ACXIOM CORP Form 10-Q November 07, 2008 SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION	
Washington, D.C. 20549	
Form 10-Q	
(Mark One)	
X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OF ACT OF 1934	R 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2008	
OR	
o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR ACT OF 1934	R 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
For the transition period from to	
Commission file number 0-13163  Acxiom Corporation	
-	
(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)  DELAWARE	71-0581897
	(I.R.S. Employer
(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)	
P.O. Box 8180, 601 E. Third Street,	Identification No.) 72203
Little Rock, Arkansas	(Zip Code)

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(501) 342-1000
(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.
Yes X No o Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Act).
Large accelerated filer X Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined by Rule
Yes o No X
The number of shares of Common Stock, \$ 0.10 par value per share outstanding as of November 5, 2008 was 78,074,600.
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## ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

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September 30, 2008

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### PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financials Statements

## ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)

	September 30,	March 31,		
	2008	2008		
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 93,370	\$ 62,661		
Trade accounts receivable, net	220,147	216,462		
Deferred income taxes	47,366	44,211		
Refundable income taxes	1,031	16,080		
Other current assets	51,294	45,645		
Total current assets	413,208	385,059		
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization	224,055	266,269		
Software, net of accumulated amortization	56,371	59,263		
Goodwill	473,867	484,796		
Purchased software licenses, net of accumulated amortization	88,530	111,574		
Deferred costs, net of accumulated amortization	80,369	90,707		
Data acquisition costs, net of accumulated amortization	42,385	51,566		
Other assets, net	23,757	22,621		
	\$ 1,402,542	\$ 1,471,855		
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY	. , ,	, ,		
Current liabilities:				
Current installments of long-term debt	\$ 49,243	\$ 69,259		
Trade accounts payable	35,954	45,749		
Accrued expenses:	,	- /		
Payroll	39.762	39,061		
Other	95,976	121,441		
Deferred revenue	57,626	64,116		
Total current liabilities	278,561	339,626		
Long-term debt	542,970	575,308		
Deferred income taxes	62,353	51,429		
Other liabilities	5,169	4,980		
Commitments and contingencies				
Stockholders' equity:				
Common stock	11,490	11,428		
Additional paid-in capital	791,388	779,815		
Retained earnings	430,949	413,758		
Accumulated other comprehensive income	17,500	33,976		
Treasury stock, at cost	(737,838)	(738,465)		
Total stockholders' equity	513,489	500,512		
	\$ 1,402,542	\$ 1,471,855		

## ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	For the Three Months ended			
	September 30			
		2007		
	2008	(Restated)		
Revenue:				
Services	\$ 233,605	\$ 245,033		
Products	95,330	103,821		
Total revenue	328,935	348,854		
Operating costs and expenses:				
Cost of revenue				
Services	180,986	196,333		
Products	77,038	81,802		
Total cost of revenue	258,024	278,135		
Selling, general and administrative	38,988	42,602		
Gains, losses and other items, net	(2,370)	9,932		
Total operating costs and expenses	294,642	330,669		
Income from operations	34,293	18,185		
Other income (expense):				
Interest expense	(8,591)	(13,842)		
Other, net	287	1,331		
Total other income (expense)	(8,304)	(12,511)		
Earnings before income taxes	25,989	5,674		
Income taxes	10,136	(3,521)		
Net earnings	\$ 15,853	\$ 9,195		
Earnings per share:				
Basic	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.11		
Diluted	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.11		

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

## ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)

	For the Six M	For the Six Months ended			
	September 30	)			
	-	2007			
	2008	(Restated)			
Revenue:					
Services	\$ 470,3	00 \$ 485,425			
Products	189,708	198,098			
Total revenue	660,008	683,523			
Operating costs and expenses:					
Cost of revenue					
Services	359,847	390,935			
Products	154,755	163,805			
Total cost of revenue	514,602	554,740			
Selling, general and administrative	88,470	84,637			
Gains, losses and other items, net	(2,915)	25,322			
Total operating costs and expenses	600,157	664,699			
Income from operations	59,851	18,824			
Other income (expense):					
Interest expense	(18,050)	(27,417)			
Other, net	1,646	1,514			
Total other income (expense)	(16,404)	(25,903)			
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	43,447	(7,079)			
Income taxes	16,944	(2,584)			
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 26,5	03 \$ (4,495)			
Earnings (loss) per share:					
Basic	\$ 0.	34 \$ (0.06)			
Diluted	\$ 0.	34 \$ (0.06)			

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

### ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

SIX MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)

	Common Stock Number	Ad	ditional			Accumulated other	Treasury s Number	tock	Total
	of shares Am	-		Comprehensive income	Retained earnings	comprehensivincome	of shares	Amount	stockholders equity
Balances at March 31, 2008 Employee stock awards, benefit plar	114,280,599	\$ 11,428	\$ 779,81	5	\$ 413,758	\$ 33,976	(36,996,236)	\$ (738,465	) \$ 500,512
and other issuances	502,526	51	5,864	\$ -	-	-	-	-	5,915
Tax benefit of stock options, warran and restricted stock	ts -	_	115	_	_	_	_	_	115
Restricted stock units vested	113,304	11	(11)	-	-	_	_	-	-
Non-cash share-based compensation	ı <del>-</del>	-	5,605	-	-	-	41,732	627	6,232
Dividends Comprehensive income:	-	-	-	-	(9,312)	-	-	-	(9,312)
Foreign currency translation Unrealized loss on marketable	-	-	-	(16,422)	-	(16,422)	-	-	(16,422)
securities, net of tax	-	-	-	(54)	_	(54)	_	_	(54)
Net earnings	-	-	-	26,503	26,503	-	-	-	26,503
Total comprehensive income				\$ 10,027					
Balances at September 30, 2008	114,896,429	\$ 11,490	\$ 791,38	8	\$ 430,949	\$ 17,500	(36,954,504)	\$ (737,838	\$ 513,489

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

## ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)

	For the Six Months ended			
	Septe	mber 30	2007	
	2008		(Rest	ated)
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net earnings (loss)	\$	26,503	\$	(4,495)
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	104,6	20	119,9	921
Gain on disposal of assets, net	(3,24)	2)	(74)	
Deferred income taxes	7,853	i	(3,74	1)
Non-cash share-based compensation expense	6,232		3,030	)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable, net	(11,3)	35)	(4,44	-6)
Deferred costs	(2,06	8)	(12,7	72)
Other assets	20,81	5	1,386	5
Accounts payable and other liabilities	(27,3)	28)	(3,29	3)
Deferred revenue	(6,774	4)	(28,5	13)
Net cash provided by operating activities	115,2	76	67,00	)3
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Payments received from investments	2,596	1	1,799	)
Sale of assets	24,17		_	
Capitalized software development costs	(9,12		(18,2	(67)
Capital expenditures	(12,9:	1	(8,15	
Cash collected from the sale and license of software	2,000	*	-	-,
Data acquisition costs	(15,12		(12,9	87)
Net cash paid in acquisitions	(12,7)	•	(5,47	•
Net cash used in investing activities	(21,14	1	(43,0	-
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds from debt			2,197	7
Payments of debt	(59,5)	01)	(58,6	
Dividends paid	(9,31)	*	(30,0	129)
Sale of common stock under employee stock awards, benefit plans and other issuances	5,915	1	42,03	2 1
	115	'	-	
Tax benefit of stock options, warrants and restricted stock Net cash used in financing activities	(62,7)	83)	5,968 (8,43	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(642)	*	569	3)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	30,70		16,05	55
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	62,66		37,77	
Cash and Cash equivalents at beginning of period	02,00	1	31,77	70
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	93,370	\$	53,831

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)

	For the Six Months ended			
	Septer 2008	mber 30	2007	
Supplemental cash flow information:				
Cash paid (received) during the period for:				
Interest	\$	16,421	\$	27,738
Income taxes	(5,88'	7)	211	
Payments on capital leases and installment payment arrangements	24,08	3	36,78	38
Payments on software and data license liabilities	16,78	8	13,77	72
Prepayment of debt	14,50	0	-	
Other debt payments, excluding line of credit	4,130		5,942	2
Revolving credit payments	-		2,127	7
Non-cash investing and financing activities:				
Acquisition of property and equipment under capital leases and installment payment				
arrangements	5,659		15,72	20
Construction and other financing	-		5,351	1
Enterprise software licenses acquired under software obligations	1,546		493	
Note payable issued in acquisition	-		300	

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

#### Basis of presentation

These condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by Acxiom Corporation (Registrant, Acxiom or the Company), without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC or the Commission). In the opinion of the Registrant s management all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the periods included have been made and the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. Certain note information has been omitted because it has not changed significantly from that reflected in notes 1 through 19 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements filed as part of Item 8 of the Registrant s annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008 (2008 Annual Report), as filed with the Commission on May 30, 2008. This report and the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in connection with the 2008 Annual Report. The financial information contained in this report is not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for any other period or for the full fiscal year ending March 31, 2009.

Management of the Company has made a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities to prepare these condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Certain of the accounting policies used in the preparation of these condensed consolidated financial statements are complex and require management to make judgments and/or significant estimates regarding amounts reported or disclosed in these financial statements. Additionally, the application of certain of these accounting policies is governed by complex accounting principles and interpretations. A discussion of the Company s significant accounting principles and their application is included in note 1 and in Item 7, Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, to the Company s 2008 Annual Report.

During the six months ended September 30, 2008, the Company, under the leadership of its new CEO and President, reorganized the Company s internal organization and, as a result, management reevaluated the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 131, Disclosure about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information (SFAS 131). The Company s CEO and President is the chief operating decision maker (CODM) as defined in SFAS 131. Based upon the review, management determined the Company has two reportable segments, reflecting how the new CODM reviews results in terms of allocating resources and assessing performance. The reportable segments are Information Services and Information Products. The Information Services segment represents the Company s four services lines of business which have been aggregated into one reportable segment, and the Information Products segment represents two products lines of business which have been aggregated into one reportable segment. Prior period disclosures have been revised to reflect the change in reportable segments. See note 9 for further information.

During the six months ended September 30, 2008, management also reviewed its classification of revenue and expense on its statement of operations. Previously, the Company reported services and data revenues. As a result of the current-year review, the Company is now reporting services and products revenues instead of services and data revenues, and certain background screening and risk mitigation revenues that were previously reported as services revenues have been reclassified to be included in products revenue along with data product revenue, with a corresponding reclassification of the related cost of revenue. For the quarter ended September 30, 2007, the change in classification results in a decrease of services revenue of \$20.4 million and a corresponding increase in products revenue. For the six months ended September 30, 2007, the change in classification results in a decrease of services revenue of \$41.3 million and a corresponding increase in products revenue.

#### BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

In addition, account management costs that were previously included in selling, general and administrative expense have been reclassified to cost of revenue. Classification of revenue and expense varies within the Company s industry and management believes the new classification of revenue and expense more closely reflects the nature of these items, is consistent with the revised organizational structure, and will result in an improved financial statement presentation. Revenue and expense for prior periods have been reclassified to conform to the current-year presentation. For the quarter ended September 30, 2007, the change in classification results in a decrease to selling, general and administrative expense of \$12.4 million and a corresponding increase in cost of revenue. For the six months ended September 30, 2007, the change in classification results in a decrease to selling, general and administrative expense of \$23.1 million and a corresponding increase in cost of revenue. The reclassifications had no effect on net earnings (loss).

#### 2. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY:

#### Earnings (Loss) Per Share

A reconciliation of the numerator and denominator of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share is shown below (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	For the quarter ended				For th	For the six months ended			
	Septem	ber 30	2007		September 30		2007		
	2008		(Restate	ed)	2008		(Restate	ed)	
Basic earnings (loss) per share:									
Numerator net earnings (loss) Denominator weighted-average shares outstanding	\$ 77,716	15,853	\$ 80,646	9,195	\$ 77,559	26,503	\$ 79,993	(4,495)	
Basic earnings (loss) per share Diluted earnings (loss) per share:	\$	0.20	\$	0.11	\$	0.34	\$	(0.06)	
Numerator net earnings (loss)	\$	15,853	\$	9,195	\$	26,503	\$	(4,495)	
Denominator:									
Weighted-average shares outstanding	77,716		80,646		77,559	9	79,993		
Dilutive effect of common stock options, warrants,									
and restricted stock as computed under the									
treasury stock method	447		1,839		400		-		
	78,163		82,485		77,959	)	79,993		
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$	0.20	\$	0.11	\$	0.34	\$	(0.06)	

As of September 30, 2008, the Company had options and warrants outstanding providing for the purchase of approximately 12.5 million shares of common stock. At September 30, 2007, the Company had options and warrants outstanding providing for the purchase of approximately 11.4 million shares of common stock. Due to the net loss incurred by the Company during the six months ended September 30, 2007, the effect of options, warrants and restricted stock of 1.9 million shares was antidilutive and therefore was excluded from the earnings per share calculation. In addition, options, warrants and restricted stock units that were outstanding during the periods presented, but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because the effect was antidilutive are shown below (in thousands, except per share amounts):

For the quarter ended

For the six months ended

	•		September 30	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Number of shares outstanding under options, warrants				
and restricted stock units	11,180	3,408	11,062	3,001
Range of exercise prices for options and warrants	\$13.14-\$268.55	\$24.53-\$268.55	\$12.92-\$268.55	\$25.00- \$268.55

### 2. EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (continued):

#### Stockholders Equity

The Company declared dividends of \$0.12 per share in the six months ended September 30, 2008 and did not declare dividends on its common stock in the six months ended September 30, 2007. There were no shares repurchased under the Company s expired common stock repurchase program in either the six months ended September 30, 2008 or 2007.

#### 3. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION:

#### **Share-based Compensation Plans**

#### Stock Option Activity

The Company has stock option and equity compensation plans for which a total of 37.7 million shares of the Company s common stock have been reserved for issuance since inception of the plans. These plans provide that the option prices of qualified options will be at or above the fair market value of the common stock at the time of the grant. Board policy has required that nonqualified options be priced at or above the fair market value of the common stock at the time of grant. At September 30, 2008, there were a total of 5.7 million shares available for future grants under the plans.

The Company granted 679,126 stock options in the six months ended September 30, 2008. The per-share weighted-average fair value of the stock options granted during the six months ended September 30, 2008 was \$4.41. This valuation was determined using a customized binomial lattice approach with the following weighted-average assumptions: dividend yield of 1.7%; risk-free interest rate of 3.9%; expected option life of 5.6 years and expected volatility of 36.4%. The Company granted 150,000 stock options in the six months ended September 30, 2007. The per-share weighted-average fair value of the stock options granted during the six months ended September 30, 2007 was \$7.21. This valuation was determined using a customized binomial lattice approach with the following weighted-average assumptions: dividend yield of 0.9%; risk-free interest rate of 4.9%; expected option life of 5.7 years and expected volatility of 20.4%.

Option activity for the six months ended September 30, 2008 was as follows:

	Number of shares		Number		Number Weighted-average exercise price			regate intrinsic ie
			are	(in years)	(in thousands)			
Outstanding at March 31, 2008	10,745,650	\$	21.32					
Granted	679,126	\$	13.70					
Exercised	(79,869)	\$	9.51		\$	254		
Forfeited or cancelled	(350,265)	\$	21.29					
Outstanding at September 30, 2008	10,994,642	\$	20.93	7.38	\$	2,223		
	9,043,938	\$	22.11	6.95	\$	1,579		

Exercisable at September 30, 2008

The aggregate intrinsic value in the table above represents the total pre-tax intrinsic value (the difference between Acxiom s closing stock price on the last trading day of its second quarter of fiscal 2009 and the exercise price for each in-the-money option) that would have been received by the option holders had vested option holders exercised their options on September 30, 2008. This amount changes based upon changes in the fair market value of Acxiom s stock.

#### 3. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION (continued):

The following is a summary of stock options outstanding and exercisable as of September 30, 2008:

Options outstanding				Options exercisable		
	***************************************	Weig	ghted-average		Weig	ghted-average
Options	0	overeice price		Options	exer	cise price
outstanding	contractual life	per s	hare	exercisable	per s	share
97,706	5.60 years	\$	7.14	94,870	\$	7.14
2,560,116	8.54 years	\$	12.43	1,415,629	\$	12.24
2,648,760	7.37 years	\$	16.47	2,142,879	\$	16.66
2,830,020	7.49 years	\$	22.78	2,830,020	\$	22.78
1,718,048	6.77 years	\$	26.56	1,420,548	\$	26.67
831,295	5.50 years	\$	35.70	831,295	\$	35.70
305,967	5.87 years	\$	44.64	305,967	\$	44.64
2,730	1.39 years	\$	213.46	2,730	\$	213.46
10,994,642	7.38 years	\$	20.93	9,043,938	\$	22.11
	Options outstanding 97,706 2,560,116 2,648,760 2,830,020 1,718,048 831,295 305,967 2,730	Options outstanding         Weighted- average remaining contractual life           97,706         5.60 years           2,560,116         8.54 years           2,648,760         7.37 years           2,830,020         7.49 years           1,718,048         6.77 years           831,295         5.50 years           305,967         5.87 years           2,730         1.39 years	Options outstanding         Weighted- average remaining contractual life         Weighted- average remaining contractual life           97,706         5.60 years         \$           2,560,116         8.54 years         \$           2,648,760         7.37 years         \$           2,830,020         7.49 years         \$           1,718,048         6.77 years         \$           831,295         5.50 years         \$           305,967         5.87 years         \$           2,730         1.39 years         \$	Options outstanding         Weighted-average remaining contractual life         Weighted-average exercise price per share           97,706         5.60 years         \$ 7.14           2,560,116         8.54 years         \$ 12.43           2,648,760         7.37 years         \$ 16.47           2,830,020         7.49 years         \$ 22.78           1,718,048         6.77 years         \$ 26.56           831,295         5.50 years         \$ 35.70           305,967         5.87 years         \$ 44.64           2,730         1.39 years         \$ 213.46	Options outstanding         Weighted-average remaining contractual life         Weighted-average exercise price per share         Options exercisable           97,706         5.60 years         \$ 7.14         94,870           2,560,116         8.54 years         \$ 12.43         1,415,629           2,648,760         7.37 years         \$ 16.47         2,142,879           2,830,020         7.49 years         \$ 22.78         2,830,020           1,718,048         6.77 years         \$ 26.56         1,420,548           831,295         5.50 years         \$ 35.70         831,295           305,967         5.87 years         \$ 44.64         305,967           2,730         1.39 years         \$ 213.46         2,730	Options outstanding         Weighted-average remaining contractual life         Weighted-average exercise price per share         Options exercise price exercisable         Options exercise price per share         Options exercise price exercisable         Per service per share           97,706         5.60 years         \$ 7.14         94,870         \$ 2,560,116         8.54 years         \$ 12.43         1,415,629         \$ 2,648,760         7.37 years         \$ 16.47         2,142,879         \$ 2,830,020         \$ 2,830,020         \$ 2,830,020         \$ 2,830,020         \$ 2,830,020         \$ 2,830,020         \$ 2,830,020         \$ 305,967         \$ 305,967         \$ 305,967         \$ 305,967         \$ 305,967         \$ 2,730         \$ 213.46         2,730         \$ 2,730 <td< td=""></td<>

Total expense related to stock options for the six months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 was approximately \$1.4 million and \$1.0 million respectively. Future expense for these options is expected to be approximately \$8.1 million over the next four years.

### Restricted Stock Unit Activity

Non-vested restricted stock unit activity for the period ending September 30, 2008 was as follows:

		Weighted average fair value per						
	Number	share at grant date (in thousands)		weighteu-a		weighteu-		Weighted-average remaining contractual
	of shares			term (in years)				
Outstanding at March 31, 2008	1,124,936	\$	15.55	3.37				
Granted	831,532	\$	13.05					
Vested	(113,179)	\$	24.84					
Forfeited or cancelled	(39,526)	\$	16.47					
Outstanding at September 30, 2008	1,803,763	\$	13.82	2.95				

During the six months ended September 30, 2008, the Company granted restricted stock units covering 831,532 shares of common stock with a value at the date of grant of \$10.9 million. The value at the date of grant is determined by reference to quoted market prices for the shares, less a small calculated discount to reflect the fact that the restricted shares do not pay dividends until they are vested. Of the restricted stock units granted in the current period 255,963 vest in equal annual increments over four years. The remaining 575,569 vest subject to 1) the Company s achievement of certain performance criteria for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2009 and 2) the individual remaining employed by the Company for three years. If both criteria are met the units vest after three years. The expense related to restricted stock in the six months ended September 30, 2008 was \$3.9 million. Future expense for restricted stock units is expected to be approximately \$21.2 million over the next four years. The expense related to restricted stock in the six months ended September 30, 2007 was \$1.7 million.

### Qualified Employee Stock Purchase Plan

In addition to the share-based plans, the Company maintains a qualified employee stock purchase plan ( ESPP ) that permits substantially all employees to purchase shares of common stock at 85% of the market price. The number of shares available for issuance at September 30, 2008 was approximately 1.4 million. Approximately 137,257 shares were purchased under the ESPP during the six months ended September 30, 2008. The total expense to the Company for the discount to the market price was approximately \$0.3 million for both the six months ended September 30, 2008 and the six months ended September 30, 2007.

#### 4. ACQUISITIONS:

On September 15, 2008, the Company acquired the direct marketing technology unit of Alvion, LLC. The acquisition allowed the Company to obtain a proven online marketing list fulfillment platform that can be used by small and medium-size businesses that need immediate access to marketing information through a software-as-service environment. The Company paid \$3.6 million in cash, net of cash acquired, for the acquisition. The acquired business has annual revenues of approximately \$2.0 million. The Company has omitted pro forma disclosures related to this acquisition as the pro forma effect of this acquisition is not material to the Company s consolidated results for any period presented. Alvion s results of operations are included in the Company s consolidated results beginning September 15, 2008.

In July 2008, the Company acquired the database marketing unit of ChoicePoint Precision Marketing, LLC. The Company paid \$9.0 million, of which \$4.5 million was paid into an escrow account and is subject to an escrow arrangement which will be resolved one year from the date of acquisition. The ultimate purchase price paid to the seller is contingent upon satisfaction of certain post-closing conditions. The acquired business has annual revenue of approximately \$16.0 million. The Company has omitted pro forma disclosures related to this acquisition as the pro forma effect of this acquisition is not material to the Company s consolidated results for any period presented. ChoicePoint s results of operations are included in the Company s consolidated results beginning July 1, 2008.

On March 27, 2007, the Company acquired Kefta, Inc. (Kefta), a leader in real-time, dynamic personalization solutions for the Internet that was based in San Francisco, California. The acquisition bolsters the Company s ability to integrate one-to-one personalized communications across digital channels. The Company paid \$8.9 million, net of cash acquired, for Kefta not including amounts, if any, payable pursuant to the terms and conditions of two deferred payment agreements. The first is a deferred cash compensation agreement that requires the Company to pay up to \$1.5 million if three of Kefta s key employees are retained by the Company for eight consecutive quarters following the acquisition. The second is an earnout agreement that allows for payment of up to \$1.5 million if the acquired business achieves certain revenue goals. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2008 the Company paid \$0.8 million under the earnout agreement, which has been treated as additional purchase price. The Company has also amended the deferred compensation arrangement and made a required payment of an additional \$0.8 million during the current fiscal year. Payments under the original deferred compensation arrangement are treated partially as purchase price (57%) and partially as compensation expense (43%). Payments under the amended deferred compensation agreement are all treated as compensation expense. The Company has omitted pro forma disclosures related to this acquisition as the pro forma effect of this acquisition is not material to the Company s consolidated results for any period presented. Kefta s results of operations are included in the Company s consolidated results beginning April 1, 2007. Kefta s total annual revenue at acquisition was approximately \$2.7 million.

The following table shows the allocation of the purchase price for the above acquisitions to assets acquired and liabilities assumed (dollars in thousands):

	Alvion		ChoiceI	Point	Kefta	
Assets acquired:						
Cash	\$	368	\$	-	\$	75
Goodwill	820		113		8,516	
Other intangible assets	1,913		2,300		2,870	
Other current and noncurrent assets	1,049		3,334		447	
	4,150		5,747		11,908	3
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and capital leases						
assumed	150		1,247		1,323	
Net assets acquired	4,000		4,500		10,585	5
Add:						
Cash in escrow	-		4,500		-	
Less:						
Cash acquired	368				75	
Accrued liabilities	-		-		395	
Net cash paid	\$	3,632	\$	9,000	\$	10,115

The allocations of purchase price for Alvion and ChoicePoint are preliminary and subject to revisions as more detailed analyses are completed and additional information about the fair value of assets and liabilities becomes available. Any change in the estimated fair value of the net

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assets of the acquired companies will change the amount of the purchase price allocated to goodwill.

#### 5. OTHER CURRENT AND NONCURRENT ASSETS:

Other current assets consist of the following (dollars in thousands):

	September 30,		March 31,		
	2008		2008		
Current portion of unbilled and notes receivable	\$	3,333	\$	4,142	
Prepaid expenses	26,722	26,722		21,682	
Non-trade receivables	4,170	4,170		4,446	
Assets of SNQDC retirement plan	12,419	12,419		15,272	
Escrow cash	4,500	4,500		-	
Other miscellaneous assets	150		103		
Other current assets	\$	51,294	\$	45,645	

Other noncurrent assets consist of the following (dollars in thousands):

	September 30,		March 31,	
	2008		2008	
Investments in marketable and nonmarketable securities	\$	941	\$	1,526
Acquired intangible assets, net	14,256		11,995	
Noncurrent portion of unbilled and notes receivable	5,167		5,877	
Other miscellaneous noncurrent assets	3,393		3,223	
Other assets	\$	23,757	\$	22,621

The acquired intangible assets noted above include customer relationship intangibles acquired through purchase acquisitions, net of accumulated amortization.

#### 6. GOODWILL:

Goodwill represents the excess of acquisition costs over the fair values of net assets acquired in business combinations. Goodwill is reviewed at least annually for impairment under a two-part test. Impairment exists to the extent that the reporting unit s recorded goodwill exceeds the residual fair value assigned to such goodwill. Any impairment that results from the completion of the two-part test is recorded as a charge to operations during the period in which the impairment test is completed. Completion of the Company s most recent annual impairment test indicated that no potential impairment of its goodwill balances existed as of April 1, 2008.

The carrying amount of goodwill, by business segment, for the six months ended September 30, 2008 is presented in the following table.

(dollars in thousands)	Information	Information	Total
		Products	

	Services					
Balance at March 31, 2008	\$ 335,752	\$ 149,044	\$ 484,796			
Acquisition of Alvion	-	820	820			
Acquisition of ChoicePoint	113	-	113			
Purchase adjustments	110	-	110			
Change in foreign currency translation adjustment	(3,592)	(8,380)	(11,972)			
Balance at September 30, 2008	\$ 332,383	\$ 141,484	\$ 473,867			

The Company revised its segments, effective April 1, 2008 (see note 9). As a result of the revision to the segments, the balances recorded at March 31, 2008 have been reallocated to the new segments based on the relative fair value of the segments at March 31, 2008.

#### LONG-TERM DEBT:

Long-term debt consists of the following (dollars in thousands):

	September 30, 2008		March 31, 2008	
Term loan credit agreement	\$	493,500	\$	511,000
Capital leases and installment payment obligations on land, buildings and equipment payable in				
monthly payments of principal plus interest at rates ranging from approximately 4% to 8%;				
remaining terms up to fifteen years	58,105		76,598	
Warrants	1,553		1,542	
Software license liabilities; payable over terms up to sever years effective interest rates ranging				
from approximately 6% to 7%	7,595	5	18,1	17
Data license agreement, effective interest rate 6%	5,780		10,499	
Other debt and long-term liabilities	25,680		26,811	
Total long-term debt and capital leases	592,213		644,567	
Less current installments	49,243		69,259	
Long-term debt, excluding current installments	\$	542,970	\$	575,308

Effective September 15, 2006, the Company entered into an amended and restated credit agreement allowing (1) term loans up to an aggregate principal amount of \$600 million and (2) revolving credit facility borrowings consisting of revolving loans, letter of credit participations and swing-line loans up to an aggregate amount of \$200 million. The term loan is payable in quarterly principal installments of \$1.5 million through September 2011, followed by quarterly principal installments of \$150 million through June 2012, followed by a final installment of \$25.5 million due September 15, 2012. The term loan also allows prepayments before maturity. Revolving loan commitments and all borrowings of revolving loans mature on September 15, 2011. The credit agreement is secured by the accounts receivable of Acxiom and its domestic subsidiaries, as well as by the outstanding stock of certain Acxiom subsidiaries.

Revolving credit facility borrowings under the facility currently bear interest at LIBOR plus 1.5% or at an alternative base rate or at the Federal Funds rate plus 2.25%, depending on the type of borrowing. Term loan borrowings currently bear interest at LIBOR plus 1.75%. There were no revolving loan borrowings outstanding at September 30, 2008 or March 31, 2008. The weighted average interest rate on term loan borrowings outstanding at September 30, 2008 was 4.8%. Outstanding letters of credit at September 30, 2008 were \$6.8 million.

Under the terms of certain of the above borrowings, the Company is required to maintain certain debt-to-cash flow and debt service coverage ratios, among other restrictions. At September 30, 2008, the Company was in compliance with these covenants and restrictions. In addition, if certain financial ratios and other conditions are not satisfied, the revolving credit facility limits the Company s ability to pay dividends in excess of \$30 million in any fiscal year (plus additional amounts in certain circumstances).

### Subsequent Event

On October 20, 2008, the Company entered into a new interest rate swap agreement on \$95.0 notional amount of its floating rate debt. The agreement provides for the Company to pay interest for a 2.75 year period at a fixed rate of 3.25% with a 1.75% credit spread for a total rate of 5.0% while receiving interest for the same period at the LIBOR rate on the same notional amount. The swap was entered into as a cash flow hedge against LIBOR interest rate movements on the term loan.

## 8. ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL ACCOUNTS:

Trade accounts receivable are presented net of allowances for doubtful accounts, returns and credits of \$9.7 million at September 30, 2008 and \$10.0 million at March 31, 2008.

#### 9. SEGMENT INFORMATION:

The Company reports segment information consistent with the way management internally disaggregates its operations to assess performance and to allocate resources. In the beginning of the current fiscal year, the Company realigned its business segments as a result of an internal reorganization. The Company s new business segments consist of Information Services and Information Products. The Information Services segment includes the Company s global lines of business for Customer Data Integration (CDI) and Marketing Services, Digital Marketing Services, Information Technology Services and Consulting Services. The Information Products segment is comprised of the Company s global Information Products line of business and the U.S. Background Screening Products line of business. The Company evaluates performance of the segments based on segment operating income, which excludes certain gains, losses and other items.

Gains, losses and other items, net are reported in Corporate and other, since the Company does not hold the individual segments responsible for these charges. The following tables present information by business segment (dollars in thousands):

	For the quarter ended			For the six months ended			
	September 30 2008	2007	September 30 2008	2007			
Revenue:							
Information services	\$ 233,605	\$ 245,033	\$ 470,300	\$ 485,425			
Information products	95,330	103,821	189,708	198,098			
Total revenue	\$ 328,935	\$ 348,854	\$ 660,008	\$ 683,523			
Income (loss) from operations:							
Information services	\$ 40,649	\$ 35,859	\$ 79,275	\$ 69,929			
Information products	8,485	11,674	13,063	13,838			
Corporate and other	(14,841)	(29,348)	(32,487)	(64,943)			
Income from operations	\$ 34,293	\$ 18,185	\$ 59,851	\$ 18,824			

#### 10. RESTRUCTURING, IMPAIRMENT AND OTHER CHARGES:

The Company records costs associated with employee terminations and other exit activity in accordance with SFAS No. 146 Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities, (SFAS 146), SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 100, Restructuring and Impairment Charges, (SAB 100), and SFAS No. 112 Employers Accounting for Postemployment Benefits, an Amendment of FASB Statements No. 5 and 43, (SFAS 112) as applicable. The following table summarizes the restructuring activity for the six months ended September 30, 2008 (dollars in thousands):

	Associate-related		Ongo	oing				
		reserves		ract costs	Other a	ccruals	Total	
Balance at March 31, 2008	\$	13,648	\$	26,880	\$	357	\$	40,885
Payments	(9,102)		(3,72	(3,723) $(318)$		(13,143		143)
Adjustments	(311)	)	(1,03	(1,031)		(7)		19)
Balance at September 30, 2008	\$	4,235	\$	22,126	\$	32	\$	26,393

#### Restructuring Plans

In fiscal 2008, the Company recorded a total of \$75.1 million in restructuring charges and adjustments included in gains, losses and other in the consolidated statement of operations. The expense includes severance and other associate-related payments of \$19.3 million, lease accruals of \$19.0 million, contract accruals of \$6.7 million, asset disposal and write-offs of \$29.6 million, and other related costs of \$0.5 million.	
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#### 10. RESTRUCTURING, IMPAIRMENT AND OTHER CHARGES (continued):

The associate-related payments of \$19.3 million relate to the termination of associates in the United States and Europe. These accruals were evaluated under SFAS 112 which governs employers accounting for post employment benefits. The Company provides benefits to terminated employees under a substantive plan which provides benefits to the terminated associates based on their years of service to the Company. The total also includes amounts calculated under SFAS 146 paid to persons who retired in conjunction with the workforce reduction and to persons who had employment contracts with the Company which determined how much they were to be paid upon termination. The fiscal 2008 accrual was recorded in two parts, with the first \$5.2 million accrual recorded in the quarter ended September 30, 2007 and the remaining recorded in the quarter ended March 31, 2008. Of the \$19.3 million accrued, \$3.6 million remained accrued as of September 30, 2008. These costs are expected to be paid out in the remainder of fiscal 2009.

The lease accruals of \$19.0 million were evaluated under SFAS 146, which governs exit costs. SFAS 146 requires the Company to make an accrual for the liability for lease costs that will continue to be incurred without economic benefit to the Company upon the date that the Company ceases using the leased property. On or before March 31, 2008, the Company ceased using certain leased office facilities. The Company intends to attempt to sublease those facilities to the extent possible. Under SFAS 146, the Company established a liability for the fair value of the remaining lease payments, partially offset by the estimated sublease payments to be received over the course of those leases. The fair value of these liabilities is based on a net present value model using a credit-adjusted risk-free rate. These liabilities will be paid out over the remainder of the leased properties terms, of which the longest continues through November 2021. Actual sublease terms may differ from the estimates originally made by the Company. Any future changes in the estimates or in the actual sublease income could require future adjustments to the liability for these leases, which would impact net income in the period the adjustment is recorded. The remaining amount accrued at September 30, 2008 is \$15.9 million.

The contract accruals of \$6.7 million were evaluated under SFAS 146 which requires that a liability to terminate a contract before the end of its term be recognized when the contract is terminated in accordance with its terms. Prior to March 31, 2008, the Company gave notice under certain service contracts to the other parties which caused the Company to incur termination payments under those contracts. The remaining amount accrued of \$5.8 million represents the estimated termination payments, which are expected to be paid during fiscal 2009.

The other related costs of \$0.5 million are primarily moving costs associated with the closing of the leased facilities referred to above. All of the \$0.5 million accrued was paid at September 30, 2008.

During the quarter ended September 30, 2005, the Company recorded a total of \$13.0 million in restructuring and other impairment charges included in gains, losses and other items in the consolidated statement of operations. The table above includes the portion of the above charges which are yet to be paid as of September 30, 2008. The remaining accrued costs of \$1.1 million are expected to be paid out over the terms of the related leases or contracts, of which the longest one runs through fiscal 2012.

#### Terminated Acquisition of the Company

On May 16, 2007, the Company announced it had entered into an agreement to be acquired by Silver Lake and ValueAct Capital, at a price of \$27.10 per share plus the assumption of outstanding debt. On October 1, 2007, the Company announced that this transaction had been terminated. In the six months ended September 30, 2007, the Company incurred transaction related expenses of \$17.4 million which are included in gains, losses and other items. Per the terms of the merger termination agreement, which was signed October 1, 2007, Silver Lake and ValueAct were required to pay the Company a settlement fee of \$65 million. This settlement fee was received on October 10, 2007 and recorded in gains, losses and other items in the third quarter of fiscal 2008.

## 10. RESTRUCTURING, IMPAIRMENT AND OTHER CHARGES (continued):

#### Disposition of Operations in France

On December 7, 2007, the Company entered into an agreement with Pitney Bowes Software to sell the Company s GIS operations in France. The Company received \$14.2 million for the sale and recorded a gain in the statement of operations of \$3.2 million. The gain was net of \$6.7 million in goodwill which was allocated to the disposed operations. Also, included in the gain calculation was a \$1.3 million accrual for exit activities. The ultimate gain on the disposal is subject to adjustment once the parties complete an agreement as to the final working capital. An adjustment regarding the purchase price was recorded in the quarter ended September 30, 2008 resulting in an additional \$0.7 million gain recorded on the sale. The annual revenue associated with the GIS operations was approximately \$14 million. The following table shows the amounts accrued for exit activities:

	Associate-related reserves			
Balance at March 31, 2008	\$	1,154		
Payments	(911)			
Adjustments	(118)			
Change in foreign currency translation adjustment	(23)			
Balance at September 30, 2008	\$	102		

#### Spain Closure

In fiscal 2007, the Company announced plans to shut down its operations in Spain. Upon the completion of this closure, the Company recorded \$6.6 million of exit costs. Of this amount, \$0.9 million remained accrued as of September 30, 2008 for estimated data protection claims.

#### Leased Asset Disposal

During the year ended March 31, 2008, the Company entered into an agreement to dispose of a leased aircraft. Under the terms of the lease, the Company was required to make a termination payment to the lessor, and the lessor sold the aircraft and paid the proceeds to the Company. During the six months ended September 30, 2008, the Company recorded \$0.1 million gain in gains, losses and other items, to adjust the final net payment to terminate the lease and dispose of the asset.

#### Collection of Hangar Note

During the current fiscal year, the Company collected a note receivable related to an aircraft storage facility. This note was not recognized by the Company previously since collectability of the note was not assured. During the current fiscal year, the debtor paid off the note in the amount of \$1.0 million which was recorded in gains, losses and other items.

#### Sale of Building

During the current quarter, the Company sold a building that was no longer utilized for proceeds of \$24.2 million resulting in a gain of \$1.1 million.							

#### 10. RESTRUCTURING, IMPAIRMENT AND OTHER CHARGES (continued):

#### Gains, Losses and Other Items

Gains, losses and other items for each of the periods presented are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	For the quarter ended				For the six months ended			
	Septen 2008	nber 30	2007		Septer 2008	mber 30	2007	
Terminated merger expense	\$	_	\$	2,264	\$	-	\$	17,358
Gain on disposition of operations in France	(720)		-	-		(838)		
Leased airplane disposal	-		2,310		(110)		2,310	
Collection of hangar note	-		-		(1,004)		-	
Legal contingency	-		-		1,000		-	
Sale of building	(1,146)		-		(1,146)		-	
Restructuring plan	(240)		5,190		(568)		5,361	
Adjustment of Spain operation closure	(264)		168		(249)		293	
	\$	(2,370)	\$	9,932	\$	(2,915)	\$	25,322

#### **Impairment**

The Company reviews the recoverability of its capitalized costs whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. The test of recoverability is performed by comparing the carrying value of the asset to its undiscounted expected future cash flows. If such review indicates that the carrying amount of an asset exceeds the sum of its expected future cash flows, the asset s carrying amount is written down to its estimated fair value. Fair value is determined by an internally developed discounted projected cash flow analysis of the asset. Due to two separate renegotiations of contracts with outsourcing customers the Company performed tests for potential impairment of the related capitalized costs during the six months ended September 30, 2007. The Company determined that the future cash flows relating to those renegotiated outsourcing contracts would not be sufficient to recover the costs that were capitalized. Based on these analyses, the Company recorded a combined write-down of \$9.6 million relating to the capitalized costs of these contracts. The \$9.6 million charge is recorded in cost of revenue in the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations and in the Information Services segment for segment disclosures.

#### 11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

#### **Legal Matters**

Richard Fresco, et al. v. R.L. Polk and Company and Acxiom Corporation, (U.S. Dist. Court, S.D. Florida, 07-60695) formerly, Linda Brooks and Richard Fresco v. Auto Data Direct, Inc., et al., (U.S. Dist. Court, S.D. Florida, 03-61063) is a putative class action lawsuit, removed to federal court in May 2003, filed against Acxiom and several other information providers. The plaintiffs allege that the defendants obtained and used drivers license data in violation of the federal Drivers Privacy Protection Act. To date, a class has not been certified. Among other things, the plaintiffs seek injunctive relief, statutory damages, and attorneys fees. Acxiom has accrued \$5.0 million for the settlement of this case. Acxiom and Polk have agreed to stay the proceedings while mediation is conducted under the purview of the Court. Two companion cases, Sharon Taylor, et al., v. Acxiom, et al., (U.S. District Court, E.D. Texas, 207CV001) and Sharon Taylor, et al. v. Biometric Access Company, et

al., (U.S. District Court, E.D. Texas, 2:07-CV-00018), were filed in January 2007. Both Taylor cases were dismissed by the District Court and are now on appeal.

Epsilon Data Management LLC, et al. v. Acxiom Corporation, (192<sup>nd</sup> Judicial District Court of Dallas County, TX, 07-08569) is a case that was brought by a competitor of Acxiom after the acquisition of three long-time data providers and alleges that Acxiom breached certain terms and conditions of the data licenses with those acquired companies in the course of building and distributing Acxiom data products. The plaintiffs seek injunctive relief and unspecified damages. Acxiom contends that it has acted in conformance with the data licenses and is vigorously defending the claims.

#### 11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued):

The Company is involved in a number of actions with the Data Protection Authority of Spain, involving alleged improper usage of individuals data. The Company is negotiating with the Data Protection Authority in an attempt to settle the claims, and the Company maintains that the Company s usage of data has been in compliance with the applicable law. However, upon advice of counsel and after review of the pending claims, the Company accrued \$3.9 million as part of the cost of closure of the Spain office (see note 10). During the quarter ended March 31, 2008, the Company reversed \$2.4 million of the accrual as some of the claims had been settled for less than the Company originally accrued. As of September 30, 2008 the Company has a remaining accrual for this matter of \$0.9 million.

The Company is involved in various other claims and legal actions in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of all of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company s consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

#### Commitments

The Company leases data processing equipment, software, office furniture and equipment, land and office space under noncancellable operating leases. Additionally, the Company has entered into synthetic operating leases for computer equipment and furniture (Leased Assets). These synthetic operating lease facilities are accounted for as operating leases under generally accepted accounting principles and are treated as capital leases for income tax reporting purposes. Initial lease terms under the synthetic computer equipment and furniture facility range from two to six years, with the Company having the option at expiration of the initial lease to return the equipment, purchase the equipment at a fixed price, or extend the term of the lease.

The Company has a future commitment for synthetic lease payments of \$8.2 million over the next three years. In the event the Company elects to return the Leased Assets, the Company has guaranteed a portion of the residual value to the lessors. Assuming the Company elects to return the Leased Assets to the lessors at its earliest opportunity under the synthetic lease arrangements and assuming the Leased Assets have no significant residual value to the lessors, the maximum potential amount of future payments the Company could be required to make under these residual value guarantees was \$7.6 million at September 30, 2008.

In connection with a certain building, the Company has entered into a 50/50 joint venture with a local real estate developer. The Company is guaranteeing a portion of the loan for the building. In addition, in connection with the disposal of certain assets, the Company has guaranteed loans for the buyers of the assets. These guarantees were made by the Company primarily to facilitate favorable financing terms for those third parties. Should the third parties default on this indebtedness, the Company would be required to perform under its guarantee. Substantially all of the third-party indebtedness is collateralized by various pieces of real property. At September 30, 2008 the Company s maximum potential future payments under these guarantees of third-party indebtedness were \$2.7 million.

#### 12. INCOME TAX

In determining the quarterly provision for income taxes, the Company makes its best estimate of the effective tax rate expected to be applicable for the full fiscal year. The anticipated effective tax rate for fiscal 2009 is 39%.

At September 30, 2008, the Company had \$5.2 million in gross unrecognized tax benefits, which is included as other liabilities on the balance sheet. This entire amount, if recognized, would impact the effective tax rate. The total amount of accrued interest and penalties for such unrecognized tax benefits, and included in the amount above, is \$0.5 million. It is reasonably possible that the amount of unrecognized tax

benefits with respect to the Company's uncertain tax positions will increase or decrease during the next 12 months. However, management does not expect the change to have a significant effect on consolidated results of operations or financial position.							
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#### 13. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS:

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, Fair Value Measurements (SFAS No. 157) defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and establishes a hierarchy that categorizes and prioritizes the sources to be used to estimate fair value. SFAS No. 157 also expands financial statement disclosures about fair value measurements. In February 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) 157-2, which delays the effective date of SFAS No. 157 for one year for all nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities, except those that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis. The impact of partially adopting SFAS No. 157 effective April 1, 2008 was not material to the Company s financial statements. Under SFAS 157, financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurements. The Company assigned assets and liabilities to the hierarchy established by SFAS No. 157, which is Level 1 quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, Level 2 significant other observable inputs and Level 3 significant unobservable inputs.

The following table presents the balances of assets and liabilities measured at fair value as of September 30, 2008 (dollars in thousands):

	Lev	rel 1	Leve	1 2	Leve	13	Tot	tal
Assets:								
Other current assets	\$	12,419	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,419
Total assets	\$	12,419	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,419
Liabilities:								
Other current liabilities	\$	12,419	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,419
Long-term debt	-		1,553	3	-		1,5	53
Total liabilities	\$	12,419	\$	1,553	\$	-	\$	13,972

As permitted by FSP 157-2, the Company elected to defer the fair value measurement disclosure of nonfinancial assets including goodwill, long-lived assets and intangible assets valued at fair value after the determination of impairment under SFAS No. 142 or SFAS No. 144, and nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities initially measured at fair value in a business combination.

#### 14. RESTATEMENT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

On May 14, 2008 the Company announced that it would restate its financial statements for the years ended March 31, 2007 and 2006 to correct an error in the Company's accounting for accrued revenue. Historically, and for all restated periods, the Company recorded accrued revenue for certain information services contracts based on a calculated estimate of relative value of performance that had occurred but had not yet been recognized as revenue. The Company determined that the calculation that had been used for several years did not adequately support the accrual of revenue in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Commission's Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 104 (SAB 104). The Company has concluded that the calculated estimates for the restatement periods cannot be relied upon, and the Company is unable to objectively support recording accrued revenue for these services transactions. Accordingly, the Company has restated its consolidated financial statements for the restatement periods to remove the recorded amounts of this accrued revenue and record the related income tax effect. Additionally, the Company has reclassified additions to deferred costs as an operating cash flow activity. Previously, additions to deferred costs were presented as an investing cash flow activity. The Company has restated condensed consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2007 and for the three and six months ended September 30, 2007 to reflect the revised accounting treatment. The adjustments to restate previously reported financial statements are summarized as follows (dollars in thousands, except per share data):

## 14. RESTATEMENT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued):

	September 30,	2007	
<u>ASSETS</u>	(Reported)	(Adjustment)	(Restated)
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 53,831	\$ -	\$ 53,831
Trade accounts receivable, net	294,822	(57,012)	237,810
Deferred income taxes	22,244	21,665	43,909
Refundable income taxes	11,421	-	11,421
Other current assets	52,421	-	52,421
Total current assets	434,739	(35,347)	399,392
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization	291,852	-	291,852
Software, net of accumulated amortization	55,641	-	55,641
Goodwill	529,039	-	529,039
Purchased software licenses, net of accumulated amortization	136,683	-	136,683
Deferred costs, net	132,016	-	132,016
Data acquisition costs, net	34,941	-	34,941
Other assets, net	36,020	-	36,020
	\$ 1,650,931	\$ (35,347)	\$ 1,615,584
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY	. , ,	, , ,	. , ,
Current liabilities:			
Current installments of long-term debt	\$ 95,193	\$ -	\$ 95,193
Trade accounts payable	54,070	-	54,070
Accrued expenses	,		,
Payroll	31,235	-	31,235
Other	80,352	-	80,352
Deferred revenue	86,911	-	86,911
Total current liabilities	347,761	-	347,761
Long-term debt	625,991	-	625,991
Deferred income taxes	96,333	-	96,333
Commitments and contingencies			
Stockholders' equity:			
Common stock, \$0.10 par value	11,371	-	11,371
Additional paid-in capital	769,096	-	769,096
Retained earnings	461,865	(35,347)	426,518
Accumulated other comprehensive income	27,011	-	27,011
Treasury stock, at cost	(688,497)	-	(688,497)
Total stockholders' equity	580,846	(35,347)	545,499
	\$ 1,650,931	\$ (35,347)	\$ 1,615,584

## 14. RESTATEMENT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued):

	For the quarter ended			For the six months ended								
		ember 30, eported*		djustment	]	Restated		tember 30, i		ustment	Res	tated
Revenue:												
Services	\$ 2	247,205	\$	(2,172)	\$	245,033	\$	491,096	\$	(5,671)	\$	485,425
Products	103,	821	-		103	,821	198	3,098	-		198	,098
Total revenue	351,	026	(2,1)	72)	348	,854	689	,194	(5,6)	571)	683	,523
Operating costs and expenses												
Cost of revenue												
Services	196,	333	-		196	,333	390	),935	-		390	,935
Products	81,80	02	-		81,8	802	163	3,805	-		163	,805
Total cost of revenue	278,	135	-		278	,135	554	1,740	-		554	,740
Selling, general and administrative	42,6	02	-		42,0	502	84,	637	-		84,6	537
Gains, losses and other items, net	9,93	2	-		9,93	32	25,	322	-		25,3	322
Total operating costs and expenses	330,	669	-		330	,669	664	1,699	-		664	,699
Income from operations	20,3	57	(2,1)	172)	18,	185	24,	495	(5,6)	571)	18,8	324
Other income (expense):												
Interest expense	(13,8	342)	-		(13,	,842)	(27	,417)	-		(27,	417)
Other, net	1,33	1	-		1,33	31	1,5	14	-		1,5	14
Total other income (expense)	(12,5	511)	-		(12	,511)	(25	,903)	-		(25,	903)
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	7,84	6	(2,1)	172)	5,67	74	(1,4)	408)	(5,6)	571)	(7,0)	79)
Income tax expense	(2,69)	96)	(82	5)	(3,5)	521)	(42	9)	(2,1)	155)	(2,5)	84)
Net earnings (loss)	\$	10,542	\$	(1,347)	\$	9,195	\$	(979)	\$	(3,516)	\$	(4,495)
Earnings (loss) per share:												
Basic	\$	0.13	\$	(0.02)	\$	0.11	\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.05)	\$	(0.06)
Diluted	\$	0.13	\$	(0.02)	\$	0.11	\$	(0.01)	\$	(0.05)	\$	(0.06)

<sup>\*</sup>Amounts as reported have been reclassified to reflect the revised classification in the current period. See Note 1 for further discussion.

## 14. RESTATEMENT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued):

## For the six months ending

	Sep	tember 30, 200	7				
	(Re	ported)	(Ad	ljustmer	nt)	(Re	stated)
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Net loss	\$	(979)	\$	(3,510	6)	\$	(4,495)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating							
activities:							
Depreciation, amortization and impairment of long-lived assets	119	,921	-			119	,921
Gain on disposal of assets, net	(74)	)	-			(74)	)
Deferred income taxes	(1,5	(86)	(2,1)	.55)		(3,7)	41)
Non-cash share-based compensation expense	3,03	30	-			3,03	80
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:							
Accounts receivable	(10,	,117)	5,67	71		(4,4	46)
Deferred costs	-		(12,	,772)		(12,	772)
Other assets	1,38	36	-			1,38	36
Accounts payable and other liabilities	(3,2)	.93)	-			(3,2)	93)
Deferred revenue	(28,	,513)	-			(28,	513)
Net cash provided by operating activities	79,7	775	(12,	,772)		67,0	003
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Payments received from investments	1,79	99	-			1,79	99
Capitalized software development costs	(18,	,267)	-			(18,	267)
Capital expenditures	(8,1	58)	-			(8,1)	58)
Deferral of costs and data acquisition costs	(25,	,759)	25,7			-	
Data acquisition costs	-		(12,	,987)		(12,	987)
Net cash paid in acquisitions	(5,4	-71)	-			(5,4)	71)
Net cash used in investing activities	(55,	,856)	12,7	172		(43,	084)
Cash flows from financing activities:							
Proceeds from debt	2,19		-			2,19	
Payments of debt		,629)	-				629)
Sale of common stock	42,0		-			42,0	
Income tax benefit of stock options, warrants and restricted stock	5,96		-			5,96	
Net cash provided by financing activities	(8,4		-			(8,4	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	569		-			569	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	16,0	)55	-			16,0	)55
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	\$	37,776	\$		-	\$	37,776
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	53,831	\$		-	\$	53,831

#### PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

### Introduction and Overview

At Acxiom ( Acxiom or the Company ) (Nasdaq: ACXM), we provide global interactive marketing services for many of the world s leading companies to help them solve some of their most complex marketing problems. Our products, services and thought leadership enable them to acquire new customers, retain their most valuable customers, communicate with customers in the methods and times they prefer, and make profitable marketing and business decisions. Acxiom s unmatched customer insight is achieved by blending the world s largest repository of consumer data, award-winning technology and analytics, multi-channel expertise, privacy leadership, and superior knowledge of a wide spectrum of industries. Founded in 1969, Acxiom is headquartered in Little Rock, Arkansas, with locations throughout the United States (US) and Europe, and in Australia and China.

Highlights of the quarter ended September 30, 2008 are identified below.

Revenue of \$328.9 million, down 5.7 percent from \$348.9 million in the second fiscal quarter a year ago.

Operating expenses were \$294.6 million for the quarter, down 10.9% from the second quarter a year ago.

Income from operations of \$34.3 million, a \$16.1 million increase compared to \$18.2 million in the second fiscal quarter last year.

Pre-tax earnings of \$26.0 million, compared to pretax earnings of \$5.7 million in the second quarter of fiscal 2008.

Diluted earnings per share of \$0.20, compared to diluted earnings per share of \$0.11 in the second fiscal quarter last year.

Operating cash flow of \$86.8 million for the quarter, compared to \$33.4 million in the second quarter in the prior year.

These highlights are not intended to be a full discussion of the Company s results for the quarter. These highlights should be read in conjunction with the following discussion of Results of Operations and Capital Resources and Liquidity and with the Company s condensed consolidated financial statements and footnotes accompanying this report.

### Restatement of Financial Statements

On May 14, 2008 the Company announced that it would restate its financial statements for the years ended March 31, 2007 and 2006 to correct an error in the Company s accounting for accrued revenue. Historically, and for all restated periods, the Company recorded accrued revenue for certain information services contracts based on a calculated estimate of relative value of performance that had occurred but had not yet been recognized as revenue. The Company determined that the calculation that had been used for several years did not adequately support the accrual of revenue in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Commission s Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 104 (SAB 104). The Company has concluded that the calculated estimates for the restatement periods cannot be relied upon, and the Company is unable to objectively support recording accrued revenue for these services transactions. Accordingly, the Company has restated its consolidated financial statements for the restatement periods to remove the recorded amounts of this accrued revenue and record the related income tax effect. Additionally, the Company has reclassified additions to deferred costs as an operating cash flow activity. Previously, additions to deferred costs were presented as an investing cash flow activity.

All amounts referenced in this Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for the periods ended deptember 30, 2007 reflect the balances and amounts on a restated basis as described above.	
5	

### Results of Operations

A summary of selected financial information for each of the periods reported is presented below (dollars in millions, except per share amounts):

	For the quarter e	ended	For the six months ended				
	September 30	2007		September 30	2007		
	2008	(Restated)	% Change	2008	(Restated)	% Change	
Revenue							
Services	\$ 233.6	\$ 245.0	(5)%	\$ 470.3	\$ 485.4	(3)%	
Products	95.3	103.9	(8)%	189.7	198.1	(4)%	
	\$ 328.9	\$ 348.9	(6)%	\$ 660.0	\$ 683.5	(3)%	
Total operating costs and expenses	294.6	330.7	11%	600.1	664.7	10%	
Income from operations	\$ 34.3	\$ 18.2	89%	\$ 59.9	\$ 18.8	218%	
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.11	82%	\$ 0.34	\$ (0.06)	667%	

#### Revenues

Services revenue for the quarter ended September 30, 2008 was \$233.6 million. This represents an \$11.4 million decrease or 4.7% when compared to the same period in the prior year. On a geographic basis, International services decreased approximately \$1.7 million while US services decreased approximately \$9.8 million. By line of business, revenue growth in Consulting Services of \$2.5 million or 45.8% was offset by declines in CDI and Marketing Services of \$4.2 million or 3.1% and IT Services of \$10.1 million or 12.6%. Digital Services were relatively flat. Slightly more than half of the CDI decline was related to International operations. In the US, declines in the Financial Services vertical which was due to lost business and lower volumes with retained business for CDI were offset by revenue from the acquired ChoicePoint unit and increases in other industry verticals. The decline in IT Services is driven by contract reductions over the last 12 months with a few very large IT clients. The Consulting line was also positively impacted by new business wins in several industry verticals.

Services revenue for the six months ended September 30, 2008 was \$470.3 million. This represents a \$15.1 million decrease or 3.1% when compared to the same period in the prior year. On a geographic basis, International services increased approximately \$3.5 million while US services decreased approximately \$18.6 million. The increase is primarily due to Consulting Services and an increase in Asia/Pacific CDI revenue and 2Touch product fulfillment revenue. By line of business, revenue growth in Consulting Services of \$3.8 million or 30.9% was offset by a decline in IT Services of \$21.8 million or 13.5% when compared to the same period in the prior year. CDI and Marketing Services was relatively flat while Digital Services increased less than 5%. In the US, declines in the Financial Services vertical which were due to lost business and lower volumes with retained business for CDI were offset by revenue from the acquired ChoicePoint unit and increases in other industry verticals. The decline in IT Services is driven by contract reductions over the last 12 months with a few very large IT clients.

Products revenue for the quarter ended September 30, 2008 was \$95.3 million. This represents an \$8.5 million decrease or 8.2% when compared to the same period in the prior year. Revenue in both the US and International operations declined. International revenue in the prior year included approximately \$2.8 million from the divested French GIS business. Pass-through data revenue increased approximately \$1.7 million. Excluding the pass-through data, the US products revenue was down \$4.9 million compared to the same quarter a year ago. The decline is primarily attributable to a \$5.3 million or 14% decrease in US Infobase revenue. The decline is most prevalent in Financial Services and Travel, Media, and Telco, both due to lower project volumes, delayed and/or lost business.

Products revenue for the six months ended September 30, 2008 was \$189.7 million. This represents an \$8.4 million decrease or 4.2% when compared to the same period in the prior year. Revenue in both the US and International operations declined. Revenue from International operations declined \$7.0 million, of which \$5.4 million was related to the divested French GIS business. Pass-through data revenue increased

approximately \$4.3 million when compared to the same period in the prior year. Excluding the pass-through data, the US products revenue was down \$5.7 million compared to the same period a year ago. The decline is attributable to a \$6.6 million or 10% decrease in US Infobase revenue when compared to the same period in the prior year. The decline is most prevalent in Financial Services and Travel, Media, and Telco, both due to lower project volumes, delayed and/or lost business.

### Operating Costs and Expenses

The following table presents the Company s operating costs and expenses for each of the periods presented (dollars in millions):

	For the quarter	ended		For the six months ended					
	September 30	2007		September 30	2007				
	2008	(Restated)	% Change	2008	(Restated)	% Change			
Cost of revenue									
Services Products	\$ 181.0 77.0	\$ 196.3 81.8	8 % 6 %	\$ 359.8 154.8	\$ 390.9 163.8	8 % 6 %			
Total cost of revenue Selling, general and	\$ 258.0	\$ 278.1	7 %	\$ 514.6	\$ 554.7	7 %			
Administrative	39.0	42.7	9 %	88.4	84.7	(5)%			
Gains, losses and other items, net Total operating costs	(2.4)	9.9	121 %	(2.9)	25.3	112 %			
and expenses	\$ 294.6	\$ 330.7	11 %	\$ 600.1	\$ 664.7	10 %			

	For the quarter e	ended	For the six months	ended
	September 30	2007	September 30	2007
	2008	(Restated)	2008	(Restated)
Gross profit margin				
Services	22.5%	19.9%	23.5%	19.5%
Products	19.2	21.2	18.4	17.3
Total gross profit margin	21.6%	20.3%	22.0%	18.8%
Operating profit margin	10.4%	5.2%	9.1%	2.8%

Cost of services revenue of \$181.0 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2008 represents a decrease of \$15.3 million compared to the same quarter a year ago. Gross margin for services revenue increased from 19.9% to 22.5%. Included in the prior year cost of services is \$4.9 million related to an IT contract restructuring and software impairment. Excluding this item, cost of services decreased \$10.4 million or 5.4% compared to the same period a year ago. Margin improvement in spite of the revenue declines is due to significant cost reduction activities during the last fiscal year. The Company executed workforce reductions in fiscal 2008 in addition to cost reductions that naturally occurred as IT Services and CDI and Marketing Services contracts were reduced or terminated. Additionally, through expense management, the Company has continued cost reduction initiatives into fiscal 2009.

Cost of services revenue of \$359.8 million for the six months ended September 30, 2008 represents a decrease of \$31.1 million compared to the same period a year ago. Gross margin for services revenue increased from 19.5% to 23.5% compared to the same period a year ago. Included in the prior-year cost of services is \$10.1 million related to restructuring of certain IT contracts of \$9.6 million and the write-off of abandoned development projects of \$0.5 million. Excluding these items, cost of services decreased \$21.0 million, or 5.5%. Margin improvement in spite of the revenue declines is due to significant cost reduction activities during the last fiscal year and ongoing expense management programs in the current fiscal year. The Company executed workforce reductions in fiscal 2008 in addition to cost reductions that naturally occurred as IT Services and CDI and Marketing Services contracts were reduced or terminated.

Cost of products revenue of \$77.0 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2008 represents a decrease of \$4.8 million compared to the same quarter a year ago. Gross margin for products revenue decreased from 21.2% to 19.2%. Excluding the pass-through data and related costs product costs actually decreased approximately 10% and margins on non-pass-through products decreased to 24.8% from 26.2% a year ago. Due to the fixed costs in both the US and International data operations, the margin impact of cost reduction initiatives begun during the last fiscal year related to both personnel and data content costs was offset by declining revenues.

Cost of products revenue of \$154.8 million for the six months ended September 30, 2008 represents a decrease of \$9.1 million compared to the same period a year ago. Gross margin for products revenue increased from 17.3% to 18.4%. Excluding the pass-through data and related costs product costs actually decreased approximately 11% and margins on non-pass through products increased to 23.9% from 21.6% a year ago. Again, much of the margin improvement is due to cost reduction initiatives begun during the last fiscal year—related to both personnel and data content costs. Margin improvements are reflected in both the Information Products and Background Screening lines of business.

Selling, general, and administrative (SG&A) expenses were \$39.0 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2008. This represents a \$3.6 million decrease compared to the same period a year ago. As a percentage of total revenue, these expenses are 11.9% compared to 12.2% a year ago. The decrease is primarily due to cost reduction initiatives in many SG&A cost centers.

Selling, general, and administrative expenses were \$88.4 million for the six months ended September 30, 2008. This represents a \$3.7 million increase over the prior-year same period. As a percentage of total revenue, SG&A expenses are 13.4% this year compared to 12.4% last year. Increases due to performance-based compensation accruals and investments in sales have been offset by cost reduction initiatives implemented during the last fiscal year in many SG&A cost centers.

Gains, losses and other items were a \$2.4 million gain during the quarter ended September 30, 2008 and a \$2.9 million gain for the six months ended September 30, 2008. The balances primarily represent the adjustment of accruals established in fiscal 2008 and a \$1.1 million gain on the sale of the Phoenix facility. The Company evaluated all accruals and made adjustments if necessary. The most significant adjustment relates to an additional \$0.7 million gain related to the France GIS business.

Gains, losses and other items were \$9.9 million loss during the quarter ended September 30, 2007. Included were \$2.3 million in various professional fees related to the terminated acquisition by Silver Lake and ValueAct Capital, \$5.2 million for workforce reduction costs, and \$2.3 million related to the termination of a lease.

Gains, losses and other items were \$25.3 million during the six months ended September 30, 2007, which primarily consist of \$17.4 million in various professional fees related to the terminated acquisition by Silver Lake and ValueAct Capital. Other charges include \$5.4 million in severance costs for implementation of a restructuring plan and \$2.3 million related to the termination of a lease.

### Other Income (Expense)

Interest expense for the quarter ended September 30, 2008 is \$8.6 million compared to \$13.8 million a year ago due primarily to a reduction in interest rates. Interest expense for the six months ended September 30, 2008 is \$18.1 million compared to \$27.4 million a year ago due primarily to a reduction in interest rates.

Other income decreased to \$0.3 million in the current quarter and increased to \$1.6 million in the six months ended September 30, 2008. In both periods, other income is composed primarily of interest income on notes receivable and investment income. For the six months ended September 30, 2008 other income includes \$1.1 million in investment income related to a real-estate joint venture.

### Income taxes

The effective tax rate for both the quarter and the six months ended September 30, 2008 is 39%. The quarter ended September 30, 2007 reflects a decrease in tax expense of \$5.7 million because previously incurred merger costs became deductible in that quarter. Except for this item, the

effective rate for the quarter ended September 30, 2007 would have been 38.5%. For the six months ended September 30, 2007, the effective rate was 36.5%.

### Capital Resources and Liquidity

Working Capital and Cash Flow

Working capital at September 30, 2008 totaled \$134.6 million compared to \$45.4 million at March 31, 2008. Total current assets increased due primarily to an increase in cash of \$30.7 million offset by a decrease in refundable income tax of \$15.0 million. Current liabilities decreased \$61.1 million due primarily to decreases in current installments of long-term debt of \$20.0 million, trade accounts payable of \$9.8 million, and other accruals of \$25.5 million.

Accounts receivable days sales outstanding (DSO) was 62 days at September 30, 2008 and was 56 days at March 31, 2008, and is calculated as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Septer	nber 30,	Marc	h 31,
	2008		2008	
Numerator trade accounts receivable, net	\$	220,147	\$	216,462
Denominator:				
Quarter revenue	328,9	35	349,7	797
Number of days in quarter	92		91	
Average daily revenue	\$	3,575	\$	3,844
Days sales outstanding	62		56	

Net cash provided by operating activities during the current year increased 72%, to \$115.3 million. The increase in net earnings of \$31.0 million, change in other assets of \$19.4 million and deferred revenue of \$21.7 million is offset by the change in accounts payable and other liabilities. The effect on cash flow of the change in accounts payable and other liabilities was a decrease of \$24.0 million due to restructuring accrual payments and timing of vendor payments in the current period.

Investing activities used \$21.1 million in cash during the current fiscal year. This included capitalization of data acquisition costs of \$15.1 million and capitalization of software development costs of \$9.1 million. Capital expenditures were \$13.0 million for the six-month period ended September 30, 2008. These investments were offset by payments of \$2.6 million received as a distribution from a real estate joint venture and \$24.2 million from proceeds from the sale of a building. Additionally the Company received a final \$2.0 million payment from EMC related to the parties amended funded software arrangement. The Company acquired \$7.2 million of property under capital leases and software licenses. Payments under these arrangements will be reflected in future cash flows as payments of debt.

Cash flows from financing activities during the current fiscal year include payments of debt of \$59.5 million, consisting of capital lease payments of \$24.1 million, software license payments of \$16.8 million, other debt payments of \$4.1 million, and a term loan prepayment of \$14.5 million. Financing activities also include \$5.9 million in proceeds from sales of stock and \$9.3 million of dividends paid.

### Credit and Debt Facilities

Effective September 15, 2006, the Company entered into an amended and restated credit agreement allowing (1) term loans up to an aggregate principal amount of \$600 million and (2) revolving credit facility borrowings consisting of revolving loans, letter of credit participations and swing-line loans up to an aggregate amount of \$200 million. On September 15, 2006, the Company borrowed the entire amount of the term loan. The term loan is payable in quarterly principal installments of \$1.5 million through September 2011, followed by quarterly principal installments of \$150.0 million through June 2012, followed by a final installment of \$25.5 million due September 15, 2012. The term loan also allows prepayments before maturity. Revolving loan commitments and all borrowings of revolving loans mature on September 15, 2011. The credit agreement is secured by the accounts receivable of Acxiom and its domestic subsidiaries, as well as by the outstanding stock of certain Acxiom subsidiaries. At September 30, 2008 there were no revolving credit borrowings outstanding. Borrowings under the revolving credit agreement bear interest at LIBOR plus 1.5%, an alternative base rate, or at the federal funds rate plus 2.25%.

### Off-Balance Sheet Items and Commitments

The Company has entered into synthetic operating lease facilities for computer equipment and furniture (Leased Assets). These synthetic operating lease facilities are accounted for as operating leases under GAAP and are treated as capital leases for income tax reporting purposes. Lease terms under the computer equipment and furniture facility range from two to six years, with the Company having the option at expiration of the initial term to return, or purchase at a fixed price, or extend or renew the term of the leased equipment. In the event the Company elects to return the Leased Assets, the Company has guaranteed a portion of the residual value to the lessors. Assuming the Company elects to return the

Leased Assets to the lessors at its earliest opportunity under the synthetic lease arrangements and assuming the Leased Assets have no significant residual value to the lessors, the maximum potential amount of future payments the Company could be required to make under these residual value guarantees was \$7.6 million at September 30, 2008. As of September 30, 2008 the Company has a future commitment for synthetic lease payments of \$8.2 million over the next three years.

In connection with a certain building, the Company has entered into a 50/50 joint venture with a local real estate developer. The Company is guaranteeing a portion of the loan for the building. In addition, in connection with the disposal of certain assets, the Company has guaranteed loans for the buyers of the assets. Substantially all of the third party indebtedness for which the Company has provided guarantees is collateralized by various pieces of real property. The aggregate amount of the guarantees at September 30, 2008 was \$2.7 million.

Outstanding letters of credit which reduce the borrowing capacity under the Company s revolving credit were \$6.8 million at September 30, 2008 and March 31, 2008.

### Contractual Commitments

The following table presents Acxiom s contractual cash obligations and purchase commitments at September 30, 2008 (dollars in thousands). The column for 2009 represents the six months ending March 31, 2009. All other columns represent fiscal years ending March 31.

	For the years	ending March 3	31				
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	Thereafter	Total
Capital lease and installment							
payment obligations	\$ 15,915	\$ 22,789	\$ 7,124	\$ 1,387	\$ 552	\$ 10,338	\$ 58,105
Software and data license							
liabilities	6,485	5,769	590	531	-	-	13,375
Warrant liability	-	-	-	-	-	1,553	1,553
Other long-term debt	4,461	8,064	19,205	304,449	177,023	5,978	519,180
Total long-term obligations	26,861	36,622	26,919	306,367	177,575	17,869	592,213
Synthetic equipment and							
furniture leases	4,201	3,849	125	-	-	-	8,175
Equipment operating leases	1,044	998	525	127	11	-	2,705
Building operating leases	10,261	16,194	12,838	11,058	8,999	40,224	99,574
Partnership building lease	869	1,610	1,599	1,599	1,599	1,732	9,008
Total operating lease payments	16,375	22,651	15,087	12,784	10,609	41,956	119,462
Operating software license							
obligations	4,362	5,198	1,674	1,674	836	-	13,744
Total operating lease and							
software license obligations	20,737	27,849	16,761	14,458	11,445	41,956	133,206
Total contractual cash							
obligations	\$ 47,598	\$ 64,471	\$ 43,680	\$ 320,825	\$ 189,020	\$ 59,825	\$ 725,419
	For the years	ending March	31				
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	Thereafter	Total
Purchase commitments on synthetic equipment and							
furniture leases	1,755	4,030	215	-	-	-	6,000
Other purchase commitments	27,341	18,012	13,817	12,439	9,157	21,196	101,962
Total purchase commitments	\$ 29,096	\$ 22,042	\$ 14,032	\$ 12,439	\$ 9,157	\$ 21,196	\$ 107,962

The purchase commitments on the synthetic equipment and furniture leases assume the leases terminate and are not renewed, and the Company elects to purchase the assets. The other purchase commitments include contractual commitments for the purchase of data and open purchase orders for equipment, paper, office supplies, construction and other items. Other purchase commitments in some cases will be satisfied by entering into future operating leases, capital leases, or other financing arrangements, rather than payment of cash.

The following table shows contingencies or guarantees under which the Company could be required, in certain circumstances, to make cash payments as of September 30, 2008 (dollars in thousands):

Residual value guarantee on the synthetic computer equipment and furniture lease

\$ 7,555

Guarantee on certain partnership and other loans

Outstanding letters of credit

6,835

The total of partnership and other loans of which the Company guarantees the portion noted in the above table is \$7.5 million as of September 30, 2008.

While the Company does not have any other material contractual commitments for capital expenditures, certain levels of investments in facilities and computer equipment continue to be necessary to support the business. In some cases, the Company also sells software and hardware to clients. In addition, new outsourcing or facilities management contracts may require substantial up-front capital expenditures to acquire or replace existing assets. Management believes that the Company s existing available debt and cash flow from operations will be sufficient to meet the Company s working capital and capital expenditure requirements for the foreseeable future. The Company also evaluates acquisitions from time to time, which may require up-front payments of cash. Depending on the size of the acquisition it may be necessary to raise additional capital. If additional capital becomes necessary as a result of any material variance of operating results from projections or from potential future acquisitions, the Company would first use available borrowing capacity under its revolving credit agreement, followed by the issuance of debt or equity securities. However, no assurance can be given that the Company would be able to obtain funding through the issuance of debt or equity securities at terms favorable to the Company, or that such funding would be available.

For a description of certain risks that could have an impact on results of operations or financial condition, including liquidity and capital resources, see the Risk Factors contained in Part I, Item 1A, of the Company s 2008 Annual Report.

### Related Parties

See note 15 to the consolidated financial statements contained in the Company s 2008 Annual Report for additional information on certain relationships and related transactions.

#### Non-U.S. Operations

The Company has a presence in the United Kingdom, France, the Netherlands, Germany, Portugal, Poland, Australia and China. Most of the Company's exposure to exchange rate fluctuation is due to translation gains and losses as there are no material transactions that cause exchange rate impact. In general, each of the foreign locations is expected to fund its own operations and cash flows, although funds may be loaned or invested from the U.S. to the foreign subsidiaries subject to limitations in the Company's revolving credit facility. These advances are considered to be long-term investments, and any gain or loss resulting from changes in exchange rates as well as gains or losses resulting from translating the foreign financial statements into U.S. dollars are included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). Exchange rate movements of foreign currencies may have an impact on the Company's future costs or on future cash flows from foreign investments. The Company has not entered into any foreign currency forward exchange contracts or other derivative instruments to hedge the effects of adverse fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates.

### **Critical Accounting Policies**

We prepare our consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These accounting principles require management to make certain judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. The consolidated financial statements in the Company s 2008 Annual Report include a summary of significant accounting policies used in the preparation of Acxiom s consolidated financial statements. In addition, the Management s Discussion and Analysis filed as part of the 2008 Annual Report contains a discussion of the policies which management has identified as the most critical because they require management s use of complex and/or significant judgments. None of the Company s critical accounting policies have materially changed since the date of the last annual report.

### New Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141(R), Business Combinations , (SFAS 141R), which replaces SFAS 141. SFAS 141R requires most assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination, contingent consideration, and certain acquired contingencies to be measured at their fair values as of the date of acquisition. SFAS 141R also requires that acquisition-related costs and restructuring costs be recognized separately from the business combination. SFAS 141R will be effective for the Company for fiscal year 2010 and will be effective for business combinations entered into after April 1, 2009.

In December 2007, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 160, Noncontrolling Interest in Consolidated Financial Statements , (SFAS 160). SFAS 160 amends previous accounting literature to establish new accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary and for the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. SFAS 160 is effective for the Company as of the beginning of fiscal 2010.

#### Forward-looking Statements

This document contains forward-looking statements. These statements, which are not statements of historical fact, may contain estimates, assumptions, projections and/or expectations regarding the Company s financial position, results of operations, market position, product development, growth opportunities, economic conditions, and other similar forecasts and statements of expectation. The Company indicates these statements by words or phrases such as anticipate, estimate, plan, expect, believe, intend, foresee, and similar words or phrases. forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to a number of factors and uncertainties that could cause the Company s actual results and experiences to differ materially from the anticipated results and expectations expressed in the forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements may include but are not limited to the following:

that the amounts for restructuring and impairment charges and accruals for litigation will be within estimated ranges;

that the cash flows used in estimating the recoverability of assets will be within the estimated ranges; and

that items which management currently believes are not material will continue to not be material in the future.

The factors and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, forward-looking statements include but are not limited to the following:

the risk factors described in Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors included in the Company s 2008 Annual Report and in this report and those described from time to time in our future reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission; the possibility that certain contracts may not be closed, or may not be closed within the anticipated time frames;

the possibility that clients may attempt to reduce the amount of business they do with the company;

the possibility that in the event that a change of control of the company was sought that certain of the clients of the company would invoke certain provisions in their contracts resulting in a decline in the revenue and profit of the company; the possibility that certain contracts may not generate the anticipated revenue or profitability;

the possibility that negative changes in economic or other conditions might lead to a reduction in demand for our products and services;

the possibility of an economic slowdown or that economic conditions in general will not be as expected;

the possibility that the historical seasonality of our business may change;

the possibility that significant customers may experience extreme, severe economic difficulty;

the possibility that the integration of acquired businesses may not be as successful as planned;

the possibility that the fair value of certain of our assets may not be equal to the carrying value of those assets now or in future time periods;

the possibility that sales cycles may lengthen;

the possibility that we may not be able to attract and retain qualified technical and leadership associates, or that we may lose key associates to other organizations;

the possibility that we won t be able to properly motivate our sales force or other associates; the possibility that we won t be able to achieve cost reductions and avoid unanticipated costs;

the possibility that we won t be able to continue to receive credit upon satisfactory terms and conditions; the possibility that competent, competitive products, technologies or services will be introduced into the marketplace by other companies;

the possibility that we may be subjected to pricing pressure due to market conditions and/or competitive products and services;

the possibility that there will be changes in consumer or business information industries and markets that negatively impact the company;

the possibility that changes in accounting pronouncements may occur and may impact these projections;

the possibility that we won t be able to protect proprietary information and technology or to obtain necessary licenses on commercially reasonable terms;

the possibility that we may encounter difficulties when entering new markets or industries;

the possibility that there will be changes in the legislative, accounting, regulatory and consumer environments affecting our business, including but not limited to litigation, legislation, regulations and customs relating to our ability to collect, manage, aggregate and use data:

the possibility that data suppliers might withdraw data from us, leading to our inability to provide certain products and services;

the possibility that we may enter into short-term contracts which would affect the predictability of our revenues;

the possibility that the amount of ad hoc, volume-based and project work will not be as expected;

the possibility that we may experience a loss of data center capacity or interruption of telecommunication links or power sources;

the possibility that we may experience failures or breaches of our network and data security systems, leading to potential adverse publicity, negative customer reaction, or liability to third parties;

the possibility that postal rates may increase, thereby leading to reduced volumes of business;

the possibility that our clients may cancel or modify their agreements with us;

the possibility that we will not successfully complete customer contract requirements on time or meet the service levels specified in the contracts, which may result in contract penalties or lost revenue;

the possibility that we experience processing errors which result in credits to customers, re-performance of services or payment of damages to customers;

the possibility that the services of the United States Postal Service, their global counterparts and other delivery systems may be disrupted;

and the possibility that we may be affected by other competitive factors.

With respect to the provision of products or services outside our primary base of operations in the United States, all of the above factors apply, along with the difficulty of doing business in numerous sovereign jurisdictions due to differences in scale, competition, culture, laws and regulations.

Other factors are detailed from time to time in periodic reports and registration statements filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company believes that we have the product and technology offerings, facilities, associates and competitive and financial resources for continued business success, but future revenues, costs, margins and profits are all influenced by a number of factors, including those discussed above, all of which are inherently difficult to forecast.

In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, the Company cautions readers not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements based on the occurrence of future events, the receipt of new information or otherwise.

### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure about Market Risk

Acxiom s earnings are affected by changes in short-term interest rates primarily as a result of its term loan and revolving credit agreement, which bears interest at a floating rate. Acxiom does not currently use derivative or other financial instruments to mitigate the interest rate risk with the exception of an interest-rate swap agreement entered into after September 30, 2008, which hedges the interest rate risk on \$95 million of the Company s term loan. Risk can be estimated by measuring the impact of a near-term adverse movement of one percentage point in short-term market interest rates. If short-term market interest rates increase one percentage point during the next four quarters compared to the previous four quarters, there would be no material adverse impact on Acxiom s results of operations. Acxiom has no material future earnings or cash flow expenses from changes in interest rates related to its other long-term debt obligations as substantially all of Acxiom s remaining long-term debt instruments have fixed rates. At both September 30, 2008 and March 31, 2008, the fair value of Acxiom s fixed rate long-term debt approximated carrying value.

The Company has a presence in the United Kingdom, France, The Netherlands, Germany, Portugal, Poland, Australia and China. In general, each of the foreign locations is expected to fund its own operations and cash flows, although funds may be loaned or invested from the U.S. to the foreign subsidiaries. Therefore, exchange rate movements of foreign currencies may have an impact on Acxiom s future costs or on future cash flows from foreign investments. Acxiom, at this time, has not entered into any foreign currency forward exchange contracts or other derivative instruments to hedge the effects of adverse fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates.

#### Item 4. Controls and Procedures

### (a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

As of September 30, 2008 under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer (our principal executive officer) and our Chief Financial Officer (our principal financial officer), we evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined under Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act )). Based on this evaluation, our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, concluded that, as of September 30, 2008, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

### (b) Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting.

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the three months ended September 30, 2008 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, such internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company is involved in various claims and litigation matters that arise in the ordinary course of the business. None of these, however, are believed to be material in their nature or scope, except as follows:

Richard Fresco, et al. v. R.L. Polk and Company and Acxiom Corporation, (U.S. Dist. Court, S.D. Florida, 07-60695), formerly, Linda Brooks and Richard Fresco v. Auto Data Direct, Inc., et al., (U.S. Dist. Court, S.D. Florida, 03-61063) This is a putative class action lawsuit, removed to federal court in May 2003, filed against Acxiom and several other information providers. The plaintiffs allege that the defendants obtained and used drivers license data in violation of the federal Drivers Privacy Protection Act. To date, a class has not been certified. Among other things, the plaintiffs seek injunctive relief, statutory damages, and attorneys fees. Acxiom has accrued \$5.0 million for the settlement of this case. Acxiom and Polk have agreed to stay the proceedings while mediation is conducted under the purview of the Court. Two companion cases, Sharon Taylor, et al., v. Acxiom, et al., (U.S. District Court, E.D. Texas, 207CV001) and Sharon Taylor, et al. v. Biometric Access Company, et al., (U.S. District Court, E.D. Texas, 2:07-CV-00018), were filed in January 2007. Both Taylor cases were dismissed by the District Court and are now on appeal.

Epsilon Data Management LLC, et al. v. Acxiom Corporation, (192<sup>nd</sup> Judicial District Court of Dallas County, TX, 07-08569) This is a case that was brought by a competitor of Acxiom after the acquisition of three long-time data providers and alleges that Acxiom breached certain terms and conditions of the data licenses with those acquired companies in the course of building and distributing Acxiom data products. The plaintiffs seek injunctive relief and unspecified damages. Acxiom contends that it has acted in conformance with the data licenses and is vigorously defending the claims.

Data Protection Authority of Spain--The Company is involved in a number of actions with the Data Protection Authority of Spain, involving alleged improper usage of individuals data. The Company is negotiating with the Data Protection Authority in an attempt to settle the claims, and the Company maintains that the Company s usage of data has been in compliance with the applicable law. However, upon advice of counsel and after review of the pending claims, the Company accrued \$3.9 million as part of the cost of closure of the Spain office (see note 10). During fiscal 2008, the Company reversed \$2.4 million of the accrual as some of the claims have been settled for less than the Company originally accrued. As of September 30, 2008, the Company has a remaining accrual for this matter of \$0.9 million.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

- (a) Not Applicable
- (b) Not Applicable
- (c) During the first quarter and second quarter of fiscal 2009 there were no repurchases made pursuant to the repurchase program adopted by the Board of Directors on October 26, 2007.

Item 6. Exhibits

- (a) The following exhibits are filed with this Report:
  - 31(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer) pursuant to SEC Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Sections 302 and 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
  - 31(b) Certification of Chief Financial Officer (principal financial and accounting officer) pursuant to SEC Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Sections 302 and 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
  - 32(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer) pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

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32(b) Certification of Chief Financial Officer (principal financial and accounting officer) pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

## ACXIOM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

SIGNATURE	
Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.	the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by
Acxiom Corporation	
Dated: November 7, 2008	
(Signature)	By: <u>/s/Christopher W. Wolf</u>
Christopher W. Wolf	
Chief Financial Officer	
(principal financial and accounting officer)	