Avery Dennison Corp Form 10-Q August 09, 2011

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549 **FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

þ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES

EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
For the quarterly period ended July 2, 2011.	
OR	
o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO S EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	ECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
For the transition period from to	
Commission file n	
AVERY DENNISON	
(Exact name of registrant as	
Delaware	95-1492269
(State or other jurisdiction of	
incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
150 North Orange Grove Boulevard	
Pasadena, California	91103
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)
Registrant s telephone number, inc	luding area code: (626) 304-2000
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all	reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 mo	nths (or for such shorter period that the registrant
required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such	filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes b N
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted of	• • •
any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and	posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T

l) of the was ОО e. if (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes b No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

o Non-accelerated filer b Large accelerated filer o Accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No b

Number of shares of \$1 par value common stock outstanding as of July 30, 2011: 105,954,611

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SAFE HARBOR STATEMENT

The matters discussed in this Quarterly Report contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements, which are not statements of historical fact, contain estimates, assumptions, projections and/or expectations regarding future events, which may or may not occur. Words anticipate. believe. continue. could. estimate. such as aim. assume. expect. foresee. seek, objective, plan, potential, project, shall. should, target, will, would, or variations thereof, an that refer to future events and trends, identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements, and financial or other business targets, are subject to certain risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to differ materially from expected results, performance or achievements of the Company expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements.

Certain risks and uncertainties are discussed in more detail under Risk Factors and Management s Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Condition in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 1, 2011 and subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, and include, but are not limited to, risks and uncertainties relating to: fluctuations in demand affecting sales to customers; the financial condition and inventory strategies of customers; changes in customer order patterns; worldwide and local economic conditions; fluctuations in cost and availability of raw materials; ability of the Company to generate sustained productivity improvement; ability of the Company to achieve and sustain targeted cost reductions; impact of competitive products and pricing; loss of significant contract(s) or customer(s); collection of receivables from customers; business mix shift; changes in tax laws and regulations; uncertainties associated with interpretations of tax laws and regulations; timely development and market acceptance of new products, including sustainable or sustainably-sourced products; investment in development activities and new production facilities; fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and other risks associated with foreign operations; integration of acquisitions and execution of divestitures; strategic transactions and related costs; customer and supplier concentrations; successful implementation of new manufacturing technologies and installation of manufacturing equipment; disruptions in information technology systems; successful installation of new or upgraded information technology systems; volatility of financial markets; impairment of capitalized assets, including goodwill and other intangibles; credit risks; ability of the Company and its customers to obtain adequate financing arrangements and maintain access to capital; fluctuations in interest and tax rates; fluctuations in pension, insurance and employee benefit costs; impact of legal and regulatory proceedings, including with respect to environmental, health and safety; changes in governmental laws and regulations; changes in political conditions; impact of epidemiological events on the economy and the Company s customers and suppliers; acts of war, terrorism, and natural disasters; and other factors.

The Company believes that the most significant risk factors that could affect its financial performance in the near-term include: (1) economic conditions on underlying demand for the Company's products; (2) the degree to which higher costs can be offset with productivity measures and/or passed on to customers through selling price increases, without a significant loss of volume; (3) competitors actions, including pricing, expansion in key markets, and product offerings; and (4) changes in tax laws, regulations, and uncertainties associated with interpretations of such laws and regulations.

The Company s forward-looking statements represent judgments only on the dates such statements were made. By making these forward-looking statements, the Company assumes no duty to update them to reflect new, changed or unanticipated events or circumstances, other than as may be required by law.

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PART 1. FINANCIAL INFORMATION ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in millions, except per share data)	July 2, 2011	January 1, 2011
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 125.4	\$ 127.5
Trade accounts receivable, less allowances of \$53.1 and \$51.4 at July 2, 2011		
and January 1, 2011, respectively	1,132.7	996.1
Inventories, net	641.4	519.9
Current deferred and refundable income taxes	155.2	144.7
Other current assets	162.0	163.7
Total current assets	2,216.7	1,951.9
Property, plant and equipment	3,270.9	3,186.2
Accumulated depreciation	(2,025.4)	(1,923.3)
Property, plant and equipment, net	1,245.5	1,262.9
Goodwill	962.0	940.8
Other intangibles resulting from business acquisitions, net	215.5	228.9
Non-current deferred income taxes	261.9	266.0
Other assets	458.4	448.9
	\$ 5,360.0	\$ 5,099.4
Liabilities and Shareholders Equity Current liabilities:		
Short-term and current portion of long-term debt	\$ 611.8	\$ 381.0
Accounts payable	765.4	748.2
Current deferred and payable income taxes	52.2	53.2
Other current liabilities	517.2	649.4
Total current liabilities	1,946.6	1,831.8
Long-term debt	954.8	956.2
Long-term retirement benefits and other liabilities	515.3	541.1
Non-current deferred and payable income taxes	138.7	124.6
Commitments and contingencies (see Note 14) Shareholders equity: Common stock, \$1 par value per share, authorized 400,000,000 shares at July 2, 2011 and January 1, 2011; issued 124,126,624 shares at July 2, 2011 and January 1, 2011; outstanding 105,856,536 shares and 105,391,940 shares		
at July 2, 2011 and January 1, 2011, respectively	124.1	124.1
Capital in excess of par value	765.5	768.0

Retained earnings	1,792.6	1,727.9
Employee stock benefit trust, 1,003,388 shares and 1,784,741 shares at July 2, 2011 and January 1, 2011, respectively	(36.7)	(73.2)
Treasury stock at cost, 17,251,700 shares and 16,934,943 shares at July 2,	(2011)	(, 5.2)
2011 and January 1, 2011, respectively	(771.7)	(758.2)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(69.2)	(142.9)
Total shareholders equity	1,804.6	1,645.7
	\$ 5,360.0	\$ 5,099.4

See Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited)

Avery Dennison Corporation

(In millions, except per share amounts)	J	Three Mo July 2, 2011	J	Ended uly 3, 2010		Six Mon July 2, 2011	J	nded July 3, 2010
Net sales Cost of products sold		,725.7 ,254.8		,680.1 ,189.7		3,385.0 2,459.7		3,234.8 2,303.6
Gross profit Marketing, general and administrative expense Interest expense Other expense, net		470.9 330.0 17.7 12.4		490.4 338.9 21.1 4.6		925.3 694.5 35.6 17.0		931.2 679.0 38.6 10.9
Income before taxes Provision for income taxes		110.8 37.5		125.8 42.0		178.2 60.1		202.7 64.2
Net income	\$	73.3	\$	83.8	\$	118.1	\$	138.5
Per share amounts: Net income per common share Net income per common share, assuming dilution	\$.69 .69	\$ \$.79 .78	\$ \$	1.12 1.11	\$ \$	1.31 1.30
Dividends	\$.25	\$.20	\$.50	\$.40
Average shares outstanding: Common shares Common shares, assuming dilution See Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Fina		105.7 106.9 Statemer	nts	105.6 106.8		105.6 106.8		105.5 106.6

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CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (*Unaudited*)

(In millions)	Six Mont July 2, 2011	hs Ended July 3, 2010	
Operating Activities	Φ 110 1	ф. 120. 7	
Net income	\$ 118.1	\$ 138.5	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash (used in) provided by operating			
activities:	0.4.6	05.0	
Depreciation Association	84.6	85.8	
Amortization	38.7	35.8	
Provision for doubtful accounts	7.4	13.6	
Asset impairment and net loss on sale and disposal of assets	8.5	1.1	
Loss from debt extinguishment	20.7	1.2	
Stock-based compensation Other paragonal assessment loss	20.7 23.4	16.2 21.5	
Other non-cash expense and loss		21.3	
Other non-cash income and gain	(1.9)	(170.6)	
Changes in assets and liabilities and other adjustments	(394.7)	(170.6)	
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(95.2)	143.1	
Investing Activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment, net	(53.1)	(27.4)	
Purchase of software and other deferred charges	(16.1)	(10.4)	
(Purchase) proceeds from sale of investments, net	(.7)	.4	
Net cash used in investing activities	(69.9)	(37.4)	
Financing Activities			
Net increase in borrowings (maturities of 90 days or less)	230.7	48.1	
Additional borrowings (maturities longer than 90 days)		249.8	
Payments of debt (maturities longer than 90 days)	(1.0)	(340.2)	
Dividends paid	(53.4)	(44.5)	
Purchase of treasury stock	(13.5)		
Proceeds from exercise of stock options, net	3.0	1.6	
Other	(5.4)	(8.8)	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	160.4	(94.0)	
Effect of foreign currency translation on cash balances	2.6	(.9)	
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(2.1)	10.8	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	127.5	138.1	

Cash and cash equivalents, end of period

\$ 125.4

\$ 148.9

See Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

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NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Note 1. General

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the interim results of Avery Dennison Corporation (the Company). The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and notes in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are presented as permitted by Article 10 of Regulation S-X. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements do not contain certain information included in the Company s audited consolidated financial statements and notes in its 2010 Annual Report on Form 10-K, which should be read in conjunction with this Quarterly Report on Form 10-O.

During the first quarter of fiscal 2011, the Company changed the names of certain of its segments and businesses. The Company s Retail Information Services segment was changed to Retail Branding and Information Solutions. Within the Company s Pressure-sensitive Materials segment, the names of the Roll Materials business and Graphics and Reflective Products business were changed to Label and Packaging Materials and Graphics and Reflective Solutions, respectively.

The second quarters of 2011 and 2010 consisted of thirteen-week periods ending July 2, 2011 and July 3, 2010, respectively. The interim results of operations are not necessarily indicative of future financial results.

Note 2. Inventories

Inventories, net, consisted of:

(In millions)	July 2, 2011	January 1, 2011
Raw materials	\$281.1	\$ 243.3
Work-in-progress	156.6	130.5
Finished goods	266.2	205.3
Inventories at lower of FIFO cost or market (approximates replacement cost)	703.9	579.1
Inventory reserves	(62.5)	(59.2)
Inventories, net	\$641.4	\$ 519.9

Note 3. Goodwill and Other Intangibles Resulting from Business Acquisitions Goodwill

Changes in the net carrying amount of goodwill from operations for 2011, by reportable segment and other businesses, were as follows:

			J	Other					
(In millions)	Pressure- sensitive Materials		and Information Solutions		Office and Consumer Products		specialty converting businesses		Total
Goodwill Accumulated impairment losses	\$	346.0	\$	1,243.2 (820.0)	\$	168.1	\$	3.5	\$ 1,760.8 (820.0)
Balance as of January 1, 2011 Acquisition adjustments		346.0		423.2 (.4)		168.1		3.5	940.8 (.4)

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Translation adjustments	12.9	3.0	5.6	.1	21.6
Balance as of July 2, 2011	358.9	425.8	173.7	3.6	962.0
Goodwill Accumulated impairment losses	358.9	1,245.8 (820.0)	173.7	3.6	1,782.0 (820.0)
Balance as of July 2, 2011	\$ 358.9	\$ 425.8	\$ 173.7	\$ 3.6	\$ 962.0

Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets

The carrying value of indefinite-lived intangible assets resulting from business acquisitions, consisting of trade names and trademarks, was \$18.1 million at July 2, 2011, which included \$.1 million of favorable currency impact. At January 1, 2011, the carrying value of indefinite-lived intangible assets resulting from business acquisitions was \$18 million.

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Finite-Lived Intangible Assets

The following table sets forth the Company s finite-lived intangible assets resulting from business acquisitions at July 2, 2011 and January 1, 2011, which continue to be amortized:

	July 2, 2011						January 1, 2011					
(In millions)	Gross Carrying Amount		mulated ctization		Net rrying mount	Gross Carrying Amount		mulated ctization		Net rrying mount		
Customer relationships Patents and other acquired	\$ 297.9	\$	135.4	\$	162.5	\$ 291.9	\$	119.2	\$	172.7		
technology Trade names and	53.6		30.4		23.2	53.6		28.1		25.5		
trademarks	46.9		40.2		6.7	44.8		38.0		6.8		
Other intangibles	14.6		9.6		5.0	14.4		8.5		5.9		
Total	\$413.0	\$	215.6	\$	197.4	\$ 404.7	\$	193.8	\$	210.9		

Amortization expense for finite-lived intangible assets resulting from business acquisitions was \$8.4 million and \$16.8 million for the three and six months ended July 2, 2011, respectively, and \$8.1 million and \$16.3 million for the three and six months ended July 3, 2010, respectively.

The estimated amortization expense for finite-lived intangible assets resulting from business acquisitions for the current fiscal year and each of the next four fiscal years is expected to be as follows:

Amortization	1
\$ 33.7	1
33.5	į
31.7	1
28.0)
24.6)
	Estimated Amortization Expense \$ 33.7 33.5 31.7 28.0 24.6

Note 4. Debt

The fair value of the Company s debt is primarily based on the credit spread above U.S. Treasury securities on notes with similar rates, credit rating, and remaining maturities. The fair value of the Company s total debt, including short-term borrowings, was \$1.60 billion at July 2, 2011 and \$1.40 billion at January 1, 2011. Fair value amounts were primarily based on Level 2 inputs, which are defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable.

As of July 2, 2011, the Company was in compliance with its financial covenants.

Note 5. Pension and Other Postretirement Benefits

The following table sets forth the components of net periodic benefit cost for the periods shown:

	Pension Benefits								
	Three	Three Months Ended					hs Ended	[
	July 2, 201	11	July 3	, 2010	July 2	2, 2011	July 3	3, 2010	
(In millions)	U.S. I	nt l	U.S.	Int 1	U.S.	Int l	U.S.	Int 1	

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\$	\$	3.0	\$	6.1	\$	2.3	\$.1	\$	5.8	\$	11.5	\$	4.8
10.1	4	6.8	Ψ	10.0	Ψ	6.0	-	20.1	4	13.4	4	20.2	+	12.4
(11.3)	(6.3)		(12.1)		(6.3)	(2	22.6)		(12.4)		(24.4)		(13.1)
2.1		1.0		4.6		.6	,	4.0		2.0		9.1		1.2
.1		.1		.2		.1		.2		.2		.4		.2
		(.2)				(.1)				(.3)				(.2)
						1.9								1.9
\$ 1.0	\$	4.4	\$	8.8	\$	4.5	\$	1.8	\$	8.7	\$	16.8	\$	7.2
	(11.3) 2.1 .1	10.1 (11.3) 2.1 .1	10.1 6.8 (11.3) (6.3) 2.1 1.0 .1 (.2)	10.1 6.8 (11.3) (6.3) 2.1 1.0 .1 .1 (.2)	10.1 6.8 10.0 (11.3) (6.3) (12.1) 2.1 1.0 4.6 .1 .1 .2 (.2) \$ 1.0 \$ 4.4 \$ 8.8	10.1 6.8 10.0 (11.3) (6.3) (12.1) 2.1 1.0 4.6 .1 .2 (.2) \$ 1.0 \$ 4.4 \$ 8.8 \$	10.1 6.8 10.0 6.0 (11.3) (6.3) (12.1) (6.3) 2.1 1.0 4.6 .6 .1 .1 .2 .1 (.2) (.1) 1.9 \$ 1.0 \$ 4.4 \$ 8.8 \$ 4.5	10.1 6.8 10.0 6.0 (1.1.3) (6.3) (12.1) (6.3) (2.1 1.0 4.6 .6 .6 .1 .1 .1 .2 .1 (.2) (.1) 1.9 \$ 1.0 \$ 4.4 \$ 8.8 \$ 4.5 \$	10.1 6.8 10.0 6.0 20.1 (11.3) (6.3) (12.1) (6.3) (22.6) 2.1 1.0 4.6 .6 4.0 .1 .1 .2 .1 .2 (.2) (.1) 1.9 1.9 \$ 1.0 \$ 4.4 \$ 8.8 \$ 4.5 \$ 1.8	10.1 6.8 10.0 6.0 20.1 (11.3) (6.3) (12.1) (6.3) (22.6) 2.1 1.0 4.6 .6 4.0 .1 .1 .2 .1 .2 (.2) (.1) 1.9 \$ 1.0 \$ 4.4 \$ 8.8 \$ 4.5 \$ 1.8 \$	10.1 6.8 10.0 6.0 20.1 13.4 (11.3) (6.3) (12.1) (6.3) (22.6) (12.4) 2.1 1.0 4.6 .6 4.0 2.0 .1 .1 .2 .1 .2 .2 (.2) (.1) (.3) 1.9 \$ 1.0 \$ 4.4 \$ 8.8 \$ 4.5 \$ 1.8 \$ 8.7	10.1 6.8 10.0 6.0 20.1 13.4 (11.3) (6.3) (12.1) (6.3) (22.6) (12.4) 2.1 1.0 4.6 .6 4.0 2.0 .1 .1 .1 .2 .1 .2 .2 .2 (.2) (.1) (.3) 1.9 \$ 1.0 \$ 4.4 \$ 8.8 \$ 4.5 \$ 1.8 \$ 8.7 \$	10.1 6.8 10.0 6.0 20.1 13.4 20.2 (11.3) (6.3) (12.1) (6.3) (22.6) (12.4) (24.4) 2.1 1.0 4.6 .6 4.0 2.0 9.1 .1 .1 .2 .1 .2 .2 .4 (.2) (.1) (.3) 1.9 \$ 1.0 \$ 4.4 \$ 8.8 \$ 4.5 \$ 1.8 \$ 8.7 \$ 16.8	10.1 6.8 10.0 6.0 20.1 13.4 20.2 (11.3) (6.3) (12.1) (6.3) (22.6) (12.4) (24.4) 2.1 1.0 4.6 .6 4.0 2.0 9.1 .1 .1 .2 .1 .2 .2 .4 (.2) (.1) (.3) 1.9 \$ 1.0 \$ 4.4 \$ 8.8 \$ 4.5 \$ 1.8 \$ 8.7 \$ 16.8 \$

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	U.S. Postretirement Health Benefits							
	Three Mo	Six Months Ended						
	July 2,	July 3,	July 2,	July 3,				
(In millions)	2011	2010	2011	2010				
Service cost	\$.5	\$.4	\$.9	\$.7				
Interest cost	.5	.5	1.0	1.0				
Recognized net actuarial loss	.4	.5	.9	1.0				
Amortization of prior service cost	(.5)	(.5)	(1.0)	(1.0)				
Net periodic benefit cost	\$.9	\$.9	\$ 1.8	\$ 1.7				

The Company contributed \$26.8 million and \$1.6 million to its U.S. pension plans during the six months ended July 2, 2011 and July 3, 2010, respectively. The Company contributed \$.9 million and \$1.6 million to its U.S. postretirement health benefit plan during the six months ended July 2, 2011 and July 3, 2010, respectively.

The Company contributed approximately \$10 million and approximately \$14 million to its international pension plans during the six months ended July 2, 2011 and July 3, 2010, respectively.

The Company recognized expense of \$6.3 million and \$15.5 million for the three and six months ended July 2, 2011, respectively, and \$2.8 million and \$6.3 million for the three and six months ended July 3, 2010, respectively, related to its match of participant contributions to its U.S. defined contribution plan. This expense was funded using shares of the Company s common stock held in the Company s Employee Stock Benefit Trust (ESBT). Subsequent to the quarter ended July 2, 2011, the ESBT was terminated and the Company began funding this expense using shares of the Company s common stock held in treasury.

Note 6. Research and Development

Research and development expense for the three and six months ended July 2, 2011 was \$25.8 million and \$50.9 million, respectively. For the three and six months ended July 3, 2010, research and development expense was \$23.5 million and \$46.3 million, respectively. Research and development expense was included in Marketing, general and administrative expense in the unaudited Consolidated Statements of Income.

Note 7. Stock-Based Compensation

Net income included stock-based compensation expense related to stock options, performance units (PUs), restricted stock units (RSUs) and restricted stock of \$9 million and \$20.7 million for the three and six months ended July 2, 2011, respectively, and \$8.6 million and \$16.2 million for the three and six months ended July 3, 2010, respectively. Total stock-based compensation expense was included in Marketing, general and administrative expense in the unaudited Consolidated Statements of Income.

In February and April 2011, the Company granted its annual stock-based compensation awards to eligible employees and directors, respectively. Awards granted to retirement-eligible employees vest in full upon retirement; as such, awards to these employees are treated as though the awards were fully vested at the date of grant. Compensation expense related to awards granted to retirement-eligible employees of \$4.5 million and \$.6 million was recognized and included in stock-based compensation expense during the six months ended July 2, 2011 and July 3, 2010, respectively.

As of July 2, 2011, the Company had approximately \$72 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested stock options, PUs, RSUs and restricted stock under the Company s stock-based compensation plans. The unrecognized compensation expense is expected to be recognized over the remaining weighted-average requisite service period of approximately three years for stock options and RSUs, two years for PUs, and one year for restricted stock.

Through the second quarter of 2011, exercises of stock options and releases of RSUs and PUs were settled using shares of the Company s common stock held in the ESBT. Subsequent to the quarter ended July 2, 2011, the ESBT

was terminated and the Company began using shares of the Company s common stock held in treasury to settle exercises of stock options and releases of RSUs.

Note 8. Cost Reduction Actions

Severance charges under the restructuring actions below were recorded to Other current liabilities in the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. Severance and related costs represented cash paid or to be paid to employees terminated under these

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actions. Asset impairments were based on the estimated market value of the assets. Charges below were included in Other expense, net in the unaudited Consolidated Statements of Income.

2011

During the first six months of 2011, the Company implemented restructuring actions and recorded charges of \$13.5 million, which consisted of \$9.6 million of severance and related costs and \$3.9 million of asset impairment and lease cancellation charges. These actions will result in the reduction of approximately 355 positions impacting all segments and geographic regions. As of July 2, 2011, approximately 85 of these employees remained with the Company and are expected to leave in 2011.

Accruals and payments for severance and related costs and charges for asset impairments and lease cancellations, by reportable segment and other businesses during the periods presented, were as follows:

(In millions)	sei	ssure- nsitive terials	Infor	Retail anding and mation lutions	Cons	Office and sumer ducts	spe conv	Other ecialty erting nesses	נ	Total
Severance and related costs accrued during the periods ended: April 2, 2011 July 2, 2011	\$	1.9 3.8	\$.6 2.1	\$	(.3) .7	\$.3 .5	\$	2.5 7.1
Total expense accrued during 2011 2011 settlements		5.7 (1.1)		2.7 (1.4)		.4 .4		.8 (.3)		9.6 (2.4)
Balance at July 2, 2011	\$	4.6	\$	1.3	\$.8	\$.5	\$	7.2
Asset impairment and lease cancellation charges for the six months ended: July 2, 2011	\$	1.5	\$	1.4	\$.6	\$.4	\$	3.9

2010

In 2010, the Company continued its cost reduction program initiated in late 2008 and implemented additional restructuring actions resulting in the reduction of approximately 1,040 positions, impairment of certain assets, and lease cancellations. At July 2, 2011, approximately 235 employees impacted by these actions remained with the Company, and are expected to leave in 2011. In 2010, charges related to these actions totaled \$19 million, including severance and related costs of \$15.3 million, and asset impairment and lease cancellation charges of \$3.7 million. Accruals and payments for severance and related costs and charges for asset impairments and lease cancellations, by reportable segment and other businesses during the periods presented, were as follows:

		Retail	
Other		Branding	
	Office		
Specialty	and	and	Pressure-
converting	Consumer	Information	sensitive

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(In millions)	Mat	erials	So	lutions	Pro	oducts	busi	nesses	7	Γotal
Severance and related costs accrued during the periods ended:										
April 3, 2010	\$	1.5	\$	2.2	\$.7	\$.3	\$	4.7
July 3, 2010		2.0				(.1)				1.9
October 2, 2010		.1		.9		4.5		.3		5.8
January 1, 2011		.9		(.4)		.2		2.2		2.9
Total expense accrued during 2010		4.5		2.7		5.3		2.8		15.3
2010 settlements		(3.9)		(1.9)		(.5)		(.6)		(6.9)
2011 settlements		(.6)		(.8)		(2.4)		(2.0)		(5.8)
Balance at July 2, 2011	\$		\$		\$	2.4	\$.2	\$	2.6
Asset impairment and lease cancellation charges for the year ended: January 1, 2011	\$	1.4	\$	1.3	\$.9	\$.1	\$	3.7
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Note 9. Financial Instruments and Foreign Currency

The Company enters into certain foreign exchange hedge contracts to reduce its risk from exchange rate fluctuations associated with receivables, payables, loans and firm commitments denominated in certain foreign currencies that arise primarily as a result of its operations outside the U.S. The Company enters into certain interest rate contracts to help manage its exposure to interest rate fluctuations. The Company also enters into certain natural gas and other commodity futures contracts to hedge price fluctuations for a portion of its anticipated domestic purchases. The maximum length of time for which the Company hedges its exposure to the variability in future cash flows for forecasted transactions is 12 to 24 months.

As of July 2, 2011, the aggregate U.S. dollar equivalent notional value of the Company s outstanding commodity contracts and foreign exchange contracts was \$9.8 million and \$1.28 billion, respectively.

The Company recognizes all derivative instruments as either assets or liabilities at fair value in the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Company designates commodity forward contracts on forecasted purchases of commodities and foreign exchange contracts on forecasted transactions as cash flow hedges and foreign exchange contracts on existing balance sheet items as fair value hedges.

The following table provides the balances and locations of derivatives as of July 2, 2011:

	Asset		Liability		
	Balance Sheet	Fair		Fair	
(In millions)	Location	Value	Balance Sheet Location	Value	
Foreign exchange contracts	Other current assets	\$ 6.0	Other current liabilities	\$ 7.1	
Commodity contracts	Other current assets		Other current liabilities	1.5	
		\$ 6.0		\$ 8.6	

The following table provides the balances and locations of derivatives as of January 1, 2011:

	Asset		Liability	
	Balance Sheet	Fair		Fair
(In millions)	Location	Value	Balance Sheet Location	Value
Foreign exchange contracts	Other current assets	\$ 16.8	Other current liabilities	\$ 7.9
Commodity contracts	Other current assets	.1	Other current liabilities	2.4
		\$ 16.9		\$ 10.3

Fair Value Hedges

For derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges, the gain or loss on the derivative, as well as the offsetting loss or gain on the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk, are recognized in current earnings, resulting in no net material impact to income.

The following table provides the components of the gain (loss) recognized in income related to fair value hedge contracts. The corresponding gains or losses on the underlying hedged items approximated the net gain (loss) on these fair value hedge contracts.

		Three Mo	nths Ended	Six Months Ended		
(In millions)	Location of Gain (Loss) in Income	July 2, 2011	July 3, 2010	July 2, 2011	July 3, 2010	
Foreign exchange contracts Foreign exchange contracts	Cost of products sold	\$.1 (6.8)	\$ (1.1) 17.4	\$.8 (2.0)	\$ (1.9) 33.3	

Marketing, general and administrative expense

\$(6.7) \$16.3 \$(1.2) \$31.4

Cash Flow Hedges

For derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges, the effective portion of the gain or loss on the derivative is reported as a component of Accumulated other comprehensive loss and reclassified into earnings in the same period(s) during which the hedged transaction affects earnings. Gains and losses on the derivative representing either hedge ineffectiveness or hedge components excluded from the assessment of effectiveness are recognized in current earnings.

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Amounts recognized in Accumulated other comprehensive loss (effective portion) on derivatives related to cash flow hedge contracts were as follows:

	Three Mo	Six Months Ended		
(In millions)	July 2, 2011	July 3, 2010	July 2, 2011	July 3, 2010
Foreign exchange contracts Commodity contracts Interest rate contract	\$ (.6) (.4)	\$ (2.3) (.2) (1.5)	\$ (.4) (.6)	\$ (3.3) (2.5) (0.3)
	\$(1.0)	\$ (4.0)	\$(1.0)	\$ (6.1)

Amounts reclassified from Accumulated other comprehensive loss (effective portion) related to cash flow hedge contracts were as follows:

		Three Mo	nths Ended	Six Months Ended		
(In millions)	Location of Loss in Income	July 2, 2011	July 3, 2010	July 2, 2011	July 3, 2010	
	Cost of products					
Foreign exchange contracts	sold	\$ (.1)	\$ (.2)	\$ (.6)	\$ (.9)	
	Cost of products					
Commodity contracts	sold	(.5)	(1.1)	(1.5)	(2.7)	
Interest rate contracts	Interest expense	(1.0)	(.8)	(1.9)	(1.8)	
		\$(1.6)	\$ (2.1)	\$(4.0)	\$ (5.4)	

As of July 2, 2011, a net loss of approximately \$7 million is expected to be reclassified from Accumulated other comprehensive loss to earnings within the next 12 months. See Note 12, Comprehensive Income, for more information.

Foreign Currency

Transactions in foreign currencies (including receivables, payables and loans denominated in currencies other than the functional currency) decreased net income by \$.8 million and \$3.5 million for the three and six months ended July 2, 2011, respectively, and \$1.9 million and \$3 million for the three and six months ended July 3, 2010, respectively. These amounts exclude the effects from translation of foreign currencies on the Company s unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

In the three and six months ended July 2, 2011 and July 3, 2010, no translation gains or losses for hyperinflationary economies were recognized in net income since the Company had no operations in hyperinflationary economies.

Note 10. Taxes Based on Income

The following table summarizes the Company s income before taxes, provision for income taxes, and effective tax rate:

	Three Mo	Three Months Ended		ths Ended
(In millions)	July 2, 2011	July 3, 2010	July 2, 2011	July 3, 2010
Income before taxes	\$110.8	\$125.8	\$178.2	\$202.7

Provision for income taxes	37.5	42.0	60.1	64.2
Effective tax rate	34%	33%	34%	32%

The effective tax rate for the three and six months ended July 2, 2011 included an expense of \$2.9 million and \$6.2 million, respectively, from discrete events, primarily for tax return true-ups and accruals related to tax contingencies. The Company s effective tax rate is lower than the U.S. federal statutory rate of 35% due to the Company s operations in jurisdictions outside the U.S. where statutory tax rates are generally lower. Additional deferred taxes are not provided for most foreign earnings because the Company currently plans to indefinitely reinvest these amounts.

The amount of income taxes the Company pays is subject to ongoing audits by taxing jurisdictions around the world. The Company s estimate of the potential outcome of any uncertain tax issue is subject to management s assessment of relevant risks, facts, and circumstances existing at that time. The Company believes that it has adequately provided for reasonably foreseeable outcomes related to these matters. However, the Company s future results may include favorable or unfavorable adjustments to its estimated tax liabilities in the period the assessments are made, revised or resolved, which may impact the Company s effective tax rate and the amount of cash payments for taxes. With some exceptions, the Company and its subsidiaries are no longer subject to income tax examinations by tax authorities for years prior to 2006.

It is reasonably possible that during the next 12 months the Company may realize a decrease in its gross uncertain tax positions by

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approximately \$35 million, primarily as the result of making cash payments and closing tax years. The Company anticipates that it is reasonably possible that cash payments of up to \$8 million relating to gross uncertain tax positions could be made within the next 12 months.

Subsequent to the quarter ended July 2, 2011, tax authorities in a foreign jurisdiction offered to settle certain tax matters relating to the 2002 through 2005 tax years for approximately \$25 million. The Company is currently evaluating its options regarding this matter. However, considering the technical merits of the Company s position, the Company has not recorded a reserve for uncertain tax positions related to this matter.

Note 11. Net Income Per Share

Net income per common share was computed as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Six Mont	Six Months Ended			
(In millions, except per share amounts)	July 2, 2011	July 3, 2010	July 2, 2011	July 3, 2010			
(A) Net income available to common shareholders	\$ 73.3	\$ 83.8	\$118.1	\$ 138.5			
(B) Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding Dilutive shares (additional common shares issuable under employee stock-based awards)	105.7 1.2	105.6 1.2	105.6 1.2	105.5			
(C) Weighted-average number of common shares							
outstanding, assuming dilution	106.9	106.8	106.8	106.6			
Net income per common share $(A) \div (B)$	\$.69	\$.79	\$ 1.12	\$ 1.31			
Net income per common share, assuming dilution $(A) \div (C)$	\$.69	\$.78	\$ 1.11	\$ 1.30			

Certain employee stock-based awards were not included in the computation of net income per common share, assuming dilution, because they would not have had a dilutive effect. Employee stock-based awards excluded from the computation totaled approximately 10 million shares and 11 million shares for the three and six months ended July 2, 2011, respectively, and approximately 8 million shares and 9 million shares for the three and six months ended and July 3, 2010, respectively.

Note 12. Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income includes net income, foreign currency translation adjustment, net actuarial loss, prior service cost and net transition assets, net of tax, and the gains or losses on the effective portion of cash flow and firm commitment hedges, net of tax, that are currently presented as a component of shareholders—equity. The Company—s total comprehensive income was \$77.4 million and \$191.8 million for the three and six months ended July 2, 2011, respectively, and \$37.5 million and \$66 million for the three and six months ended July 3, 2010, respectively. The components of Accumulated other comprehensive loss—(net of tax, with the exception of the foreign currency translation adjustment) in the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets were as follows:

(In millions)	July 2, 2011	January 1, 2011
Foreign currency translation adjustment	\$ 253.0	\$ 187.3
Net actuarial loss, prior service cost and net transition assets, less amortization	(316.1)	(321.2)

Net loss on derivative instruments designated as cash flow and firm commitment hedges	(6.1)	(9.0)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$ (69.2)	\$ (142.9)
Cash flow and firm commitment hedging instrument activities in other comprehe months ended July 2, 2011, were as follows:	nsive loss, net of tax	x, for the six
(In millions)		
Beginning accumulated derivative loss Net loss reclassified to earnings Net change in the revaluation of hedging transactions		\$(9.0) 4.0 (1.1)
Ending accumulated derivative loss		\$(6.1)
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Note 13. Fair Value Measurements Recurring Fair Value Measurements

The following table provides the assets and liabilities carried at fair value, measured on a recurring basis, as of July 2, 2011:

		Fair Value Measurements Using			
			Significant	Significant	
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets	Other Observable Inputs	Other Unobservable Inputs	
(In millions)	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
Assets: Available for sale securities	\$12.3	\$12.3	\$	\$	
Derivative assets	6.0		6.0		
Liabilities:					
Derivative liabilities	\$ 8.6	\$ 1.5	\$ 7.1	\$	

The following table provides the assets and liabilities carried at fair value, measured on a recurring basis, as of January 1, 2011:

		Fair Value Measurements Using			
			Significant	Significant	
		Quoted			
		Prices	Other	Other	
		in Active	Observable	Unobservable	
		Markets	Inputs	Inputs	
(In millions)	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
Assets:					
Available for sale securities	\$12.2	\$12.2	\$	\$	
Derivative assets	16.9	.1	16.8		
Liabilities:					
Derivative liabilities	\$10.3	\$ 2.4	\$ 7.9	\$	

Available for sale securities are measured at fair value using quoted prices and classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. Derivatives that are exchange-traded are measured at fair value using quoted market prices and are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. Derivatives measured based on inputs that are readily available in public markets are classified within Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. Available for sale securities were included in Other current assets in the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Non-recurring Fair Value Measurements

Long-lived assets with carrying amounts totaling \$4.4 million were written down to their fair value of \$1.3 million, resulting in an impairment charge of \$3.1 million for the six months ended July 2, 2011, which was included in Other expense, net in the unaudited Consolidated Statements of Income. Of the \$1.3 million, \$1.1 million was primarily based on Level 2 inputs and \$.2 million was primarily based on Level 3 inputs.

Long-lived assets with carrying amounts totaling \$2.4 million were written down to their fair value of \$1.9 million, resulting in an impairment charge of \$.5 million for the three and six months ended July 3, 2010, respectively, which was included in Other expense, net in the unaudited Consolidated Statement of Income. Fair value amounts were primarily based on Level 2 inputs.

Note 14. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Proceedings

The Company and its subsidiaries are involved in various lawsuits, claims, inquiries, and other regulatory and compliance matters, most of which are routine to the nature of the Company s business. Based upon current information, management believes that the impact of the resolution of these other matters is not, individually or in the aggregate, material to the Company s financial position, or is not estimable.

Environmental

As of July 2, 2011, the Company has been designated by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and/or other responsible

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state agencies as a potentially responsible party (PRP) at fourteen waste disposal or waste recycling sites, which are the subject of separate investigations or proceedings concerning alleged soil and/or groundwater contamination and for which no settlement of the Company s liability has been agreed. The Company is participating with other PRPs at such sites, and anticipates that its share of cleanup costs will be determined pursuant to remedial agreements entered into in the normal course of negotiations with the EPA or other governmental authorities.

The Company has accrued liabilities for sites where it is probable that a loss will be incurred and the cost or amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. Because of the uncertainties associated with environmental assessment and remediation activities, future expense to remediate these sites could be higher than the liabilities accrued by the Company; however, the Company is unable to reasonably estimate a range of potential expenses. If information becomes available that allows the Company to reasonably estimate the range of potential expenses or an amount higher or lower than what it has accrued, the Company will adjust its environmental liabilities accordingly. In addition, the Company could identify additional sites for cleanup in the future. The range of expense for remediation of any future-identified sites will be addressed at the time of identification; consequently, until such sites are identified, the range of expense for remediation cannot be determined.

The activity for the six months ended July 2, 2011 related to environmental liabilities was as follows:

(In millions)

Balance at January 1, 2011	\$ 46.3
Accruals	.6
Payments	(2.4)

Balance at July 2, 2011 \$ 44.5

As of July 2, 2011, approximately \$12 million of the total environmental liabilities balance was included in Other current liabilities in the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

These estimates could change as a result of changes in planned remedial actions, remediation technologies, site conditions, the estimated time to complete remediation, environmental laws and regulations, and other factors.

Other

On September 9, 2005, the Company completed a ten-year lease financing for a commercial facility located in Mentor, Ohio, used primarily for the headquarters and research center of its Label and Packaging Materials division. The facility consists generally of land, buildings, equipment and office furnishings. The Company leases the facility under an operating lease arrangement, which contains a residual value guarantee of \$33.4 million as well as certain obligations with respect to the refinancing of the lessor s debt of \$12 million (together defined as the Guarantee). At the end of the lease term, the Company has an option to either purchase or remarket the facility at an amount equivalent to the value of the Guarantee. As of July 2, 2011, the Company estimated a shortfall with respect to the Guarantee, which is being recognized on a straight-line basis over the remaining lease term. The carrying amount of the shortfall was \$1.3 million at July 2, 2011.

The Company participates in international receivable financing programs with several financial institutions whereby advances may be requested from these financial institutions. These advances are guaranteed by the Company. At July 2, 2011, the Company had guaranteed approximately \$15 million.

As of July 2, 2011, the Company guaranteed up to approximately \$17 million of certain foreign subsidiaries obligations to their suppliers, as well as approximately \$477 million of certain subsidiaries lines of credit with various financial institutions.

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Note 15. Segment Information

Financial information, by reportable segment and other businesses, is set forth below.

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	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended					
(In millions)		uly 2, 2011		July 3, 2010		uly 2, 2011	•	July 3, 2010
Net sales to unaffiliated customers:								
Pressure-sensitive Materials	\$	984.5	\$	923.9	\$ 1	1,971.5	\$	1,821.1
Retail Branding and Information Solutions		396.4		411.9		771.5		756.7
Office and Consumer Products		204.1		208.9		360.5		388.8
Other specialty converting businesses		140.7		135.4		281.5		268.2
Net sales to unaffiliated customers	\$ 1	1,725.7	\$	1,680.1	\$3	3,385.0	\$	3,234.8
Intersegment sales:								
Pressure-sensitive Materials	\$	44.1	\$	38.6	\$	88.6	\$	80.0
Retail Branding and Information Solutions		.3		.5		.7		1.2
Office and Consumer Products		.2		.2		.4		.4
Other specialty converting businesses		10.0		9.1		22.2		14.9
Intersegment sales	\$	54.6	\$	48.4	\$	111.9	\$	96.5
Income before taxes:								
Pressure-sensitive Materials	\$	89.2	\$	87.5	\$	175.4	\$	175.3
Retail Branding and Information Solutions		26.9		35.6		39.0		35.1
Office and Consumer Products		21.6		31.5		22.8		50.9
Other specialty converting businesses		5.0		4.2		4.2		7.0
Corporate expense		(14.2)		(11.9)		(27.6)		(27.0)
Interest expense		(17.7)		(21.1)		(35.6)		(38.6)
Income before taxes	\$	110.8	\$	125.8	\$	178.2	\$	202.7
Other expense, net:								
Pressure-sensitive Materials	\$	3.8	\$	1.5	\$	7.2	\$	3.4
Retail Branding and Information Solutions		2.3		.6		2.5		4.0
Office and Consumer Products		.6		1.8		1.0		2.5
Other specialty converting businesses		.6				1.2		.3
Corporate		5.1		.7		5.1		.7
Other expense, net	\$	12.4	\$	4.6	\$	17.0	\$	10.9
Other expense, net is presented below:								
	7	Three Mo	nths I	Ended		Six Moi	nths E	nded
(In millions)	July			ly 3,		y 2,		ily 3,
(In millions)	20	11	20	010	20	11	2	010

Restructuring costs Other items	\$ 7	7.1 5.3 ₍₁₎	\$ 1.9 2.7 ₍₂₎	\$	9.6 7.4 ₍₃₎	\$ 6.6 4.3 ₍₄₎
Other expense, net	\$ 12	2.4	\$ 4.6	\$ 1	17.0	\$ 10.9

- (1) Other items included certain legal and consulting costs, asset impairment charges, and a reversal of lease cancellation costs.
- Other items included a loss from curtailment and settlement of a foreign pension obligation, a loss from debt extinguishment, asset impairment charges, a gain on sale of investment, and a gain on legal settlement.
- Other items included certain legal and consulting costs, asset impairment charges, a gain on legal settlement, and net lease cancellation costs.
- Other items included a loss from curtailment and settlement of a foreign pension obligation, a loss from debt extinguishment, net legal settlement costs, asset impairment charges, and a gain on sale of investment.

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Note 16. Recent Accounting Requirements

In June 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued a final standard requiring entities to present net income and other comprehensive income in either a single continuous statement or in two, but consecutive, statements of net income and other comprehensive income. Under both alternatives, an entity is required to present each component of net income and other comprehensive income, their respective totals, and totals for comprehensive income. This standard eliminates the option to present the components of other comprehensive income as part of the statement of changes in shareholders—equity. The amendment is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The Company does not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on its financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, or disclosures.

In May 2011, the FASB amended fair value measurement and disclosure guidance. The amended guidance clarified existing fair value measurement guidance, revised certain measurement guidance and expanded the disclosure requirements concerning Level 3 fair value measurements. The guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The Company does not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on its financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, or disclosures.

In January 2010, the FASB updated accounting guidance regarding fair value measurement disclosure. This guidance requires companies to disclose the amount of significant transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy and the reasons for these transfers and for any transfers in or out of Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. In addition, the guidance clarifies certain existing disclosure requirements. This updated guidance was effective at the beginning of 2010 and did not have a material impact on the Company s disclosures.

In October 2009, the FASB issued guidance on revenue arrangements with multiple deliverables. The guidance revises the criteria for separating, measuring, and allocating arrangement consideration to each deliverable in a multiple element arrangement. The guidance requires companies to allocate revenue using the relative selling price of each deliverable, which must be estimated if the Company does not have a history of selling the deliverable on a stand-alone basis or third-party evidence of selling price. The Company adopted this guidance at the beginning of 2011. Adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company s financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, or disclosures.

In June 2009, the FASB issued changes to consolidation accounting. Among other items, these changes respond to concerns about the application of certain key provisions of previous accounting standards, including those regarding the transparency of the involvement with variable interest entities. The Company adopted these changes at the beginning of 2010. These changes did not have a material impact on the Company s financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, or disclosures.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

ORGANIZATION OF INFORMATION

Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations provides a narrative concerning our financial performance and condition, and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. It includes the following sections:

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Results of Operations by Segment for the Second Quarter	20
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NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

Our consolidated financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, or GAAP. Our discussion of financial results includes several non-GAAP financial measures to provide additional information concerning our operating performance and liquidity measures. These non-GAAP financial measures are not in accordance with, nor are they a substitute for, the comparable GAAP financial measures. These non-GAAP financial measures are intended to supplement our presentation of our financial results that are prepared in accordance with GAAP. Based upon feedback from investors and financial analysts, we believe that supplemental non-GAAP financial measures provide information that is useful to the assessment of our performance and operating trends, as well as liquidity.

Non-GAAP financial measures exclude the impact of certain events, activities or strategic decisions. The accounting effects of these events, activities or decisions, which are included in the GAAP financial measures, may make it difficult to assess our underlying performance in a single period. By excluding certain accounting effects, both positive and negative, from certain of our GAAP financial measures, we believe that we are providing meaningful supplemental information to facilitate an understanding of our core or underlying operating results, liquidity, and cash flows. These non-GAAP financial measures are used internally to evaluate trends in our underlying business, as well as to facilitate comparison to the results of competitors for a single period. While some of the items we exclude from GAAP financial measures recur, these items tend to be disparate in amount, frequency, and timing.

We use the following non-GAAP financial measures:

Organic sales growth (decline) is an operating performance measure that refers to the change in sales excluding the estimated impact of currency translation and, where applicable, the extra week in fiscal year 2009.

Free cash flow is an operating performance measure that refers to cash flow from operations, less net payments for capital expenditures, software and other deferred charges, plus net proceeds from sale (purchase) of investments. Free cash flow excludes mandatory debt service requirements and other uses of cash that do not directly or immediately support the underlying business (such as discretionary debt reductions, dividends, share repurchases and acquisitions, etc.).

Operational working capital is an operating performance measure that refers to trade accounts receivable and inventories, net of accounts payable. This non-GAAP financial measure excludes cash and cash equivalents, short-term debt, deferred taxes, other current assets and other current liabilities, as well as current assets and current liabilities of held-for-sale businesses.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements contained in this discussion are forward-looking statements and are subject to certain risks and uncertainties. Refer to our Safe Harbor Statement at the beginning of this report.

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OVERVIEW AND OUTLOOK

Overview

Fiscal Year

Normally, each fiscal year consists of 52 weeks, but every fifth or sixth year consists of 53 weeks. Our 2009 fiscal year consisted of a 53-week period, with the extra week reflected in the first quarter.

Segment and Business Name Changes

Refer to Note 1, General, to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for information regarding the recent name changes of certain of our segments and businesses.

Sales

Our sales increased 3% and 5% in the second quarter and first six months of 2011, respectively, compared to the same periods last year.

		Three Months Ended		
	July 2, 2011	July 3, 2010	July 2, 2011	July 3, 2010
Estimated change in sales due to: Organic sales (decline) growth Extra week in fiscal year 2009	(2)%	14%	2%	11% (2)
Foreign currency translation	5	1	3	3
Reported sales growth	3%	15%	5%	12%

Net Income

Net income decreased approximately \$11 million and \$20 million in the second quarter and first six months of 2011, respectively, compared to the same periods last year.

Factors affecting changes in net income in the first six months of 2011 compared to the same period last year included:

Positive factors:

Pricing actions

Cost savings from productivity initiatives, including savings from restructuring actions

Lower employee-related costs, including incentive compensation

Negative factors:

Raw material inflation

Lower volume

Higher investments in growth and infrastructure

Cost Reduction Actions

2011 Actions

In the first six months of 2011, we recorded approximately \$14 million in charges, consisting of severance and related costs for the reduction of approximately 355 positions, asset impairment charges, and lease cancellation costs. We anticipate approximately \$27 million in annualized savings from these restructuring actions to be realized by the end of 2012.

Q3 2010 Q4 2010 Actions

In the second half of 2010, we recorded approximately \$10 million in charges, consisting of severance and related costs for the reduction of approximately 725 positions, asset impairment charges, and lease cancellation costs. We anticipate approximately \$12 million in annualized savings from these restructuring actions to be realized by the end of 2012.

Q4 2008 Q2 2010 Program

In the fourth quarter of 2008, we initiated a restructuring program that generated approximately \$180 million in annualized savings. We realized actual savings, net of transition costs, of approximately \$75 million in 2009 and an incremental \$72 million in 2010. We expect the remainder of the savings to be realized in 2011.

We recorded approximately \$150 million in charges (of which \$105 million represents cash charges) related to this restructuring program, consisting of severance and related costs, asset impairment charges, and lease cancellation costs. Of the total charges,

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approximately \$12 million was recorded in 2008, \$129 million was recorded in 2009, and \$9 million was recorded in 2010. Severance and related costs were related to approximately 4,350 positions. We do not expect to incur any further charges related to this program.

Refer to Note 8, Cost Reduction Actions, to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further detail.

Effective Rate of Taxes on Income

The effective tax rate was approximately 34% for the six months ended July 2, 2011 and approximately 32% for the six months ended July 3, 2010. The effective tax rate for the first six months of 2011 included an expense of \$6.2 million from discrete events, primarily for tax return true-ups and accruals related to tax contingencies. Refer to Note 10, Taxes Based on Income, to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

Free Cash Flow

We use free cash flow as an operating performance measure of funds available for uses of cash that do not directly or immediately support our underlying businesses, such as dividends, debt reductions, acquisitions, and share repurchases. We believe that this non-GAAP financial measure provides meaningful supplemental information to our investors to assist them in their financial analysis of the Company.

	Six Mont	Six Months Ended			
(In millions)	July 2, 2011	July 3, 2010			
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$ (95.2)	\$143.1			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment, net	(53.1)	(27.4)			
Purchase of software and other deferred charges	(16.1)	(10.4)			
(Purchase) proceeds from sale of investments, net (1)	(.7)	.4			
Free cash flow	\$(165.1)	\$105.7			

⁽¹⁾ Net (purchase) proceeds from sales of investment related to net purchases/sales of securities held by our captive insurance company.

Free cash flow in the first six months of 2011 reflected the amount and timing of inventory purchases and payments; payments of 2010 employee bonuses and customer trade rebates; the timing of collections of accounts receivable; contributions to our pension plans; and net spending on property, plant, and equipment. See Analysis of Results of Operations and Liquidity below for more information.

2011 Outlook

Certain factors that we believe may contribute to results for 2011 compared to results for 2010 are listed below. We expect revenue to increase and earnings to decrease in 2011, the extent to which is subject, but not limited to, the impact of economic conditions on underlying demand for our products, and the amount of higher costs, principally due to expected raw material inflation, that can be offset with productivity measures and/or price increases. We expect aggregate contributions to our pension plans (both domestic and international) of at least \$50 million in 2011.

We anticipate 2011 interest expense to be comparable to 2010. Our assumptions on interest expense are subject to changes in market rates through the remainder of the year.

We expect our annual effective tax rate to be higher in 2011. Our annual effective tax rate may be impacted by future events including changes in tax laws, geographic income mix, repatriation of cash, tax audits, closure of tax years, legal entity restructuring, and changes in valuation allowances on deferred tax assets. Our effective tax rate can potentially have wide variances from quarter to quarter, resulting from interim reporting requirements and the recognition of discrete events.

We anticipate increased investments in marketing, research and development, and infrastructure.

We anticipate our capital and software expenditures to be approximately \$150 million.

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ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE SECOND QUARTER Income Before Taxes

	Three Months Ended				
(In millions)	July 2, 2011	July 3, 2010			
Net sales	\$1,725.7	\$1,680.1			
Cost of products sold	1,254.8	1,189.7			
Gross profit	470.9	490.4			
Marketing, general and administrative expense	330.0	338.9			
Interest expense	17.7	21.1			
Other expense, net	12.4	4.6			
Income before taxes	\$ 110.8	\$ 125.8			
As a Percent of Net Sales:					
Gross profit margin	27.3%	29.2%			
Marketing, general and administrative expense	19.1	20.2			
Income before taxes	6.4	7.5			

Net Sales

Sales increased 3% in the second quarter of 2011 compared to the same period last year, due to the favorable impact of foreign currency translation (approximately \$79 million), partially offset by a decline in sales on an organic basis. On an organic basis, sales declined 2% in the second quarter of 2011, primarily reflecting lower volumes in the Pressure-sensitive Materials and Retail Branding and Information Solutions segments, driven primarily by lower market demand. Volume declines were partially offset by the impact of changes in pricing.

Refer to Results of Operations by Segment for the Second Quarter for information by reportable segment and other businesses.

Gross Profit Margin

Gross profit margin for the second quarter of 2011 declined compared to the same period last year, as the impact of raw material inflation, lower volume, and the unfavorable impact of currency translation, more than offset the benefits of pricing actions and productivity initiatives.

Marketing, General and Administrative Expense

The decrease in marketing, general and administrative expense in the second quarter of 2011 compared to the same period last year primarily reflected lower employee-related costs including incentive compensation, partially offset by the unfavorable impact of foreign currency translation.

Other Expense, net

	Three Months Ended	
(In millions)	July 2, 2011	July 3, 2010
Restructuring costs Other items	\$ 7.1 5.3	\$ 1.9 2.7
Other expense, net	\$12.4	\$ 4.6

In the second quarter of 2011, Other expense, net consisted of charges for severance and related costs resulting in the reduction in headcount of approximately 170 positions across all segments and geographic regions and other items. Other items included certain legal and consulting costs, asset impairment charges, and a reversal of lease cancellation costs.

In the second quarter of 2010, Other expense, net consisted of charges for severance and related costs due to the reduction in headcount of approximately 50 positions in all segments and geographic regions and other items. Other items included a loss from curtailment and settlement of a foreign pension obligation, a loss from debt extinguishment, asset impairment charges, a gain on sale of investment, and a gain on legal settlement. Refer to Note 8, Cost Reduction Actions, to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for more information.

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Net Income and Earnings per Share

	Three Months Ended		
(In millions, except per share amounts)	July 2, 2011	July 3, 2010	
Income before taxes Provision for income taxes	\$110.8 37.5	\$125.8 42.0	
Net income	\$ 73.3	\$ 83.8	
Net income per common share Net income per common share, assuming dilution	\$.69 \$.69	\$.79 \$.78	
Net income as a percent of net sales	4.2%	5.0%	
Percent change in: Net income Net income per common share Net income per common share, assuming dilution	(12.5)% (12.7) (11.5)	110.6% 107.9 105.3	

Provision for Income Taxes

The effective tax rate was approximately 34% for second quarter ended July 2, 2011 and approximately 33% for the same period in 2010. The effective tax rate for the second quarter of 2011 included an expense of \$2.9 million from discrete events, primarily for tax return true-ups and accruals related to tax contingencies. Refer to Note 10, Taxes Based on Income, to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS BY SEGMENT FOR THE SECOND QUARTER

Pressure-sensitive Materials Segment

	Three Months Ended		
(In millions)	July 2, 2011	July 3, 2010	
Net sales including intersegment sales	\$1,028.6	\$962.5	
Less intersegment sales	(44.1)	(38.6)	
Net sales	\$ 984.5	\$923.9	
Operating income (1)	89.2	87.5	
(1) Included a net gain on legal settlement in 2010, and restructuring costs in			
both years	\$ 3.8	\$ 1.5	

Net Sales

Sales in our Pressure-sensitive Materials segment increased 7% in the second quarter of 2011 compared to the same period last year, including the favorable impact of foreign currency translation (approximately \$58 million). On an organic basis, sales were unchanged, as the benefit of pricing actions offset volume declines.

On an organic basis, sales in our Label and Packaging Materials business in the second quarter of 2011 were flat compared to the same period last year, as volume declines were offset by pricing actions.

On an organic basis, sales in our Graphics and Reflective Solutions business in the second quarter of 2011 increased at a mid single-digit rate compared to the same period last year, due to increased volume and the benefit of pricing actions.

Operating Income

Operating income in the second quarter of 2011 increased slightly compared to the prior year, as raw material inflation, lower volume, and higher restructuring costs were more than offset by the benefits of pricing actions, productivity initiatives, lower employee-related costs including incentive compensation, and the favorable impact of foreign currency translation.

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Retail Branding and Information Solutions Segment

	Three Months Ended		
(In millions)	July 2, 2011	July 3, 2010	
Net sales including intersegment sales	\$396.7	\$412.4	
Less intersegment sales	(.3)	(.5)	
Net sales	\$396.4	\$411.9	
Operating income (1)	26.9	35.6	
(1) Included restructuring costs and lease cancellation reversal in 2011, and asset			
impairment charges in both years	\$ 2.3	\$.6	

Net Sales

Sales in our Retail Branding and Information Solutions segment decreased 4% in the second quarter of 2011 compared to the same period last year, including the favorable impact of foreign currency translation (approximately \$10 million). On an organic basis, sales declined 6% in the second quarter of 2011, reflecting lower demand from retailers and brands in the U.S. and Europe due to caution about consumer spending in the back-to-school and holiday seasons following retail price increases.

Operating Income

Operating income in the second quarter of 2011 decreased compared to the prior year, reflecting lower volume, raw material inflation, and higher restructuring costs, partially offset by lower employee-related costs including incentive compensation and savings from restructuring actions.

Office and Consumer Products Segment

	Three Mon	nths Ended
(In millions)	July 2, 2011	July 3, 2010
Net sales including intersegment sales Less intersegment sales	\$204.3 (.2)	\$ 209.1 (.2)
Net sales Operating income (1)	\$204.1 21.6	\$ 208.9 31.5
(1) Included restructuring costs in 2011 and a loss from curtailment and settlement of a foreign pension obligation in 2010	\$.6	\$ 1.8

Net Sales

Sales in our Office and Consumer Products segment decreased 2% in the second quarter of 2011 compared to the same period last year, including the favorable impact of foreign currency translation (approximately \$6 million). On an organic basis, sales declined 5% in the second quarter of 2011 due primarily to continued weak end-market demand.

Operating Income

Operating income in the second quarter of 2011 decreased compared to the prior year, reflecting lower volume and raw material inflation, partially offset by the savings from productivity initiatives and the impact of a loss from

curtailment and settlement of a foreign pension obligation recognized in the prior year. **Other specialty converting businesses**

	Three Months Ended
(In millions)	July 2, July 3, 2011 2010
Net sales including intersegment sales Less intersegment sales	\$150.7
Net sales Operating income ⁽¹⁾	\$140.7 \$ 135.4 5.0 4.2
(1) Included restructuring costs in 2011	\$.6 \$
Net Sales 21	

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Sales in our other specialty converting businesses increased 4% in the second quarter of 2011 compared to the same period last year, largely due to the favorable impact of foreign currency translation (approximately \$5 million). On an organic basis, sales remained unchanged, as the benefit of pricing actions offset volume declines.

Operating Income

Operating income in the second quarter of 2011 increased compared to the prior year, as the benefit of pricing actions and favorable product mix more than offset raw material inflation and lower volume.

ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE SIX MONTHS YEAR-TO-DATE Income Before Taxes

	Six Mont	Six Months Ended		
(In millions)	July 2, 2011	July 3, 2010		
Net sales	\$3,385.0	\$3,234.8		
Cost of products sold	2,459.7	2,303.6		
Gross profit	925.3	931.2		
Marketing, general and administrative expense	694.5	679.0		
Interest expense	35.6	38.6		
Other expense, net	17.0	10.9		
Income before taxes	\$ 178.2	\$ 202.7		
As a Percent of Net Sales:				
Gross profit margin	27.3%	28.8%		
Marketing, general and administrative expense	20.5	21.0		
Income before taxes	5.3	6.3		

Sales

Sales increased 5% in the first six months of 2011 compared to the same period last year, due the favorable impact of foreign currency translation (approximately \$82 million) and an increase in sales on an organic basis.

On an organic basis, sales grew 2% in the first six months of 2011, primarily reflecting the benefit of pricing actions in the Pressure-sensitive Materials segment, partially offset by volume declines in the Office and Consumer Products segment.

Refer to Results of Operations by Segment for the Six Months Year-to-Date for information by reportable segment. Gross Profit Margin

Gross profit margin for the first six months of 2011 declined compared to the same period last year, as raw material inflation, the unfavorable impact of currency translation, lower volume, and increased employee-related costs, net of decreased incentive compensation, more than offset the benefits of pricing actions and productivity initiatives.

Marketing, General and Administrative Expense

The increase in marketing, general and administrative expense in the first six months of 2011 compared to the same period last year primarily reflected higher investments in growth and infrastructure, and the unfavorable impact of foreign currency translation. These increases were partially offset by lower employee-related costs including incentive compensation.

Other Expense, net

Six Months Ended July 3, 2010

(In millions)

	July 2, 2011	
Restructuring costs Other items	\$ 9.6 7.4	\$ 6.6 4.3
Other expense, net	\$17.0	\$ 10.9

In the first six months of 2011, Other expense, net consisted of charges for severance and related costs resulting in the reduction in headcount of approximately 355 positions in all segments and geographic regions and other items. Other items included certain legal and consulting costs, asset impairment charges, a gain on legal settlement, and lease cancellation costs.

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In the first six months of 2010, Other expense, net consisted of charges for severance and related costs resulting in the reduction in headcount of approximately 280 positions in all segments and geographic regions and other items. Other items included a loss from curtailment and settlement of a foreign pension obligation, a loss from debt extinguishment, net legal settlement costs, asset impairment charges and a gain on sale of investment. For more information regarding the debt extinguishment, refer to Financial Condition in this report.

Refer to Note 8, Cost Reduction Actions, to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for more information.

Net Income and Earnings per Share

	Six Months Ended	
	July 2,	
(In millions, except per share)	2011	July 3, 2010
Income before taxes	\$178.2	\$202.7
Provision for income taxes	60.1	64.2
Net income	\$118.1	\$138.5
Net income per common share	\$ 1.12	\$ 1.31
Net income per common share, assuming dilution	\$ 1.11	\$ 1.30
Net income as a percent of net sales	3.5%	4.3%
Percent change in:		
Net income	(14.7)%	116.1%
Net income per common share	(14.5)	115.6
Net income per common share, assuming dilution	(14.6)	115.5

Provision for Income Taxes

The effective tax rate for the first six months of 2011 was approximately 34% and approximately 32% for the same period in 2010. The effective tax rate for the first six months of 2011 included an expense of \$6.2 million from discrete events, primarily for tax return true-ups and accruals related to tax contingencies. Refer to Note 10, Taxes Based on Income, to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS BY SEGMENT FOR THE SIX MONTHS YEAR-TO-DATE

Pressure-sensitive Materials Segment

	Six Mon	ths Ended	
(In millions)	July 2, 2011	July 3, 2010	
Net sales including intersegment sales Less intersegment sales	\$2,060.1 (88.6)	\$1,901.1 (80.0)	
Net sales Operating income (1)	\$1,971.5 175.4	\$1,821.1 175.3	
	\$ 7.2	\$ 3.4	

(1) Included a net gain on legal settlement in 2010, and restructuring and asset impairment charges in both years

Net Sales

Sales in our Pressure-sensitive Materials segment increased 8% in the first six months of 2011 compared to the same period last year, including the favorable impact of foreign currency translation (approximately \$60 million). On an organic basis, sales grew 5% in the first six months of 2011, driven primarily by the benefit of pricing actions. On an organic basis, sales in our Label and Packaging Materials business in the first six months of 2011 increased at a mid single-digit rate compared to the same period last year, reflecting growth in Asia Pacific, Europe, and North America.

On an organic basis, sales in our Graphics and Reflective Solutions business increased at a mid single-digit rate, due to increased volume and the benefit of pricing actions.

Operating Income

Operating income in the first six months of 2011 was flat compared to the same period last year, as the benefit of pricing actions, higher volume, lower employee-related costs including incentive compensation, and the favorable impact of foreign currency translation offset the impact of raw material inflation, higher investments in growth and infrastructure, and higher restructuring and asset impairment charges.

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Retail Branding and Information Solutions Segment

	Six Months Ended	
(In millions)	July 2, 2011	July 3, 2010
Net sales including intersegment sales	\$772.2	\$757.9
Less intersegment sales	(.7)	(1.2)
Net sales	\$771.5	\$756.7
Operating income (1)	39.0	35.1
(1) Included a gain on legal settlement and lease cancellation reversal in 2011,		
legal settlement costs in 2010, and restructuring and asset impairment charges in		
both years	\$ 2.5	\$ 4.0

Net Sales

Sales in our Retail Branding and Information Solutions segment increased 2% in the first six months of 2011 compared to the same period last year, including the favorable impact of foreign currency translation (approximately \$11 million). On an organic basis, sales grew 1% in the first six months of 2011, reflecting a level of demand from retailers and brands in the U.S. and Europe comparable to the prior year.

Operating Income

Operating income in the first six months of 2011 increased compared to the same period last year, reflecting benefits from restructuring and productivity initiatives, lower employee-related costs including incentive compensation, and a gain on legal settlements (compared to expense in the same period last year), partially offset by raw material inflation and higher investments in growth and infrastructure.

Office and Consumer Products Segment

	Six Months Ended	
(In millions)	July 2, 2011	July 3, 2010
Net sales including intersegment sales Less intersegment sales	\$360.9 (.4)	\$389.2 (.4)
Net sales Operating income (1)	\$360.5 22.8	\$388.8 50.9
(1) Included lease cancellation costs in 2011, a loss on curtailment and settlement of a foreign pension obligation in 2010, and restructuring costs in both years	\$ 1.0	\$ 2.5

Net Sales

Sales in our Office and Consumer Products segment decreased 7% in the first six months of 2011 compared to the same period last year, including the favorable impact of foreign currency translation (approximately \$6 million). On an organic basis, sales declined 9% in the first six months of 2011 due primarily to continued weak end-market demand and prior year s distribution losses with one customer.

Operating Income

Operating income in the first six months of 2011 decreased compared to the same period last year, reflecting lower volume, raw material inflation, and increased investment in new products and demand creation, partially offset by the benefit of productivity initiatives and the impact of a loss on curtailment and settlement of a foreign pension obligation recognized in the prior year.

Other specialty converting businesses

	Six Months Ended		
	July 2,	Jul	y 3,
(In millions)	2011	20	10
Net sales including intersegment sales	\$303.7	\$	283.1
Less intersegment sales	(22.2)		(14.9)
Net sales	\$281.5	\$	268.2
Operating income (1)	4.2		7.0
(1) Included asset impairment charges in 2011 and restructuring costs in both			
years	\$ 1.2	\$.3

Net Sales

Sales in our other specialty converting businesses increased 5% in the first six months of 2011 compared to the same period last year, including the favorable impact of foreign currency translation (approximately \$5 million). On an organic basis, sales grew 3% in the

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first six months of 2011, primarily reflecting increased demand for products for automotive applications. *Operating Income*

Operating income in the first six months of 2011 decreased compared to the same period last year, reflecting raw material inflation, the impact of expenses related to the uninsured portion of a warehouse fire in Brazil, and higher investments in growth and infrastructure, partially offset by the benefit of pricing actions and savings from restructuring and productivity initiatives.

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FINANCIAL CONDITION

Liquidity

Cash Flow from Operating Activities for the First Six Months:

(In millions)	2011	2010
Net income	\$ 118.1	\$ 138.5
Depreciation and amortization	123.3	121.6
Provision for doubtful accounts	7.4	13.6
Asset impairment and net loss on sale and disposal of assets	8.5	1.1
Loss from debt extinguishment		1.2
Stock-based compensation	20.7	16.2
Other non-cash items, net	21.5	21.5
Changes in assets and liabilities and other adjustments	(394.7)	(170.6)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$ (95.2)	\$ 143.1

For cash flow purposes, changes in assets and liabilities and other adjustments exclude the impact of foreign currency translation (discussed below in Analysis of Selected Balance Sheet Accounts).

During the first six months of 2011, cash flow from operating activities reflected the amount and timing of inventory purchases and payments; payments of 2010 employee bonuses and customer trade rebates; the timing of collections of accounts receivable; and contributions to our pension plans.

During the first six months of 2010, cash flow from operating activities reflected the timing of inventory purchases and related payments. These factors were partially offset by the timing of collections of accounts receivable, higher inventory purchases to support the increase in sales, and payments of severance and other accrued costs related to various restructuring actions, as well as payments of 2009 employee bonuses and customer trade rebates.

Cash Flow from Investing Activities for the First Six Months:

(In millions)	2011	2010
Purchase of property, plant and equipment, net	\$ (53.1)	\$ (27.4)
Purchase of software and other deferred charges	(16.1)	(10.4)
(Purchase) proceeds from sale of investments, net	(.7)	.4
Net cash used in investing activities	\$ (69.9)	\$ (37.4)

Capital and Software Spending

During the first six months of 2011 and 2010, we invested in various small capital projects company wide. Information technology projects during the first six months of 2011 and 2010 included customer service and standardization initiatives.

Cash Flow from Financing Activities for the First Six Months:

(In millions)	2011	2010
Net change in borrowings and payments of debt	\$ 229.7	\$ (42.3)
Dividends paid	(53.4)	(44.5)
Purchase of treasury stock	(13.5)	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options, net	3.0	1.6

Other (5.4) (8.8)

Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities

\$ 160.4

\$ (94.0)

Borrowings and Repayment of Debt

During the first six months of 2011, we increased our commercial paper and foreign short-term borrowings to support operational requirements, which also included contributions to our pension plans.

Dividend Payments

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Our dividend per share was \$.50 in the first six months of 2011, a 25% increase from our dividend of \$.40 per share for the same period in the prior year.

Share Repurchases

In December 2010, we executed the repurchase of approximately .3 million shares for \$13.5 million, which settled in January 2011.

On January 27, 2011, the Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of an additional five million shares of our stock. As of July 2, 2011, approximately 6 million shares were available for repurchase under this and prior Board of Directors—authorizations.

Analysis of Selected Balance Sheet Accounts

Long-lived Assets

In the first six months of 2011, goodwill increased approximately \$21 million to \$962 million, which primarily reflected the impact of foreign currency translation.

In the first six months of 2011, other intangibles resulting from business acquisitions, net, decreased approximately \$13 million to \$215.5 million, which reflected amortization expense (\$17 million), partially offset by the impact of foreign currency translation (\$4 million).

Refer to Note 3, Goodwill and Other Intangibles Resulting from Business Acquisitions, to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for more information.

In the first six months of 2011, other assets increased approximately \$9 million to \$458 million, which primarily reflected an increase in the cash surrender value of corporate-owned life insurance (\$13 million) and purchase of software and other deferred charges (\$16 million). These increases were partially offset by amortization expense of software and other deferred charges (\$20 million).

Other Shareholders Equity Accounts

Our shareholders equity was \$1.80 billion at July 2, 2011 compared to \$1.65 billion at January 1, 2011. The increase in our shareholders equity was primarily due to the impact of foreign currency translation, an increase in net income and a decrease in the value of the employee stock benefit trust (ESBT), partially offset by dividend payments and an increase of our treasury stock from share repurchase activity. See Dividend Payments and Share Repurchases above for more information.

The value of the ESBT decreased by approximately \$36 million in the first six months of 2011 to \$36.7 million, reflecting the use of shares to settle exercises of stock options and releases of restricted stock units (RSUs) (\$17 million), the funding of our Company matching contributions to the U.S. defined contribution plan (\$15 million), and a decrease in the market value of shares held in the ESBT (\$4 million). Subsequent to the quarter ended July 2, 2011, we terminated the ESBT upon the utilization of the remaining balance of shares held therein. We now expect to use shares of our common stock held in treasury for these employee-related expenses.

Impact of Foreign Currency Translation for the First Six Months:

(In millions)	2011	2010
Change in net sales	\$82	\$83
Change in net income	5	

International operations generated approximately 69% of our net sales during the first six months of 2011. Our future results are subject to changes in political and economic conditions in the regions in which we conduct business and the impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange and interest rates.

The effect of currency translation on sales in the first six months of 2011, compared to the first six months of 2010, primarily reflected a favorable impact from sales denominated in euros, as well as sales in the currencies of Australia, China and Brazil.

Impact of Foreign Currency Transactions

The impact on net income from transactions denominated in foreign currencies may be mitigated because the costs of our products are generally denominated in the same currencies in which they are sold. In addition, to reduce our income and cash flow exposure to transactions in foreign currencies, we may enter into foreign exchange forward, option and swap contracts, where available and appropriate.

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Analysis of Selected Financial Ratios

We utilize certain financial ratios to assess our financial condition and operating performance, as discussed below. *Operational Working Capital Ratio*

Working capital (current assets minus current liabilities), as a percent of annualized net sales, increased in the first six months of 2011 primarily due to increases in inventories and net trade accounts receivable, partially offset by increases in short-term and current portion of long-term debt, as well as annualized net sales.

Operational working capital, as a percent of annualized net sales, is an operating performance measure and is reconciled with working capital below. We use this non-GAAP financial measure as a tool to assess our working capital requirements because it excludes the impact of fluctuations attributable to our financing and other activities (that affect cash and cash equivalents, deferred taxes, other current assets, and other current liabilities) that tend to be disparate in amount and timing, and therefore, may increase the volatility of the working capital ratio from period to period. Additionally, the items excluded from this measure are not necessarily indicative of the underlying trends of our operations and are not significantly influenced by the day-to-day activities that are managed at the operating level. Refer to Non-GAAP Financial Measures. Our objective is to minimize our investment in operational working capital, as a percentage of sales, by reducing this ratio to maximize cash flow and return on investment.

Operational Working Capital for the First Six Months:

(In millions)	2011	2010
(A) Working capital (current assets minus current liabilities)	\$ 270.1	\$ 80.9
Reconciling items:		
Cash and cash equivalents	(125.4)	(148.9)
Current deferred and refundable income taxes and other current assets	(317.2)	(226.3)
Short-term and current portion of long-term debt	611.8	526.7
Current deferred and payable income taxes and other current liabilities	569.4	617.0
(B) Operational working capital	\$ 1,008.7	\$ 849.4
(C) Annualized net sales (year-to-date sales, multiplied by 2)	\$ 6,770.0	\$ 6,469.6
Working capital, as a percent of annualized net sales (A), (C)	4.0%	1.3%
Operational working capital, as a percent of annualized net sales (B), (C)	14.9%	13.1%

As a percent of annualized sales, operational working capital for the first six months of 2011 increased compared to the same period in the prior year. The primary factors contributing to this change, which includes the impact of foreign currency translation, are discussed below.

Accounts Receivable Ratio

The average number of days sales outstanding was 59 days in the first six months of 2011 compared to 57 days in the first six months of 2010, calculated using the two-quarter average trade accounts receivable balance divided by the average daily sales for the first six months of 2011 and 2010, respectively. The increase from prior year in the average number of days sales outstanding primarily reflected timing of collections.

Inventory Ratio

Average inventory turnover was 7.7 in the first six months of 2011 compared to 8.5 in the first six months of 2010, calculated using the annualized cost of sales (cost of sales for the first six months multiplied by two) divided by the inventory balance at quarter end. The decrease from prior year in the average inventory turnover reflected higher average inventory levels due to the timing of inventory purchases.

Accounts Payable Ratio

The average number of days payable outstanding was 59 days in the first six months of 2011 compared to 58 days in the first six months of 2010, calculated using the two-quarter average accounts payable balance divided by the average daily cost of products sold for the first six months of 2011 and 2010, respectively. The increase from prior year in the average number of days payable outstanding reflected the amount and timing of inventory purchases and timing of payments to vendors.

Capital Resources

Capital resources include cash flows from operations, cash and cash equivalents and debt financing. At July 2, 2011, we had cash and

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cash equivalents of approximately \$125 million held in accounts at third-party financial institutions.

Our \$1 billion revolving credit facility, which supports our commercial paper programs, matures in 2012. No balances were outstanding under this facility as of July 2, 2011. Based upon our current outlook for our business and market conditions, we believe that this facility, in addition to the uncommitted bank lines of credit maintained in the countries in which we operate, will be able to provide the liquidity to fund our operations during the year.

We are exposed to financial market risk resulting from changes in interest and foreign currency rates, and to possible liquidity and credit risks of our counterparties.

Capital from Debt

Our total debt increased by approximately \$.23 billion in the first six months of 2011 to \$1.57 billion, compared to \$1.34 billion at year end 2010, reflecting an increase in commercial paper and foreign short-term borrowings to support operational requirements, which included contributions to our pension plans.

Credit ratings are a significant factor in our ability to raise short-term and long-term financing. The credit ratings assigned to us also impact the interest rates paid and our access to commercial paper, credit facilities, and other borrowings. A downgrade of our short-term credit ratings below our current levels could impact our ability to access the commercial paper markets. If our access to commercial paper markets were to become limited, our revolving credit facility and other credit facilities would be available to meet our short-term funding requirements, if necessary. When determining a credit rating, the rating agencies place significant weight on our competitive position, business outlook, consistency of cash flows, debt level and liquidity, geographic dispersion and management team. We remain committed to retaining an investment grade rating.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements, Contractual Obligations, and Other Matters

Refer to Note 14, Commitments and Contingencies, to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. **RECENT ACCOUNTING REQUIREMENTS**

Refer to Note 16, Recent Accounting Requirements, to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

There have been no material changes to the information provided in Part II, Item 7A of the Company s Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 1, 2011.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company maintains disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f)) that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the Company's Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding the required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management necessarily is required to apply its judgement in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

The Company s disclosure controls system is based upon a global chain of financial and general business reporting lines that converge in the Company s headquarters in Pasadena, California. As required by SEC Rule 13a-15(b), the Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company s management, including the Company s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company s disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the quarter covered by this report. Based on the foregoing, the Company s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company s disclosure controls and procedures are effective to provide reasonable assurance that information is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC s rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company s management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding the required disclosure. The Company periodically assesses its overall control environment, including the control environment of acquired businesses.

There has been no change in the Company s internal control over financial reporting during the Company s most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company s internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II. OTHER INFORMATION ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Refer to Note 14, Commitments and Contingencies, to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Part 1, Item 1.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes to the risk factors included in Part I, Item 1A, of the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 1, 2011.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

- (a) Not Applicable
- (b) Not Applicable
- (c) Purchases of Equity Securities by Issuer

On February 2, 2011, the Company announced that the Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to 5 million additional shares of the Company s outstanding common stock on January 27, 2011. Additionally, approximately 1 million remaining shares are available for repurchase under an authorization by the Board of Directors on October 26, 2006, which was announced by the Company on that date. The balance of shares available for repurchase under these authorizations as of July 2, 2011 was approximately 6 million.

Repurchased shares may be reissued under the Company s stock option and incentive plan or used for other corporate purposes.

The Company did not repurchase any registered equity securities in the second quarter of 2011.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

Not Applicable

ITEM 4. (REMOVED AND RESERVED)

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Not Applicable

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit 3.1	Amended and Restated Certification of Incorporation is incorporated by reference to the current report on Form 8-K, filed April 29, 2011
Exhibit 3.2	Amended and Restated By-laws are incorporated by reference to the current report on Form 8-K, filed April 29, 2011
Exhibit 12	Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges
Exhibit 31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
Exhibit 31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
Exhibit 32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
Exhibit 32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
Exhibit 101.INS	XBRL Instance Document*

Exhibit 101.SCH XBRL Extension Schema Document*

Exhibit 101.CAL XBRL Extension Calculation Linkbase Document*

Exhibit 101.LAB XBRL Extension Label Linkbase Document*

Exhibit 101.PRE XBRL Extension Presentation Linkbase Document*

Exhibit 101.DEF XBRL Extension Definition Linkbase Document*

* Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, the XBRL related information in Exhibit 101 to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q shall not be deemed to be filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (Exchange Act), or otherwise subject to the liability of that section, and shall not be deemed part of a registration statement, prospectus or other document filed under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as may be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filings.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

AVERY DENNISON CORPORATION (Registrant)

/s/ Mitchell R. Butier Mitchell R. Butier Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

/s/ Lori J. Bondar Lori J. Bondar Vice President and Controller, and Chief Accounting Officer (Principal Accounting Officer) August 8, 2011

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