Mexican-peso denominated senior notes. At December 31, 2009, we had approximately Ps. 12,872 million outstanding under two series of peso-denominated senior notes sold in the international and Mexican capital markets: on October 5, 2005, we issued Ps. 5,000 million in principal amount of 9.0% senior notes due January 2016 and on December 18, 2006 we issued Ps. 8,000 million in principal amount of 8.46% senior notes due 2036. These notes are denominated in Mexican pesos, but all amounts in respect of the notes are payable in U.S. dollars, unless a holder of notes elects to receive payment in Mexican pesos in accordance with certain specified procedures.

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Mexican peso-denominated domestic senior notes (certificados bursátiles). At December 31, 2009, we had Ps. 13,491 million in domestic senior notes that were sold in the Mexican capital markets. These domestic senior notes were issued by us between 2002 and 2009, and have varying maturities, ranging from 2010 through 2018. Some bear interest at fixed rates, and others at variable rates based on CETES (a rate based on the cost of Mexican treasuries) or TIIE (a Mexican interbank rate). Recent issuances of domestic senior notes include:

On April 11, 2007, we issued Ps. 500 million in 5-year floating domestic senior notes. The notes bear interest at a discount of 6 basis points below TIIE, and mature on April 5, 2012;

Table of Contents

On November 1, 2007, we issued Ps. 2,500 million in 3-year floating domestic senior notes. The notes bear interest at a discount of 10 basis points below THIE, and mature on October 28, 2010;

On November 1, 2007, we issued Ps. 2,000 million in 10-year fixed rate domestic senior notes. The notes bear interest at a rate of 8.39% per annum, and mature on October 19, 2017;

On March 7, 2008, we issued Ps. 2,500 million in 10-year fixed rate domestic senior notes. The notes bear interest at a rate of 8.11% per annum, and mature on February 22, 2018;

On September 12, 2008, we issued Ps. 3,000 million in 5-year floating domestic senior notes. The notes bear interest at a spread of 55 basis points over CETES, and mature on September 6, 2013; and

On September 12, 2008, we issued Ps. 2,100 million in 5-year UDI denominated equivalent fixed rate domestic senior notes. The notes bear interest at a rate of 4.10% per annum and mature on September 6, 2013.

Bank loans. At December 31, 2009, we had approximately Ps. 9,226 million outstanding under a number of bank facilities bearing interest principally at fixed and variable rates based on LIBOR. We are also party to a U.S.\$2 billion revolving syndicated facility that matures in April 2011. At December 31, 2009, the entire U.S.\$2 billion was available for borrowing. Loans under the facility bear interest at LIBOR plus a spread. The syndicated facility limits our ability to incur secured debt, to effect a merger as a result of which the surviving entity would not be América Móvil or Telcel, to sell substantially all of our assets or to sell control of Telcel. The facility does not allow us to impose any restrictions on the ability of Telcel to pay dividends or make distributions to us. In addition, the bank facilities require us to maintain a consolidated ratio of debt to EBITDA not greater than 4.0 to 1.0 and a consolidated ratio of EBITDA to interest expense not less than 2.5 to 1.0.

Equipment financing facilities with support from export development agencies. We have a number of equipment financing facilities, under which export development agencies provide support for financing to purchase exports from their respective countries. These facilities are medium- to long-term, with periodic amortization and interest at a spread over LIBOR/EURIBOR. They are extended to us or to operating subsidiaries, with the guarantee of Telcel. The aggregate amount outstanding under equipment financing facilities at December 31, 2009 was U.S.\$928 million (Ps. 12,124 million).

Sale and leasebacks. Our subsidiaries in Ecuador, Peru, Nicaragua and Honduras have entered into sale and leaseback transactions with respect to a portion of its telephone plant. At December 31, 2009, lease payment obligations under these contracts amounted to U.S.\$87 million (Ps. 1,133 million). Payments are due on a monthly and three-month basis through 2012 and bear interest at fixed or variable rates plus a spread.

Colombian peso-denominated notes. In 2004, Comcel issued Colombian peso-denominated notes that were sold in the Colombian capital markets in three different series. These notes bear interest at a variable rate based on the Colombian consumer price index rate (IPC) plus a spread, and mature in 2010 and 2013. These notes are guaranteed by América Móvil. In 2006, Comcel issued Colombian peso-denominated notes that were sold in the Colombian capital markets. These notes bear interest at a 7.59% fixed rate, and mature in 2016. These notes are not guaranteed by América Móvil. At December 31, 2009, the aggregate principal amount outstanding under these notes was Ps. 5,749 million.

All of the public securities issued by América Móvil in international and Mexican capital markets and amounts due under our syndicated loan facility and export credit facilities are guaranteed by Telcel.

Table of Contents

At December 31, 2009, Telcel had, on an unconsolidated basis, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of approximately Ps. 93,908 million (U.S.\$7,204 million), excluding debt owed to us or our other subsidiaries. This amount represents outstanding obligations of Telcel under guarantees of parent company and subsidiary indebtedness. In addition, at December 31, 2009, our operating subsidiaries other than Telcel had indebtedness of Ps. 17,001 million (U.S.\$1,302 million).

Capital Expenditures

The following table sets forth our consolidated capital expenditures (in nominal amounts) for each year in the three-year period ended December 31, 2009. The table below includes capital expenditures in property, plant and equipment. We have also dedicated resources to acquire new companies and licenses and increase our interest in some of our subsidiaries, which in 2008 and 2007 amounted to Ps. 13,737 million and Ps. 26,045 million, respectively. See [Liquidity and Capital Resources](#) [Capital Requirements](#) above.

	Year ended December 31, ⁽¹⁾		
	2007	2008 ⁽²⁾	2009
	(millions of nominal Mexican pesos)		
Transmission and switching equipment	Ps. 32,100	Ps. 50,278	Ps. 41,018
Other	2,522	6,856	4,377
Total capital expenditures	Ps. 34,622	Ps. 57,134	Ps. 45,395

(1) Figures reflect amounts accrued for each period.

(2) As of December 31, 2009, we had not disbursed Ps. 24,621 million of our capital investments in 2008, which will be disbursed in 2010. Our capital expenditures during 2009 related primarily to expanding the capacity of our GSM networks and expanding our third generation UMTS/HSDPA network coverage throughout our principal markets in Latin America. We have budgeted capital expenditures of approximately U.S.\$3.5 billion for the year ending December 31, 2010, but this budgeted amount could change as we re-evaluate our expenditure needs during the year or as a result of any acquisitions. We expect that our capital expenditures during 2010 will primarily relate to the expansion and upgrading of our cellular infrastructure for consolidated networks and third generation technology. We expect to spend approximately 15.0% of our budgeted capital expenditures in Mexico and the United States, 59.0% in South America, 13.0% in Central America and 13.0% in the Caribbean.

We expect to finance our capital expenditures for 2010 with funds generated from operations and, depending on market conditions and our other capital requirements, new debt financings.

Risk Management

We regularly assess our interest rate and currency exchange exposures in order to determine how to manage the risk associated with these exposures. In Mexico, we have indebtedness denominated in currencies, principally the U.S. dollar, other than the currency of the operating environment. We use derivative financial instruments to adjust the resulting exchange rate exposures. We do not use derivatives to hedge the exchange rate exposures that arise from having operations in different countries. We also use derivative financial instruments from time to time to adjust our exposure to variable interest rates or to reduce our costs of financing. Our practices vary from time to time depending on our judgment of the level of risk, expectations as to exchange or interest rate movements and the costs of using derivative financial instruments. We may stop using derivative financial instruments or modify our practices at any time. As of December 31, 2009, after taking into account derivative transactions, approximately 30.5% of our total debt was denominated in U.S. dollars and approximately 28.5% was subject to floating rates.

As of December 31, 2009, we had the following derivatives positions, with an aggregate fair value of Ps. 8,361 million:

U.S. dollar-Mexican peso cross currency swaps with a notional amount of U.S.\$147 million with respect to our total U.S. dollar-denominated debt. Under these swaps, we have replaced our obligation to make payment in U.S. dollars with an obligation to

make payment in Mexican pesos;

Table of Contents

U.S. dollar-Mexican peso forwards for a total notional amount of U.S.\$1,965 million to hedge our exposure to our U.S. dollar denominated debt;

Euro-Mexican peso cross currency swap with a notional amount of EUR 82 million with respect to our total Euro-denominated debt. Under this swap we replaced our obligation to make payment in Euros with an obligation to make payment in Mexican pesos;

Euro-U.S. dollar cross currency swaps with a notional amount of EUR 143 million with respect to our total Euro-denominated debt. Under this swap we replaced our obligation to make payment in Euros with an obligation to make payment in U.S. dollars; and

A Japanese Yen-U.S. dollar denominated cross-currency swap with a notional amount of Yen¥13,000 million with respect to our total Japanese-Yen denominated debt. Under this swap, we replaced our obligation to make payment in Japanese Yen with an obligation to make payment in U.S. dollars.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As of December 31, 2009, we had no off-balance sheet arrangements that require disclosure under applicable SEC regulations.

U.S. GAAP Reconciliation

We had net income under U.S. GAAP of Ps. 74,360 million in 2009 Ps. 54,252 million in 2008 and Ps. 55,529 million in 2007. Compared to Mexican FRS, net income under U.S. GAAP was approximately 3.4% lower in 2009, 8.9% lower in 2008 and 5.4% lower in 2007.

There are several differences between Mexican FRS and U.S. GAAP that affect our net income and shareholder's equity. The most significant difference in their effect on 2009 net income related to the depreciation resulting from the restatement of the carrying value of property, plant and equipment to reflect the effects of inflation up to December 31, 2007. Under Mexican FRS through December 31, 2007, in order to reflect the effects of inflation on our imported telephone plant and equipment, we restated its value based on the rate of inflation in the respective country of origin and the prevailing exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The use of this method, which is known as the specific indexation method, is not permitted under U.S. GAAP, and as a result, for purposes of U.S. GAAP, we restated nonmonetary assets based on the Mexican National Consumer Price Index as of December 31, 2007. For a discussion of the principal differences between Mexican FRS and U.S. GAAP, see Note 21 to our audited consolidated financial statements.

Use of Estimates in Certain Accounting Policies

In preparing our financial statements, we make estimates concerning a variety of matters. Some of these matters are highly uncertain, and our estimates involve judgments we make based on the information available to us. In the discussion below, we have identified several of these matters for which our financial presentation would be materially affected if either (1) we used different estimates that we could reasonably have used or (2) in the future we change our estimates in response to changes that are reasonably likely to occur.

The discussion addresses only those estimates that we consider most important based on the degree of uncertainty and the likelihood of a material impact if we used a different estimate. There are many other areas in which we use estimates about uncertain matters, but the reasonably likely effect of changed or different estimates is not material to our financial presentation.

Purchase accounting purchase price allocation

During 2008 and 2007, we made a number of business acquisitions applying the purchase method of accounting. Accounting for the acquisition of a business under the purchase method requires the allocation of the purchase price to the various assets and liabilities of the acquired business. For most assets and liabilities, purchase price allocation is accomplished by recording the asset or liability at its estimated fair value. The most difficult estimations of individual fair values are those involving properties, plant and equipment and identifiable intangible assets, such as our licenses and trademarks. We use all available information to make these fair value determinations, including the retention of appraisers to determine the fair value of property and equipment, trademarks and an examination of the market value of licenses with similar characteristics to determine the fair value of licenses.

Estimated useful lives of plant, property and equipment

We estimate the useful lives of particular classes of plant, property and equipment in order to determine the amount of depreciation expense to be recorded in each period. Depreciation expense is a significant element of our costs and expenses, amounting in 2009 to Ps. 42,953 million, or 10.9% of our operating costs and expenses. See Note 7 to our audited consolidated financial statements.

We currently depreciate most of our telephone plant and equipment based on an estimated useful life determined upon the expected particular conditions of operations and maintenance in each of the countries in which we operate. The estimates are based on our historical experience with similar assets, anticipated technological changes and other factors, taking into account the practices of other telecommunications companies. We review estimated useful lives each year to determine whether they should be changed, and at times, we have changed them for particular classes of assets. We may shorten the estimated useful life of an asset class in response to technological changes, changes in the market or other developments. This results in increased depreciation expense. For example, during 2007, we shortened the useful life of TDMA and GSM equipment, particularly in Colombia and Brazil, to reflect the expected migration of customers to newer technologies. This change resulted in an increase in our depreciation expense for 2007 of Ps. 5,796 million. In 2009, we recorded a depreciation expense of Ps. 4,462 million resulting from the shortening of the useful lives of certain GSM assets in Brazil. See Note 7 to our audited consolidated financial statements.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets, Intangibles and Goodwill

We have large amounts of long-lived assets on our balance sheet. Under Mexican FRS and U.S. GAAP, we are required to test long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable for plant, property and equipment and licenses and trademarks. Impairment testing for goodwill is required to be performed on an annual basis. To estimate the fair value of long-lived assets, we typically make various assumptions about the future prospects for the business to which the asset relates, consider market factors specific to that business and estimate future cash flows to be generated by that business. Based on these assumptions and estimates as well as guidance provided by Mexican FRS and U.S. GAAP relating to the impairment of long-lived assets, we determine whether we need to take an impairment charge to reduce the net carrying value of the asset as stated on our balance sheet to reflect its estimated fair value. Assumptions and estimates about future values and remaining useful lives are complex and often subjective. They can be affected by a variety of factors, including external factors, such as industry and economic trends, and internal factors, such as changes in our business strategy and our internal forecasts. Different assumptions and estimates could materially impact our reported financial results. More conservative assumptions of the anticipated future benefits from these businesses could result in impairment charges, which would decrease net income and result in lower asset values on our balance sheet. Conversely, less conservative assumptions could result in smaller or no impairment charges, higher net income and higher asset values.

In 2008, we recognized an impairment in the value of goodwill of Ps. 537 million, an impairment in the value of our plants, property and equipment of Ps. 113 million and an impairment in the value of our licenses of Ps. 99 million. During 2009, we did not recognize any impairment of long-lived assets or goodwill.

Deferred Taxes

We are required to estimate our income taxes in each of the jurisdictions in which we operate. This process involves the jurisdiction-by-jurisdiction estimation of actual current tax exposure and the assessment of temporary differences resulting from the differing treatment of certain items, such as accruals and amortization, for tax and financial reporting purposes, as well as net operating loss carry forwards and other tax credits. These items result in deferred tax assets and liabilities, which are included in our consolidated balance sheets. We must assess in the course of our tax planning procedures the fiscal year of the reversal of our deferred tax assets and liabilities, and if there will be future taxable profits in those periods to support the recognition of the deferred tax assets. Significant management judgment is required in determining our provisions for income taxes, deferred tax assets and liabilities. The analysis is based on estimates of taxable income in the jurisdictions in which the group operates and the period over which the deferred tax assets and liabilities will be recoverable or settled. If actual results differ from these estimates, or we adjust these estimates in future periods, our financial position and results of operations may be materially affected.

We record a valuation allowance to reduce the deferred tax assets to an amount that we believe is more likely than not to be realized. In assessing the need for the valuation allowance, we considered future taxable income and ongoing tax planning strategies. In the event that our estimates of projected future taxable income and benefits from tax planning strategies are lowered, or changes in current tax regulations are enacted that would impose restrictions on the timing or extent of our ability to utilize the tax benefits of net operating loss carry-forwards in the future, an adjustment to the recorded amount of net deferred tax assets would be made, with a related charge to income.

Accruals

Accruals are recorded when, at the end of the period, we have a present obligation as a result of past events, whose settlement requires an outflow of resources that is considered probable and can be measured reliably. This obligation may be legal or constructive, arising from, but not limited to, regulation, contracts, common practice or public commitments, which have created a valid expectation for third parties that we will assume certain responsibilities. The amount recorded is the best estimation performed by our management in respect of the expenditure that will be required to settle the obligations, considering all the information available at the date of our financial statements, including the opinion of

external experts, such as legal advisors or consultants. Accruals are adjusted to account for changes in circumstances for ongoing matters and the establishment of additional accruals for new matters.

If we are unable to reliably measure the obligation, no accrual is recorded and information is then presented in the notes to our consolidated financial statements.

Because of the inherent uncertainties in this estimation, actual expenditures may be different from the originally estimated amount recognized.

Labor Obligations

We recognize liabilities on our balance sheet and expenses in our income statement to reflect our obligations related to our post-retirement seniority premiums, pension and retirement plans in the countries in which we operate and offer defined contribution and benefit pension plans. The amounts we recognize are determined on an actuarial basis that involves many estimates and accounts for post-retirement and termination benefits in accordance with Mexican FRS and U.S. GAAP.

We use estimates in four specific areas that have a significant effect on these amounts: (a) the rate of return we assume our pension plan will achieve on its investments, (b) the rate of increase in salaries that we assume we will observe in future years, (c) the discount rates that we use to calculate the present value of our future obligations and (d) the expected rate of inflation. The assumptions we have applied are identified in Note 11 (Mexican FRS) and Note 21 (U.S. GAAP) to our audited consolidated financial statements. These estimates are determined based on actuarial studies performed by independent experts using the projected unit-credit method. The latest actuarial computation was prepared as of December 2009. We review the estimates each year, and if we change them, our reported expense for pension costs may increase or decrease according to market conditions.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

We maintain an allowance for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the failure of our customers, distributors and cellular operators to make required payments. We base these estimates on the individual conditions of each of the markets in which we operate that may impact the collectibility of accounts. In particular, in making these estimates we take into account (i) with respect to accounts with customers, the number of days since the calls were made, (ii) with respect to accounts with distributors, the number of days invoices are overdue and (iii) with respect to accounts with cellular operators, both the number of days since the calls were made and any disputes with respect to such calls. The amount of loss, if any, that we actually experience with respect to these accounts may differ from the amount of the allowance maintained in connection with them.

Table of Contents

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Exchange Rate And Interest Rate Risks

We are exposed to market risk principally from changes in interest rates and currency exchange rates. Interest rate risk exists principally with respect to our net financial liabilities bearing interest at floating rates. Interest rate risk also exists with respect to the fair value of fixed-rate financial assets and liabilities. Exchange rate risk exists with respect to our financial assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than Mexican pesos, principally on our U.S. dollar denominated debt. We are also subject to exchange rate risks with respect to our investments outside Mexico.

At December 31, 2009, we had approximately Ps. 20,805 million (as compared to Ps. 13,942 million as of December 31, 2008) in derivative financial assets denominated in currencies other than Mexican pesos, principally consisting of cash, short-term investments and investments in derivative financial instruments, and approximately Ps. 84,546 million (as compared to Ps. 105,675 million as of December 31, 2008) in financial liabilities denominated in currencies other than Mexican pesos, consisting of debt. Approximately 67.4% of our non-peso indebtedness as of December 31, 2009 was denominated in U.S. dollars. As of December 31, 2009, we had Ps. 27,155 million of debt that bore interest at floating rates.

We regularly assess our interest rate and currency exchange exposures and determine whether to adjust our position. We may use derivative financial instruments as an economic hedge to adjust our exposures. Our derivatives use practices vary from time to time depending on our judgment of the level of risk, expectations as to interest or exchange rate movements and the costs of using derivative instruments. See

Operating And Financial Review And Prospects Risk Management in this report. We have also used derivative financial instruments from to time to seek to reduce our costs of financing. We may stop using derivative instruments or modify our practices at any time.

Sensitivity Analysis Disclosures

The potential increase in net debt and corresponding foreign exchange loss, taking account our derivatives transactions, that would have resulted as a December 31, 2009 from a hypothetical, instantaneous 10% depreciation of all of our operating currencies against the U.S. dollar, would have been approximately Ps. 4,061 million. Such depreciation would have also resulted in additional interest expense of approximately Ps. 287 million per annum, reflecting the increased costs of servicing foreign currency indebtedness.

A hypothetical, immediate increase of 100 basis points in the interest rates applicable to our floating rate financial liabilities at December 31, 2009 would have resulted in additional interest expense of approximately Ps. 272 million per year, assuming no change in the principal amount of such indebtedness.

The above sensitivity analyses are based on the assumption of unfavorable movements in exchange or interest rates applicable to each homogeneous category of financial assets and liabilities. A homogeneous category is defined according to the currency in which financial assets and liabilities are denominated and assumes the same exchange rate or interest rate movement with each homogeneous category. As a result, exchange rate risk and interest rate risk sensitivity analysis may overstate the impact of exchange rate or interest rate fluctuations for such financial instruments, as consistently unfavorable movements of all exchange rates or interest rates are unlikely.

Table of Contents**RECENT DEVELOPMENTS*****Regulatory Matters***

In November 2008, Cofeco issued a preliminary report (*dictamen preliminar*) finding that Telcel has substantial market power in the national mobile telephone services relevant market. The preliminary report was confirmed by the publication on February 10, 2010 of the relevant findings of a resolution relating to the existence of substantial market power. In February 2010, Telcel filed an administrative proceeding (*recurso administrativo de reconsideración*) before Cofeco. When this administrative proceeding was rejected by Cofeco for analysis, Telcel filed an appeal (*amparo indirecto*) before an administrative judge against the rejection of the proceeding and against the issuance, subscription and publication of the February 10, 2010 resolution. Under the Antitrust Law (*Ley Federal de Competencia Económica*) and the Telecommunications Law (*Ley Federal de Telecomunicaciones*), if Cofeco makes a final finding of substantial market power concerning an operator, Cofetel can impose on that operator specific regulations with respect to tariffs, quality of service and information. We cannot predict what regulatory steps Cofetel may take in response to determinations by Cofeco.

In September 2009, the CRT issued a series of resolutions stating that our Colombian subsidiary, Comcel, has a dominant position in Colombia's market for outgoing mobile services. Under Colombian law, a market participant is considered to have a dominant position in a specified market if the regulators determine that it has the capacity to control the conditions in that market. The CRT made its determination based on Comcel's traffic, revenues and subscriber base. The resolutions also included regulations requiring Comcel to charge rates (excluding access fees) for mobile-to-mobile calls outside the Comcel network (off net) that are no higher than the fees charged for mobile-to-mobile calls within the Comcel network (on net) plus access fees. The regulations were first implemented in December 4, 2009. These regulations will limit our flexibility in offering pricing plans to our customers, but we cannot predict the effects on our financial performance.

See Note 15 to our audited consolidated financial statements for a description of our material legal proceedings.

Tax on Telecommunications Services

Effective January 1, 2010, the Mexican government imposed a new tax of 3% on certain telecommunication services we provide. Customers of those telecommunication services are responsible for the payment of this new tax. Telcel has filed legal proceedings against this new tax. We cannot predict the medium- to long-term effects of this new tax on our financial performance.

América Móvil Shareholders Meetings

At a general ordinary shareholders' meeting held in Mexico City on March 17, 2010, the shareholders of América Móvil voted to approve the making of the Proposed Offers. On that same date, at a general extraordinary shareholders' meeting, the shareholders also approved an amendment to the bylaws (*estatutos sociales*) of América Móvil to include a foreign exclusion clause restricting the ownership of América Móvil Series A shares (AMX A Shares) to holders that qualify as Mexican investors under Mexican law and certain transitory provisions relating to the AMX A Shares. This amendment does not affect the ability of holders of currently outstanding AMX A Shares to continue to hold such shares or to transfer them to other non-Mexican investors.

Table of Contents

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V.

By: /s/ Alejandro Cantú Jiménez

Name: Alejandro Cantú Jiménez

Title: General Counsel

Date: April 1, 2010

253

Table of Contents

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibits

Documents filed as exhibits to this report:

- 11.1 Calculation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges
- 23.1 Consent of Mancera, S.C.
- 23.2 Consent of BDO Seidman, LLP
- 99.1 Audited Consolidated Financial Statements as of December 31, 2009 and 2008 and for Years Ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007.

Table of Contents**Exhibit 11.1****AMERICA MOVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V. AND SUBSIDIARIES****RATIO OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES**

Thousands of Mexican pesos

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Mexican FRS					
Income before taxes on profits	Ps. 33,432,068	Ps. 61,527,609	Ps. 81,151,600	Ps. 79,463,731	Ps. 99,257,161
Plus: Fixed charges :					
Interest expense	9,151,266	9,618,645	9,865,355	11,610,982	10,689,719
Interest implicit in operating leases	189,596	263,090	338,440	352,989	444,785
Earnings under Mexican FRS	Ps. 42,772,929	Ps. 71,409,344	Ps. 91,355,395	Ps. 91,427,702	Ps. 110,391,665
Mexican FRS:					
U.S. GAAP:					
Total US GAAP adjustments, net	-24,660	-3,783,249	-3,168,439	-5,323,316	-2,638,028
Less: Deferred income tax	-32,350	1,948,894	57,859	-2,272,321	744,192
Less: Interest capitalized during the period	-1,448,771	-974,757	21,851	5,764,559	-117,870
Plus: Depreciation of capitalized interest	269,541	346,648	424,143	-346,528	-176,321
US GAAP adjustments without deferred income tax and capitalized interest	-1,236,240	-2,462,464	-2,664,586	-2,177,605	-2,188,027
Earnings under U.S. GAAP	Ps. 41,582,424	Ps. 68,909,102	Ps. 88,633,188	Ps. 89,140,681	Ps. 108,007,924
Fixed charges:					
Interest expense under US GAAP	7,892,091	8,906,978	10,225,646	17,728,531	11,016,634
Plus: Interest capitalized during the period	1,448,771	974,757	-21,851	-5,764,559	117,870
Fixed charges under U.S. GAAP	Ps. 9,340,862	Ps. 9,881,735	Ps. 10,203,795	Ps. 11,963,971	Ps. 11,134,504
Mexican FRS	4.6	7.2	9.0	7.6	9.9
U.S. GAAP	4.5	7.0	8.7	7.5	9.7

Table of Contents

Exhibit 23.1

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statement on Form F-3 (No. 333-162217) of América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V., the Registration Statement on Form F-3 (No. 333-162217-01) of Radiomóvil Dipsa, S.A. de C.V. and in the related prospectus of our report dated April 1, 2010, with respect to the consolidated financial statements of América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V. and subsidiaries, included in this Form 6-K (Report of Foreign Private Issuer) dated April 1, 2010.

Mancera, S.C.

A member firm of

Ernst & Young Global

/s/ C.P.C. Omero Campos Segura
C.P.C. Omero Campos Segura

Mexico City, Mexico

April 1, 2010

Table of Contents

Exhibit 23.2

Consent of Independent Registered Certified Public Accounting Firm

TracFone Wireless, Inc.

Miami, Florida

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statement on Form F-3 (No. 333-162217) and related prospectus of América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V., and the Registration Statement on Form F-3 (No. 333-162217-01) of Radiomóvil Dipsa, S.A. de C.V., of our report dated June 23, 2009, relating to the financial statements of TracFone Wireless, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2008, which appears in this Form 6-K of América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V.

/s/ BDO Seidman, LLP

Miami, Florida

April 1, 2010

Table of Contents

Exhibit 99.1

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Board of Directors and Shareholders of

América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2008 and 2009 and the related consolidated statements of income and changes in shareholders' equity for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2009 and the consolidated statement of changes in financial position for the year ended December 31, 2007 and the consolidated statements of cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2009. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We did not audit the financial statements of TracFone Wireless, Inc., a consolidated subsidiary, whose assets accounted for approximately 1% of total consolidated assets at December 31, 2008 and approximately 5% of total consolidated operating revenues for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2008. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for TracFone Wireless, Inc., is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States of America). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation (including the Company's conversion of the financial statements of TracFone Wireless, Inc. to Mexican Financial Reporting Standards). We believe that our audits and the report of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2008 and 2009, and the consolidated results of their operations for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2009, and the consolidated changes in their financial position for the year ended December 31, 2007, and their consolidated cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2009, in conformity with Mexican Financial Reporting Standards, which differ in certain respects from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (see Note 21 to the consolidated financial statements).

Table of Contents

As mentioned in Note 2 a), f), s) and z.1) to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, as of January 1, 2008, the Company adopted the new Mexican Financial Reporting Standards B-10, *Effects of Inflation*, B-15, *Translation of Foreign Currencies*, D-4, *Taxes on Profits* and B-2, *Statements of Cash Flows*, with the effects described therein.

Mancera, S.C.
A Member Practice of
Ernst & Young Global
/s/ Omero Campos Segura

Omero Campos Segura

Mexico City

April 1, 2010

Table of Contents

Report of Independent Registered Certified Public Accounting Firm

Board of Directors and Stockholders

TracFone Wireless, Inc.

Miami, Florida

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of TracFone Wireless, Inc. as of December 31, 2008 and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2008. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. Our audits include consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of TracFone Wireless, Inc. at December 31, 2008, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2008 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ BDO Seidman, LLP

June 23, 2009

Table of Contents**AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Consolidated Balance Sheets**

(In thousands of Mexican pesos)

	At December 31,		Millions of U.S. dollars 2009
	2008	2009	
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	Ps. 22,092,139	Ps. 27,445,880	USD 2,102
Accounts receivable, net (Note 4)	52,770,676	55,918,984	4,282
Derivative financial instruments (Note 10)	3,125,214	8,361	1
Related parties (Note 16)	1,052,796	468,096	36
Inventories, net (Note 5)	31,805,142	21,536,018	1,649
Other current assets, net (Note 6)	2,639,912	2,720,983	208
Total current assets	113,485,879	108,098,322	8,278
Plant, property and equipment, net (Note 7)	209,896,820	227,049,009	17,385
Licenses, net (Note 8)	43,098,985	42,582,531	3,261
Trademarks, net (Note 8)	5,010,539	3,974,527	304
Goodwill, net (Note 8)	44,696,281	45,805,279	3,507
Investments in affiliates and others (Note 9)	789,612	974,693	75
Deferred taxes (Note 18)	9,296,367	15,908,795	1,218
Other non-current assets, net (Note 6)	9,180,987	8,614,805	660
Total assets	Ps. 435,455,470	Ps. 453,007,961	USD 34,688
Liabilities and shareholders equity			
Current liabilities:			
Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt (Note 13)	Ps. 26,731,355	Ps. 9,167,941	USD 702
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 12)	90,867,401	97,086,585	7,434
Taxes payable	14,612,465	16,716,549	1,280
Related parties (Note 16)	922,254	1,045,155	80
Deferred revenues	14,662,631	16,240,451	1,244
Total current liabilities	147,796,106	140,256,681	10,740
Long-term liabilities:			
Long-term debt (Note 13)	116,755,093	101,741,199	7,790
Deferred taxes (Note 18)	14,621,075	22,282,245	1,706
Employee benefits (Note 11)	11,358,647	10,822,273	829
Total liabilities	290,530,921	275,102,398	21,065
Shareholders equity (Note 17):			
Capital stock	36,532,481	36,524,423	2,797
Retained earnings:			
From prior years	29,261,187	38,952,974	2,983
Current year	59,485,502	76,913,454	5,889

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	88,746,689	115,866,428	8,872
Accumulated other comprehensive income items	18,988,897	24,782,273	1,898
Total majority shareholders' equity	144,268,067	177,173,124	13,567
Non-controlling interest	656,482	732,439	56
Total shareholders' equity	144,924,549	177,905,563	13,623
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	Ps. 435,455,470	Ps. 453,007,961	USD 34,688

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Table of Contents**AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Consolidated Statements of Income**

(In thousands of Mexican pesos, except for earnings per share and
weighted-average number of shares outstanding)

	For the year ended December 31,			Millions of U.S. dollars 2009 except for earnings per share
	2007	2008	2009	
Operating revenues:				
Services:				
Air time	Ps. 87,522,245	Ps. 99,258,566	Ps. 118,949,020	USD 9,108
Interconnection	58,554,255	60,371,865	60,557,856	4,637
Monthly rent	59,551,717	66,805,611	75,585,846	5,788
Long-distance	20,348,067	20,624,128	23,301,403	1,784
Value added services and other services	40,359,659	51,089,479	70,743,490	5,417
Sales of handsets and accessories	45,243,819	47,505,259	45,573,416	3,489
	311,579,762	345,654,908	394,711,031	30,223
Operating costs and expenses:				
Cost of sales and services	132,373,998	146,025,037	165,039,738	12,638
Commercial, administrative and general expenses	53,605,408	62,316,415	72,380,031	5,542
Depreciation and amortization (Notes 7 and 8) (includes Ps. 29,389,162, Ps. 30,047,363 and Ps. 38,187,412 for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009, respectively, not included in cost of sales and services)	40,406,018	41,767,309	53,082,307	4,064
	226,385,424	250,108,761	290,502,076	22,244
Operating income	85,194,338	95,546,147	104,208,955	7,979
Other expenses, net	(3,712,874)	(2,326,959)	(2,165,584)	(166)
Comprehensive result of financing:				
Interest income	2,960,265	2,414,390	1,691,929	130
Interest expense	(7,696,967)	(8,950,562)	(7,410,314)	(567)
Exchange gain (loss), net	2,463,442	(13,686,423)	4,556,571	349
Monetary gain, net	5,038,406			
Other financing (cost) income, net	(3,152,631)	6,357,722	(1,820,110)	(140)
	(387,485)	(13,864,873)	(2,981,924)	(228)
Equity interest in net income of affiliates	57,621	109,416	195,714	15
Income before taxes on profits	81,151,600	79,463,731	99,257,161	7,600
Taxes on profits (Note 18)	22,454,267	19,888,337	22,259,308	1,704

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Net income	Ps. 58,697,333	Ps. 59,575,394	Ps. 76,997,853	USD 5,896
Distribution of the net income:				
Majority interest	Ps. 58,587,511	Ps. 59,485,502	Ps. 76,913,454	USD 5,889
Non-controlling interest	109,822	89,892	84,399	6
Net income	Ps. 58,697,333	Ps. 59,575,394	Ps. 76,997,853	USD 5,896
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (in millions)	35,149	34,220	32,738	32,738
Net majority earnings per share	Ps. 1.67	Ps. 1.74	Ps. 2.35	USD 0.18

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Table of Contents**AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders Equity****For the Years Ended December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009**

(In thousands of Mexican pesos)

	Capital stock	Legal reserve	Retained earnings Unappropriated	Total	Accumulated other comprehensive income items	Majority shareholders equity	Non-controlling interest	Comprehensive income	Total shareholders equity
Balance at December 31, 2006 (Note 17)	Ps. 36,555,398	Ps. 482,925	89,590,018	90,072,943	(13,565,675)	113,062,666	684,137		113,746,803
Non-controlling interest related to current year acquisitions			(6,604)	(6,604)		(6,604)	(13,187)		(19,791)
Dividends declared at Ps. 0.20 and Ps. 1 per share (historical)			(42,127,537)	(42,127,537)		(42,127,537)			(42,127,537)
Repurchase of shares	(3,359)		(12,853,079)	(12,853,079)		(12,856,438)			(12,856,438)
Comprehensive income:									
Net income for the period			58,587,511	58,587,511		58,587,511	109,822	Ps. 58,697,333	58,697,333
Other comprehensive income items:									
Effect of translation of foreign entities					10,143,715	10,143,715	(141,953)	10,001,762	10,001,762
Result from holding non-monetary assets, net of deferred taxes					(579,243)	(579,243)	(5,119)	(584,362)	(584,362)
Comprehensive income for the year								Ps. 68,114,733	
Balance at December 31, 2007 (Note 17)	36,552,039	482,925	93,190,309	93,673,234	(4,001,203)	126,224,070	633,700		126,857,770
Effect of adopting Mexican FRS B-10, net of deferred tax			(13,771,039)	(13,771,039)	13,771,039				
Dividends declared at Ps. 0.26 per share (historical)	(19,558)		(8,904,997)	(8,904,997)		(8,904,997)			(8,904,997)
			(41,736,011)	(41,736,011)		(41,755,569)			(41,755,569)

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Repurchase of shares									
Comprehensive income:									
Net income for the period		59,485,502	59,485,502		59,485,502	89,892	Ps. 59,575,394	59,575,394	
Other comprehensive income items:									
Effect of translation of foreign entities, net of deferred tax				9,219,061	9,219,061	(67,110)	9,151,951	9,151,951	
Comprehensive income for the year							Ps. 68,727,345		
Balance at December 31, 2008 (Note 17)	Ps. 36,532,481	Ps. 482,925	Ps. 88,263,764	Ps. 88,746,689	Ps. 18,988,897	Ps. 144,268,067	Ps. 656,482	Ps. 144,924,549	
Dividends declared at Ps. 0.30 and Ps. 0.50 per share			(25,979,049)	(25,979,049)		(25,979,049)		(25,979,049)	
Repurchase of shares	(8,058)		(24,697,658)	(24,697,658)		(24,705,716)		(24,705,716)	
Asset tax write-off			882,992	882,992		882,992		882,992	
Comprehensive income:									
Net income for the period		76,913,454	76,913,454		76,913,454	84,399	Ps. 76,997,853	76,997,853	
Other comprehensive income items:									
Effect of translation of foreign entities, net of deferred tax					5,793,376	5,793,376	(8,442)	5,784,934	5,784,934
Comprehensive income for the year							Ps. 82,782,787		
Balance at December 31, 2009 (Note 17)	Ps. 36,524,423	Ps. 482,925	Ps. 115,383,503	Ps. 115,866,428	Ps. 24,782,273	Ps. 177,173,124	Ps. 732,439	Ps. 177,905,563	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Table of Contents**AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Consolidated Statement of Changes in Financial Position**

(In thousands of Mexican pesos)

	For the year ended December 31, 2007
Operating activities	
Net income	Ps. 58,697,333
Add (deduct) items not requiring the use of resources:	
Depreciation	31,162,660
Amortization	7,670,961
Amortization of loss on sale and leaseback	1,572,397
Deferred income tax and deferred employee profit sharing	4,659,365
Loss on marketable securities	1,384,418
Equity interest in net income of affiliates	(57,621)
Net cost of labor obligations	456,095
	105,545,608
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Decrease (increase) in:	
Accounts receivable	(4,265,886)
Inventories	(896,364)
Other assets	(943,209)
(Decrease) increase in:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	10,136,210
Related parties	(991,389)
Financial instruments	(740,769)
Deferred revenues and credits	36,809
Taxes payable	(8,800,706)
Marketable securities	1,499,381
Resources provided by operating activities	100,579,685
Financing activities	
New loans	33,287,331
Repayment of loans	(46,008,892)
Effect of exchange rate differences and variances in debt expressed in constant pesos	(4,161,387)
Decrease in capital stock and retained earnings due to purchase of Company's own shares	(12,856,438)
Dividend declared	(42,127,537)
Resources used in financing activities	(71,866,923)
Investing activities	
Investment in plant, property and equipment	(38,854,801)
Investment in subsidiaries and affiliates	42,130
Instruments available for sale	(789,100)
Minority interest	(160,259)
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	(19,464,035)
Investments in trademarks	26,811
Investment in licenses	(499,145)

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Resources used in investing activities	(59,698,399)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(30,985,637)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	42,957,756
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	Ps. 11,972,119

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Table of Contents**AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

(In thousands of Mexican pesos)

	For the year ended December 31,		Millions of U.S. dollars 2009
	2008	2009	
Operating activities			
Income before taxes on profits	Ps. 79,463,731	Ps. 99,257,161	USD 7,600
Items not requiring the use of cash:			
Depreciation	32,677,429	42,953,356	3,289
Amortization of intangible assets	7,471,679	8,160,235	625
Amortization of loss on sale and leaseback	1,618,201	1,968,716	152
Impairment in the value of long-lived assets	739,853		
Equity interest in net income of affiliates	(109,416)	(195,714)	(15)
Loss (gain) on sale of fixed assets	141,278	(403,031)	(31)
Net period cost of labor obligations	734,636	779,705	60
Exchange loss (gain), net	11,979,839	(840,300)	(64)
Accrued interest receivable	(2,241,926)	(1,963,537)	(150)
Accrued interest payable	8,950,562	7,410,314	567
Other financing expenses, net	(2,605,594)	(1,838,672)	(141)
Gain on sale of marketable securities	(46,014)		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Financial instruments	65,800		
Accounts receivable	(5,299,903)	(7,599,026)	(582)
Interest collected	2,241,926	1,963,537	150
Prepaid expenses	(888,241)	(197,274)	(15)
Related parties	(14,719)	707,600	54
Inventories	(9,361,512)	8,479,369	649
Other assets	(143,908)	(124,900)	(10)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(13,888,254)	8,403,243	643
Taxes paid	(21,702,646)	(16,839,757)	(1,289)
Employee profit sharing paid	(672,457)	(1,132,677)	(87)
Financial instruments	(2,156,946)	2,869,210	220
Deferred revenues	1,001,969	1,568,963	120
Labor obligations	(491,359)	(577,567)	(44)
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	87,464,008	152,808,954	11,701
Investing activities			
Acquisition of plant, property and equipment	(26,943,957)	(53,213,700)	(4,075)
Acquisition of licenses	(13,736,502)	(485)	
Fixed asset sales	75,538	556,704	43
Business acquisitions, net of cash	(479,090)		
Net cash flows used in investing activities	(41,084,011)	(52,657,481)	(4,032)
Net cash flows before financing activities	46,379,997	100,151,473	7,669
Financing activities			

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Loans obtained	61,810,010	26,776,298	2,050
Repayment of loans	(41,487,985)	(62,720,695)	(4,802)
Interests paid	(8,105,142)	(8,551,023)	(655)
Repurchase of shares	(41,632,608)	(24,657,808)	(1,888)
Payment of dividends	(8,815,570)	(25,462,328)	(1,950)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(38,231,295)	(94,615,556)	(7,245)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	8,148,702	5,535,917	424
Adjustment to cash flow for exchange rate differences	1,971,318	(182,176)	(14)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	11,972,119	22,092,139	1,692
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	Ps. 22,092,139	Ps. 27,445,880	USD 2,102

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Table of Contents**AMÉRICA MÓVIL, S.A.B. DE C.V. AND SUBSIDIARIES****Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

(In thousands of Mexican pesos,

and thousands of U.S. dollars, except when indicated otherwise)

1. Description of Business

América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V. and subsidiaries (collectively, the Company or América Móvil) provides wireless and fixed communications services in Latin America and in the Caribbean. América Móvil obtains its revenues primarily from telecommunications services, including the sale of airtime (including interconnection under the calling party pays program), monthly rent, long-distance charges, and other services (including roaming, value added services and other service charges), as well as the proceeds from the sale of cellular phones and accessories.

América Móvil has authorization, licenses, permits and concessions (hereinafter collectively referred to as licenses) to build, install, operate and use both public and private telecommunications networks and provide telecommunication services (mostly mobile and fixed-line telephony) in the countries in which the Company has presence (except for in the U.S.). These licenses will expire at various times from 2012 through 2046.

Such licenses require the payment to the respective governments of a share in sales determined as a percentage of revenues from services under concession. The percentage is set as either a fixed rate or in some cases based on the size of the infrastructure in operation (except for Guatemala and El Salvador).

Equity investments in subsidiaries and affiliated companies

At December 31, 2008 and 2009, América Móvil's equity interest in its principal subsidiaries and affiliated companies is as follows:

Company	Country	% equity interest at December 31	
		2008	2009
Subsidiaries:			
AMX Tenedora, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	100.0%	100.0%
AMOV Canadá, S.A.	Mexico	100.0%	100.0%
Compañía Dominicana de Teléfonos, C. por A. (Codetel)	Dominican Republic	100.0%	100.0%
Sercotel, S.A. de C.V. (Sercotel)	Mexico	100.0%	100.0%
Radiomóvil Dipsa, S.A. de C.V. and subsidiaries (Telcel)	Mexico	100.0%	100.0%
Telecomunicaciones de Puerto Rico, Inc. (1)	Puerto Rico	100.0%	100.0%
Puerto Rico Telephone Company, Inc.	Puerto Rico	100.0%	100.0%
PRT Larga Distancia, Inc.	Puerto Rico	100.0%	100.0%
Servicios de Comunicaciones de Honduras, S.A. de C.V. (Sercom Honduras)	Honduras	100.0%	100.0%
AMX USA Holding, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	100.0%	100.0%
TracFone Wireless, Inc. (TracFone)	U.S.A.	98.2%	98.2%
AM Telecom Américas, S.A de C.V.	Mexico	100.0%	100.0%
Claro Telecom Participacoes, S.A.	Brazil	100.0%	100.0%
Americel, S.A.	Brazil	99.3%	99.3%
Claro, S.A. (formerly BCP, S.A.)	Brazil	99.9%	99.9%
América Central Tel, S.A. de C.V. (ACT)	Mexico	100.0%	100.0%
Telecomunicaciones de Guatemala, S.A. (Telgua)	Guatemala	99.2%	99.2%
Empresa Nicaragüense de Telecomunicaciones, S.A. (Enitel)	Nicaragua	99.5%	99.5%

Table of Contents

Company	Country	% equity interest	
		at December 31	
		2008	2009
Estesa Holding Corp. (1)	Panama	100.0%	100.0%
Cablenet, S.A. (1)	Nicaragua	100.0%	100.0%
Estaciones Terrenas de Satélite, S.A. (Estesa) (1)	Nicaragua	100.0%	100.0%
AMX El Salvador, S.A de C.V.	Mexico	100.0%	100.0%
Compañía de Telecomunicaciones de El Salvador, S.A. de C.V. (CTE)	El Salvador	95.8%	95.8%
CTE Telecom Personal, S.A. de C.V. (Personal)	El Salvador	95.8%	95.8%
Cablenet, S.A. (Cablenet)	Guatemala	95.8%	95.8%
Telecomoda, S.A. de C.V. (Telecomoda)	El Salvador	95.8%	95.8%
Telecom Publicar Directorios, S.A. de C.V. (Publicom)	El Salvador	48.8%	48.8%
Comunicación Celular, S.A. (Comcel)	Colombia	99.4%	99.4%
AMX Santa Lucía, Inc. (1) (2)	Santa Lucia	100.0%	99.4%
Oceanic Digital Jamaica, Ltd. (1) (2)	Jamaica	100.0%	99.4%
Claro Panamá, S.A. (4)	Panama	100.0%	99.4%
Consortio Ecuatoriano de Telecomunicaciones, S.A. (Conecel)	Ecuador	100.0%	100.0%
AMX Argentina Holdings, S.A.	Argentina	100.0%	100.0%
AMX Argentina, S.A. (3)	Argentina	100.0%	100.0%
AMX Wellington Gardens, S.A. de C.V. (3)	Mexico	100.0%	100.0%
Widcombe, S.A. de C.V. (3)	Mexico	100.0%	100.0%
AMX Paraguay, S.A. (3)	Paraguay	100.0%	100.0%
AM Wireless Uruguay, S.A.	Uruguay	100.0%	100.0%
Claro Chile, S.A.	Chile	100.0%	100.0%
América Móvil Perú, S.A.C.	Peru	100.0%	100.0%
Affiliated companies:			
Grupo Telvista, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	45.0%	45.0%

1. Companies acquired in 2007 and 2008 (see Note 9).
2. On November 28, 2008, Sercotel, S.A. de C.V. sold 100% of its shares in AMX Santa Lucia, Inc. to Comunicación Celular, S.A. As a result, the Company's equity interest in AMX Santa Lucía, Inc. and Oceanic Digital Jamaica, Ltd. decreased from 100% to 99.4% in both companies.
3. On December 29, 2008, Sercotel, S.A. de C.V. sold 100% of its shares in Wellington Gardens, S.A. de C.V. and Widcombe, S.A. de C.V. to AMX Argentina, S.A. As a result, AMX Argentina, S.A. now indirectly holds 100% of the shares of AMX Paraguay, S.A.
4. This company started up operations in the second half of 2009. The reduction in equity interest was due to Sercotel's capital withdrawal, which diluted its holding in the subsidiary.

The subsidiaries mentioned above provide mobile telephony services. In addition to mobile telephony services, Telgua, CTE, Enitel, Estesa, Codetel and Puerto Rico provide, among other telecommunication services, fixed-line telephone services.

TracFone resells cellular airtime on a prepaid basis through retailers to customers who use telephones equipped with TracFone software. TracFone does not own a cellular infrastructure but purchases airtime from mobile carriers throughout the United States.

On March 8, 2010, América Móvil's General Director, Legal Director and Finance Director authorized the issuance of the consolidated Mexican Financial Reporting Standards (Mexican FRS) financial statements and notes at December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009 and for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2009. The accompanying consolidated financial statements consist of those Mexican FRS consolidated financial statements and notes, as supplemented by the accompanying US GAAP disclosures presented in Notes 21 and 22. These final consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance herein by América Móvil's General Director, Legal Director and Finance Director on April 1, 2010, with consideration of subsequent events through that date.

Table of Contents

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Practices

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with Mexican Financial Reporting Standards, issued by the Mexican Financial Reporting Standards Research and Development Board (*Consejo Mexicano para la Investigación y Desarrollo de Normas de Información Financiera*, A.C. or CINIF). The principal accounting policies and practices followed by the Company in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are described below:

a) Consolidation and basis of translation of financial statements of foreign subsidiaries

i) Consolidation and equity method

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of América Móvil, S.A.B. de C.V. and those of its subsidiaries. The financial statements of the subsidiaries have been prepared for the same accounting period and follow the same accounting principles as those of the Company. All the companies operate in the telecommunications sector or provide services to companies operating in this sector.

All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements. Non-controlling interest refers to certain subsidiaries in which the Company does not hold 100% of the shares.

Equity investments in affiliated companies over which the Company exercises significant influence are accounted for using the equity method, which basically consists of recognizing América Móvil's proportional share in the net income or loss and the shareholders' equity of the investee.

The results of operations of the subsidiaries and affiliates were included in the Company's consolidated financial statements as of the month following their acquisition.

ii) Basis of translation of financial statements of foreign subsidiaries

The financial statements of foreign subsidiaries and affiliates, which in the aggregate account for approximately 59%, 61% and 64% of the Company's total operating revenues for 2007, 2008 and 2009, respectively, and approximately 75% and 85% of the Company's total assets at December 31, 2008 and 2009, are either consolidated or accounted for based on the equity method, as the case may be, after their financial statements have first been adjusted to conform to Mexican Financial Reporting Standards in the corresponding functional currency and have then been translated to the reporting currency.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries and affiliates located abroad were translated into Mexican pesos, as follows:

Effective January 1, 2008, the Company adopted the MFRS B-15, *Foreign Currency Translation*. Consequently, the financial statements as reported by the foreign subsidiaries and affiliates are converted to conform to Mexican Financial Reporting Standards in the local currency, and subsequently translated into the reporting currency. Since none of the Company's subsidiaries or affiliates operates in an inflationary environment, except for Argentina and Nicaragua; and the local currencies are its functional currencies, the financial statements prepared under Mexican Financial Reporting Standards reported by the subsidiaries and affiliates abroad in the local currency are translated as follows:

i) all monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the prevailing exchange rate at year-end;

ii) all non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the prevailing exchange rate at year-end;

Table of Contents

iii) shareholders' equity accounts are translated at the prevailing exchange rate at the time capital contributions were made and earnings were generated;

iv) revenues, costs and expenses are translated using the average exchange rate;

v) translation differences are recorded in shareholders' equity in the line item Effect of translation of foreign entities under Accumulated other comprehensive income items ; and

vi) the statement of cash flows was translated using the weighted average exchange rate and the difference is presented in the statement of cash flows under the caption Adjustment to cash flow for exchange rate differences .

Through December 31, 2007, the financial statements as reported by the foreign subsidiaries were converted to conform to Mexican Financial Reporting Standards in the local currency, and subsequently restated to constant monetary values based on the inflation rate of the country in which the subsidiary operates. Under this method, all assets and liabilities were translated at the prevailing exchange rate at year-end; shareholders' equity accounts were translated at the prevailing exchange rate at the time capital contributions were made and earnings were generated; income statement amounts were translated at the prevailing exchange rate at the end of the year being reported on; exchange rate variances and effect of intercompany monetary items were recorded in the consolidated statements of income; and translation differences were recorded in shareholders' equity in the line item Effect of translation of foreign entities under Accumulated other comprehensive income items . For the years ended December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009, the gain on translation was Ps. 10,001,762, Ps. 12,044,547 and Ps. 13,236,787, respectively

The statement of changes in financial position for the year ended December 31, 2007 was prepared based on the financial statements expressed in constant Mexican pesos. The source and application of resources represent the differences between beginning and ending financial statement balances in constant Mexican pesos. Monetary and foreign exchange gains and losses are not considered as items not requiring the use of resources in the statement of changes in financial position.

b) Revenue recognition

Revenues are recognized at the time services are provided and when the probability of their collection is reasonably assured. Mobile telecommunications services are provided either under prepaid (calling cards), or post payment (agreement) plans, or both. In all cases, airtime revenues are recognized as a customer uses the airtime or when the card expires in the case of prepayments or for unused airtime.

Monthly basic rent under post-paid plans is billed in arrears based on the plan and package rates approved and correspond to services rendered, except in Mexico and Colombia, where basic monthly rent is billed one month in advance. Revenues are recognized at the time services are provided. Billed revenues for the service not yet rendered are recognized as deferred revenues.

Revenues from interconnections services, which consist of calls of other carriers that enter the Company's cellular network (incoming interconnections services), are recognized at the time the service is provided. Such services are billed based on rates previously agreed with the other carriers.

Table of Contents

Long-distance charges refer to airtime used in receiving from or making calls to regions or coverage areas outside of the area where the customer service is activated. The related revenues are recognized at the time the service is provided.

Roaming charges represent airtime charged to customers for making or receiving calls outside their coverage areas or abroad. The related revenues are recognized at the time the service is provided based on the rates agreed upon by our subsidiaries with other domestic and international carriers.

Value added services and other services include voice services and data transmission services (such as two-way and written messages, call information, ring tones, emergency services, among others). Revenues from such services are recognized at the time they are provided or when the services are downloaded.

Sales of handsets and accessories, which for the most part are made to authorized distributors, are recorded as revenue when a) the products are delivered and accepted by the distributor, b) distributors do not have a right to return the product and c) probability of collection is reasonably assured.

Discounts granted on the sale of cellular equipment to wholesalers, retailers and department store chains are recognized as reductions in the price of the phone.

Telgua, ENITEL, CTE, Codetel and Puerto Rico's revenues from telephone line installation fees (net of related costs) are deferred and recognized over the estimated average life of the customer.

The Company usually does not charge activation fees for its mobile telephony services; however, in certain regions, depending on the particular market, certain activation fees are charged. The Company recognizes revenues from these fees when billed. These revenues are not deferred because they are not significant to the Company's financial statements.

c) Cost of cellular telephone equipment

The cost related to cellular telephone equipment is recognized in the statements of income at the time the corresponding income is recognized. Shipping and handling costs for wireless handsets sold to distributors are classified as costs of sales.

d) Network interconnection costs, long distance costs and rent paid for use of infrastructure

These costs represent the costs of outgoing calls from the Company's cellular networks to other carriers' network, the costs of link-ups between fixed and cellular networks, long-distance charges and rent paid for use of infrastructure (links, ports and measured usage), as well as the message exchange between operators, all of which are recognized as costs at the time the service is received.

e) Commissions paid to distributors

Commissions paid with respect to the activation of postpaid customers are recognized as expenses at the time the new customer is activated in the system and may begin using the Company's cellular network.

Loyalty and sales volumes commissions are accrued on a monthly basis based on statistical information regarding customer retention, sales volume and the number of acquired customers by each distributor. Loyalty commissions are paid to distributors for customers that remain for a specified period of time, and sales volume commissions are paid at the time the distributor reaches certain ranges of activated customers.

Table of Contents

f) Recognition of the effects of inflation

Mexican FRS B-10, *Effects of Inflation*, which became effective on January 1, 2008, requires that once it has been confirmed that the economic environment in which the Company operates has changed from inflationary to non-inflationary as of the beginning of the period, the Company should cease to recognize the effects of inflation. The Company currently operates in a non-inflationary economic environment because the cumulative inflation rate in Mexico over the past three years was 15.01% (11.56% in 2008).

The financial statements for the years ended December 2009 and 2008 are expressed in nominal pesos, except for those non-monetary items that include inflation effects at December 31, 2007 and current pesos due to the changes realized subsequent to that date.

Capital stock and retained earnings were restated for inflation through December 31, 2007 based on the Mexican National Consumer Price Index (NCPI).

Through December 31, 2007, the deficit from restatement of shareholders' equity consists of the accumulated monetary position gain at the time the provisions of Bulletin B-10 were first applied, which was Ps. 19,327, and of the result from holding non-monetary assets, which represents the difference between restatement by the specific indexation method and restatement based on the NCPI. At December 31, 2007, the Ps. 14,562,294 balance of this item is included in shareholders' equity under the caption "Accumulated other comprehensive income items". In conformity with Mexican FRS B-10, since it was impractical to identify the result from holding non-monetary assets with the items giving rise to them, the cumulative result from holding non-monetary assets, together with the initial effect from the adoption of Bulletin B-10 net of Ps. 771,928 of deferred taxes, was reclassified to retained earnings.

The net monetary position gain shown in the 2007 income statement represents the effect of inflation on monetary assets and liabilities and is included as part of the caption "Comprehensive result of financing".

g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist basically of bank deposits and highly liquid investments with original maturities of less than 90 days. Such investments are stated at acquisition cost plus accrued interest, which is similar to their market value.

h) Investments in marketable securities

Investments in marketable securities have been classified either as trading marketable securities or available-for-sale marketable securities. All investments are represented by equity securities and are recognized at market value. Changes in the fair value of instruments classified as trading securities are recognized in results of operations. Changes in the market value of instruments classified as available-for-sale are included in shareholders' equity until they are sold.

Should there be objective and lasting evidence of impairment in the value of either its instruments available-for-sale or held to maturity, the Company determines the amount of the related loss and recognizes such loss as part of the comprehensive financing income (cost). For the year ended December 31, 2007, since the loss on fair value of securities available-for-sale was other than temporary, the Company included an impairment loss of Ps. 1,362,900 in the statement of income. For the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009, there were no impairment losses on marketable securities.

Table of Contents

i) Allowance for doubtful accounts

The Company recognizes periodically in its results of operations an allowance for doubtful accounts for its portfolios of postpaid customers, distributors and network operators (basically for interconnection fees). The allowance is based primarily on past write-off experience and on the aging of accounts receivable balances, as well as management's estimates as to when dispute proceedings with operators will be resolved.

Collection policies and procedures vary by the type of credit extended, the payment history of customers and the age of the unpaid calls.

The risk of uncollectibility from intercompany receivables is evaluated annually based on an examination of each related party's financial situation and the markets in which they operate.

j) Inventories

Cellular equipment inventories are initially recognized at historical acquisition cost, and valued using the average-cost method.

k) Business acquisitions and goodwill

Business and entity acquisitions are recorded using the purchase method and until 2008, the acquisition of non-controlling interest is considered a transaction between entities under common control and any difference between the purchase price and the book value of net assets acquired is recognized as an equity transaction. Effective January 1, 2009, in conformity with Mexican FRS B-7, *Business Combinations*, if the acquisition of non-controlling interest is made at fair value, the purchase price is also recognized based on the fair value of the net assets acquired.

Goodwill represents the difference between the acquisition price and the fair value of the net assets acquired at acquisition date.

Goodwill is recorded initially at acquisition cost and up to December 31, 2007 was restated using adjustment factors derived from the NCPI. Goodwill is no longer amortized, but rather is subject to annual impairment valuations at the end of each year, or during the year if there are indications of impairment.

Impairment losses are recognized when the carrying amount of goodwill exceeds its recovery value. The Company determines the recovery value of goodwill based on its perpetuity value, which is computed by dividing the average excess in the value in use of the cash generating unit where the intangible is identified, by the average of the appropriate discount rates used in the projection of the present value of cash flows from the cash generating unit.

For the year ended December 31, 2007, there were no goodwill impairment losses recognized by the Company.

For the year ended December 31, 2008, the Company recognized a loss of Ps. 527,770 from impairment in the value of goodwill. Such loss was included in the statement of income as part of the caption Other expenses, net. This impairment was originated by the subsidiary in Honduras.

For the year ended December 31, 2009, there was no impairment losses recorded.

Table of Contents**l) Telephone plant, property and equipment**

Effective January 1, 2008, purchases of plant, property and equipment are recorded at acquisition cost. Through December 31, 2007, plant, property and equipment and construction in progress acquired abroad were restated based on the rate of inflation of the respective country of origin and the prevailing exchange rate at the balance sheet date (specific indexation factors), while plant, property and equipment of domestic origin were restated based on the NCPI.

Depreciation is computed on restated values using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of the related assets, starting the month after the assets are put to use.

Annual depreciation rates are as follows:

Telephone plant	10% to 33%
System-performance monitoring equipment included in telephone plant	33%
Buildings	3%
Other assets	10% to 25%

As of January 1, 2007, the Company adopted the provisions of Mexican FRS D-6, *Capitalization of the Comprehensive Cost of Financing*, establishing that entities must capitalize comprehensive financing cost (CFC), which corresponds to net interest expense, exchange differences, the monetary position result and other financial costs related to the acquisition of the telephone plant.

The comprehensive cost of financing incurred during the building and installation period is capitalized and was restated up to December 31, 2007 using the NCPI. The net effect of the capitalization of such cost in 2007 was an increase in net income in 2007 of Ps. 1,158,576 (Ps. 834,175 net of taxes), Ps. 7,053,951 (Ps. 5,289,244 net of taxes) in 2008 and Ps. 1,626,731 (Ps. 1,127,202 net of taxes) in 2009.

The value of plant, property and equipment is reviewed on an annual basis to verify whether there are indicators of impairment. When the recovery value of an asset, which is the greater of its selling price and value in use (the present value of future cash flows), is lower than its net carrying value, the difference is recognized as an impairment loss.

During the year ended December 31, 2007, the Company wrote-off the remaining carrying value of its telephone plant that utilizes TDMA technology in Colombia and Ecuador due to its obsolescence. This write-down was made after considering both technological obsolescence of TDMA in those specific geographies and also other economic and operational considerations. The write-off amounted to Ps. 2,735,000 and has been included as a component of the caption Other expenses, net in the accompanying 2007 consolidated statement of income. The Company also began to accelerate TDMA depreciation in Brazil (see Note 7).

For the year ended December 31, 2008, the Company recognized a loss of Ps. 113,422 from impairment in the value of the telephone plant recorded in the consolidated balance sheet. Such loss was included in the statement of operations as part of the caption Other expenses, net.

For the year ended December 31, 2009, there were no impairment losses recognized.

m) Licenses and trademarks

Effective January 1, 2008, the Company records licenses at acquisition cost. Through December 31, 2007, licenses were restated based on the rate of inflation of each country.

Table of Contents

Licenses to operate wireless telecommunications networks are accounted for at cost or at fair value at the business acquisition date. Licenses are being amortized using the straight-line method over periods ranging from 15 to 40 years, which correspond to the usage period of each license.

Trademarks are recorded at their values in use at the date acquired, as determined by independent appraisers, and are amortized using the straight-line method over a ten-year period.

The carrying values of intangible assets with definite useful lives are reviewed annually and whenever there are indications of impairment in such values. When the recovery value of an asset, which is the greater of its selling price and value in use (the present value of future cash flows), is lower than its net carrying amount, the difference is recognized as an impairment loss.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives, including those that are not yet available for use and intangibles with definite useful lives whose amortization period exceeds 20 years from the date they were available for use, are tested for impairment at the end of each year.

At December 31, 2008, the Company recognized a loss of Ps. 98,661 from impairment in the value of licenses recorded in the consolidated balance sheet and recognized the loss in the statement of income as part of the caption Other expenses, net. This impairment was originated by the subsidiary in Honduras.

For the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2009, there were no impairment losses recognized.

n) Leases

- Sale and leaseback

The Company entered into sales and leaseback agreements that meet the conditions for consideration as financial leases. Such agreements give rise to losses derived from the difference between the asset's sale price and its value in books that result in the recognition of deferred charges that are being amortized based on the remaining useful life of the related assets at the time of sale.

- Operating leases

Rent paid under operating leases is recognized in results of operations as it accrues.

- Financial leases

Lease arrangements are recognized as capital leases if (i) the ownership of the leased asset is transferred to the lessee upon termination of the lease; (ii) the agreement includes an option to purchase the asset at a reduced price; (iii) the term of the lease is substantially the same as the remaining useful life of the leased asset; or (iv) the present value of minimum lease payments is substantially the same as the market value of the leased asset, net of any benefit or scrap value.

o) Transactions in foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currency are recorded at the prevailing exchange rate at the time of the related transactions. Foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities are translated at the prevailing exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences determined from such date to the time foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities are settled or translated at the balance sheet date are charged or credited to operations, except for those arising on foreign currency denominated loans for the construction of fixed assets, as such costs are capitalized as comprehensive financing costs during the construction stage.

Table of Contents

See Note 14 for the Company's consolidated foreign currency position at the end of each year and the exchange rates used to translate foreign currency denominated balances.

p) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

Liabilities are recognized whenever (i) the Company has current obligations (legal or assumed) resulting from past events, (ii) when it is probable the obligation will give rise to a future cash disbursement for its settlement and (iii) the amount of the obligation can be reasonably estimated.

When the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount of the reserve is determined as the present value of the expected disbursements to settle the obligation. The discount rate applied is determined on a pre-tax basis and reflects current market conditions at the balance sheet date and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, an increase in the reserve is recognized as financial expense.

Reserves for contingent liabilities are recognized only when it is probable they will give rise to a future cash disbursement for their settlement. Also, contingencies are only recognized when they will generate a loss.

q) Employee benefits

In Radiomóvil Dipsa, S.A. de C.V. and in Telecomunicaciones de Puerto Rico, S.A., the Company has established defined benefit pension plans. These plans require the valuation and recognition of the accumulated effects of retirement and post-retirement labor obligations. Such effects are determined based on actuarial studies using the projected unit-credit method.

In Consorcio Ecuatoriano de Telecomunicaciones S.A. (subsidiary in Ecuador), the Company has an individual capitalization pension plan, whereby it purchases a single-premium deferred annuity from an insurance company, for which the Company only makes a yearly premium payment. In accordance with Mexican FRS D-3, this plan falls under the category of a defined contribution plan and thus, only the net period cost of the plan must be disclosed.

Seniority premiums are paid to personnel of the Mexican subsidiaries as required by Mexican labor law. Also under Mexican labor law, the Company is liable for certain benefits accruing to workers who leave or are dismissed in certain circumstances.

The Company recognizes annually the cost for pension benefits, seniority premiums and termination payments based on independent actuarial computations applying the projected unit-credit method, using real rates (financial hypotheses net of inflation). The latest actuarial computation date was prepared as of December 31, 2009.

In conformity with the labor laws of the rest of the countries in which the Company operates, there are no statutory defined benefit plans or compulsory defined contribution structures for companies. However, the foreign subsidiaries make contributions to national pension, social security and severance plans in accordance with the percentages and rates established by the applicable laws.

Such contributions are made to bodies designated by each government and are recorded in results of operations as direct labor benefits as they are incurred or when the contribution is made.

Effective January 1, 2008, the Company adopted Mexican FRS D-3, *Employee Benefits*, which replaced Mexican accounting Bulletin D-3, *Labor Obligations*. The adoption of Mexican FRS D-3 did not have an effect on the Company's financial position or results of operation.

Actuarial gains and losses are amortized over the estimated average remaining working lifetime of Company employees, which is 20 years.

Table of Contents

The Company recognizes a reserve for the costs of paid absences, such as vacation time, based on the accrual method.

r) Employee profit sharing

Current-year employee profit sharing is presented under the caption "Commercial, administrative and general expenses" in the income statement.

Beginning January 1, 2008, in connection with the adoption of Mexican FRS D-3, Employee Benefits, the Company recognized deferred employee profit sharing using the asset and liability method. Under this method, deferred profit sharing is computed by applying the 10% rate (Mexico and Peru) and 15% (Ecuador) to all differences between the book and tax values of all assets and liabilities. At December 31, 2008 and 2009, the amounts were not significant.

Through December 31, 2007, deferred employee profit sharing was determined only on temporary differences in the reconciliation of current year net income to taxable income for employee profit sharing purposes, provided there was no indication that the related liability or asset would not be realized in the future.

s) Taxes on profits

Current year taxes on profits are presented as a short-term liability, net of prepayments made during the year.

The Company determines deferred taxes on profits based on the asset and liability method established in Mexican FRS D-4, *Taxes on Profits*. Under this method, deferred taxes on profits are recognized on all differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities, including effects of translation, applying the enacted income tax rate or the flat-rate business tax rate (FRBT), applicable only in Mexico), as the case may be, effective as of the balance sheet date, or the enacted rate at the balance sheet date that will be in effect when the temporary differences giving rise to deferred tax assets and liabilities are expected to be recovered or settled.

The Company periodically evaluates the possibility of recovering deferred tax assets and if necessary, creates a valuation allowance for those assets that are not more likely than not to be realized.

Effective January 1, 2008, asset tax paid in excess of income tax in Mexico is treated as a tax credit, while through December 31, 2007, asset tax was recorded as part of deferred income tax. In both cases, an evaluation of its future realization is performed.

As a result of the adoption of Mexican FRS D-4 in 2008, the Company recognized deferred taxes in the amount of Ps. 2,825,486 for the effects of translation of foreign companies at December 31, 2008. Such amount is presented in a shareholders' equity item as part of the caption "Accumulated other comprehensive income items".

t) Advertising

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. For the years ended December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009, advertising expenses aggregated to Ps. 7,175,663, Ps. 8,520,506 and Ps. 9,932,119, respectively.

Table of Contents**u) Comprehensive income**

Comprehensive income consists of the net income for the year plus the following items that are reflected directly in shareholders' equity: the effect of translation of financial statements of foreign entities, the effect of current year deferred taxes, and other items different from net income.

At December 31, 2008 and 2009, an analysis of accumulated other comprehensive income items other than net income is as follows:

	2008	2009
Effect of translation of foreign entities	Ps. 21,814,383	35,051,170
Deferred taxes	(2,825,486)	(10,268,897)
	Ps. 18,988,897	Ps. 24,782,273

v) Earnings per share

The Company determined earnings per share by dividing net majority income by the weighted average number of shares issued and outstanding during the period. In determining the weighted average number of shares issued and outstanding, shares acquired by repurchases by the Company have been excluded.

w) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Mexican Financial Reporting Standards requires the use of estimates and assumptions. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

x) Concentration of risk

The Company's principal financial instruments consist of bank loans, derivative financial instruments, financial leases and accounts payable. The Company has other financial assets, such as accounts receivable, prepaid expenses and short-term deposits, that are directly related to its business.

The main risks associated with the Company's financial instruments are cash flow risk, liquidity risk, market risk and credit risk. The Company performs sensitivity analyses to measure potential losses in its operating results based on a theoretical increase of 100 basis points in interest rates and a 10% change in exchange rates. The Board of Directors approves the risk management policies that are proposed by the Company's management.

Credit risk represents the potential loss from the failure of counterparties to completely comply with their contractual obligations. The Company is also exposed to market risks related to fluctuations in interest rates and exchange rates. To reduce the risks related to fluctuations in exchange rates, the Company uses derivative financial instruments.

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk are cash and cash equivalents, trade accounts receivable, and debt and derivative financial instruments. The Company's policy is designed to not restrict its exposure to any one financial institution; therefore, the Company's financial instruments are maintained in different financial institutions located in different geographical areas.

The credit risk in accounts receivable is diversified because the Company has a broad customer base that is geographically dispersed. The Company continuously evaluates the credit conditions of its customers and does not require collateral to guarantee collection of its accounts receivable. In the event the collection of accounts receivable deteriorates significantly, the Company's results of operations could be adversely affected.

Table of Contents

A portion of excess cash is invested in time deposits in financial institutions with strong credit ratings.

The Company operates internationally and is therefore exposed to market risks related to fluctuations in exchange rates.

The Company relies on several key suppliers. Approximately 21%, 32% and 31% of the Company's aggregate interconnection expenditures for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009, respectively, represented services rendered by one supplier; approximately 75%, 70% and 66%, respectively, of the aggregate cost of cellular telephone equipment for such periods represented purchases from three suppliers; and approximately 58%, 54% and 39%, respectively, of telephone plant purchases were made from two suppliers. If any of these suppliers fails to provide the Company with services or equipment on a timely and cost effective basis, the Company's business and results of operations could be adversely affected.

y) Derivative financial instruments

The Company is exposed to interest rate and foreign currency risks, which are mitigated through a controlled risk management program that includes the use of derivative financial instruments. In order to reduce the risks due to exchange rate fluctuations, the Company utilizes swaps, cross currency swaps and forwards to fix exchange rates to the liabilities being hedged; however, since the Company has not formally documented the hedging relationship, it does not apply hedge accounting rules to its derivative financial instruments.

Derivative financial instruments are recognized in the balance sheet at their fair values, which are obtained from the financial institutions with which the Company has entered into the related agreements. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognized in results of operations.

z) Statement of income presentation

Costs and expenses in the Company's income statement are presented on a combined basis between their nature and function, which allows operating income levels to be shown, since such classification allows the captions to be compared with other companies in the Telecommunications industry.

The Operating income caption is shown in the statement of income since it is an important indicator used for evaluating the Company's operating results. Operating income consists of ordinary revenues and operating costs and expenses and thus excludes other income (expenses), net. This presentation is comparable to the one used in the financial statements at and for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2008.

z.1) Mexican FRS B-2, *Statement of Cash Flows*

Mexican FRS B-2 replaced Mexican accounting Bulletin B-12, *Statement of Changes in Financial Position*. Accordingly, the statement of cash flows substituted the statement of changes in financial position. The main differences between both statements lie in the fact that the statement of cash flows shows the entity's cash inflows and outflows during the period, while the statement of changes in financial position shows the changes in the entity's financial structure. Also, the statement of cash flows presents first income before taxes on profits, followed by cash flows from operating activities, then cash flows from investing activities and finally cash flows from financing activities.

The statements of cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2008 and 2009 were prepared using the indirect method. The statement of cash flows is not comparable to the statement of changes in financial position that is presented for the year ended December 31, 2007.

Table of Contents

z.2) Operating segments

Segment information is prepared based on information used by the Company in its decision-making processes based on the geographical areas in which América Móvil operates.

z.3) New accounting pronouncements that became effective in 2009

Mexican FRS B-7, *Business Combinations*

In December 2008, the CINIF issued Mexican FRS B-7, which became effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2009. Mexican FRS B-7 replaced Mexican accounting Bulletin B-7, *Business Combinations*.

Both Mexican FRS B-7 and Mexican accounting Bulletin B-7 require the application of the purchase method for the recognition of business combinations. However, unlike Mexican accounting Bulletin B-7, this standard: (i) requires that the total net assets acquired and consideration paid to be valued at fair value; and (ii) requires that all of the costs incurred in a business combination be recognized in the operating results of the acquiring entity. As a result of this change, it was clarified that goodwill must be determined for both the controlling (majority) interest and the non-controlling (minority) interest, the latter of which must be valued at fair value.

In certain cases, this standard allows transactions between entities under common control to be treated as business combinations, unlike Mexican accounting Bulletin B-7, which requires such transactions, without exception, to be stated at book value. Regarding business combinations carried out in stages, this standard also clarifies that the values recognized in the balance sheet of the buyer for its investment, net of any depreciation, amortization or impairment adjustments, are to be considered as part of the consideration paid (and not at their fair value), when determining goodwill at the time control is acquired over the investee.

Finally, Mexican FRS B-7 also clarifies that the recognition of push-down adjustments to the financial statements of the acquired entity is not applicable in Mexico and provides no transitory guidance in this regard.

The Company did not have business acquisitions in 2009, and thus the adoption of this standard had no impact on the Company's financial statements

Mexican FRS B-8, *Consolidated and Combined Financial Statements*

Mexican FRS B-8, which is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2009. Mexican FRS B-8 replaces Mexican accounting Bulletin B-8, *Consolidated and Combined Financial Statements and the Valuation of Long-Term Equity Investments*. Mexican FRS B-8 establishes the overall guidelines for preparing and presenting consolidated or combined financial statements, and transfers the guidance related to accounting for long-term equity investments to Mexican FRS C-7.

The most important amendments, changes or additions to this standard are as follows:

Unlike Mexican accounting Bulletin B-8, Mexican FRS B-8 does not require sub-holding companies to present consolidated financial statements under certain circumstances. In such cases, the investments in subsidiaries of these intermediary holding companies are accounted for using the equity method.

This standard establishes that to determine the existence of control, the Company must consider any potential voting rights held that might be exercised or converted, regardless of management's actual intention and financial capacity to exercise such rights.

Table of Contents

This standard also includes guidelines for the accounting treatment of special purpose entities and, upon adoption, abolishes the supplementary application of SIC 12, *Consolidation - Special Purpose Entities*. Mexican FRS B-8 establishes that specific purpose entities over which the Company exercises control must be consolidated, irrespective of their business purpose or line of business.

e) This standard establishes that changes in equity interest that do not cause loss of control must be recognized as transactions between shareholders; therefore, any difference between the book value of the equity investment sold or acquired and the value of the consideration paid must be recognized in shareholders' equity.

The adoption of this standard did not have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements since there was no change in control, the Company has no special purpose entities and did not acquire any subsidiaries.

Mexican FRS C-7, *Investments in Affiliates and Other Permanent Investments*

Mexican FRS C-7 modifies the guidelines for the accounting recognition of investments in affiliates contained in Mexican accounting Bulletin B-8, *Consolidated and Combined Financial Statements and the Valuation of Long-Term Equity Investments*. Under the new standard, significant influence is considered to exist when an entity holds an equity interest of more than 10% in the case of publicly traded entities, and 25% in the case of unlisted entities. This standard establishes that in determining the existence of control, any potential exercisable or convertible voting rights held must be taken into account. Mexican FRS C-7 establishes the guidelines for determining the existence of significant influence in the case of SPEs and provides a specific procedure for recognizing the accumulated losses incurred by affiliates.

This standard requires the financial statements of affiliates to be prepared under the same Mexican FRS as those of the controlling company, which eliminates the possibility of recognizing the equity interest in regulated affiliates using financial statements prepared under the specific accounting standards for their sectors.

The adoption of this standard did not have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Mexican FRS C-8, *Intangible Assets*

This standard replaces Mexican accounting Bulletin C-8, *Intangible Assets*, for fiscal years beginning on January 1, 2009.

Unlike Mexican accounting Bulletin C-8, this standard establishes that separability is not the only condition necessary to determine that an intangible asset is identifiable. Mexican FRS C-8 also provides additional guidance on the accounting recognition of intangible assets acquired through exchange transactions and eliminates the presumption that the useful life of an intangible asset could not exceed twenty years. Furthermore, the standard adds the requirement of an accelerated amortization period as a condition for impairment and modifies the definition of pre-operating costs.

The adoption of this standard did not have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

The most important new accounting pronouncements that will become effective in 2010 are as follows:

Mexican FRS C-1, *Cash and Cash Equivalents*

Mexican FRS C-1 was issued by the CINIF in November 2009 to replace Mexican accounting Bulletin C-1, *Cash*, and is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2010. The principal changes compared to the old Mexican accounting Bulletin C-1 are as follows:

- a) Under this standard, cash and cash equivalents are required to be grouped together.
- b) Mexican FRS C-1 establishes that restricted cash and cash equivalents must be presented in the cash and cash equivalents caption in the statement of financial position, rather than separately.
- c) This standard substitutes the term *short-term demand investments* with the new term *liquid demand investments*.
- d) Mexican FRS C-1 also defines the following terms: acquisition costs, cash equivalents, restricted cash and cash equivalents, liquid demand investments, net realizable value, nominal value and fair value.

The Company does not believe that the adoption of this new accounting standard will have a material effect on the valuation of its cash and cash equivalents and that it will only give rise to changes in the names of certain items.

The most important new accounting pronouncements that will become effective in 2011 are as follow:

Mexican FRS B-5, *Financial Information by Segment*

In November 2009, the CINIF issued Mexican FRS B-5, which is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2011. Mexican FRS B-5 will replace Mexican accounting Bulletin B-5.

Mexican FRS B-5 establishes the criteria for identifying the segments to be reported by an entity, as well as the standards for disclosing the financial information of such segments. The standard also contains the requirements applicable to the disclosure of certain information related to the entity as a whole.

The principal changes compared to Mexican accounting Bulletin B-5 are as follows:

Information to be disclosed - Mexican FRS B-5 is management-focused, since the segment information disclosures it requires refer to the information used by the entity's most-senior business decision makers. Mexican FRS B-5 also requires the disclosure of information related to entity's products, geographic regions, customers and suppliers.

Business risks - In identifying operating segments, this standard does not require that different areas of the business necessarily be subject to different risks.

Segments in the pre-operating stage - Under Mexican FRS B-5, the different areas of a business in its pre-operating stage may be classified as operating segments.

Disclosure of financial results - This standard requires disclosure of interest income and expense, as well as the other comprehensive financing items.

Table of Contents

Disclosure of liabilities - Mexican FRS B-5 requires disclosure of the liabilities included in the regular information for the operating segment that is habitually used by the entity's most-senior business decision makers.

Mexican FRS B-9, Interim Financial Information

In November 2009, the CINIF issued Mexican FRS B-9, which is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2011. Mexican FRS B-9 will replace Mexican accounting Bulletin B-9.

Mexican FRS B-9 establishes that interim financial information must contain, as a minimum for each interim period, the following comparative financial statements:

Condensed statement of financial position

Condensed income statement or statement of activities, as applicable

Condensed statement of changes in shareholders' equity

Condensed statement of cash flows

Notes to financial statements with select disclosures

Mexican FRS B-9 requires the interim financial information at the end of a period to be compared to the information at the closing of the immediately prior equivalent period (except for the statement of financial position), which makes it necessary to also include a comparison with the statement at the immediately prior annual closing date.

International Financial Reporting Standards Adoption

Beginning with the year ended December 31, 2012, Mexican issuers with securities listed on a Mexican securities exchange will be required to prepare financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board. Issuers may voluntarily report using IFRS before the change in the reporting standards becomes mandatory. The Company plans to begin reporting financial statements in IFRS no later than 2012.

z.4) Reclassifications

Certain captions shown in the 2007 financial statements as originally issued have been reclassified for uniformity of presentation with the 2008 and 2009 financial statements

		As originally issued 2007	Reclassification	As reclassified 2007
Statement of income:				
Depreciation and amortization	(1)	Ps.40,818,281	Ps.(412,263)	Ps.40,406,018
Commercial, administrative and general expenses	(1)	53,193,145	412,263	53,605,408

(1) Reclassification of amortization of prepaid expenses in 2007

Table of Contents

z.5) Convenience translation

U.S. dollar amounts as of December 31, 2009 shown in the financial statements have been included solely for the convenience of the reader and are translated from Mexican pesos as of December 31, 2009, divided by an exchange rate of Ps. 13.059 per dollar, which is the December 31, 2009 exchange rate. Such translation should not be construed as a representation that the peso amounts have been or could be converted into U.S. dollars at this or any other rate.

Table of Contents**3. Investments in Marketable Securities**

At December 31, 2008 and 2009, the Company does not have a marketable securities portfolio.

However, at December 31, 2007, the net unrealized loss on for-trading securities was Ps. 2,441. The net realized gain was Ps. 29,604 and Ps. 19,786 for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2008, respectively. All such valuation results are recognized in results of operations.

As a result of the loss in the market value of the securities of the issuer U.S. Commercial (USCO), in 2007, the Company recorded an other than temporary loss of Ps. 1,362,900 in its results of operations under the other financing costs, net caption. In December 2007, USCO's shares were transferred to the Carso Foundation (a related party) as a charitable donation.

4. Accounts Receivable

a) An analysis of accounts receivable is as follows:

	December 31	
	2008	2009
Subscribers	Ps. 24,815,416	Ps. 24,289,422
Distributors	10,233,726	13,588,162
Cellular operators for interconnections of networks and other facilities including the Calling Party		
Pays program	9,713,659	10,746,263
Recoverable taxes	9,967,980	10,433,259
Sundry debtors	3,465,030	4,347,480
	58,195,811	63,404,586
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts of customers, distributors and cellular operators	(5,425,135)	(7,485,602)
Net	Ps. 52,770,676	Ps. 55,918,984

b) An analysis of activity in the allowance for doubtful accounts for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009 is as follows:

	2007	2008	2009
Balance at the beginning of the period	Ps. (4,324,981)	Ps. (6,044,433)	Ps. (5,425,135)
Increase through charge to expenses	(4,642,250)	(5,676,033)	(5,700,276)
Applications to the allowance	3,192,832	6,950,478	3,963,895
Effect of translation	(270,034)	(655,147)	(324,086)
Balance at the end of the period	Ps. (6,044,433)	Ps. (5,425,135)	Ps. (7,485,602)

5. Inventories

An analysis of inventories at December 31, 2008 and 2009 is as follows:

	December 31	
	2008	2009
Cellular telephones, accessories, cards and other materials	Ps. 33,035,047	Ps. 23,195,148
Less:		
Reserve for obsolete and slow-moving inventories	(1,229,905)	(1,659,130)

Total

Ps. 31,805,142

Ps. 21,536,018

284

Table of Contents**6. Other Assets**

a) An analysis of other assets at December 31, 2008 and 2009 is as follows:

	December 31	
	2008	2009
Current assets:		
Prepaid expenses (including advertising, insurance and maintenance)	Ps. 2,353,677	Ps. 2,281,290
Other	286,235	439,693
	Ps. 2,639,912	Ps. 2,720,983
Non-current assets:		
Recoverable taxes	Ps. 1,082,370	Ps. 1,982,292
Sale and leaseback of the telephone plant	5,706,564	3,503,068
Advances to related parties for use of fiber optic	748,701	883,102
Prepaid expenses	1,643,352	2,246,343
Total	Ps. 9,180,987	Ps. 8,614,805

From 2003 to 2008, the Company sold part of its telephone plant to unrelated parties for Ps. 7,875,591 and then leased back the plant under financial leaseback agreements. The losses incurred on such transactions are being amortized based on the remaining useful lives of the assets at the time of sale.

Amortization expense for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009 was Ps. 2,706,612, Ps. 1,618,201 and Ps. 1,968,716, respectively.

7. Plant, Property and Equipment

a) An analysis of plant, property and equipment at December 31, 2008 and 2009 is as follows:

	December 31,	
	2008	2009
Telephone plant and equipment	Ps. 320,141,371	Ps. 371,426,995
Land and buildings	21,148,304	22,268,890
Other assets	39,713,303	51,486,555
	381,002,978	445,182,440
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(204,323,681)	(249,140,213)
Net	176,679,297	196,042,227
Construction in progress and advances to equipment suppliers	30,361,241	28,091,540
Inventories, primarily for use in the construction of the telephone Plant	2,856,282	2,915,242
Total	Ps. 209,896,820	Ps. 227,049,009

b) At December 31, 2008 and 2009, plant, property and equipment include the following assets held under capital leases:

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	2008	2009
Assets under capital leases	Ps. 3,046,236	Ps. 2,230,216
Accumulated depreciation	(1,254,925)	(1,046,156)
	Ps. 1,791,311	Ps. 1,184,060

c) Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009 was Ps. 31,162,660, Ps. 32,677,429 and Ps. 42,953,356, respectively.

Table of Contents

d) Given the speed in which important breakthroughs and changes in telecommunications equipment technology arise, the Company reevaluates periodically the estimated useful life of its telephone plant and adjusts the plant's remaining useful life accordingly. In 2007, the Company increased the depreciation rate of TDMA technology and certain other assets primarily in Brazil and Colombia. This change in estimate was made to better reflect the technological advances of telecommunications equipment and other operational decisions. The effect of the depreciation rate increase was a Ps. 5,796,000 increase in depreciation for 2007. In 2008 the Company did not change the estimated useful life of its telephone plant.

In 2009, the subsidiary in Brazil prospectively increased the depreciation rate of its GSM telephone plant. Such increase represented an additional charge of Ps. 4,461,748 to depreciation expense for 2009.

e) The most relevant information used in determining the capitalized comprehensive financing cost is as follows:

	2008	2009
Amounts invested during the year in the acquisition of qualifying assets	Ps. 30,700,024	Ps. 29,803,816
Capitalized comprehensive financing cost	7,053,951	1,626,731
Capitalization rate	23%	5%

This amount is amortized over a period of seven years, which is the estimated useful life of the plant.

f) An analysis of the comprehensive financing cost for the year is as follows:

	2007	December 31, 2008	2009
Total comprehensive financing cost accrued	Ps. (1,546,061)	Ps. (20,918,824)	Ps. (4,608,655)
Capitalized amount	1,158,576	7,053,951	1,626,731
Total comprehensive financing cost	Ps. (387,485)	Ps. (13,864,873)	Ps. (2,981,924)

8. Intangible Assets

An analysis of intangible assets at December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009 is as follows:

	Balance at beginning of Year	Acquisitions	December 31, 2007		Balance at end of year
			Amortization expense	Effect of translation of foreign subsidiaries, net	
Licenses	Ps. 35,798,989	Ps. 2,089,815			Ps. 37,888,804
Effect of translation	16,491,301			Ps. 5,468,598	21,959,899
Accumulated amortization	(17,585,259)		Ps. (5,699,140)		(23,284,399)
Net	Ps. 34,705,031	Ps. 2,089,815	Ps. (5,699,140)	Ps. 5,468,598	Ps. 36,564,304
Trademarks	Ps. 10,419,154	Ps. 397,597			Ps. 10,816,751
Effect of translation	(716,031)			Ps. (92,814)	(808,845)
Accumulated amortization	(3,569,146)		Ps. (837,606)		(4,406,752)
Net	Ps. 6,133,977	Ps. 397,597	Ps. (837,606)	Ps. (92,814)	Ps. 5,601,154

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Goodwill	Ps. 30,292,697	Ps. 17,649,528		Ps. 47,942,225
Effect of translation	2,179,498		Ps. 366,925	2,546,423
Accumulated amortization	(5,763,776)			(5,763,776)
Net	Ps. 26,708,419	Ps. 17,649,528	Ps. 366,925	Ps. 44,724,872

Table of Contents

	December 31, 2008				
	Balance at beginning of Year	Acquisitions	Amortization expense	Effect of translation of foreign subsidiaries, net	Balance at end of year
Licenses	Ps. 37,888,804	Ps. 13,736,514			Ps. 51,625,318
Effect of translation	21,959,899			Ps. (528,923)	21,430,976
Accumulated amortization	(23,284,399)		Ps. (6,574,249)		(29,858,648)
Impairment of the year			(98,661)		(98,661)
Net	Ps. 36,564,304	Ps. 13,736,514	Ps. (6,672,910)	Ps. (528,923)	Ps. 43,098,985
Trademarks	Ps. 10,816,751				Ps. 10,816,751
Effect of translation	(808,845)			Ps. 306,815	(502,030)
Accumulated amortization	(4,406,752)		Ps. (897,430)		(5,304,182)
Net	Ps. 5,601,154		Ps. (897,430)	Ps. 306,815	Ps. 5,010,539
Goodwill	Ps. 47,942,225	Ps. 452,302			Ps. 48,394,527
Effect of translation	2,546,423			Ps. 46,877	2,593,300
Accumulated amortization	(5,763,776)				(5,763,776)
Impairment of the year			Ps. (527,770)		(527,770)
Net	Ps. 44,724,872	Ps. 452,302	Ps. (527,770)	Ps. 46,877	Ps. 44,696,281
	December 31, 2009				
	Balance at beginning of year	Acquisitions	Amortization expense	Effect of translation of foreign subsidiaries, net	Balance at end of year
Licenses	Ps. 51,625,318	Ps. 485			Ps. 51,625,803
Effect of translation	21,430,976			Ps. 6,758,840	28,189,816
Accumulated amortization	(29,858,648)		Ps. (7,275,779)		(37,134,427)
Impairment of the year	(98,661)				(98,661)
Net	Ps. 43,098,985	Ps. 485	Ps. (7,275,779)	Ps. 6,758,840	Ps. 42,582,531
Trademarks	Ps. 10,816,751				Ps. 10,816,751
Effect of translation	(502,030)			Ps. (151,556)	(653,586)
Accumulated amortization	(5,304,182)		Ps. (884,456)		(6,188,638)
Net	Ps. 5,010,539		Ps. (884,456)	Ps. (151,556)	Ps. 3,974,527
Goodwill	Ps. 48,394,527				Ps. 48,394,527
Effect of translation	2,593,300			Ps. 1,108,998	3,702,298
Accumulated amortization	(5,763,776)				(5,763,776)
Impairment of the year	(527,770)				(527,770)
Net	Ps. 44,696,281			Ps. 1,108,998	Ps. 45,805,279

Table of Contents

a) A description of the principal changes in the caption licenses at December 31, 2007 and 2008 is as follows:

In May 2008, the Company announced that Conecel had been notified by the Consejo Nacional de Telecomunicaciones de Ecuador that it had accepted Conecel's proposal and payments terms regarding the license renewal for a period of 15 years. Conecel made an initial fixed payment of US\$ 289 million (Ps. 4,003,439) to the Ecuadorian government for the new 15-year concession and will subsequently make payments determined at 3.93% of the gross revenues on the services awarded.

On May 7, 2008, the Company was awarded the bid to provide mobile voice services as well as data and video transmission services (PCS) in Panama. The license obtained by its subsidiary in Panama, Claro Panamá, S.A., grants the right to use and exploit 30 MHz in the 1900 MHz band over a period of 20 years. The amount paid by the Company for such license was US\$ 86 million (Ps. 895,626).

The Company acquired a license to operate 20 MHz of additional spectrum in five regions in Brazil and 30 MHz of additional spectrum in six regions in such country. The amount paid by the Company in April 2008 for these new rights aggregated to Ps. 8,830,124 (approximately 1.4 billion Brazilian reais).

For the year ended December 31, 2007:

In March 2007, the Company acquired the shares of Telecomunicaciones de Puerto Rico, Inc. (see Note 9.I)

- In September 2007, the Company was ceded the rights to exploit the 1,895 and 1,970 MHz radio spectrum frequency F sub-bands to operate and provide cellular telephony services in El Salvador. The amount paid by the Company for such licenses was Ps. 177,269.

- In September 2007, the Company acquired a B band license for frequencies between 835 and 894 MHz to operate and provide cellular telephony services in Peru. The amount paid by the Company for such licenses was Ps. 251,965.

c) As a result of certain acquisitions, in 2007, the Company also acquired customer-related intangible assets for Ps. 685,679. These intangible assets are amortized based on their estimated useful lives, which are 5 years.

d) Annual amortization expense associated with licenses and trademarks is expected to be approximately Ps. 7,420,264 each year for the following five years.

9. Investments in Affiliates and Others

An analysis of this caption at December 31, 2008 and 2009 is as follows:

	2008	2009
Investments in:		
Associates (Grupo Telvista, S.A. de C.V.)	Ps. 721,044	Ps. 898,871
Other investments	68,568	75,822
Total	Ps. 789,612	Ps. 974,693

Table of Contents**I. Investments in subsidiaries**

During 2007 and 2008, the Company made a number of investments in subsidiaries which are described as follow:

The Company considered appraisals from independent experts to determine the fair value of the net assets acquired. An analysis of the acquisition price of the net assets acquired per company based on fair values at the acquisition date is as follows:

- 2008 Acquisitions

	Estesa Holding
Current assets	Ps. 44,224
Fixed assets	147,627
Other assets	1,612
Less:	
Total liabilities	160,559
Fair value of net assets acquired	32,904
% of equity acquired	100%
Net assets acquired	32,904
Amount paid	485,206
Goodwill generated	Ps. 452,302

a) In August 2008, the Company acquired 100% of the shares of Estesa Holding Corp., a cable television and broadband platform service provider for homes and businesses in Nicaragua. The amount paid for the acquisition was Ps. 485,206 (US\$ 47,841). The Company plans to use this acquisition to strengthen its position in the telecommunications market in Central America.

- 2007 Acquisitions

	Telecomunicaciones		
	de Puerto Rico, Inc.	Oceanic Digital Jamaica Limited	Total
Current assets	Ps. 6,611,161	Ps. 160,850	Ps. 6,772,011
Fixed assets	12,086,219	420,641	12,506,860
Licenses	1,318,675	271,995	1,590,670
Trademarks	397,597		397,597
Customer lists and relationships	840,671		840,671
Other assets	1,861,055		1,861,055
Less:			
Total liabilities	19,697,347	174,530	19,871,877
Fair value of net assets acquired	3,418,031	678,956	4,096,987
% of equity acquired	100%	100%	
Net assets acquired	3,418,031	678,956	4,096,987
Amount paid	20,946,236	800,279	21,746,515
Goodwill generated	Ps. 17,528,205	Ps. 121,323	Ps. 17,649,528

a) Telecomunicaciones de Puerto Rico

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As a result of its expansion in Latin America, on March 30, 2007, the Company announced the acquisition of 100% of the shares of Telecomunicaciones de Puerto Rico, Inc. The shares were acquired from Verizon Communications, the government of Puerto Rico, Banco Popular and the employees of such company, who before the sale respectively held 52%, 28%, 13% and 7% of the total shares at such date. The Company paid Ps. 20,946,236 (US\$ 1,890 million after net debt assumed, which was approximately Ps. 4,104,288 (US\$ 370,830)).

Table of Contents

At the time of acquisition, the Company assumed a liability for the new subsidiary's retirement and post-retirement labor obligations of approximately Ps. 10,216,851 (US\$ 934,650).

Telecomunicaciones de Puerto Rico provides telecommunication services, including fixed-line and cellular services in Puerto Rico. Telecomunicaciones de Puerto Rico's results of operations have been included in the consolidated financial statements as of April 2007. The Company expects the acquisition of Puerto Rico to contribute to the strategy of becoming the leading wireless communication provider in Latin America.

b) Oceanic Digital Jamaica Limited

In November 2007, the Company completed the acquisition of 100% of the shares of Oceanic Digital Jamaica, Ltd. Oceanic Digital Jamaica provides mobile telephone and value added services in the Republic of Jamaica. The amount paid for the acquisition was Ps. 800,279 (US\$ 73,648) before net cash of Ps. 15,548 (US\$ 1,431). Oceanic Digital Jamaica Limited's results of operations have been included in the consolidated financial statements as of December 2007. The Company expects the acquisition of Oceanic Digital Jamaica Limited to contribute to the strategy of becoming the leading wireless communication provider in Latin America.

- Other acquisitions

In 2007, the Company paid Ps. 53,184 to acquire non-controlling interest in Guatemala, El Salvador, Nicaragua and Colombia. The book value of such shares was Ps. 46,580, and the difference between the book value and price paid is reflected in shareholders' equity. As a result of these acquisitions, the Company's equity interest increased from 99.1% to 99.2% in Guatemala; from 99.3% to 99.5% in Nicaragua; and from 99.2% to 99.4% in Colombia.

- General

The Company is not obligated to make any further payments or provide any form of additional or contingent consideration related to these acquisitions, other than those already disclosed.

- Unaudited pro forma financial data

The following consolidated pro forma financial data for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2008 have not been audited and are based on the Company's historical financial statements, adjusted to give effect to (i) the series of acquisitions mentioned in the preceding paragraphs; and (ii) certain accounting adjustments related to the amortization of licenses and adjustments related to depreciation of fixed assets of the acquired companies.

The pro forma adjustments assume that the acquisitions were made at the beginning of the year of acquisition and the immediately preceding year and are based upon available information and other assumptions that management considers reasonable. The pro forma financial information data does not purport to represent what the effect on the Company's consolidated operations would have been had the transactions in fact occurred at the beginning of each year, nor are they intended to predict the Company's results of operations.

	Unaudited pro forma consolidated	
	for the years ended	
	December 31,	
	2007	2008
Operating revenues	Ps.315,415,110	Ps.345,849,287
Income from continued operations	58,809,925	60,115,083
Net income	58,809,925	60,115,083
Earnings per share (in Mexican pesos)	1.67	1.76

Table of Contents**10. Derivative financial instruments**

To protect itself against future increases in interest rates for the servicing of its long-term debt of Ps. 101,741,199, the Company has entered into interest-rate swap contracts in over-the-counter transactions carried out with the same financial institutions from which the Company has obtained unsecured loans, with no collateral and no values given as a guarantee. The weighted average interest rate is 2.14%. The swap floating rate is the three-month London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) and is due every three months, coinciding with the payments of interest.

At December 31, 2008 and 2009, the financial instruments contracted by the Company are as follows:

Instrument	Amounts in thousands			
	2008		2009	
	Notional amount	Fair value	Notional amount	Fair value
Cross Currency Swaps				
Swaps Dollar-Peso	US\$ 610,000	Ps. (483,916)	US\$ 146,965	Ps. (2,699)
Swaps Euro-Peso			82,000	24,578
Swaps Euro-Dollar			142,821	106,637
Swaps Yen-Dollar			¥ 13,000,000	(27,181)
Interest rate swaps and Cross Currency Swaps	US\$ 350,000	2,371,725		
Forwards Dollar-Peso	US\$ 2,700,000	1,237,405	US\$ 1,965,000	(92,974)
Total		Ps. 3,125,214		Ps. 8,361

With respect to the aforementioned financial instruments, the valuation gain (loss) for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009 aggregated to Ps. 23,851, Ps. 7,497,200 and (Ps. 732,566), respectively, and was included in the statement of income as part of comprehensive result of financing in the Other financing cost (income), net caption.

11. Employee Benefits

The Company's post-retirement obligations for seniority premiums, pension and retirement plans, and medical services in the countries in which it operates and that have defined benefit and defined contribution plans are as follows:

a) Puerto Rico**Pension plan**

In accordance with the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act issued in 1974, all full-time employees are entitled to a pension plan and the contributions to such plan are deductible for income tax purposes.

This pension plan is comprised of two types of payment:

- Life-long or retirement pension to which employees are entitled to when they have reached a certain number of years of service and that is computed by applying certain percentages to the number of years of service and based on the employee's salary of the last three years.
- The payment of an amount that ranges from 9 to 12 months of the employee's current salary. The number of months (9 to 12) also depends on the years of service.

Table of Contents

The benefit costs and obligations, together with the status of the funds and costs related to these post-retirement pension plans at December 31, 2008 and 2009, are as follows:

	2008		2009	
	Pensions and sum of benefits	Post-retirement benefits	Pensions and sum of benefits	Post-retirement benefits
Projected benefit obligation at beginning of year	Ps. 15,243,410	Ps. 7,144,994	Ps. 18,904,990	Ps. 9,926,295
Labor cost	309,201	88,392	272,013	79,906
Finance cost on projected benefit obligation	1,121,865	590,121	1,101,802	515,597
Actuarial loss (gain)	(253,748)	735,942	777,985	(615,052)
Other amended plans		31,964	(824,304)	(269,662)
Payments from trust fund	(1,264,234)	(422,138)	(1,418,253)	(454,064)
Effect of translation	3,748,496	1,757,020	(785,015)	(353,354)
Projected benefit obligation at end of year	Ps. 18,904,990	Ps. 9,926,295	Ps. 18,029,218	Ps. 8,829,666
Changes in plan assets:				
Established fund at beginning of year	Ps. 13,526,767		Ps. 14,959,431	
Effect of business acquisition				
Actual return on plan assets	(807,465)		693,221	
Employee contributions	69,221	Ps. 422,138	121,916	Ps. 438,890
Payments from trust fund	(1,264,234)	(422,138)	(1,418,266)	(438,890)
Effect of translation	3,435,142		(450,999)	
Established fund at end of year	Ps. 14,959,431	Ps.	Ps. 13,905,303	Ps.
Unfunded labor obligation	Ps. (3,945,559)	Ps. (9,926,295)	Ps. (4,123,915)	Ps. (8,829,666)
Unrecognized actuarial loss (gain)	1,933,608	644,843	2,474,363	(263,851)
Accrued labor obligation	Ps. (2,011,951)	Ps. (9,281,452)	Ps. (1,649,552)	Ps. (9,093,517)

Net period cost

The net period cost at December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009 is comprised of the following elements:

	2007		2008		2009	
	Pensions and sum of benefits	Post-retirement benefits	Pensions and sum of benefits	Post-retirement benefits	Pensions and sum of benefits	Post-retirement benefits
Labor cost	Ps. 184,291	Ps. 57,113	Ps. 309,201	Ps. 88,392	Ps. 272,013	Ps. 79,906
Finance cost on projected benefit obligation	670,336	322,672	1,121,865	590,121	1,101,802	515,597
Projected return on plan assets	(779,532)	(9,334)	(1,382,477)	(15,136)	(1,184,295)	(34,334)
	Ps. 75,095	Ps. 370,451	Ps. 48,589	Ps. 663,377	Ps. 189,520	Ps. 561,169
Projected benefit obligation	Ps. 15,243,410	Ps. 7,144,994	Ps. 18,904,990	Ps. 9,926,295	Ps. 18,029,218	Ps. 8,829,666
Accumulated benefit obligation	13,953,983	7,144,994	17,542,843	9,926,295	17,809,050	8,829,666
Fair value of plan assets	13,526,767		14,959,943		13,905,303	

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The unrecognized net actuarial loss of Ps. 2,578,451 for 2008 derives from: i) changes in actuarial assumptions primarily due to changes in the rates of return on assets; and ii) experience adjustments.

Table of Contents**Actuarial assumption**

The average rates used to determine the net period cost for 2007, 2008 and 2009 are as follows:

	2007	2008	2009
Discount rate	6.25%	6.25%	6.25%
Expected rate of return	8.5%	8.5%	8.5%
Rate of future salary increases	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%

The average rates and other actuarial assumptions used in determining post-retirement obligations for medical services and others are as follows:

	2007	2008	2009
Cost percentage of increase in health care for the following year	8.5%	7.0%	6.90%
Cost percentage due to death	5.0%	5.0%	4.5%
Year to which this level will be maintained	2010	2010	2021

The average rates and other actuarial assumptions used to determine the net period cost of post-retirement obligations are as follows:

	Post-retirement benefits		
	2007	2008	2009
Cost percentage of increase in health care for the following year	8.5%	7.00%	5.8%
Cost percentage due to death	5.00%	5.00%	5.0%
Year to which this level will be maintained	2010	2010	2021

The projected return on plan assets is as follows:

	Projected return		
	2007	2008	2009
Equity instruments	9.6%	7.8%	5.1%
Debt instruments	5.4%	4.4%	6.3%
Cash and equivalents	4.3%	4.2%	2.6%

Plan assets

The Company invests its plan assets at the following percentages:

	Post-retirement benefits		
	2007	2008	2009
Equity instruments	61.0%	2.0%	2.5%
Debt instruments	35.0%	35.0%	41.3%
Cash and cash equivalents	4.0%	63.0%	56.2%
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Cash flows

During 2007, 2008 and 2009, the Company contributed approximately Ps. 1,041,210 (US\$ 95,787), Ps. 69,221 (US\$ 5,112) and Ps. 121,903 (US\$ 9,335), respectively, to the pension plan fund and Ps. 276,686 (US\$ 25,454), Ps. 422,138 (US\$ 31,181) and Ps. 399,727 (US\$ 30,610), respectively, to the post-retirement obligations fund. In accordance with current regulations, during 2010, the Company expects to contribute

approximately Ps. 615,468 to the pension plan fund and Ps. 464,816 to the post-retirement obligations fund.

Table of Contents**Estimated future payments**

An analysis of the payments for labor obligations the Company expects to make in succeeding years is as follows:

	Pensions and sum of benefits	Post-retirement benefits
2010	Ps. 1,280,458	Ps. 479,646
2011	1,271,800	516,237
2012	1,259,394	548,988
2013	1,248,568	579,819
2014	1,264,735	610,703
2015-2019	6,800,187	3,440,706

An analysis of future payments for medicines is as follows:

	Post-retirement benefits
2010	Ps. 14,822
2011	17,094
2012	19,928
2013	23,062
2014	26,470
2015-2019	175,496

c) For Mexico and Ecuador, the net period cost in 2007, 2008 and 2009 is Ps. 3,819, Ps. 15,493 and Ps. 15,939, respectively, for Mexico and Ps. 6,730, Ps. 7,177 and Ps. 13,077, respectively, for Ecuador. The balance of labor obligations at December 31, 2008 and 2009 is Ps. 19,101 and Ps. 22,177, respectively, for Mexico and Ps. 46,143 and Ps. 57,027, respectively, for Ecuador.

d) In Mexico, Ecuador and Peru, the Company is legally required to pay employee profit sharing, in addition to the compensation and benefits to which employees are contractually entitled. The statutory employee profit sharing rate in 2007, 2008 and 2009 was 10% of taxable income in Mexico and Peru and 15% in Ecuador.

e) The total amount charged to results of operations for employee profit sharing in 2007, 2008 and 2009 is Ps. 758,957, Ps. 1,104,461 and Ps. 1,589,588, respectively.

Starting in 2006, employee profit sharing paid to employees is deductible under certain circumstances for income tax purposes in Mexico. For Ecuador, employee profit sharing is deductible from current year income tax. In Mexico, this deduction aggregated to Ps. 305,273 in 2007, Ps. 353,142 in 2008 and Ps. 473,334 in 2009.

12. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

a) An analysis of accounts payable and accrued liabilities is as follows:

	December 31,	
	2008	2009
Suppliers	Ps. 64,086,196	Ps. 62,131,638
Sundry creditors	8,763,642	10,468,068
Interest payable	2,330,624	1,574,996
Accrued expenses and other provisions	13,685,577	20,179,010
Guarantee deposits	1,057,244	1,263,674
Dividend pending payment	944,118	1,469,199

Total

Ps. 90,867,401

Ps. 97,086,585

Table of Contents

b) At December 31, 2008 and 2009, an analysis of accrued expenses and other provisions is as follows:

	Balance at December 31, 2007	Effect of translation	Increase for the year	Payments	Reversals	Balance at December 31, 2008
Direct employee benefits payable	Ps. 1,024,320	Ps. 66,982	Ps. 1,004,203	Ps. (598,851)	Ps. (54,201)	Ps. 1,442,453
Office expenses	576,560	748	127,184	(52,162)	(4,133)	648,197
Professional fees	117,952	26,337	460,273	(353,726)		250,836
Retirement of assets	1,319,795	70,210	390,767	(3,455)		1,777,317
Points and loyalty program	868,638	36,449	604,260	(763,883)		745,464
Contingencies	7,217,852	(115,340)	551,959	(551,869)		7,102,602
Value added services	68,658		535,420			604,078
Other provisions	774,151	180,767	183,245	(23,533)		1,114,630
	Ps. 11,967,926	Ps. 266,153	Ps. 3,857,311	Ps. (2,347,479)	Ps. (58,334)	Ps. 13,685,577

	Balance at December 31, 2008	Effect of translation	Increase for the year	Payments	Reversals	Balance at December 31, 2009
Direct employee benefits payable	Ps. 1,442,453	Ps. 225,454	Ps. 1,102,891	Ps. (845,015)	Ps. (83,582)	Ps. 1,842,200
Office expenses	648,197	102,398	74,623	(276,670)		548,548
Professional fees	250,836	7,251	340,692	(296,632)	(1,417)	300,730
Retirement of assets	1,777,317	30,794	1,848,499	(174,904)		3,481,706
Points and loyalty program	745,464	14,200	461,152	(362)	(58,017)	1,162,437
Contingencies	7,102,602	1,536,206	3,765,057	(936,393)	(58,817)	11,408,655
Value added services	604,078	3,560	334,259	(267,333)		674,564
Other provisions	1,114,630	(14,051)	52,361	(390,146)	(2,625)	760,169
	Ps. 13,685,577	Ps. 1,905,812	Ps. 7,979,533	Ps. (3,187,455)	Ps. (204,458)	Ps. 20,179,010

Table of Contents**13. Debt**

The Company's short- and long-term debt consists of the following:

Currency	Item	Rate	2008 Maturity from 2009 to	Total 2008	Rate	2009 Maturity from 2010 to	Total 2009
<i>U.S. dollars</i>							
	Export Credit Agencies ECA credits (fixed rate)	2.71% - 3.2%	2010	Ps. 527,508	2.71% - 3.20%	2010	Ps. 169,607
	ECA credits (floating rate)	L + 0.75%	2015	2,707,660	L + 0.75 - L + 1.50%	2019	4,913,714
	Syndicated loans	L + 0.25%	2011	27,076,600			
	Fixed-rate senior notes	4.125% - 6.375%	2037	50,517,558	5.0% - 6.375%	2037	51,608,178
	Lines of credit	L + 0.15 - L + 2.5% 7.95% - 8.75% & L	2013	4,397,017	L + 5.14% 7.95% - 8.75% &	2013	151,494
	Leases	+ 2.9% - 3.16%	2012	587,772	TPR + 2.0%	2012	157,916
	Subtotal dollars			85,814,115			57,000,909
<i>Euros</i>							
	ECA credits (floating rate)	E ⁽⁴⁾ + 0.70%	2016	4,979,233	E ⁽⁵⁾ + 0.70%	2016	7,040,726
	Subtotal euros			4,979,233			7,040,726
<i>Mexican pesos</i>							
	Lines of credit	TIE + 0.24%		4,500,000			
	Fixed-rate notes	8.11% - 10.45%	2036	20,060,964	4.1% - 9.0%	2036	19,613,149
	Floating-rate notes	Sundry	2013	7,750,000	Sundry	2013	6,750,000
	Commercial paper	8.18% - 8.53%	2009	5,500,000			
	Subtotal Mexican pesos			37,810,964			26,363,149
<i>Brazilian reais</i>							
	Lines of credit	9.25%	2014	1,155,040	8.78% - 9.20%	2017	2,352,034
	Subtotal Brazilian reais			1,155,040			2,352,034
<i>Colombian pesos</i>							
		CPI + 6.8% - 7.50%			IPC + 6.8% - 7.50%		
	Bonds	and 7.59%	2016	5,430,792	y 7.59%	2016	5,749,270
	Subtotal Colombian pesos			5,430,792			5,749,270
<i>Other currencies</i>							
	Bonds	6.41%	2012	538,602	1.489% - 6.406%	2039	4,546,906
	Leases	6.45%	2011	890,254	2.75% - 6.45%	2012	1,133,455
	Lines of credit	Sundry	2012	6,867,448	Sundry	2013	6,722,691

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Subtotal other currencies	8,296,304	12,403,052
Total debt	143,486,448	110,909,140

Less: Short-term debt and current portion of long-term debt