Accelerize Inc. Form 10-Q August 14, 2017 UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q
(Mark One)
[X] QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2017
[]TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from to
•
Commission File Number: 000-52635
ACCELERIZE INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)
<u>Delaware</u> <u>20-3858769</u>
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
20411 SW BIRCH STREET, SUITE 250
NEWPORT BEACH
CALIFORNIA 92660

,	A 11	c		1	4.	cc.	
(Address	OI	princij	pai	executive	offices)

(949) 548	8 2253
-----------	--------

(Registrant's Telephone Number, including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (\$232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company [X]

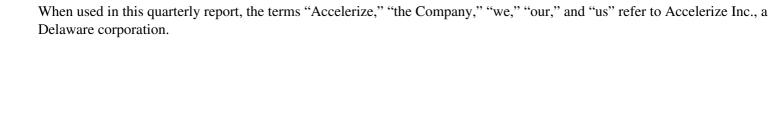
(Do not check if smaller reporting company)

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No [X]

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's Common Stock, \$0.001 par value per share, as of August 11, 2017, was 65,523,042.



CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q contains certain forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements may include our statements regarding our goals, beliefs, strategies, objectives, plans, including product and service developments, future financial conditions, results or projections or current expectations. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may," "will," "should," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "predict," "potential" or "continue," the negative of such terms, or other comparable terminology. For example, when we discuss our expectations that we expect to address any potential liquidity issues within the second half of 2017, that our revenues will increase in 2017, and our plans for spending on training, support personnel, hosting and infrastructure, we are using forward-looking statements. These statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors that may cause actual results to be materially different from those contemplated by the forward-looking statements. These factors include, but are not limited to, our ability to implement our strategic initiatives, economic, political and market conditions and fluctuations, government and industry regulation, interest rate risk, U.S. and global competition, and other factors. Most of these factors are difficult to predict accurately and are generally beyond our control. You should consider the areas of risk described in connection with any forward-looking statements that may be made herein. The business and operations of Accelerize Inc. are subject to substantial risks, which increase the uncertainty inherent in the forward-looking statements contained in this report. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to release publicly the result of any revision to these forward-looking statements that may be made to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. Further information on potential factors that could affect our business is described under "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our annual report on Form 10-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC, on March 22, 2017. Readers are also urged to carefully review and consider the various disclosures we have made in this report and in our annual report on Form 10-K.

ACCELERIZE INC.

INDEX

	Page
PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION:	1
Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)	1
Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Position And Results of Operations	15
Item 4. Controls and Procedures	24
PART II - OTHER INFORMATION:	25
Item 6. Exhibits	25
SIGNATURES	26

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

ACCELERIZE INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2016
ASSETS		
Current Assets: Cash Restricted cash	\$120,422 50,000	\$1,680,127 50,000
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for bad debt of \$366,746 and \$349,535, respectively	2,182,431	2,229,610
paid expenses and other assets al current assets	763,519 3,116,372	398,187 4,357,924
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$2,969,504 and \$2,585,072, respectively	3,472,794	2,933,126
Other assets Total assets	106,157 \$6,695,323	102,574 \$7,393,624
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Deferred revenues Credit facility, short term	\$2,124,906 91,217 2,477,995	\$2,639,008 53,450 2,038,946
Other short term loan, net of unamortized deferred financing cost of \$19,582 and \$43,133, respectively	380,418	506,867
Total current liabilities	5,074,536	5,238,271
Credit facility, net of unamortized deferred financing cost of \$337,677 and \$429,769, respectively	4,485,433	4,588,227
Other Liabilities Total liabilities	1,275,000 10,834,969	1,487,500 11,313,998

Stockholders' Deficit:

Series A Preferred stock; \$0.001 par value; 54,000 shares authorized; None issued and	_	_
outstanding.		
Series B Preferred stock; \$0.001 par value; 1,946,000 shares authorized; None issued		
and outstanding.	-	-
Common stock; \$0.001 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized; 65,283,042 and	65 202	62 414
63,415,254 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	65,282	63,414
Additional paid-in capital	25,643,273	25,211,737
Accumulated deficit	(29,790,129)	(29,118,196)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(58,072)	(77,329)
Total stockholders' deficit	(4,139,646)	(3,920,374)
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	¢6 605 222	\$7.202.624
Total habilities and stockholders deficit	\$6,695,323	\$7,393,624

See Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ACCELERIZE INC.

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Three-month periods ended June 30,		Six-month pe June 30,		eriods ended			
	2017		2016		2017		2016	
Revenues:	\$5,994,154		\$6,003,287		\$11,950,87	8	\$11,867,30	5
Cost of revenue	2,365,364		2,030,687		3,910,709		3,962,810	
Gross profit	3,628,790		3,972,600		8,040,169		7,904,495	
Operating expenses:								
Research and development	1,133,437		973,980		2,176,556		2,004,436	
Sales and marketing	1,083,303		874,422		2,299,793		1,867,300	
General and administrative	1,751,672		2,247,255		3,677,914		4,535,967	
Total operating expenses	3,968,412		4,095,657		8,154,263		8,407,703	
Operating loss	(339,622)	(123,057)	(114,094)	(503,208)
Other income (expense):								
Interest income	1,042		11,475		742		20,934	
Interest expense	(278,129)	(221,683)	(558,581)	(434,232)
Total other (expenses)	(277,087)	(210,208)	(557,839)	(413,298)
Net loss	\$(616,709)	\$(333,265)	\$(671,933)	\$(916,506)
Net loss per share:								
Basic	\$(0.01)	\$(0.01)	\$(0.01)	\$(0.01)
Diluted	\$(0.01)	\$(0.01	-	\$(0.01	-	\$(0.01)
	65.000.046		65 060 225	-	(5.070.70	2	65,060,33	7
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding	65,283,042		65,069,327		65,272,72		65,069,32	
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	65,283,042	2	65,069,327	7	65,272,72	3	65,069,32	7

See Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ACCELERIZE INC.

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

	Three-month periods ended June 30, 2017 2016		Six-month pended June 30, 2017	periods 2016
Net loss	\$(616,709)	\$(333,265)	\$(671,933)	\$(916,506)
Foreign currency translation gain (loss) Total other comprehensive gain (loss)	15,177 15,177	(22,309) (22,309)	19,257 19,257	(29,497) (29,497)
Comprehensive loss	\$(601,532)	\$(355,574)	\$(652,676)	\$(946,003)

See Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ACCELERIZE INC.

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Six-month periods en		ods ended	
	June 30, 2017	,	2016	
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net loss	\$(671,933) :	\$(916,506)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:	•		•	,
Depreciation and amortization	384,633		549,641	
Amortization of deferred financing cost	115,644		75,798	
Provision for bad debt	17,211		(4,943)
Fair value of options and warrants	433,404		803,383	
Non-cash expenses paid on company's behalf	-		204,920	
Loss (gain) on sale of fixed assets	902		(448)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:) 0 2		(110	,
Accounts receivable	29,968		(153,622)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(365,332)	(245,521	-
Restricted cash	(303,332	,	(500,000	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(753,229	`	(365,461	-
Deferred revenues	37,767	,)
Other assets		`	8,076	,
Net cash used in operating activities	(774,547	-	(552,183)
Net cash used in operating activities	(114,541	,	(332,103	,
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Capitalized software for internal use	(891,393)	(1,030,450	6)
Capital expenditures	(32,980)	(7,585)
Proceeds from sale of assets	795		5,642	
Net cash used in investing activities	(923,578)	(1,032,399	9)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Principal repayments of credit facility and loan	(1,030,837	′`	(87,777)
Proceeds from credit facility	1,150,000	-	1,803,105	
Payment of financing costs	1,130,000		(129,678	
Net cash provided by financing activities	119,163		1,585,650	-
Net cash provided by financing activities	119,103		1,383,030	,
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	19,257		(29,497)
Net decrease in cash	(1,559,705)	(28,429)
Cash, beginning of period	1,680,127		908,095	
Cash, end of period	\$120,422		\$879,666	

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:

Cash paid for interest

Cash paid for interest	\$395,545	\$419,802
Cash paid for income taxes	\$-	\$-
Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Fair value of warrants issued in connection with line of credit	\$-	\$391,618
Principal loan payments included in accounts payable	\$25,000	\$25,000
Repayment of line of credit	\$-	\$4,572,223
Capital expenditure included in accounts payable	\$7,282	\$-
Shares issued for cashless exercise of options and warrants	\$1,868	\$-

See Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ACCELERIZE INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: ORGANIZATION AND DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Accelerize Inc., a Delaware corporation, incorporated on November 22, 2005, owns and operates CAKE, a Software-as-a-Service, or SaaS, platform providing online tracking and analytics solutions for advertisers and online marketers.

The Company provides software solutions for businesses interested in expanding their online advertising spend.

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2017, the Company sustained losses and a working capital deficit. The company is in discussions with various capital sources and expects to address any potential liquidity issues within the second half of 2017. There can be no assurance that such a plan will be successful.

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments including normal recurring adjustments, which, in the opinion of management, are necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows for the periods presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, or GAAP. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and notes included herein should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively, which are included in the Company's December 31, 2016 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission on March 22, 2017. The Company assumes that the users of the interim financial information herein have read, or have access to, the audited consolidated financial statements for the preceding period, and that the adequacy of additional disclosure needed for a fair presentation of these may be determined in that context. The results of operations for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 are not necessarily indicative of the results for the year ending December 31, 2017.

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the results of operations of Cake Marketing UK Ltd., or the Subsidiary. All material intercompany accounts and transactions between the Company and the Subsidiary have been eliminated in consolidation.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Use of Estimates

The preparation of unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reporting amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results will differ from those estimates. Included in these estimates are assumptions about collection of accounts receivable, useful life of fixed assets and intangible assets, and assumptions used in Black-Scholes-Merton, or BSM, valuation methods, such as expected volatility, risk-free interest rate, and expected dividend rate.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid temporary cash investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash equivalents. The Company has restricted cash as a result of its corporate card program through its bank. The bank requires a collateral which is placed in a money market account and can be increased or decreased at any time at the discretion of the Company. The Company's restricted cash amounted to \$50,000 at June 30, 2017.

Accounts Receivable

The Company's accounts receivable are due primarily from advertisers and marketers. Collateral is currently not required. The Company also maintains allowances for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of the Company's customers to make payments. The Company periodically reviews these estimated allowances, including an analysis of the customers' payment history and creditworthiness, the age of the trade receivable balances and current economic conditions that may affect a customer's ability to make payments as well as historical collection trends for its customers as a whole. Based on this review, the Company specifically reserves for those accounts deemed uncollectible or likely to become uncollectible. When receivables are determined to be uncollectible, principal amounts of such receivables outstanding are deducted from the allowance.

June 30, December 31.

2017 2016

Allowance for doubtful accounts \$366,746 \$349,535

Concentration of Credit Risks

The Company is subject to concentrations of credit risk primarily from cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable.

The Company's cash and cash equivalents accounts are held at a financial institution and are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or the FDIC, up to \$250,000. During the six-month period ended June 30, 2017, the Company has reached bank balances exceeding the FDIC insurance limit. To reduce its risk associated with the failure of such financial institutions, the Company periodically evaluates the credit quality of the financial institution in which it holds deposits.

The Company's accounts receivable are due from customers, generally located in the United States, Europe, Asia, and Canada. None of the Company's customers accounted for more than 10% of its accounts receivable at June 30, 2017 or December 31, 2016. The Company does not require any collateral from its customers.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue on arrangements in accordance with ASC Topic 605, Revenue Recognition. Revenue is recognized only when the price is fixed or determinable, persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, the service is performed, and collectability of the resulting receivable is reasonably assured.

The Company's SaaS revenues are generated from implementation and training fees and a monthly license fee, supplemented by per transaction fees paid by customers for monthly platform usage. The initial term of the customer contract is generally one year with one of two general cancellation policies. Each party may cancel the contract within the initial period or after the initial period, with 30-days' prior notice. The Company does not provide any general right of return for its delivered items. Services associated with the implementation and training fees have standalone value

to the Company's customers, as there are third-party vendors who offer similar services to the Company's services. Accordingly, they qualify as separate units of accounting. The Company allocates a fair value to each element deliverable at the recognition date and recognizes such value when the services are provided. The Company bases the fair value of the implementation and training fees on third-party evidence and the monthly license fee on vendor-specific objective evidence. Fees charged by third-party vendors for implementation and training services do not vary significantly from the fees charged by the Company. Services associated with implementation and training fees are generally rendered within a month from the initial contract date. The value attributed to the monthly license fees as well as the fees associated with monthly transaction-based platform usage are recognized in the corresponding period.

Product Concentration

The Company generates its revenues from software licensing, usage, and related transaction fees.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company accounts for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis in accordance with ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, or ASC 820. ASC 820 establishes a common definition for fair value to be applied to existing generally accepted accounting principles that require the use of fair value measurements, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosure about such fair value measurements.

ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Additionally, ASC 820 requires the use of valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. These inputs are prioritized below:

Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.

Level Unobservable inputs for which there is little or no market data, which require the use of the reporting entity's 3: own assumptions.

Additional Disclosures Regarding Fair Value Measurements

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued expenses, lines of credit and loans, approximate their fair value due to the short-term maturity of these items.

Advertising

The Company expenses advertising costs as incurred.

Three months ended Six months ended June 30, June 30, 2017 2016 2017 2016

Advertising expense \$83,728 \$39,351 \$170,755 \$76,677

Income Taxes

Income taxes are accounted for in accordance with the provisions of ASC Topic 740, Accounting for Income Taxes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amounts expected to be realized, but no less than quarterly.

Foreign Currency Translation

The Company's reporting currency is U.S. Dollars. The functional currency of the Company's Subsidiary in the United Kingdom is British Pounds. The translation from British Pounds to U.S. dollars is performed for asset and

liability accounts using exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date, equity accounts using historical exchange rates or rates in effect at the balance sheet date, and for revenue and expense accounts using the average exchange rate in effect during the period. The resulting translation adjustments are recorded as a component of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss). Foreign currency translation gains and losses arising from exchange rate fluctuation on transactions denominated in a currency other than the functional currency are included in the consolidated statements of operations.

Software Development Costs

Costs incurred in the research and development of software products and significant upgrades and enhancements thereto during the preliminary project stage and the post-implementation operation stage are expensed as incurred. Costs incurred for maintenance and relatively minor upgrades and enhancements are expensed as incurred. Costs associated with the application development stage of new software products and significant upgrades and enhancements thereto are capitalized when 1) management implicitly or explicitly authorizes and commits to funding a software project and 2) it is probable that the project will be completed and the software will be used to perform the function intended. The Company capitalized internal-use software development costs of \$891,393 during the six-months ended June 30, 2017. The Company amortizes such costs once the new software products and significant upgrades and enhancements are completed. The unamortized internal-use software development costs amounted to approximately \$3,360,000 and \$2,784,000 at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively. The Company's amortization expenses associated with capitalized software development costs amounted to \$181,531 and \$315,103 during the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017, respectively, and \$186,219 and \$375,579 during the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016, respectively. Amortization of internal-use software is reflected in cost of revenues.

Share-Based Payment

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation in accordance with ASC Topic 718, Compensation-Stock Compensation, or ASC 718. Under the fair value recognition provisions of this topic, stock-based compensation cost is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award and is recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period, which is the vesting period.

The Company has elected to use the BSM option-pricing model to estimate the fair value of its options, which incorporates various subjective assumptions including volatility, risk-free interest rate, expected life, and dividend yield to calculate the fair value of stock option awards. Compensation expense recognized in the statements of operations is based on awards ultimately expected to vest and reflects estimated forfeitures. ASC 718 requires forfeitures to be estimated at the time of grant and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates.

Segment Reporting

The Company generated revenues from one source, its SaaS business, during the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. The Company's chief operating decision maker evaluates the performance of the Company based upon revenues and expenses by functional areas as disclosed in the Company's statements of operations.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04, Intangibles-Goodwill and Other (Topic 350), which simplifies the goodwill impairment test. The effective date for ASU 2017-04 is for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted for interim or annual goodwill impairment tests performed on testing dates after January 1, 2017. We are currently evaluating the impact of adopting ASU 2017-04 on our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-01, Business Combinations (Topic 805): Clarifying the Definition of a Business. This new standard clarifies the definition of a business and provides a screen to determine when an integrated set of assets and activities is not a business. The screen requires that when substantially all of the fair value of the gross assets acquired (or disposed of) is concentrated in a single identifiable asset or a group of similar identifiable assets, the set is not a business. This new standard will be effective for the Company on January 1, 2018; however, early adoption is permitted with prospective application to any business development transaction. We are currently evaluating the impact of adopting ASU 2017-01 on our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

The Company applied ASU 2015-03: Interest – Imputation of Interest, which simplifies the presentation of debt issuance costs, and netted debt issue costs previously reported as assets with the related liability for presentation purposes. Other accounting pronouncements have been issued but deemed by management to be outside the scope of relevance to the Company.

Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing income available to stockholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during each period. Diluted earnings per share are computed using the weighted average number of common and dilutive common share equivalents outstanding during the period. Dilutive common share equivalents consist of shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options and warrants (calculated using the modified-treasury stock method).

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ex June 30,	nded
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Numerator:				
Net loss	\$(616,709) \$(333,265	\$ (671,933	\$(916,506)
Denominator:				
Denominator for basic earnings per shareweighted	65,283,042	65,069,327	65,272,723	65,069,327
average shares	03,203,012	05,005,527	03,272,723	03,007,327
Effect of dilutive securities- when applicable: Stock options	_	_	_	_
Warrants	-	-	_	-
Denominator for diluted earnings per shareadjusted weighted-average shares and assumed conversions	65,283,042	65,069,327	65,272,723	65,069,327
Loss per share:				
Basic	\$(0.01) \$(0.01	\$(0.01) \$(0.01)
Diluted	\$(0.01	, ,	, ,	\$ (0.01
Weighted-average anti-dilutive common share equivalents	16,361,556	18,551,891	16,318,872	18,710,764

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost and are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of three years. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Significant renewals and betterments are capitalized

Property and equipment consist of the following at:

	June 30,	December 31,
	2017	2016
Internal use software costs	\$5,615,360	\$4,723,968
Computer equipment and software	417,469	387,472
Office furniture and equipment	119,221	119,768
Leasehold improvements	290,248	286,990
	6,442,298	5,518,198
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(2,969,504)	(2,585,072)

\$3,472,794 \$2,933,126

	Three mor	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30,	June 30,		June 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Depreciation expense	\$34,075	\$96,749	\$69,530	\$174,062	
Amortization expense on internal softwar	re \$181,530	\$186,219	\$315,103	\$375,579	

During the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017, the Company disposed of approximately \$0 and \$7,500 in computer equipment with a net book value of approximately \$0 and \$1,700 for proceeds of approximately \$0 and \$800, respectively.

During the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016, the Company sold approximately \$2,000 and \$12,000 in computer equipment with a net book value of approximately \$0 and \$5,000 for proceeds of approximately \$1,000 and \$6,000, respectively.

During the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016, the Company wrote off approximately \$280,000 and \$280,000, in fixed assets with a net book value of approximately \$31,000 and \$31,000, respectively, which was recorded under the depreciation expense account.

NOTE 3: PREPAID EXPENSES

At June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company's prepaid expenses consisted primarily of prepaid insurance and tradeshow costs.

NOTE 4: DEFERRED REVENUES

The Company's deferred revenues consist of prepayments made by certain of the Company's customers and undelivered implementation and training fees. The Company decreases the deferred revenues by the amount of the services it renders to such clients when provided.

June 30, December 31,

2017 2016

Deferred revenues \$91,217 \$53,450

NOTE 5: LINE OF CREDIT AND LOANS

Line of Credit

On September 30, 2014, the Company entered into an amendment of its line of credit, or the Line of Credit, with Pacific Western Bank, as successor in interest by merger to Square 1 Bank, or the Lender, to borrow up to a maximum of \$6,000,000 at the Company's discretion, an increase from up to \$3,000,000 that the Company was permitted to borrow under the original Line of Credit entered into on March 17, 2014.

As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company had no outstanding balance under the Line of Credit and the facility has been cancelled.

Agility Loan

	June 30,	December 31,
	2017	2016
Agility Loan	\$625,000	\$625,000
Amendment, loan modification fee added to balance	100,000	100,000
Principal Payment of Agility Loan	(325,000)	(175,000)
Agility Loan, Outstanding balance	400,000	550,000
Less: Deferred financing cost	(19,582)	(43,133)
	\$380,418	\$506,867

On March 11, 2016, the Company entered into a subordinated loan, or the Agility Loan, with Agility Capital II, LLC, or Agility Capital, which provides for total availability of \$625,000 and was to originally mature, prior to amendment, on March 31, 2017. The Agility Loan has a fixed interest rate of 12% per year and requires \$25,000 monthly amortization payments beginning on June 1, 2016. The Agility Loan also requires fees of approximately \$130,000 over the life of the loan, and is subject to a total aggregate minimum interest of \$50,000 in the event of a prepayment. The Agility Loan contains covenants to achieve specified Adjusted EBITDA levels, as defined, limiting capital expenditures, restricting the Company's ability to pay dividends, purchase and sell assets outside the ordinary course and incur additional indebtedness. As of June 30, 2017, the Company was in compliance with these covenants. The Agility Loan requires a security interest in all of the Company's personal property and intellectual property, second in priority to the Lender and to SaaS Capital Funding II, LLC.

In connection with the Agility Loan, on June 30, 2016, as a result of outstanding amounts under the Agility Loan, the Company issued to Agility Capital a warrant to purchase up to 69,444 shares of the Company's Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.45 per share. This warrant expires on March 11, 2021. The fair value of the warrant amounted to \$15,880 and was capitalized as deferred financing costs, of which \$0 and \$3,970, and \$3,947 and \$3,947, was expensed during the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

On November 29, 2016, the Company entered into an amendment of the Agility Loan which waived any event of default and the breach of any covenant, representation, warranty, and any other agreement contained in the Agility Loan as a result of the Company entering into a settlement agreement with respect to pending litigation between the Company and a former officer during November 2016, or the Settlement Agreement. On the date of the amendment, a loan modification fee in the amount of \$100,000, fully earned and non-refundable, was added to the outstanding loan balance and shall accrue interest, expensed in the statement of operations. Additionally, the maturity date was extended to December 31, 2017. On November 29, 2016, the Company issued to Agility Capital a warrant to purchase up to 187,500 shares of the Company's Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.40 per share. This warrant expires on November 29, 2021. The fair value of the warrant amounted to \$42,427 and was capitalized as deferred financing costs, of which \$9,791 and \$19,582 was expensed during the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017, respectively. There was \$0 expensed during the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016.

The Company owed \$400,000 and \$550,000 under the Agility Loan at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

Credit Facility - SaaS Capital Loan

	June 30,	December 31,
	2017	2016
SaaS Capital Loan, Total advances	8,350,000	7,200,000
Principal Payment of SaaS Capital Loan	(1,048,895)	(143,058)
SaaS Capital Loan, Outstanding balance	7,301,105	7,056,942
Less: Deferred financing cost	(337,677)	(429,769)
Less: SaaS Capital Loan, short term (1)	(2,477,995)	(2,038,946)
	\$4,485,433	\$4,588,227

⁽¹⁾ Short-term portion constitutes scheduled amortization payments for the next 12 months which create immediate access to additional borrowing availability equal to the amount of amortization payments

On May 5, 2016, the Company entered into a loan and security agreement, or the SaaS Capital Loan, with SaaS Capital Funding II, LLC to borrow up to a maximum of \$8,000,000. Initial amounts borrowed will accrue interest at the rate of 10.25% per annum with future amounts borrowed bearing interest at the greater of 10.25% or 9.21% plus the three-year treasury rate at the time of advance. Accrued interest on amounts borrowed is payable monthly for the first six months and thereafter 36 equal monthly payments of principal and interest is payable. Prepayments will be subject to a 10%, 6% or 3% of principal premium if prepaid prior to 12 months, between 12 and 24 months, or between 24 months and maturity, respectively. Advances may be requested until May 5, 2018. The initial minimum

advance amount of \$5,000,000, on May 5, 2016, was used to repay the outstanding Line of Credit balance of \$4,572,223. A facility fee of \$80,000 was paid by the Company in connection with the initial advance and an additional \$80,000 was paid in May 2017.

The SaaS Capital Loan contains customary covenants including, but not limited to, covenants to achieve specified Adjusted EBITDA levels and revenue renewal levels, limiting capital expenditures and restricting the Company's ability to pay dividends, purchase and sell assets outside the ordinary course and incur additional indebtedness. As of June 30, 2017, the Company was in compliance with such covenants. The occurrence of a material adverse change will be an event of default under the SaaS Capital Loan, in addition to other customary events of default. The Company granted SaaS Capital Funding II, LLC a security interest in all of the Company's personal property and intellectual property through the SaaS Capital Loan and the Patent, Trademark and Copyright Security Agreement between the Company and SaaS Capital Funding II, LLC.

On May 5, 2016, in connection with the SaaS Capital Loan, the Company issued to SaaS Capital Partners II, LP, an affiliate of SaaS Capital Funding II, LLC, a warrant to purchase up to 1,333,333 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of \$0.45 per share subject to certain adjustments for dividends, splits or reclassifications. The Warrant is exercisable until the earlier of May 5, 2026, or the date that is 5 years from the date the Company's equity securities are first listed for trading on NASDAQ. The fair value of the warrant amounted to \$383,128 and was capitalized as deferred financing costs, of which \$31,927 and \$63,854, and \$20,880 and \$20,880, was expensed during the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

On November 29, 2016, the Company entered into an amendment of the SaaS Capital Loan to receive consent from SaaS Capital to enter into the Settlement Agreement. The amendment required a loan modification fee of \$120,000, payable at \$10,000 a month for one year, expensed in the statement of operations. In connection with this amendment, the Company agreed to issue SaaS Capital a warrant to purchase up to 200,000 shares of our Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.36 per share. This warrant expires on November 29, 2026. The fair value of the warrant amounted to \$60,185 and was fully expensed at December 31, 2016.

On May 10, 2017, the Company entered into a second amendment of the SaaS Capital Loan which adjusts the Minimum Adjusted EBITDA covenant in Schedule 6.17 of the SaaS Capital Loan from \$0 to (\$150,000) until August 31, 2017 to give the Company added flexibility in completing its hosting migration to a new platform and to allow for potentially augmented marketing and sales efforts.

On June 16, 2017, the Company entered into a third amendment of the SaaS Capital Loan with SaaS Capital Funding II, LLC to provide that any advance made within 6 months of the final advance date will be for a 36 month period with interest only payments due from the date of advance until the final advance date.

During the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017, the Company borrowed \$650,000 and \$1,150,000 from the SaaS Capital Loan, and made principal payments of \$469,289 and \$905,837, respectively.

The Company owed \$7,301,105 and \$7,056,942 under the SaaS Capital Loan at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

The Company recognized amortization and interest expenses in connection with the line of credit and loans as follows.

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Amortization expense associated with line of credit and loan Interest expense associated with line of credit and loan Other finance fees associated with line of credit and loan	\$198,955	\$126,623	\$115,644 \$395,545 \$48,250	\$194,026

NOTE 6: STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT

Common Stock

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2017, the Company issued 1,707,692 shares of its Common Stock pursuant to the cashless exercise of 2,400,000 options. There were no exercises of options during the six-month period ended June 30, 2016.

As of June 30, 2017, and December 31, 2016, there were 65,283,042 and 63,415,254 shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding, respectively.

Restricted Stock

During 2016, the Company issued 120,000 restricted shares of its Common Stock, at a value of \$0.50 per share, vesting in 4 equal quarterly increments commencing on July 1, 2016, to each of its non-employee directors as partial annual compensation for services as a director. As of December 31, 2016, these restricted shares were fully issued. The Company recorded expenses of \$30,000 and \$60,000 during the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017, respectively. There was \$0 expensed during the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016. These restricted shares were fully vested as of June 30, 2017.

Warrants

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2017, the Company issued 160,096 shares of its Common Stock pursuant to the cashless exercise of 225,000 warrants. There were no exercises of warrants during the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016.

During the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017, no new warrants were issued and 46,875 warrants expired.

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2016, the Company issued 69,444 and 1,333,333 warrants to Agility Capital and SaaS Capital Partners II, LP, respectively, exercisable at a price of \$0.45 per share and which expire on March 11, 2021 and May 5, 2026 respectively. The fair value of these warrants, which amounted to \$15,880 and \$383,128, respectively, were recognized as deferred financing fees and amortized using the effective interest method over the terms of the associated loan.

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2016, 2,466,760 warrants were forfeited, of which 1,650,000 warrants were forfeited and replaced with 2,000,000 new warrants issued in conjunction with the forfeiture of 650,000 options issued in December 2014.

As of June 30, 2017, and December 31, 2016, there were 7,719,341 and 7,991,216 warrants issued and outstanding, respectively, with a weighted average price \$0.87 and \$0.64, respectively.

During the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017, the Company recorded expenses of \$125,867 and \$251,734, respectively, related to warrants granted to employees.

During the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016, the Company recorded expenses of \$270,508 and \$554,601, respectively, related to warrants granted to employees.

Options

The Company generally recognizes its share-based payment over the vesting terms of the underlying options.

Six-month periods ended

June 30, 2017 2016 \$- \$0.50 penses \$118,823 \$248,783 - 2,020,000

Weighted-average grant date fair value Fair value of options, recognized as selling, general, and administrative expenses Number of options granted

As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, there were 10,450,000 and 13,125,000 options, respectively, issued and outstanding with a weighted average price of \$0.43 and \$0.38 respectively.

The total compensation cost related to non-vested awards not yet recognized amounted to \$323,867 at June 30, 2017 and the Company expects that it will be recognized over the following 39 months.

NOTE 7: COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

Comprehensive loss includes changes in equity related to foreign currency translation adjustments. The following table sets forth the reconciliation from net loss to comprehensive loss for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months June 30,	ended
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Net loss	\$(616,709)	\$(333,265)	\$(671,933)	\$(916,506)
Other comprehensive income (loss):				
Foreign currency translation adjustment	15,177	(22,309)	19,257	(29,497)
Comprehensive loss	\$(601,532)	\$(355,574)	\$(652,676)	\$(946,003)

The following table sets forth the balance in accumulated other comprehensive loss as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively:

 $\begin{array}{ccc} & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ &$

NOTE 8: SEGMENTS

The Company operates in one business segment. Percentages of sales by geographic region for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were approximately as follows:

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
United States	58%	67%	59%	68%
Europe	21%	19%	21%	19%
Other	21%	14%	20%	13%

NOTE 9: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

During January 2014, the Company entered into a 4-year lease for certain office space in Newport Beach, effective February 1, 2014. Under the terms of the lease, the Company initially paid monthly base rent of approximately \$22,000 increasing incrementally to approximately \$25,000.

During October 2016, the Company amended its original May 2014 sublease and entered into a 21 month sublease in Newport Beach, effective June 1, 2016. The monthly base rent is approximately \$4,100 through the end of the sublease term.

During July 2014, the Company entered into a five year lease for certain office space in a business center in London, England, which commenced on July 30, 2014. The base rent is GBP 89,667 (approximately \$129,000) per year and the estimated service charges for the lease are GBP 45,658 (approximately \$66,000) per year. The Company paid approximately GBP 60,000 (approximately \$86,000) for furniture, cabling and build out of the office space.

Legal Proceedings

From time to time, the Company may become involved in legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. The Company is not presently a party to any legal proceedings that it currently believes, if determined adversely to the Company, would individually or taken together have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, operating results, financial condition or cash flows.

On November 29, 2016, the Company entered into the Settlement Agreement with Jeff McCollum, or McCollum, to settle pending litigation between the Company and McCollum in the Superior Court of the State of California related to McCollum's termination as an executive officer of the Company on September 8, 2014. In connection with the Settlement Agreement, McCollum surrendered to the Company a stock certificate representing 1,890,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock, or the Shares, and for dismissal with prejudice of the cross-complaint and action against the Company brought by McCollum. The Company agreed to pay McCollum a total of \$2,700,000. \$1,000,000 of this total has already been paid as of January 18, 2017, of which the Company's insurance carrier contributed \$500,000. The remaining \$1,700,000 will be paid in 48 equal monthly installments starting on July 1, 2017. The Company previously cancelled McCollum's options to purchase up to 6,600,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock at exercise prices of \$0.15 or \$0.31 per share. The Company cancelled the 1,890,000 Shares and thereafter the Company's issued and outstanding common stock decreased by approximately 3%. During 2016, the Company recorded a loss on legal settlement of \$2,200,000, net of the reimbursement of \$500,000, which the Company received from its insurance carrier in December 2016. The outstanding settlement balance amounted to \$1,700,000 as of June 30, 2017 pursuant to the Settlement Agreement, of which \$425,000 has been classified as accounts payable and

accrued expenses and \$1,275,000 as other long-term liabilities, in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet.

NOTE 10: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 1, 2017, the Company granted to each of its non-employee directors, as partial annual compensation for services as a director, a restricted stock award consisting of 120,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock. These shares vest in four equal quarterly increments commencing on July 1, 2017.

Effective August 1, 2017, the Company entered into a three year agreement with its major web hosting provider with an annual commitment of \$5,000,000.

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this report and our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. Certain statements in this discussion and elsewhere in this report constitute forward-looking statements. See "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward Looking Information" elsewhere in this report. Because this discussion involves risk and uncertainties, our actual results may differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements

Overview

We own and operate CAKE and getcake.com, a marketing technology company that provides a proprietary solution for advanced tracking, attribution and campaign optimization for digital marketers. Our powerful software-as-a service, or SaaS, is an enterprise solution that has been an industry standard for advertisers, networks, publishers and agencies to measurably analyze and improve digital advertising spend. We currently have over 500 customers driving billions of consumer actions monthly through the CAKE enterprise platform.

In late 2014, we announced a new product offering purpose-built for brand advertisers to unify the tracking, attribution and optimization of digital marketing spend across search, display, email, video, social, affiliate and other marketing channels. CAKE enables brands to move beyond the confines of siloed data and provides customer journey analytics for marketers, in real-time. On January 12, 2017, we announced that the product was significantly enhanced with a new unified technical architecture and platform to collect and support high-traffic volumes. Now our industry-leading technology not only gathers granular information about the customer path to conversion, but also leverages data science and machine learning to further understand and maximize return on advertising spend (RoAS). Additionally, our patent-pending algorithmic attribution for predictive analytics clearly and accurately show marketers how to optimize campaigns. These new capabilities enhance our existing rules-driven attribution to programmatically allow marketers to analyze complex customer journeys; arming advertisers with more actionable insights needed to effectively measure the true impact of each media channel and maximize revenue for any given level of spending.

The CAKE SaaS proprietary marketing platform is used by some of the world's leading companies, enterprise performance marketing networks and advertisers. CAKE's platform is based on reliable, feature rich technology and is bolstered by the industry's leading customer service and top-tier technology partners, assuring the highest level of uptime.

On February 14, 2017, Gartner, Inc. once again named us as a Vendor to Watch in its "Magic Quadrant for Digital Marketing Hubs" report. This research is intended for chief marketing officers (CMOs), chief marketing technologists

and other digital marketing leaders involved in the selection of core systems to support digital marketing business requirements. According to Gartner, our solution enables hub-like multichannel data management and onboarding capabilities. CAKE is for enterprise performance marketers looking to track attribution and optimize data-driven lead generation and customer acquisition through affiliate and other digital marketing channels.

Our revenue model is based on a monthly license fee, a usage fee (based on volume of clicks, impressions, or leads), a training and implementation fee, and in certain cases, professional services fees and royalties. Clients purchase annual or monthly subscriptions with an additional usage fee. A majority of our revenue is derived from clients in the United States but we have seen a 28% and 30% year on year growth in our client base outside of the United States during the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017, respectively, when compared to the same period in 2016.

Our training, support personnel, hosting and cloud-based infrastructure contribute to our cost of operating the business. We anticipate more spending in these areas while we continue to grow, and we can foresee some savings in infrastructure cost due to economies of scale. In addition, development resources were required to continue to enhance the products. Those resources were used to extend our software platform and to create deeper integrations to third-party technologies that include, but are not limited to, Google AdWords, Bing Ads, Facebook, DoubleClick Campaign Manager (DCM), Marketo and others.

We experienced 6% and 9% year-over-year growth in monthly license fee revenue during the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017, respectively, when compared to the same period in 2016. The organic growth has been a result of providing the marketing technology industry a comprehensive suite of marketing intelligence tools through innovation and what we believe to be a superior product and customer experience.

We allocated a portion of our marketing budget to establish a strong presence at tradeshows, implement demand generation campaigns for customer acquisition and retention, and provide support documentation required by sales initiatives. Additional efforts will be made to speak at industry events and secure coverage in industry publications, increasing awareness of the CAKE suite of products and the thought leadership driving product development.

Our principal offices are located at 20411 SW Birch Street, Suite 250, Newport Beach, CA 92660. Our telephone number there is: (949) 548-2253. Our corporate website is: www.accelerize.com, the contents of which are not part of this quarterly report.

Our Common Stock is quoted on the OTCQB Marketplace under the symbol "ACLZ."

Results of Operations

ACCELERIZE INC.

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

	Three-month ended June 3	30,	Increase/ (Decrease)	(Decre			Increase/ (Decrease)	Increase/ (Decrease) %
	2017	2016	\$	%	2017	2016	\$	%
Revenues:	\$5,994,154	\$6,003,287	(9,133)	-0.2%	\$11,950,878	\$11,867,305	83,573	0.7%
Cost of revenue	2,365,364	2,030,687	334,677	16.5%	3,910,709	3,962,810	(52,101)	-1.3%
Gross Profit	3,628,790	3,972,600	(343,810)	-8.7%	8,040,169	7,904,495	135,674	1.7%
Operating expenses: Research and								
development	1,133,437	973,980	159,457	16.4%	2,176,556	2,004,436	172,120	8.6%
Sales and marketing	1,083,303	874,422	208,881	23.9%	2,299,793	1,867,300	432,493	23.2%
General and administrative	1,751,672	2,247,255	(495,583)	-22.1%	3,677,914	4,535,967	(858,053)	-18.9%
Total operating expenses	3,968,412	4,095,657	(127,245)	-3.1%	8,154,263	8,407,703	(253,440)	-3.0%
Operating loss	(339,622)	(123,057)	216,565	176.0%	6 (114,094) (503,208	(389,114)	-77.3%
Other income (expense):								
Other income	1,042	11,475	(10,433)	-90.9%	742	20,934	(20,192)	-96.5%
Other expense	(278,129)	(221,683)	56,446	25.5%	(558,581	(434,232	124,349	28.6%
Total other expenses	(277,087)	(210,208)	66,879	31.8%	(557,839	(413,298	144,541	35.0%
Net loss	\$(616,709)	\$(333,265)	283,444	85.1%	\$(671,933) \$(916,506	(244,573)	-26.7%

Discussion of Results for Three-Month and Six-Month Periods Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

Revenues

	Three Month	ns Ended		Six Months E	nded	
	June 30,		%	June 30,		%
	2017	2016	Change	2017	2016	Change
Revenues	\$5,994,154	\$6,003,287	-0.2%	\$11,950,878	\$11,867,305	0.7%

We generate revenues from a monthly license fee, a usage fee (based on volume of clicks, impressions, or leads), a training and implementation fee, and in certain cases, professional services fees, and royalties. Our revenue breakdown for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 were as follows.

	Three Month	hs Ended	Six Months Ended			
	June 30,		%	June 30,		%
	2017	2016	Change	2017	2016	Change
License	4,891,817	4,608,414	6.1%	9,825,973	9,005,249	9.1%
Usage	859,260	891,447	-3.6%	1,656,691	1,835,819	-9.8%
Other	243,077	503,396	-51.7%	468,215	1,026,237	-54.4%
Total	\$5,994,154	\$6,003,287	-0.2%	\$11,950,878	\$11,867,305	0.7%

The increases in our software licensing revenues during the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017, when compared to the prior year periods, is due to the increased number of customers using our SaaS products and services, as well as increased monthly revenues from our existing customers resulting from greater adoption and higher usage of our SaaS platform. Our monthly license fee revenue, which constitutes the contractually recurring portion of our revenue and comprises the bulk of our total revenue, or 82% for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017, increased approximately 6 and 9% year over year during the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017, respectively, when compared to the prior year periods. Our average monthly revenue per customer increased 1% and 4% during the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017, respectively, when compared to the prior year periods. The increases in the number of customers using our SaaS products and services during the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 is primarily due to the increased resources we have devoted to customer acquisition for our SaaS products. The higher average monthly revenues from our existing customers is primarily due to higher market acceptance and adoption among our users, resulting in a higher volume of transactions.

We believe that our SaaS revenues will continue to increase during the remainder of 2017.

Cost of Revenues

Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended			
June 30,		%	June 30,		%	
2017	2016	Change	2017	2016	Change	

Cost of revenues \$2,365,364 \$2,030,687 16.5% \$3,910,709 \$3,962,810 -1.3%

Cost of revenues consists primarily of web hosting and personnel costs associated with supporting customer on-boarding and training activities, including salaries, benefits, and related infrastructure costs. Web hosting fees are partially correlated to our revenues, depending on each specific agreement we have with our clients. The majority of our clients' services are hosted on non-dedicated servers, on which capacity can be maximized by server, while certain customers prefer to have their services hosted on dedicated servers, on which capacity can only be maximized by customer and by server. Additionally, our resources associated with on-boarding are usually allocated at the beginning of the relationship with the new customer (usually, the first two months). Accordingly, our personnel costs associated with supporting customer on-boarding activities are not necessarily correlated with our revenues.

During the three-month period ended June 30, 2017, when compared to the same period in 2016, cost of revenues increased reflecting the higher web hosting fees incurred to support our increased number of clients and platform usage. During the six-month period ended June 30, 2017, when compared to the same period in 2016, cost of revenues decreased slightly due to higher web hosting fees offset by lower amortization expenses related to capitalized software. Web hosting fees increased during the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 by approximately \$407,000 and \$161,000, respectively, when compared to the same periods in 2016.

We believe that our cost of revenues will continue to increase, at lower percentages than our anticipated increase in revenues, during the remainder of 2017.

Research and Development Expenses

Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended			
June 30,		%	June 30,		%	
2017	2016	Change	2017	2016	Change	

Research and development \$1,133,437 \$973,980 16.4% \$2,176,556 \$2,004,436 8.6%

Research and development expenses consist primarily of personnel costs associated with the enhancement and maintenance of our SaaS product offerings, consisting of salaries, benefits, and related infrastructure costs, offset by capitalized software development costs.

Our research and development expenses increased during the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017, when compared to the prior year periods, mainly due to lower capitalization of software development costs which amounted to \$375,938 and \$891,393, respectively, compared to \$555,456 and \$1,030,456 for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016, respectively.

We believe that our research and development expenses will slightly increase during the remainder of 2017 as we continue to enhance the features of our SaaS platform.

Sales and Marketing Expenses

Three Mont	hs Ended		Six Months	Ended	
June 30,		%	June 30,		%
2017	2016	Change	2017	2016	Change

Sales and marketing \$1,083,303 \$874,422 23.9% \$2,299,793 \$1,867,300 23.2%

Sales and marketing expenses consist primarily of personnel costs associated with the sale and marketing of our SaaS products, including salaries, benefits, and related infrastructure, as well as the costs of related marketing programs, such as trade shows and public relations.

The increase in sales and marketing expenses during the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017, when compared to the prior year periods, is primarily due to increased marketing spending in specific, higher return, marketing programs, trade shows and related expenses, both domestically and internationally, of approximately \$55,000 and \$280,000, respectively.

We believe that our sales and marketing expenses will increase gradually in 2017 as we continue to execute on proven marketing programs.

General and Administrative Expenses

Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended			
June 30,		%	June 30,		%	
2017	2016	Change	2017	2016	Change	

General and administrative \$1,751,672 \$2,247,255 -22.1% \$3,677,914 \$4,535,967 -18.9%

General and administrative expenses primarily consist of personnel costs associated with the support of our operations consisting of salaries, benefits, and related infrastructure. Also included are non-personnel costs, such as audit and legal fees, as well as professional fees, insurance, investor relations, and other corporate expenses.

The decrease in general and administrative expenses during the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017, when compared to the prior year periods is primarily due to higher expenses during the first half of 2016 of \$335,000 related to legal expenses, \$50,000 related to audit services, and \$220,000 related to consulting services during the transition to our new management team.

We believe that our general and administrative expenses will increase during the remainder of 2017 at lower percentages than our anticipated increase in revenues as we continue to increase the scope of our operations.

Other Income

Three M	I onths		Six M	lonths	
Ended			Ended	i	
June 30	,	%	June 3	30,	%
2017	2016	Change	2017	2016	Change

Other income \$1,042 \$11,475 -90.9% \$742 \$20,934 -96.5%

Other Income during the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2016 consisted mainly of the sale of non-inventory assets.

Other Expenses

Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended			
June 30,		%	June 30,		%	
2017	2016	Change	2017	2016	Change	

Other expenses \$278,129 \$221,683 25.5% \$558,581 \$434,232 28.6%

Other expenses consist of interest charges and amortization of deferred financing costs associated with our loans.

The increase in interest expenses during the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017, when compared to the prior year periods, is primarily due to higher levels of borrowings we have made from time to time under the Line of Credit and debt issue costs related to the Agility and SaaS Capital Loans.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

	Ending balance	at	Average balance during	
	June 30,		six months 6	ended June
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Cash	\$120,422	\$879,666	\$900,275	\$893,881
Restricted cash	50,000	500,000	50,000	250,000
Accounts receivable	2,182,431	1,991,572	2,206,021	1,912,290
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,124,906	1,871,289	2,381,957	2,054,020
Short term line of credit, net of deferred financing cost	2,477,995(1)	-	2,258,471	2,299,221
Short term loan, net of deferred financing cost	380,418	588,160	443,643	294,080
Long term loan, net of deferred financing cost	4,485,433	5,485,031	4,536,830	2,742,516
Long term other liabilities	1,275,000	-	1,381,250	-

Short-term portion constitutes scheduled amortization payments for the next 12 months which create immediate access to additional borrowing availability equal to the amount of amortization payments

At June 30, 2017 and 2016, 35% and 53%, respectively, of our total assets consisted of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable.

We extend unsecured credit in the normal course of business to our customers. The determination of the appropriate amount of the reserve for uncollectible accounts is based upon a review of the amount of credit extended, the length of time each receivable has been outstanding, and the specific customers from whom the receivables are due.

The objective of liquidity management is to ensure that we have ready access to sufficient funds to meet commitments while implementing our growth strategy. Our primary sources of liquidity historically include the sale of our securities and borrowings from our Line of Credit.

We do not have any material commitments for capital expenditures of tangible items.

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2017, we sustained losses and a working capital deficit. We are in discussions with various capital sources and expect to address any potential liquidity issues within the second half of 2017. There can be no assurance that such a plan will be successful.

Line of Credit

On September 30, 2014, we entered into an amendment of our Line of Credit to borrow up to a maximum of \$6,000,000 at our discretion, an increase from up to \$3,000,000 that we were permitted to borrow under the original Line of Credit entered into on March 17, 2014. Amounts borrowed accrued interest at the prime rate in effect from time to time plus 1.25%, not to be less than 5.5% per annum, provided that in no event shall the accrued interest payable with respect to any month be less than \$10,000. Accrued interest on amounts borrowed was payable monthly. All other amounts borrowed were to be payable in full on the maturity date of March 17, 2016; however, this date was extended by the Lender until May 31, 2016. This maturity extension was granted concurrently with a waiver issued by the Lender pursuant to an amendment to the Line of Credit on March 11, 2016, which amendment waived any default due to breach of the Line of Credit minimum liquidity covenant during the specified time period, adjusted the Minimum Adjusted EBITDA covenant, and reduced the credit limit to \$5,135,000. A condition precedent to the waiver was the funding of the \$625,000 subordinated loan from Agility Capital, which funded on March 11, 2016.

In connection with the original Line of Credit, we issued to the Lender a warrant to purchase up to 46,875 shares of our Common Stock at an exercise price of \$1.60 per share. The warrant expired on March 17, 2017. The fair value of the warrant amounted to \$32,067. On March 27, 2015, in connection with an obligation under the Line of Credit when borrowings thereunder exceeded \$3,000,000, we issued to the Lender a warrant to purchase 58,824 shares of our Common Stock at an exercise price of \$1.53 per share. This warrant expires on March 27, 2018. The fair value of the warrant amounted to \$37,289.

On May 5, 2016, we repaid the outstanding Line of Credit balance with the initial advance from our SaaS Capital Loan, which became effective on May 5, 2016.

Agility Loan

On March 11, 2016, we entered into a subordinated loan with Agility Capital which provides for total availability of \$625,000 and was to originally mature, prior to amendment, on March 31, 2017. The Agility Loan has a fixed interest

rate of 12% per year and requires \$25,000 monthly amortization payments beginning on June 1, 2016. The Agility Loan also requires fees of approximately \$130,000 over the life of the loan, and is subject to a total aggregate minimum interest of \$50,000 in the event of a prepayment. The Agility Loan contains covenants to achieve specified Adjusted EBITDA levels, as defined, limiting capital expenditures, restricting our ability to pay dividends, purchase and sell assets outside the ordinary course and incur additional indebtedness. As of June 30, 2017, we were in compliance with these covenants. The Agility Loan requires a security interest in all of our personal property and intellectual property, second in priority to SaaS Capital Funding II, LLC.

In connection with the Agility Loan, on June 30, 2016, as a result of outstanding amounts under the Agility Loan, we issued to Agility Capital a warrant to purchase up to 69,444 shares of our Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.45 per share. This warrant expires on March 11, 2021. The fair value of the warrant amounted to \$15,880 and was capitalized as deferred financing costs, of which \$3,970 and \$3,950 was expensed during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

On November 29, 2016, we entered into an amendment of our Agility Loan, or the Agility Loan Amendment, which waived any event of default and the breach of any covenant, representation, warranty, and any other agreement contained in the Agility Loan as a result of our entering into the Settlement Agreement. On the date of the amendment, a loan modification fee in the amount of \$100,000, fully earned and non-refundable, was added to the outstanding loan balance and shall accrue interest, expensed in the statement of operations. Additionally, the maturity date was extended to December 31, 2017. On November 29, 2016, we issued to Agility Capital a warrant to purchase up to 187,500 shares of our Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.40 per share. This warrant expires on November 29, 2021. The fair value of the warrant amounted to \$42,427 and was capitalized as deferred financing costs, of which \$19,582 and \$0 was expensed during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

We owed \$400,000 and \$550,000 under the Agility Loan at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

Credit Facility - SaaS Capital Loan

On May 5, 2016, we entered into the SaaS Capital Loan, with SaaS Capital Funding II, LLC to borrow up to a maximum of \$8,000,000. Initial amounts borrowed will accrue interest at the rate of 10.25% per annum with future amounts borrowed bearing interest at the greater of 10.25% or 9.21% plus the three-year treasury rate at the time of advance. Accrued interest on amounts borrowed is payable monthly for the first six months and thereafter 36 equal monthly payments of principal and interest is payable. Prepayments will be subject to a 10%, 6% or 3% of principal premium if prepaid prior to 12 months, between 12 and 24 months, or between 24 months and maturity, respectively. Advances may be requested until May 5, 2018. The initial minimum advance amount of \$5,000,000, on May 5, 2016, was used to repay the outstanding Line of Credit balance of \$4,572,223. A facility fee of \$80,000 was paid by us in connection with the initial advance and an additional \$80,000 was paid in May 2017. Additionally, the Company incurred initial financing costs of \$160,000 which was capitalized as deferred financing costs, of which \$26,667 and \$8,889 was expensed during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The SaaS Capital Loan contains customary covenants including, but not limited to, covenants to achieve specified Adjusted EBITDA levels and revenue renewal levels, limiting capital expenditures and restricting our ability to pay dividends, purchase and sell assets outside the ordinary course and incur additional indebtedness. As of June 30, 2017, we were in compliance with such covenants. The occurrence of a material adverse change will be an event of default under the SaaS Capital Loan, in addition to other customary events of default. We granted SaaS Capital Funding II, LLC a security interest in all of our personal property and intellectual property through the SaaS Capital Loan and the Patent, Trademark and Copyright Security Agreement between us and SaaS Capital Funding II, LLC.

On May 5, 2016, in connection with the SaaS Capital Loan, we issued to SaaS Capital Partners II, LP, an affiliate of SaaS Capital Funding II, LLC, a warrant to purchase up to 1,333,333 shares of our common stock at an exercise price of \$0.45 per share subject to certain adjustments for dividends, splits or reclassifications. The Warrant is exercisable until the earlier of May 5, 2026, or the date that is 5 years from the date our equity securities are first listed for trading on NASDAQ. We paid approximately \$169,000 in financing costs through December 31, 2016. The fair value of the warrant amounted to \$383,128 and was capitalized as deferred financing costs, of which \$63,854 and \$20,880 was expensed during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

On November 29, 2016, we entered into an amendment of our SaaS Capital Loan to receive consent from SaaS Capital to enter into the Settlement Agreement. The amendment required a loan modification fee of \$120,000, payable at \$10,000 a month for one year, expensed in the statement of operations. In connection with this amendment, we agreed to issue SaaS Capital a warrant to purchase up to 200,000 shares of our Common Stock at an exercise price of \$0.36 per share. This warrant expires on November 29, 2026. The fair value of the warrant amounted to \$60,185 and was fully expensed at December 31, 2016.

On May 10, 2017, we entered into a second amendment of the SaaS Capital Loan with SaaS Capital Funding II, LLC which adjusts the Minimum Adjusted EBITDA covenant in Schedule 6.17 of the SaaS Capital Loan from \$0 to (\$150,000) until August 31, 2017 to give us added flexibility in completing our hosting migration to a new platform and to allow for potentially augmented marketing and sales efforts.

On June 16, 2017, we entered into a third amendment of the SaaS Capital Loan with SaaS Capital Funding II, LLC to provide that any advance made within 6 months of the final advance date will be for a 36 month period with interest only payments due from the date of advance until the final advance date.

During the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2017, we borrowed \$650,000 and \$1,150,000 from the SaaS Capital Loan, and made principal payments of \$469,289 and \$905,837, respectively.

We owed \$7,301,105 and \$7,056,942 under the SaaS Capital Loan at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

Changes in Cash Flows

	Six-month periods ended		
	June 30, 2017	2016	
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net loss	\$(671,933)	\$(916,506)	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	384,633	549,641	
Amortization of deferred financing cost	115,644	75,798	
Provision for bad debt	17,211	(4,943)	
Fair value of options and warrants	433,404	803,383	
Non-cash expenses paid on company's behalf	-	204,920	
Loss (gain) on sale of fixed assets	902	(448)	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Accounts receivable	29,968	(153,622)	
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(245,521)	
Restricted cash	-	(500,000)	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(753,229)		
Deferred revenues	37,767		
Other assets	·	8,076	
Net cash used in operating activities	(774,547)		
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Capitalized software for internal use	(891,393)	(1,030,456)	
Capital expenditures	(32,980)	(7,585)	
Proceeds from sale of assets	795	5,642	
Net cash used in investing activities	(923,578)	(1,032,399)	
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Principal repayments of credit facility and loan	(1,030,837)	(87,777)	
Proceeds from credit facility	1,150,000	1,803,105	
Payment of financing costs	-	(129,678)	
Net cash provided by financing activities	119,163	1,585,650	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	19,257	(29,497)	
Net decrease in cash	(1,559,705)	(28,429)	
Cash, beginning of period	1,680,127	908,095	
Cash, end of period	\$120,422	\$879,666	

As of June 30, 2017, we had cash of approximately \$120,000.

Net cash used in operating activities was approximately \$775,000 during the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 compared to net cash used in operations of approximately \$552,000 during the same period in 2016. The change in operating cash flow was primarily due to a decrease in accrued expenses, mainly as a result of a December 2016 accrual of \$500,000 related to the Litigation Settlement payment.

Net cash used in investing activities was approximately \$924,000 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$1,032,000 for the same period in 2016. The decrease in capitalization of development costs for internal-use software of approximately \$140,000 offset with an increase in capital expenditures of approximately \$25,000 accounted for the decrease in cash used in investing activities.

Net cash provided by financing activities was approximately \$119,000 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$1,586,000 for the same period in 2016. The decrease in cash provided by financing activities was due to approximately \$950,000 in higher principal payments made towards our line of credit and lower proceeds from our credit facility during the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 when compared to the same period in 2016.

Exercise of warrants
There were no proceeds generated from the exercise of warrants during the six-month period ended June 30, 2017.
Other outstanding obligations at June 30, 2017
<u>Warrants</u>
As of June 30, 2017, 7,719,341 shares of our Common Stock are issuable pursuant to the exercise of warrants.
<u>Options</u>
As of June 30, 2017, 10,450,000 shares of our Common Stock are issuable pursuant to the exercise of options.
Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements
We have no off-balance sheet arrangements.
Item 4. Controls and Procedures
Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer, who is our principal executive officer, and our Chief Financial Officer, who is our principal financial officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act. Based upon that evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded

that, as of June 30, 2017, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective in ensuring that material information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, including ensuring that such material information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

During the quarter ended June 30, 2017, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 6. Exhibits

- 10.1 Third Amendment to Loan and Security Agreement between Accelerize Inc. and SaaS Capital Funding II, LLC, dated as of June 16, 2017.*
- 31.1 Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a).*
- 31.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a).*
- 32.1 Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350.**
- 32.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350.**

The following materials from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2017, formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Balance Sheets, (ii) the Statements of Operations, (iii) the Statements of Comprehensive (Loss) Income, (iv) the Statements of Cash Flows, and (v) related notes to these financial statements.*

- * Filed herewith.
- **Furnished herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ACCELERIZE INC.

Dated: August 14, 2017 By: /s/ Brian Ross

Brian Ross

President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Dated: August 14, 2017 By: /s/ Anthony Mazzarella

Anthony Mazzarella Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)