BOK FINANCIAL CORP ET AL Form 11-K June 27, 2011

BOK FINANCIAL 401(k) PLAN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE

DECEMBER 31, 2010 and 2009

WITH

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Plan Administrator BOK Financial 401(k) Plan

We have audited the accompanying statements of net assets available for benefits of the BOK Financial 401(k) Plan (the Plan) as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the related statement of changes in net assets available for benefits for the year ended December 31, 2010. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Plan's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Plan is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audits included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Plan's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the net assets available for benefits of the Plan as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the changes in net assets available for benefits for the year ended December 31, 2010, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplemental Schedule of Assets (Held at End of Year) as of December 31, 2010, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by the United States Department of Labor Rules and Regulations for Reporting and Disclosure under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. This supplemental schedule is the responsibility of the Plan's management. The supplemental schedule has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

\s\ HOGANTAYLOR LLP

Tulsa, Oklahoma June 24, 2011

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BOK FINANCIAL 401(k) PLAN

STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS

December 31, 2010 and 2009

	2010	2009
Assets		
Investments, at fair value (See Note 3)	\$241,599,093	\$196,937,990
Cash	1,231,733	1,146,796
Receivables:		
Employer contributions	941,422	1,001,979
Notes receivable from participants	7,671,703	6,403,144
Due from broker	337,168	272,249
Accrued interest receivable	93,452	112,287
Total receivables	9,043,745	7,789,659
Total assets	251,874,571	205,874,445
Liabilities		
Due to broker	1,267,344	1,343,418
Excess contributions payable	-	33,124
Total liabilities	1,267,344	1,376,542
Net assets available for benefits, at fair value	250,607,227	204,497,903
Adjustment from fair value to contract value for fully benefit-responsive investment		
contracts	227,741	597,405
Net assets available for plan benefits	\$250,834,968	\$205,095,308
See notes to financial statements.		
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BOK FINANCIAL 401(k) PLAN

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR BENEFITS

Year ended December 31, 2010

Investment	income.
mvesimeni	mecome:

Interest and dividends 1,816,517 Total investment income 27,357,143 Interest income on notes receivable from participants 271,991 Contributions: *** Participants 18,806,783 Employer 13,787,700 Rollovers 1,744,737 Total contributions 34,339,220 Deductions from net assets: *** Benefit payments 16,207,272 Administrative expenses 21,422 Total deductions 16,228,694 Net increase 45,739,660 Net assets available for benefits: *** Beginning of year 205,095,308 End of year \$250,834,968	Net appreciation in value of investments	\$25,540,626
Interest income on notes receivable from participants 271,991 Contributions: 18,806,783 Employer 13,787,700 Rollovers 1,744,737 Total contributions 34,339,220 Deductions from net assets: 8 Benefit payments 16,207,272 Administrative expenses 21,422 Total deductions 16,228,694 Net increase 45,739,660 Net assets available for benefits: 8 Beginning of year 205,095,308	Interest and dividends	1,816,517
Interest income on notes receivable from participants 271,991 Contributions: 18,806,783 Employer 13,787,700 Rollovers 1,744,737 Total contributions 34,339,220 Deductions from net assets: 8 Benefit payments 16,207,272 Administrative expenses 21,422 Total deductions 16,228,694 Net increase 45,739,660 Net assets available for benefits: 8 Beginning of year 205,095,308		
Contributions: Participants 18,806,783 Employer 13,787,700 Rollovers 1,744,737 Total contributions 34,339,220 Deductions from net assets:	Total investment income	27,357,143
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Participants 18,806,783 Employer 13,787,700 Rollovers 1,744,737 Total contributions 34,339,220 Deductions from net assets: 5 Benefit payments 16,207,272 Administrative expenses 21,422 Total deductions 16,228,694 Net increase 45,739,660 Net assets available for benefits: 5 Beginning of year 205,095,308		
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Total contributions Deductions from net assets: Benefit payments Administrative expenses 16,207,272 Administrative expenses 21,422 Total deductions 16,228,694 Net increase 45,739,660 Net assets available for benefits: Beginning of year 205,095,308		
Deductions from net assets: Benefit payments Administrative expenses 16,207,272 21,422 Total deductions 16,228,694 Net increase 45,739,660 Net assets available for benefits: Beginning of year 205,095,308	Rollovers	1,744,737
Deductions from net assets: Benefit payments Administrative expenses 16,207,272 21,422 Total deductions 16,228,694 Net increase 45,739,660 Net assets available for benefits: Beginning of year 205,095,308		
Benefit payments Administrative expenses 16,207,272 21,422 Total deductions 16,228,694 Net increase 45,739,660 Net assets available for benefits: Beginning of year 205,095,308	Total contributions	34,339,220
Benefit payments Administrative expenses 16,207,272 21,422 Total deductions 16,228,694 Net increase 45,739,660 Net assets available for benefits: Beginning of year 205,095,308		
Administrative expenses 21,422 Total deductions 16,228,694 Net increase 45,739,660 Net assets available for benefits: Beginning of year 205,095,308		
Total deductions 16,228,694 Net increase 45,739,660 Net assets available for benefits: Beginning of year 205,095,308		
Net increase 45,739,660 Net assets available for benefits: Beginning of year 205,095,308	Administrative expenses	21,422
Net increase 45,739,660 Net assets available for benefits: Beginning of year 205,095,308		
Net assets available for benefits: Beginning of year 205,095,308	Total deductions	16,228,694
Net assets available for benefits: Beginning of year 205,095,308		
Beginning of year 205,095,308	Net increase	45,739,660
Beginning of year 205,095,308		
	Net assets available for benefits:	
End of year \$250,834,968	Beginning of year	205,095,308
End of year \$250,834,968		
	End of year	\$250,834,968

See notes to financial statements.

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BOK FINANCIAL 401(k) PLAN

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2010 and 2009

Note 1 – Description of Plan

The following description of the BOK Financial 401(k) Plan (the Plan) provides only general information. Participants should refer to the Summary Plan Description or the Plan document for a more complete description of the Plan's provisions.

General

The Plan is a defined contribution plan covering all employees of BOK Financial Corporation (BOKF) and its subsidiaries and affiliates (collectively, the Employer or Company). An eligible employee may enter the Plan on the first day of the month following the date the employee has completed one full month of service. All new eligible employees are automatically enrolled in the Plan at a 3% contribution rate unless the employee designates on the enrollment form not to participate or to participate at another allowable contribution rate. The Plan is subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (ERISA).

Bank of Oklahoma N.A. (Plan Administrator), subsidiary of BOKF, holds and manages the assets of the Plan, maintains participant account records and makes distributions to Plan participants. The Plan's investments are held by a bank-administered trust fund at the Bank of Oklahoma, N.A. Trust Department.

Contributions

Participants may elect to contribute a percentage of their compensation up to the maximum allowable by federal regulation (up to 100% in 2010) on a pre-tax basis pursuant to a salary reduction agreement filed with the Plan Administrator. In addition, participants may make after-tax contributions, which shall not exceed 6% of each participant's compensation; however, the combination of pre-tax and after-tax contributions cannot be more than the annual legal limit on the total amount that may be contributed to this type of plan (up to \$16,500 in 2010). Participants who attained age 50 on or before December 31, 2010, were allowed to make a pre-tax catch-up contribution up to an additional \$5,500 in 2010.

Participants may also make Roth 401(k) contributions to the Plan not to exceed the annual legal limit (up to \$6,000 in 2010). Effective December 1, 2010, participants who had attained age 59 ½ were allowed to convert non-Roth balances to Roth 401(k).

Participants may elect investment in any of 13 registered investment companies, the Bank of Oklahoma, N.A. Managed Allocation Portfolios (MAP) Target Funds which are collective investment funds, the Bank of Oklahoma, N.A. Strategic Allocation Fund (SAF) which is a collective investment fund, and BOKF Common Stock. Participants may also elect a self-directed option that allows them to invest in a variety of marketable securities in accordance with the Plan document.

The Employer makes a matching contribution to the Plan in either cash or in shares of BOKF Common Stock. In 2010, the entire matching contribution of \$13,787,700 was made in cash.

For each dollar of a participant's contribution, up to 6% of compensation per pay period, based on the participant's years of service, the Employer makes a matching contribution that increases as follows:

Years of	Matching
Service	Percentage
Less than	50%
four years	
Four to nine	100%
years	
Ten to	150%
fourteen	
years	
Fifteen or	200%
more years	

Matching contributions for the 2010 plan year are limited to a maximum of \$29,400 based on the participant's years of service and the Internal Revenue Code annual compensation limit. The Company also makes a special contribution for participants making less than \$40,000. This special contribution (Qualified Non-Elective Contribution) is \$750 for participants making less than \$30,000 and phases out for participants making \$30,000 to \$40,000. The aggregate special contribution for the 2010 plan year was \$933,400.

The Employer may, at its sole discretion, make an additional discretionary contribution to the Plan. There was no discretionary contribution in 2010.

Participant accounts

Each participant's account is credited with the participant's contribution and allocations of (a) the Employer's contribution and (b) Plan earnings and charged with administrative expenses, if applicable. Allocations are based on participant earnings or account balances, as defined by the Plan. The benefit to which a participant is entitled is the benefit that can be provided from the participant's vested account.

Vesting

Participants vest in Employer matching contributions based upon years of service, as defined by the Plan. Participants are 100% vested upon completion of five years of service and are immediately vested in their deferred (pre-tax), Roth 401(k) and after-tax contributions, and the actual earnings thereon.

Participant loans

Participants may borrow against their accounts in amounts of not less than \$1,000 and not to exceed the lesser of \$50,000 or 50% of the participant's vested account balance. Loans will bear interest based on the current banking prime rate when the loan is requested and may not exceed a five-year term, unless the proceeds are used to acquire the primary residence of the participant, in which case the maximum term is 25 years. Repayment is made by payroll withholdings, and the maximum number of loans a participant may have outstanding at one time is two. The loans are secured by the balance in the participant's account. Interest rates are based on the Chase prime rate and range from 3.25% to 10.50% at December 31, 2010. If a participant terminates employment with the Company, the outstanding loan balance is due and payable immediately. If the loan is not repaid in full upon termination, the balance will be treated as a distribution to the participant.

Payment of benefits

A participant, who terminates employment with a vested account balance of less than \$1,000, including rollover contributions, will receive a lump-sum payment. If the participant's vested balance exceeds \$1,000, but is less than \$5,000 (including rollover contributions), and the participant has not elected to receive payment directly, transfer to another eligible retirement plan or a direct rollover, the Plan will pay the distribution in a direct rollover to an individual retirement account designated by the Plan Administrator. Balances over \$5,000 are not distributed without the participant's consent.

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Forfeitures

At December 31, 2010 and 2009, \$342 and \$3,170, respectively, of investments at fair value in the statements of net assets available for benefits represented unallocated forfeitures. Such amounts are invested in the Cavanal Hill Cash Management Fund. These accounts are first used to pay for administrative expenses and any remaining amounts are used to reduce future employer contributions. The Employer paid all such eligible administrative expenses in 2010; therefore, forfeited nonvested account balances of \$200,349 were used to reduce employer contributions.

Plan termination

The Employer expects to continue the Plan indefinitely. However, the Employer reserves the right to discontinue or to amend the Plan, in whole or in part, from time-to-time. In the event of Plan termination, participants will become 100% vested in their accounts.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements of the Plan are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Benefit payments are recorded when paid.

Administrative expenses

The participants pay loan origination fees and fees related to self-directed common stocks, bonds and registered investment companies. The Employer pays all other administrative expenses, which were \$627,509 in 2010.

Notes receivable from participants

Notes receivable from participants represent participant loans that are recorded at their unpaid principal balance plus any accrued unpaid interest. Interest income on notes receivable from participants is recorded when it is earned. Related fees are recorded as administrative expenses and are expensed when incurred. No allowances for credit losses were recorded at December 31, 2010 or 2009. If a participant ceases to make loan repayments and the Plan Administrator deems the participant loan to be a distribution, the participant loan balance is reduced and a benefit payment is recorded.

Excess contributions payable

As of December 31, 2009, the Plan recorded liabilities totaling \$33,124 related to contributions in excess of amounts allowed by the Internal Revenue Service. No such amounts were outstanding at December 31, 2010. The amounts payable to participants as of December 31, 2009 were refunded by December 31, 2010, as required by the Internal Revenue Code.

Investment valuation and income recognition

Investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell the investment in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. See Note 3 for discussion of fair value measurements.

Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade-date basis. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis.

Investment contracts are reported at fair value. However, contract value is the relevant measurement attribute for that portion of the net assets available for benefits of a defined-contribution plan attributable to fully benefit-responsive contracts because contract value is the amount participants would receive if they were to initiate permitted transactions under the terms of the Plan. Contract value represents contributions made, plus earnings, less withdrawals and administrative expenses. The Plan's investments include the SEI Stable Asset Fund, a collective trust that invests in a variety of fully benefit-responsive investment contracts. The statements of net assets available for benefits present the fair value of the SEI Stable Asset Fund and the adjustment from fair value to contract value, and the statement of changes in net assets available for benefits excludes the changes in fair value for the SEI Stable Asset Fund.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

New accounting pronouncements

In January 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2010-06, Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements, (ASU 2010-06). ASU 2010-06 amended ASC 820 to clarify certain existing fair value disclosures and require a number of additional disclosures. The guidance in ASU 2010-06 clarified that disclosures should be presented separately for each 'class' of assets and liabilities measured at fair value and provided guidance on how to determine the appropriate classes of assets and liabilities to be presented. ASU 2010-06 also clarified the requirement for entities to disclose information about both the valuation techniques and inputs used in estimating Level 2 and Level 3 fair value measurements. In addition, ASU 2010-06 introduced new requirements to disclose the amounts (on a gross basis) and reasons for any significant transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 of the fair value hierarchy and present information regarding the purchases, sales, issuances and settlements of Level 3 assets and liabilities on a gross basis. With the exception of the requirement to present changes in Level 3 measurements on a gross basis, which is delayed until 2011, the guidance in ASU 2010-06 is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2009. Since ASU 2010-06 only affects fair value measurement disclosures, adoption of ASU 2010-06 did not affect on the Plan's net assets available for benefits or its changes in net assets available for benefits.

In September 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2010-25, Reporting Loans to Participants by Defined Contribution Pension Plans, (ASU 2010-25). ASU 2010-25 requires participant loans to be measured at their unpaid principal balance plus any accrued unpaid interest and classified as notes receivable from participants. Previously, loans were measured at fair value and classified as investments. ASU 2010-25 is effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2010 and is required to be applied retrospectively. Adoption of ASU 2010-25 did not change the value of participant loans from the amount previously reported as of December 31, 2009. Participant loans have been reclassified to notes receivable from participants as of December 31, 2010 and 2009.

Subsequent events

Effective January 1, 2011, the Plan Administrator merged with other affiliated banks wholly-owned by BOK Financial Corporation. The resulting bank is named BOKF, N.A.

Note 3 – Investments

Investments representing 5% or more of plan net assets

The following presents investments at fair value that represent 5% or more of the Plan's net assets:

		December 31,					
		2010 2009					
BOKF Common Stock Fund	\$	30,941,695	\$	26,371,069			
Cavanal Hill Cash Management Fund		17,701,962		16,188,876			
SEI Stable Asset Fund*		13,989,215		12,302,723			
Neuberger and Berman Genesis Trust Fund		27,420,219		22,768,266			
Dodge and Cox Stock Fund		24,082,631		20,855,766			
Vanguard Institutional Index		19,645,196		17,738,930			
Pimco Total Return Institutional Fund 16,069,484 13,520,5							
Investments that represent less than 5% in							
2010 and 2009		91,748,691		67,191,835			
Total investments		241,599,093		196,937,990			
Adjustment from fair value to contract value							
for SEI Stable Asset Fund		227,741		597,405			
	\$	241,826,834	\$	197,535,395			

^{*}SEI Stable Asset Fund at contract value was \$14,216,956 and \$12,900,128 at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

During 2010, the Plan's investments (including investments purchased and sold, as well as held during the year) appreciated in fair value as follows:

	ir	Net appreciation a Fair Value Investments
BOKF Common Stock Fund	\$	4,041,607
Registered investment companies		16,589,050
Self-directed common stocks		164,365
Self-directed registered investment companies		222,821
Self-directed bonds		7,355
Collective investment trusts		4,515,428
	\$	25,540,626

Participants should refer to the fund prospectus or other investment document for information on a fund's investment risk, objective, fees and expenses.

Fair value

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels of valuation hierarchy are described below:

- Level 1 –Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 –Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets or inputs other than quoted prices that are observable; and
 - Level 3 –Significant unobservable prices or inputs.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value by the Plan. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at December 31, 2010 and 2009.

BOKF common stock and self directed brokerage accounts: Valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

Money market fund and other registered investment companies: Valued at the net asset value (NAV) of shares held by the Plan at year end.

Collective investment trusts: Valued at the NAV of shares held by the Plan at year end. The NAV is provided by the collective investment trusts' trustee, which is Bank of Oklahoma, N.A., and is derived from market quotes for identical assets. The fair value of the investment in the common collective trust fund is provided to the Plan by the Trustee daily. The Trustee determines the NAV per share by dividing the total fair value of the accounts by the number of the shares outstanding. The shares of these accounts may be purchased from the Trustee or sold to the Trustee daily at the published NAV. There are no restrictions or notice requirements for participant transactions similar to an open end mutual fund. Restrictions and notice requirements apply in situations where the Plan desires to liquidate all the shares held in an account. The Plan makes no funding commitments to the common collective trust fund.

Stable asset fund: Fair value is determined by the independent fund manager, which utilizes level 2 inputs. The shares of these accounts may be purchased from the Trustee or sold to the Trustee daily at contract value. There are no restrictions or notice requirements for participant transactions including bona fide benefit payments, participant loans, employee's directed transfer of the employee's interest in the plan to another investment election, or paying Trustee fees. The Plan may remove this Fund as an investment option generally only upon 12 months' advance written notice to the Trustee. The Plan makes no funding commitments to the common collective trust fund.

The following table presents information about the Plan's assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31:

	Assets at Fair Value as of December 31, 2010						
				L	Level		
	Level 1		Level 2		3		Total
Money market fund	\$ 17,701,962	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,701,962
BOKF common stock fund:	30,941,695		-		-		30,941,695
Registered investment							
companies:							
Balanced funds	6,752,070		_		-		6,752,070
Growth funds	19,076,170		-		-		19,076,170
Value funds	33,167,705		_		-		33,167,705
Blended funds	64,024,882		-		-		64,024,882
Collective trusts:							
Balanced funds	-		49,844,706		-		49,844,706
Stable value funds	-		13,989,215		-		13,989,215
Self directed brokerage							
accounts	6,100,688		-		-		6,100,688
Total	\$ 177,765,172	\$	63,833,921	\$	-	\$	241,599,093

	Assets at Fair Value as of December 31, 2009 Level							
		Level 1		Level 2		3		Total
BOKF common stock fund, other common stocks, bonds								
and registered investment								
companies	\$	148,028,198	\$	-	S	S -	\$	148,028,198
Common and collective								
trusts		-		48,909,792		-		48,909,792
Total	\$	148,028,198	\$	48,909,792	\$	S -	\$	196,937,990

Note 4 – Income Tax Status

The Plan has received a prototype opinion letter from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) dated March 31, 2008, stating that the Plan is qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code) and, therefore, the related trust is exempt from taxation. Subsequent to this opinion letter by the Internal Revenue Service, the Plan was amended. Once qualified, the Plan is required to operate in conformity with the Code to maintain its qualification. The Plan Administrator believes the Plan is being operated in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Code and, therefore, believes that the Plan, as amended, is qualified and the related trust is tax-exempt.

The portion of a participant's compensation contributed to the Plan as a pre-tax contribution and the Employers' matching contribution are generally not subject to federal income tax when such contributions are credited to

participant accounts. These amounts and any investment earnings may be included in the participant's gross taxable income for the year in which such amounts are withdrawn from the Plan.

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Note 5 – Reconciliation of Financial Statements to the Form 5500

The following reconciles net assets available for benefits per the financial statements to the Form 5500:

	December 31,					
		2010		2009		
Net assets available for benefits per the financial						
statements	\$	250,834,968	\$	205,095,308		
Adjustment from contract value to fair value for fully						
benefit responsive contracts		(227,741)		(597,405)		
Less: benefits payable		(44,922)		(12,654)		
Net assets available for benefits per the Form 5500	\$	250,562,305	\$	204,485,249		

The following is a reconciliation of net appreciation in value of investments per the financial statements to the Form 5500:

	D	2010 2010
Net appreciation in value of investments per the financial statements	\$	25,540,626
Adjustment from contract value to fair value for fully benefit responsive		
contracts at end of year		(227,741)
Adjustment from contract value to fair value for fully benefit responsive		
contracts at beginning of year		597,405
Net appreciation in value of investments per the Form 5500	\$	25,910,290

The following is a reconciliation of benefit payments per the financial statements to the Form 5500:

	D	2010 2010
Benefit payments per the financial statements	\$	16,207,272
Add: benefits payable at end of year		44,922
Less: benefits payable at beginning of year		(12,654)
Benefit payments per the Form 5500	\$	16,239,540

Benefits payable are recorded on the Form 5500 for payments to participants that have been processed and approved for payment prior to December 31, but not yet paid.

Note 6 – Risks and Uncertainties

The Plan invests in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least

reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in

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the near term and that such changes could materially affect participants' account balances and the amounts reported in the statements of net assets available for benefits.

Note 7 – Related Parties

The Plan holds investments in funds that are part of the Cavanal Hill mutual fund family.

Cavanal Hill Investment Management, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Bank of Oklahoma, N.A. (BOk), is the administrator to and investment advisor for the Cavanal Hill Funds, a diversified, open-ended investment company established as a business trust under the Investment Company Act of 1940. BOk is custodian of investments owned by the Cavanal Hill Funds and BOSC, Inc., a subsidiary of BOKF, is distributor of the Funds. A BOk executive officer serves on the Cavanal Hill Funds' board of trustees and BOk officers serve as president and secretary of the Cavanal Hill Funds. A majority of the members of the Cavanal Hill Funds' board of trustees are, however, independent of BOk and the Cavanal Hill Funds are managed by its board of trustees. Participants should refer to the Cavanal Hill Funds prospectus for additional information.

A portion of the Plan's assets are invested in BOKF stock. Since BOKF is the Plan Sponsor, investments involving BOKF stock qualify as party-in-interest transactions.

The Plan is authorized to include Bank of Oklahoma, N.A. MAP Target Funds as investment options. The MAP Funds include seven different managed funds designed to meet different risk tolerances and years to retirement. The portfolios are comprised of different asset classes, capitalizations and investment styles. The Plan is authorized to include the Bank of Oklahoma, N.A. International Strategic Allocation Fund (SAF) as an international investment option. Cavanal Hill serves as investment advisor and BOk serves as custodian and administrator to the MAP Target Funds and SAF.

All the above transactions are exempt from prohibited transactions rules.

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BOK FINANCIAL 401(k) PLAN

FORM 5500 SCHEDULE H; LINE 4i – SCHEDULE OF ASSETS (Held at End of Year)

EIN: 73-0780382 PLAN #:002

December 31, 2010

		(c)	
	(b)	Description of Investments,	(e)
	Identity of Issue,	Including Maturity Date, Rate	Current
(a)	Borrower, Lessor, or Similar Party	of Interest, or Maturity Value	Value
	•	•	
*	BOK Financial Corporation	BOKF Common Stock Fund	\$30,941,695
*	Cavanal Hill Funds	Cash Management Fund	17,701,962
		Large Cap Equity I	558,034
	SEI Funds	Stable Asset Fund	13,989,215
	American	Balanced Fund	6,752,070
		Growth Fund of America	10,759,744
	Neuberger and Berman	Genesis Trust Fund	27,420,219
	Dodge and Cox	Stock Fund	24,082,631
	Vanguard	Institutional Index	19,645,196
		Mid-Cap Index	4,227,571
	Columbia	Midcap Value Z Fund	5,747,486
	T Rowe Price	New Horizons	6,715,073
	Pimco	Total Return Institutional Fund	16,069,484
	D 1 00111 N 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
	Bank of Oklahoma, N.A. Managed Allocation		
*	Portfolio (MAP)	MAP 2010 Fund	3,917,922
		MAP 2020 Fund	11,834,449
		MAP 2030 Fund	10,961,952
		MAP 2040 Fund	8,258,759
		MAP 2050 Fund	2,244,429
		MAP 2060 Fund	355,999
		MAP Conservative	1,068,031
	N 0 1	MOTE NO. 1	1.042.216
	Morgan Stanley	MSIF Midcap Growth Fund	1,043,319

	Bank of Oklahoma, N.A. Strategic Allocation		
*	Fund (SAF)	International Strategic Allocation Fund	11,203,165
		•	
	Self-directed common stocks, bonds and	Common stocks, bonds and registered	
	registered investment companies	investment companies	6,100,688
		·	
		Interest rates range from 3.25% to	
*	Participant loans	10.50% for all of 2010	7,671,703
			\$249 270 796

^{*}Indicates Party-in-interest to the Plan. Column (d) is not applicable as all investments are participant directed.

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