Edgar Filing: Cyrus	One Inc Form 10-Q
CyrusOne Inc. Form 10-Q August 10, 2015 Table of Contents	
UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549	
FORM 10-Q	
OF 1934 For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015	N 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT
For the transition period to Commission File Number: 001-35789 (CyrusOne Inc.) Commission File Number: 333-188426 (CyrusOne LP) CyrusOne Inc.	
CyrusOne LP (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) Maryland (CyrusOne Inc.) Maryland (CyrusOne LP) (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 1649 West Frankford Road, Carrollton, TX 75007	46-0691837 46-0982896 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
(Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code) (972) 350-0060 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to s	
CyrusOne Inc. Yes ý No " CyrusOne LP Yes ý No "	

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

CyrusOne Inc. Yes ý No "CyrusOne LP Yes ý No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

CyrusOne Inc.

Large accelerated filer ý Accelerated filer ... Smaller reporting company ...

CyrusOne LP

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer " Smaller reporting company "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act).

CyrusOne Inc. Yes "No ý CyrusOne LP Yes "No ý

#### CyrusOne Inc.

There were 66,241,461 shares of common stock outstanding as of July 31, 2015 with a par value of \$0.01 per share.

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

This report combines the quarterly reports on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2015 of CyrusOne Inc., a Maryland corporation, and CyrusOne LP, a Maryland limited partnership, of which CyrusOne GP, a Maryland statutory trust of which CyrusOne Inc. is the sole beneficial owner and sole trustee, is the sole general partner. Unless otherwise indicated or unless the context requires otherwise, all references in this report to "we," "us," "our," "our Company" or "the Company" refer to CyrusOne Inc. together with its consolidated subsidiaries, including CyrusOne LP. Unless otherwise indicated or unless the context requires otherwise, all references to "our operating partnership" or "the operating partnership" refer to CyrusOne LP together with its consolidated subsidiaries.

CyrusOne Inc. is a real estate investment trust, or REIT, and the sole beneficial owner and sole trustee of CyrusOne GP, which is the sole general partner of CyrusOne LP. As of June 30, 2015, and after giving effect to the April 2015 and June 2015 equity offerings and the use of proceeds therefrom, the total number of outstanding shares of common stock and operating partnership units was 72.6 million. Following the application of the offering proceeds to acquire common units of limited partnership interests in CyrusOne LP from our former parent, Cincinnati Bell Inc. ("CBI"), CBI held an 8.7% noncontrolling interest in the operating partnership. As of June 30, 2015, CBI owned approximately 11.3% of CyrusOne through its 2.6% interest in the outstanding shares of common stock of CyrusOne Inc. (comprised of the outstanding common stock and the common units of limited partnership interest that may be exchanged by CBI for common stock) and its 8.7% interest in the common units of the limited partnership interest of CyrusOne LP. As the sole beneficial owner and sole trustee of CyrusOne GP, which is the sole general partner of CyrusOne LP, CyrusOne Inc. has the full, exclusive and complete responsibility for the operating partnership's day-to-day management and control.

We believe combining the quarterly reports of CyrusOne Inc. and CyrusOne LP into this single report on Form 10-Q results in the following benefits:

enhancing investors' understanding of our Company and our operating partnership by enabling investors to view the business as a whole in the same manner as management views and operates the business;

eliminating duplicative disclosure and providing a more streamlined and readable presentation since a substantial portion of the disclosure applies to both the Company and the operating partnership; and

ereating time and cost efficiencies through the preparation of one combined report instead of two separate reports. There are a few differences between our Company and our operating partnership, which are reflected in the disclosures in this report. We believe it is important to understand the differences between our Company and our operating partnership in the context of how we operate as an interrelated consolidated company. CyrusOne Inc. is a REIT, whose only material asset is its ownership of operating partnership units of CyrusOne LP. As a result, CyrusOne Inc. does not conduct business itself, other than acting as the sole trustee of CyrusOne GP, issuing public equity from time to time and guaranteeing certain debt of CyrusOne LP. CyrusOne Inc. itself does not issue any indebtedness but guarantees the debt of CyrusOne LP, as disclosed in this report. CyrusOne LP holds substantially all the assets of the Company. CyrusOne LP conducts the operations of the business and is structured as a partnership with no publicly traded equity. Except for net proceeds from public equity issuances by CyrusOne Inc., which are generally contributed to CyrusOne LP in exchange for operating partnership units, CyrusOne LP generates the capital required by the Company's business through CyrusOne LP's operations and by CyrusOne LP's incurrence of indebtedness or through the issuance of partnership units.

The presentation of noncontrolling interest, shareholders' equity and partnership capital are the main areas of difference between the condensed consolidated financial statements of CyrusOne Inc. and those of CyrusOne LP. The operating partnership units held by CBI in CyrusOne LP are presented as partnership capital in CyrusOne LP's condensed consolidated financial statements and as noncontrolling interest within equity in CyrusOne Inc.'s condensed consolidated financial statements. The operating partnership units held by CyrusOne Inc. in CyrusOne LP are presented as partnership capital in CyrusOne LP's condensed consolidated financial statements and as common stock and additional paid in capital within shareholders' equity in CyrusOne Inc.'s condensed consolidated financial statements. The differences in the presentations between shareholders' equity and partnership capital result from the differences in the equity issued at the CyrusOne Inc. and the CyrusOne LP levels.

To help the investors understand the significant differences between the Company and the operating partnership, this report presents the condensed consolidated financial statements separately for the Company and the operating partnership.

As sole beneficial owner and sole trustee of CyrusOne GP, which is the sole general partner with control of the operating partnership, CyrusOne Inc. consolidates the operating partnership for financial reporting purposes, and it does not have significant assets other than its investment in the operating partnership. Therefore, the assets and liabilities of CyrusOne Inc. and CyrusOne LP are the same on their respective condensed consolidated financial statements. The separate discussions of CyrusOne Inc. and CyrusOne LP in this report should be read in conjunction with each other to understand the results of the Company on a consolidated basis and how management operates the Company.

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In order to establish that the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer of each entity have made the requisite certifications and that the Company and the operating partnership are compliant with Rule 13a-15 or Rule 15d-15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and with 18 U.S.C. §1350, this report also includes separate Item 4. Controls and Procedures sections and separate Exhibits 31 and 32 certifications for each of the Company and the operating partnership.

All other sections of this report, including select footnotes to the consolidated financial statements, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk, are presented together for CyrusOne Inc. and CyrusOne LP.

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#### PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CyrusOne Inc.

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(unaudited and amounts in millions, except for shares and per share amounts)

(unaudited and amounts in millions, except for shares and per share amounts)			
	As of	As of	
	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	
Assets			
Investment in real estate:			
Land	\$93.0	\$89.7	
Buildings and improvements	824.2	812.6	
Equipment	423.4	349.1	
Construction in progress	125.8	127.0	
Subtotal	1,466.4	1,378.4	
Accumulated depreciation	·	) (327.0	)
Net investment in real estate	1,091.0	1,051.4	
Cash and cash equivalents	413.5	36.5	
Rent and other receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1.1 and \$1.0 as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively	56.3	60.9	
Goodwill	276.2	276.2	
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$79.4 and \$72.1 as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively	61.6	68.9	
Due from affiliates	1.7	0.8	
Other assets	91.4	91.8	
Total assets	\$1,991.7	\$1,586.5	
Liabilities and equity			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$90.0	\$69.9	
Deferred revenue	66.5	65.7	
Due to affiliates	174.9	7.3	
Capital lease obligations	12.1	13.4	
Long-term debt	729.8	659.8	
Other financing arrangements	52.8	53.4	
Total liabilities	1,126.1	869.5	
Commitment and contingencies			
Equity			
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 100,000,000 authorized; no shares issued or			
outstanding			
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 500,000,000 shares authorized and 66,268,923			
and	0.6	0.4	
38,651,517 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2015 and December 31,	0.0	0.4	
2014, respectively			
Additional paid in capital	908.3	516.5	
Accumulated deficit	(98.9	) (55.9	)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(0.3	) (0.3	)
Total shareholders' equity	809.7	460.7	
Noncontrolling interest	55.9	256.3	
Total equity	865.6	717.0	
Total liabilities and equity	\$1,991.7	\$1,586.5	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

CyrusOne Inc.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (unaudited and amounts in millions, except per share data)

	Three Months	Three Months	Six Months	Six Months
	Ended June	Ended June	Ended June	Ended June
	30, 2015	30, 2014	30, 2015	30, 2014
Revenue	\$89.1	\$81.7	\$174.8	\$159.2
Costs and expenses:				
Property operating expenses	32.8	31.8	65.1	59.5
Sales and marketing	2.8	3.5	5.7	6.5
General and administrative	9.9	8.4	19.0	15.7
Depreciation and amortization	31.4	29.8	62.5	57.4
Transaction costs	9.6	0.8	9.7	0.9
Asset impairments			8.6	_
Total costs and expenses	86.5	74.3	170.6	140.0
Operating income	2.6	7.4	4.2	19.2
Interest expense	8.7	10.7	17.1	21.4
Net loss before income taxes	(6.1)	(3.3)	(12.9)	(2.2)
Income tax expense	(0.4)	(0.3)	(0.8)	(0.7)
Net loss	(6.5)	(3.6)	(13.7)	(2.9)
Noncontrolling interest in net loss	(1.0)	(2.5)	(3.9)	(2.0)
Net loss attributed to common shareholders	\$(5.5)	\$(1.1)	\$(9.8)	\$(0.9)
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	51.1	21.7	44.1	21.3
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	51.1	21.7	44.1	21.3
Loss per share - basic and diluted	\$(0.11)	(0.06)	(0.23)	(0.06)
Dividends declared per share	\$0.315	\$0.210	\$0.630	\$0.420

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

# CyrusOne Inc.

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (unaudited and amounts in millions)

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2015		Months M Ended June E		Three Months Ended June 30, 2014		Six Months Ended June 30, 2015		Six Month Ended Jun 30, 2014	-
Net loss	\$(6.5	)	\$(3.6	)	\$(13.7	)	\$(2.9	)		
Other comprehensive loss:										
Foreign currency translation adjustments	0.3						_			
Comprehensive loss	(6.2	)	(3.6	)	(13.7	)	(2.9	)		
Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	(1.0	)	(2.5	)	(3.9	)	(2.0	)		
Comprehensive loss attributable to CyrusOne Inc.	\$(5.2	)	\$(1.1	)	\$(9.8	)	\$(0.9	)		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condense	d consolidate	Ы	financial sta	te	ments					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

CyrusOne Inc.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY (unaudited and amounts in millions)

		Issued	Additiona Paid In ntCapital	l Accumu Deficit	late	Accumulate edOther Comprehens Loss	Sharehol Equity/		rsNon- controlling t Interest	Total Equity
						LUSS	Investme	ent		
Balance January 1, 2014	22.0	\$ 0.2	\$ 340.7	\$ (18.9	)	\$ —	\$ 322.0		\$ 455.6	\$777.6
Net loss	_			(2.9	)		(2.9	)	_	(2.9)
Noncontrolling interest allocated net loss	_	_	_	2.0		_	2.0		(2.0)	_
Stock issuance costs			(1.3)				(1.3	)	_	(1.3)
Stock based compensation	0.7		5.0				5.0			5.0
Issuance of common stock	16.0	0.2	355.7				355.9			355.9
Redemption of noncontrolling interest		_	(189.0 )	_		_	(189.0	)	(166.9 )	(355.9)
Dividends and distributions, \$0.42 per share	_			(12.9	)	_	(12.9	)	(14.5)	(27.4)
Balance at June 30, 2014	38.7	\$0.4	\$ 511.1	\$ (32.7	)	\$ —	\$ 478.8		\$ 272.2	\$751.0
Balance January 1, 2015 Net loss	38.7	\$ 0.4 —	\$ 516.5 —	\$ (55.9 (13.7	)	\$ (0.3 )	\$ 460.7 (13.7	)	\$ 256.3 —	\$717.0 (13.7)
Noncontrolling interest allocated net loss	_	_	_	3.9		_	3.9		(3.9)	_
Stock issuance costs	_		(0.6)				(0.6	)		(0.6)
Stock based compensation	0.3		6.2	_			6.2		_	6.2
Common stock repurchases	_		(0.7)				(0.7	)	_	(0.7)
Issuance of common stock	27.3	0.2	799.1				799.3			799.3
Redemption of noncontrolling interest			(412.2)			_	(412.2	)	(184.2)	(596.4)
Dividends and distributions, \$0.63 per share			_	(33.2	)	_	(33.2	)	(12.3)	(45.5)
Balance at June 30, 2015	66.3	\$ 0.6	\$ 908.3	\$ (98.9	)	\$ (0.3)	\$ 809.7		\$ 55.9	\$865.6
The accompanying notes are ar	n integr	ral part o	of the conde	nsed cons	oli	dated financia	l statement	s.		

# CyrusOne Inc.

### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(unaudited and amounts in millions)

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2015	d Six Months Ended June 30, 2014
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$(13.7	) \$(2.9)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	62.5	57.4
Noncash interest expense	1.4	1.8
Stock-based compensation expense	6.2	5.0
Provision for bad debt write off	0.2	0.6
Asset impairments	8.6	_
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Rent receivables and other assets	(7.8	) (31.4
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	5.4	2.5
Deferred revenues	0.8	10.8
Due to affiliates	(1.9	) 0.2
Net cash provided by operating activities	61.7	44.0
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Capital expenditures – acquisitions of real estate	(17.3	) —
Capital expenditures – other development	(74.2	) (116.8
Net cash used in investing activities	(91.5	) (116.8
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Issuance of common stock	799.3	355.9
Stock issuance costs	(0.6	) (0.5
Acquisition of operating partnership units	(426.0	) (355.9
Dividends paid	(33.8	) (24.0
Borrowings from revolving credit agreement	70.0	_
Payments on capital leases and other financing arrangements	(2.1	) (2.2
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	406.8	(26.7)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	377.0	(99.5)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	36.5	148.8
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$413.5	\$49.3
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information		
Cash paid for interest	\$18.5	\$20.5
Cash paid for income taxes	1.9	0.3
Supplemental disclosures of non cash investing and financing activities		
Capitalized interest	\$2.5	\$0.9
Acquisition of property in accounts payable and other liabilities	27.2	45.0
Dividends declared	25.3	13.7
Forward contract for purchase of operating partnership units	170.3	_
Stock issuance costs	_	0.8
Debt issuance costs	3.1	_
Taxes on vesting of shares	0.7	
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated fin	nancial statements.	

# CyrusOne LP CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (unaudited and amounts in millions)

	As of	As of	
	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	
Assets			
Investment in real estate:			
Land	\$93.0	\$89.7	
Buildings and improvements	824.2	812.6	
Equipment	423.4	349.1	
Construction in progress	125.8	127.0	
Subtotal	1,466.4	1,378.4	
Accumulated depreciation	(375.4)	(327.0	)
Net investment in real estate	1,091.0	1,051.4	
Cash and cash equivalents	413.5	36.5	
Rent and other receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1.1 and \$1.0 as of June 20, 2015 and December 21, 2014, respectively.	56.3	60.9	
\$1.0 as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively Goodwill	276.2	276.2	
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$79.4 and \$72.1 as of	270.2	270.2	
June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively	61.6	68.9	
Due from affiliates	1.7	0.8	
Other assets	91.4	91.8	
Total assets	\$1,991.7	\$1,586.5	
Liabilities and parent's net investment	,	•	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$90.0	\$69.9	
Deferred revenue	66.5	65.7	
Due to affiliates	174.9	7.3	
Capital lease obligations	12.1	13.4	
Long-term debt	729.8	659.8	
Other financing arrangements	52.8	53.4	
Total liabilities	1,126.1	869.5	
Commitments and contingencies	•		
Parent's net investment:			
Partnership capital	865.6	717.0	
Total liabilities and partnership capital	\$1,991.7	\$1,586.5	
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated fin	·		

CyrusOne LP CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (unaudited and amounts in millions)

	Three Months	Three Months	Six Months	Six Months
	Ended June 30,	Ended June 30,	Ended June 30,	Ended June 30,
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenue	\$89.1	\$81.7	\$174.8	\$159.2
Costs and expenses:				
Property operating expenses	32.8	31.8	65.1	59.5
Sales and marketing	2.8	3.5	5.7	6.5
General and administrative	9.9	8.4	19.0	15.7
Depreciation and amortization	31.4	29.8	62.5	57.4
Transaction costs	9.6	0.8	9.7	0.9
Asset impairments	_		8.6	_
Total costs and expenses	86.5	74.3	170.6	140.0
Operating income	2.6	7.4	4.2	19.2
Interest expense	8.7	10.7	17.1	21.4
Net loss before income taxes	(6.1)	(3.3)	(12.9)	(2.2)
Income tax expense	(0.4)	(0.3)	(0.8)	(0.7)
Net loss	\$(6.5)	\$(3.6)	\$(13.7)	\$(2.9)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

# CyrusOne LP CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (unaudited and amounts in millions)

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2015		Months		Months Ended June		Three Months the Ended June 30, 2014		Six Months Ended June 30, 2015		Six Month Ended Jun 30, 2014		
Net loss	\$(6.5	)	\$(3.6	)	\$(13.7	)	\$(2.9	)					
Other comprehensive loss:													
Foreign currency translation adjustments	0.3				_		_						
Comprehensive loss attributable to CyrusOne LP	\$(6.2	)	\$(3.6	)	\$(13.7	)	\$(2.9	)					
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condense	d consolidate	d	financial stat	tei	ments.								

# CyrusOne LP CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PARTNERSHIP CAPITAL (unaudited and amounts in millions)

	Partnership	Partnershi	p
	Units	Capital	
Balance January 1, 2014	64.6	\$777.6	
Net loss		(2.9	)
Compensation expense of CyrusOne Inc. allocated to operating partnership		5.0	
Distributions to CyrusOne Inc.		(1.3	)
Net partnership units issued to CyrusOne Inc.	0.7		
Partnership units purchased by CyrusOne Inc.	16.0	355.9	
Partnership units sold by CBI	(16.0	) (355.9	)
Partnership distributions		(27.4	)
Balance at June 30, 2014	65.3	\$751.0	
D. I	(5.2	ф <b>717</b> О	
Balance January 1, 2015	65.3	\$717.0	
Net loss		(13.7	)
Compensation expense of CyrusOne Inc. allocated to operating partnership		5.5	
Distributions to CyrusOne, Inc.		(0.6	)
Net partnership units issued to CyrusOne Inc.	0.3		
Partnership units purchased by CyrusOne Inc.	27.3	799.3	
Partnership units sold by CBI	(20.3	) (596.4	)
Partnership distributions		(45.5	)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	_		
Balance at June 30, 2015 <sup>1</sup>	72.6	\$865.6	

<sup>1 -</sup> CyrusOne Inc. acquired approximately 6.0 million common units of limited partnership interests in the operating partnership from a subsidiary of CBI on July 1, 2015. These 6.0 million common units of limited partnership interests have been excluded from the partnership unit balance as of June 30, 2015. The liability of \$170.3 million to purchase these units is recorded in Due to affiliates.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

CyrusOne LP CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited and amounts in millions)

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2015		Six Months Ended June 30, 2014	
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net loss	\$(13.7	)	\$(2.9	)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	62.5		57.4	
Noncash interest expense	1.4		1.8	
Stock-based compensation expense	6.2		5.0	
Provision for bad debt write off	0.2		0.6	
Asset impairments	8.6		_	
Change in operating assets and liabilities:				
Rent receivables and other assets	(7.8	)	(31.4	)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	5.4		2.5	
Deferred revenues	0.8		10.8	
Due to affiliates	(1.9	)	0.2	
Net cash provided by operating activities	61.7		44.0	
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Capital expenditures – acquisitions of real estate	(17.3	)	_	
Capital expenditures – other development	(74.2	)	(116.8	)
Net cash used in investing activities	(91.5	)	(116.8	)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Issuance of partnership units	373.3		_	
Distributions paid	(33.8	)	(24.0	)
Borrowings from revolving credit agreement	70.0		_	
Distributions to CyrusOne Inc.	(0.6	)	(0.5	)
Payments on capital leases and other financing arrangements	(2.1	)	(2.2	)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	406.8		(26.7	)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	377.0		(99.5	)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	36.5		148.8	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$413.5		\$49.3	
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information				
Cash paid for interest	\$18.5		\$20.5	
Cash paid for income taxes	1.9		0.3	
Supplemental disclosures of noncash investing and financing activities				
Capitalized interest	\$2.5		\$0.9	
Acquisition of property in accounts payable and other liabilities	27.2		45.0	
Distribution declared	25.3		13.7	
Forward contract for purchase of operating partnership units	170.3		_	
Stock issuance costs	_		0.8	
Debt issuance costs	3.1		_	
Taxes on vesting of shares	0.7		_	
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated fin	nancial statements.			

# 1. Description of Business

CyrusOne Inc., together with CyrusOne GP, a wholly-owned subsidiary of CyrusOne Inc., through which CyrusOne Inc. holds a controlling interest in CyrusOne LP (the "operating partnership") and the subsidiaries of the operating partnership (collectively, "CyrusOne", "we", "us", "our", and the "Company") is an owner, operator and developer of enterprise-class, carrier-neutral, multi-tenant data center properties. Our customers operate in a number of industries, including energy, oil and gas, mining, medical, technology, finance and consumer goods and services. We currently operate 27 data centers located in the United States, United Kingdom and Singapore.

#### 2. Formation

Prior to November 20, 2012, CyrusOne was not an operative legal entity or a combination of legal entities. On November 20, 2012, the operating partnership received a contribution of interests in real estate properties and the assumption of debt and other specified liabilities from CBI ("Predecessor") in exchange for the issuance of 123.7 million operating partnership units to CBI.

On January 24, 2013, CyrusOne Inc. completed its initial public offering ("IPO") of common stock, issuing approximately 19.0 million shares for \$337.1 million, net of underwriting discounts. At that time the operating partnership executed a 2.8 to 1.0 reverse unit split, resulting in CBI owning 44.1 million operating partnership units. In addition, CBI exchanged approximately 1.5 million of its operating partnership units for 1.5 million shares of CyrusOne Inc. common stock, and CBI was issued 0.4 million shares of CyrusOne Inc. common stock in repayment for transaction costs paid by CBI. CyrusOne Inc. also issued approximately 1.1 million shares of restricted stock to its directors and employees. In addition, on January 24, 2013, CyrusOne Inc., together with CyrusOne GP, purchased approximately 21.9 million, or 33.9%, of the operating partnership's units for \$337.1 million and through CyrusOne GP assumed the controlling interest in the operating partnership of 66.1%.

On June 25, 2014, CyrusOne Inc. completed a public offering of approximately 16.0 million shares of its common stock, including 2.1 million shares of common stock issued upon the exercise in full by the underwriters of their option to purchase additional shares, at a price to the public of \$23.25 per share, or \$371.7 million. CyrusOne Inc. used the proceeds of \$355.9 million, net of underwriting discounts of \$15.8 million, to acquire 16.0 million common units of limited partnership interests in the operating partnership from a subsidiary of CBI.

On April 7, 2015, CyrusOne Inc. completed a public offering of approximately 14.3 million shares of its common stock, including approximately 1.9 million shares of common stock issued upon the exercise in full by the underwriters of their option to purchase additional shares, at a price to the public of \$31.12 per share, or \$443.8 million. CyrusOne Inc. used the proceeds of \$426.0 million, net of underwriting costs of \$17.8 million, to acquire approximately 14.3 million common units of limited partnership interests in the operating partnership from two subsidiaries of CBI.

On April 28, 2015, CyrusOne LP entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") that provided for the acquisition of four data center facilities and two work area recovery facilities serving the New York metropolitan area through the acquisition of Cervalis Holdings LLC ("Cervalis") for approximately \$400 million, excluding transaction related expenses. Simultaneously, CyrusOne Inc. obtained financing commitments from KeyBank to provide an unsecured \$300 million bridge loan facility. Such commitments were terminated when the Company amended its Credit Agreement on June 22, 2015. See Note 6 below. The transaction closed on July 1, 2015. See Note 15 below.

On June 26, 2015, CyrusOne Inc. completed a public offering of approximately 13.0 million shares of its common stock, including 1.7 million shares of common stock issued upon the exercise in full by the underwriters of their option to purchase additional shares, at a price to the public of \$30.00 per share, or \$389.9 million. CyrusOne Inc. used \$203 million of the total proceeds of \$373.3 million, net of underwriting costs of \$16.6 million, to finance the acquisition of Cervalis, to pay fees and expenses related to the Cervalis acquisition and for general corporate purposes. The balance of the purchase price was funded with proceeds from CyrusOne Inc.'s offering of 6.375% senior notes due 2022 and borrowings under its amended credit facility. See Note 15 below. In addition, CyrusOne used the remaining \$170.3 million of the net proceeds from the offering to acquire approximately 6.0 million common units of limited partnership interests in the operating partnership from a subsidiary of CBI. The purchase of the partnership interests was completed on July 1, 2015.

As of June 30, 2015, and after giving effect to the April 2015 and June 2015 equity offerings and the use of proceeds therefrom, the total number of outstanding shares of common stock and operating partnership units was 72.6 million which

reflects the purchase of the operating units on July 1. CBI held a 8.7% noncontrolling interest in the operating partnership. As of June 30, 2015, and after giving effect to the April 2015 and June 2015 equity offerings and use of proceeds therefrom, CBI owned approximately 11.3% of CyrusOne through its 2.6% interest in the outstanding shares of common stock of CyrusOne Inc. and its 8.7% interest in the common units of the limited partnership interest of CyrusOne LP that may be exchanged by CBI for common stock.

#### 3. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, are prepared on a consolidated basis.

In addition, the accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, which was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on February 27, 2015. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been omitted from this report on Form 10-Q pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC.

It should also be noted that the results for the interim periods shown in this report are not necessarily indicative of future

financial results and have not been audited by our independent registered public accounting firm. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include all adjustments necessary to present fairly our financial position as of June 30, 2015, and our results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. These adjustments are of a normal recurring nature and consistent with the adjustments recorded to prepare the annual audited financial statements as of December 31, 2014.

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates—Preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. These estimates and assumptions are based on management's knowledge of current events and actions that we may undertake in the future. Estimates are used in determining the fair value of leased real estate, the useful lives of real estate and other long-lived assets, future cash flows associated with goodwill and other long-lived asset impairment testing, deferred tax assets and liabilities and loss contingencies. Estimates were also utilized in the determination of historical allocations of shared employees' payroll, benefits and incentives and management fees. Actual results may differ from these estimates and assumptions.

Investments in Real Estate—Investments in real estate consist of land, buildings, improvements and integral equipment utilized in our data center operations. Real estate acquired from third parties has been recorded at its acquisition cost. Real estate acquired from CBI and its affiliates has been recorded at its historical cost basis. Additions and improvements which extend an asset's useful life or increase its functionality are capitalized and depreciated over the asset's remaining life. Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred.

When we are involved in the construction of structural improvements to leased property, we are deemed the accounting owner of the leased real estate. In these instances, we bear substantially all the construction period risk, including managing or funding construction. These transactions generally do not qualify for sale-leaseback accounting due to our continued involvement in these data center operations. At inception, the fair value of the real estate, which generally consists of a building shell and our associated obligation is recorded as construction in progress. As construction progresses the value of the asset and obligation increases by the fair value of the structural improvements. When construction is complete, the asset is placed in service and depreciation commences. Leased real estate is depreciated to the lesser of (i) its estimated fair value at the end of the term or (ii) the expected amount of the unamortized obligation at the end of the term. The associated obligation is presented as other financing arrangements in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

When we are not deemed the accounting owner, we further evaluate leased real estate to determine whether the lease should be classified as a capital or operating lease. One of the following four characteristics must be present to

classify a lease as a capital lease: (i) the lease transfers ownership of the property to the lessee by the end of the lease term, (ii) the lease contains a bargain purchase option, (iii) the lease term is equal to 75% or more of the estimated economic life of the leased property or (iv) the net present value of the lease payments are at least 90% of the fair value of the leased property.

CyrusOne Inc. and CyrusOne LP NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (unaudited)

Construction in progress includes direct and indirect expenditures for the construction and expansion of our data centers and is stated at its acquisition cost. Independent contractors perform substantially all of the construction and expansion efforts of our data centers. Construction in progress includes costs incurred under construction contracts including project management services, engineering and schematic design services, design development, construction services and other construction-related fees and services. Interest, property taxes and certain labor costs are also capitalized during the construction of an asset.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset. Useful lives range from nine to forty-eight years for buildings, three to twenty-five years for building improvements, and three to five years for equipment. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the asset's useful life or the remaining lease term, including renewal options which are reasonably assured.

Management reviews the carrying value of long-lived assets, including intangible assets with finite lives, when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. Examples of such indicators may include a significant adverse change in the extent to which or manner in which the property is being used, an accumulation of costs significantly in excess of the amount originally expected for acquisition or development, or a history of operating or cash flow losses. When such indicators exist, we review an estimate of the undiscounted future cash flows expected to result from the use of an asset (or group of assets) and its eventual disposition and compare such amount to its carrying amount. We consider factors such as future operating income, leasing demand, competition and other factors. If our undiscounted net cash flows indicate that we are unable to recover the carrying value of the asset, an impairment loss is recognized. An impairment loss is measured as the amount by which the asset's carrying value exceeds its estimated fair value.

Impairment exists when the Company's net book value of real estate assets is greater than the estimated fair value. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, we recognized impairments of \$8.6 million related to the Austin 1 termination. There were no impairments recognized for the six months ended June 30, 2014.

Cash and Cash Equivalents—Cash and cash equivalents include all non-restricted cash held in financial institutions and other non-restricted highly liquid short-term investments with original maturities at acquisition of three months or less.

Goodwill—Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of net assets acquired in connection with business acquisitions. We perform impairment testing of goodwill, at the reporting unit level, on an annual basis or more frequently if indicators of potential impairment exist. The fair value of our reporting unit was determined using a combination of market-based valuation multiples for comparable businesses and discounted cash flow analysis based on internal financial forecasts incorporating market participant assumptions. There were no impairments recognized for any of the periods presented.

Long-Lived and Intangible Assets—Intangible assets represent purchased assets that lack physical substance, but can be separately distinguished from goodwill because of contractual or other legal rights or because the asset is capable of being sold or exchanged, either on its own or in combination with a related contract, asset, or liability. Intangible assets with finite lives consist of trademarks, customer relationships, and a favorable leasehold interest.

Rent and Other Receivables—Receivables consist principally of trade receivables from customers and are generally unsecured and due within 30 to 120 days. Unbilled receivables arise from services rendered but not yet billed. Expected credit

losses associated with trade receivables are recorded as an allowance for uncollectible accounts. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is estimated based upon historic patterns of credit losses for aged receivables as well as specific provisions for certain identifiable, potentially uncollectible balances. When internal collection efforts on accounts have been

exhausted, the accounts are written-off and the associated allowance for uncollectible accounts is reduced. The Company has

receivables with 1 customer that exceeds 10% of the Company's outstanding accounts receivable balance at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014. In addition, our receivables include \$8.2 million of receivables as of June 30, 2015 which has not been billed to the customer. The amount will be billed and payable in 36 monthly payments which started in April 2015 through March 2018. As of June 30, 2015, receivables were \$57.4 million, and the allowance for uncollectible accounts was \$1.1 million. The December 31, 2014 receivables were \$61.9 million, and the allowance for uncollectible accounts was \$1.0 million.

Deferred Costs—Deferred costs include both deferred leasing costs and deferred financing costs. Deferred costs are presented with other assets in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. Leasing commissions incurred at the commencement of a new lease are capitalized and amortized over the term of the customer lease. Amortization of deferred leasing costs is presented with depreciation and amortization in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations. If a lease terminates prior to the expected term of the lease, the remaining unamortized cost is written off to amortization expense.

CyrusOne Inc. and CyrusOne LP NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (unaudited)

Deferred financing costs include costs incurred in connection with issuance of debt and the Credit Agreement (as defined below). These financing costs are capitalized and amortized over the term of the debt or Credit Agreement and are included as a component of interest expense.

Revenue Recognition—Colocation rentals are generally billed monthly in advance, and some contracts have escalating payments over the term of the contract. If rents escalate without the lessee gaining access to or control over additional leased space or power, and the lessee takes possession of, or controls the physical use of the property (including all contractually committed power) at the beginning of the lease term, the rental payments by the lessee are recognized as revenue on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. If rents escalate because the lessee gains access to and control over additional leased space or power, revenue is recognized in proportion to the additional space or power in the periods that the lessee has control over the use of the additional space or power. The excess of revenue recognized over amounts contractually due is recognized in other assets in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Some of our leases are structured on a full-service gross basis in which the customer pays a fixed amount for both colocation rent and power. Other leases provide that the customer will be billed for power based upon actual usage which is separately metered. In both cases, this revenue is presented as revenue in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations. Power is generally billed one month in arrears, and an estimate of this revenue is accrued in the month that the associated costs are incurred. We generally are not entitled to reimbursements for real estate taxes, insurance or other operating expenses.

Revenue is recognized for services or products that are deemed separate units of accounting. When a customer makes an advance payment, which is not deemed a separate unit of accounting, deferred revenue is recorded. This revenue is recognized ratably over the expected term of the lease, unless the pattern of service suggests otherwise.

Certain customer leases require specified levels of service or performance. If we fail to meet these service levels, our customers may be eligible to receive credits on their contractual billings. These credits are recognized against revenue when an event occurs that gives rise to such credits.

Depreciation and Amortization Expense—Depreciation expense is recognized over the estimated useful lives of real estate applying the straight-line method. The useful life of leased real estate and leasehold improvements is the lesser of the economic useful life of the asset or the term of the lease, including optional renewal periods if renewal of the lease is reasonably assured. The residual value of leased real estate is estimated as the lesser of (i) the expected fair value of the asset at the end of the lease term or (ii) the expected amount of the unamortized liability at the end of the lease term. Estimated useful lives are periodically reviewed.

Amortization expense is recognized over the estimated useful lives of finite-lived intangibles. An accelerated method of amortization is utilized to amortize our customer relationship intangible, consistent with the benefit expected to be derived from this asset. We amortize trademarks, favorable leasehold interests, deferred leasing costs and deferred sales commissions over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life of trademarks and customer relationships is eight to 15 years. In addition, we have a favorable leasehold interest related to a land lease that is being amortized over the lease term of 56 years.

Transaction Costs—Transaction costs represent incremental legal, accounting and professional fees incurred in connection with the formation transactions, our qualification as a real estate investment trust, or REIT, and potential business combinations. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred and do not include any recurring costs from our ongoing operations.

Income Taxes—CyrusOne Inc. was included in the Predecessor consolidated tax returns in various jurisdictions for the Predecessor period. In the accompanying financial statements, the Predecessor period reflects income taxes as if the Company were a separate stand-alone company. The income tax provision consists of an amount for taxes currently payable and an amount for tax consequences deferred to future periods. CyrusOne Inc. has elected to be taxed as a REIT under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), commencing with our initial taxable year ending December 31, 2013. Provided we continue to meet the various qualification tests mandated under the Code, we are generally not subject to corporate level federal income tax on the earnings distributed currently to our shareholders. If we fail to qualify as a REIT in any taxable year, our taxable income will be subject to federal income

tax at regular corporate rates and any applicable alternative minimum tax.

While CyrusOne Inc. and the operating partnership do not pay federal income taxes, we are still subject to foreign, state and local income taxes in the locations in which we conduct business. Our taxable REIT subsidiaries (each a "TRS") are also subject to federal and state income taxes to the extent they earn taxable income.

Deferred income taxes are recognized in certain entities. Deferred income taxes are provided for temporary differences in the bases between financial statement and income tax assets and liabilities. Deferred income taxes are recalculated annually at

CyrusOne Inc. and CyrusOne LP
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (unaudited)

rates then in effect. Valuation allowances are recorded to reduce deferred tax assets to amounts that are more likely than not to be realized. The ultimate realization of the deferred tax assets depends upon our ability to generate future taxable income during the periods in which basis differences and other deductions become deductible and prior to the expiration of the net operating loss carryforwards.

The Company and its subsidiaries file income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction as well as various foreign, state and local jurisdictions. The Company's previous tax filings are subject to normal reviews by regulatory agencies until the related statute of limitations expires. With a few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal, state or local examinations for years prior to 2010, and we have no liabilities for uncertain tax positions as of June 30, 2015.

Comprehensive Loss—Comprehensive loss represents the change in net assets of a company from transactions and other events from non-owner sources. Comprehensive income loss comprises all components of net income and all components of other comprehensive income.

Earnings Per Share—Basic EPS includes only the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS includes the weighted average number of common shares and the dilutive effect of stock options, restricted stock and share unit awards and convertible subordinated notes outstanding during the period, when such instruments are dilutive.

All outstanding unvested share-based payment awards that contain rights to nonforfeitable dividends are treated as participating in undistributed earnings with common shareholders. Awards of this nature are considered participating securities and the two-class method of computing basic and diluted EPS must be applied.

Stock-Based Compensation—In conjunction with the IPO, our board of directors adopted the 2012 Long-Term Incentive Plan ("LTIP"). The LTIP is administered by the board of directors, or the plan administrator. Awards issuable under the LTIP include common stock, restricted stock, stock options and other incentive awards. The awards under the LTIP include the following:

Restricted Shares - On January 24, 2013, CyrusOne Inc. issued approximately 1 million restricted shares to its employees, officers and members of the Company's board of directors in conjunction with CyrusOne's IPO. These restricted shares generally vest over three years. The per share grant date price was \$19.00. In addition, from time to time, new employees and board of directors have been issued restricted shares. These restricted shares are issued at a price equal to share price on the grant date.

Performance and Market Based Awards - On April 17, 2013, and February 7, 2014, the Company issued performance and market based awards in the form of options and/or restricted stock to certain employees and officers of the Company. Fifty percent of the restricted shares and stock options will vest annually based upon achieving certain performance criteria. The other fifty percent of the restricted shares and stock options will vest at the end of three years if certain market conditions are met. The fair value of these awards was determined using the Black-Scholes or Monte-Carlo model which use assumptions such as volatility, risk-free interest rate, and expected term of the awards. Time-Based, Performance and Market Based Awards - On February 10, 2015, the Company issued awards in the form of options and/or restricted stock to certain employees and officers of the Company. The stock options are time-based and vest annually on a pro-rata basis over three years. Twenty-five percent of the restricted stock is subject to time-based vesting and seventy-five percent of the restricted stock is subject to time-based restricted stock will vest pro-rata annually over three years. The performance-based restricted stock will vest annually based upon the achievement of certain criteria for each year of the three-year measurement period. The first two years are capped at 100% of the target with a cumulative true-up in year three. The fair value of these awards was determined using the Black-Scholes or Monte-Carlo model which use assumptions such as volatility, risk-free interest rate, and expected term of the awards.

• Compensation expense for these awards is recognized over the vesting periods. See Note 10 for additional details relating to these awards.

Business Segments—Business segments are components of an enterprise for which separate financial information is available and regularly viewed by the chief operating decision maker to assess performance and allocate resources. Our chief operating decision maker, the Company's Chief Executive Officer, reviews our financial information on an

aggregate basis. Furthermore, our data centers have similar economic characteristics and customers across all geographic locations, and our service offerings have similar production processes, deliver services in a similar manner and use the same types of facilities and similar technologies. As a result, we have concluded that we have one reportable business segment.

CyrusOne Inc. and CyrusOne LP NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (unaudited)

Recently Issued Accounting Standards—In May 2014, the FASB issued guidance that outlines a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers and supersedes most of the existing revenue recognition guidance. This guidance requires an entity to recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services and also requires certain additional disclosures which are effective for interim and annual reporting periods in fiscal years that begin after December 15, 2016. In July 2015, the FASB voted to approve a one-year deferral of the effective date to December 15, 2017 for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after that date and permitted early adoption of the standard, but not before the original effective date of December 15, 2016. This guidance permits two implementation approaches, one requiring retrospective application of the new standard with restatement of prior years and one requiring prospective application of the new standard with disclosure of results under the old standards. We are currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this guidance in our consolidated financial statements.

In June 2014, the FASB issued a guidance update for the presentation of stock compensation. This guidance requires an entity to treat performance targets that can be met after the requisite service period of a share based award has ended, as a performance condition that affects vesting which is effective for interim and annual reporting periods in fiscal years that begin after December 15, 2015. We are currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this guidance in our consolidated financial statements.

In August 2014, the FASB issued guidance on determining when and how reporting entities must disclose going-concern uncertainties in their financial statements. The new standard requires management to perform interim and annual assessments of an entity's ability to continue as a going concern within one year of the date of issuance of the entity's financial statements. This guidance is effective for annual periods ending after December 15, 2016, and interim periods thereafter; early adoption is permitted. We are currently evaluating the full impact of the new standard. In January 2015, the FASB issued guidance eliminating from U.S. GAAP the concept of an extraordinary item. An entity is no longer required to (1) segregate an extraordinary item from the results of ordinary operations; (2) separately present an extraordinary item on its income statement, net of tax, after income from continuing operations; and (3) disclose income taxes and earnings-per-share data applicable to an extraordinary item. This guidance does not affect the reporting and disclosure requirements for an event that is unusual in nature or that occurs infrequently. In February 2015, the FASB issued guidance which amended the consolidation requirements in ASC 810 and significantly changed the consolidation analysis required under U.S. GAAP. The amendments include (1) limited partnerships will be variable interest entities; (2) changes the effect that fees paid to a decision maker or service provider have on the consolidation analysis; (3) amends how variable interests held by a reporting entity's related parties or de facto agents affect its consolidation conclusion; (4) clarifies how to determine whether the equity holders have power over the entity, and (5) the deferral of ASU 2009-17 for investments in certain investment funds has been eliminated. This guidance is effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2015. We are currently evaluating the full impact of the new standard. In April 2015, the FASB issued guidance to simplify the presentation of debt issuance costs. The amendments would require that debt issuance costs be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of debt liability, consistent with debt discounts or premiums. The recognition and measurement guidance for debt issuance costs would not be affected by this guidance. This guidance is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years. We are currently evaluating the full impact of the new standard.

# CyrusOne Inc. and CyrusOne LP NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (unaudited)

# 5. Investment in Real Estate

A schedule of our gross investment in real estate follows:

A senedure of our gross investment in rear c	June 30,			Decembe	er 31, 2014	
		Building and			Building and	
(amounts in millions)	Land	Improvements	Equipment	Land	Improvements	Equipment
West Seventh St., Cincinnati, OH (7th Street)	\$0.9	\$110.5	\$19.0	\$0.9	\$110.6	\$12.7
Parkway Dr., Mason, OH (Mason)	_	20.2	0.9	_	20.2	0.9
Industrial Rd., Florence, KY (Florence)	2.2	41.4	3.0	2.2	41.4	3.0
Goldcoast Dr., Cincinnati, OH (Goldcoast)	0.6	6.7	0.1	0.6	6.7	0.1
Knightsbridge Dr., Hamilton, OH		40.2			40.0	2.7
(Hamilton)	_	49.2	3.8	_	49.2	3.7
E. Monroe St., South Bend, IN (Monroe St.)	) —	2.5	0.1	_	2.5	0.1
Springer St., Lombard, IL (Lombard)	0.7	4.7	7.3	0.7	4.7	5.7
Crescent Circle, South Bend, IN		2.2	0.1		2.2	0.1
(Blackthorn)	_	3.3	0.1	_	3.3	0.1
Kingsview Dr., Lebanon, OH (Lebanon)	4.0	77.3	5.4	4.0	77.0	5.5
McAuley Place Blue Ash OH (Blue Ash)	_	0.6	0.1	_	0.6	0.1
Westway Park Blvd., Houston, TX (Houston	n,,	0.4.0		1 4	0.4.4	
west 1)		84.8	44.7	1.4	84.4	43.8
Westway Park Blvd., Houston, TX (Houston	n <sub>20</sub>	22.5	16.4	2.0	22.5	45 1
West 2)		22.5	46.4	2.0	22.5	45.1
Westway Park Blvd., Houston, TX (Houston	n 10 1	2.0	0.0	10.4		
West 3)	18.4	3.9	0.9	18.4	_	_
Southwest Fwy., Houston, TX (Galleria)		68.6	15.5		68.6	15.0
E. Ben White Blvd., Austin, TX (Austin 1)		14.3	1.0		22.5	1.2
S. State Highway 121 Business, Lewisville,		76.6	23.3		76.7	22.8
TX (Lewisville)		70.0	23.3		70.7	22.0
Marsh Lane, Carrollton, TX (Marsh Ln)		0.1	0.6	_	0.1	0.5
Midway Rd., Carrollton, TX (Midway)	_	2.0	0.4	_	2.0	0.4
W. Frankford Rd., Carrollton, TX	16.1	52.6	101.3	16.1	51.6	85.3
(Carrollton)	10.1			10.1		
Bryan St., Dallas, TX (Bryan St)	_	0.1	0.2	_	0.1	0.2
North Freeway, Houston, TX (Greenspoint)					1.3	
South Ellis Street, Chandler, AZ (Phoenix 1	-	57.1	44.7	14.8	56.4	43.9
South Ellis Street, Chandler, AZ (Phoenix 2	2)—	16.5	37.3	_	13.2	21.8
Westover Hills Blvd., San Antonio, TX (San	n 4.6	32.1	32.5	4.6	32.1	32.4
Antonio I)						
Westover Hills Blvd., San Antonio, TX (San	<sup>n</sup> 7.0		_	7.0	_	_
Antonio 2)						
Metropolis Dr., Austin, TX (Austin 2)	2.0	23.2	4.3	2.0	23.2	4.0
Kestral Way (London)		33.1	0.7		32.7	0.7
Jurong East (Singapore)	_	8.8	0.1	_	9.0	0.1
Ridgetop Circle, Sterling, VA (Northern	7.0	11.5	29.7	7.0	_	_
Virginia)						
Metropolis Dr., Austin, TX (Austin 3)	8.0	_		8.0		_
Metropolis Dr. Austin, TX (Austin 4)	3.3	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	—	— 0.12 (	<u> </u>
Total	\$93.0	\$824.2	\$423.4	\$89.7	\$812.6	\$349.1

Construction in progress was \$125.8 million and \$127.0 million as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. We continue to have high amounts of construction in progress as we continue to build data center facilities.

During 2015, we are continuing to invest in the development of real estate property. Our capital expenditures have included the development of additional square footage and power in our Phoenix 2, Houston West 3, Carrollton and Northern Virginia data centers, and the purchase of Austin 4 in February of 2015. The total purchase price of the Austin 4 facility was \$17.3 million, of which \$3.3 million was allocated to land and the remaining amount remains in construction in process as of June 30, 2015.

Impairment is recorded when the Company's net book value of real estate assets is greater than the estimated fair value. For the period ended June 30, 2015, we recognized an impairment of \$8.6 million related to the exit of Austin 1, which is a

CyrusOne Inc. and CyrusOne LP

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (unaudited)

leased facility. The effective date of our lease termination is March 31, 2016. The decrease in fair value results from the various assets that we will no longer be able to use once we exit this facility.

#### 6. Debt and Other Financing Arrangements

Debt and other financing arrangements presented in the accompanying consolidated financial statements consist of the following:

(amounts in millions)	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Revolving credit facility	\$205.0	\$135.0
Term loan	150.0	150.0
6.375% senior notes due 2022	374.8	374.8
Long-term debt	729.8	659.8
Capital lease obligations	12.1	13.4
Other financing arrangements	52.8	53.4
Total	\$794.7	\$726.6

Revolving Credit Agreement— On October 9, 2014, CyrusOne LP entered into a new Credit Agreement which provides for a \$450 million senior unsecured revolving credit facility to replace CyrusOne LP's former \$225 million secured credit facility, and a \$150 million senior unsecured term loan. The revolving credit facility is scheduled to mature in October 2018 and includes a one-year extension option, which if exercised by CyrusOne LP would extend the maturity date to October 2019. The term loan is scheduled to mature in October 2019. The revolving credit facility currently bears interest at a rate per annum equal to LIBOR plus 1.70% and the term loan currently bears interest at a rate per annum equal to LIBOR plus 1.65%. The Credit Agreement governing the revolving credit facility and the term loan originally contained an accordion feature that allowed CyrusOne LP to increase the aggregate commitment by up to \$300 million.

On June 22, 2015, CyrusOne entered into an amendment to the Credit Agreement and other loan documents governing its senior unsecured revolving credit facility and senior unsecured term loan facility. The amendment increased the size of the Credit Agreement's accordion feature, which gave the operating partnership the ability to request an increase in the total commitment under the Credit Agreement, from \$300 million to \$600 million. Immediately after entering into the amendment, the operating partnership exercised \$350 million of this accordion feature and obtained commitments to increase the total commitment under the Credit Agreement from \$600 million to \$950 million, comprised of \$650 million of commitments under the revolving credit facility and \$300 million under the term loan. As of June 30, 2015 there were borrowings of \$205 million under the revolving credit facility and \$150 million under the term loan. As of December 31, 2014 there were borrowings of \$135 million under the revolving credit facility and \$150 million under the term loan.

On July 1, 2015, CyrusOne borrowed an additional \$150 million under the term loan which was used to partially finance the acquisition of Cervalis. After giving effect to the additional borrowing on July 1, 2015, the Company had borrowings of \$205 million under the \$650 million revolving credit facility and \$300 million under the \$300 million term loan facility. The Credit Agreement governing the revolving credit facility and the term loan currently contains an accordion feature that allows CyrusOne LP to increase the aggregate commitment by up to \$250 million. See Note 15 below.

We pay commitment fees for the unused amount of borrowings on the revolving credit facility and term loan and letter of credit fees on any outstanding letters of credit. The commitment fees are equal to 0.25% per annum of the actual daily amount by which the aggregate revolving commitments exceed the sum of outstanding revolving loans and letter of credit obligations. Commitment fees related to the Credit Agreement were \$0.1 million and \$0.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Commitment fees related to the Credit Agreement were \$0.3 million and \$0.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Capital lease obligations—We use leasing as a source of financing for certain of our data center facilities and related equipment. We currently operate four data center facilities recognized as capital leases. We have options to extend the initial lease term on all these leases and options to purchase the facility for one of these leases. Interest expense on

capital lease obligations was \$1.3 million and \$1.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Interest expense on capital lease obligations was \$2.7 million and \$3.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

CyrusOne Inc. and CyrusOne LP NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (unaudited)

6.375% Senior Notes due 2022—On November 20, 2012, CyrusOne LP and CyrusOne Finance Corp. (the "Issuers") issued \$525 million of 6.375% senior notes due 2022 ("6.375% senior notes"). The 6.375% senior notes are senior unsecured obligations of the Issuers, which rank equally in right of payment with all existing and future unsecured senior debt of the Issuers. The 6.375% senior notes are effectively subordinated to all existing and future secured indebtedness of the Issuers to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness. The 6.375% senior notes are fully and unconditionally and jointly and severally guaranteed by CyrusOne Inc., CyrusOne GP, and each of CyrusOne LP's existing and future domestic 100% owned subsidiaries, subject to certain exceptions. Each such guarantee is a senior unsecured obligation of the applicable guarantor, ranking equally with all existing and future unsecured senior debt of such guarantor and effectively subordinated to all existing and future secured indebtedness of such guarantor to the extent of the value of the assets securing that indebtedness. The 6.375% senior notes are structurally subordinated to all liabilities (including trade payables) of each subsidiary of the Issuer that does not guarantee the senior notes. The 6.375% senior notes bear interest at a rate of 6.375% per annum, payable semi-annually on May 15 and November 15 of each year, beginning on May 15, 2013.

The indenture governing the 6.375% senior notes contains affirmative and negative covenants customarily found in indebtedness of this type, including a number of covenants that, among other things, restrict, subject to certain exceptions, the Company's ability to: incur secured or unsecured indebtedness; pay dividends or distributions on its equity interests, or redeem or repurchase equity interests of the Company; make certain investments or other restricted payments; enter into transactions with affiliates; enter into agreements limiting the ability of the operating partnership's subsidiaries to pay dividends or make certain transfers and other payments to the operating partnership or to other subsidiaries; sell assets; and merge, consolidate or transfer all or substantially all of the operating partnership's assets. Notwithstanding the foregoing, our indenture restricts CyrusOne LP from making distributions to its stockholders and limited partners, or redeeming or otherwise repurchasing shares of its capital stock or partnership units, after the occurrence and during the continuance of an event of default, except in limited circumstances including as necessary to enable CyrusOne Inc. to maintain its qualification as a REIT and to minimize the payment of income tax. The Company and its subsidiaries are also required to maintain total unencumbered assets of at least 150% of their unsecured debt on a consolidated basis, provided that for the purposes of such calculation their revolving credit facility shall be treated as unsecured indebtedness, in each case subject to certain qualifications set forth in the indenture.

The 6.375% senior notes will mature on November 15, 2022. However, prior to November 15, 2017, the Issuers may, at their option, redeem some or all of the 6.375% senior notes at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 6.375% senior notes, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, plus a "make-whole" premium. On or after November 15, 2017, the Issuers may, at our option, redeem some or all of the 6.375% senior notes at any time at declining redemption prices equal to (i) 103.188% beginning on November 15, 2017, (ii) 102.125% beginning on November 15, 2018, (iii) 101.063% beginning on November 15, 2019 and (iv) 100.000% beginning on November 15, 2020 and thereafter, plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the applicable redemption date. In addition, before November 15, 2015, and subject to certain conditions, the Issuers may, at their option, redeem up to 35% of the aggregate principal amount of the 6.375% senior notes with the net proceeds of certain equity offerings at 106.375% of the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the date of redemption; provided that (i) at least 65% of the aggregate principal amount of the 6.375% senior notes remains outstanding and (ii) the redemption occurs within 90 days of the closing of any such equity offering.

In November and December of 2014, we repurchased a portion of our 6.375% senior notes with an aggregate face value of \$150.2 million for a purchase price of \$163 million, including accrued interest. This resulted in a loss on extinguishment of debt of \$12.8 million. As of June 30, 2015, the outstanding balance on our 6.375% senior notes was \$374.8 million.

On July 1, 2015, CyrusOne LP and CyrusOne Finance Corp. closed a private offering of \$100 million aggregate principal amount of their 6.375% senior notes due 2022 (the "New Notes"). The New Notes were issued as additional notes under the Indenture dated November 20, 2012 as supplemented by the first supplemental indenture dated July 1, 2015. The New Notes have terms substantially identical to those of the 6.375% senior notes issued in November 2012

and are guaranteed by CyrusOne Inc., CyrusOne GP and certain of the operating partnership's existing and future domestic subsidiaries. The issuers of the notes entered into a registration rights agreement which requires them, at their cost, to use commercially reasonably efforts to file and cause to become effective a registration statement within 180 days of July 1, 2015, to be used in connection with the exchange of the New Notes for freely tradable notes with substantially identical terms in all material respects to the New Notes (which exchange must be completed on or prior to the 30th day after such registration statement is declared effective). The Company used the net proceeds from the offering of the New Notes to finance, in part, the operating partnership's acquisition of Cervalis, and to pay fees and expenses related to the acquisition. See Note 15 below.

Other financing arrangements—Other financing arrangements represent leases of real estate in which we are involved in the construction of structural improvements to develop buildings into data centers. When we bear substantially all the construction period risk, such as managing or funding construction, we are deemed to be the accounting owner of the leased property and, at the lease inception date, we are required to record at fair value the property and associated liability on our

CyrusOne Inc. and CyrusOne LP

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balance sheet. These transactions generally do not qualify for sale-leaseback accounting due to our continued involvement in these data center operations.

Deferred financing costs—Deferred financing costs are costs incurred in connection with obtaining long-term financing. Deferred financing costs were incurred in connection with the issuance of the revolving credit facility and term loan and 6.375% senior notes due 2022. As of June 30, 2015 and 2014, deferred financing costs totaled \$17.2 million and \$12.4 million, respectively. Deferred financing costs related to the senior notes are amortized using the effective interest method over the term of the related indebtedness. Deferred financing costs related to the revolving credit facility and term loan are amortized using the straight-line method. Amortization of deferred financing costs, included in interest expense in the consolidated statements of operations totaled \$0.7 million and \$0.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Amortization of deferred financing costs totaled \$1.4 million and \$1.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Debt Covenants —The Credit Agreement governing the revolving credit facility and the term loan requires us to maintain certain financial covenants including the following, in each case on a consolidated basis:

A minimum fixed charge ratio;

Maximum total and secured leverage ratios;

A minimum tangible net worth ratio;

A maximum secured recourse indebtedness ratio;

A minimum unencumbered debt yield ratio; and

A maximum ratio of unsecured indebtedness to unencumbered asset

Notwithstanding these limitations, we will be permitted, subject to the terms and conditions of the Credit Agreement, to distribute to our shareholders cash dividends in an amount not to exceed 95% of our Funds From Operations ("FFO"), as defined in the Credit Agreement, for any period. Similarly, our indenture permits dividends and distributions necessary for us to maintain our status as a REIT.

The Company's most restrictive covenants are generally included in its Credit Agreement. In order to continue to have access to amounts available to it under the Credit Agreement, the Company must remain in compliance with all covenants.

The indenture governing the 6.375% senior notes contains affirmative and negative covenants customarily found in indebtedness of this type, including a number of covenants that, among other things, restrict, subject to certain exceptions, the Company's ability to: incur secured or unsecured indebtedness; pay dividends or distributions on its equity interests, or redeem or repurchase equity interests of the Company; make certain investments or other restricted payments; enter into transactions with affiliates; enter into agreements limiting the ability of the operating partnership's subsidiaries to pay dividends or make certain transfers and other payments to the operating partnership or to other subsidiaries; sell assets; and merge, consolidate or transfer all or substantially all of the operating partnership's assets. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the covenants contained in the indenture do not restrict the Company's ability to pay dividends or distributions to shareholders to the extent (i) no default or event of default exists or is continuing under the indenture and (ii) the Company believes in good faith that we qualify as a REIT under the Code and the payment of such dividend or distribution is necessary either to maintain its status as a REIT or to enable it to avoid payment of any tax that could be avoided by reason of such dividend or distribution. The Company and its subsidiaries are also required to maintain total unencumbered assets of at least 150% of their unsecured debt on a consolidated basis. As of June 30, 2015, we believe we were in compliance with all covenants.

### 7. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value measurements are utilized in accounting for business combinations and testing of goodwill and other long-lived assets for impairment and disclosures. Fair value of financial and non-financial assets and liabilities is defined as an exit price, representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. The three-tier hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value, which prioritizes the inputs used in the methodologies of measuring fair value for assets and liabilities, is as follows:

Level 1—Observable inputs for identical instruments such as quoted market prices;

Level 2—Inputs include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or

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liability (i.e., interest rates, yield curves, etc.), and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means (market corroborated inputs); and

Level 3—Unobservable inputs that reflect our determination of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. These inputs are developed based on the best information available, including our own data

The fair value of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses approximate their carrying value because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

The carrying value and fair value of other financial instruments are as follows:

	June 30, 2015		December 31,	2014
(amounts in millions)	Carrying Value	e Fair Value	Carrying Value	e Fair Value
6.375% senior notes due 2022	\$374.8	\$388.9	\$374.8	\$402.0
Revolving credit facility and term loan	355.0	355.0	285.0	285.0
Related party forward contract	170.3	170.3		_
Other financing arrangements	52.8	57.8	53.4	63.1

The fair value of our senior notes as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 was based on the quoted market price for these notes, which is considered Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of the revolving credit facility and term loan was based on par value as of June 30, 2015. The fair value of the related party forward contract was based on par value as of June 30, 2015 due to its short duration. The fair value of other financing arrangements at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, was calculated using a discounted cash flow model that incorporates current borrowing rates for obligations of similar duration. These fair value measurements are considered Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

### 8. Noncontrolling Interest - Operating Partnership

The noncontrolling interest represents the limited partnership interest in the operating partnership held by CBI. The following table shows the ownership interests as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, and the portion of net loss and distributions for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 and after giving effect to the April 2015 and June 2015 equity offerings:

(amounts in millions, except per unit amount)	June 30, 2	June 30, 2014						
	The		CBI	The			CBI	
	Company		CDI		Company		CDI	
Operating partnership units	66.3		6.3		38.7		26.6	
Ownership %	91.3	%	8.7	%	59.2	%	40.8	%
Portion of net (loss) income	(9.8	)	(3.9	)	(0.9	)	(2.0	)
Distributions	(33.2	)	(12.3	)	(12.9	)	(14.5	)

CyrusOne LP issued 123.7 million operating partnership units to CBI on November 20, 2012 and CBI assumed certain of the Predecessor's intercompany payables and other liabilities of \$203.5 million. Subsequent to December 31, 2012, CyrusOne LP executed a 2.8 to 1.0 reverse unit split, resulting in CBI owning 44.1 million operating partnership units. On January 24, 2013, CBI exchanged 1.5 million operating partnership units for common shares of CyrusOne Inc. As stock is issued by CyrusOne Inc., CBI's ownership percentage will change. CyrusOne Inc. has issued shares in conjunction with the LTIP discussed in Note 10. Furthermore, on June 25, 2014, CyrusOne Inc. completed a public offering of 16.0 million shares of its common stock, including 2.1 million shares of common stock issued upon the exercise in full by the underwriters of their option to purchase additional shares, at a price to the public of \$23.25 per share, or \$371.7 million. CyrusOne Inc. used the proceeds of \$355.9 million, net of underwriting discounts of \$15.8 million, to acquire 16 million common units of limited partnership interests in the operating partnership from a subsidiary of CBI. As a result, the Company's noncontrolling interest decreased by \$166.9 million and CBI's ownership decreased to 40.8% as of June 30, 2014. In addition, the Company's additional paid in capital decreased by \$412.2 million and \$189 million as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. This represents the difference between the proceeds and the noncontrolling interest redeemed by CBI.

On April 7, 2015, CyrusOne Inc. completed a public offering of approximately 14.3 million shares of its common stock, including approximately 1.9 million shares of common stock issued upon the exercise in full by the underwriters of their option to purchase additional shares, at a price to the public of \$31.12 per share, or \$443.8 million. CyrusOne Inc. used the proceeds

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of \$426.0 million, net of underwriting costs of \$17.8 million, to acquire approximately 14.3 million common units of limited partnership interests in the operating partnership from two subsidiaries of CBI.

On June 26, 2015, CyrusOne Inc. completed a public offering of approximately 13.0 million shares of its common stock, including approximately 1.7 million shares of common stock issued upon the exercise in full by the underwriters of their option to purchase additional shares, at a price to the public of \$30.00 per share, or \$389.9 million.

CyrusOne Inc. used \$203 million of the total proceeds of \$373.3 million, net of underwriting costs of \$16.6 million, to finance the acquisition of Cervalis, to pay fees and expenses related to the Cervalis acquisition and for general corporate purposes. The balance of the purchase price was funded with proceeds from CyrusOne Inc.'s offering of 6.375% senior notes due 2022 and borrowings under its amended credit facility. See Note 15 below. In addition, CyrusOne used the remaining \$170.3 million of the net proceeds from the offering to acquire approximately 6.0 million common units of limited partnership interests in the operating partnership from a subsidiary of CBI. The purchase of the partnership interests was completed on July 1, 2015.

As of June 30, 2015, and after giving effect to the April 2015 and June 2015 equity offerings and the use of proceeds therefrom, the total number of outstanding shares of common stock and operating partnership units was approximately 72.6 million which reflects the purchase of the operating units on July 1. CBI held a 8.7% noncontrolling interest in the operating partnership. As of June 30, 2015, and after giving effect to the April 2015 and June 2015 equity offerings and use of proceeds therefrom, CBI owned approximately 11.3% of CyrusOne through its 2.6% interest in the outstanding shares of common stock of CyrusOne Inc. and its 8.7% interest in the common units of the limited partnership interest of CyrusOne LP that may be exchanged by CBI for common stock.

After giving effect to the forward contract on July 1, 2015, the redemption value of the remaining noncontrolling interests, was approximately \$186.9 million based on the closing price of our stock of \$29.45 on June 30, 2015.

9. Dividends

On May 7, 2015, we announced a regular cash dividend of \$0.315 per common share payable to shareholders of record at the close of business on June 26, 2015. In addition, holders of operating partnership units received a distribution of \$0.315 per unit. The dividends and distributions were paid on July 15, 2015.

### 10. Equity Incentive Plan

In conjunction with the IPO, our board of directors adopted the LTIP. The LTIP is administered by the board of directors, or the plan administrator. Awards issuable under the LTIP may include common stock, restricted stock, stock options and other incentive awards. We have reserved a total of 4 million shares of our common stock for issuance pursuant to the LTIP, which may be adjusted for changes in our capitalization and certain corporate transactions. To the extent that an award, if forfeitable, expires, terminates or lapses, or an award is otherwise settled in cash without the delivery of shares of common stock to the participant, then any unpaid shares subject to the award will be available for future grant or issuance under the LTIP. The payment of dividend equivalents in cash in conjunction with any outstanding awards will not be counted against the shares available for issuance under the LTIP. The related stock compensation expense incurred by CyrusOne Inc. will be allocated to the operating partnership. Time-Based Awards

The Company issued approximately 1 million time-based restricted shares to its employees, officers and directors in conjunction with the IPO. These restricted shares generally vest over three years. The per share grant date price was \$19.00. These restricted shares also earn non-forfeitable dividends throughout the vesting period. In addition, from time to time, new employees and directors have been issued restricted shares. These restricted shares are issued at a price equal to the share price on the grant date. The board also issued new time-based options and time-based restricted stock to certain of its employees and directors in February 2015.

The Company recognized stock-based compensation expense of approximately \$1.8 million and \$1.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The Company recognized stock-based compensation expense of approximately \$3.4 million and \$3.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. In addition, the Company had unrecognized compensation expense of approximately \$5.9 million as of June 30, 2015. This expense will be recognized over the remaining vesting period, or approximately 0.8 years.

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#### Performance-Based Awards

On April 17, 2013, the Company approved grants of performance-based options and performance-based restricted stock under the LTIP. These awards generally vest over three years upon the achievement of certain performance-based objectives. These awards are expensed based on the grant date fair value if it is probable that the performance conditions will be achieved.

The Company recognized stock-based compensation expense related to the April 2013 grant of approximately \$0.2 million and \$0.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The Company recognized stock-based compensation expense related to the April 2013 grant of approximately \$0.4 million and \$0.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. In addition, the Company had unrecognized compensation expense of approximately \$0.4 million as of June 30, 2015. This expense will be recognized over the remaining vesting period, or approximately 0.8 years.

The performance criteria are based on achieving both an EBITDA and a relative stockholder return target by the end of the three-year period. The Company is recording a compensation charge based on achieving 60% of the EBITDA target and 100% of the relative return target.

On February 7, 2014, the Company approved grants of performance-based restricted stock under the LTIP. These awards generally vest over three years upon the achievement of certain performance-based objectives. These awards are expensed based on the grant date fair value if it is probable that the performance conditions will be achieved. The Company recognized stock-based compensation expense related to the February 2014 grant of approximately \$0.5 million and \$0.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The Company recognized stock-based compensation expense related to the February 2014 grant of approximately \$1.1 million and \$1.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. In addition, the Company had unrecognized compensation expense of approximately \$2.8 million as of June 30, 2015. This expense will be recognized over the remaining vesting period, or approximately 1.4 years.

The performance criteria is based on achieving both an EBITDA and a relative return target by the end of the three-year period. The Company is recording a compensation charge based on achieving 86% of the EBITDA target and 100% of the relative return target.

On February 10, 2015, the Company approved grants of performance-based restricted stock under the LTIP. The performance-based restricted stock will vest annually based upon the achievement of certain criteria for each year of a three-year measurement period. Fifty percent of the awards is subject to performance measurement criteria based on achieving a targeted return on assets and the other fifty percent of the awards is subject to performance measurement criteria based on achieving total stockholder return on CyrusOne common stock on a cumulative basis that meets or exceeds the return of the MSCI REIT Index. The first two years are capped at 100% of the target with a cumulative true-up in year three, and a maximum of 200% of the target awards may be earned. These awards are expensed based on the grant date fair value if it is probable that the performance conditions will be achieved.

The Company recognized stock-based compensation expense related to the February 2015 grant of approximately \$0.7 million and \$1.1 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, respectively. In addition, the Company had unrecognized compensation expense of approximately \$4.3 million as of June 30, 2015. This expense will be recognized over the remaining vesting period, or approximately 1.5 years.

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### 11. Loss per Share

Basic loss per share is calculated using the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. In addition, net loss applicable to participating securities and the related participating securities are excluded from the computation of basic loss per share.

Diluted loss per share is calculated using the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period, including restricted stock outstanding. If there is net income during the period, the dilutive impact of common stock equivalents outstanding would also be reflected.

The following table reflects the computation of basic and diluted net loss per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014:

	Three Months Ended		Three Ended	Months	Six Mo Ended	onths	Six Months Ended June 30, 2014		
				0, 2014	June 30	), 2015			
(amounts and shares in millions, except per share amount)	Basic	Diluted	Basic	Diluted	Basic	Diluted	Basic	Diluted	l
Numerator:	ф./ <b>5</b> . <b>5</b>	) <b>(</b> ) ( ( ) ( ) ( )	φ./ <b>1</b> 1	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Φ.(0, 0	١ ٥ ٥ ١	Φ.(0, 0	١ ٨ ١ ٨ ١	,
Net loss attributed to common shareholders	\$(5.5	)\$(5.5)	\$(1.1	)\$(1.1)			\$(0.9	)\$(0.9	)
Less: Restricted stock dividends	(0.3)	)(0.3)	(0.2)	)(0.2)	(0.5)	)(0.5)	(0.4)	)(0.4)	)
Net loss available to shareholders	\$(5.8	)\$(5.8)	\$(1.3	)\$(1.3)	\$(10.3	)\$(10.3)	\$(1.3	)\$(1.3	)
Denominator:									
Weighted average common	51.1	51.1	21.7	21.7	44.1	44.1	21.3	21.3	
outstanding-basic	31.1	31.1	21.7	21.7	77.1	77.1	21.5	21.5	
Performance-based restricted stock <sup>(1)(2)</sup>						_			
Convertible securities <sup>(1)(2)</sup>		_		_		_		_	
Weighted average shares outstanding-diluted		51.1		21.7		44.1		21.3	
EPS:									
Net loss per share-basic	\$(0.11	. )	\$(0.06	5)	\$(0.23	)	\$(0.06	)	
Effect of dilutive shares:									
Net loss per share-diluted		\$(0.11)		\$(0.06)		\$(0.23)		\$(0.06	)

<sup>(1)</sup> We have excluded 1.1 million shares of restricted stock, and 19.7 million of operating partnership units which are securities that are convertible into our common stock, from our diluted earnings per share as of June 30, 2015, as these securities were deemed anti-dilutive.

### 12. Related Party Transactions

The condensed consolidated financial statements reflect the following transactions with CBI and its affiliated entities, including Cincinnati Bell Telephone ("CBT") and Cincinnati Bell Technology Solutions ("CBTS"):

Revenue—The Company records revenues from CBI under contractual service arrangements. These services include leasing of data center space, power and cooling in certain areas of our data center facilities, network interface services and office space.

Operating Expenses—The Company records expenses from CBI incurred in relation to network support, services calls, monitoring and management, storage and backup, IT systems support, and connectivity services.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup> We have excluded 0.8 million shares of restricted stock, and 42.1 million of operating partnership units which are securities that are convertible into our common stock, from our diluted earnings per share as of June 30, 2014, as these securities were deemed anti-dilutive.

The following related party transactions are based on agreements and arrangements that were in place during the respective periods. Revenues and expenses for the periods presented were as follows:

(amounts in millions)	Three Months Ended June 30, 2015	Three Months Ended June 30, 2014	Six Months Ended June 30, 2015	Six Months Ended June 30, 2014
Revenue:				
Data center colocation agreement provided to CBT and CBTS	\$2.0	\$1.5	3.8	\$3.0
229 West 7th Street lease provided to CBT	0.5	0.5	0.9	1.0
Goldcoast Drive/Parkway (Mason) lease	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
Transition services provided to CBTS (network interfaces)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Data center leases provided to CBTS	3.1	3.6	6.2	7.2
Total revenue	\$5.8	\$5.8	11.2	\$11.6
Operating costs and expenses:				
Transition services agreement by CBTS	\$0.1	\$0.3	\$0.3	\$0.6
Charges for services provided by CBT (connectivity)	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.5
209 West 7th Street rent provided by CBT		0.1	0.1	0.1
Total operating costs and expenses	\$0.4	\$0.6	0.9	\$1.2
As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the amounts re	ceivable from	and payable to	CBI were as f	ollows:

(amounts in millions)	As of June 30, 2015	As of December 31, 2014
Accounts receivable from CBI	\$1.7	\$0.8
Forward contract for purchase of operating partnership units <sup>1</sup> Accounts payable Dividends/distributions payable Accounts payable	\$170.3 0.7 3.9 \$174.9	\$— 1.7 5.6 \$7.3

The dividends/distributions payable as of June 30, 2015, reflect the balance due to subsidiaries of CBI related to the dividend and distribution announced on May 7, 2015, of \$0.315 per share and operating partnership unit, based on CBI's ownership of common shares of CyrusOne Inc. and operating partnership units of CyrusOne LP as of the Record Date of June 26, 2015.

1 - Refers to the purchase agreement entered into on June 23, 2015 between CyrusOne Inc. and a subsidiary of CBI, in which CyrusOne Inc. agreed to use a portion of the net proceeds from the June 2015 equity offering to acquire from that subsidiary of CBI 4.3 million (or 5.995 million, if the underwriters exercised their option to purchase additional shares of CyrusOne Inc. common stock in full) common units of limited partnership interests in the operating partnership. On July 1, 2015, CyrusOne Inc. consummated the acquisition of 5.995 million common units of limited partnership interest for \$28.41 per unit.

### 13. Income Taxes

CyrusOne Inc. has elected to be taxed as a REIT under the Code, commencing with our initial taxable year ended December 31, 2013. To qualify as a REIT, we are required to distribute at least 90% of our taxable income to our stockholders and meet various other requirements imposed by the Code relating to such matters as operating results, asset holdings, distribution levels and diversity of stock ownership. Provided we qualify for taxation as a REIT, we are generally not subject to corporate level federal income tax on the earnings distributed currently to our shareholders. It

is our policy and intent, subject to change, to distribute 100% of our taxable income and therefore no provision is required in the accompanying financial statements for federal income taxes with regards to activities of CyrusOne Inc. and its subsidiary pass-through entities.

We have elected to designate two subsidiaries as taxable REIT subsidiaries (each a "TRS"). A TRS may perform services for our tenants that would otherwise be considered impermissible for REITs. The income generated from these services is taxed at federal and state corporate rates. While CyrusOne Inc. and the operating partnership do not pay federal income taxes, we are still subject to foreign, state, and local income taxes in the locations in which we conduct business. Income tax expense was

CyrusOne Inc. and CyrusOne LP NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (unaudited)

\$0.4 million and \$0.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Income tax expense was \$0.8 million and \$0.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

In conjunction with the Company's tax sharing arrangement with CBI, CBI may be required to file Texas margin tax returns on a consolidated, combined or unitary basis with the Company for any given year. If such return is prepared by CBI on a combined or consolidated basis to include the Company, the related Texas margin tax of the Company will be paid by CBI. The Company will then reimburse CBI for its portion of the related Texas margin tax. The Texas margin tax payable was \$0.7 million as of June 30, 2015 and \$1.7 million as of December 31, 2014. Effective June 26, 2014, CBI's ownership percentage in the operating partnership was reduced to below 50 percent. As a result, the Company files its own Texas margin tax return and therefore, reimbursements to CBI by the Company are no longer necessary.

For certain entities we calculate deferred tax assets and liabilities for temporary differences in the basis between financial statement and income tax assets and liabilities. Deferred income taxes are recalculated annually at rates then in effect. Valuation allowances are recorded to reduce deferred tax assets to amounts that are more likely than not to be realized. The ultimate realization of the deferred tax assets depends upon our ability to generate future taxable income during the periods in which basis differences and other deductions become deductible and prior to the expiration of the net operating loss carryforwards. Deferred tax assets (net of valuation allowance) and liabilities were accrued, as necessary, for the periods ended June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014. As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the net domestic and foreign deferred tax assets were zero.

#### 14. Guarantors

CyrusOne Inc.

CyrusOne LP and CyrusOne Finance Corp., as "LP Co-issuer" and "Finance Co-issuer," respectively (together, the "Issuers"), had \$374.8 million aggregate principal amount of senior notes outstanding at June 30, 2015. As of June 30, 2015, the senior notes are fully and unconditionally and jointly and severally guaranteed on a senior basis by CyrusOne Inc. ("Parent Guarantor"), CyrusOne GP ("General Partner"), and CyrusOne LP's 100% owned subsidiaries, CyrusOne LLC, CyrusOne TRS Inc. and CyrusOne Foreign Holdings LLC (such subsidiaries, together the "Guarantors"). None of the subsidiaries organized outside of the United States (collectively, the "Non-Guarantors") guarantee the senior notes. Subject to the provisions of the indenture governing the senior notes, in certain circumstances, a Guarantor may be released from its guarantee obligation, including:

upon the sale or other disposition (including by way of consolidation or merger) of such Guarantor or of all of the capital stock of such Guarantor such that such Guarantor is no longer a restricted subsidiary under the indenture, upon the sale or disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Guarantor,

upon the LP Co-issuer designating such Guarantor as an unrestricted subsidiary under the terms of the indenture, if such Guarantor is no longer a guarantor or other obligor of any other indebtedness of the LP Co-issuer or the Parent Guarantor, and

upon the defeasance or discharge of the senior notes in accordance with the terms of the indenture.

As of June 30, 2015, the following provides information regarding the entity structure of each guarantor of the senior notes:

CyrusOne Inc. – CyrusOne Inc. was formed on July 31, 2012. As of January 23, 2013, CyrusOne Inc. was a wholly-owned subsidiary of CBI. Effective January 24, 2013, CyrusOne Inc. completed its IPO of common stock for net proceeds of \$337.1 million, and together with the General Partner, purchased a 33.9% ownership interest in CyrusOne LP. CyrusOne Inc. is a guarantor or Parent Guarantor and became a separate registrant with the SEC upon completion of its IPO.

CyrusOne GP – CyrusOne GP was formed on July 31, 2012, and was a 100% owned subsidiary of CyrusOne Inc. as of January 23, 2013. Effective upon completion of CyrusOne Inc.'s IPO, this entity became the general partner and 1% owner of CyrusOne LP and has no other assets or operations. Prior to the IPO, this entity did not incur any obligations or record any transactions.

Issuers – The Issuers include CyrusOne LP and CyrusOne Finance Corp. CyrusOne Finance Corp., a 100% owned subsidiary of CyrusOne LP, was formed for the sole purpose of acting as co-issuer of the senior notes and has no other assets or operations. CyrusOne LP, in addition to being the co-issuer of the senior notes, is also the 100% owner, either directly or indirectly, of the Guarantors and Non-Guarantors.

Guarantors – The guarantors include CyrusOne LLC, CyrusOne TRS Inc., and CyrusOne Foreign Holdings LLC. CyrusOne LLC accounts for all of the domestic operations of CyrusOne LP, including the businesses that composed the Predecessor operations. CyrusOne LLC, together with CyrusOne Foreign Holdings LLC, directly or indirectly owns 100% of

CyrusOne Inc. and CyrusOne LP NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (unaudited)

the Non-Guarantors. As of June 30, 2015, CyrusOne TRS Inc. had not incurred any obligations or recorded any material transactions for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

As of June 30, 2015, the Non-Guarantors consist of 100% owned subsidiaries, which conduct operations in the United Kingdom and Singapore.

The following schedules present the balance sheets as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, and the statements of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, and the statements of cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 for the Parent Guarantor, General Partner, LP Co-issuer, Finance Co-issuer, Guarantors, and Non-Guarantors.

In our cash flow statement, the "Investment in and loans to subsidiaries" includes funding activities between the various entities. The June 30, 2015 guarantors cash flows and cash balance includes \$170.3 million of funds that will be transferred to the parent entity on July 1, 2015 to pay for its obligation to purchase partnership units from subsidiaries of CBI.

On July 2, 2015, following the completion of the Cervalis acquisition, Cervalis and its wholly owned subsidiary, Cervalis LLC (together with Cervalis, the "Cervalis Subsidiaries") agreed to provide unconditional guarantees of the issuers' obligations under the senior notes. The guarantee of each Cervalis Subsidiary is (i) a senior unsecured obligation of such Cervalis Subsidiary, (ii) pari passu in right of payment with any existing and future unsecured senior indebtedness of such Cervalis Subsidiary, (iii) senior in right of payment to any future subordinated indebtedness of such Cervalis Subsidiary and (iv) effectively subordinated in right of payment to all existing and future secured indebtedness of such Cervalis Subsidiary, to the extent of the value of the collateral securing that indebtedness.

(1) - For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, the Company revised its Guarantor Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, Condensed Consolidating Statements of Income, and Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows to correct an immaterial error in the prior periods. Previously, the Investment in Subsidiaries and Equity Loss related to Investment in Subsidiaries reported by the Parent Guarantors included amounts related to noncontrolling interests. Those noncontrolling interest amounts are now reported in the Eliminations/Consolidations column. The impact of those changes was to (a) reduce the equity loss related to investment in subsidiaries and noncontrolling interest in net loss for the Parent Guarantor by \$2.5 million and \$2.0 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, respectively; and (b) reduce the dividends paid by the Parent Guarantor and return on investment by \$15.7 million in the Statement of Cash Flows for the period ended June 30, 2014. These errors had no effect on the consolidated financials of either CyrusOne Inc. or CyrusOne LP and is not material to the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

## Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheets

(amounts in millions)	As of June Parent Guarantor	Genera		Financ Co-iss	e Guarantors uer	Non- Guarantor	Eliminations/Co	onsolio	d <b>atiota</b> k
Land	\$—	\$—	<b>\$</b> —	\$—	\$93.0	<b>\$</b> —	\$ —		\$93.0
Buildings and improvements	_	_	_	_	782.3	41.9	_		824.2
Equipment	_	_	_	_	420.4	0.8	2.2		423.4
Construction in progress	_		_		124.4	_	1.4		125.8
Subtotal	_	_			1,420.1	42.7	3.6		1,466.4
Accumulated depreciation	_	_	_	_	(366.7)	(8.7)	_		(375.4)
Net investment in real estate	_	_	_	_	1,053.4	34.0	3.6		1,091.0
Cash and cash equivalents	_	_	_		408.7	4.8	_		413.5
Investment in subsidiaries	806.1	8.6	690.7	_	2.6	_	(1,508.0	)	_
Rent and other receivables	_	_	_	_	55.1	1.2	_		56.3
Intercompany receivable	170.3	_	1,083.8	_	_	_	(1,254.1	)	_
Goodwill	_			_	276.2		_		276.2
Intangible assets, net					61.6		_		61.6
Due from affiliates	_		_		1.7	_	_		1.7
Other assets			17.0	_	71.1	3.3	_		91.4
Total assets	\$976.4	\$8.6	\$1,791.5	\$—	\$ 1,930.4	\$43.3	\$ (2,758.5	)	\$1,991.7
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$—	\$—	\$25.5	\$—	\$63.9	\$0.6	\$ —		\$90.0
Deferred revenue	_	_	_		65.9	0.6	_		66.5
Intercompany payable	_		170.3		1,083.8	_	(1,254.1	)	_
Due to affiliates	170.3	_	3.9	—	0.7	_	_		174.9
Capital lease obligations	_	_	_	_	5.4	6.7	_		12.1
Long-term debt	_	_	729.8	_	_	_	_		729.8
Other financing arrangements		_	_		20.0	32.8	_		52.8
Total liabilities	170.3	_	929.5		1,239.7	40.7	(1,254.1	)	1,126.1
Total shareholders' equity	806.1	8.6	862.0	_	690.7	2.6	(1,560.3	)	809.7
Noncontrolling interest	_		_		_		55.9		55.9
Total equity	806.1	8.6	862.0	_	690.7	2.6	(1,504.4	)	865.6
Total liabilities and equity	\$976.4	\$8.6	\$1,791.5	\$—	\$1,930.4	\$43.3	\$ (2,758.5	)	\$1,991.7

# CyrusOne Inc. and CyrusOne LP NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (unaudited)

	As of Dec	ember 3	1, 2014						
(amounts in millions)	Parent	Genera	1LP	Financ	e Guarantors uer	Non- Eliminations/Consolid			dEtitola
(amounts in initions)	Guarantor	Partner	Co-issuer	Co-iss	uer	Guaranto	rs	onson	CACCAIS
Land	<b>\$</b> —	\$	<b>\$</b> —	\$ <i>-</i>	\$89.7	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ —		\$89.7
Buildings and					770.9	41.7			812.6
improvements	<del>_</del>				110.9	41.7			012.0
Equipment	_	_			348.3	0.8			349.1
Construction in progress	_				124.8	_	2.2		127.0
Subtotal	_				1,333.7	42.5	2.2		1,378.4
Accumulated					(319.7)	(7.3)			(327.0)
depreciation	<del></del>				(319.1)	(1.5)	_		(327.0)
Net investment in real					1,014.0	35.2	2.2		1,051.4
estate	<del></del>				1,014.0	33.2	2.2		1,051.4
Cash and cash					33.5	3.0			36.5
equivalents	<del></del>				33.3	3.0	_		30.3
Investment in	458.5	7.1	734.3		3.6		(1,203.5	)	
subsidiaries	T30.3	/.1	134.3		3.0		(1,203.3	,	
Rent and other					57.9	3.0			60.9
receivables	_	_	_		31.7	5.0			00.7
Intercompany receivable	_	_	642.9		_	_	(642.9	)	_
Goodwill	_	_	_		276.2		_		276.2
Intangible assets, net	_	_	_		68.9		_		68.9
Due from affiliates	_	_	_		0.8		_		0.8
Other assets	_	_	15.5		73.1	3.2	_		91.8
Total assets	\$458.5	\$7.1	\$1,392.7	\$ <i>-</i>	\$1,528.0	\$ 44.4	\$ (1,844.2	)	\$1,586.5
Accounts payable and	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$12.5	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ 56.9	\$ 0.5	\$ —		\$69.9
accrued expenses	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ12.5	Ψ			Ψ		
Deferred revenue	_	_			65.1	0.6	_		65.7
Intercompany payable	_				642.9	_	(642.9	)	
Due to affiliates	—	—	5.6		1.7				7.3
Capital lease obligations					6.2	7.2			13.4
Long-term debt	—	_	659.8		_	_			659.8
Other financing	_	_	_		20.9	32.5			53.4
arrangements									
Total liabilities	_		677.9		793.7	40.8	(642.9	)	869.5
Total shareholders'	458.5	7.1	714.8		734.3	3.6	(1,457.6	)	460.7
equity					, , , , ,			,	
Noncontrolling interest		_				_	256.3		256.3
Total equity	458.5	7.1	714.8		734.3	3.6	(1,201.3	)	717.0
Total liabilities and	\$458.5	\$7.1	\$1,392.7	\$ <i>-</i>	\$1,528.0	\$ 44.4	\$ (1,844.2	)	\$1,586.5
equity	•	-	. ,	•	. ,	•		,	. ,

# $\label{thm:constraint} CyrusOne\ Inc.\ and\ CyrusOne\ LP\\ NOTES\ TO\ CONDENSED\ CONSOLIDATED\ FINANCIAL\ STATEMENTS\ -\ (unaudited)$

## Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations

	Three Mo	ntl	ıs Ende	d.	June 30	, 2	015								
(amounts in millions)	Parent		Genera				Finance	Cyamanta		Non-		Elimination	s/	Total	
(amounts in millions)	Guaranto	or	Partne	r	Co-issi	ıer	r Co-issue	Guaranto r	)IS	Guaran	tor	S Consolidation	ons	STOTAL	
Revenue	\$—		\$—		\$ <i>—</i>		\$ <i>—</i>	\$ 87.8		\$ 1.3		\$ —		\$89.1	-
Costs and expenses:															
Property operating expenses							_	32.1		0.7				32.8	
Sales and marketing							_	2.7		0.1				2.8	
General and administrative							_	10.1		(0.2)	)			9.9	
Depreciation and amortization	1 —						_	30.7		0.7				31.4	
Transaction costs								9.6		_				9.6	
Asset impairments	_				_		_	_		_		_			
Total costs and expenses							_	85.2		1.3				86.5	
Operating income (loss)							_	2.6		_				2.6	
Interest expense					8.6		_	_		0.8		(0.7	)	8.7	
Income (loss) before income					(8.6	`		2.6		(0.8	)	0.7		(6.1	`
taxes	<del></del>				(8.0)	)	<del></del>	2.0		(0.0	,	0.7		(0.1	,
Income tax expense					_			(0.4	)	_				(0.4)	)
Equity earnings (loss) related	(6.2	`	(0.1	`	1.4			(0.8	`			5.7			
to investment in subsidiaries	(0.2	)	(0.1	,	1.4		<del></del>	(0.0	,			3.7		_	
Net income (loss)	(6.2	)	(0.1	)	(7.2	)		1.4		(0.8)	)	6.4		(6.5	)
Noncontrolling interest in net												(1.0	`	(1.0	`
loss	_		_		_		_	_		_		(1.0	)	(1.0	)
Net income (loss) attributed to	\$(6.2)	`	\$ (0.1	`	\$ (7.2	`	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ 1.4		\$ (0.8	`	\$ 7.4		\$(5.5	`
common shareholders	\$(0.2	)	\$(0.1	,	\$ (1.2	)	<b>5</b> —	<b>Ф 1.4</b>		\$ (0.8	)	<b>Ф 7.4</b>		\$(3.3	)
	Three Mor	iths	Ended	IJ	une 30,	20	14								
	Parent	G	enera <b>L</b> F	•	Fir	nar	nce	Non-							
	Guarantor				ssuer Co	1141 1-is	nce Guara ssuer	ntors Guar		Elim	ina	tions/Consol	ida	t <b>Tons</b> (	1)
	(1)			, 1					un						
	<b>\$</b> —	\$-	_ \$-	_	\$ -	_	\$ 80.4	\$ 1.3		\$	_	-		\$81.7	1
Costs and expenses:															
Property operating expenses	_	_		•			31.2	0.6						31.8	

(amounts in millions)	Guarantor (1)	Partne	aLr crCo-issue	rCo-issu	Guarantoi ier	Guarantoi	Elir	minations/Consoli	dat <b>Fonts</b> (1)
Revenue	\$—	<b>\$</b> —	\$ <i>-</i>	\$	\$ 80.4	\$ 1.3	\$	_	\$81.7
Costs and expenses:									
Property operating expenses	_	_	_		31.2	0.6			31.8
Sales and marketing	_		_	_	3.4	0.1			3.5
General and administrative	_	_	_		8.4	_			8.4
Depreciation and amortization	_	_	_	_	29.1	0.7			29.8
Transaction costs	_				0.8				0.8
Total costs and expenses	_	_	_		72.9	1.4			74.3
Operating income (loss)	_	_	_		7.5	(0.1)			7.4
Interest expense	_	_	9.7		0.1	0.9	_		10.7
Income (loss) before income taxes	_	_	(9.7)	_	7.4	(1.0 )	_		(3.3)
Income tax expense	_				(0.3)				(0.3)
Equity earnings (loss) related to investment in subsidiaries	(3.6)	_	6.1	_	(1.0 )	_	(1.5	)	_

Net income (loss)	(3.6	) —	(3.6 ) —	6.1	(1.0 ) (1.5	)	(3.6)
Noncontrolling interest in net loss	_			_	— (2.5	)	(2.5)
Net income (loss) attributed to common shareholders	\$(3.6	) \$—	\$(3.6) \$—	\$ 6.1	\$(1.0 ) \$ 1.0		\$(1.1)
34							

## Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations

Income (loss) before

Income tax expense

(0.9)

16.4

income taxes

	Six Mont	hs End	led Jui	ne 30, 201	5							
(amaunta in milliona)	Parent	Ge	eneral	LP	Finance	Caramantana	Non-		Elimination	s/	Total	
(amounts in millions)	Guarante	or Pa	rtner	Co-issuer	Co-issue	Guarantors er	Guaranto	ors	Consolidati	on	s I otai	
Revenue	<b>\$</b> —	\$-	_	\$ —	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ 172.2	\$ 2.6		\$ —		\$174.8	3
Costs and expenses:												
Property operating expenses			-			63.8	1.3				65.1	
Sales and marketing			-			5.6	0.1		_		5.7	
General and administrative			-			19.1	(0.1	)			19.0	
Depreciation and						61.2	1.2				62.5	
amortization	_		-	_	_	61.2	1.3		_		02.3	
Transaction costs			-			9.7					9.7	
Asset impairments			-			8.6					8.6	
Total costs and expenses			-			168.0	2.6				170.6	
Operating income (loss)			-			4.2			_		4.2	
Interest expense			-	16.9			1.6		(1.4	)	17.1	
Income (loss) before income				(16.9)		4.2	(1.6	`	1 /		(12.0	`
taxes			-	(10.9)		4.2	(1.6	)	1.4		(12.9	)
Income tax expense	_		-	_	_	(0.8)	_		_		(0.8)	)
Equity earnings (loss) related	d (11.2	) (0	2 )	1.8		(1.6)			11.2			
to investment in subsidiaries	(11.2	) (0.	.2 )	1.0	_	(1.0)	_		11.2			
Net income (loss)	(11.2	) (0.	.2 )	(15.1)	_	1.8	(1.6	)	12.6		(13.7	)
Noncontrolling interest in ne	t								(3.9	)	(3.9	)
loss	<del></del>		-	_	_	<del></del>	_		(3.9	,	(3.9	,
Net income (loss) attributed	\$(11.2	) \$(	02)	\$ (15.1)	<b>\$</b>	\$ 1.8	\$ (1.6	)	\$ 16.5		\$(9.8	`
to common shareholders	Φ(11.2	) 4(	0.2	Φ(13.1)	φ—	ψ 1.0	Φ (1.0	,	φ 10.5		Φ(2.6	,
	Six Month	s Ende	ed Jun	e 30, 2014								
	Parent	Gener	rall P	Finar	ice	Non-						
(amounts in millions)	Guarantor			ssuerCo-is	ice Guarai suer	ntors Guaran	Elimin	nat	tions/Consol	ida	a <b>tFonts</b> (1	.)
	(1)											
Revenue	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ <i>—</i>	\$ 156.0	6 \$ 2.6	\$ -				\$159.2	2
Costs and expenses:												
Property operating					58.3	1.2					59.5	
expenses												
Sales and marketing	_	_	_	_	6.4	0.1	_				6.5	
General and administrative	_	_	_	_	15.6	0.1	_				15.7	
Depreciation and		_	_		55.9	1.5					57.4	
amortization		_	<u></u>			1.5						
Transaction costs	_	_	_	_	0.9	_	_				0.9	
Total costs and expenses	_	—	_		137.1	2.9	_				140.0	
Operating income (loss)	_	—	_		19.5	(0.3	) —				19.2	
Interest expense	_	_	19.3	_	0.3	1.8	_				21.4	

(19.3) — 19.2 (2.1) —

(0.7) —

(0.7 ) - (2.1 ) - (13.4)

(2.2)

(0.7)

Equity earnings (loss) related to investment in subsidiaries							
Net income (loss)	(0.9)	) —	(2.9 ) —	16.4	(2.1 ) (13.4	)	(2.9)
Noncontrolling interest in net loss	_	_		_	— (2.0	)	(2.0)
Net income (loss) attributed to common shareholders	\$(0.9)	) \$—	\$(2.9) \$—	\$ 16.4	\$(2.1) \$ (11.4)	)	\$(0.9)

# $\label{thm:constraint} CyrusOne\ Inc.\ and\ CyrusOne\ LP\\ NOTES\ TO\ CONDENSED\ CONSOLIDATED\ FINANCIAL\ STATEMENTS\ -\ (unaudited)$

## Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows

(amounts in millions)	Six Mor Parent	nths Ende Genera orPartner	d June 3 l LP	30, 201. Finan	5 ce Guarant	tor	Non- <sup>S</sup> Guaranto	Eliminations	/Cons	ol <b>iciattai</b> ons
Cash flows from operating	Guarant	on armer	CO-188	u <b>u</b> 10-15	suci		Guaranto	15		
activities: Net (loss) income	\$(11.2	) \$(0.2)	(15.1)	\$	\$ 1.8		\$ (1.6)	\$ 12.6		\$(13.7)
Equity income (loss) related to							ψ(1.0 )			Φ(13.7)
investment in subsidiaries	11.2	0.2	(1.8)		1.6		<del></del>	(11.2	)	_
Adjustments to reconcile net										
(loss) income to net cash (used in) provided by operating										
activities:										
Depreciation and amortization		_	_	_	61.2		1.3	_		62.5
Noncash interest expense Stock-based compensation		_	1.4		_		_	_		1.4
expense		_	_	_	6.2		_	_		6.2
Provision for bad debt write off			_		0.2		_	_		0.2
Asset impairments			—	—	8.6			_		8.6
Change in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects of										
acquisitions:										
Rent receivables and other assets	_	_	(2.9)		(6.6	)	1.7	_		(7.8)
Accounts payable and accrued			13.0	_	(7.7	)	0.1			5.4
expenses Deferred revenues			_	_	0.8		_	_		0.8
Advances to affiliates		_			(1.9	)	_	_		(1.9)
Net cash provided by (used in)			(5.4)		64.2		1.5	1.4		61.7
operating activities Cash flows from investing			, ,							
activities:										
Capital expenditures -			_		(17.3	)		_		(17.3)
acquisitions of real estate					(27.0	,				(17.6)
Capital expenditures - other development			_		(74.4	)	0.2	_		(74.2)
Investment in and loans to	(373.3	) —			373.3					
subsidiaries			20.2			,			,	
Return of investment Intercompany	26.0	(2.0)	39.2		(5.2	)		(58.0	)	
contributions/distributions		_	(70.0)	_			_	70.0		_
Net cash provided by (used in)	(347.3	) (2.0 )	(30.8)		276.4		0.2	12.0		(91.5)
investing activities Cash flows from financing	(81718	, (=.0 )	(2010)		2,0		o. <u>-</u>	12.0		() 1.0 )
activities:										
Issuance of common stock	799.3		_	_			_	_		799.3
Acquisition of operating partnership units	(426.0	) —	_		_		_	_		(426.0)
Stock issuance costs	(0.6	) —	_	_	_		_	_		(0.6)

Dividends paid	(25.4	) —	(33.8)		(33.8	) —	59.2		(33.8)
Intercompany borrowings	_		_		70.0		(70.0	)	_
Borrowings from revolving credit agreement	_		70.0	_	_		_		70.0
Payments on capital leases and other financing arrangements	_		_	_	(1.6	(0.5)	_		(2.1)
Contributions/distributions from parent	_	2.0	_	_	_	0.6	(2.6	)	_
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	347.3	2.0	36.2	_	34.6	0.1	(13.4	)	406.8
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	_	_	_	_	375.2	1.8	_		377.0
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	_	_	_	_	33.5	3.0			36.5
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$ 408.7	\$ 4.8	\$ —		\$413.5

# CyrusOne Inc. and CyrusOne LP NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2014										
(amounts in millions)	Parent Guaranton (1)	Gener Partne	raLP erCo-issue	Financ rCo-iss	e Guaranton uer	Non- rs Guarar	Eliminations/Co ntors	nsolida	ti <b>ons(1</b> )		
Cash flows from operating											
activities:	¢(0,0	. ф	¢ (2.0.)	¢	¢ 1.6.4	¢ (2.1	) ф (12.4	`	¢(2.0.)		
Net (loss) income Equity earnings (loss)	\$(0.9	\$	\$ (2.9)	<b>5</b> —	\$ 16.4	\$(2.1	) \$ (13.4	)	\$(2.9)		
related to investment in	0.9	_	(16.4)		2.1		13.4		_		
subsidiaries			()								
Adjustments to reconcile											
net (loss) income to net											
cash provided by (used in)											
operating activities: Depreciation and											
amortization	_	_			55.9	1.5	_		57.4		
Noncash interest expense		_	1.8				_		1.8		
Stock-based compensation					5.0				5.0		
expense	_	_		_	3.0		<del>_</del>		3.0		
Provision for doubtful	_		_		0.6		_		0.6		
accounts											
Change in operating assets and liabilities, net of											
effects of acquisitions:											
Rent receivables and other			(0.1)		(20.7	(1.6	`		(21.4.)		
assets		_	(0.1)		(29.7)	(1.6	) —		(31.4)		
Accounts payable and		_	4.8		(2.8)	0.5	_		2.5		
accrued expenses											
Deferred revenues  Due to affiliates	_	_	_		11.2 0.2	(0.4	) —		10.8 0.2		
Net cash (used in)	_	_		_	0.2		<del>_</del>		0.2		
provided by operating	_	_	(12.8)		58.9	(2.1	) —		44.0		
activities			(12.0)		2013	(=11	,				
Cash flows from investing											
activities:											
Capital expenditures -	_	_			(116.8)		_		(116.8)		
other development Intercompany borrowings					0.2		,				
Return of investment	8.8	_	37.3	_	(13.3)	(0.2	(32.8	)	_		
Net cash provided by	0.0		57.5		(13.5 )		(32.0	,			
(used in) investing	8.8	_	37.3		(129.9)	(0.2	) (32.8	)	(116.8)		
activities											
Cash flows from financing											
activities:	255.0								255.0		
Issuance of common stock Stock issuance costs	(0.5	<u> </u>	_	_	_	_	_		355.9 (0.5)		
Acquisition of partnership	` ′	, —	_	_	_	_	<del>_</del>				
units	(355.9	) —	_	_	_	_	_		(355.9)		

Dividends paid Payments on capital leases	(8.3	) —	(24.0 )	_	(24.0 )	_	32.3	(24.0)
and other financing arrangements	_	_	_		(1.9)	(0.3)	_	(2.2)
Contributions (distributions) from parent guarantor	_	_	(0.5)	_	(5.1)	5.1	0.5	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(8.8)	) —	(24.5 )	_	(31.0 )	4.8	32.8	(26.7)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	_	_	_	_	(102.0 )	2.5	_	(99.5)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	_		_		146.8	2.0	_	148.8
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$ 44.8	\$4.5	\$ —	\$49.3

CyrusOne Inc. and CyrusOne LP NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (unaudited)

### CyrusOne LP

CyrusOne LP and CyrusOne Finance Corp., as "LP Co-issuer" and "Finance Co-issuer," respectively (together, the "Issuers"), had \$374.8 million aggregate principal amount of senior notes outstanding at June 30, 2015. As of June 30, 2015, the senior notes are fully and unconditionally and jointly and severally guaranteed on a senior basis by CyrusOne Inc. ("Parent Guarantor"), CyrusOne GP ("General Partner"), and CyrusOne LP's 100% owned subsidiaries, CyrusOne LLC, CyrusOne TRS Inc. and CyrusOne Foreign Holdings LLC (such subsidiaries, together the "Guarantors"). None of the subsidiaries organized outside of the United States (collectively, the "Non-Guarantors") guarantee the senior notes. Subject to the provisions of the indenture governing the senior notes, in certain circumstances, a Guarantor may be released from its guarantee obligation, including: upon the sale or other disposition (including by way of consolidation or merger) of such Guarantor or of all of the

capital stock of such Guarantor such that such Guarantor is no longer a restricted subsidiary under the indenture, upon the sale or disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of the Guarantor,

upon the LP Co-issuer designating such Guarantor as an unrestricted subsidiary under the terms of the indenture, if such Guarantor is no longer a guarantor or other obligor of any other indebtedness of the LP Co-issuer or the Parent Guarantor, and

upon the defeasance or discharge of the senior notes in accordance with the terms of the indenture.

As of June 30, 2015, the following provides information regarding the entity structure of each guarantor of the senior notes:

CyrusOne Inc. - CyrusOne Inc. was formed on July 31, 2012. As of January 23, 2013, CyrusOne Inc. was a wholly-owned subsidiary of CBI. Effective January 24, 2013, CyrusOne Inc. completed its IPO of common stock for net proceeds of \$337.1 million, and together with the General Partner, purchased a 33.9% ownership interest in CyrusOne LP. CyrusOne Inc. is a guarantor or Parent Guarantor and became a separate registrant with the SEC upon completion of its IPO.

CyrusOne GP - CyrusOne GP was formed on July 31, 2012, and was a 100% owned subsidiary of CyrusOne Inc. as of January 23, 2013. Effective upon completion of CyrusOne Inc.'s IPO, this entity became the general partner and 1% owner of CyrusOne LP and has no other assets or operations. Prior to the IPO, this entity did not incur any obligations or record any transactions.

Issuers – The Issuers include CyrusOne LP and CyrusOne Finance Corp. CyrusOne Finance Corp., a 100% owned subsidiary of CyrusOne LP, was formed for the sole purpose of acting as co-issuer of the senior notes and has no other assets or operations. CyrusOne LP, in addition to being the co-issuer of the senior notes, is also the 100% owner, either directly or indirectly, of the Guarantors and Non-Guarantors.

Guarantors - The guarantors include CyrusOne LLC, CyrusOne TRS Inc., and CyrusOne Foreign Holdings LLC. CyrusOne LLC accounts for all of the domestic operations of CyrusOne LP, including the businesses that composed the Predecessor operations. CyrusOne LLC, together with CyrusOne Foreign Holdings LLC, directly or indirectly owns 100% of the Non-Guarantors. As of June 30, 2015, CyrusOne TRS Inc. had not incurred any obligations or recorded any material transactions for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

As of June 30, 2015, the Non-Guarantors consist of 100% owned subsidiaries, which conduct operations in the United Kingdom and Singapore.

The following schedules present the balance sheets as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, and the statements of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, and the statements of cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 for the LP Co-issuer, Finance Co-issuer, Guarantors, and Non-Guarantors.

On July 2, 2015, following the completion of the Cervalis acquisition, Cervalis and its wholly owned subsidiary, Cervalis LLC (together with Cervalis, the "Cervalis Subsidiaries") agreed to provide unconditional guarantees of the issuers' obligations under the senior notes. The guarantee of each Cervalis Subsidiary is (i) a senior unsecured obligation of such Cervalis Subsidiary, (ii) pari passu in right of payment with any existing and future unsecured

senior indebtedness of such Cervalis Subsidiary, (iii) senior in right of payment to any future subordinated indebtedness of such Cervalis Subsidiary and (iv) effectively subordinated in right of payment to all existing and future secured indebtedness of such Cervalis Subsidiary, to the extent of the value of the collateral securing that indebtedness.

## Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheets

	As of June 3	30, 2015					
(amounts in millions)	LP	Finance	Guarantors	Non-	Eliminations/Con	a alida	ti Fratal
(amounts in immons)	Co-issuer	Co-issuer	Guarantors	Guarantors	Elillillauons/Con	isonua	udiotai
Land	\$	<b>\$</b> —	\$93.0	\$	\$ —		\$93.0
Buildings and			782.3	41.9			824.2
improvements			102.3	41.9	_		024.2
Equipment		_	420.4	0.8	2.2		423.4
Construction in progress			124.4		1.4		125.8
Subtotal		_	1,420.1	42.7	3.6		1,466.4
Accumulated depreciation		_	(366.7)	(8.7)			(375.4)
Net investment in real estate		_	1,053.4	34.0	3.6		1,091.0
Cash and cash equivalents		_	408.7	4.8			413.5
Investment in subsidiaries	690.7	_	2.6		(693.3	)	
Rent and other receivables		_	55.1	1.2	_		56.3
Intercompany receivable	1,083.8	_			(1,083.8	)	
Goodwill		_	276.2				276.2
Intangible assets, net		_	61.6				61.6
Due from affiliates		_	1.7				1.7
Other assets	17.0	_	71.1	3.3	_		91.4
Total assets	\$1,791.5	<b>\$</b> —	\$1,930.4	\$43.3	\$ (1,773.5	)	\$1,991.7
Accounts payable and	\$25.5	<b>\$</b> —	\$63.9	\$0.6	\$ —		\$90.0
accrued expenses	\$23.3	<b>\$</b> —	\$03.9	\$0.0	<b>5</b> —		\$ 90.0
Deferred revenue			65.9	0.6			66.5
Intercompany payable	170.3	_	1,083.8		(1,254.1	)	
Due to affiliates	3.9	_	0.7		170.3		174.9
Capital lease obligations		_	5.4	6.7			12.1
Long-term debt	729.8						729.8
Other financing			20.0	32.8			52.8
arrangements			20.0	32.0	_		32.0
Total liabilities	929.5		1,239.7	40.7	(1,083.8	)	1,126.1
Total partnership capital	862.0		690.7	2.6	(689.7	)	865.6
Total liabilities and partnership capital	\$1,791.5	\$—	\$1,930.4	\$43.3	\$ (1,773.5	)	\$1,991.7

	As of December 31, 2014										
(amounts in millions)	LP	Finance	Guarantors	Non-	Eliminations/Cor	scolido:	ti-Tental				
(amounts in initions)	Co-issuer	Co-issuer	Guarantors	Guarantors	Elililliations/Col	isonua	uulaai				
Land	\$	<b>\$</b> —	\$89.7	\$	\$ —		\$89.7				
Buildings and			770.9	41.7			812.6				
improvements	<del></del>	_	170.9	41./			012.0				
Equipment	_	_	348.3	0.8	_		349.1				
Construction in progress	_	_	124.8	_	2.2		127.0				
Subtotal	_	_	1,333.7	42.5	2.2		1,378.4				
Accumulated depreciation	_	_	(319.7)	(7.3)	_		(327.0)				
Net investment in real estate	· <del></del>		1,014.0	35.2	2.2		1,051.4				
Cash and cash equivalents			33.5	3.0	_		36.5				
Investment in subsidiaries	734.3	_	3.6	_	(737.9	)	_				
Rent and other receivables	_	_	57.9	3.0	_		60.9				
Intercompany receivable	642.9	_	_	_	(642.9	)	_				
Goodwill			276.2		_		276.2				
Intangible assets, net			68.9		_		68.9				
Due from affiliates			0.8				0.8				
Other assets	15.5	_	73.1	3.2	_		91.8				
Total assets	\$1,392.7	<b>\$</b> —	\$1,528.0	\$44.4	\$ (1,378.6	)	\$1,586.5				
Accounts payable and	\$12.5	\$—	\$56.9	\$0.5	\$ —		\$69.9				
accrued expenses	\$12.3	<b>5</b> —	\$30.9	\$0.5	<b>5</b> —		\$09.9				
Deferred revenue			65.1	0.6	_		65.7				
Intercompany payable	_	_	642.9	_	(642.9	)	_				
Due to affiliates	5.6	_	1.7	_	_		7.3				
Capital lease obligations			6.2	7.2			13.4				
Long-term debt	659.8	_	_	_	_		659.8				
Other financing			20.9	32.5			53.4				
arrangements	<del></del>	_	20.9	32.3	_		33.4				
Total liabilities	677.9	_	793.7	40.8	(642.9	)	869.5				
Total partnership capital	714.8	_	734.3	3.6	(735.7	)	717.0				
Total liabilities and	\$1,392.7	<b>\$</b> —	\$1,528.0	\$44.4	\$ (1,378.6	)	\$1,586.5				
partnership capital	ψ1,374.1	ψ—	Ψ1,520.0	ψττ.τ	ψ (1,5/0.0	,	ψ1,500.5				

## Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations

(	LP	Finance	C	Non-	Eliminations/	T-4-1	
(amounts in millions)	Co-issuer	Co-issuer	Guarantors	Guarantors	Consolidations	Total	
Revenue	<b>\$</b> —	\$—	\$87.8	\$1.3	\$ —	\$89.1	
Costs and expenses:							
Property operating expenses		_	32.1	0.7	_	32.8	
Sales and marketing		_	2.7	0.1		2.8	
General and administrative		_	10.1	(0.2)		9.9	
Depreciation and amortization			30.7	0.7	_	31.4	
Transaction costs			9.6			9.6	
Asset impairments							
Total costs and expenses			85.2	1.3		86.5	
Operating income (loss)			2.6			2.6	
Interest expense	8.6			0.8	(0.7)	8.7	
Income (loss) before income taxes	(8.6)	_	2.6	(0.8)	0.7	(6.1	)
Income tax expense			(0.4)			(0.4)	)
Partnership earnings (loss) related to investment in subsidiaries	1.4	_	(0.8)	_	(0.6)	_	
Net income (loss)	\$(7.2)	\$	\$1.4	\$(0.8)	\$ 0.1	\$(6.5	)

	Three Mo	onths Ende	ed June 30,	2014						
(amounts in millions)	LP Co-issuer	Finance Co-issue	Guarantor	Non- Guarant	tors	lim	inations/Con	solidati	offs(ta)l	
Revenue	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$80.4	\$1.3	\$				\$81.7	
Costs and expenses:										
Property operating expenses	_	_	31.2	0.6	_	_			31.8	
Sales and marketing		_	3.4	0.1	_	_			3.5	
General and administrative			8.4		_	_			8.4	
Depreciation and amortization	_	_	29.1	0.7	_	_			29.8	
Transaction costs	_		0.8	_	_	_			0.8	
Total costs and expenses	_		72.9	1.4	_	_			74.3	
Operating income (loss)	_	_	7.5	(0.1	) –	_			7.4	
Interest expense	9.7	_	0.1	0.9	_	_			10.7	
Income (loss) before income taxes	(9.7)	_	7.4	(1.0	) –	_			(3.3	)
Income tax expense			(0.3)	_	_	_			(0.3	)
Partnership earnings (loss) related to investment in subsidiaries	6.1	_	(1.0)		(:	5.1		)	_	
Net income (loss)	\$(3.6)	\$	\$6.1	\$(1.0	) \$		(5.1	)	\$(3.6	)

# $\label{thm:constraint} CyrusOne\ Inc.\ and\ CyrusOne\ LP\\ NOTES\ TO\ CONDENSED\ CONSOLIDATED\ FINANCIAL\ STATEMENTS\ -\ (unaudited)$

## Condensed Consolidating Statements of Operations

Six Months Ended June 30, 2015										
(amounts in millions)	LP	Finance	Guarantors	Non-	Eliminations/	Total				
(amounts in immons)	Co-issuer	Co-issuer	Guarantors	Guarantors	Consolidations	Total				
Revenue	\$	<b>\$</b> —	\$172.2	\$2.6	\$ —	\$174.8				
Costs and expenses:										
Property operating expenses		_	63.8	1.3	_	65.1				
Sales and marketing			5.6	0.1		5.7				
General and administrative		_	19.1	(0.1)	_	19.0				
Depreciation and amortization		_	61.2	1.3	_	62.5				
Transaction costs		_	9.7		_	9.7				
Asset impairments		_	8.6		_	8.6				
Total costs and expenses		_	168.0	2.6		170.6				
Operating income (loss)			4.2			4.2				
Interest expense	16.9	_		1.6	(1.4)	17.1				
Income (loss) before income taxes	(16.9)	_	4.2	(1.6)	1.4	(12.9	)			
Income tax expense		_	(0.8)		_	(0.8	)			
Partnership earnings (loss) related to investment in subsidiaries	1.8	_	(1.6)	_	(0.2)	_				
Net income (loss)	\$(15.1)	<b>\$</b> —	\$1.8	\$(1.6)	\$ 1.2	\$(13.7	)			

Civ	Month	Endad	June 30.	2014
OIX	IVIOIIII)	s Ended	June 50.	2014

(amounts in millions)	LP	(dijarantors Eliminations/Co					onsolidatio#softs)			
(amounts in inimons)	Co-issuer	Co-issue	r	<sup>8</sup> Guaranto	rs	illiations/Cons	Sondan	OHSQUAJI		
Revenue	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$156.6	\$2.6	\$			\$159.2		
Costs and expenses:										
Property operating expenses	_		58.3	1.2	_			59.5		
Sales and marketing		_	6.4	0.1	—			6.5		
General and administrative		_	15.6	0.1	—			15.7		
Depreciation and amortization		_	55.9	1.5	—			57.4		
Transaction costs		_	0.9		—			0.9		
Total costs and expenses		_	137.1	2.9	—			140.0		
Operating income (loss)		_	19.5	(0.3)	) —			19.2		
Interest expense	19.3	_	0.3	1.8	—			21.4		
Income (loss) before income taxes	(19.3)	_	19.2	(2.1	) —			(2.2	)	
Income tax expense		_	(0.7)		—			(0.7	)	
Partnership earnings (loss) related to	16.4	_	(2.1)		(14	3	)			
investment in subsidiaries	10.4		(2.1		(17	.5	,			
Net income (loss)	\$(2.9)	\$—	\$16.4	\$(2.1)	) \$	(14.3	)	\$(2.9	)	

# $\label{thm:constraint} CyrusOne\ Inc.\ and\ CyrusOne\ LP\\ NOTES\ TO\ CONDENSED\ CONSOLIDATED\ FINANCIAL\ STATEMENTS\ -\ (unaudited)$

## Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows

(amounts in millions)				ed June 30 e Guaran uer			Elim	ninations/C	Consoli	da <b>Fiotas</b>	
Cash flows from operating activities:	CO 1550	uCı	. CO 1550	uci		Guaranto	15				
Net (loss) income	\$(15.1	)	<b>\$</b> —	\$ 1.8		\$ (1.6)	\$	1.2		\$(13.7	)
Partnership income (loss) related to	(1.8	`		1.6			0.2				
investment in subsidiaries	(1.8	)	_	1.6		_	0.2			_	
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income											
to net cash (used in) provided by operating											
activities:											
Depreciation and amortization				61.2		1.3	—			62.5	
Noncash interest expense	1.4			_			—			1.4	
Stock-based compensation expense				6.2			—			6.2	
Provision for bad debt write off				0.2			—			0.2	
Asset impairments	_		_	8.6		_	_			8.6	
Change in operating assets and liabilities,											
net of effects of acquisitions:											
Rent receivables and other assets	(2.9	)		(6.6	)	1.7	_			(7.8	)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	13.0		_	(7.7	)	0.1	_			5.4	
Deferred revenues				0.8			_			0.8	
Due to affiliates				(1.9	)		_			(1.9	)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating	(5.4	)		64.2		1.5	1.4			61.7	
activities	(5.4	,		01.2		1.3	1.7			01.7	
Cash flows from investing activities:											
Capital expenditures - acquisitions of real				(17.3	)					(17.3	)
estate				•	,					-	,
Capital expenditures - other development				(74.4	)	0.2				(74.2	)
Investments in and loans to subsidiaries				373.3			(373		)		
Intercompany borrowings	(70.0)	)					70.0				
Return of investment	39.2			(5.2	)		(34.0	)	)		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing	(30.8	)		276.4		0.2	(337	3	)	(91.5	)
activities	(50.0	,		270		0.2	(357		,	()1.5	,
Cash flows from financing activities:											
Issuance of common stock			_	_		_	799.	3		799.3	
Stock issuance costs	_		_	_		_	(0.6	_	)	(0.6	)
Acquisition of partnership units				_			(426		)	(426.0	)
Distributions paid	(33.8	)		(33.8	)		33.8			(33.8	)
Intercompany borrowings				70.0			(70.0	)	)		
Borrowings from revolving credit	70.0			_						70.0	
agreement	,									,	
Payments on capital leases and other				(1.6	)	(0.5)				(2.1	)
financing arrangements				(1.0	,					(=	,
Contributions/distributions from parent				_		0.6	(0.6)		)	_	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	36.2			34.6		0.1	335.	9		406.8	
			_	375.2		1.8	_			377.0	

Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period

Cash and cash equivalents at end of period \$— \$— \$408.7 \$4.8 \$— \$413.5

# CyrusOne Inc. and CyrusOne LP NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (unaudited)

(amounts in millions)	Six Months Ended June 30, 2014  LP Finance Guarantors Non- Co-issuerCo-issuer Guarantors Guarantors											
Cash flows from operating activities: Net (loss) income	\$(2.9	) \$—	\$16.4		\$(2.1	)	\$	(14.3		)	\$(2.9	)
Partnership income (loss) related to	(16.4		2.1			,	14.3			,		
investment in subsidiaries	(10.7	, —	2.1				17.5					
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss)												
income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:												
Depreciation and amortization			55.9		1.5		_				57.4	
Noncash interest expense	1.8		_		_		_				1.8	
Stock-based compensation expense			5.0				_				5.0	
Provision for bad debt write off	_		0.6				_				0.6	
Change in operating assets and liabilities,												
net of effects of acquisitions:	(0.1	,	(20 <b>5</b>	`	(1.6	,					(21.4	,
Rent receivables and other assets	(0.1 4.8	) —	(29.7	-	(1.6 0.5	)					(31.4 2.5	)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Deferred revenues	4.8		(2.8 11.2	)	(0.4	`					10.8	
Due to affiliates	_	_	0.2		—	,	_				0.2	
Net cash (used in) provided by operating	(10.0	`			(0.1	,						
activities	(12.8	) —	58.9		(2.1	)	_				44.0	
Cash flows from investing activities:												
Capital expenditures - other development		_	(116.8	)			_				(116.8	3)
Intercompany borrowings			0.2	,	(0.2	)	<u> </u>			`	_	
Return of investment Net cash provided by (used in) investing	37.3		(13.3	)	_		(24.0	)		)		
activities	37.3	_	(129.9	)	(0.2	)	(24.0	)		)	(116.8	3)
Cash flows from financing activities:												
Stock issuance costs							_				_	
Distributions paid	(24.0	) —	(24.0	)			24.0				(24.0	)
Payments on capital leases and other	_		(1.9	)	(0.3	)					(2.2	)
financing arrangements				,	(							
Contributions (distributions) from parent guarantor	(0.5	) —	(5.1	)	5.1		—				(0.5	)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing												
activities	(24.5	) —	(31.0	)	4.8		24.0				(26.7	)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash			(102.0	`	2.5						(00.5	`
equivalents		_	(102.0	)	2.5						(99.5	)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning			146.8		2.0		_				148.8	
of period											2.0.0	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$44.8		\$4.5		\$				\$49.3	
period												

CyrusOne Inc. and CyrusOne LP NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (unaudited)

### 15. Subsequent Events

On July 1, 2015 CyrusOne Inc. used \$203 million of the total proceeds of \$373.3 million, net of underwriting costs of \$16.6 million, from the June 2015 equity offering of approximately 13.0 million shares of its common stock to finance the acquisition of Cervalis, to pay fees and expenses related to the Cervalis acquisition and for general corporate purposes. The balance of the purchase price was funded with proceeds from CyrusOne Inc.'s offering of 6.375% senior notes due 2022 and borrowings under its amended credit facility. In addition, CyrusOne used the remaining \$170.3 million of the net proceeds from the offering to acquire approximately 6.0 million common units of limited partnership interests in the operating partnership from a subsidiary of CBI. The purchase of the partnership interests was completed on July 1, 2015.

On July 1, 2015, CyrusOne LP and CyrusOne Finance Corp. closed a private offering of \$100 million aggregate principal amount of their 6.375% senior notes due 2022 (the "New Notes"). The New Notes were issued as additional notes under the Indenture dated November 20, 2012 as supplemented by the first supplemental indenture dated July 1, 2015. The New Notes have terms substantially identical to those of the 6.375% senior notes issued in November 2012 and are guaranteed by CyrusOne Inc., CyrusOne GP and certain of the operating partnership's existing and future domestic subsidiaries. The issuers of the notes entered into a registration rights agreement which requires them, at their cost, to use commercially reasonably efforts to file and cause to become effective a registration statement within 180 days of July 1, 2015, to be used in connection with the exchange of the New Notes for freely tradable notes with substantially identical terms in all material respects to the New Notes (which exchange must be completed on or prior to the 30th day after such registration statement is declared effective). The Company used the net proceeds from the offering of the New Notes to finance, in part, the operating partnership's acquisition of Cervalis, to pay fees and expenses related to the acquisition and for general corporate purposes.

On July 1, 2015, CyrusOne borrowed an additional \$150 million under the term loan which was used to partially finance the acquisition of Cervalis.

On July 1, 2015, the Operating Partnership completed its acquisition of Cervalis for approximately \$400 million, excluding transaction-related expenses. As a result of the acquisition, Cervalis is an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and the Company has acquired four data center facilities and two work area recovery facilities serving the New York metropolitan area. The purchase price allocation for this acquisition was not complete as of the filing date due to the proximity of the acquisition closing date.

On July 2, 2015, Cervalis and its wholly owned subsidiary, Cervalis LLC (together with Cervalis, the "Cervalis Subsidiaries"), entered into a joinder agreement to the Company's Credit Agreement dated October 9, 2014 to become guarantors of the operating partnership's current and future obligations under the Credit Agreement.

On July 2, 2015, the Cervalis Subsidiaries also entered into a second supplemental indenture to the indenture dated November 20, 2012, pursuant to which the Cervalis Subsidiaries provide unconditional guarantees of the issuers' obligations under the indenture and the 6.375% senior notes due 2022 issued pursuant to the indenture. The guarantee of each Cervalis Subsidiary is (i) a senior unsecured obligation of such Cervalis Subsidiary, (ii) pari passu in right of payment with any existing and future unsecured senior indebtedness of such Cervalis Subsidiary, (iii) senior in right of payment to any future subordinated

indebtedness of such Cervalis Subsidiary and (iv) effectively subordinated in right of payment to all existing and future secured

indebtedness of such Cervalis Subsidiary, to the extent of the value of the collateral securing that indebtedness.

On July 2, 2015, the Cervalis Subsidiaries entered into a joinder to the Registration Rights Agreement dated July 1, 2015 pursuant to which the Cervalis Subsidiaries agreed to be bound by the terms and provisions of the Registration Rights

Agreement.

On July 29, 2015, CyrusOne Inc. (the "Company") announced that its Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary, Thomas W. Bosse, will be leaving the Company on August 31, 2015 and will be replaced by Robert M. Jackson as

Executive Vice President and General Counsel, effective August 31, 2015. Mr. Jackson will be responsible for providing leadership on all legal matters including transactions, governance, compliance, litigation and risk management, and will report to the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer, Gary Wojtaszek. Most recently, Mr. Jackson served as Executive Vice President and Chief Administrative Officer of Storage Post, a privately held owner and operator of self-storage facilities, headquartered in Atlanta, Georgia, where he led the legal, accounting and human resources functions. Prior to that, Mr. Jackson was Senior Vice President and General Counsel for Atlanta based Cousins Properties Incorporated (NYSE: CUZ), where he was responsible for the delivery of comprehensive legal services and provided executive leadership to the human resources and information technology departments. Mr. Jackson was previously a partner at Troutman Sanders LLP, an international law firm headquartered in Atlanta, where he advised public and private clients in connection with tax, corporate and real estate matters, specializing in partnerships and joint ventures.

CyrusOne Inc. and CyrusOne LP NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (unaudited)

On July 29, 2015, the Company announced the appointment of Amitabh Rai as Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer, effective as of July 28, 2015. Mr. Rai brings over 25 years of accounting and leadership experience in manufacturing, sales and finance-driven environments to the Company. Before joining the Company, Mr. Rai served as Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer of Laureate Education Inc., a global leader in providing higher education, for eight years. Prior to joining Laureate, Mr. Rai was Vice President, Corporate Controller and Principal Accounting Officer of Remy International, Inc. for four years. Before joining Remy in 2003, Mr. Rai spent 13 years with Sensient Technologies Corporation. Mr. Rai is a Certified Public Accountant and also holds a Bachelors of Engineering degree.

# ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This Report on Form 10-Q (this "Quarterly Report"), together with other statements and information publicly disseminated by our company, contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). We intend such forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and include this statement for purposes of complying with these safe harbor provisions.

In particular, statements pertaining to our capital resources, portfolio performance, financial condition and results of operations contain certain forward-looking statements. You can identify forward-looking statements by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "believes," "expects," "may," "will," "should," "seeks," "approximately," "intends," "pla "estimates," or "anticipates" or the negative of these words and phrases or similar words or phrases that are predictions of or indicate future events or trends and that do not relate solely to historical matters. You can also identify forward-looking statements by discussions of strategy, plans or intentions. Such statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions and are not guarantees of future performance, which may be affected by known and unknown risks, trends, uncertainties and factors that are beyond our control. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those anticipated, estimated or projected. The following factors, among others, could cause actual results and future events to differ materially from those set forth or contemplated in the forward-looking statements: (i) the geographic concentration of our data centers in certain markets and any adverse developments in local economic conditions or the demand for data center space in these markets; (ii) increased operating costs; (iii) difficulties in identifying properties to acquire and completing acquisitions; (iv) the significant competition in our industry and an inability to lease vacant space, renew existing leases or release space as leases expire; (v) lack of sufficient customer demand to realize expected returns on our investments to expand our property portfolio; (vi) decreased revenue from costs and disruptions associated with any failure of our physical infrastructure or services; (vii) our ability to lease available space to existing or new customers; (viii) our failure to obtain necessary outside financing; (ix) our failure to qualify as a REIT; (x) financial market fluctuations; (xi) changes in real estate and zoning laws and increases in real property tax rates; (xii) delays or disruptions in third-party network connectivity; (xiii) service failures or price increases by third party power suppliers; (xiv) inability to renew net leases on the data center properties we lease; and (xv) other factors affecting the real estate industry generally.

While forward-looking statements reflect our good faith beliefs, they are not guarantees of future performance. We disclaim any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement to reflect changes in underlying assumptions or factors, of new information, data or methods, future events or other changes. The risks included here are not exhaustive, and additional factors could adversely affect our business and financial performance, including factors and risks included in other sections of this Quarterly Report. Additional information concerning these and other risks and uncertainties is contained in our other periodic filings with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, pursuant to the Exchange Act. We discussed a number of material risks in Item 1A. "Risk Factors" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. Those risks continue to be relevant to our performance and financial condition. Given these risks and uncertainties, investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as a prediction of actual results.

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#### Overview

Our Company. We are an owner, operator and developer of enterprise-class, carrier-neutral, multi-tenant data center properties. Our enterprise-class, carrier-neutral, multi-tenant data centers are purpose-built facilities with redundant power, cooling and access to a range of telecommunications carriers. As of June 30, 2015, we provide mission-critical data center facilities that protect and ensure the continued operation of information technology ("IT") infrastructure for 697 customers in 27 data centers in 11 distinct markets (9 cities in the U.S., London and Singapore). We provide twenty-four hours-a-day, seven-days-a-week security guard monitoring with customizable security features. Our goal is to be the preferred global data center provider to the Fortune 1000. As of June 30, 2015, our customers included nine of the Fortune 20 and 151 of the Fortune 1000 or private or foreign enterprises of equivalent size. These 151 customers provided 72% of our annualized rent as of June 30, 2015. Additionally, as of June 30, 2015, our top 10 customers represented 37% of our annualized rent.

We cultivate long-term strategic relationships with our customers and provide them with solutions for their data center facilities and IT infrastructure challenges. Our offerings provide flexibility, reliability and security delivered through a tailored, customer service focused platform that is designed to foster long-term relationships. We focus on attracting customers that have not historically outsourced their data center needs and providing them with solutions that address their current and future needs. Our facilities and construction design allow us to offer flexibility in density, power resiliency and the opportunity for expansion as our customers' needs grow. We also offer high-performance, low-cost data transfer and accessibility for our customers through our interconnection platform, CyrusOne National IX, which delivers interconnection across states and between metro-enabled sites within the CyrusOne facility footprint and beyond.

Our Portfolio. As of June 30, 2015, our property portfolio included 27 data centers in 11 distinct markets (9 cities in the U.S., London and Singapore) collectively providing approximately 2,437,000 net rentable square feet ("NRSF"), of which 83% was leased, and powered by approximately 210 MW of available UPS capacity. We own 17 of the buildings in which our data center facilities are located. We lease the remaining 10 buildings, which account for approximately 361,000 NRSF, or approximately 15% of our total operating NRSF. These leased buildings accounted for 20% of our total annualized rent as of June 30, 2015. As of June 30, 2015, we also had approximately 790,000 NRSF under development, as well as an aggregate of approximately 499,000 NRSF of additional powered shell space under roof available for development. In addition, we have approximately 195 acres of land that are available for future data center shell development. Along with our primary product offering, leasing of colocation space, our customers are increasingly interested in ancillary office and other space. We believe our existing operating portfolio and development pipeline will allow us to meet the evolving needs of our existing customers and continue to attract new customers. The following tables provide an overview of our operating and development properties as of June 30, 2015.

CyrusOne Inc.
Data Center Portfolio
As of June 30, 2015
(Unaudited)

		Operating	Net Rentable Square Feet (NRSF)( Office	a)	Powered Shell Available
Facilities Metro Area	Annualized Rent <sup>(b)</sup>	Colocation Space (CSF)(c)	nCSF CSF Office & Sup	pporting rastruc <b>Tute</b> l <sup>(i)</sup>	AvailableUPS for FutureCapacity Developn(MW) <sup>(k)</sup> (NRSF) <sup>(j)</sup>
Westway Park Blvd., Houston, TX Houston (Houston West 1)	\$50,120,319	112,133	96 % 96 % 10,563 98 % 36,	756 159,452	3,000 28
West Seventh St., Cincinnati, OH (7th Street)*** S. State	i 39,841,018	212,664	93 % 94 % 5,744 100% 171	,561 389,969	37,000 13
Highway 121 Business Dallas Lewisville, TX (Lewisville)*	38,765,999	108,687	96 % 96 % 11,374 97 % 59,	345 179,406	— 18
W. Frankford, Carrollton, TX Dallas (Frankford)	29,031,224	226,604	74 % 80 % 23,935 89 % 70,	181 320,720	272,000 18
Southwest Fwy., Houston, Houston TX (Galleria)	26,631,518	63,469	75 % 76 % 23,259 51 % 24,	927 111,655	— 14
Kingsview Dr., Lebanon, OH Cincinnat (Lebanon) South Ellis	i 23,294,731	65,303	76 % 87 % 44,886 72 % 52,	950 163,139	65,000 14
Street Chandler, AZ (Phoenix 1) Westover Hills	23,144,664	77,504	100% 100% 34,501 11 % 39,	129 151,134	31,000 27
Blvd, San Antonio, TX (San Antonio 1)  San Antonio	20,207,945	43,843	100% 100% 5,989 83 % 45,	606 95,438	11,000 12
Industrial Rd., Florence, KY Cincinnat (Florence)	i 15,033,622	52,698	100 % 100 % 46,848 87 % 40,	374 139,920	9
Westway Park Houston Blvd., Houston, TX	15,540,148	79,492	78 % 80 % 3,355 62 % 55,	018 137,865	12,000 12

(Houston West	t							
Metropolis Dr. Austin, TX (Austin 2) Knightsbridge	, Austin	12,061,694	43,772	92 % 96 % 1,821	100% 22,430	68,023	_	5
Dr., Hamilton, OH (Hamilton)*	Cincinnati	9,433,581	46,565	77 % 78 % 1,077	100% 35,336	82,978	_	10
South Ellis Street Chandler, AZ (Phoenix 2)	Phoenix	6,567,253	72,116	51 % 100% 5,618	38 % 25,516	103,250	4,000	12
Parkway Dr., Mason, OH (Mason) E. Ben White	Cincinnati	5,896,601	34,072	100% 100% 26,458	98 % 17,193	77,723	_	4
Blvd., Austin, TX (Austin 1)****	Austin	5,875,218	16,223	87 % 87 % 21,476	100% 7,517	45,216	_	2
Midway Rd., Carrollton, TX (Midway)**	Dallas	5,408,662	8,390	100% 100% —	_ % _	8,390	_	1
Kestral Way (London)**	London	4,004,573	10,000	99 % 99 % —	— % 514	10,514	_	1
Springer St., Lombard, IL (Lombard)	Chicago	2,277,899	13,516	72 % 73 % 4,115	100% 12,230	29,861	29,000	3
Marsh Lane, Carrollton, TX (Marsh Ln)**		2,296,022	4,245	100% 100% —	— % —	4,245	_	1
Goldcoast Dr., Cincinnati, OH (Goldcoast)		1,493,607	2,728	100% 100% 5,280	100% 16,481	24,489	14,000	1
Bryan St., Dallas, TX (Bryan St)** Westway Park	Dallas	934,154	3,020	51 % 51 % —	— % —	3,020	_	1
Blvd., Houston, TX (Houston West 3)	Houston	423,504	_	— % — % 8,564	100% 5,304	13,868	_	_
McAuley Place, Blue Ash, OH (Blue Ash)*		531,436	6,193	39 % 39 % 6,950	100% 2,166	15,309	_	1
E. Monroe St., South Bend, IN (Monroe St.)	South Bend	488,599	6,350	24 % 24 % —	— % 6,478	12,828	4,000	1
Crescent Circle, South	South Bend	413,359	3,432	32 % 40 % —	— % 5,125	8,557	11,000	1

Bend, IN													
(Blackthorn)*													
Jurong East	Singapora	202 005	3,200	19	0%	19	0%		_ %		3,200		1
(Singapore)**	Singapore	302,003	3,200	19	70	19	70		— 70		3,200		1
Ridgetop													
Circle,													
Sterling, VA	Sterling	644,933	37,485	85	%	98	%	1,160	100%	38,118	76,763	6,000	6
(Northern													
Virginia)													
Total		\$340,664,288	1.353,704	84	%	90	%	292,973	76 %	790.255	2.436.932	499.000	210

<sup>\*</sup>Indicates properties in which we hold a leasehold interest in the building shell and land. All data center infrastructure has been constructed by us and owned by us.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Indicates properties in which we hold a leasehold interest in the building shell, land, and all data center infrastructure.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> The information provided for the West Seventh Street (7th St.) property includes data for two facilities, one of which we lease and one of which we own.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> For the quarter ended March 31, 2015, we recognized an impairment of \$8.6 million related to the exit of Austin 1, which is a leased facility.

- (a) Represents the total square feet of a building under lease or available for lease based on engineers' drawings and estimates but does not include space held for development or space used by CyrusOne.

  Represents monthly contractual rent (defined as cash rent including customer reimbursements for metered power) under existing customer leases as of June 30, 2015, multiplied by 12. For the month of June 2015, customer reimbursements were \$41.5 million annualized and consisted of reimbursements by customers across all facilities with separately metered power. Customer reimbursements under leases with separately metered power vary from month-to-month based on factors such as our customers' utilization of power and the suppliers' pricing of power.
- (b) From April 1, 2013 through June 30, 2015, customer reimbursements under leases with separately metered power constituted between 8.9% and 14.2% of annualized rent. After giving effect to abatements, free rent and other straight-line adjustments, our annualized effective rent as of June 30, 2015 was \$350.2 million. Our annualized effective rent was greater than our annualized rent as of June 30, 2015 because our positive straight-line and other adjustments and amortization of deferred revenue exceeded our negative straight-line adjustments due to factors such as the timing of contractual rent escalations and customer prepayments for services.
- (c) CSF represents the NRSF at an operating facility that is currently leased or readily available for lease as colocation space, where customers locate their servers and other IT equipment.
- (d) Percent leased is determined based on CSF being billed to customers under signed leases as of June 30, 2015 divided by total CSF. Leases signed but not commenced as of June 30, 2015, are not included.
- (e) Utilization is calculated by dividing CSF under signed leases for colocation space (whether or not the customer has occupied the space) by total CSF.
- (f) Represents the NRSF at an operating facility that is currently leased or readily available for lease as space other than CSF, which is typically office and other space.
- Percent leased is determined based on Office & Other space being billed to customers under signed leases as of (g)June 30, 2015 divided by total Office & Other space. Leases signed but not commenced as of June 30, 2015 are not included.
- (h) Represents infrastructure support space, including mechanical, telecommunications and utility rooms, as well as building common areas.
- (i) Represents the NRSF at an operating facility that is currently leased or readily available for lease. This excludes existing vacant space held for development.
- (j) Represents space that is under roof that could be developed in the future for operating NRSF, rounded to the nearest 1.000.
  - UPS capacity (also referred to as critical load) represents the aggregate power available for lease and exclusive use
- (k) by customers from the facility's installed universal power supplies (UPS) expressed in terms of megawatts. The capacity reported is for non-redundant megawatts, as we can develop flexible solutions to our customers at multiple resiliency levels. Does not sum to total due to rounding.

CyrusOne Inc. NRSF Under Development As of June 30, 2015 (Dollars in millions) (Unaudited)

		NRSF U	nder Devel	opment(a)				Und Cost	er Developr ts <sup>(b)</sup>	nent
Facilities	Metropolitan Area	Colocatio (CSF)	on Space Office & (	Supportin Other Infrastruc	gPowered tu <b>Sh</b> ell <sup>(c)</sup>	Total	UPS MW Capaci	Actı t <b>D</b> ate	Estimated lal to Costs to Completion	Total n
	San Antonio	30,000	20,000	25,000	49,000	124,000	3.0	28	12-15	40-43

Westover Hills										
Blvd. (San										
Antonio 2)										
Westway Park										
Blvd. (Houston	Houston	53,000	_	32,000	213,000	298,000	6.0	32	21-24	53-56
West 3)										
Phoenix 3	Phoenix		_	_	150,000	150,000	_	1	10-12	11-13
Metropolis										
Drive (Austin	Austin	62,000	15,000	22,000	67,000	166,000	3.0	21	20-24	41-45
4)										
Ridgetop										
Circle, Sterling,	Northern	37,000		15,000		52,000	_	6	6-9	12-15
VA (Northern	Virginia	37,000	_	13,000	_	32,000	_	U	0-9	12-13
Virginia)										
Total		182,000	35,000	94,000	479,000	790,000	12.0	\$88	\$69-84	\$157-172

- (a) Represents NRSF at a facility for which activities have commenced or are expected to commence in the next 2 quarters to prepare the space for its intended use. Estimates and timing are subject to change.
- (b) Represents management's estimate of the total costs required to complete the current NRSF under development. There may be an increase in costs if customers require greater power density.
- (c) Represents NRSF under construction that, upon completion, will be powered shell available for future development into operating NRSF.
  - UPS Capacity (also referred to as critical load) represents the aggregate power available for lease to and exclusive
- (d) use by customers from the facility's installed universal power supplies (UPS) expressed in terms of megawatts. The capacity presented is for non-redundant megawatts, as we can develop flexible solutions to our customers at multiple resiliency levels.
- Actual to date is the cash investment as of June 30, 2015. There may be accruals above this amount for work completed, for which cash has not yet been paid.

Our portfolio is currently leased to 697 companies, many of which are leading global companies. The following table sets forth information regarding the 20 largest customers, including their affiliates, in our portfolio based on annualized rent as of June 30, 2015:

CyrusOne Inc. Customer Diversification<sup>(a)</sup> As of June 30, 2015 (Unaudited)

	Principal Customer Industry	Number of Locations	Annualized Rent <sup>(b)</sup>	Percentage o Portfolio Annualized Rent <sup>(c)</sup>	f	Weighted Average Remaining Lease Term in Months <sup>(d)</sup>
1	Information Technology	3	\$16,768,167	4.9	%	36.2
2	Energy	1	15,387,719	4.5	%	36.1
3	Telecommunication Services	2	15,226,014	4.5	%	35.1
4	Information Technology	1	14,608,719	4.3	%	45.0
5	Research and Consulting Services	3	14,010,584	4.1	%	28.7
6	Energy	5	13,233,348	3.9	%	23.1
7	Telecommunications (CBI) <sup>(e)</sup>	7	12,153,999	3.6	%	21.7
8	Industrials	3	8,687,906	2.6	%	19.5
9	Information Technology	2	7,971,772	2.3	%	24.8
10	Financials	1	6,600,225	1.9	%	59.0
11	Information Technology	1	6,564,853	1.9	%	113.0
12	Information Technology	1	6,306,022	1.9	%	5.9
13	Financials	8	5,651,666	1.7	%	59.8
14	Telecommunication Services	5	5,475,204	1.6	%	46.0
15	Energy	3	5,441,010	1.6	%	12.9
16	Energy	2	5,084,334	1.5	%	27.8
17	Consumer Staples	1	5,053,152	1.5	%	82.5
18	Information Technology	1	4,868,320	1.4	%	68.0
19	Energy	1	4,549,982	1.3	%	13.2
20	Information Technology	3	4,202,206	1.2	%	57.6
			\$177,845,202	52.2	%	37.8

#### (a) Includes affiliates.

Represents monthly contractual rent (defined as cash rent including customer reimbursements for metered power) under existing customer leases as of June 30, 2015, multiplied by 12. For the month of June 2015, our total portfolio annualized rent was \$340.7 million, and customer reimbursements were \$41.5 million annualized, consisting of reimbursements by customers across all facilities with separately metered power. Customer reimbursements under leases with separately metered power vary from month-to-month based on factors such as our customers' utilization of power and the suppliers' pricing of power. From April 1, 2013 through June 30, 2015,

(b) our customers' utilization of power and the suppliers' pricing of power. From April 1, 2013 through June 30, 2015 customer reimbursements under leases with separately metered power constituted between 8.9% and 14.2% of annualized rent. After giving effect to abatements, free rent and other straight-line adjustments, our annualized effective rent for our portfolio as of June 30, 2015 was \$350.2 million. Our annualized effective rent was greater than our annualized rent as of June 30, 2015 because our positive straight-line and other adjustments and amortization of deferred revenue exceeded our negative straight-line adjustments due to factors such as the timing of contractual rent escalations and customer prepayments for services.

- (c) Represents the customer's total annualized rent divided by the total annualized rent in the portfolio as of June 30, 2015, which was approximately \$340.7 million.
  - Weighted average based on customer's percentage of total annualized rent expiring and is as of June 30, 2015, assuming that customers exercise no renewal options and exercise all early termination rights that require payment
- of less than 50% of the remaining rents. Early termination rights that require payment of 50% or more of the remaining lease payments are not assumed to be exercised because such payments approximate the profitability margin of leasing that space to the customer, such that we do not consider early termination to be economically detrimental to us.
  - Includes information for both Cincinnati Bell Technology Solutions (CBTS) and Cincinnati Bell Telephone and two customers that have contracts with CBTS. We expect the contracts for these two customers to be assigned to
- (e) us, but the consents for such assignments have not yet been obtained. Excluding these customers, Cincinnati Bell Inc. and subsidiaries represented 2.45% of our annualized rent as of June 30, 2015. During the second quarter, a subsidiary of one of the customers with contracts with CBTS had the contracts assigned to us.

#### Lease Distribution

The following table sets forth information relating to the distribution of customer leases in the properties in our portfolio, based on NRSF under lease as of June 30, 2015:

CyrusOne Inc. Lease Distribution As of June 30, 2015 (Unaudited)

NRSF Under Lease <sup>(a)</sup>	Number of Customers	Percentag b) All Custo	e of mer	Total Leased NRSF <sup>(c)</sup>	Percentag Portfolio Leased N		f Annualized Rent <sup>(d)</sup>	Percentage Annualize	
0-999	510	74	%	102,346	5		\$42,828,735	13	%
1000-2499	66	9	%	104,560	5	%	21,400,298	6	%
2500-4999	39	6	%	139,884	7	%	28,055,610	8	%
5000-9999	28	4	%	208,318	10	%	50,794,258	15	%
10000+	46	7	%	1,479,348	73	%	197,585,388	58	%
Total	689	100	%	2,034,456	100	%	\$340,664,289	100	%

- (a) Represents all leases in our portfolio, including colocation, office and other leases.
- (b) Represents the number of customers occupying data center, office and other space as of June 30, 2015. This may vary from total customer count as some customers may be under contract, but have yet to occupy space. Represents the total square feet at a facility under lease and that has commenced billing, excluding space held for development or space used by CyrusOne. A customer's leased NRSF is estimated based on such customer's direct
- (c) CSF or office and light-industrial space plus management's estimate of infrastructure support space, including mechanical, telecommunications and utility rooms, as well as building common areas. Represents monthly contractual rent (defined as cash rent including customer reimbursements for metered power) under existing customer leases as of June 30, 2015, multiplied by 12. For the month of June 2015, customer reimbursements were \$41.5 million annualized and consisted of reimbursements by customers across all facilities with separately metered power. Customer reimbursements under leases with separately metered power vary from month-to-month based on factors such as our customers' utilization of power and the suppliers' pricing of power.
- (d) From April 1, 2013 through June 30, 2015, customer reimbursements under leases with separately metered power constituted between 8.9% and 14.2% of annualized rent. After giving effect to abatements, free rent and other straight-line adjustments, our annualized effective rent as of June 30, 2015 was \$350.2 million. Our annualized effective rent was greater than our annualized rent as of June 30, 2015 because our positive straight-line and other adjustments and amortization of deferred revenue exceeded our negative straight-line adjustments due to factors such as the timing of contractual rent escalations and customer prepayments for services.

#### Lease Expiration

The following table sets forth a summary schedule of the customer lease expirations for leases in place as of June 30, 2015 plus available space, for the properties in our portfolio. Customers whose leases have been auto-renewed prior to June 30, 2015 are shown in the calendar year in which their current auto-renewed term expires. Unless otherwise stated in the footnotes, the information set forth in the table assumes that customers exercise no renewal options and exercise all early termination rights that require payment of less than 50% of the remaining rents. Early termination rights that require payment of 50% or more of the remaining lease payments are not assumed to be exercised because such payments approximate the profitability margin of leasing that space to the customer, such that we do not consider early termination to be economically detrimental to us.

CyrusOne Inc.

Lease Expirations As of June 30, 2015 (Unaudited)

Year <sup>(a)</sup>	Number Leases Expiring	of Total Operati (b)NRSF Expiri	n <b>g</b> ercen ngotal N	tage NRS	Afnnualized Rent <sup>(c)</sup>	Percent Annual	_	t Annuali	Percentage of Annualized Rent at Expiration	
Available		402,476	17	%						
Month-to-Month	208	23,871	1	%	\$5,809,309	2	%	\$ 6,013,918	2	%
2015	435	266,719	11	%	31,023,817	9	%	31,125,072	9	%
2016	772	238,810	10	%	63,177,418	18	%	63,980,541	17	%
2017	830	352,332	15	%	58,273,926	17	%	60,193,362	16	%
2018	542	299,489	12	%	73,151,523	21	%	75,872,942	21	%
2019	221	338,380	14	%	48,126,761	14	%	53,592,511	15	%
2020	150	249,268	10	%	26,965,414	8	%	31,097,587	9	%
2021	134	76,525	3	%	15,417,933	5	%	16,375,773	4	%
2022	11	33,167	1	%	3,647,627	1	%	3,929,246	1	%
2023	46	59,750	2	%	6,255,504	2	%	8,570,688	2	%
2024 - Thereafter	20	96,145	4	%	8,815,056	3	%	13,522,558	4	%
Total	3,369	2,436,932	100	%	\$340,664,288	100	%	\$ 364,274,198	100	%

Leases that were auto-renewed prior to June 30, 2015 are shown in the calendar year in which their current auto-renewed term expires. Unless otherwise stated in the footnotes, the information set forth in the table assumes

- (a) that customers exercise no renewal options and exercise all early termination rights that require payment of less than 50% of the remaining rents. Early termination rights that require payment of 50% or more of the remaining lease payments are not assumed to be exercised.
- Number of leases represents each agreement with a customer. A lease agreement could include multiple spaces and a customer could have multiple leases.
- (c) Represents monthly contractual rent (defined as cash rent including customer reimbursements for metered power) under existing customer leases as of June 30, 2015, multiplied by 12. For the month of June 2015, our total portfolio annualized rent was \$340.7 million, customer reimbursements were \$41.5 million annualized and consisted of reimbursements by customers across all facilities with separately metered power. Customer reimbursements under leases with separately metered power vary from month-to-month based on factors such as our customers' utilization of power and the suppliers' pricing of power. From April 1, 2013 through June 30, 2015, customer reimbursements under leases with separately metered power constituted between 8.9% and 14.2% of annualized rent. After giving effect to abatements, free rent and other straight-line adjustments, our annualized effective rent as of June 30, 2015 was \$350.2 million. Our annualized effective rent was greater than our

annualized rent as of June 30, 2015 because our positive straight-line and other adjustments and amortization of deferred revenue exceeded our negative straight-line adjustments due to factors such as the timing of contractual rent escalations and customer prepayments for services.

(d) Represents the final monthly contractual rent under existing customer leases that had commenced as of June 30, 2015, multiplied by 12.

# Results of Operations

Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2015, Compared to Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2014:

	Three M June 30		ths Ende	d					Six Mo June 30		s Ende	d				
(amounts in millions, except per share data)	2015		2014		\$ Char	ige	% Chan	ισe	2015		2014		\$ Chan	ge	% Chai	าตะ
Revenue	\$89.1		\$81.7		\$7.4		9	%	\$174.8		\$159.	2	\$15.6		10	%
Costs and expenses:																
Property operating expenses	32.8		31.8		1.0		3		65.1		59.5		5.6		9	%
Sales and marketing	2.8		3.5		(0.7)	)	(20	-	5.7		6.5		(0.8	)	(12	)%
General and administrative	9.9		8.4		1.5		18	%	19.0		15.7		3.3		21	%
Depreciation and amortization	31.4		29.8		1.6		5	%	62.5		57.4		5.1		9	%
Transaction costs	9.6		0.8		8.8		1,100	) %	9.7		0.9		8.8		978	%
Asset impairments							n/m		8.6				8.6		n/m	
Total costs and expenses	86.5		74.3		12.2		16	%	170.6		140.0		30.6		22	%
Operating income (loss)	2.6		7.4		(4.8	)	(65	)%	4.2		19.2		(15.0	)	(78	)%
Interest expense	8.7		10.7		(2.0)	)	(19	)%	17.1		21.4		(4.3	)	(20	)%
Net (loss) income before income taxes	(6.1	)	(3.3	)	(2.8	)	85	%	(12.9	)	(2.2	)	(10.7	)	486	%
Income tax expense	(0.4	)	(0.3	)	(0.1	)	33	%	(0.8)	)	(0.7	)	(0.1	)	14	%
Net (loss) income	(6.5	)	(3.6	)	(2.9	)	81	%	(13.7	)	(2.9	)	(10.8	)	372	%
Noncontrolling interest in	(1.0	`	(2.5	`	1 5		(60	\01	(2.0	`	(2.0	`	(1.0	`	05	01
net (loss) income	(1.0	)	(2.5	)	1.5		(60	)%	(3.9	)	(2.0	)	(1.9	)	95	%
Net (loss) income attributed to common shareholders	\$(5.5	)	\$(1.1	)	\$(4.4	)	400	%	\$(9.8	)	\$(0.9	)	\$(8.9	)	989	%
Operating margin	2.9	%	9.1	%					2.4	%	12.1	%				
Capital expenditures*:																
Acquisitions of real estate	<b>\$</b> —		<b>\$</b> —		<b>\$</b> —		n/m		\$17.3		<b>\$</b> —		\$17.3			
Development of real estate	42.3		66.8		(24.5	)	(37	)%	74.2		116.1		(41.9	)		
Recurring real estate	_		0.3		(0.3)	)	(100	)%	_		0.7		(0.7)	)		
Total	\$42.3		\$67.1		\$(24.8	)	(37	)%	\$91.5		\$116.	8	\$(25.3	)		
Metrics information:																
Colocation square feet*	1,354,00	00	1,194,00	00	160,00		13	%								
Utilization rate*	90	%	86	%	4	%	5	%	90	%	86	%	4	%	5	%
Loss per share - basic and diluted	\$(0.11	)	\$(0.06	)					\$(0.23	)	\$(0.06	5)				
Dividend declared per share	\$0.315		\$0.210						\$0.63		\$0.42					

<sup>\*</sup>See "Key Operating Metrics" set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 for a definition of capital expenditures, CSF and utilization rate.

#### Revenue

Revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$89.1 million, an increase of \$7.4 million, or 9%, compared to \$81.7 million for the corresponding quarter in 2014. Revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$174.8 million, an increase of \$15.6 million, or 10%, compared to \$159.2 million for the corresponding period in 2014. The increase in revenue was primarily driven by leased colocation space across our portfolio increasing by 120,000 square feet over the past twelve months. As of June 30, 2015 we had approximately 2,034,000 leased NRSF, an increase of approximately 202,000 NRSF from June 30, 2014. As of June 30, 2015, we had 151 Fortune 1000 customers or private or foreign enterprises of equivalent size, compared to 139 Fortune 1000 customers or private or foreign enterprises of equivalent size as of June 30, 2014. As of June 30, 2015, we had a total of 697 customers as compared to approximately 648 customers as of June 30, 2014.

Our capacity at June 30, 2015 was approximately 1,354,000 CSF, which is an increase of 13% from June 30, 2014. The utilization rate of our data center facilities was 90% as of June 30, 2015, compared to 86% as of June 30, 2014. Recurring rent churn was 0.6% for the three months ended June 30, 2015, compared to 1.4% for the three months ended June 30, 2014. Recurring rent churn was 1.9% for the six months ended June 30, 2015, compared to 2.8% for the six months ended June 30, 2014.

#### Costs and Expenses

Property operating expenses—Property operating expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2015 were \$32.8 million, an increase of \$1.0 million, or 3%, compared to \$31.8 million for the corresponding quarter in 2014. Key drivers for the increase were payroll and payroll related expenses that increased by \$0.4 million due to growth in the business and \$0.8 million attributed to increased equipment sales during the quarter. For the six months ended June 30, 2015 property operating expenses were \$65.1 million, an increase of \$5.6 million, or 9%, compared to \$59.5 million for the corresponding period in 2014. Key drivers for the six month increase were payroll and payroll related expenses that increased \$0.7 million due to growth in the business, \$0.8 million attributed to increased equipment sales, \$1.5 million for increased electricity usage from higher customer demands, \$1.1 million in costs associated with increased revenue for circuits and bandwidth, \$0.8 million for a charge related to the termination of our Austin 1 lease and increased costs for facility maintenance and repairs.

Sales and marketing expenses—Sales and marketing expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2015 were \$2.8 million, a decrease of \$0.7 million, or 20%, compared to \$3.5 million for the corresponding quarter in 2014. Advertising and marketing materials decreased by \$0.4 million and employee compensation decreased by \$0.3 million. For the six months ended June 30, 2015 sales and marketing expenses were \$5.7 million, a decrease of \$0.8 million, or 12%, compared to \$6.5 million for the corresponding period in 2014. Both advertising and marketing and employee compensation decreased by \$0.4 million.

General and administrative expenses—General and administrative expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2015, were \$9.9 million, an increase of \$1.5 million, or 18%, compared to \$8.4 million for the corresponding quarter in 2014. Key contributors to the increase were payroll and payroll related expenses that increased \$0.8 million primarily for non-cash long term incentive plans, bonuses and increased salaries attributed to the growth in the business and \$0.6 million for professional and consulting related expenses. For the six months ended June 30, 2015 general and administrative expenses were \$19.0 million, an increase of \$3.3 million, or 21%, compared to \$15.7 million for the corresponding period in 2014. Key contributors to the increase were \$1.9 million for payroll and payroll related expenses including \$1.0 million for non-cash long term incentive plans, \$0.6 million for increased salaries and wages attributed to the growth in the business and \$0.3 million for recruiting costs, \$1.0 million for professional and consulting related expenses and \$0.4 million in software license fees.

Depreciation and amortization expense—Depreciation and amortization expense for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$31.4 million, an increase of \$1.6 million, or 5%, compared to \$29.8 million for the corresponding quarter in 2014. For the six months ended June 30, 2015 depreciation and amortization expense was \$62.5 million, an increase of \$5.1 million, or 9%, compared to \$57.4 million for the corresponding period in 2014. The increase was driven by assets that were placed in service since the start of 2014. Depreciation and amortization expense is expected to increase in future periods as we acquire and develop new properties and expand our existing data center facilities.

Transaction costs—During the second quarter of 2015 the Company entered into an agreement to acquire Cervalis Inc. in a cash transaction. As part of that process \$9.6 million in transaction related expenses were incurred primarily for outside professional services in the areas of legal, banking, financing, accounting and advisory services. During the second quarter of 2014 the Company incurred \$0.8 million in transaction related expenses as it investigated various opportunities that were not completed.

Asset impairments—For the six months ended June 30, 2015, we recognized an impairment of \$8.6 million related to the exit of Austin 1, which is a leased facility. The effective date of our lease termination is March 31, 2016. The decrease in value results from the various assets that we will no longer be able to use once we exit this facility. Operating Income

For the three months ended June 30, 2015 operating income was \$2.6 million, a decrease of \$4.8 million, or 65%, compared to \$7.4 million for the corresponding quarter in 2014. The decrease was driven by increases of \$8.8 million in transaction costs related to the Cervalis acquisition, depreciation and amortization of \$1.6 million, general and administrative expenses of \$1.5 million, and property operating expenses of \$1.0 million. Partially offsetting these higher costs was an increase in revenue of \$7.4 million and a decrease in sales and marketing of \$0.7 million. For the six months ended June 30, 2015 operating income was \$4.2 million, a decrease of \$15.0 million, or 78%, compared to \$19.2 million for the corresponding period in 2014. The decrease was driven by increases of \$8.8 million in transaction costs related to the Cervalis acquisition, an \$8.6 million impairment charge related to the planned exit of our Austin 1 facility lease, and increases in depreciation and amortization of \$5.1 million, property operating expenses of \$5.6 million, and general and administrative expenses of \$3.3 million. Partially offsetting these higher costs was an increase in revenue of \$15.6 million and a decrease in sales and marketing of \$0.8 million.

#### Non-Operating Expenses

Interest expense—Interest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$8.7 million, a decrease of \$2.0 million, or 19%, as compared to \$10.7 million for the corresponding quarter in 2014. Interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$17.1 million, a decrease of \$4.3 million, or 20%, as compared to \$21.4 million for the corresponding period in 2014. The decrease was primarily a result of a reduction in interest expense due to our bond repurchase program in the fourth quarter of 2014 and an increase in capitalized interest, partially offset by the impact of borrowings under our revolving credit facility to fund development activities.

Income tax expense—Income tax expense for the three months ended June 30, 2015 was \$0.4 million, an increase of \$0.1 million, or 33%, as compared to \$0.3 million for the corresponding quarter in 2014. Income tax expense for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$0.8 million, and increase of \$0.1 million, or 14%, as compared to \$0.7 million for the corresponding period in 2014.

# Capital Expenditures

Capital expenditures for the six months ended June 30, 2015 were \$91.5 million, as compared to \$116.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. Our capital expenditures for 2015 relate primarily to development of additional square footage and power in our Phoenix 2, Houston West 3, Carrollton and Northern Virginia data centers and the purchase of an additional powered shell in Austin's Met Center in February of 2015.

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million.

Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

We are required to distribute at least 90% of our REIT taxable income, determined without regard to the dividends paid deduction and excluding any net capital gains, to our stockholders on an annual basis in order to maintain our status as a REIT for federal income tax purposes. Accordingly, we intend to make, but are not contractually bound to make, regular quarterly distributions to common stockholders and operating partnership unit holders from cash flow from operating activities. All such distributions are at the discretion of our board of directors.

We have an effective shelf registration statement that allows us to offer for sale unspecified amounts of various classes of equity and debt securities and warrants. As circumstances warrant, we may issue debt, equity and/or warrants from time to time on an opportunistic basis, dependent upon market conditions and available pricing.

On June 25, 2014, CyrusOne Inc. completed a public offering of approximately 16.0 million shares of its common stock, including approximately 2.1 million shares of common stock issued upon the exercise in full by the underwriters of their option to purchase additional shares, at a price to the public of \$23.25 per share, or \$371.7 million. CyrusOne Inc. used the proceeds of \$355.9 million, net of underwriting discounts of \$15.8 million, to acquire approximately 16.0 million common units of limited partnership interests in the operating partnership from a subsidiary of CBI.

On April 7, 2015, CyrusOne Inc. completed a public offering of approximately 14.3 million shares of its common stock, including approximately 1.9 million shares of common stock issued upon the exercise in full by the underwriters of their option to purchase additional shares, at a price to the public of \$31.12 per share, or \$443.8 million. CyrusOne Inc. used the proceeds of \$426.0 million, net of underwriting costs of \$17.8 million, to acquire approximately 14.3 million common units of limited partnership interests in the operating partnership from two subsidiaries of CBI.

On April 28, 2015, CyrusOne LP entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") that provided for the acquisition of four data center facilities and two work area recovery facilities serving the New York metropolitan area through the acquisition of Cervalis Holdings LLC ("Cervalis") for approximately \$400 million, excluding transaction related expenses. Simultaneously, CyrusOne Inc. obtained financing commitments from KeyBank to provide an unsecured \$300 million bridge loan facility. Such commitments were terminated when the Company amended its Credit Agreement on June 22, 2015. The transaction closed on July 1, 2015. On June 26, 2015, CyrusOne Inc. completed a public offering of approximately 13.0 million shares of its common stock, including approximately 1.7 million shares of common stock issued upon the exercise in full by the underwriters of their option to purchase additional shares, at a price to the public of \$30.00 per share, or \$389.9

On July 1, 2015 CyrusOne Inc. used \$203 million of the total proceeds of \$373.3 million, net of underwriting costs of \$16.6 million, from the June 2015 equity offering to finance the acquisition of Cervalis, to pay fees and expenses related to the Cervalis acquisition and for general corporate purposes. The balance of the purchase price was funded with proceeds from CyrusOne Inc.'s offering of 6.375% senior notes due 2022 and borrowings under its amended credit facility. In addition, CyrusOne used the remaining \$170.3 million of the net proceeds from the offering to acquire approximately 6.0 million common units of limited partnership interests in the operating partnership from a subsidiary of CBI. The purchase of the partnership interests was completed on July 1, 2015.

As of June 30, 2015, and after giving effect to the April 2015 and June 2015 equity offerings and the use of proceeds therefrom, the total number of outstanding shares of common stock and operating partnership units was approximately 72.6 million which reflects the purchase of the operating units on July 1. CBI held a 8.7% noncontrolling interest in the operating partnership. As of June 30, 2015, and after giving effect to the April 2015 and June 2015 equity offerings and use of proceeds therefrom, CBI owned approximately 11.3% of CyrusOne through its 2.6% interest in the outstanding shares of common stock of CyrusOne Inc. and its 8.7% interest in the common units of the limited partnership interest of CyrusOne LP that may be exchanged by CBI for common stock.

On October 9, 2014, CyrusOne LP entered into a new Credit Agreement which provides for a \$450 million senior unsecured revolving credit facility to replace CyrusOne LP's former \$225 million secured credit facility, and a \$150

million senior unsecured term loan. The revolving credit facility is scheduled to mature in October 2018 and includes a one-year extension option, which if exercised by CyrusOne LP would extend the maturity date to October 2019. The term loan is scheduled to mature in October 2019. The revolving credit facility currently bears interest at a rate per annum equal to LIBOR plus 1.70% and the term loan currently bears interest at a rate per annum equal to LIBOR plus 1.65%. The Credit Agreement governing the revolving credit facility and the term loan originally contained an accordion feature that allowed CyrusOne LP to increase the aggregate commitment by up to \$300 million.

On June 22, 2015, CyrusOne entered into an amendment to the Credit Agreement and other loan documents governing its senior unsecured revolving credit facility and senior unsecured term loan facility. The amendment increased the size of the Credit Agreement's accordion feature, which gave the operating partnership the ability to request an increase in the total commitment under the Credit Agreement, from \$300 million to \$600 million. Immediately after entering into the amendment, the operating partnership exercised \$350 million of this accordion feature and obtained commitments to increase the total commitment under the Credit Agreement from \$600 million to \$950 million, comprised of \$650 million of commitments under the revolving credit facility and \$300 million under the term loan. On July 1, 2015, CyrusOne borrowed an additional \$150 million under the term loan which was used to partially finance the acquisition of Cervalis.

On July 1, 2015, CyrusOne LP and CyrusOne Finance Corp. closed a private offering of \$100 million aggregate principal amount of their 6.375% senior notes due 2022 (the "New Notes"). The New Notes were issued as additional notes under the Indenture dated November 20, 2012 as supplemented by the first supplemental indenture dated July 1, 2015. The New Notes have terms substantially identical to those of the 6.375% senior notes issued in November 2012 and are guaranteed by CyrusOne Inc., CyrusOne GP and certain of the operating partnership's existing and future domestic subsidiaries. The issuers of the notes entered into a registration rights agreement which requires them, at their cost, to use commercially reasonably efforts to file and cause to become effective a registration statement within 180 days of July 1, 2015, to be used in connection with the exchange of the New Notes for freely tradable notes with substantially identical terms in all material respects to the New Notes (which exchange must be completed on or prior to the 30th day after such registration statement is declared effective). The Company used the net proceeds from the offering of the New Notes to finance, in part, the operating partnership's acquisition of Cervalis, to pay fees and expenses related to the acquisition and for general corporate purposes.

As of June 30, 2015, and December 31, 2014, we had \$413.5 million and \$36.5 million, respectively, of cash and cash equivalents. For the June 30, 2015 cash and cash equivalents, approximately \$203 million was used to partially fund the Cervalis acquisition and \$170.3 million was used to acquire 6.0 million in operating partnership units from a subsidiary of Cincinnati Bell on July 1, 2015.

## Short-term Liquidity

Our short-term liquidity requirements primarily consist of operating expenses, dividend payments and capital expenditures composed primarily of acquisition and development costs for data center properties. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, our capital expenditures were \$91.5 million. Our capital expenditures are largely discretionary and will be applied to expand our existing data center properties, acquire or construct new facilities, or both. We intend to continue to pursue additional growth opportunities and are prepared to commit additional resources to support this growth. We expect to fund future capital expenditures from the cash available on our balance sheet and borrowings under our revolving credit facility. Including investment plans for the recently closed acquisition, our total estimated capital expenditures for 2015 will be between \$260 million and \$275 million.

# Long-term Liquidity

Our long-term liquidity requirements primarily consist of operating expenses, distributions to stockholders and the acquisition and development of additional data center properties. We expect to meet our long-term liquidity requirements with cash flows from our operations, issuances of debt and equity securities and borrowings under our revolving credit facility.

As of June 30, 2015, our debt and other financing arrangements were \$794.7 million, consisting of \$374.8 million of senior notes due 2022, a revolving credit facility outstanding of \$205.0 million, a term loan outstanding of \$150.0 million, capital lease obligations of \$12.1 million and other financing arrangements of \$52.8 million. As of June 30, 2015, after giving effect to the July 1st \$150 million borrowing under the term loan facility, we had the ability to borrow an additional \$455.0 million under the revolving credit facility.

On July 1, 2015 CyrusOne Inc. used \$203 million of the total proceeds of \$373.3 million, net of underwriting costs of \$16.6 million, from the June 2015 equity offering to finance the acquisition of Cervalis, to pay fees and expenses related to the Cervalis acquisition and for general corporate purposes. The balance of the purchase price was funded with proceeds from CyrusOne Inc.'s offering of 6.375% senior notes due 2022 and borrowings under its amended credit facility. In addition, CyrusOne used the remaining \$170.3 million of the net proceeds from the offering to

acquire approximately 6.0 million common units of limited partnership interests in the operating partnership from a subsidiary of CBI. The purchase of the partnership interests was completed on July 1, 2015.

As of June 30, 2015, and after giving effect to the April 2015 and June 2015 equity offerings and the use of proceeds therefrom, the total number of outstanding shares of common stock and operating partnership units was approximately 72.6 m

illion which reflects the purchase of the operating units on July 1. CBI held a 8.7% noncontrolling interest in the operating partnership. As of June 30, 2015, and after giving effect to the April 2015 and June 2015 equity offerings and use of proceeds therefrom, CBI owned approximately 11.3% of CyrusOne through its 2.6% interest in the outstanding shares of common stock of CyrusOne Inc. and its 8.7% interest in the common units of the limited partnership interest of CyrusOne LP that may be exchanged by CBI for common stock.

On July 1, 2015, CyrusOne LP and CyrusOne Finance Corp. closed a private offering of \$100 million aggregate principal amount of their 6.375% senior notes due 2022 (the "New Notes"). The New Notes were issued as additional notes under the Indenture dated November 20, 2012 as supplemented by the first supplemental indenture dated July 1, 2015. The New Notes have terms substantially identical to those of the 6.375% senior notes issued in November 2012 and are guaranteed by CyrusOne Inc., CyrusOne GP and certain of the operating partnership's existing and future domestic subsidiaries. The issuers of the notes entered into a registration rights agreement which requires them, at their cost, to use commercially reasonably efforts to file and cause to become effective a registration statement within 180 days of July 1, 2015, to be used in connection with the exchange of the New Notes for freely tradable notes with substantially identical terms in all material respects to the New Notes (which exchange must be completed on or prior to the 30th day after such registration statement is declared effective). The Company used the net proceeds from the offering of the New Notes to finance, in part, the operating partnership's acquisition of Cervalis, to pay fees and expenses related to the acquisition and for general corporate purposes.

On July 1, 2015, CyrusOne borrowed an additional \$150 million under the term loan which was used to partially finance the acquisition of Cervalis.

Cash Flows

Comparison of Six Months Ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014

Cash provided by operations was \$61.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015, compared to \$44.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The increase is primarily driven by the change in operating assets and liabilities during the two comparable periods.

Cash used in investing activities was \$91.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015, compared to \$116.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. Capital expenditures for 2015 includes the development of additional square footage and power in our Phoenix 2, Houston West 3, Carrollton and Northern Virginia data centers and the purchase of Austin 4 in February 2015. Capital expenditures for 2014 related to the continued development of power and space through expansions of our existing properties in primarily the same locations, in order to meet increased customer demands for IT infrastructure.

Cash provided by financing activities was \$406.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2015, compared to cash used in financing activities of \$26.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The change is primarily attributed to the June equity offering and borrowings of \$70.0 million during the six months ended June 30, 2015, partially offset by an increase in dividends paid of \$9.8 million as the Company has increased its quarterly dividend payment rate.

## **Distribution Policy**

CyrusOne Inc. is required to distribute 90% of its taxable income (determined without regard to the dividend paid deduction and excluding any net capital gains) on an annual basis in order to continue to qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes. Accordingly, we intend to make, but are not contractually bound to make, regular quarterly distributions to our common shareholders from cash flow from our operating partnership's operating activities. In addition, the Operating Partnership Agreement requires ratable distributions to partners, and therefore, similar distributions will be made to all holders of operating partnership units. All such distributions are at the discretion of our parent company's board of directors. We consider market factors and our operating partnership's performance in addition to REIT requirements in determining distribution levels. While we plan to continue to make quarterly distributions, no assurances can be made as to the frequency or amounts of any future distributions. The payment of common share distributions is dependent upon our financial condition, operating results and REIT distribution requirements and may be adjusted at the discretion of the board of directors during the year.

# ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK Interest Rate Risk

We have exposure to interest rate risk, arising from variable-rate borrowings under our revolving credit agreement and our fixed-rate long-term debt.

The following table sets forth the carrying value and fair value face amounts, maturity dates, and average interest rates at June 30, 2015, for our fixed-rate and variable-rate debt, excluding capital leases and other financing arrangements:

(amounts in millions)	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Thereafter	Total Carrying Value	Total Fair Value
Fixed-rate debt	\$—	\$	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$374.8	\$374.8	\$388.9
Average interest rate on fixed-rate debt	_	_		_	_	6.375 %	6.375 %	_
Variable-rate debt (revolving credit facility)	\$—	\$—	\$—	\$205.0	\$—	\$—	\$205.0	\$205.0
Average interest rate on variable-rate debt (revolving credit facility)	_	_	_	1.906 %	_	_	1.906 %	1.906 %
Variable-rate debt (term loan)	<b>\$</b> —	\$—	\$—	<b>\$</b> —	\$150.0	<b>\$</b> —	\$150.0	\$150.0
Average interest rate on variable-rate debt (term loan)	_	_	_	_	1.864 %	_	1.864 %	1.864 %

Refer to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014 for a description of the Company's market risks. There were no material changes for the period ended June 30, 2015.

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#### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures (CyrusOne Inc.)

As of June 30, 2015, we carried out an evaluation required by the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), under the supervision and with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Exchange Act. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that, as of June 30, 2015, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and were effective to provide reasonable assurance that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting (CyrusOne Inc.)

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by paragraph (d) of Rule 13a-15 of the Exchange Act that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2015 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Evaluation of the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures (CyrusOne LP)

As of June 30, 2015, we carried out an evaluation required by the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), under the supervision and with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Exchange Act. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that, as of June 30, 2015, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and were effective to provide reasonable assurance that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting (CyrusOne LP)

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by paragraph (d) of Rule 13a-15 of the Exchange Act that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2015 that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In the ordinary course of our business, from time to time we are subject to claims and administrative proceedings. We do not believe any currently outstanding matters would have, individually or in the aggregate, a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations, liquidity and cash flows.

## ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes to the risk factors included in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, filed with the SEC on February 27, 2015, which is accessible on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

## ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALE OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

During the three months ended June 30, 2015, the Company had no unregistered sales of equity securities or purchases of its common stock.

# ITEM 3. DEFAULT UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

## ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

# ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

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ITEM 6. EXHIB Exhibit No.	ITS Exhibit Description
2.1	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated April 28, 2015 by and among CyrusOne LP, Jupiter Merger Sub, LLC, Cervalis Holdings LLC, and LDG Holdings LLC as the sellers' representative. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 of Form 8-K, filed by the Registrant on April 28, 2015 (Registration No. 001-35789).)
3.1	Articles of Amendment and Restatement of CyrusOne Inc. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 of Form 8-K, filed by the Registrant on January 25, 2013 (Registration No. 001-35789).)
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of CyrusOne Inc. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 of Form 8-K, filed by the Registrant on January 25, 2013 (Registration No. 001-35789).)
3.3	Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of CyrusOne LP. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Form 8-K, filed by the Registrant on January 25, 2013 (Registration No. 001-35789).)
4.1	First Supplemental Indenture dated July 1, 2015, among CyrusOne LP, CyrusOne Finance Corp., the guarantors party thereto and Wells Fargo Bank N.A., as trustee (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of Form 8-K, filed by the Registrant on July 1, 2015 (Registration No. 001-35789).)
4.2	Registration Rights Agreement dated July 1, 2015, among the CyrusOne LP, CyrusOne Finance Corp., the guarantors party thereto and Barclays Capital Inc., RBC Capital Markets, LLC and TD Securities (USA) LLC (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of Form 8-K, filed by the Registrant on July 1, 2015 (Registration No. 001-35789).)
4.3	Second Supplemental Indenture dated July 2, 2015, among CyrusOne LP, CyrusOne Finance Corp., Cervalis Holdings LLC, Cervalis LLC, the other guarantors party thereto and Wells Fargo Bank N.A., as trustee (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of Form 8-K, filed by the Registrant on July 6, 2015 (Registration No. 001-35789).)
4.4	Registration Rights Agreement Joinder dated July 2, 2015 by Cervalis Holdings LLC and Cervalis LLC (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 of Form 8-K, filed by the Registrant on July 6, 2015 (Registration No. 001-35789).)
10.1	Commitment Letter with KeyBank National Association. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Form 8-K, filed by the Registrant on April 28, 2015 (Registration No. 001-35789).)
10.2	First Amendment to Credit Agreement and other Loan Documents, dated as of June 22, 2015, among CyrusOne LP, the guarantors party thereto, the lenders party thereto and KeyBank National Association, as agent for the lenders (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Form 8-K, filed by the Registrant on June 22, 2015 (Registration No. 001-35789).)

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31.1+	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. (CyrusOne Inc.)
10.9+	Form of Executive Non-Statutory Stock Option Award under the provisions of the CyrusOne 2012 Long Term Incentive Plan
10.8+	Form of Executive Performance Restricted Stock Award under the provisions of the CyrusOne 2012 Long Term Incentive Plan
10.7+	Form of Executive Time-Based Restricted Stock Award under the provisions of the CyrusOne 2012 Long Term Incentive Plan
10.6	Separation Agreement, dated as of July 31, 2015, by and between Thomas W. Bosse and CyrusOne LLC (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of Form 8-K, filed by the Registrant on August 3, 2015 (Registration No. 001-35789)).
10.5	Employment Agreement, dated as of July 31, 2015, by and between Amitabh Rai and CyrusOne LLC (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of Form 8-K, filed by the Registrant on August 3, 2015 (Registration No. 001-35789)).
10.4	Employment Agreement, dated as of July 31, 2015, by and between Robert M. Jackson and CyrusOne LLC (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Form 8-K, filed by the Registrant on August 3, 2015 (Registration No. 001-35789)).
10.3	acknowledged by KeyBank National Association. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of Form 8-K, filed by the Registrant on July 6, 2015 (Registration No. 001-35789).)

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31.2+	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. (CyrusOne Inc.)
31.3+	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. (CyrusOne LP)
31.4+	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. (CyrusOne LP)
32.1+	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. (CyrusOne Inc.)
32.2+	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. (CyrusOne Inc.)
32.3+	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. (CyrusOne LP)
32.4+	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. (CyrusOne LP)
(101.INS)*	XBRL Instance Document.
(101.SCH)*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
(101.CAL)*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
(101.DEF)*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
(101.LAB)*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
(101.PRE)*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
+ *	Filed herewith. Submitted electronically with this report.
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#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized, on the 7th day of August, 2015.

## CyrusOne Inc.

By: /s/ Gary J. Wojtaszek

Gary J. Wojtaszek

President, Chief Executive Officer, and Director

By: /s/ Kimberly H. Sheehy

Kimberly H. Sheehy

Chief Financial and Administrative Officer (and in her capacity as Acting

Chief Accounting Officer)

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized, on the 7th day of August, 2015.

## CyrusOne LP

By: CyrusOne Inc., as sole trustee of CyrusOne GP, sole general partner of CyrusOne LP

By: /s/ Gary J. Wojtaszek

Gary J. Wojtaszek

President, Chief Executive Officer, and Director of CyrusOne Inc.

By: /s/ Kimberly H. Sheehy

Kimberly H. Sheehy

Chief Financial and Administrative Officer of CyrusOne Inc. (and in her

capacity as Acting Chief Accounting Officer)