NATIONAL FUEL GAS CO Form 10-Q August 09, 2013 <u>Table of Contents</u>

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)

OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2013

OR

[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)

OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from_____ to_____

Commission File Number 1-3880

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

New Jersey13-1086010(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

6363 Main StreetWilliamsville, New York14221(Address of principal executive offices)(Zip Code)

(716) 857-7000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES p NO "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). YES p NO "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large Accelerated Filer	þ	Accelerated Filer	
Non-Accelerated Filer	"(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller	
		Reporting	
		Company	

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES " NO b

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

Common stock, par value \$1.00 per share, outstanding at July 31, 2013: 83,617,599 shares.

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GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Frequently used abbreviations, acronyms, or terms used in this report:

National Fuel Gas Companies

Company	The Registrant, the Registrant and its subsidiaries or the Registrant's subsidiaries as appropriate in the context of the disclosure
Distribution	National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation
Corporation	
Empire	Empire Pipeline, Inc.
ESNE	Energy Systems North East, LLC
Horizon Power	Horizon Power, Inc.
Midstream	National Fuel Gas Midstream Corporation
Corporation	
National Fuel	National Fuel Gas Company
NFR	National Fuel Resources, Inc.
Registrant	National Fuel Gas Company
Seneca	Seneca Resources Corporation
Supply Corporation	National Fuel Gas Supply Corporation

Regulatory Agencies

CFTC	Commodity Futures Trading Commission
EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
FASB	Financial Accounting Standards Board
FERC	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
NYDEC	New York State Department of Environmental Conservation
NYPSC	State of New York Public Service Commission
PaDEP	Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection
PaPUC	Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission
SEC	Securities and Exchange Commission

Other

2012 Form 10-K Bbl	The Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended September 30, 2012 Barrel (of oil)
Bcf	Billion cubic feet (of natural gas)
Bcfe (or Mcfe) – represents Bcf (or	The total heat value (Btu) of natural gas and oil expressed as a volume of natural gas. The Company uses a conversion formula of 1 barrel of oil = 6 Mcf of natural gas.
Mcf) Equivalent	
Btu	British thermal unit; the amount of heat needed to raise the temperature of one pound of water one degree Fahrenheit
Capital expenditure	Represents additions to property, plant, and equipment, or the amount of money a company spends to buy capital assets or upgrade its existing capital assets.
Cashout revenues	A cash resolution of a gas imbalance whereby a customer pays Supply Corporation and/or Empire for gas the customer receives in excess of amounts delivered into Supply Corporation's and Empire's systems by the customer's shipper.
Degree day	A measure of the coldness of the weather experienced, based on the extent to which the daily average temperature falls below a reference temperature, usually 65 degrees Fahrenheit.
Derivative	A financial instrument or other contract, the terms of which include an underlying variable (a price, interest rate, index rate, exchange rate, or other variable) and a notional amount (number of units, barrels, cubic feet, etc.). The terms also permit for the instrument or contract to be settled net and no initial net investment is required to enter into the financial instrument or contract. Examples include futures contracts, options, no cost collars and swaps.

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Development costs	Costs incurred to obtain access to proved oil and gas reserves and to provide facilities for extracting, treating, gathering and storing the oil and gas
Dodd-Frank Act	Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act.
Dth	Decatherm; one Dth of natural gas has a heating value of 1,000,000 British thermal units,
	approximately equal to the heating value of 1 Mcf of natural gas.
Exchange Act	Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended
Expenditures for	Includes capital expenditures, stock acquisitions and/or investments in partnerships.
long-lived assets	includes cupitul experiatules, secon acquisitions and of investments in particularity.
Exploration costs	Costs incurred in identifying areas that may warrant examination, as well as costs incurred
Laproration Costs	in examining specific areas, including drilling exploratory wells.
Firm transportation	The transportation and/or storage service that a supplier of such service is obligated by
and/or storage	contract to provide and for which the customer is obligated to pay whether or not the service
C	is utilized.
GAAP	Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America
Goodwill	An intangible asset representing the difference between the fair value of a company and the price at which a company is purchased.
Hedging	A method of minimizing the impact of price, interest rate, and/or foreign currency exchange
6 6	rate changes, often times through the use of derivative financial instruments.
Hub	Location where pipelines intersect enabling the trading, transportation, storage, exchange,
	lending and borrowing of natural gas.
Interruptible	The transportation and/or storage service that, in accordance with contractual arrangements,
transportation and/or	can be interrupted by the supplier of such service, and for which the customer does not pay
storage	unless utilized.
LIBOR	London Interbank Offered Rate
LIFO	Last-in, first-out
Marcellus Shale	A Middle Devonian-age geological shale formation that is present nearly a mile or more
	below the surface in the Appalachian region of the United States, including much of
	Pennsylvania and southern New York.
Mbbl	Thousand barrels (of oil)
Mcf	Thousand cubic feet (of natural gas)
MD&A	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
MDth	Thousand decatherms (of natural gas)
MMBtu	Million British thermal units (heating value of one decatherm of natural gas)
MMcf	Million cubic feet (of natural gas)
NGA	The Natural Gas Act of 1938, as amended; the federal law regulating interstate natural gas
	pipeline and storage companies, among other things, codified beginning at 15 U.S.C.
	Section 717.
NYMEX	New York Mercantile Exchange. An exchange which maintains a futures market for crude
	oil and natural gas.
Open Season	A bidding procedure used by pipelines to allocate firm transportation or storage capacity
1	among prospective shippers, in which all bids submitted during a defined time period are
	evaluated as if they had been submitted simultaneously.
Precedent Agreement	An agreement between a pipeline company and a potential customer to sign a service
	agreement after specified events (called "conditions precedent") happen, usually within a
	specified time.

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Proved developed reserves	Reserves that
	can be expected
	to be recovered
	through existing
	wells with
	existing
	equipment and
	operating methods.
Proved undeveloped (PUD) reserves	Reserves that are
	expected to be
	recovered from
	new wells on
	undrilled
	acreage, or from
	existing wells
	where a
	relatively major
	expenditure is
	required to make
	these reserves
	productive.
Reserves	—
Reserves	The unproduced
	but recoverable
	oil and/or gas in
	place in a
	formation which
	has been proven
	by production.
Revenue decoupling mechanism	A rate
	mechanism
	which adjusts
	customer rates to
	render a utility
	financially
	indifferent to
	throughput
	decreases
	resulting from
	e e
S & D	conservation.
S&P	Standard &
	Poor's Rating
	Service
SAR	Stock
	appreciation
	right
Samuina agreement	

Service agreement

	The binding
	agreement by
	which the
	pipeline
	company agrees
	to provide
	service and the
	shipper agrees to
	pay for the
	service.
Stock acquisitions	Investments in
	corporations
VEBA	Voluntary
	Employees'
	Beneficiary
	Association
WNC	Weather
	normalization
	clause; a clause
	in utility rates
	which adjusts
	customer rates to
	allow a utility to
	recover its
	normal operating
	costs calculated
	at normal
	temperatures. If
	temperatures
	during the
	measured period
	are warmer than
	normal,
	customer rates
	are adjusted
	upward in order
	to recover
	projected
	operating
	costs. If
	temperatures
	during the
	measured period
	are colder than
	normal,
	customer rates
	are adjusted
	downward so
	that only the
	projected
	operating costs

will be recovered.

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