STERICYCLE INC Form 10-Q May 07, 2015 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2015 or

" TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to Commission File Number 0-21229

Stericycle, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 36-3640402

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or .... (IRS Employer Identification Number)

organization)

28161 North Keith Drive Lake Forest, Illinois 60045

(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(847) 367-5910

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES x NO " Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). YES x NO "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definition of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer "

Non-accelerated filer " Smaller reporting company "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange

Act). YES "NO x

As of May 4, 2015 there were 85,047,014 shares of the registrant's Common Stock outstanding.

# Table of Contents

Stericycle, Inc.

Table of Contents

PART I. Financial Information	Page No.
Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014	1
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014	2
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014	3
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014	4
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and year ended December 31, 2014	<u>5</u>
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	<u>6</u>
Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	22
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	<u>27</u>
Item 4. Controls and Procedures	<u>27</u>
PART II. Other Information	
Item 1. Legal Proceedings	<u>29</u>
Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	<u>29</u>
Item 6. Exhibits	<u>30</u>
<u>Signatures</u>	<u>31</u>

# **Table of Contents**

PART I. – FINANCIAL INFORMATION ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STERICYCLE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

In thousands, except share and per share data

	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014	
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$38,283	\$22,236	
Short-term investments	116	380	
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$19,176 in 2015 and	467,094	465,473	
\$19,083 in 2014		•	
Deferred income taxes	27,331	28,322	
Prepaid expenses	29,847	30,632	
Other current assets	33,392	33,173	
Total Current Assets	596,063	580,216	
Property, Plant and Equipment, less accumulated depreciation of \$374,115 in 2015 and \$364,124 in 2014	446,831	460,408	
Goodwill	2,419,284	2,418,832	
Intangible assets, less accumulated amortization of \$119,535 in 2015 and \$114,922 in 2014		909,645	
Other assets	31,976	32,621	
Total Assets	\$4,383,514	\$4,401,722	
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	ψ+,505,51+	ψ+,+01,722	
Current liabilities:			
Current portion of long-term debt	\$113,212	\$131,969	
Accounts payable	120,198	114,596	
Accrued liabilities	157,047	131,743	
Deferred revenues	20,313	21,624	
Other current liabilities	71,630	61,599	
Total Current Liabilities	482,400	461,531	
Long-term debt, net of current portion	1,462,177	1,527,246	
Deferred income taxes	422,971	431,643	
Other liabilities	65,959	64,117	
Equity:	03,737	04,117	
Common stock (par value \$.01 per share, 120,000,000 shares authorized,			
85,208,191 issued and outstanding in 2015 and 84,883,517 issued and outstanding	852	849	
in 2014)	032	017	
Additional paid-in capital	331,428	289,211	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	*	(138,419	)
Retained earnings	1,805,059	1,743,371	,
Total Stericycle, Inc.'s Equity	1,930,905	1,895,012	
Noncontrolling interest	19,102	22,173	
Total Equity	1,950,007	1,917,185	
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$4,383,514	\$4,401,722	
Tom Encountries and Equity	Ψ 1,505,517	Ψ¬,¬∪1,122	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

# **Table of Contents**

# STERICYCLE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited)

In thousands, except share and per share data

	Three Months Ended March 31		
	2015	2014	
Revenues	\$663,319	\$569,955	
Costs and Expenses:			
Cost of revenues (exclusive of depreciation shown below)	367,340	301,760	
Depreciation - cost of revenues	14,648	12,726	
Selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown below)	141,363	112,180	
Depreciation – selling, general and administrative expenses	4,118	3,315	
Amortization	8,797	7,315	
Total Costs and Expenses	536,266	437,296	
Income from Operations	127,053	132,659	
Other Income (Expense):			
Interest income	35	20	
Interest expense	(18,633	) (14,918 )	
Other expense, net	(598	) (700	
Total Other Expense	(19,196	) (15,598 )	
Income Before Income Taxes	107,857	117,061	
Income Tax Expense	32,047	37,291	
Net Income	\$75,810	\$79,770	
Less: Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests	352	621	
Net Income Attributable to Stericycle, Inc.	\$75,458	\$79,149	
Earnings Per Common Share Attributable to Stericycle, Inc. Common			
Shareholders:			
Basic	\$0.89	\$0.93	
Diluted	\$0.87	\$0.91	
Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding:			
Basic	85,037,823	85,270,046	
Diluted	86,357,006	86,613,843	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

# Table of Contents

# STERICYCLE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

# In thousands

Three Months Ended March 31,				
2015 \$75,810	2014 \$79,770			
(64,501	) (1,109	)		
90	79			
(4,424	) —			
(68,835	) (1,030	)		
6,975 (468 \$7,443	78,740 ) 251 \$78,489			
	2015 \$75,810 (64,501 90 (4,424 (68,835 6,975 (468	2015 \$75,810  2014 \$79,770  (64,501 ) (1,109  90 79  (4,424 ) —  (68,835 ) (1,030  6,975 78,740  (468 ) 251		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

# Table of Contents

# STERICYCLE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

In thousands

In thousands			
	Three Months E		
	2015	2014	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	<b></b>	<b>4.50.550</b>	
Net income	\$75,810	\$79,770	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	~ 40 <b>~</b>	4.670	
Stock compensation expense	5,487	4,672	,
Excess tax benefit of stock options exercised		(3,734	)
Depreciation	18,766	16,041	
Amortization	8,797	7,315	
Deferred income taxes	` '	6,175	
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	,	4,789	
Other, net	5,988		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effect of acquisitions and			
divestitures:			
Accounts receivable		4,529	
Accounts payable	5,443	5,279	
Accrued liabilities	35,924	14,189	
Deferred revenues	,	2,642	
Other assets and liabilities	3,312	4,182	
Net cash provided by operating activities	132,554	145,849	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Payments for acquisitions, net of cash acquired		(12,262	)
Proceeds from/ (purchases of) investments	257	(1,947	)
Capital expenditures	(21,356)	(16,420	)
Net cash used in investing activities	(55,309)	(30,629	)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Repayments of long-term debt and other obligations	(9,780	(12,430	)
Borrowings on foreign bank debt	4,851	36,640	
Repayments on foreign bank debt	(38,252)	(37,157	)
Borrowings on term loan	250,000		
Borrowings on senior credit facility	394,097	149,000	
Repayments on senior credit facility	(670,254)	(203,377	)
Payments on capital lease obligations	(988)	(876	)
Purchases and cancellations of treasury stock	(11,516)	(76,914	)
Payment for cash flow hedge	(8,833)	_	
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	27,452	8,655	
Excess tax benefit of stock options exercised	8,222	3,734	
Payments to noncontrolling interests	(2,603)	(97	)
Net cash used in financing activities	(57,604)	(132,822	)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(3,594)	43	
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	16,047	(17,559	)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	22,236	67,167	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$38,283	\$49,608	
*	•	•	

# NON-CASH ACTIVITIES:

Issuances of obligations for acquisitions

\$21,543

\$13,095

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

# Table of Contents

# STERICYCLE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY Three Months Ended March 31, 2015 and Year Ended December 31, 2014 (Unaudited)

# In thousands

	Stericycle	, Inc. Equ	ity							
	Issued and Outstandin Shares	Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulate Other Comprehens Income (Los	siv	Noncontro e Interest	llin	g Total Equi	ty
Balance at January 1, 2014 Net income	85,500	\$ 855	\$195,110	\$1,610,964 326,456	\$ (56,468	)	\$ 17,077 1,690		\$1,767,538 328,146	8
Currency translation adjustment					(80,221	)	(2,650	)	(82,871	)
Change in qualifying cash flow hedge, net of tax Issuance of common stock					(1,730	)			(1,730	)
for exercise of options, restricted stock units and employee stock purchases	1,061	11	58,551						58,562	
Purchase/ cancellation of treasury stock	(1,677 )	(17)	_	(194,049 )					(194,066	)
Stock compensation expense			17,773						17,773	
Excess tax benefit of stock options exercised			17,906						17,906	
Noncontrolling interests attributable to acquisitions							6,781		6,781	
Reduction to noncontrolling interests due to additional ownership	n		(129 )				(725	)	(854	)
Balance at December 31, 2014 Net income	84,884	\$ 849	\$289,211	\$1,743,371 75,458	\$ (138,419	)	\$ 22,173 352		\$1,917,185 75,810	5
Currency translation adjustment					(63,681	)	(820	)	(64,501	)
Change in qualifying cash flow hedge, net of tax Issuance of common stock					(4,334	)			(4,334	)
for exercise of options, restricted stock units and employee stock purchases	425	4	28,508						28,512	
Purchase/ cancellation of treasury stock	(101 )	(1)	_	(13,770 )					(13,771	)
Stock compensation expense			5,487						5,487	
			8,222						8,222	

Excess tax benefit of stock options exercised Reduction to noncontrolling interests

noncontrolling interests — (2,603 ) (2,603 )

due to additional ownership

Balance at March 31, 2015 85,208 \$852 \$331,428 \$1,805,059 \$(206,434) \$19,102 \$1,950,007

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### **Table of Contents**

#### STERICYCLE, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Unless the context requires otherwise, "we", "us" or "our" refers to Stericycle, Inc. and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis.

#### NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in annual consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. However, the Company believes the disclosures included in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. In our opinion, all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation for the periods presented have been reflected and are of a normal recurring nature. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Stericycle, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2014, as filed with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be achieved for the entire year ending December 31, 2015.

There were no material changes in the Company's critical accounting policies since the filing of its 2014 Form 10-K. As discussed in the 2014 Form 10-K, the preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the amount of reported assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and revenues and expenses during the periods reported. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

We have evaluated subsequent events through the date of filing this quarterly report on Form 10-Q. No events have occurred that would require adjustment to or disclosure in the condensed consolidated financial statements.

## NOTE 2 – ACQUISITIONS AND DIVESTITURES

The following table summarizes the locations of our acquisitions for the three months ended March 31, 2015:

Acquisition Locations	2015
United States	4
Brazil	2
Ireland	1
Mexico	2
Romania	2
Republic of Korea	3
Spain	1
Total	15

During the quarter ended March 31, 2015, we completed fifteen acquisitions. Domestically, we acquired 100% of stock of one regulated waste business and selected assets of three regulated waste

#### **Table of Contents**

businesses. Internationally, in Brazil, we acquired 100% of the stock of two regulated waste businesses. In Ireland, we acquired 100% of the stock of one regulated waste business. In Mexico, we acquired 100% of the stock of two regulated waste businesses. In Romania, we acquired selected assets of two regulated waste businesses. In Republic of Korea, we acquired selected assets of three regulated waste businesses. In Spain, we acquired selected assets of one regulated waste business.

The following table summarizes the aggregate purchase price paid for acquisitions and other adjustments of consideration to be paid for acquisitions during the three months ended March 31:

In thousands

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2015	2014	
Cash	\$34,210	\$12,262	
Promissory notes	7,618	12,654	
Deferred consideration	624	441	
Contingent consideration	13,301		
Total purchase price	\$55,753	\$25,357	

For financial reporting purposes, our acquisitions were accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting. These acquisitions resulted in the recognition of goodwill in our financial statements reflecting the premium paid to acquire businesses that we believe are complementary to our existing operations and fit our growth strategy. During the three months ended March 31, 2015, we recognized a net increase in goodwill of \$41.2 million excluding the effect of foreign currency translation (see Note 9 – Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements). A net increase of \$12.2 million was assigned to our United States reportable segment, and a net increase of \$29.0 million was assigned to our International reportable segment. Approximately \$6 million of the goodwill recognized during the three months ended March 31, 2015 will be deductible for income taxes.

During the three months ended March 31, 2015, we recognized a net increase of \$19.8 million from the estimated fair value of acquired customer relationships, excluding the effect of foreign currency translation. Amortizable lives of the acquired during the quarter customer relationships ranges 15 to 20 years.

The purchase prices for these acquisitions in excess of acquired tangible assets have been primarily allocated to goodwill and other intangibles and are preliminary, pending completion of certain intangible asset valuations and completion accounts. The following table summarizes the preliminary purchase price allocation for current period acquisitions and other adjustments to purchase price allocations during the three months ended March 31: In thousands

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2015	2014	
Fixed assets	\$(1,477	) \$1,184	
Intangibles	19,791	14,277	
Goodwill	41,190	10,850	
Accounts receivable	4,217	2,223	
Accounts payable	(3,512	) (659	)
Net other (liabilities)/ assets	(1,079	) (2,024	)
Debt	_	321	
Net deferred tax liabilities	(3,377	) (815	)
Total purchase price allocation	\$55,753	\$25,357	

#### **Table of Contents**

During the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company incurred \$3.3 million and \$3.2 million, respectively, of acquisition related expenses. These expenses are included with "Selling, general and administrative expenses" ("SG&A") on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

## NOTE 3 – NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

#### Accounting Standards Recently Adopted

Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity On January 1, 2015, we adopted guidance on the presentation and disclosures of reporting discontinued operations. The new guidance defines a discontinued operation as a disposal of a component or group of components that is disposed of or is classified as held for sale and "represents a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results." For disposals of individually significant components that do not qualify as discontinued operations, an entity must disclose pre-tax earnings of the disposed component. The Company has not disposed of a component of our entity and therefore the implementation of this guidance did not affect our financial position, results of operations, or disclosure requirements.

# Accounting Standards Issued But Not Yet Adopted

**Revenue From Contracts With Customers** 

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued guidance to provide a single, comprehensive revenue recognition model for all contracts with customers. The revenue guidance contains principles that an entity will apply to determine the measurement of revenue and timing of when it is recognized. The underlying principle is that an entity will recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers at an amount that the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. The standard will be effective for the first interim period within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016 for public entities, with no early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the change, however it does not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations. On April 1, 2015, the FASB voted to propose to defer the effective date of the new revenue recognition standard by one year; although early adoption will be permitted after January 1, 2017. The FASB expects to issue an Accounting Standards Update for public comment during the second quarter of 2015.

Accounting for Share-Based Payment When the Terms of an Award Provide That a Performance Target Could Be Achieved After the Requisite Service Period

In June 2014, the FASB issued guidance that applies to all reporting entities that grant their employees share-based payments in which the terms of the award provide that a performance target that affects vesting could be achieved after the requisite service period. It requires that a performance target that affects vesting and that could be achieved after the requisite service period be treated as a performance condition and follows existing accounting guidance for the treatment of performance conditions. The standard will be effective for annual periods and interim periods within those annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015, with early adoption permitted. The Company does not have any share-based payments with a performance target and therefore does not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

#### **Table of Contents**

#### **Interest-Imputation of Interest**

In April 2015, the FASB issued guidance that requires debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability to be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the debt liability rather than as an asset. The recognition and measurement guidance for debt issuance costs are not affected by the accounting standard update. The standard will be effective for annual periods and interim periods within those annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015, with early adoption permitted. The revised standard will be adopted by the Company on January 1, 2016, will be applied retrospectively and will require reclassifications within the Company's consolidated balance sheets and statements of cash flows. The revised standard only affects presentation and therefore will not have an impact on the Company's results of operations.

# NOTE 4 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value hierarchy distinguishes between (1) market participant assumptions developed based on market data obtained from independent sources (observable inputs) and (2) an entity's own assumptions about market participant assumptions developed based on the best information available in the circumstances (unobservable inputs). The fair value hierarchy consists of three broad levels, which gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

Level 1 – Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 – Inputs that are generally unobservable and typically reflect management's estimate of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

Financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment, and may affect the valuation of assets and liabilities and their placement within the fair value hierarchy levels. The impact of our creditworthiness has been considered in the fair value measurements noted below. In addition, the fair value measurement of a liability must reflect the nonperformance risk of an entity. There were no movements of items between fair value hierarchies.

		Fair Value Mea	r Value Measurements Using		
	Total as of	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
	March 31, 2015	Inputs	Inputs	Inputs	
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$38,283	\$38,283	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	
Short-term investments	116	116	_	_	
Derivatives financial instruments	1,057	_	1,057	_	
Total assets	\$39,456	\$38,399	\$1,057	<b>\$</b> —	
Liabilities:					
Contingent consideration	\$28,423	\$	<b>\$</b> —	\$28,423	
Total liabilities	\$28,423	\$—	<b>\$</b> —	\$28,423	

9

In thousands

#### **Table of Contents**

#### In thousands

		Fair Value M	ng	
	Total as of	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	December 31, 2014	Inputs	Inputs	Inputs
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$22,236	\$22,236	\$	<b>\$</b> —
Short-term investments	380	380		
Derivatives financial instruments	515		515	
Total assets	\$23,131	\$22,616	\$515	<b>\$</b> —
Liabilities:				
Contingent consideration	\$19,941	\$—	\$—	\$19,941
Derivatives financial instruments	2,408		2,408	
Total liabilities	\$22,349	<b>\$</b> —	\$2,408	\$19,941

For our derivative financial instruments we use a market approach valuation technique based on observable market transactions of spot and forward rates.

We recorded a \$1.1 million asset related to the fair value of the U.S. dollar-Canadian dollar foreign currency swap which was classified as other assets at March 31, 2015. The objective of the swap is to offset the foreign exchange risk to the U.S. dollar equivalent cash outflows for our Canadian subsidiary.

In March 2015, we cash settled a treasury lock hedge for \$8.8 million of which \$5.3 million, net of \$3.5 million tax, was recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income. The purpose was to lock in the treasury rate on the issuance of expected private placement debt and to eliminate interest rate risk.

We had contingent consideration liabilities recorded using Level 3 inputs in the amount of \$28.4 million, of which \$17.2 million was classified as current liabilities at March 31, 2015. Contingent consideration liabilities were \$19.9 million at December 31, 2014. Contingent consideration represents amounts expected to be paid as part of acquisition consideration only if certain future events occur. These events are usually targets for revenues or earnings related to the business acquired. We arrive at the fair value of contingent consideration by applying a weighted probability of potential outcomes to the maximum possible payout. The calculation of these potential outcomes is dependent on both past financial performance and management assumptions about future performance. If the financial performance measures were all fully met, our maximum liability would be \$29.6 million at March 31, 2015. Contingent consideration liabilities are reassessed each quarter and are reflected in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as part of "Other current liabilities" and "Other liabilities". Changes to contingent consideration are reflected in the table below:

#### In thousands

Contingent consideration at December 31, 2014	\$19,941	
Increases due to acquisitions	13,301	
Decrease due to payments	(750	)
Changes due to foreign currency fluctuations	(3,394	)
Changes in fair value reflected in Selling, general, and administrative expenses	(675	)
Contingent consideration at March 31, 2015	\$28,423	

Fair Value of Debt: At March 31, 2015, the fair value of the Company's debt obligations was estimated, using Level 2 inputs, at \$1.61 billion compared to a carrying amount of \$1.58 billion. At December 31, 2014, the fair value of the Company's debt obligations was estimated, using Level 2 inputs, at \$1.67 billion compared to a carrying amount of \$1.66 billion. The fair values were estimated using an income approach by applying market interest rates for comparable instruments. The Company has no current plans to retire a significant amount of its debt prior to maturity.

#### **Table of Contents**

#### NOTE 5 – INCOME TAXES

We file income tax returns in the U.S, in various states and in certain foreign jurisdictions.

The Company has recorded accruals to cover uncertain tax positions taken on previously filed tax returns. Such liabilities relate to additional taxes, interest and penalties the Company may be required to pay in various tax jurisdictions. During the course of examinations by various taxing authorities, proposed adjustments may be asserted. The Company evaluates such items on a case-by-case basis and adjusts the accrual for uncertain tax positions. During the quarter ended March 31, 2015, we had no material changes to our accruals related to previous or current uncertain tax positions. The effective tax rates for the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 were approximately 29.7% and 31.9%, respectively. The decrease in the current quarter tax rate is primarily related to a benefit from the recognition of tax deductible goodwill associated with legal entity mergers in Spain and Brazil.

## NOTE 6 - STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

At March 31, 2015, we had the following stock option and stock purchase plans:

- the 2014 Incentive Stock Plan, which our stockholders approved in May 2014;
- the 2011 Incentive Stock Plan, which our stockholders approved in May 2011;
- the 2008 Incentive Stock Plan, which our stockholders approved in May 2008;
- the 2005 Incentive Stock Plan, which our stockholders approved in April 2005;
- the 2000 Nonstatutory Stock Option Plan, which expired in February 2010;
- the 1997 Stock Option Plan, which expired in January 2007;
- the 1996 Directors Stock Option Plan, which expired in May 2006; and
- the Employee Stock Purchase Plan ("ESPP"), which our stockholders approved in May 2001.

Stock-Based Compensation Expense:

The following table presents the total stock-based compensation expense resulting from stock option awards, restricted stock units ("RSUs"), and the ESPP included in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income: In thousands

	Three Months Ended March 31	
	2015	2014
Cost of revenues – stock option plan	\$23	\$7
Selling, general and administrative – stock option plan	4,729	4,041
Selling, general and administrative – RSUs	346	315
Selling, general and administrative – ESPP	389	309
Total pre-tax expense	\$5,487	\$4,672

## **Table of Contents**

The following table sets forth the tax benefits related to stock compensation: In thousands

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2015	2014	
Tax benefit recognized in Statement of Income	\$2,468	\$909	
Excess tax benefit realized	8,222	3,734	

## **Stock Options:**

Stock option activity for the three months ended March 31, 2015, is summarized as follows:

	Number of Options		Weighted Average Exercise Price per Share	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	Total Aggregate Intrinsic Value
				(in years)	(in thousands)
Outstanding at beginning of year	5,377,857		\$80.88		
Granted	860,534		130.33		
Exercised	(425,175	)	65.19		
Forfeited	(66,154	)	105.30		
Canceled or expired	(1,100	)	56.90		
Outstanding at March 31, 2015	5,745,962		\$89.17	6.27	\$294,519
Exercisable at March 31, 2015	3,133,658		\$71.77	5.37	\$215,171
Vested and expected to vest at March 31, 2015	5,476,973		\$87.92		

As of March 31, 2015, there was \$42.5 million of total unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested option awards, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 3.48 years. The following table sets forth the total intrinsic value of options exercised in the quarter ended March 31: In thousands

	Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2015	2014	
Total exercise intrinsic value of options exercised	\$29,525	\$11,796	

The total exercise intrinsic value represents the total pre-tax value (the difference between the sales price on that trading day the option was exercised and the exercise price associated with the respective option).

The Company uses historical data to estimate expected life and volatility. The estimated fair value of stock options at the time of the grant using the Black-Scholes model option pricing model was as follows:

## **Table of Contents**

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2015		2014	
Stock options granted (shares)	860,534		854,778	
Weighted average fair value at grant date (per share)	\$22.84		\$21.28	
Assumptions:				
Expected term (in years)	4.79		4.78	
Expected volatility	16.62	%	17.68	%
Expected dividend yield	_	%	_	%
Risk free interest rate	1.48	%	1.45	%
Restricted Stock Units:				

Restricted stock units ("RSUs") vest at the end of three or five years. Our 2008, 2011 and 2014 Plans include a share reserve related to RSUs granted at a 2-1 ratio. A summary of the status of our non-vested RSUs and changes during the three months ended March 31, 2015, are as follows:

	Number of Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	Total Aggregate Intrinsic Value
			(in thousands)
Non-vested at beginning of year	63,600	\$96.04	
Granted	10,124	130.19	
Vested and released	_	_	
Forfeited	(1,470	100.77	
Non-vested at March 31, 2015	72,254	\$100.73	\$10,147

As of March 31, 2015, there was \$5.0 million of total unrecognized compensation expense related to RSUs, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.92 years.

## NOTE 7 – COMMON STOCK

The following table provides information about our repurchase of shares of our common stock during the three months ended March 31, 2015:

	Number of Shares Repurchased and Canceled	Amount for Repurchases	Average Price Paid per Share
Three months ended March 31, 2015	100,713	(in thousands) \$13,771	\$136.74
Three months ended March 31, 2014	685,900	\$78,340	\$114.20

Of the 100,713 shares repurchased during the three months ended March 31, 2015, 16,000 shares in the amount of \$2.3 million were not settled. This amount is recognized as part of other current liabilities on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet at March 31, 2015.

## **Table of Contents**

#### NOTE 8 – EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing income available to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing income available to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period increased to include the number of additional shares of common stock that would have been outstanding if the potentially dilutive securities had been issued. Potentially dilutive securities include outstanding stock options, shares to be purchased under the Company's employee stock purchase plan and RSUs. The effect of potentially dilutive securities is reflected in diluted earnings per share by application of the treasury stock method. Under the treasury stock method, an increase in the fair market value of the Company's common stock can result in a greater dilutive effect from potentially dilutive securities.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

In thousands, except share and per share data

in thousands, except share and per share data		
	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
N	2013	2014
Numerator:		
Numerator for basic earnings per share net income attributable to	\$75,458	\$79,149
Stericycle, Inc.	\$ 75,450	Φ / 9,149
Denominator:		
Denominator for basic earnings per share-weighted average shares	85,037,823	85,270,046
Effect of diluted securities:		
Employee stock options	1,319,183	1,343,797
Denominator for diluted earnings per share-adjusted weighted	06.257.006	06 612 042
average shares and after assumed exercises	86,357,006	86,613,843
Earnings per share – Basic	\$0.89	\$0.93
Earnings per share – Diluted	\$0.87	\$0.91

For additional information regarding outstanding employee stock options, see Note 6 - Stock Based Compensation, in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### NOTE 9 – GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill and other identifiable indefinite lived intangibles are not amortized, but are subject to an annual impairment test, or more frequent testing if circumstances indicate that they may be impaired.

## Goodwill:

We have two geographical reportable segments, "United States" and "International", both of which have goodwill. We have retroactively reclassified \$6.4 million of goodwill related to Puerto Rico from the United States segment to the International segment. The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill since January 1, 2014, by reportable segment, were as follows:

#### **Table of Contents**

#### In thousands

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	<b>United States</b>	International	Total	
Balance as of January 1, 2014	\$1,671,723	\$559,859	\$2,231,582	
Goodwill acquired during year	169,754	88,263	258,017	
Purchase accounting allocation adjustments	(4,825	) (17,595	) (22,420	
Changes due to foreign currency fluctuations	(2,337	) (46,010	) (48,347	
Balance as of December 31, 2014	1,834,315	584,517	2,418,832	
Goodwill acquired during year	10,260	28,989	39,249	
Purchase accounting allocation adjustments	1,941	_	1,941	
Goodwill other changes	_	(440	) (440	
Changes due to foreign currency fluctuations	(2,631	) (37,667	) (40,298	
Balance as of March 31, 2015	\$1,843,885	\$575,399	\$2,419,284	

Current year adjustments to goodwill for certain 2014 acquisitions are primarily due to the finalization of intangible asset valuations.

Other Intangible Assets:

As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the values of other intangible assets were as follows: In thousands

	March 31, 2015	5		December 31	1, 2014	
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Value	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Value
Amortizable intangibles:						
Covenants not-to-compet	te\$8,451	\$5,959	\$2,492	\$8,474	\$5,688	\$2,786
Customer relationships	750,022	112,107	637,915	755,148	107,365	647,783
Tradenames	4,265	880	3,385	6,062	1,313	4,749
Technology	611	547	64	611	521	90
Other	517	42	475	539	35	504
Indefinite lived						
intangibles:						
Operating permits	239,229	_	239,229	247,933	_	247,933
Tradenames	5,800	_	5,800	5,800	_	5,800
Total	\$1,008,895	\$119,535	\$889,360	\$1,024,567	\$114,922	\$909,645

During the quarter ended March 31, 2015, we wrote off \$0.2 million in customer relationships, \$1.2 million in operating permits, and \$1.0 million in tradenames, due to rationalizing certain of our domestic and international operations (see Note 13 - Restructuring Charges in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements). These expenses are reflected as part of SG&A on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income. Under generally accepted accounting principles, a fair value must be assigned to all acquired assets based on a theoretical "market participant" regardless of the acquirer's intended use for those assets. This accounting treatment can lead to the recognition of losses when a company disposes of acquired assets. We complete our annual impairment analysis of our indefinite lived intangibles during the quarter ended December 31 of each year, or more frequently, if circumstances indicate that they may be impaired.

Our finite-lived intangible assets are amortized over their useful lives. We have determined that our customer relationships have useful lives from 10 to 40 years based upon the type of customer, with a weighted average remaining useful life of 23.6 years. We have covenants not-to-compete intangibles with useful lives from 3 to 14 years, with a weighted average remaining useful life of 4.4 years. We have tradename intangibles with useful lives from 10 to 40 years, with a weighted average remaining useful life of 17.3 years. We have technology with a useful life of 5 years, with a weighted average remaining useful life of 1.0 years. We have

#### **Table of Contents**

determined that our permits have indefinite lives due to our ability to renew these permits with minimal additional cost, and therefore these are not amortized.

During the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the aggregate amortization expense was \$8.8 million and \$7.3 million, respectively.

The estimated amortization expense for each of the next five years, assuming no additional amortizable intangible assets, is as follows for the years ended December 31:

#### In thousands

2015	\$34,084
2016	33,788
2017	33,662
2018	33,624
2019	33,603

Future amortization expense may fluctuate depending on changes in foreign currency rates, future acquisitions, or changes to the estimated amortizable life of the intangibles. The estimates for amortization expense noted above are based upon foreign exchange rates as of March 31, 2015.

## NOTE 10 - ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION LIABILITIES

We record a liability for environmental remediation when such liability becomes probable and the costs or damages can be reasonably estimated. We accrue environmental remediation costs, on an undiscounted basis, associated with identified sites where an assessment has indicated that cleanup costs are probable and can be reasonably estimated, but the timing of such payments is not fixed and determinable. Such accruals are based on currently available information, estimated timing of remedial actions, existing technology, and enacted laws and regulations. The liability for environmental remediation is included in the Consolidated Balance Sheets in current liabilities within "Accrued liabilities" and in noncurrent liabilities within "Other liabilities."

At March 31, 2015, the total environmental remediation liabilities recorded were \$32.5 million, of which \$3.2 million was classified as accrued liabilities and \$29.3 million was classified as other liabilities.

#### **Table of Contents**

#### NOTE 11 - DEBT

Long-term debt consisted of the following:

In thousands

	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Obligations under capital leases	\$7,427	\$9,185
\$1.2 billion senior credit facility weighted average rate 1.72%, due in 2019	175,564	459,975
\$250 million term loan 0.92%, due in 2015	250,000	_
\$100 million private placement notes 5.64%, due in 2015	100,000	100,000
\$175 million private placement notes 3.89%, due in 2017	175,000	175,000
\$125 million private placement notes 2.68%, due in 2019	125,000	125,000
\$225 million private placement notes 4.47%, due in 2020	225,000	225,000
\$125 million private placement notes 3.26%, due in 2022	125,000	125,000
Promissory notes and deferred consideration weighted average rate of 3.92% and weighted average maturity of 3.3 years	274,804	279,590
Foreign bank debt weighted average rate 8.98% and weighted average maturity of 1.8 years	117,594	160,465
Total debt	1,575,389	1,659,215
Less: current portion of total debt	113,212	131,969
Long-term portion of total debt	\$1,462,177	\$1,527,246

Our \$1.2 billion senior credit facility maturing in June 2019, our \$250.0 million term loan maturing in July 2015, our \$100.0 million private placement notes maturing April 2015, our \$175.0 million private placement notes maturing in October 2017, our \$125.0 million private placement notes maturing in December 2019, our \$225.0 million private placement notes maturing in October 2020, and our \$125.0 million private placement notes maturing in December 2022, all require us to comply with various financial, reporting and other covenants and restrictions, including a restriction on dividend payments. The financial debt covenants are the same for the senior credit facility and the private placement notes. At March 31, 2015, we were in compliance with all of our financial debt covenants. As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, we had \$157.7 million and \$162.9 million, respectively, committed to outstanding letters of credit under our senior credit facility. The unused portion of the revolving credit facility as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 was \$866.7 million and \$577.1 million, respectively.

Both our \$100.0 million private placement notes that mature in April 2015 and our \$250.0 million term loan that matures in July 2015 were classified as long-term debt due to our intent and ability to refinance these obligations by using other senior credit facility.

# NOTE 12 - GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

Management has determined that we have two reportable segments: United States and International. Revenues are attributed to countries based on the location of customers. The same accounting principles and critical accounting policies are used in the preparation of the financial statements for both reportable segments.

We have retroactively reclassified immaterial amounts related to Puerto Rico from the United States segment to the International segment.

## **Table of Contents**

Detailed information for our United States reportable segment is as follows: In thousands

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
Regulated and compliance solutions revenues	\$452,269	\$366,699
Recall and returns solutions revenues	19,979	23,064
Total revenues	472,248	389,763
Net interest expense	10,845	10,646
Income before income taxes	102,890	104,492
Income taxes	37,880	37,039
Net income attributable to Stericycle, Inc.	\$65,010	\$67,453
Depreciation and amortization	\$16,140	\$12,697

Detailed information for our International reportable segment is as follows: In thousands

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
Regulated and compliance solutions revenues	\$191,071	\$180,192
Net interest expense	7,753	4,252
Income before income taxes	4,967	12,569
Income taxes	(5,833	) 252
Net income	10,800	12,317
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	352	621
Net income attributable to Stericycle, Inc.	\$10,448	\$11,696
Depreciation and amortization	\$11,423	\$10,659

## NOTE 13 - RESTRUCTURING CHARGES

During the first quarter of 2015, management began executing a realignment of our operations to reduce labor redundancies and facility costs. As part of this realignment, the Company recorded charges related to severance, fixed asset impairments, write-off of intangible assets, and recognition of lease expense for properties no longer used but for which we have a contractual obligation. The recorded restructuring liabilities are expected to be paid primarily within the current year. While the Company believes the recorded restructuring liabilities are adequate, revisions to current estimates may be recorded in future periods based on new information as it becomes available. There could be additional initiatives in the future to further streamline our operations. As such, the Company expects further expenses related to workforce reductions and other facility rationalization costs when those restructuring plans are finalized and related expenses are estimable.

The following table below highlights \$12.3 million pre-tax charges for the quarter ended March 31, 2015, which are reflected as part of SG&A on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

#### **Table of Contents**

#### In thousands

	United States	International	Total Charges to Income
Employee severance and related costs	\$1,736	\$2,229	\$3,965
Other costs	1,458	704	2,162
Non-cash items:			
Fixed assets impairment	3,133	_	3,133
Intangible assets impairment	2,167	247	2,414
Other	_	628	628
Total pre-tax restructuring expenses	\$8,494	\$3,808	\$12,302

The following table summarizes restructuring activity during 2015 which is reflected in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as part of "Accrued liabilities":

In thousands

	Employee Se and Related (		Total	
Liability balance at January 1, 2015	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	
Charges to income	3,965	2,162	6,127	
Payments	(1,057	) (735	) (1,792	)
Other	(24	) —	(24	)
Liability balance at March 31, 2015	\$2,884	\$1,427	\$4,311	

NOTE 14 – LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We operate in a highly regulated industry and must deal with regulatory inquiries or investigations from time to time that may be instituted for a variety of reasons. We are also involved in a variety of civil litigation from time to time. Class Action Lawsuits. As we have previously disclosed, we were served on March 12, 2013 with a class action complaint filed in the U.S. District Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania by an individual plaintiff for itself and on behalf of all other "similarly situated" customers of ours. The complaint alleges, among other things, that we imposed unauthorized or excessive price increases and other charges on our customers in breach of our contracts and in violation of the Illinois Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act. The complaint sought certification of the lawsuit as a class action and the award to class members of appropriate damages and injunctive relief. The Pennsylvania class action complaint was filed in the wake of a settlement with the State of New York of an investigation under the New York False Claims Act (which the class action complaint describes at some length). The New York investigation arose out of a qui tam (or "whistle blower") complaint under the federal False Claims Act and comparable state statutes which was filed under seal in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Illinois in April 2008 by a former employee of ours. The qui tam complaint was filed on behalf of the United States and 14 states and the District of Columbia. On September 4, 2013, we filed our answer to Plaintiff-Relator's Second Amended Complaint, generally denying the allegations therein. Also, as previously disclosed, Tennessee, Massachusetts, Virginia and North Carolina have issued

#### **Table of Contents**

civil investigative demands to explore the allegations made on their behalf in the qui tam complaint but have not yet decided whether to join the Illinois action. The qui tam case is in the early stages of discovery.

Following the filing of the Pennsylvania class action complaint, we were served with class action complaints filed in federal court in California, Florida, Illinois, Mississippi and Utah and in state court in California. These complaints asserted claims and allegations substantially similar to those made in the Pennsylvania class action complaint. All of these cases appear to be follow-on litigation to our settlement with the State of New York. On August 9, 2013, the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation (MDL) granted our Motion to Transfer these related actions to the Northern District of Illinois for centralized pretrial proceedings. On December 10, 2013, we filed our answer to the Amended Consolidated Class Action Complaint in the MDL action, generally denying the allegations therein. The MDL action is in the early stages of discovery.

We believe that we have operated in accordance with the terms of our customer contracts and that these complaints are without merit. We intend to vigorously defend ourselves against each of these lawsuits.

We have not accrued any amounts in respect of these lawsuits, and we cannot estimate the reasonably possible loss or the range of reasonably possible losses that we may incur. We are unable to make such an estimate because (i) litigation is by its nature uncertain and unpredictable, (ii) the proceedings are at an early stage and (iii) in our judgment, there are no comparable proceedings against other defendants that might provide guidance in making estimates.

Utah Proceedings. As previously disclosed, on December 3, 2014, we entered into an administrative settlement order (the "Settlement") with the State of Utah Division of Air Quality (the "DAQ") concerning a notice of violation and order to comply issued by the DAQ on May 28, 2013 and superseded by an amended notice of violation and order to comply issued on August 28, 2013 (the "NOV"). Under the Settlement, without admitting to any of the allegations contained in the NOV, we agreed to pay a civil penalty of \$2.3 million, of which half, or \$1.2 million, was paid within 30 days after December 3, 2014. The remaining \$1.2 million will not be paid but instead will be credited to us as a Supplemental Environmental Project credit when we permanently close our North Salt Lake incineration facility which is required to occur no later than three years after we receive all permits and approvals necessary to commence construction of a new incineration facility to be located in Tooele County, Utah. The Settlement provides full and final resolution of any and all claims under the authority of the DAQ arising out of the allegations contained in the NOV and cannot be used by other parties to allege violations or negligence on our part in any other litigation or proceeding. Junk Fax Lawsuit. On April 2, 2014, we were served with a class action complaint filed in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Illinois (Case 1:14-cy-02070) by an individual plaintiff for himself and on behalf of all other "similarly situated" persons. The complaint alleges, among other things, that we sent facsimile transmissions of unsolicited advertisements to plaintiff and others similarly situated in violation of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act of 1991, as amended by the Junk Fax Prevention Act of 2005 (the "TCPA"). The complaint seeks certification of the lawsuit as a class action and the award to class members of the greater of actual damages or the sum of \$500 for each violation and injunctive and other relief. Under the TCPA, the statutory remedy of \$500 per violation may be trebled if the Court finds the violations to be willful or knowing. On May 22, 2014, we filed our answer to the complaint, generally denying the allegations therein. Discovery in the case is proceeding.

#### **Table of Contents**

We have not accrued any amounts in respect of the TCPA action, and we cannot estimate the reasonably possible loss or the range of reasonably possible losses that we may incur. We are unable to make such an estimate because (i) the proceedings are at an early stage and discovery is ongoing and (ii) other reported TCPA claims have resulted in a broad range of outcomes, with each case being dependent on its own unique facts and circumstances. We review all of our outstanding legal proceedings with counsel quarterly, and we will disclose an estimate of any reasonably possible loss or range of reasonably possible losses if and when we are able to make such an estimate and the reasonably possible loss or range of reasonably possible losses is material to our financial statements. Environmental Matters. On April 22, 2014, we completed our acquisition of PSC Environmental Services, LLC ("PSC Environmental") and consequently became subject to the legal proceedings in which PSC Environmental was a party on that date. PSC Environmental's operations are regulated by federal, state and local laws enacted to regulate the discharge of materials into the environment, remediate contaminated soil and groundwater or otherwise protect the environment. As a result of this continuing regulation, PSC Environmental frequently becomes a party to legal or administrative proceedings involving various governmental authorities and other interested parties. The issues involved in these proceedings generally relate to alleged violations of existing permits and licenses or alleged responsibility under federal or state Superfund laws to remediate contamination at properties owned either by PSC Environmental or by other parties to which either PSC Environmental or the prior owners of certain of its facilities shipped wastes.

From time to time, PSC Environmental pays fines or penalties in regulatory proceedings relating primarily to waste treatment, storage or disposal facilities. We believe that the fines or other penalties that PSC Environmental may pay in connection with any pending regulatory proceedings of this nature will not, individually or in the aggregate, be material to our financial statements.

On September 18, 2014, our wholly-owned subsidiary, Stericycle Specialty Waste Solutions, Inc., received a notice of violation ("NOV") from the New Mexico Environment Department ("NMED") concerning our 10-day transfer facility in Albuquerque. The violations alleged in the NOV generally relate to the management of Conditionally Exempt Small Quantity Generator ("CESQG") waste under a CESQG agreement that we have with NMED, as well as some recordkeeping matters. We have met with NMED and are currently in discussions regarding a resolution of the matters alleged in the NOV. We believe that the penalties ultimately assessed under the NOV could exceed \$100,000 but that, in any event, they will not be material to our financial statements.

## NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The Company evaluated subsequent events through the date of filing this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. On April 30, 2015, we entered into a note purchase agreement with several institutional purchasers pursuant to which we will issue and sell to the purchasers \$200.0 million of our new 2.67% seven-year unsecured senior notes (the "Series A notes") and \$100.0 million of our new eight-year 2.74% unsecured senior notes (the "Series B notes").

#### **Table of Contents**

Interest will be payable in arrears semi-annually on January 1, and July 1, beginning on January 1, 2016. The principal of the Series A notes will be payable at the maturity of the notes on July 1, 2022, and the principal of the Series B notes will be payable at the maturity of the notes on July 1, 2023. The notes will be unsecured obligations. ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

We are in the business of providing regulated and compliance solutions to healthcare and commercial businesses. This includes the collection and processing of specialized waste for disposal, and a variety of training, consulting, recall/return, communication, and compliance services. We were incorporated in 1989 and presently serve a diverse customer base of more than 604,000 customers throughout the United States, Argentina, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Ireland, Japan, Mexico, Portugal, Romania, Republic of Korea, Spain, and the United Kingdom.

The regulated solutions we provide include: medical waste disposal, our Steri-Safe® medical waste and compliance program, our Clinical Services program, our Sharps Management Service featuring Bio Systems® reusable sharps containers, pharmaceutical waste disposal, and hazardous waste disposal. Our compliance solutions include: training, consulting, inbound/outbound communications, data reporting, and other regulatory compliance services. In addition to our regulated and compliance solutions, we offer regulated recall and returns management solutions which encompass a number of services for a variety of businesses, but consist primarily of managing the recall, withdrawal, or return of expired or recalled products and pharmaceuticals.

There were no material changes in the Company's critical accounting policies since the filing of its 2014 Form 10-K. As discussed in the 2014 Form 10-K, the preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the amount of reported assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and revenues and expenses during the periods reported. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Highlights of the three months ended March 31, 2015:

revenues were \$663.3 million, up \$93.4 million or 16.4% from \$570.0 million in the first quarter last year; first quarter gross profit as a percent of revenues decreased to 42.4% from 44.8% in 2014; operating income was \$127.1 million, down \$5.6 million or 4.2% from \$132.7 million in the first quarter last year; we incurred \$25.9 million in pre-tax expenses related to acquisitions, integration expense related to acquisitions, restructuring expense, litigation expenses, partially offset by change in fair value of contingent consideration; eash flow from operations was \$132.6 million.

#### **Table of Contents**

# THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 COMPARED TO

THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

The following summarizes the Company's operations:

In thousands, except per share data

in thousands, except per share data				
	Three Months I	Ended March 31,		
	2015		2014	
	\$	%	\$	%
Revenues	\$663,319	100.0	\$569,955	100.0
Cost of revenues	367,340	55.4	301,186	52.8
Depreciation - cost of revenues	14,648	2.2	12,726	2.2
Plant conversion expenses	_	_	574	0.1
Total cost of revenues	381,988	57.6	314,486	55.2
Gross profit	281,331	42.4	255,469	44.8
Selling, general and administrative expenses (exclusive of adjusting items shown below)	115,431	17.4	100,180	17.6
Acquisition expenses	3,296	0.5	3,221	0.6
Integration expenses	8,886	1.3	2,485	0.4
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	(675	) (0.1	4,789	0.8
Restructuring expenses	12,302	1.9	_	0.0
Litigation expenses	2,123	0.3	1,505	0.3
Total SG&A expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown below)	141,363	21.3	112,180	19.7
Depreciation	4,118	0.6	3,315	0.6
Amortization	8,797	1.3	7,315	1.3
Income from operations	127,053	19.2	132,659	23.3
Net interest expense	18,598	2.8	14,898	2.6
Other expense, net	598	0.1	700	0.1
Income tax expense	32,047	4.8	37,291	6.5
Net income	75,810	11.4	79,770	14.0
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	352	0.1	621	0.1
Net income attributable to Stericycle, Inc. Earnings per share- diluted	\$75,458 \$0.87	11.4	\$79,149 \$0.91	13.9
1,000,4,111	46464			

Revenues: Our revenues increased \$93.4 million, or 16.4%, in the first quarter of 2015 to \$663.3 million from \$570.0 million in the same period in 2014. Domestic revenues increased \$82.5 million, or 21.2%, to \$472.2 million from \$389.8 million in the same period in 2014. Organic revenue growth for domestic small account customers increased by \$17.2 million, or approximately 7.6%, driven by higher revenues from our Steri-Safe and regulated waste services for retailers. Organic revenue from domestic large account customers increased by \$6.4 million, or approximately 4.6%, as we increased the total number of accounts and expanded our reusable sharps services and pharmaceutical waste disposal programs as well as strong performance in our specialty waste services. Organic revenues for recall and returns management services decreased by \$6.9 million in 2015. Although our recall and returns management services had an overall increase in the number of recall events, there were fewer large scale events. Organic revenues exclude revenue growth attributed to businesses acquired within the preceding twelve months. Revenues from domestic acquisitions closed within the preceding twelve months contributed \$65.8 million to the increase in revenues in the first quarter of 2015.

#### **Table of Contents**

International revenues increased \$10.9 million, or 6.0%, in the first quarter of 2015, to \$191.1 million from \$180.2 million in the same period in 2014. Organic growth, currency rate fluctuations and acquisitions impact the comparison of 2015 and 2014. Organic growth in the international segment contributed \$13.5 million in revenues, or approximately 7.5%. Organic growth excludes the effect of foreign exchange and acquisitions and divestitures less than one year old. The effect of foreign exchange rates unfavorably impacted international revenues in 2015 by \$23.1 million as foreign currencies declined against the U.S. dollar. Revenue from international acquisitions closed within the preceding twelve months contributed \$20.5 million to the increase in revenues in the first quarter of 2015. Cost of Revenues: Our cost of revenues increased \$67.5 million, or 21.5%, in the first quarter of 2015 to \$382.0 million from \$314.5 million in the same period in 2014. We recognized \$0.6 million in plant conversion expenses during the first quarter 2014.

Our domestic cost of revenues increased \$57.5 million, or 29.5%, in the first quarter of 2015 to \$252.3 million from \$194.8 million in the same period in 2014 as a result of costs related to a proportional increase in revenues from acquisitions and internal growth. In addition, unusually severe weather negatively impacted our domestic cost of revenues.

Our international cost of revenues increased \$10.0 million, or 8.4%, in the first quarter of 2015 to \$129.7 million from \$119.7 million in the same period in 2014 as a result of costs related to proportional increase in revenues from acquisitions and internal growth.

Our consolidated gross profit as a percent of revenues decreased to 42.4% during the first quarter of 2015 from 44.8% during the same period in 2014. In general, international gross profits are lower than domestic gross profits because international operations have fewer small account customers, which tend to provide higher gross profits. Historically, the international operations have had most of their revenues from large account customers, such as hospitals. As the international revenues increase, consolidated gross profits receive downward pressure due to this "business mix" shift, which may be offset by additional international small account market penetration, integration savings, and domestic business expansion.

Domestic gross profit as a percent of revenues decreased to 46.6% during the first quarter of 2015 from 50.0% in the same period in 2014 primarily due to the inclusion of the PSC Environmental acquisition results and unusually severe weather in 2015. International gross profit as a percent of revenues decreased to 32.1% during the first quarter of 2015 from 33.6% during the same period in 2014 due to service mix shift on new revenues.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses: Excluding the effect of acquisition and integration expenses, and other items (collectively the "Adjusting Items"), depreciation, and amortization expenses, our selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses increased \$15.2 million, or 15.2%, in the first quarter of 2015 to \$115.4 million from \$100.2 million in the same period in 2014 primarily as investment spending supported the increase in revenues. As a percent of revenues, these costs decreased to 17.4% in the first quarter of 2015 from 17.6% during the same period in 2014.

Domestically, first quarter SG&A expenses, excluding Adjusting Items, depreciation, and amortization expenses, increased \$9.9 million, or 14.4%, to \$78.5 million from \$68.6 million in the same period in 2014. As a percent of revenues, SG&A was at 16.6% in the first quarter of 2015 and 17.6% in the same period in 2014. As a percent of revenues, amortization expense of acquired intangible assets increased by 0.1%.

Internationally, first quarter SG&A expenses, excluding Adjusting Items, depreciation, and amortization expenses, increased \$5.3 million, or 16.8%, to \$36.9 million from \$31.6 million in the same period in 2014. As a percent of revenues, SG&A was at 19.3% in the first quarter of 2015 compared to 17.5%

#### **Table of Contents**

in the same period in 2014 in support of new business growth opportunities. As a percent of revenues, amortization expense of acquired intangible assets increased by 0.1%.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2015, we recognized \$3.3 million in acquisition expenses, \$8.9 million of expenses related to the integration of our acquisitions, \$12.3 million in restructuring expenses (see Note 13 - Restructuring Charges in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements), \$2.1 million in litigation expenses, partially offset by a \$0.7 million gain related to a change in the fair value of contingent consideration. During the quarter ended March 31, 2014, we recognized \$3.2 million in acquisition expenses, \$2.5 million of expenses related to the integration of our acquisitions, \$4.8 million related to a change in the fair value of contingent consideration, and \$1.5 million in litigation expenses.

Income from Operations: Income from operations decreased \$5.6 million, or 4.2%, in the first quarter of 2015 to \$127.1 million from \$132.7 million in same period in 2014. Comparison of income from operations between the first quarter of 2015 and the same period of 2014 was affected by Adjusting Items described above in the SG&A section. Domestically, our income from operations decreased \$0.5 million, or 0.4%, to \$115.1 million in the first quarter of 2015 from \$115.6 million in the same period in 2014. Internationally, our income from operations decreased \$5.1 million, or 29.8%, to \$12.0 million in the first quarter of 2015 from \$17.1 million in the same period in 2014 primarily related to increased acquisition and integration expenses.

During the first quarter of 2015, management began executing a realignment of our operations to reduce labor redundancies and facility costs. As part of this realignment, the Company recorded charges related to severance, fixed asset impairments, write-off of intangible assets, and recognition of lease expense for properties no longer used but for which we have a contractual obligation.

Net Interest Expense: Net interest expense increased to \$18.6 million during the first quarter of 2015 from \$14.9 million during the same period in 2014. The increase in interest expense was due to increased borrowings and higher interest costs in Latin America.

Income Tax Expense: Income tax expense decreased to \$32.0 million in the first quarter of 2015 from \$37.3 million in the same period in 2014. The reported tax rates for the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 were 29.7% and 31.9%, respectively. The decrease in the current quarter tax rate is primarily related to a benefit from the recognition of tax deductible goodwill associated with legal entity mergers in Spain and Brazil.

### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our \$1.2 billion senior credit facility maturing in June 2019, our \$250.0 million term loan maturing in July 2015, our \$100.0 million private placement notes maturing April 2015, our \$175.0 million private placement notes maturing in October 2017, our \$125.0 million private placement notes maturing in December 2019, our \$225.0 million private placement notes maturing in October 2020, and our \$125.0 million private placement notes maturing in December 2022, all require us to comply with various financial, reporting and other covenants and restrictions, including a restriction on dividend payments. The financial debt covenants are the same for the senior credit facility and the private placement notes. At March 31, 2015, we were in compliance with all of our financial debt covenants. As of March 31, 2015, we had \$175.6 million of borrowings outstanding under our \$1.2 billion senior unsecured credit facility, which includes foreign currency borrowings of \$75.6 million. We also had \$157.7

#### **Table of Contents**

million committed to outstanding letters of credit under this facility. The unused portion of the revolving credit facility as of March 31, 2015 was \$866.7 million. At March 31, 2015, our interest rates on borrowings under our revolving credit facility were as follows:

A fee of 0.125% on our revolving credit facility

For borrowings less than one month, the higher of the following

Federal funds rate plus 0.5%

Euro Currency rate plus 1.0% or the prime rate

For borrowings greater than one month: LIBOR plus 1.0%

The weighted average rate of interest on the unsecured revolving credit facility was 1.72% per annum, which includes the 0.125% facility fee at March 31, 2015.

Our \$250.0 million term loan matures in July 2015.

As of March 31, 2015, we had outstanding \$100.0 million of seven-year 5.64% unsecured senior notes issued to nine institutional purchasers in a private placement completed in April 2008. Interest is payable in arrears semi-annually on April 15 and October 15 beginning on October 15, 2009, and principal is payable at the maturity of the notes on April 15, 2015. These notes have been classified as long-term debt due to our intent to pay this obligation by borrowing on our \$1.2 billion senior credit facility.

As of March 31, 2015, we had outstanding \$175.0 million of seven-year 3.89% unsecured senior notes and \$225.0 million of 10-year 4.47% unsecured senior notes issued to 39 institutional purchasers in a private placement completed in October 2010. Interest is payable in arrears semi-annually on April 15 and October 15 beginning on April 15, 2011, and principal is payable at the maturity of the notes, October 15, 2017 in the case of the seven-year notes and October 15, 2020 in the case of the 10-year notes.

As of March 31, 2015, we had outstanding \$125.0 million of seven-year 2.68% unsecured senior notes and \$125.0 million of 10-year 3.26% unsecured senior notes issued to 46 institutional purchasers in a private placement completed in December 2012. Interest is payable in arrears semi-annually on June 12 and December 12 beginning on June 12, 2013, and principal is payable at the maturity of the notes, December 12, 2019 in the case of the seven-year notes and December 12, 2022 in the case of the 10-year notes.

As of March 31, 2015, we had \$274.8 million in promissory notes issued in connection with acquisitions during 2007 through 2014, \$117.6 million in foreign subsidiary bank debt outstanding, and \$7.4 million in capital lease obligations.

Working Capital: At March 31, 2015, our working capital decreased \$5.0 million to \$113.7 million compared to \$118.7 million at December 31, 2014.

Current assets increased by \$15.8 million, mainly driven by \$16.0 million increase in cash and cash equivalents due to high collections at the end of March. Days sales outstanding ("DSO") was calculated at 63 days at March 31, 2015 and 63 days at December 31, 2014.

Current liabilities increased by \$20.9 million, primarily related to an increase in accrued liabilities, contingent consideration from new acquisitions and accounts payable, offset by a decrease in the current portion of foreign bank debt. We recapitalized our Latin America subsidiaries to pay down high interest local bank debt.

Net Cash Provided or Used: Net cash provided by operating activities decreased \$13.3 million, or 9.1%, to \$132.6 million during the three months ended March 31, 2015 compared to \$145.8 million for the comparable period in 2014. Cash provided by operations as a ratio to net income was 175% and 183% for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

#### **Table of Contents**

Net cash used in investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2015 was \$55.3 million compared to \$30.6 million in the same period in 2014. We used \$21.9 million more in funds to acquire new businesses in 2015 compare to the same period of 2014. Our capital expenditures, as a percent of revenues, were at 3.2% and 2.9% in 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Net cash used in financing activities was \$57.6 million during the three months ended March 31, 2015 compared to \$132.8 million in the same period in 2014. We had share repurchases of \$11.5 million in 2015 compared to \$76.9 million in 2014, a decrease of \$65.4 million.

## ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are subject to market risks arising from changes in interest rates. Our potential additional interest expense over one year that would result from a hypothetical, instantaneous and unfavorable change of 100 basis points in the interest rate on all of our variable rate obligations would be approximately \$5.8 million on a pre-tax basis. We have exposure to commodity pricing for gas and diesel fuel for our trucks and for the purchase of containers and boxes. We do not hedge these items to manage the exposure.

We have exposure to foreign currency fluctuations. We have subsidiaries in twelve foreign countries whose functional currency is the local currency. Our international subsidiaries use local currency denominated lines of credit for their funding needs which is has no exposure to currency fluctuations. We translate results of operations of our international operations using an average exchange rate. Changes in foreign currency exchange rates could unfavorably impact our consolidated results of operations.

#### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

#### Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our President and Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the fiscal quarter covered by this Report. On the basis of this evaluation, our President and Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer each concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

The term "disclosure controls and procedures" is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as "controls and other procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the issuer in the reports, files or submits under the Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms." Our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that material information relating to us and our consolidated subsidiaries is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our President and Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding our required disclosures.

## **Table of Contents**

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The term internal control over financial reporting is defined as a process designed by, or under the supervision of, the issuers' principal executive and principal financial officers, and effected by the issuer's Board of Directors, management, and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. During the quarter ended March 31, 2015, there were no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal controls over financial reporting.

During 2014, we completed the acquisition of PSC Environmental Services, LLC ("PSC Environmental"). As of March 31, 2015, we were in the process of integrating PSC Environmental's processes and related internal controls into our overall assessment of internal control over financial reporting. As permitted, our assessment of internal control over financial reporting did not include PSC Environmental. During the quarter ended March 31, 2015, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

FROM TIME TO TIME WE ISSUE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS RELATING TO SUCH THINGS AS ANTICIPATED FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE, BUSINESS PROSPECTS, ACQUISITION ACTIVITIES AND SIMILAR MATTERS.

THESE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS MAY INVOLVE RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES, SOME OF WHICH ARE BEYOND OUR CONTROL (FOR EXAMPLE, GENERAL ECONOMIC CONDITIONS). OUR ACTUAL RESULTS COULD DIFFER SIGNIFICANTLY FROM THE RESULTS DESCRIBED IN THE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. FACTORS THAT COULD CAUSE SUCH DIFFERENCES INCLUDE DIFFICULTIES IN COMPLETING THE INTEGRATION OF ACQUIRED BUSINESSES, CHANGES IN GOVERNMENTAL REGULATION OF MEDICAL WASTE COLLECTION AND TREATMENT, AND INCREASES IN TRANSPORTATION AND OTHER OPERATING COSTS, AS WELL AS VARIOUS OTHER FACTORS.

## **Table of Contents**

PART II. - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

See Note 14 - Legal Proceedings, in the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Item 1 of Part I). ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Under resolutions that our Board of Directors has adopted, we have been authorized to purchase a cumulative total of 24,621,640 shares of our common stock on the open market. As of March 31, 2015, we had purchased a cumulative total of 19,987,168 shares.

The following table provides information about our purchases of shares of our common stock during the three months ended March 31, 2015:

Issuer Purchase of Equity Securities

Period	Total Number of Share (or Units) Purchased *	Average Price Paid per Share (or Unit)	Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number of Shares (or Units) that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
January 1 - January 31, 2015	_	\$—	_	4,735,185
February 1 - February 28, 2015	_	_	_	4,735,185
March 1 - March 31, 2015	100,713	136.74	100,713	4,634,472
29				

# Table of Contents

# ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

31.1	Rules 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Charles A. Alutto, President and Chief Executive Officer
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Daniel V. Ginnetti, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
32	Section 1350 Certification of Charles A. Alutto, President and Chief Executive Officer, and Daniel V. Ginnetti, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
101.INS XBRL	Instance Document
101.SCH XBRL	Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL XBRL	Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF XBRL	Taxonomy Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB XBRL	Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE XBRL	Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
30	

# **Table of Contents**

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: May 7, 2015

# STERICYCLE, INC.

(Registrant)

By: /s/ DANIEL V. GINNETTI

Daniel V. Ginnetti

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)