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Ocean Power Technologies, Inc.

Form 10-Q

September 14, 2012

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

(Mark

One)

- QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended July 31, 2012

Or

- TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Transition Period From _____ to _____

Commission file number: 001-33417

OCEAN POWER TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

22-2535818

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1590 REED ROAD, PENNINGTON, NJ 08534

(Address of Principal Executive Offices, Including Zip Code)

(609) 730-0400

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting
company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes
 No

As of August 31, 2012, the number of outstanding shares of common stock of the registrant was 10,377,621.

OCEAN POWER TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
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FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 2012

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EX-31.1: CERTIFICATION

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EX-32.1: CERTIFICATION

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PowerBuoy® is a registered trademark of Ocean Power Technologies, Inc. and the Ocean Power Technologies logo is a trademark of Ocean Power Technologies, Inc. All other trademarks appearing in this report are the property of their respective holders.

Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

We have made statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements convey our current expectations or forecasts of future events. Forward-looking statements include statements regarding our future financial position, business strategy, budgets, projected costs, plans and objectives of management for future operations. The words "may," "continue," "estimate," "intend," "plan," "will," "believe," "project," "expect," "anticipate" and similar expressions may identify forward-looking statements, but the absence of these words does not necessarily mean that a statement is not forward-looking.

Any or all of our forward-looking statements in this report may turn out to be inaccurate. We have based these forward-looking statements largely on our current expectations and projections about future events and financial trends that we believe may affect our financial condition, results of operations, business strategy and financial needs. They may be affected by inaccurate assumptions we might make or unknown risks and uncertainties, including the risks, uncertainties and assumptions described in Item 1A "Risk Factors" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended April 30, 2012 and elsewhere in this report. In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, the forward-looking events and circumstances discussed in this report may not occur as contemplated and actual results could differ materially from those anticipated or implied by the forward-looking statements.

You should not unduly rely on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this filing. Unless required by law, we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements to reflect new information or future events or otherwise.

PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Ocean Power Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Balance Sheets

	July 31, 2012 (Unaudited)	April 30, 2012
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$5,089,657	9,353,460
Marketable securities	23,017,509	22,369,484
Accounts receivable	1,157,791	1,064,796
Unbilled receivables	235,493	223,050
Other current assets	718,270	842,820
Total current assets	30,218,720	33,853,610
Property and equipment, net	880,018	682,933
Patents, net	1,215,248	1,269,457
Restricted cash	1,308,656	1,453,712
Other noncurrent assets	194,618	181,925
Total assets	\$33,817,260	37,441,637
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$656,810	440,773
Accrued expenses	3,176,831	2,770,094
Deferred credits payable	600,000	600,000
Unearned revenues	846,422	1,073,389
Current portion of long-term debt	100,000	100,000
Total current liabilities	5,380,063	4,984,256
Long-term debt	325,000	350,000
Total liabilities	5,705,063	5,334,256
Commitments and contingencies (note 9)		
Ocean Power Technologies, Inc. Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value; authorized 5,000,000 shares, none issued or outstanding	—	—
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; authorized 105,000,000 shares, issued 10,405,439 and 10,407,389 shares, respectively	10,405	10,407
Treasury stock, at cost; 27,818 and 23,544 shares, respectively	(111,510)	(102,388)
Additional paid-in capital	158,683,010	158,296,458
Accumulated deficit	(130,325,527)	(125,989,474)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(88,413)	(78,990)
Total Ocean Power Technologies, Inc. stockholders' equity	28,167,965	32,136,013
Noncontrolling interest in Ocean Power Technologies (Australasia) Pty Ltd.	(55,768)	(28,632)
Total equity	28,112,197	32,107,381
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$33,817,260	37,441,637

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements (unaudited).

Ocean Power Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Operations
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended July 31,	
	2012	2011
Revenues	\$982,396	1,910,852
Cost of revenues	979,860	1,901,902
Gross profit	2,536	8,950
Operating expenses:		
Product development costs	1,927,427	3,100,587
Selling, general and administrative costs	2,384,338	2,019,742
Total operating expenses	4,311,765	5,120,329
Operating loss	(4,309,229)	(5,111,379)
Interest income, net	55,424	120,768
Foreign exchange loss	(108,323)	(9,041)
Net loss	(4,362,128)	(4,999,652)
Less: Net loss attributable to the noncontrolling interest in Ocean Power Technologies (Australasia) Pty Ltd.	26,075	4,588
Net loss attributable to Ocean Power Technologies, Inc.	\$(4,336,053)	(4,995,064)
Basic and diluted net loss per share	\$(0.42)	(0.49)
Weighted average shares used to compute basic and diluted net loss per share	10,295,999	10,268,155

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements (unaudited).

Ocean Power Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended July 31,	
	2012	2011
Net loss	\$(4,362,128)	(4,999,652)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(10,484)	(90,079)
Total comprehensive loss	(4,372,612)	(5,089,731)
Comprehensive loss attributable to the noncontrolling interest in Ocean Power Technologies (Australasia) Pty Ltd.	27,136	4,595
Comprehensive loss attributable to Ocean Power Technologies, Inc.	\$(4,345,476)	(5,085,136)

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements (unaudited).

Ocean Power Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended July 31,	
	2012	2011
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$(4,362,128)	(4,999,652)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Foreign exchange loss	108,323	9,041
Depreciation and amortization	116,492	99,140
Loss on disposals of property, plant and equipment	—	356
Treasury note (discount) premium amortization	7,734	13,914
Compensation expense related to stock option grants and restricted stock	386,550	370,882
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(99,302)	282,099
Unbilled receivables	(12,443)	(865,244)
Other current assets	120,649	112,335
Other noncurrent assets	(13,252)	(17,994)
Accounts payable	230,884	(397,069)
Accrued expenses	369,247	(373,541)
Unearned revenues	(226,967)	900,540
Net cash used in operating activities	(3,374,213)	(4,865,193)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of marketable securities	(9,833,736)	(271,005)
Maturities of marketable securities	9,171,233	10,000,000
Restricted cash	75,000	—
Purchases of equipment	(224,891)	(82,658)
Payments of patent costs	—	(56,836)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(812,394)	9,589,501
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Repayment of debt	(25,000)	(89,378)
Acquisition of treasury stock	(9,122)	(23,143)
Net cash used in financing activities	(34,122)	(112,521)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(43,074)	(89,222)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(4,263,803)	4,522,565
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	9,353,460	4,376,136
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$5,089,657	8,898,701
Supplemental disclosure of noncash investing and financing activities:		
Capitalized patent costs financed through accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$—	24,332
Capitalized purchases of equipment financed through accounts payable and accrued expenses	80,125	19,795

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements (unaudited).

Ocean Power Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity
(Unaudited)

	Common Shares		Treasury Shares		Additional	Accumulated	Accumulated	Noncontrol	Total
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Paid-In Capital	Deficit	Other Loss	Interest	Equity
Balance, April 30, 2011	10,419,183	\$10,419	(7,685)	\$(42,734)	157,174,930	(110,848,972)	175,907	21,948	46,491,498
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	(4,995,064)	—	(4,588)	(4,999,652)
Stock based compensation	—	—	—	—	316,462	—	—	—	316,462
Issuance (forfeiture) of restricted stock, net	(7,888)	(8)	—	—	54,428	—	—	—	54,420
Acquisition of treasury stock	—	—	(5,800)	(23,143)	—	—	—	—	(23,143)
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	(90,072)	(7)	(90,079)
Balance, July 31, 2011	10,411,295	\$10,411	(13,485)	\$(65,877)	157,545,820	(115,844,036)	85,835	17,353	41,749,506
Balance, April 30, 2012	10,407,389	\$10,407	(23,544)	\$(102,388)	158,296,458	(125,989,474)	(78,990)	(28,632)	32,107,381
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	(4,336,053)	—	(26,075)	(4,362,128)
Stock based compensation	—	—	—	—	371,784	—	—	—	371,784
Issuance (forfeiture) of restricted stock, net	(1,950)	(2)	—	—	14,768	—	—	—	14,766
Acquisition of treasury stock	—	—	(4,274)	(9,122)	—	—	—	—	(9,122)
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	(9,423)	(1,061)	(10,484)
Balance, July 31, 2012	10,405,439	\$10,405	(27,818)	\$(111,510)	158,683,010	(130,325,527)	(88,413)	(55,768)	28,112,197

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements (unaudited).

Ocean Power Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

(1) Background and Basis of Presentation

Ocean Power Technologies, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated on April 1984 in New Jersey, commenced business operations in 1994 and re-incorporated in Delaware in April 2007. The Company develops and is seeking to commercialize proprietary systems that generate electricity by harnessing the renewable energy of ocean waves. The Company markets its products in the United States and internationally. Since fiscal 2002, the US Navy and other government agencies have accounted for a significant portion of the Company's revenues. These revenues were largely for the support of product development efforts. The Company's goal, over time, is to generate revenues from utilities and other non-government commercial customers, from the sale of products and maintenance services, and to have such revenues represent a greater portion of its total revenues. As we continue to advance our proprietary technologies, we expect to continue to have a net decrease in cash from operating activities unless or until we achieve positive cash flow from the planned commercialization of our products and services.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The interim operating results are not necessarily indicative of the results for a full year or for any other interim period. Further information on potential factors that could affect the Company's financial results can be found in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended April 30, 2012 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and elsewhere in this Form 10-Q.

Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its majority-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Participation of stockholders other than the Company in the net assets and in the earnings or losses of a consolidated subsidiary is reflected as a noncontrolling interest in the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets and Statements of Operations, which adjusts the Company's consolidated results of operations to reflect only the Company's share of the earnings or losses of the consolidated subsidiary. As of July 31, 2012, there was one noncontrolling interest, consisting of 11.8% of the Company's Australian subsidiary, Ocean Power Technologies (Australasia) Pty. Ltd.

In addition, the Company evaluates its relationships with other entities to identify whether they are variable interest entities, and to assess whether it is the primary beneficiary of such entities. If the determination is made that the Company is the primary beneficiary, then that entity is included in the consolidated financial statements. As of July 31, 2012, there were no such entities.

The Company has a 10% investment in Iberdrola Energias Marinas de Cantabria, S.A. (Iberdrola Cantabria). During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012, the Company evaluated the realizability of this investment and concluded that it was impaired. The Company recorded an impairment expense of \$0.3 million representing 100% of the investment amount. In addition, outstanding receivables from Iberdrola Cantabria in the amount of \$0.3 million as of April 2012 were fully reserved during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012. The investment in Iberdrola Cantabria and net accounts receivable and unbilled receivables from Iberdrola Cantabria were \$0 as of July 31, 2012 and April 30, 2012. See

Note 9.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires management of the Company to make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the recoverability of the carrying amount of property and equipment and patents; valuation allowances for receivables and deferred income tax assets; and percentage of completion of customer contracts for purposes of revenue recognition. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The current economic environment, particularly the macroeconomic pressures in certain European countries, has increased the degree of uncertainty inherent in those estimates and assumptions.

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Ocean Power Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Revenue Recognition

The Company's contracts are either cost plus or fixed price contracts. Under cost plus contracts, customers are billed for actual expenses incurred plus an agreed-upon fee. Currently, the Company has two types of fixed price contracts, firm fixed price and cost-sharing. Under firm fixed price contracts, the Company receives an agreed-upon amount for providing products and services specified in the contract. Under cost-sharing contracts, the fixed amount agreed upon with the customer is only intended to fund a portion of the costs on a specific project.

Generally, the Company recognizes revenue using the percentage-of-completion method based on the ratio of costs incurred to total estimated costs at completion. In certain circumstances, revenue under contracts that have specified milestones or other performance criteria may be recognized only when the customer acknowledges that such criteria have been satisfied. In addition, recognition of revenue (and the related costs) may be deferred for fixed-price contracts until contract completion if the Company is unable to reasonably estimate the total costs of the project prior to completion. Because the Company has a small number of contracts, revisions to the percentage-of-completion determination or delays in meeting performance criteria or in completing projects may have a significant effect on revenue for the periods involved. Upon anticipating a loss on a contract, the Company recognizes the full amount of the anticipated loss in the current period.

Under cost plus and firm fixed price contracts there is a profit or loss on the project depending on whether actual costs are more or less than the agreed upon amount. Under cost sharing contracts, an amount corresponding to the revenue is recorded in cost of revenues, resulting in gross profit on these contracts of zero. The Company's share of the costs is recorded as product development expense.

Unbilled receivables represent expenditures on contracts, plus applicable profit margin, not yet billed. Unbilled receivables are normally billed and collected within one year. Billings made on contracts are recorded as a reduction of unbilled receivables, and to the extent that such billings and cash collections exceed costs incurred plus applicable profit margin, they are recorded as unearned revenues.

(b) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents consist of investments in short-term financial instruments with initial maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase. Cash and cash equivalents include the following:

	July 31, 2012	April 30, 2012
Checking and savings accounts	\$2,545,662	2,051,918
Certificates of deposits and US Treasury obligations	1,404,662	5,998,925
Money market funds	1,139,333	1,302,617
	\$5,089,657	9,353,460

Ocean Power Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

(c) Restricted Cash and Credit Facility

A portion of the Company's cash is restricted under the terms of two security agreements.

One agreement is between Ocean Power Technologies, Inc. and Barclays Bank. Under this agreement, the cash is on deposit at Barclays Bank and serves as security for letters of credit that are expected to be issued by Barclays Bank on behalf of Ocean Power Technologies Ltd., one of the Company's subsidiaries, under a €800,000 credit facility established by Barclays Bank for Ocean Power Technologies Ltd. The credit facility is for the issuance of letters of credit and bank guarantees and carries a fee of 1% per annum of the amount of any such obligations issued by Barclays Bank. As of July 31, 2012, there were €266,000 in letters of credit outstanding under this agreement. The credit facility does not have an expiration date, but is cancelable at the discretion of the bank.

The other agreement is between Ocean Power Technologies, Inc. and the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities (NJBPU). The Company received a \$500,000 recoverable grant award from the NJBPU. Under this agreement, the Company is required to assign to the NJBPU a certificate of deposit in an amount equal to the outstanding grant balance. See Note 6.

Cash restricted under security agreements is as follows:

	July 31, 2012	April 30, 2012
Barclays Bank agreement	\$883,656	953,712
NJBPU agreement	425,000	500,000
	\$1,308,656	1,453,712

(d) Foreign Exchange Gains and Losses

The Company has invested in certain certificates of deposit and has maintained cash accounts that are denominated in British pounds sterling, Euros and Australian dollars. These amounts are included in cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and marketable securities on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Such positions may result in realized and unrealized foreign exchange gains or losses from exchange rate fluctuations, which gains and losses are included in foreign exchange loss in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

	Three Months Ended July 31,	
	2012	2011
Foreign exchange loss	\$(108,323) (9,041)

	July 31, 2012	April 30, 2012
	\$2,906,000	2,826,000

Foreign currency denominated certificates of deposit and cash accounts

(e) Long-Lived Assets

Long-lived assets, such as property and equipment and patents subject to amortization, are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of the asset to estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its estimated future cash flows, then an impairment charge is recognized in the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the fair value of the asset. The Company reviewed its long-lived assets for impairment and determined there was no impairment for the three months ended July 31, 2012.

Ocean Power Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

(f) Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentration of credit risk consist principally of cash balances, bank certificates of deposit and trade receivables. The Company invests its excess cash in highly liquid investments (principally, short-term bank deposits, Treasury bills, Treasury notes and money market funds) and does not believe that it is exposed to any significant risks related to its cash accounts, money market funds or certificates of deposit.

The table below shows the percentage of the Company's revenues derived from customers whose revenues accounted for at least 10% of the Company's consolidated revenues for at least one of the periods indicated:

Customer	Three months ended July 31,			
	2012		2011	
US Department of Energy	63	%	25	%
European Union (WavePort project)	17	%	—	
US Navy	6	%	60	%
UK Government's Technology Strategy Board	5	%	12	%
	91	%	97	%

The loss of, or a significant reduction in revenues from, any of the current customers could significantly impact the Company's financial position or results of operations. The Company does not require its customers to post collateral.

(g) Net Loss per Common Share

Basic and diluted net loss per share for all periods presented is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Due to the Company's net losses, potentially dilutive securities, consisting of outstanding stock options and non-vested performance-based shares, were excluded from the diluted loss per share calculation due to their anti-dilutive effect.

In computing diluted net loss per share, options to purchase shares of common stock and non-vested restricted stock issued to employees and non-employee directors, totaling 1,625,397 for the three months ended July 31, 2012, and 1,560,178 for the three months ended July 31, 2011, were excluded from the computations as the effect would be anti-dilutive due to the Company's losses.

(h) Recently Issued Accounting Standards

During the quarter ended July 31, 2012, the Company adopted the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) amendment to the disclosure requirements for presentation of comprehensive income. The amendment requires that all non-owner changes in stockholders' equity be presented either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. This guidance became effective retrospectively for the interim periods and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011; however, the FASB agreed to an indefinite deferral of the reclassification requirement. For the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income see page 5.

Ocean Power Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries
 Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
 (Unaudited)

(3) Marketable Securities

Marketable securities with initial maturities longer than three months but that mature within one year from the balance sheet date are classified as current assets and are summarized as follows:

	July 31, 2012	April 30, 2012
Certificates of deposit denominated in Australian dollars	\$ 356,634	556,437
Certificate of deposit denominated in US dollars	3,360,000	3,806,808
US Treasury obligations	19,300,875	18,006,239
	\$ 23,017,509	22,369,484

Ocean Power Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

(4) Balance Sheet Detail

	July 31, 2012	April 30, 2012
Accounts Receivable, net		
Accounts receivable	\$ 1,452,053	1,369,400
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(294,262)	(304,604)
	\$ 1,157,791	1,064,796
Property and Equipment		
Property and Equipment	\$ 2,459,440	2,213,820
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(1,579,422)	(1,530,887)
	\$ 880,018	682,933
Patents		
Patents	\$ 1,574,044	1,574,044
Accumulated amortization	(358,796)	(304,587)
	\$ 1,215,248	1,269,457
Accrued Expenses		
Project costs	\$ 1,025,521	244,892
Contract loss reserves	785,000	785,000
Employee incentive payments	165,083	661,328
Other	224,277	185,320
Employee-related costs	439,840	354,966
Payroll tax withholdings	156,626	166,092
Investment in joint venture	163,216	176,110
Legal and accounting fees	209,678	193,720
Value-added tax	7,590	2,666
	\$ 3,176,831	2,770,094

Ocean Power Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

(5) Related Party Transactions

In August 1999, the Company entered into a consulting agreement with an individual for the provision of marketing services. Currently, this agreement provides for fees at a rate of \$950 per day of services provided. The individual became a member of the board of directors in June 2006. In addition, this individual is also the chief executive officer of a company that provides engineering and technical services to the Company. The Company also provides services to the company where this individual is the chief executive officer.

	Three Months Ended July 31,	
	2012	2011
Related party consulting expense	\$21,000	21,000
Expenses for services provided by related party company	-	22,000
Revenue for services provided to related party company	17,000	16,000
		April 30,
	July 31, 2012	2012
Consulting fees payable to related party	\$7,000	7,000
Payable to related party company	-	-
Receivable from related party company	13,000	-

(6) Debt

The Company was awarded a recoverable grant totaling \$500,000 from the NJBPU under the Renewable Energy Business Venture Assistance Program. Under the terms of this agreement, the amount to be repaid is a fixed monthly amount of principal only, repayable over a five-year period beginning in November 2011. As of both July 31, 2012 and April 30, 2012, \$100,000 was included in the current portion of long-term debt on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The terms also required the Company to assign to the NJBPU a certificate of deposit in an amount equal to the outstanding grant balance. See Note 2(c).

(7) Deferred Credits Payable and Deferred Credits

During the year ended April 30, 2001, in connection with the sale of common stock to an investor, the Company received \$600,000 from the investor in exchange for an option to purchase up to 500,000 metric tons of carbon emissions credits generated by the Company during the years 2008 through 2012, at a 30% discount from the then-prevailing market rate. This amount has been recorded as deferred credits payable in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as of July 31, 2012 and April 30, 2012, respectively. If the Company does not become entitled under applicable laws to the full amount of emission credits covered by the option by December 31, 2012, the Company is obligated to return the option fee of \$600,000, less the aggregate discount on any emission credits sold to the investor prior to such date. If the Company receives emission credits under applicable laws and fails to sell to the investor the credits up to the full amount of emission credits covered by the option, the investor is entitled to liquidated damages equal to 30% of the aggregate market value of the shortfall in emission credits (subject to a limit on the market price of emission credits). As of July 31, 2012, the Company has not generated any emissions credits eligible for purchase under the agreement and the Company does not expect to generate any eligible emissions credits before December 31, 2012. Accordingly, this amount has been classified as a current liability as of July 31, 2012 and

April 30, 2012.

(8) Stock-Based Compensation

Costs resulting from all stock-based payment transactions are recognized in the consolidated financial statements at their fair values. Compensation cost for the portion of the awards for which the requisite service had not been rendered that were outstanding as of May 1, 2006 is being recognized in the consolidated statements of operations over the remaining service period after such date based on the award's original estimated fair value. The aggregate stock-based compensation expense related to all stock-based transactions recorded in the consolidated statements of operations was approximately \$387,000 and \$371,000 for the three months ended July 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

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Ocean Power Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

(a) Stock Options

Valuation Assumptions for Options Granted During the Three Months Ended July 31, 2012 and 2011

The fair value of each stock option granted, for both service-based and performance-based vesting requirements, during the three months ended July 31, 2012 and 2011 was estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, assuming no dividends and using the weighted average valuation assumptions noted in the following table. The risk-free rate is based on the US Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant. The expected life (estimated period of time outstanding) of the stock options granted was estimated using the "simplified" method as permitted by the SEC's Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107, Share-Based Payment. Expected volatility was based on historical volatility for a peer group of companies for a period equal to the stock option's expected life, calculated on a daily basis.

	Three Months Ended July 31,			
	2012		2011	
Risk-free interest rate	0.9	%	2.1	%
Expected dividend yield	0.0	%	0.0	%
Expected life	6.3 years		6.3 years	
Expected volatility	86.15	%	94	%

The above assumptions were used to determine the weighted average per share fair value of \$1.46 and \$3.15 for stock options granted during the three months ended July 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

A summary of stock options under the plans is as follows:

	Shares Underlying Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (In Years)
Outstanding as of April 30, 2012	1,353,473	\$ 8.92	
Forfeited	(38,813)	6.85	
Exercised	—	—	
Granted	233,896	1.79	
Outstanding as of July 31, 2012	1,548,556	7.89	6.4
Exercisable as of July 31, 2012	930,251	10.50	4.8

The total intrinsic value of outstanding and exercisable options as of July 31, 2012 was approximately \$144,000. As of July 31, 2012, approximately 618,000 additional options are expected to vest in the future, which options had approximately \$144,000 of intrinsic value and a weighted average remaining contractual term of 8.7 years. There was approximately \$372,000 and \$316,000 of total recognized compensation cost related to stock options for the three months ended July 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. As of July 31, 2012, there was approximately \$1,461,000 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested stock options granted under the plans. This cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 3.0 years. The Company normally issues new shares to satisfy option

exercises under these plans. During the three months ended July 31, 2012, stock options granted included 25,128 stock options which are subject to performance-based vesting requirements. Stock options outstanding as of July 31, 2012 included 38,894 stock options subject to performance-based vesting requirements.

(b) Restricted Stock

Compensation expense for non-vested restricted stock was historically recorded based on its market value on the date of grant and recognized over the associated service and performance period. During the three months ended July 31, 2012, there were 18,000 shares of non-vested restricted stock granted to employees with performance-based vesting requirements. During the three months ended July 31, 2012, 19,950 shares of non-vested restricted stock subject to performance-based vesting requirements were forfeited in accordance with performance objectives. Restricted stock issued and unvested at July 31, 2012 included 52,000 shares of non-vested restricted stock subject to performance-based vesting requirements.

Ocean Power Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

A summary of non-vested restricted stock under the plans is as follows:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Price per Share
Issued and unvested at April 30, 2012	93,840	\$ 5.86
Granted	18,000	2.00
Forfeited	(19,950)	5.97
Vested	(15,049)	5.97
Issued and unvested at July 31, 2012	76,841	4.91

There was approximately \$15,000 and \$54,000 of total recognized compensation cost related to restricted stock for the three months ended July 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. As of July 31, 2012, there was approximately \$65,000 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested restricted stock granted under the plans. This cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.8 years.

(c) Treasury Stock

During the three months ended July 31, 2012 and 2011, 4,274 and 5,800 shares, respectively, of common stock were purchased by the Company from employees to pay taxes related to the vesting of restricted stock.

(9) Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

The Company is involved from time to time in certain legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. Management believes that the outcome of such actions will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

Spain Construction Agreement

The Company is currently engaged with Iberdrola Cantabria in discussions regarding modifications to its agreement for the first phase of the construction of a wave power project off the coast of Spain. This first phase was due to be completed by December 31, 2009. If no modification is agreed to by the parties, the customer may, subject to certain conditions in the agreement, terminate the agreement and would not be obligated to make any more milestone payments. The agreement also provides that the customer may seek reimbursement for direct damages only, limited to amounts specified in the agreement, if the Company is in default of its obligations under the agreement. As of July 31, 2012, the Company does not believe that the outcome of this matter will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations. See Note 1.

Ocean Power Technologies, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

(10) Income Taxes

The Company did not recognize any consolidated income tax benefit (expense) for the three month periods ended July 31, 2012 and 2011. The Company has recorded a valuation allowance to reduce its net deferred tax asset to an amount that is more likely than not to be realized in future years. Accordingly, the benefit of the net operating loss that would have been recognized was offset by changes in the valuation allowance.

During the three months ended July 31, 2012, the Company had no material changes in uncertain tax positions.

(11) Operating Segments and Geographic Information

The Company views its business as one segment, which is the development and sale of its PowerBuoy product for wave energy applications. The Company operates on a worldwide basis with one operating company in the US, one operating subsidiary in the UK and one operating subsidiary in Australia, which are categorized below as North America, Europe, and Asia and Australia, respectively. Revenues are generally attributed to the operating unit that bills the customers.

Geographic information is as follows:

	North America	Europe	Asia and Australia	Total
Three months ended July 31, 2012				
Revenues from external customers	\$930,903	51,493	—	982,396
Operating loss	(3,851,720)	(234,974)	(222,535)	(4,309,229)
Three months ended July 31, 2011				
Revenues from external customers	1,688,551	222,301	—	1,910,852
Operating loss	(4,647,691)	(413,622)	(50,066)	(5,111,379)
July 31, 2012				
Long-lived assets	791,939	88,079	—	880,018
Total assets	32,010,213	1,295,258	511,789	33,817,260
April 30, 2012				
Long-lived assets	585,818	97,115	—	682,933
Total assets	\$35,181,637	1,619,973	640,027	37,441,637

Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements and related notes included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Some of the information contained in this discussion and analysis or set forth elsewhere in this Form 10-Q, including information with respect to our plans and strategy for our business, includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. You should review the "Risk Factors" section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for fiscal 2012 for a discussion of important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results described in or implied by the forward-looking statements contained in the following discussion and analysis. References to a fiscal year in this Form 10-Q refer to the year ended April 30 of that year (e.g., fiscal 2012 refers to the year ended April 30, 2012).

Overview

We develop and are seeking to commercialize proprietary systems that generate electricity by harnessing the renewable energy of ocean waves. Our PowerBuoy® systems use proprietary technologies to convert the mechanical energy created by the rising and falling of ocean waves into electricity. We currently offer two PowerBuoy products, which consist of our utility PowerBuoy system and our autonomous PowerBuoy system. We also offer our customers operations and maintenance services for our PowerBuoy systems. In addition, we market our undersea substation pod product and undersea power connection infrastructure services to other companies in the marine energy sector. Since fiscal 2002, the US Navy and other government agencies have accounted for a significant portion of our revenues. These revenues were largely for the support of our product development efforts. Our goal, over time, is to generate revenues from utilities and other non-government commercial customers and to have such revenues represent a greater portion of our total revenues. In addition, our goal is that an increased portion of our revenues be from the sale of products and maintenance services, as compared to revenue to support our product development efforts. As we continue to advance our proprietary technologies, we expect to have a net decrease in cash from operating activities unless or until we achieve positive cash flow from the planned commercialization of our products and services.

We market our utility PowerBuoy system, which is designed to supply electricity to a local or regional power grid, to utilities and other electrical power producers seeking to add electricity generated by wave energy to their existing electricity supply. We market our autonomous PowerBuoy system, which is designed to generate power for use independent of the power grid, to customers that require electricity in remote locations. We believe there are a variety of potential applications for our autonomous PowerBuoy system, including sonar and radar surveillance, tsunami warning, oceanographic data collection, offshore platforms and offshore aquaculture.

We were incorporated in New Jersey in April 1984, began business operations in 1994, and were re-incorporated in Delaware in 2007. We currently have three wholly-owned subsidiaries, Ocean Power Technologies Ltd., Reedsport OPT Wave Park LLC, and Oregon Wave Energy Partners I, LLC, and we own approximately 88% of the ordinary shares of Ocean Power Technologies (Australasia) Pty Ltd (OPTA). In March 2012, OPTA acquired 100% ownership of Victorian Wave Partners Pty Ltd.

The development of our technology has been funded by capital we raised and by development engineering contracts we received starting in fiscal 1995. In fiscal 1996, we received the first of several research contracts with the US Navy to study the feasibility of wave energy. As a result of those research contracts, we entered into our first development and construction contract with the US Navy in fiscal 2002 under a project for the development and testing of our wave power systems at the US Marine Corps Base in Oahu, Hawaii. This project included the grid-connection of one of our utility-grade PowerBuoys at the Marine Corps Base. We generated our first revenue relating to our autonomous PowerBuoy system from contracts with Lockheed Martin Corporation, or Lockheed Martin, in fiscal 2003, and we entered into our first development and construction contract with Lockheed Martin in fiscal 2004 for the development

and construction of a prototype demonstration autonomous PowerBuoy system. Subsequently, we received a contract from the US Navy to test our autonomous PowerBuoy system as a power source for the Navy's Deep Water Active Detection System (DWADS). In 2011, an autonomous PowerBuoy was deployed for ocean trials off the coast of New Jersey under a contract from the US Navy under its Littoral Expeditionary Autonomous PowerBuoy (LEAP) program. The LEAP PowerBuoy, incorporating a unique power take-off and on-board storage system, is significantly smaller and more compact than our standard utility PowerBuoy. It is designed to provide persistent, off-grid clean energy in remote ocean locations for a wide variety of maritime security, monitoring and other commercial applications. Also in 2011, ocean trials of our first 150kW PowerBuoy were conducted. These ocean trials were conducted at a site approximately 33 nautical miles from Invergordon, off Scotland's northeast coast. During the ocean trials, our 150kW-rated PowerBuoy produced power in excess of our expectations of performance. Our utility scale PB150 structure and mooring system achieved independent certification from Lloyd's Register. This certification from Lloyd's Register confirms that the PB150 design complies with the requirements of Lloyd's 1999 Rules and Regulations for the Classification of Floating Offshore Installations at Fixed Locations.

At July 31, 2012, our total negotiated backlog was \$5.8 million compared with \$7.1 million at July 31, 2011. We anticipate that a majority of our backlog will be recognized as revenue over the next 12 months. Most of our backlog at July 31, 2012 and 2011 consisted of cost-sharing contracts as described in the Financial Operations Overview section of this Management's Discussion and Analysis. Our backlog includes both funded amounts, which are unfilled firm orders for our products and services for which funding has been both authorized and appropriated by the customer (Congress, in the case of US Government agencies) and unfunded amounts, which are unfilled firm orders from the US Department of Energy (DOE) for which funding has not been appropriated. If any of our contracts were to be terminated, our backlog would be reduced by the expected value of the remaining terms of such contracts. Funded backlog was \$5.0 million and \$5.1 million at July 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

For the three months ended July 31, 2012, we generated revenues of \$1.0 million and incurred a net loss attributable to Ocean Power Technologies, Inc. of \$4.3 million, compared to revenues of \$1.9 million and a net loss attributable to Ocean Power Technologies, Inc. of \$5.0 million for the three months ended July 31, 2011. As of July 31, 2012, our accumulated deficit was \$130.3 million. We have not been profitable since inception, and we do not know whether or when we will become profitable because of the significant uncertainties with respect to our ability to successfully commercialize our PowerBuoy systems in the emerging renewable energy market.