ANGLOGOLD LTD Form 6-K July 11, 2003

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Form 20-F:

101(b)(1):

Form 40-F:

Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 6-K
REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER
PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 or 15d-16 OF
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
Report on Form 6-K dated
11 JULY 2003
AngloGold Limited
- (Name of Registrant)
(Name of Neglociano)
11 Diagonal Street
Johannesburg, 2001
(P O Box 62117)
Marshalltown, 2107
South Africa
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regu

No:
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form $6-K$ in paper as permitted by Red $101(b)(7)$:
Yes:
No:
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this formation to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exc

Yes:

Yes:

No:

Enclosures:

ANGLOGOLD REPORT FOR THE QUARTER AND NINE MONTHS ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2000,

PREVIOUSLY FILED WITH THE SEC IN HARD COPY -- REFILED TODAY, ON EDGAR

REPORT

FOR THE QUARTER AND NINE MONTHS ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2000

A stronger production quarter, but increased costs depress earnings

Group results for the quarter

Steady performance for the group's operations.

Gold production increases by 2% to 1.83 million ounces (56,924 kilograms).

Wage and diesel increases lead to a 3% increase in total cash costs to R46,914 per kilogram.

Operating profit is marginally lower.

Headline earnings are down 7% to 399 cents per share, due largely to increased corporate activities.

Regional operating results for the quarter

SOUTH AFRICA

Good performances at Great Noligwa, Tau Lekoa, Tshepong and Savuka and production improvements at most others.

Unresolved problems at Elandsrand and Bambanani.

Gold production is up 1% to 43,000 kilograms despite the closure of Matjhabeng's Kudu shaft and resultant loss of 250 kilograms of gold and other operating problems.

Volume and value efficiencies are up 5% and 3% respectively.

Total cash costs are contained to a 2.5% increase, reflecting the 9% annual wage adjustment and increases in mining activity.

AFRICA

Both Sadiola and Navachab report improved

production and creditable cost performances, despite diesel price increases.

At Yatela the ceremonial first concrete is poured by

the Mali Minister of Mines on 12 October. At Morila the first commissioning gold is poured on 18 October.

Ashanti's bankers give approval to the Geita deal and finalisation of the transaction should take place at the end of November.

NORTH AMERICA

Cost increases for the region are contained to 2% despite diesel increase and grade problems at Jerritt Canyon.

Decreased grade at Jerritt Canyon leads to a 9%

reduction in gold production, to be offset in the last quarter as the Cortez ore purchase arrangement comes on stream.

At Cripple Creek & Victor, production is up by 3%

and costs down by 6%, and Phase 3 of the leach pad expansion is completed during the quarter.

SOUTH AMERICA

Another good quarter overall.

Despite bad weather at Cerro Vanguardia, gold production from the region's operations increases by 2%.

Total cash costs are pushed higher by wage

increases at Morro Velho and weather-induced production problems at Cerro Vanguardia.

AUSTRALASIA

Sept

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Gold production at Sunrise Dam increases by 31%
and total cash costs drop by 31%.
      Production at Boddington is reduced because of
heavy rains early in the quarter.
       Production improves at both Pine Creek and
  Tanami.
       Technical appraisal of the Boddington expansion
   project is under way, with completion likely at year-
   end. AngloGold is positive about the outcome.
Quarter
ended
Sept
2000
Quarter
ended
June
2000
Nine
 months
ended
Sept
2000
Nine
months
ended
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1999	
Quarter	
ended	
Sept	
2000	
Quarter	
ended	
June	
2000	
Nine	
months	
ended	
Sept	
2000	
Nine	
months	
ended	
Sept	
1999	
Rand/Metric	
Dollar/Imperial	
Gold	
Produced	
- kg/oz 000	
56,924	
55,957	
4.00	

167,390

162,487

1,830
1,799
5,382
5,224
Revenue
- R/kg/\$/oz sold
67,460
66,192
65,901
61,489
300
300
305
313
Total cash costs
- R/kg/\$/oz produced
46,914
45,734
45,763
41,497
209
207
212
211
Total production costs
- R/kg/\$/oz produced
53,967

52,601 47,556 240 239 244 242 Operating profit - R/\$ million 814 821 2,383 2,389 115 119 352 392 Net capital expenditure - R/\$ million 438 356 1,071 885 63 52 158 145 Net profit

- R/\$ million

1,247 2,122 Net earnings - cents per share 1,167 2,169 Headline earnings - cents per share 1,257 2,003

Headline earnings before
deferred taxation rate change
- cents per share
398
426
1,255
1,533
55
62
184
251
Dividends
- cents per share
750
900
110
149
ANGLOGOLD LIMITED Registration No. 05/17354/06 Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa

Certain forward-looking statements

Certain statements contained in this document, including without limitation, those concerning the economic outlook for the gold mining industry, expectations regarding gold prices and production, the completion and commencement of commercial operations of certain of AngloGold's exploration and production projects, and its liquidity and capital resources and expenditure, contain certain forward-looking statements regarding AngloGold's operations, economic performance and financial condition. Although AngloGold believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, no assurance can be given that such expectations will prove to have been correct. Accordingly, results could differ materially from those set out in the forward-looking statements as a result of, among other factors, changes in economic and market conditions, success of business and operating initiatives, changes in the regulatory environment and other government actions, fluctuations in gold prices and exchange rates, and business and operational risk management.

Throughout this document, \$ refers to US dollars, unless otherwise stated.

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Dear Shareholder

The Gold Market

The spot gold price has stayed in the low \$270s for most of the last quarter. However, supply and demand fundamentals are more positive for the price than they have been for a long time.

From the supply point of view, cutbacks continue to

be made to exploration spending in gold mining. This strongly suggests that, while current levels of new mine production might be maintained, it is more probable that they will decline. Central bank sales, although higher this year than in recent years, are largely regulated by last year's Washington Agreement. These official sales seem now to be discounted in this market, with neither the continuing British auctions nor the more conventional Swiss sales having a major price effect.

In contrast, jewellery demand has continued, by

and large, to be strong, with off-take in most Asian markets now back to levels prior to the 1998 financial crisis in that part of the world.

Equally, broad market circumstances are more

favourable for gold. United States equities markets appear to have entered a bear phase with the 'old' economy enjoying investor support and the oil price rising by more than 40% over the past six months. While AngloGold has vigorously promoted gold jewellery and, more recently, the development of new industrial applications for gold, it will also continue to support and advocate the metal's traditional monetary role, particularly during times of political and economic uncertainty.

Although it is logical to look to price improvement

in the medium term it is also clearly prudent to seek profitability at current price levels in the short term. AngloGold is therefore planning its business on current prices.

Operating and Financial Performance

Overall, AngloGold's operations in all regions combined to give a steady performance this quarter. The operations in South and West Africa, in South America and Australia all increased gold production. We are particularly pleased to report strong performances at Sunrise Dam in Western Australia, Sadiola in Mali and Navachab in Namibia. Production from the North American operations decreased but they continue to forecast meeting gold production targets for the year, with a significant increase in the ounces produced in the fourth quarter. Costs, however, also increased,

particularly in the South African operations. This, together with some inventory movements, produced operating profits slightly down (1%) for the quarter. Increased spending on exploration and on corporate activities, together with lower income from associates, saw headline earnings decline by 7%. In the context of the 9% wage increase which became effective this quarter in the South African operations, and which

affects some 54% of working costs, this represents a respectable performance by the region as a whole. However, further steps are needed at Bambanani, Matjhabeng, Joel, Elandsrand and Deelkraal.

Headline earnings for the nine mo nths ended

September 2000 were down 37% to 1,257 cents per share. This was largely due to the deferred taxation rate change during the previous period. However, headline earnings before the deferred taxation rate change were 18% lower.

The safety perfo rmance of the South African mines

is very encouraging, with the lost time injury rate, expressed per one million man hours worked, at 9.6 being the lowest quarterly rate ever recorded by these mines. Two mines, Moab Khotsong and Great Noligwa, achieved the international best practice benchmark used by AngloGold, which is the lost time accident rate in underground mines in the Ontario province of Canada. Currently, this is 6.5 lost time injuries per million man hours worked.

Prospects

In the light of the weak gold price the company faces a difficult fourth quarter, when, in South Africa, the combination of the Christmas calendar and the additional public holiday announced for this year's municipal elections, reduce the quarter's working shifts. The cost to our business goes beyond the shifts directly lost, as a mid-week holiday often produces lower production on either side of the break.

Many democracies around the world hold national

and local government elections without lost production. Mining companies in South Africa have, since 1994, shown their ability to work with the Independent Electoral Commission to ensure that all of their employees have the opportunity to vote conveniently and expeditiously. If South Africa wants to compete in world markets it will have to review the extent and pattern of its public holidays and their effect on productivity and produce a more internationally competitive work calendar.

The AngloGold Board

We are very pleased to announce that Tony Trahar, the CEO of Anglo American plc, has accepted our invitation

to join the AngloGold board. He replaces Anglo American's Bill Nairn, who assumes the position of alternate director and will continue to provide technical and operational counsel to the board.

NICKY OPPENHEIMER

BOBBY GODSELL

Chairman

Chief Executive Officer

26 October 2000

LETTER FROM THE CHAIRMAN AND THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

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SOUTH AFRICA

Overall performance

Both mining volume and gold production efficiency indicators continued to show improvement over the quarter: area mined per employee rose by 5% quarter-on-quarter and gold production, measured in grams per employee, increased by 3%, despite a 2% drop in recovered grade.

Continued strong performance at Great

Noligwa and Tau Lekoa, Tshepong and Savuka, together with enhanced performances at TauTona and Deelkraal, resulted in gold production increasing by 1% to 42,914 kilograms (1.4 million ounces). The Kudu shaft at Matjhabeng was successfully closed at the end of the second quarter.

Total cash costs of R48,778 per kilogram

(\$217 per ounce) for the quarter were contained to a 2.5% increase over the previous quarter, despite the impact of the annual wage adjustment of 9% and greater production activity in stoping (3%) and development (5%). Dollar-denominated total cash costs increased by only 1%, as a result of a 1.7% devaluation of the rand during the quarter.

We regret to report the death of 11

employees in work-related accidents during the quarter. Nevertheless, the improving safety trend reported for the second quarter has continued: the number of lost time injuries in this quarter are again the lowest on record, up by 22% on the previous quarter. Both Moab Khotsong and Great Noligwa again reported lost time injury frequency rates below the Ontario benchmark.

Mine performance

All production, efficiency and cost indicators at **Great Noligwa** showed improvements in the third quarter, with gold output increasing by 8% and total cash costs reducing by more than 6%. **Kopanang** was unable to sustain its excellent second quarter results as gold production declined and total cash costs rose in line with a drop in

recovered grade. At **Tau Lekoa**, excellent performance was sustained with all production, efficiency and cost indicators showing improvement over the June quarter.

The special focus on miner al resource

management at **Bambanani** resulted in a 3% improvement in gold production, although total cash costs increased by some 6%. At **Tshepong**, gold production rose by 5% through improved mine and plant efficiencies. A 7% reduction in gold output at **Matjhabeng** arises from the closure of the Kudu shaft and the scaling back of production prior to the closure of the Nyala and Sable shafts at the end of this year. Mining volumes have been increased by 11% at **Joel** to counter the impact of declining grade. Gold production is up by 5%.

Despite problems experienced in the decline

shaft at **TauTona**, gold production rose by 4% over the previous quarter. At **Savuka**, the operation maintained a steady improvement in mining volume and gold output.

Mponeng increased gold production

marginally over the previous quarter. Poor flexibility in grades above cut-off resulted in a further drop in gold output and significantly higher total cash costs at **Elandsrand**, despite an increase in volumes mined. **Deelkraal** improved gold production by 8%, resulting from better face values and a release of lock-up tonnage.

Ergo's performance continued to meet

expectations.

AFRICA

AngloGold's Africa Region continues to perform above expectations. Gold production increased by 5% for the quarter and total cash costs were largely unchanged, despite diesel fuel price increases.

Sadiola (38% attributable) had another good

quarter. Mill throughput increased by 3% to a

SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS

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quarterly record of 572,500 tons, and production by 2% to a record 63,100 ounces. Total cash costs at \$108 per ounce were at a level similar to the previous quarter. The mine had achieved a record 322 days without a disabling injury, prior to an injury during September.

Construction at the new Yatela mine is in

progress with all the construction and mining contractors on site. Work is currently on schedule and within original cost estimates. The Niamboulama village, originally situated on the edge of the Yatela pit, has been successfully relocated in consultation with local authorities and the villagers. The Minister of Mines of Mali, Mr Aboubacary Coulibaly, laid the first ceremonial concrete at the mine site on 12 October.

Construction of the Morila (40% attributable)

project in Mali is nearing completion. Commissioning of the plant started on 5 October and mining is ahead of schedule in the oxide areas. The first commissioning gold was poured on 18 October and the mine is expected to be in full production by year-end.

The completion of the Geita transaction, in

which AngloGold will be acquiring from Ashanti a 50% interest in the Geita project, is expected to be completed by the end of November, following the approval of the deal by Ashanti's bankers. The mine was officially opened by the President of Tanzania, Mr Benjamin Mkapa, on 3 August.

Navachab had an excellent quarter with

production of 20,500 ounces and total cash costs of \$178 per ounce, improvements from last quarter of 16% and 14% respectively. The improved production was due to a combination of increased mill throughput and an increase in recovered grade.

NORTH AMERICA

Despite a 2% reduction in gold produced and a marginal rise in total cash costs, due largely to higher diesel fuel prices, the region recorded an increase in operating profit.

At Jerritt Canyon (70% attributable), the third

quarter's production, at 52,400 ounces, was 8% lower than the second quarter as a result of

decreased ore grades. The mill grade was 18% lower than the second quarter. Tonnage processed in the third quarter was approximately 14% higher than the second quarter. This, however, did not make up for the unfavourable ore grades as 28% more low-grade stockpile was milled in the third quarter than in the second quarter. Production ounces are expected to increase in the last quarter as a result of the processing of ore purchased from Cortez. The first batch of 26,000 tonnes of purchased ore was milled during the first week of October with no significant process difficulties.

Total cash costs for the third quar ter were

\$224 per ounce, 13% higher than the second quarter, owing to higher than planned underground mined tonnes and associated costs.

Production at Cripple Creek & Victor J.V.

(67% attributable, with a 100% interest in production ounces, subject to contractual obligations by the joint venture partners) was 65,400 ounces, 3% higher than the second quarter. Total cash costs were \$182 per ounce, some 6% lower than the second quarter.

Phase 3 of the leach pad expansion was

completed during the third quarter. The project was finished under budget and ahead of schedule.

Work continued on the Great Basin

Prospectivity Study which is expected to be completed by the end of the year.

SOUTH AMERICA

Gold production at the South American operations

Morro Velho, Serra Grande (50% attributable)
and Cerro Vanguardia (46.25% attributable)
was 2% higher than the previous quarter at
107,000 ounces. This is attributable to increased
volumes of ore production at Morro Velho and
better grades at Morro Velho and Serra Grande.
These improvements compensate for reduced
production at Cerro Vanguardia, which was

4

affected by bad weather conditions in July and September. $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

Total cash costs for the quarter were 3.6%

higher than the previous quarter at \$137 per ounce, chiefly because of higher maintenance costs and wage increases at Morro Velho in August and the lower production at Cerro Vanguardia. Capital expenditure was some \$1.8 million lower than the previous quarter owing to the phasing of equipment replacement. Recoupments of \$4.4 million relate to the sale of mineral rights and other assets in Argentina.

At Cerro Vanguardia, the improving safety

trend noted in the first and second quarters continues and Serra Grande remains below the Ontario benchmark, although Morro Velho has yet to achieve this target.

The exploration programme at the Corrego do

Sitio project in Brazil continues, with encouraging results.

AUSTRALASIA

The September quarter built on the improvements registered in the previous quarter, with a further increase in production to 142,000 ounces (16% higher than the previous quarter).

Sunrise Dam recorded an outstanding

quarter with production rising to 64,300 ounces, which is 31% up on the previous quarter. The production increase was largely driven by an improvement in the mill head grade. The production levels were accompanied by a significant fall in total cash costs to \$149 (A\$262) per ounce (31% below the previous quarter). The cut-back of the pit and the expansion of the processing plant are proceeding on schedule.

Production from Pine Creek operations

increased by 7% to 45,000 ounces. Total cash

costs, however, rose by 13% to \$273 (A\$478) per ounce. Production at Union Reefs improved markedly to 33,500 ounces (14% higher than the previous quarter). The new mining contract has been awarded and the contractor was moving equipment on to site towards the end of the quarter, preparatory to the start of mining in

October. Production at Brocks Creek fell to 11,500 ounces (down 11% from the previous quarter) as the processing of residual stockpiles neared completion. Gold operations will cease during the next quarter and the only ongoing activity will be site rehabilitation.

At Boddington (33.3% attributable),

production of 18,500 ounces was 6% lower than the previous quarter. Heavy rains early in the quarter restricted mining in the remaining, mainly clay, pits and adversely affected mill throughputs and head grades at various times during the month. Total cash costs of \$211 (A\$367) per ounce were, however, still 7% below the previous quarter. Revisions to the mine design for the expansion project, to incorporate the latest geotechnical data, slightly delayed completion of the feasibility study. Technical appraisal of the final study documentation was in progress at the end of the month.

As the impact of the weather during the first

half of the year diminished, production from the **Tanami** mine (40% attributable) increased by 18% in the third quarter to 14,200 ounces. However, the need to rearrange mining schedules and rebuild ore stockpiles pushed total cash costs up to \$298 (A\$520) per ounce (12% higher than the previous quarter).

Relatively high levels of exploration activity

were maintained during the quarter. Drilling below the current Sunrise Dam open pit continues to intersect significant mineralisation. Further drilling at Coyote prospect in the Tanami region has given good intercepts in several zones over a onekilometre strike length. 5

The gold market was quiet for much of the third quarter, and the price drifted lower. The average spot price of \$276 per ounce compares with the average for the second quarter of \$280 per ounce. Support for the price from physical demand around levels of \$270 per ounce was evident again in the quarter; the price closed the quarter at \$274 per ounce at the low end of its recent trading range.

Once again, there was significantly more

action in the currency markets, driven by the strength of the US dollar. The rand weakened against the US currency for the third successive quarter, for an average exchange rate of R7.00 to the dollar for the period under review. Since the end of the quarter, further selling of the rand has taken the currency to an historic low of R7.73 to the dollar. The Australian dollar also touched historic lows against the US dollar during this period. For the moment, the cycle of US dollar strength remains intact, although some commentators have begun to speculate about the unusual dominance of the dollar in world markets today. For gold production outside of the United States, US dollar strength has meant a further windfall in local gold prices. In South Africa, the average price for the quarter of R62,176 per kilogram was up slightly on the second quarter, but since the end of the third quarter, we have seen historic record rand prices for gold of over R67,000 per kilogram.

The physical markets for gold remain largely

in balance. Countries which support the Washington Agreement have shown every sign of adhering to that agreement, but countries and institutions that are not signatories have felt free to sell gold from their reserves. The market has had

to absorb opportunistic sales of gold from a number of official sellers outside of the Washington Agreement during the past nine months and total official sales of the metal for this year look likely to be higher than in 1999. To balance this, physical demand has been good, although uneven in some important markets. It is encouraging that gold producers appear to be more aware of the need for the marketing of gold, and it must be hoped that this awareness will translate to more widespread support for gold promotion by gold producers than has been the case in the past.

The paper market for gold remains thin, with

limited interest; this has contributed to a narrow

price range for the metal. This price range is likely to prevail into the future until some major dislocating event in other financial markets occurs to move investor interest back to gold. A setback in equity markets, or in the value of the US dollar could lead to more favourable interest in gold.

The lower spot price of gold and the limited

price range have made it necessary for the company to increase further the levels of hedge cover for new projects in Mali and Tanzania, and for existing capital projects in South Africa. This cover is consistent with the company's policy of actively managing revenue risk in the short to medium term, and with the company's commitment to paying appropriate returns to shareholders on capital invested in the company. Hedge cover remains concentrated primarily in the two years immediately ahead, with relatively low levels of cover in place for the company in the period thereafter.

GOLD MARKET

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NET DELTA OPEN HEDGE POSITION AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2000

As at 30 September 2000, the group had outstanding the following net forward pricing commitments

against future production. A portion of these sales consists of US dollar-priced contracts which converted to rand prices at average annual forward rand values based on a spot rand/dollar rate cavailable on 30 September 2000.

Kilograms

Forward price Forward price

Ounces

sold

rand per kg

US\$ per oz

sold (000)

12 months ending

31 December 2000

47,119

R66,413

\$286

1,515

2001

118,155

R73,008

\$308

3,799

2002

98,271

R81,016

\$326

3,159

2003

71,933 R85,359 \$324 2,313 2004 43,597 R105,879 \$330 1,402 January 2005 December 2010 136,660 R162,871 \$364 4,394 Total 515,735 R102,245 \$328 16,581

The marked to market value of all hedge transactions making up the hedge positions in the above t

was R578.1 million (\$80.4 million) as at 30 September 2000. The value was based on a gold price of per ounce, exchange rates of R/\$7.19 and \$/A\$ 0.5423 and the prevailing market interest rates and at the time.

As at 26 October 2000, the marked to market value of the hedge book was R667.1 million (\$87.0 mil

based on a gold price of \$267.10 per ounce and exchange rates of R/\$7.67 and \$/A\$.5188 and the price of market interest rates and volatilities at the time.

Note to AngloGold Hedge Position as at 30 September 2000

*The delta position indicated hereafter reflects the nominal amount of the option multiplied by t being exercised. This is calculated using the Black and Scholes option formula with the ruling ma as at 30 September 2000.

GOLD MARKET

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Year 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005-2009 Total DOLLAR GOLD Forward Contracts Amount (kg) 25,678 54,102 39,987 39,822 26,015 92,486 278,091 \$ per oz \$297 \$315 \$322 \$327 \$331 \$409 \$349 Put Options Purchased Amount (kg)

	 9	
8,398		
4,510		
3,110		
4,977		
1,866		
22,861		
\$ per oz		
\$294		
\$363		
\$407		
\$362		
\$433		
\$349		
*Delta (kg)		
7,236		
3,715		
2,838		
3,373		
1,496		
18,658		
Put Options Sold		
Amount (kg)		
4,043		
4,043		
\$ per oz		
\$282		
\$282		
*Delta (kg)		

Lagar Filling. AltaLoaoLb LTB Tolling IX
2,606
2,606
Call Options Purchased
Amount (kg)
21,461
2,658
740
667
572
26,099
\$ per oz
\$325
\$342
\$340
\$350
\$360
\$329
*Delta (kg)
221
337
209
243
240
1,250
Call Options Sold
Amount (kg)
31,436

8,731

	Edgar Filling: //r/decodoeb ETB	1 01111 0 10
11,885		
10,463		
3,303		
3,938		
69,755		
\$ per oz		
\$313		
\$357		
\$373		
\$372		
\$342		
\$347		
\$341		
*Delta (kg)		
4,693		
1,276		
2,278		
3,029		
1,682		
2,352		
15,310		
RAND GOLD		
Forward Contracts		
Amount (kg)		
1,374		
38,208		

37,898

13,706

	- a g a	
10,311		
23,391		
124,888		
Rand per kg		
R152,241		
R75,162		
R79,618		
R83,900		
R89,066		
R127,283		
R89,231		
Put Options Purchased		
Amount (kg)		
311		
2,644		
2,955		
Rand per kg		
R69,124		
R71,668		
R71,400		
*Delta (kg)		
234		
1,472		
1,706		
Put Options Sold		
Amount (kg) Rand per kg *Delta (kg)		
Call Options Purchased		

	Lagar rilling. AlvaLoaold Lib TV
Amount (kg) Rand per kg *Delta (kg)	
Call Options Sold	
Amount (kg)	
3,019	
18,214	
14,357	
4,519	
1,875	
4,994	
46,978	
Rand per kg	
R71,029	
R78,116	
R87,002	
R93,765	
R93,602	
R113,695	
R86,282	
*Delta (kg)	
277	
4,102	
4,210	
1,720	
1,223	
3,241	

A DOLLAR GOLD

14,773

č č
Forward Contracts
Amount (kg)
9,443
15,994
12,597
10,731
3,110
36,391
88,266
A\$ per oz
A\$539
A\$522
A\$618
A\$548
A\$510
A\$585
A\$566
Call Options Purchased
Amount (kg)
2,644
4,121
6,687
778
36,391
50,621
A\$ per oz
A\$661

A\$717

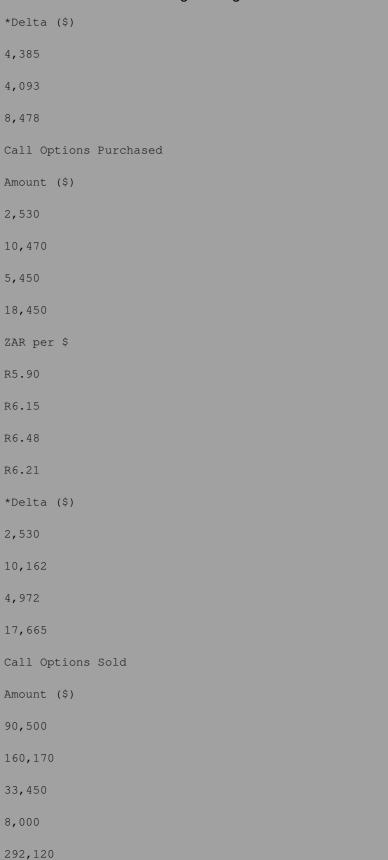
	Edgal Filling. ANGLOGOLD LTD - FOITH 6-K
A\$728	
A\$703	
A\$686	
A\$693	
*Delta (kg)	
196	
377	
1,329	
205	
21,201	
23,308	
Call Options Sold	
Amount (kg)	
2,488	
2,488	
A\$ per oz	
A\$488	
A\$488	
*Delta (kg)	
1,207	
1,207	
RAND DOLLAR (000)	
Forwrd Contracts	
Amount (\$)	
166,476	

75,000

20,000

261,476	
ZAR per \$	
R6.73	
R6.76	
R6.48	
R6.72	
Put Options 1	Purchased
Amount (\$)	
73 , 750	
130,000	
203,750	
ZAR per \$	
R6.81	
R7.15	
R7.03	
*Delta (\$)	
6,014	
39,092	
45,107	
Put Options	Sold
Amount (\$)	
35,000	
30,000	
65,000	
ZAR per \$	
R6.78	
R6.84	

R6.81



ZAR per \$

Edgal Filling. ANGLOGOLD LTD - FOITH 6-	۱
R7.02	
R7.35	
R7.06	
R6.94	
R7.20	
*Delta (\$)	
68,032	
91 , 215	
25 , 617	
7,016	
191,880	
A DOLLAR (000)	
A DOLLAR (000) Forward Contracts	
Forward Contracts	
Forward Contracts Amount (\$)	
Forward Contracts Amount (\$) 103,278	
Forward Contracts Amount (\$) 103,278 16,663	
Forward Contracts Amount (\$) 103,278 16,663 119,941	
Forward Contracts Amount (\$) 103,278 16,663 119,941 \$ per A\$	
Forward Contracts Amount (\$) 103,278 16,663 119,941 \$ per A\$ A\$.65	

8

1. The results included herein for the quarter and nine months ended 30 September 2000, which a

unaudited, have been prepared using accounting policies which are in accordance with the standard issued by the International Accounting Standards Committee and the South African Institute of Cha Accountants. Where appropriate, comparative figures have been restated.

2. During the quarter, 2,800 ordinary shares were allotted in terms of the Share Incentive Scheme

increasing the number of ordinary shares in issue at 30 September 2000 to 107,017,487.

3. It was previously reported that AngloGold had entered into a non-binding heads of agreement for

acquisition of a 50% joint venture interest in the Geita project in Tanzania from Ashanti Goldfie Company Limited (Ashanti). On 26 June 2000 it was announced that the formal agreement had been signed with Ashanti. The transaction, which is subject to regulatory and governmental approvals as Ashanti shareholders' and bank creditor ratifications, was to have been completed by 30 September 2000, but is now expected to be finalised by the end of November 2000.

4. Earnings per share have been calculated using the weighted average number of ordinary shares i

The average number of ordinary shares in issue at 30 September 2000 was 106,860,638.

(30 June 2000: R836.6 million), equivalent to \$103.2 million (30 June 2000: \$126.9 million) at exchange ruling on that date. The figures for orders placed and outstanding on capital contracts published at 30 June 2000 have been restated, and are reflected as comparatives.

5. Orders placed and outstanding on capital contracts as at 30 September 2000 totalled R746.5 m

6. Dividend

Interim Dividend No. 88 of 750 South African cents per ordinary share was paid to registered shareholders on 22 September 2000. A dividend was paid to holders of American Depositary Recei (ADR) on 11 October 2000 at a rate of 51.06 US cents per American Depositary Share (ADS). Each represents one-half of an ordinary share.

AngloGold has learnt that certain shareholders received payment of Dividend No. 88 later than the payment dates as announced on 26 July 2000. The dividend payment was later than anticipated as a result of delays in processing the transfer of funds. AngloGold is in discussion with all partie ensure an improved payment process in future. The company regrets the inconvenience caused to shareholders who have experienced delayed payment of the dividend.

By order of the Board

N F OPPENHEIMER

R M GODSELL

Chairman

Chief Executive Officer

26 October 2000

NOTES

9

GROUP INCOME STATEMENT

GROUP OPERATING RESULTS

GROUP BALANCE SHEET

GROUP CASH FLOW STATEMENT

KEY OPERATING RESULTS

DETAILED OPERATING RESULTS

GROUP OPERATING RESULTS

5,354

Issued Capital: 107,017,487 ordinary shares of 50 cents each 2,000,000 A redeemable preference shares 778,896 B redeemable preference shares All the preference shares are held by a wholly owned subsidiary company Statistics are shown in metric units and financial figures in South African rand. Quarter Quarter Nine months Nine months ended ended ended ended September June September September 2000 2000 2000 1999 GOLD UNDERGROUND OPERATIONS Tonnes milled - 000 - reef 5,531

	Lagar rining. ArtaLo	GOED ETD TOMITOT	•	
16,003				
15,944				
- waste				
8				
48				
132				
467				
- total				
5,539				
5,402				
16,135				
16,411				
Yield				
- g/t				
- reef				
7.79				
7.92				
7.95				
8.32				
- waste				

0.50

0.53		
0.62		
0.87		
- average		
7.78		
7.85		
7.89		
8.11		
Gold produced		
- kg		
- reef		
43,073		
42,394		
127,267		
132,625		
- waste		
4		
26		
82		

	Lagar rining. Artaloaold Lib	1 01111 0 10
- total		
43,077		
42,420		
127,349		
133,033		
PRODUCTIVITY g/employee		
- target		
213		
207		
208		
222		
- actual		
199		
192		
192		
212		
SURFACE AND DUMP REC	LAMATION	
- 000		
12,111		

13,482

37 , 949
41,203
Yield
- g/t
0.31
0.30
0.31
0.29
Gold produced
- kg
3,747
4,069
11,748
12,045
OPEN-PIT OPERATIONS Tonnes mined
- 000
10,589
12,545
34,956
36 , 683

Stripping ratio - t(mined-treated) /t treated 0.81 1.20 1.02 2.50 Tonnes treated - 000 5,839 5,694 17,332 10,478 Yield - g/t 1.73 1.66 1.63 1.66 Gold produced - kg 10,100

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9,468	
28,293	
17,409	
TOTAL Gold produced	
- kg	
56,924	
55,957	
167,390	
162,487	
Revenue - R/kg sold	
- (excluding accelerated hedge)	
67,072	
65,741	
65,527	
61,294	
- (including accelerated hedge)	
67,460	
66,192	
65,901	
61,489	

Total cash costs

- R/kg produced

46,914
45,734
45,763
41,497
Total production costs
- R/kg produced
53,967
52,726
52,601
47,556
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE
- mining direct
426.0
333.6
1 014.3
801.0
- other
47.7

102.4		
83.9		
- recoupments		
(35.8)		
(3.6)		
(45.8)		
-		
Net capital expenditure		
437.9		
355.6		
1 070.9		
884.9		

GROUP OPERATING RESULTS

5,902

Issued Capital: 107,017,487 ordinary shares of 50 cents each 2,000,000 A redeemable preference shares 778,896 B redeemable preference shares All the preference shares are held by a wholly owned subsidiary company Statistics are shown in imperial units and financial figures in US dollars. Quarter Quarter Nine months Nine months ended ended ended ended September June September September 2000 2000 2000 1999 GOLD UNDERGROUND OPERATIONS Tons milled - 000 - reef 6,097

	Lugar i lillig. AlvaLoac	LD LTD - TOITH 0-K	
17,640			
17,574			
- waste			
9			
53			
145			
514			
- total			
6,106			
5,955			
17,785			
18,088			
Yield			
- oz/t			
- reef			
0.227			
0.231			
0.232			
0.243			
- waste			

0.019			
0.021			
0.025			
- average			
0.227			
0.229			
0.230			
0.236			
Gold produced			
- oz 000			
- reef			
1,385			
1,363			
4,092			
4,264			
- waste			
_			
1			
3			
13			

- total	
1,385	
1,364	
4,095	
4,277	
PRODUCTIVITY oz/employee	
- target	
6.84	
6.66	
6.70	
7.13	
- actual	
6.41	
6.16	
6.18	
6.81	
SURFACE AND DUMP RECLAMATION	

Tons treated

- 000

13,350

14,862

41,833

45,419		
Yield		
- oz/t		
0.009		
0.009		
0.009		
0.009		
Gold produced		
- oz 000		
120		
131		
377		
387		
OPEN-PIT OPERATIONS Tons mined		
- 000		
11,672		
13,829		
38,532		
40,435		

Stripping ratio		
<pre>- t(mined-treated) /t treated</pre>		
0.81		
1.20		
1.02		
2.50		
Tons treated		
- 000		
6,437		
6,277		
19,106		
11,550		
Yield		
- oz/t		
0.05		
0.05		
0.048		
0.048		
Gold produced		
- oz 000		
325		

304
910
560
TOTAL Gold produced
- oz 000
1,830
1,799
5,382
5,224
Revenue - \$/oz sold
- (excluding accelerated hedge)
298
298
304
312
- (including accelerated hedge)
300
300
305

Total cash costs
- \$/ounce produced
209
207
212
211
Total production costs
- \$/ounce produced
240
239
244
242
Rand/US Dollar average exchange rate
6.99
6.87
6.71
6.10
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE
- mining direct
60.9

149.8	
131.3	
- other	
6.8	
3.7	
15.1	
13.7	
- recoupments	
(5.1)	
(0.5)	
(6.6)	
-	
Net capital expenditure	
62.6	
51.8	
158.3	
145.0	
11	

GROUP INCOME STATEMENT
Quarter
Quarter
Nine months
Nine months
ended
ended
ended
ended
September
June
September
September
SA Rand million
SA Rand million 2000
2000
2000
2000 2000 2000
2000 2000 2000 1999
2000 2000 2000 1999 Turnover 4,020.0
2000 2000 2000 1999 Turnover
2000 2000 2000 1999 Turnover 4,020.0
2000 2000 1999 Turnover 4,020.0 3,802.3
2000 2000 1999 Turnover 4,020.0 3,802.3

3,903.7

3,734.5

11,206.7
10,131.6
Normal
3,881.6
3,709.4
11,144.0
10,099.8
Accelerated hedge
22.1
25.1
62.7
31.8
Cost of sales
3,089.8
2,913.6
8,823.3
7,742.4
Cash operating costs
2,654.2
2,558.1

7,630.2
6,713.1
Other cash costs
41.0
24.9
97.8
29.7
Total cash costs
2,695.2
2,583.0
7,728.0
6,742.8
Retrenchment costs
22.1
25.1
62.7
31.7
Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs
13.1
3.4

29.6
59.0
Production costs
2,730.4
2,611.5
7,820.3
6,833.5
Amortisation of mining assets
378.9
377.3
1,091.7
893.7
Total production costs
3,109.3
2,988.8
8,912.0
7,727.2
Inventory change
(19.5)
(75.2)

(88.7)
15.2
Operating profit
813.9
820.9
2,383.4
2,389.2
Corporate administration and other expenses
45.6
39.4
125.8
137.0
Exchange gain on transactions other than sales
1.3
6.4
5.4
8.7
Marketing development costs
25.9
25.5

71.7	
67.7	
Research and development	
12.4	
11.7	
33.4	
29.8	
Exploration costs	
74.3	
54.1	
199.6	
176.8	
Profit from operations	
657.0	
696.6	
1,958.3	
1,986.6	
Interest paid	
121.1	
106.8	

326.3
215.7
Unwinding of decommissioning obligation
0.8
(4.1)
1.5
13.5
Interest receivable
59.5
44.6
205.7
284.8
Growth in AngloGold Environmental Rehabilitation Trust
4.6
4.6
13.8
20.9
Income from associates
3.3
10.7

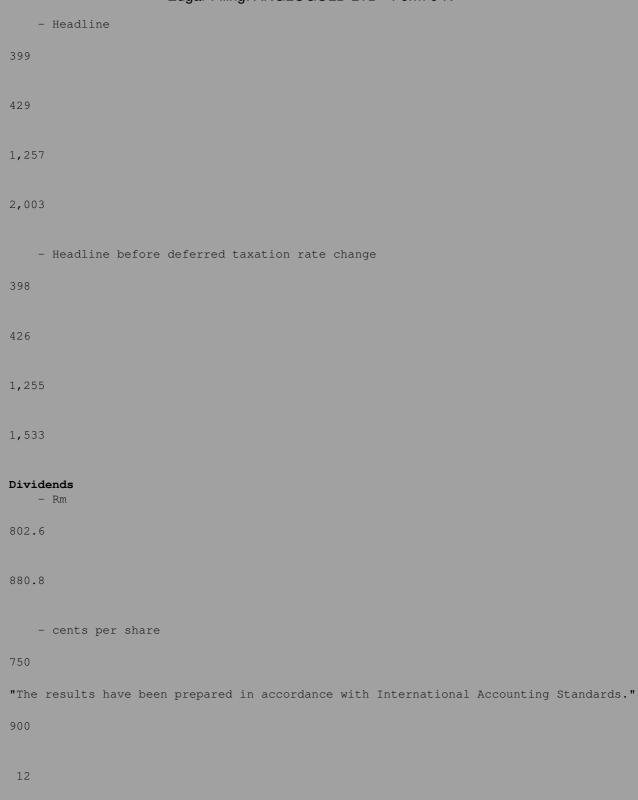
21.7
43.3
Dividends received
-
-
2.4
Profit on sale of assets
21.7
8.0
28.3
_
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation
624.2
661.8
1,900.0
2,108.8
Taxation
181.9
195.7

516.2	
131.2	
Normal taxation	
123.4	
155.0	
428.0	
560.0	
Deferred taxation	
- current	
59.4	
43.4	
90.8	
31.1	
- rate change	
(0.9)	
(2.7)	
(2.6) (459.9)	
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation	

466.1
1,383.8
1,977.6
Profit on sale of associate
543.2
Amortisation of goodwill
32.4
33.5
96.3
380.9
Minority interest
16.0
8.4
40.4
17.7
Net profit
393.9

424.2
1,247.1
2,122.2
Headline earnings The net profit has been adjusted by the following to arrive at headline earnings: Net profit
393.9
424.2
1,247.1
2,122.2
Less: Profit on sale of associate
-
-
543.2
Add: Amortisation of goodwill
32.4
33.5
96.3
380.9
Headline earnings

426.3
457.7
1,343.4
1,959.9
Add : Deferred taxation rate change
(0.9)
(2.7)
(2.6)
(459.9)
Headline earnings before deferred taxation rate change
425.4
455.0
1,340.8
1,500.0
Earnings per ordinary share - cents - Net earnings
369
397
1,167
2 160



GROUP INCOME STATEMENT

Quarter Quarter Nine months Nine months
ended ended ended ended

September June September September

US Dollar million 2000 2000 2000 1999

Turnover

553.6

1,703.7

1,684.6

Gold revenue

543.8

1,665.3

1,659.9

Normal

540.1

1,656.0

1,654.7

Accelerated hedge

3.7

9.3

5.2

Cost of sales

424.6

1,313.2

1,268.4

Cash operating costs

372.8 1,135.5 1,099.7 Other cash costs 3.6 14.5 4.8 Total cash costs 376.4 1,150.0 1,104.5 Retrenchment costs 3.7 9.3 5.2 Rehabilitation and other non-cash costs 0.5 4.5 9.8 Production costs 380.6 1,163.8 1,119.5 Amortisation of mining assets

146.4
Total production costs
435.5
1,326.2
1,265.9
Inventory change
(10.9)
(13.0)
2.5
Operating profit
119.2
352.1
391.5
Corporate administration and other expenses
5.8
18.9
22.6
Exchange gain on transactions other than sales
0.8
0.6
1.5
Marketing development costs
3.7
10.6
10.0

1.7 5.0 4.9 Exploration costs 7.9 29.6 29.0 Profit from operations 100.9 288.6 325.4 Interest paid 14.0 48.5
4.9 Exploration costs 7.9 29.6 29.0 Profit from operations 100.9 288.6 325.4 Interest paid
Exploration costs 7.9 29.6 29.0 Profit from operations 100.9 288.6 325.4 Interest paid
7.9 29.6 29.0 Profit from operations 100.9 288.6 325.4 Interest paid
7.9 29.6 29.0 Profit from operations 100.9 288.6 325.4 Interest paid
29.6 29.0 Profit from operations 100.9 288.6 325.4 Interest paid
Profit from operations 100.9 288.6 325.4 Interest paid
Profit from operations 100.9 288.6 325.4 Interest paid
100.9 288.6 325.4 Interest paid
288.6 325.4 Interest paid
325.4 Interest paid 14.0
325.4 Interest paid 14.0
Interest paid 14.0
14.0
48.5
10.5
35.3
Unwinding of decommissioning obligation
(0.6)
0.3
2.1
Interest receivable
5.0
31.1
46.6

Growth in	AngloGold	Environmental	Rehabilitation	Trust
		0.7		
	:	2.1		
	:	3.5		
Income from associates				
	1	. 6		
	:	2.0		
		7.1		
Dividends received				
Dividends	recerved			
		_		
		-		
		0.4		
Profit on sale of assets				
	:	1.1		
		4.0		
		_		
Profit on		activities befo	ore taxation	
	95	.9		
279.0				
345.6				
Taxation				
laxacion				
28.5				
	76	. 4		
	21	.5		

Normal taxation

22.6 63.8 91.7 Deferred taxation 8.5 - current 6.3 12.9 5.2 (0.1)- rate change (0.4) (0.3) (75.4)Profit on ordinary activities after taxation 67.4 202.6 324.1 Profit on sale of associate 88.7 Amortisation of goodwil 4.9 14.3

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Minority interest

Edgar Filing: ANGLOGOLD LTD - Form 6-K 1.2 6.0 2.9 Net profit 61.3 182.3 348.1 Headline earnings The net profit has been adjusted by the following to arrive at headline earnings: Net profit 61.3 182.3 348.1 Less: Profit on sale of associate 88.7 Add: Amortisation of goodwill 4.9 14.3

14.3
61.8
Headline earnings
66.2
196.6

Add: Deferred taxation rate change								
(0.4)								
(0.3)								
(75.4)								
Headline earnings before deferred taxation rate change								
65.8								
196.3								
245.8								
Earnings per ordinary share - cents - Net earnings								
57								
171								
356								
- Headline								
62								
184								
328								
- Headline before deferred taxation rate change								
62								
184								
251								
Dividends - \$m								
145.9								
- cents per share								
149								

"The results have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards."

13

September
June
September
September
June
September
1999
2000
2000
2000
2000
1999
US Dollar million
SA Rand million
ASSETS
Non-current assets
2,457.3
2,562.1
-,
2,607.0
Mining assets
18,861.6
20,002.0
17,409.7
14.762.0
14,762.0

GROUP BALANCE SHEET

138.0

276.6
274.8
Goodwill
1,988.2
1,879.7
829.0
13.2
12.4
18.1
Investments in associates
139.9
84.1
79.5
9.5
6.3
6.1
Other investments
44.1
42.8

56.8
40.2
41.6
39.7
AngloGold Environmental Rehabilitation Trust
287.5
282.9
241.5
59.4
46.9
48.9
Long-term loans - unsecured
353.8
318.4
357.0
2,717.6
2,945.9
2,994.6
21,675.1

20,017.6

16,325.8	
Current assets	
167.3	
196.1	
189.3	
Inventories	
1,369.9	
1,332.7	
1,005.1	
191.3	
235.0	
224.3	
Trade and other receivables	
1,623.1	
1,596.5	
1,148.9	
21.2	
18 3	

19.1

3,568.2

Current portion of loans advanced
137.9
124.0
127.1
470.8
310.6
159.5
Cash and cash equivalents
1,153.9
2,110.4
2,828.3
850.6
760.0
592.2
4,284.8
5,163.6
5,109.4

3,705.9

3,586.8
Total assets
25,959.9
25,181.2
21,435.2
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES
Capital and reserves
878.9
1,167.7
1,098.7
Share capital and premium
7,949.2
7,934.6
5,279.8
26.2
33.8
20.6
Non-distributable reserve
158.9

229.8		
156.5		
494.5		
461.3		
376.0		
Retained earnings		
2,720.4		

3,134.3