CECO ENVIRONMENTAL CORP Form 10-Q August 12, 2011

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

X	QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2011
	OR
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the transition period from to

CECO ENVIRONMENTAL CORP.

Commission File No. 000-07099

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of

13-2566064 (I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization)

Identification No.)

4625 Red Bank Road, Suite 200, Cincinnati, Ohio 45227

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

513-458-2600

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. x Yes "No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232, 405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). x Yes "No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer, and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Large Accelerated Filer Accelerated Filer

Non-Accelerated Filer **Smaller Reporting Company**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.): " Yes x No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer s classes of common stock as of latest practical date.

Class: Common, par value \$.01 per share outstanding at August 8, 2011 14,341,997

QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d)

OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

JUNE 30, 2011

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Part I. Financial Information

ITEM 1. Financial Statements

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(unaudited)

Dollars in thousands, except per share data

	J	UNE 30, 2011	DECI	EMBER 31, 2010
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,439	\$	5,792
Accounts receivable, net		20,061		26,772
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts (Note 4)		10,569		8,345
Inventories, net (Note 3)		5,381		4,432
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		2,819		2,509
Assets held for sale (Note 17)		0		526
Current assets of discontinued operations (Note 16)		67		76
Total current assets		47,336		48,452
Property and equipment, net		5,643		5,880
Goodwill (Note 5)		14,776		14,713
Intangibles finite life, net (Note 5)		715		966
Intangibles indefinite life (Note 5)		3,233		3,225
Deferred income tax asset, net		602		602
Deferred charges and other assets		754		953
	\$	73,059	\$	74,791
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY				
Current liabilities:	¢.	217	¢	0
Current debt (Note 8)	\$	317	\$	0
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts (Note 4)		14,337 5,496		17,041 7,810
Accrued income taxes		1,158		1,646
Accided income taxes		1,136		1,040
Total current liabilities		21,308		26,497
Other liabilities		2,322		2,320
Convertible subordinated notes (including related parties notes of \$3,950) (Note 8)		10,600		10,800
Farmer 2000 (,		,
Total liabilities		34,230		39,617
Shareholders equity:				
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value; 10,000 shares authorized, none issued				
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized, 14,479,917 and 14,456,659 shares				
issued in 2011 and 2010, respectively		145		144
Capital in excess of par value		43,463		43,237
Accumulated deficit		(3,032)		(6,243)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(1,391)		(1,608)
		(1,0)1)		(1,000)

	39,185	35,530
Less treasury stock, at cost, 137,920 shares in 2011 and 2010	(356)	(356)
Total shareholders equity	38,829	35,174
	\$ 73,059	\$ 74,791

The notes to condensed consolidated financial statements are an integral part of the above statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(unaudited)

Dollars in thousands, except per share data

	THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,				SIX MONT		DED	
		2011	200,	2010		2011	200,	2010
Net sales	\$	32,537	\$	34,776	\$	68,493	\$	69,797
Cost of sales		23,839		26,377		51,322		53,381
Gross profit		8,698		8,399		17,171		16,416
Selling and administrative		5,741		6,904		11,688		14,138
Amortization		112		125		223		260
Income from operations		2,845		1,370		5,260		2,018
Other income, (expense) net		360		32		333		(53)
Interest expense (including related party interest of \$59 and \$59,								
and \$118 and \$118, respectively		(284)		(308)		(574)		(601)
Income from continuing operations before income taxes		2,921		1,094		5,019		1,364
Income tax expense		968		417		1,808		520
Income from continuing operations		1,953		677		3,211		844
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax (Note 16)		0		(95)		0		(165)
Net income	\$	1,953	\$	582	\$	3,211	\$	679
Per share data:								
Basic income from continuing operations	\$	0.14	\$	0.05	\$	0.22	\$	0.06
Basic loss from discontinued operations	·	(0.00)		(0.01)		(0.00)	·	(0.01)
Basic net income	\$	0.14	\$	0.04	\$	0.22	\$	0.05
Diluted income from continuing operations	\$	0.12	\$	0.05	\$	0.20	\$	0.06
Diluted loss from discontinued operations		(0.00)		(0.01)		(0.00)		(0.01)
·		, ,		, ,		, ,		, ,
Diluted net income	\$	0.12	\$	0.04	\$	0.20	\$	0.05
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:								
Basic	14	1,334,116	1	4,304,047	14	4,324,040	1	4,299,598
Diluted	17	7,141,633	1	7,111,818	1′	7,117,440	1	4,393,750

The notes to condensed consolidated financial statements are an integral part of the above statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(unaudited)

Dollars in thousands

	SIX MONT	
	2011	2010
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 3,211	\$ 679
Net loss from discontinued operations	0	(165)
Net income from continuing operations	3,211	844
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	746	885
Amortization of deferred financing fees	46	63
Gain on sale of operating equipment	0	(8)
Share based compensation expense	387	511
Bad debt expense	146	132
Provision for inventory obsolescence	149	0
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts Receivable	6,565	3,533
Inventories	(1,098)	(335)
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	(2,224)	546
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(310)	746
Deferred charges and other assets	153	237
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(2,704)	(4,718)
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts	(2,314)	(3,231)
Accrued income taxes	(488)	0
Other liabilities	146	80
Net cash provided by (used in) continuing operating activities	2,411	(715)
Net cash provided by discontinued operating activities	9	779
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,420	64
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Acquisition of property and equipment	(256)	(313)
Net proceeds from sale of property	526	0
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	270	(313)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net borrowings on revolving credit lines	317	1,679
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	71	10
Cash paid for deferred financing costs	0	(320)
Cash paid for repurchase of common shares	(431)	0
Repayment of term debt	0	(218)
	(10)	1 151
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(43)	1,151
Nat ingrasse in each	2 647	002
Net increase in cash	2,647 5,792	902
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	3,192	1,393

Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	\$ 8,439	\$ 2	2,295
Supplemental Schedule of Non-Cash Activities:			
Conversion of subordinated debt to common stock	\$ 200	\$	0
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information:			
Cash paid (refunded) during the period for -			
Interest	\$ 667	\$	682
Income taxes	\$ 2,824	\$	(15)

The notes to condensed consolidated financial statements are an integral part of the above statements.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited)

1. Basis of reporting for consolidated financial statements

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of CECO Environmental Corp. and subsidiaries (the Company, we, us, or our) have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in annual financial statements have been condensed or omitted pursuant to those rules and regulations. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited, condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company contain all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the financial position as of June 30, 2011 and the results of operations and of cash flows for the three-month and six month periods ended June 30, 2011 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. The balance sheet as of December 31, 2010 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Company s annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

During 2009, the Company discontinued the operations of its subsidiary, H.M. White, Inc. (H.M. White). In accordance with the provisions of FASB ASC Subtopic 205-20, the results of H.M. White are presented as discontinued operations for all periods in the consolidated financial statements. See footnote 16 for additional details.

These financial statements and accompanying notes should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

2. New Accounting Pronouncements

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

ASC 220 In June 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2011-05, Presentation of Comprehensive Income which requires an entity to present the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income, and the components of other comprehensive income either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. In both choices, an entity is required to present each component of net income along with total net income, each component of other comprehensive income along with a total for other comprehensive income, and a total amount for comprehensive income. This ASU eliminates the option to present the components of other comprehensive income as part of the statement of changes in stockholders equity. The amendments in this ASU do not change the items that must be reported in other comprehensive income or when an item of other comprehensive income must be reclassified to net income. The ASU is effective December 15, 2011. Although the adoption of this ASU will impact the way the Company currently reports comprehensive income, the Company does not expect that the adoption of this guidance will have a material effect on the Company s consolidated results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

ASC 820 In May 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-04, Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs which generally represents clarifications of Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements , but also includes certain instances where a particular principle or requirement for measuring fair value or disclosing information about fair value measurements has changed. This ASU results in common principles and requirements for measuring fair value and for disclosing information about fair value measurements in accordance with U.S. GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The ASU is effective prospectively for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011 with earlier application not permitted. The Company does not expect that the adoption of this guidance will have a material effect on the Company s consolidated results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

3. Inventories

	June 30,	Dece	ember 31,
\$ in thousands	2011		2010
Raw materials and subassemblies	\$ 3,550	\$	2,973
Finished goods	1,290		1,144
Parts for resale	820		562
Reserve for obsolescence	(279)		(247)
	\$ 5,381	\$	4,432

Amounts credited to the allowance for obsolete inventory and charged to cost of sales amounted to \$71,000 and \$85,000 for the three month period ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, and \$149,000 and \$223,000 for the six month period ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

4. Costs and Estimated Earnings on Uncompleted Contracts

\$ in thousands	June 30, 2011	Dec	ember 31, 2010
Costs incurred on uncompleted contracts	\$ 65,839	\$	76,137
Estimated earnings	17,275		17,471
	83,114		93,608
Less billings to date	(78,041)		(93,073)
	\$ 5,073	\$	535

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited)

	June 30, 2011	ember 31, 2010
Included in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets		
under the following captions:		
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted		
contracts	\$ 10,569	\$ 8,345
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted		
contracts	(5,496)	(7,810)
	\$ 5,073	\$ 535

Revenues from contracts, representing the majority of our revenues, are recognized on the percentage of completion method, measured by the percentage of contract costs incurred to date compared to estimated total contract costs for each contract. This method is used because management considers contract costs to be the best available measure of progress on these contracts.

Our remaining revenues are recognized when risk and title passes to the customer, which is generally upon shipment of product. Our contracts have various lengths to completion ranging from a few days to several months. We anticipate that a majority of our current contracts will be completed by year end.

5. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

\$ in thousands		ths ended 30, 2011	Year ended December 31, 2010			
Goodwill / Tradename	Goodwill	Tradename	Goodwill	Tradename		
Beginning balance	\$ 14,713	\$ 3,225	\$ 14,591	\$ 3,209		
Foreign currency adjustments	63	8	122	16		
	\$ 14,776	\$ 3,233	\$ 14,713	\$ 3,225		
	As of Jui	ne 30, 2011	As of Decem	nber 31, 2010		
		Accum.		Accum.		
Intangible assets finite life	As of Jun Cost		As of Decem	*		
Intangible assets finite life Patents		Accum.		Accum.		
	Cost	Accum. Amort.	Cost	Accum. Amort		
Patents	Cost \$ 1,414	Accum. Amort. \$ 1,155	Cost \$ 1,414	Accum. Amort		

We complete an annual (or more often if circumstances require) impairment test for our indefinite life intangible assets. In performing these assessments, the carrying value of the asset is considered impaired if the fair value is less than the carrying value of the asset. If this occurs, an impairment charge is recorded for the amount by which the carrying value of the asset exceeds its fair value.

Also as required by current accounting rules, we complete an annual (or more often if circumstances require) impairment test for our goodwill. In performing these assessments, the carrying value of each reporting unit is compared to its estimated fair value, as calculated by the discounted present value of cash flow method. If the estimated fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value, an impairment charge is recorded for the amount by which the carrying value of the goodwill exceeds its calculated implied fair value. The Company s fourth quarter 2010 annual evaluation of goodwill did not indicate an impairment of the goodwill for any of the Company s reporting units.

The fair value measurement method used in the Company s impairment analysis utilizes a number of significant unobservable inputs or Level 3 assumptions. These assumptions include, among others, projections of our future operating results, the implied fair value of these assets using an income approach by preparing a discounted cash flow analysis and other subjective assumptions.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited)

Amortization of finite life intangibles for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 was \$112,000 and \$125,000, respectively and for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 was \$223,000 and \$260,000 respectively. Over the next five years amortization expense for these finite life intangible assets will be \$171,000 for the remainder of 2011, \$316,000 in 2012, \$130,000 in 2013, \$69,000 in 2014 and \$6,000 in 2015.

6. Business Segment Information

CECO s operations are organized and reviewed by management along its product lines and presented in three reportable segments. The results of the segments are reviewed through to the Income from operations line on the Statements of Operations.

Engineered Equipment and Parts Group

Our Engineered Equipment and Parts Group, located in the United States as well as Canada, Brazil, China, and India, is comprised of CECO Filters, Busch International, CECO Abatement, Effox, FKI, Flextor and A.V.C. We enable our customers to meet BACT requirements and compliance targets for fumes, volatile organic compounds, process, and industrial odors. Our services eliminate toxic emission fumes and volatile organic compounds from large-scale industrial processes. We have a presence in the chemical processing, ethanol, paint booth emissions, wastewater treatment, and wood products industries.

Contracting/Services Group

Our Contracting/Services Group is comprised of the contracting/services operations of our Kirk & Blum divisions. We provide custom metal fabrication services at our Kirk & Blum Columbia Tennessee and Louisville Kentucky locations. These facilities are used to fabricate parts, subassemblies, and customized products for air pollution and non-air pollution applications from sheet, plate, and structurals.

Component Parts Group

We market component parts for industrial air systems to contractors, distributors and dealers throughout the United States.

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those in the consolidated financial statements.

Summary of Business by Segment

	Thr	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June			
\$ in thousands		2011	20	10	20)11	2	2010	
Net Sales									
Engineered equipment and parts									
United States	\$	19,862	\$ 1	8,150	\$ 42	2,106	\$:	38,956	
Canada		1,588		3,356	4	4,362		6,117	
Brazil		867		79		987		220	
China		2,002		1,047		3,669		1,182	
India		34		488		125		618	
Subtotal		24,353	2	3,120	5	1,249	4	47,093	
Contracting / Services		6,863		9,427	1:	5,270		18,601	
Component Parts		4,554		4,728	9	9,303		8,795	
Corporate and other (a)		298		463		627		768	
Eliminations		(3,531)	(2,962)	(7,956)		(5,460)	
Net sales	\$	32,537	\$ 3	4,776	\$ 68	8,493	\$	69,797	

(a) Includes the operations of our Engineering Group, which is not significant to the overall operations of the Company.

Net Operating Income (Loss)				
Engineered equipment and parts	\$ 2,898	\$ 2,042	\$ 5,009	\$ 4,845
Contracting / Services	547	379	1,378	(391)
Component Parts	947	706	1,854	1,046
Corporate and other (b)	(1,435)	(1,728)	(2,942)	(3,330)
Eliminations	(112)	(29)	(39)	(152)
Net operating income (loss)	\$ 2,845	\$ 1,370	\$ 5,260	\$ 2,018

⁽b) Includes Corporate compensation, professional services, information technology, and other general and administrative Corporate expenses. Also included are the operations of our Engineering Group, which is not significant to the overall operations of the Company.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited)

Property and Equipment Additions				
Engineered equipment and parts	\$ 12	\$ 101	\$ 66	\$ 192
Contracting / Services		6	9	24
Component Parts	32	16	32	37
Corporate and other (c)	52	2	149	60
Property and equipment additions	\$ 96	\$ 125	\$ 256	\$ 313

(c) Includes Corporate and Engineering Group property and equipment additions.

Depreciation and Amortization				
Engineered equipment and parts	\$ 215	\$ 270	\$ 444	\$ 493
Contracting / Services	57	115	114	230
Component Parts	42	45	83	91
Corporate and other (d)	55	36	105	71
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 369	\$ 466	\$ 746	\$ 885

(d) Includes Corporate and Engineering Group depreciation and amortization.

	June 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
Identifiable Assets		
Engineered equipment and parts	\$ 119,959	\$ 107,649
Contracting / Services	47,216	46,251
Component Parts	5,075	4,616
Corporate and other (e)	(26,080)	(20,161)
Eliminations	(73,111)	(63,564)
Identifiable assets	\$ 73,059	\$ 74,791

(e) Includes Corporate and Engineering Group identifiable assets. Intercompany accounts receivable/payable for Corporate and the Engineering Group are included in these amounts.

Goodwill		
Engineered equipment and parts	\$ 14,776	\$ 14,713
Contracting / Services		
Component Parts		
Goodwill	\$ 14,776	\$ 14,713

7. Earnings Per Share

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, basic weighted average common shares outstanding were 14,334,116 and 14,324,040, respectively, and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, basic weighted average common shares outstanding were 14,304,047 and 14,299,598, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2011, diluted common shares outstanding were 17,141,633 and 17,117,440, respectively, and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, diluted common shares outstanding were 17,111,818 and 14,393,750, respectively.

Effective January 1, 2009, the Company adopted ASC 260-10-65-2, Determining Whether Instruments Granted in Share-Based Payment Transactions are Participating Securities. Non-vested shares with non-forfeitable dividend rights are considered participating securities and, thus, subject to the two-class method pursuant to ASC Topic 260, Earnings per Share, when computing basic and diluted EPS. Losses are only allocable to participating securities if the holder has a contractual obligation to share in the losses of the Company.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited)

Holders of our restricted stock awards participate in nonforfeitable dividend rights on a one-for-one basis with holders of common stock. Holders of these awards are not obligated to share in losses of the Company. Therefore, these share awards are included in the computation of basic earnings (loss) per share during periods of net income using the two-class method, but are excluded from such computation in periods of net loss. Should the Company declare a dividend on its common stock, the related dividend on shares of unvested restricted stock that are not expected to vest would be recorded as additional compensation expense and therefore excluded from the two-class method computations; however, no such dividends have been declared to date. Undistributed earnings included in the two-class method computations are allocated equally to each share of common stock outstanding, including all shares of unvested restricted common shares. For the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2011 there were no non-vested restricted share awards outstanding. For the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010, the weighted average number of non-vested restricted share awards which were included in the basic weighted average common shares outstanding totaled 41,334 and 44,304 respectively.

We consider outstanding options and warrants in computing diluted net income per share only when they are dilutive. For each of the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2011, respectively, 426,250 outstanding options and warrants were excluded from the computation of diluted weighted average common shares outstanding as their effect would have been anti-dilutive. For the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010, respectively, 612,000 outstanding options and warrants were excluded from the computation of diluted weighted average common shares outstanding as their effect would have been anti-dilutive. Additionally, pursuant to the if-converted method, net income used for purposes of computing diluted earnings per share is adjusted for the net impact of interest and other items related to the Investor Notes (see Note 8) unless the effect is anti-dilutive. The net impact of interest and other items related to the Investor Notes for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2011 was expense of approximately \$95,000 and \$190,000 respectively. Net income was adjusted by this net impact for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2,650,000 and 2,659,116 shares respectively were included in the computation of diluted weighted average common shares outstanding. The net impact of interest and other items related to the Investor Notes for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2010 was expense of approximately \$97,000 and \$194,000 respectively. Net income was adjusted by this net impact for the three month period ended June 30, 2010 and 2,700,000 shares were included in the computation of diluted weighted average common shares outstanding. Because of an anti-dilutive effect, net income (loss) was not adjusted for this net impact for the six month period ended June 30, 2010 and 2,700,000 shares were excluded from the computation of diluted weighted average common shares outstanding.

8. Debt

Our current credit facility with Fifth Third Bank (the Bank Facility), as amended, includes a revolving line of credit of up to \$20.0 million, including letters of credit, limited to a borrowing base amount computed as 70% of eligible accounts receivable, 50% of unbilled revenues up to \$1.0 million, plus 50% of eligible inventories up to \$7.5 million. No amounts were outstanding on the Bank Facility as of June 30, 2011 or December 31, 2010. Unused credit availability under our \$20.0 million revolving line of credit at June 30, 2011 was \$8.2 million. Interest on the outstanding borrowings is charged at the daily LIBOR rate plus 3.5% or the tranche LIBOR rate plus 3.0% for the revolver and the daily LIBOR rate plus 3.75% or the tranche LIBOR rate plus 3.25% for the term note. The weighted average interest rate under the Bank Facility as of June 30, 2011 and June 30, 2010 was 0.0% and 3.82%, respectively.

We entered into our current Bank Facility on December 29, 2005 with Fifth Third Bank. The Bank Facility was amended on various dates and fees paid for these amendments were deferred and are being amortized over the remaining term of the Bank Facility.

On August 6, 2010, the Company entered into an amended and restated credit agreement effective as of June 30, 2010, which amends and restates in its entirety the Bank Facility and extends the termination date of the Line of Credit to April 1, 2013 and the term loan to April 1, 2014 (which was nonetheless paid off in 2010). The amendment and restatement also increases the limit on letters of credit from \$5.0 million to \$10.0 million, resets the pricing grid to level one, which temporarily increased our interest rates by 0.5% until the next pricing grid determination date of December 31, 2010, at which time the pricing level was re-determined based on the Company s trailing twelve month fixed charge ratio to be at level three, which reduced our interest rates by 0.5%. No fees were paid for this amendment.

Terms of the Bank Facility, as amended, include financial covenants that require compliance at June 30, 2010 and each quarter through June 30, 2013. The maximum capital expenditures financial covenant is \$2.5 million per year. The minimum Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio is 2.5:1.0 for each quarter through the quarter ended June 30, 2010 and 1.25:1.0 thereafter. The maximum funded debt to EBITDA covenant is 3.0 to 1. Our Bank Facility also contains cross-default provisions with respect to our subordinated debt. Also, if we fail to pay (after grace periods) any other debt or lease that, individually or in the aggregate

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited)

involves indebtedness in excess of \$100,000, and such default gives any creditor or lessor the right to accelerate the maturity of any such indebtedness or lease payments, then absent a waiver from the lender, it would result in a default under our Bank Facility and the acceleration of the maturity of outstanding debt under our Bank Facility. As of June 30, 2011, we were in compliance with all related financial and other restrictive covenants, and expect continued compliance. In the future, if we cannot comply with the terms of the Bank Facility covenants it will be necessary for us to obtain a waiver or renegotiate our loan covenants, and there can be no assurance that such negotiations would be successful. In the event that we are not successful in obtaining a waiver or an amendment, we would be declared in default, which could cause all amounts owed to be immediately due and payable.

Our property and equipment, accounts receivable, investments and inventory serve as collateral for our bank debt. Our debt agreements contain customary covenants and events of default.

The bank debt at June 30, 2011 consists of \$0.3 million due on a revolving line of credit at Flextor, our Canadian subsidiary.

On November 26, 2009, the Company issued \$10.8 million principal amount unsecured convertible subordinated promissory notes to a group of investors (the Investor Notes) which includes related parties: Icarus Investment Corp. (\$2,200,000), Jason DeZwirek (\$800,000), Jonathan Pollack (\$150,000 JMP Fam Holdings Inc.) and Harvey Sandler Revocable Trust (\$800,000), which trust owns over 10% of our outstanding common stock. Interest accrues under the Investor Notes at the annual rate of 6% and is payable as of the end of each calendar quarter. Interest paid for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2011 was \$159,000 and \$316,000, respectively and \$162,000 and \$324,000 respectively for the time periods in 2010. We used the proceeds of the Investor Notes to repay all of our previously existing subordinated debt in the amount of approximately \$4.5 million, which debt was accruing interest at rates between 11-12%. The balance of the proceeds were available to be used for general working capital. Fees of \$320,000 were paid for the issuance of this debt and are being amortized over the term of the Investor Notes.

The Investor Notes are due on November 26, 2014 and are not repayable prior to maturity except upon a change of control, or upon the consent of the holder. The outstanding principal amount of the Investor Notes or any portion thereof, but not the interest, is convertible at the holder s option, at any time after the issuance of the Investor Notes at a conversion price of \$4.00 per share, such price being greater than the Company s share price at the date of issuance of the Investor Notes. Following three years from the date of the Investor Notes, if the closing price of the common stock of the Company is greater than \$8.00 for five consecutive days, the Company can cause conversion of the Investor Notes. The outstanding balance of the Investor Notes at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 was \$10.6 million and \$10.8 million, respectively. In February 2011, \$200,000 principal of the Investor Notes was converted to 50,000 shares of our common stock.

9. Pension and Employee Benefit Plans

We sponsor a non-contributory defined benefit pension plan for certain union employees. The plan is funded in accordance with the funding requirements of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

We also sponsor a post-retirement health care plan for office employees retiring before January 1, 1990. The plan allows retirees who have attained the age of 65 to elect the type of coverage desired.

Retirement and health care plan expense is based on valuations performed by plan actuaries as of the beginning of each fiscal year. The components of the expense consisted of the following:

	Three Mo	Three Months Ended June 30, Six Months			
\$ in thousands	2011	2010	2011		2010
Retirement plan:					
Service cost	\$ 10	\$ 54	\$ 20	\$	108

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Interest cost	92	94	184	188
Expected return on plan assets	(97)	(94)	(194)	(188)
Amortization of prior service cost	0	2	0	4
Amortization of net actuarial loss	63	54	126	108
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 68	\$ 110	\$ 136	\$ 220
Health care plan:				
Interest cost	\$ 0	\$ 4	\$ 0	\$ 8
Amortization of gain	(1)	(1)	(2)	(2)
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ (1)	\$ 3	\$ (2)	\$ 6

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited)

As of June 30, 2011 we have made contributions to our defined benefit plans totaling \$139,000. We anticipate contributing \$268,000 to fund the pension plan during the remainder of fiscal 2011.

The funded status for our postretirement health care plan is calculated based on the projected postretirement benefit obligation.

10. Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation in accordance with ASC Topic 718, Compensation Stock Compensation which requires the Company to recognize compensation expense for stock-based awards, measured at the fair value of the awards at the grant date. The Company recognized expense of approximately \$135,000 and \$242,000 during the quarters ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively and \$387,000 and \$511,000 for the six month periods respectively.

11. Income Taxes

The Company files income tax returns in various federal, state and local jurisdictions. The Company is no longer subject to federal, state and local income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2006.

The Company accounts for uncertain tax positions pursuant to ASC Topic 740, Income Taxes. As of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the liability for uncertain tax positions totaled approximately \$86,000. The Company recognizes interest accrued related to uncertain tax positions in interest expense and penalties in income tax expense.

12. Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Comprehensive income (loss) consists of net income (loss), changes in the pension and postretirement liability that do not directly impact net earnings and translation gains and losses for foreign operations. Comprehensive income of \$1,996,000 included net income of \$1,953,000 and a translation gain of \$43,000 for the three month period ended June 30, 2011, and comprehensive income of \$462,000 for the three month period ended June 30, 2010 included net income of \$582,000 and a translation loss of \$(120,000).

Comprehensive income of \$3,428,000 included net income of \$3,211,000 and a translation gain of \$217,000 for the six month period ended June 30, 2011, and comprehensive income of \$666,000 for the six month period ended June 30, 2010 included net income of \$679,000 and a translation loss of \$(13,000).

13. Product Warranties

The Company s warranty reserve is to cover the products sold and is principally at our Effox subsidiary. The warranty accrual is based on historical claims information. The warranty reserve is reviewed and adjusted as necessary on a quarterly basis. Warranty accrual is not significant at the Company s other operations due to the nature of the work of including installation. The change in accrued warranty expense is summarized in the following table:

	Three	Months	S	Six	Six Months			
	E	nded		E	nded			
	Ju	ne 30,		Ju	ne 30,			
\$ in thousands	2011	2	2010	2011	2	2010		
Beginning balance	\$ 462	\$	531	\$ 455	\$	498		
Provision	67		100	211		200		
Payments	(42)		(159)	(179)		(226)		

Ending balance \$487 \$ 472 \$487 \$ 472

14. Financial Instruments

Our financial instruments consist primarily of investments in cash and cash equivalents, receivables and certain other assets and accounts payable. The carrying values of these financial instruments approximate fair value at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, due to their short-term nature.

Most of the debt obligations approximate their reported carrying amounts based on future payments discounted at current interest rates for similar obligations or interest rates which fluctuate with the market.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited)

15. Commitments and Contingencies Legal Matters

A lawsuit was filed on September 10, 2009 in Marion County Superior Court, State of Indiana. A wrongful death claim was made by the estate of Terry David Walk for an accident that occurred in March 2008 at the worksite of a customer of the Company relating to a baghouse system. The defendants included CECO and its subsidiaries, The Kirk & Blum Manufacturing Company (Kirk & Blum), kbd/Technic, Inc., and CECO Abatement Systems, Inc., with CECO and CECO Abatement Systems, Inc. later removed as parties. The complaint contained causes of action for negligence and a cause of action for breach of implied warranties, and the complainant was asking for unspecified compensatory damages and costs. The parties settled this matter on July 11, 2011 pursuant to a Mediation Settlement Agreement, under which Kirk & Blum and kbd/Technic, Inc. agreed to pay a settlement amount. The Mediation Settlement Agreement is subject to probate approval by the claimant s estate. The Company s insurance carriers have agreed to pay the agreed settlement amount and the Company s expenses/deductible was previously accrued for this matter.

On January 13, 2011, the SEC initiated a non-public formal investigation relating to possible insider trading by affiliates of and/or the Company. We have been cooperating with and intend to continue to cooperate with the SEC. Because the matter is ongoing, we cannot predict the outcome of this formal inquiry at this time, and, as a result, no conclusion can be reached as to what impact, if any, this inquiry may have on us, our operations, or financial condition.

One of the unions, Local 24 of the Sheet Metal Workers International Association, that represented former employees of Kirk & Blum has filed a demand to bargain under its collective bargaining agreement over the decision to close our Oakley facility and the effects of any such closing in connection with the layoffs of approximately 40 union employees of Kirk & Blum in 2010. The union is requesting severance payments and other non-monetary items. The parties undertook negotiations and in January 2011, the grievance was heard by a panel of the National Joint Adjustment Board for the Sheet Metal Industry, which resulted in a deadlock. On June 21, 2011, the Company entered into a five year agreement with Sheet Metal Workers International Association, Local 24 and another local union to govern future interactions between the unions, the Company and its employees and to settle the pending demands and resolve all issues. Payments by the Company required under the agreement are not expected to be material.

Other income includes a payment to the Company of \$359,000 related to short swing trading profits that were returned to the Company by a director and affiliated shareholder.

The final outcome and impact of these matters, and related claims and investigations that may be brought in the future, are subject to many variables, and cannot be predicted. We establish accruals only for those matters where we determine that a loss is probable and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. As a result, we have not accrued for any liability with respect to these matters. The Company expenses legal costs as they are incurred. While it is currently not possible to reasonably estimate the aggregate amount of costs which we may incur in connection with these matters, such costs could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, liquidity, or results of operations.

16. Discontinued Operations

During 2009, the Company discontinued the operations of H.M. White. The Company terminated its facility lease in Detroit, Michigan and all property and equipment held by H.M. White was sold at net book value to its former owner. Accordingly, there was no gain or loss associated with the sale of H.M. White s assets.

The results of H.M. White are presented as discontinued operations for all periods in the consolidated financial statements. The Company did not allocate general corporate interest expense to H.M. White.

Operating results of discontinued operations are as follows:

\$ in thousands

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		nonths ended ne 30,	Six months end June 30,		
	2011	2010	2011	2010	
Net sales	\$ 0	\$ 305	\$ 0	\$ 433	
Loss from discontinued operations, before income taxes	0	(153)	(0)	(266)	
Income tax benefit	0	(58)	(0)	(101)	
Loss from discontinued appretions	0	¢ (05)	¢ 0	¢ (165)	
Loss from discontinued operations	0	\$ (95)	\$ 0	\$ (165)	

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited)

Assets and liabilities related to discontinued operations consisted of the following:

	June 30, 2011	ber 31, 10
Assets		
Accounts receivable	\$ 36	\$ 45
Prepaid expenses and other	31	31
Total current assets of discontinued operation	\$ 67	\$ 76

17. Property, Plant and Equipment for Sale

The Kirk & Blum Contracting/Services Indianapolis plant was sold in February 2011. An impairment charge of \$324,000 was recorded in the fourth quarter of 2010 to reflect the loss on the pending sale and the assets of \$526,000 were classified as held for sale as of December 31, 2010.

18. Stock purchase

During the first quarter of 2011, the Company purchased 73,741 shares of CECO stock held by a retiring executive. The shares were purchased at the current market price of \$5.84 for a total transaction value of \$430,647 and the shares were immediately retired.

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

ITEM 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Our consolidated statements of operations for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 reflect our operations consolidated with the operations of our subsidiaries.

We are one of the leading providers of air-pollution control products and services. These products and services are marketed under the Kirk & Blum, CECO Filters, CECOaire, Busch International, CECO Abatement Systems, kbd/Technic, K&B Duct, Effox, GMD, Flextor and A.V.C. trade names. Our revenues are generated by our services of engineering and designing as well as building equipment, and installing systems that capture, clean and destroy airborne contaminants from industrial facilities and equipment that controls emissions from such facilities. We have a diversified base of more than 3,000 active customers among a myriad of industries including aerospace, brick, cement, steel, ceramics, metal working, ethanol, printing, paper, food, foundry, power, refining, mining, metal plating, woodworking, chemicals, tobacco, glass, automotive, and pharmaceuticals. Additionally, due to our focus on international business, our backlog is now more diversified and; therefore, our business is not concentrated in a single country, industry or customer.

We operate in three segments: (1) the Contracting/Services Group, which produces air pollution control and industrial ventilation systems, (2) the Engineered Equipment and Parts Group, which produces various types of air pollution control equipment and (3) the Component Parts Group, which manufactures products used by us and other air pollution control companies and contractors. It is through combining the efforts of some or all of these groups that we are able to offer complete turnkey systems to our customers and leverage the operational efficiencies between our family of companies. Due to the relative size of our Engineering Group, our reportable segment disclosures in our financial statements include this group s results with our corporate and other disclosures.

We believe that as economic conditions continue to improve, there will be an increase in the level of pollution control capital expenditures driven by an elevated focus on environmental issues such as global warming and energy saving alternatives as well as a U.S. Government supported effort to reduce our dependence on foreign oil through the use of bio-fuels like ethanol and electrical energy generated by our abundant domestic supply of coal. We also feel that similar opportunities will continue to develop outside the United States.

We continue to focus on increasing revenues and profitability. Our operating strategy has involved horizontally expanding our scope of products and services through selective acquisitions and the formation of new business units that are then vertically integrated into our growing family of turnkey system providers. By employing this strategy, we have expanded our business and increased our revenues by adding CECO Abatement Systems, K&B Duct, CECO Filters, India, Effox, FKI, Flextor and A.V.C. At the same time, we have been able to consolidate these new entities into our existing corporate structure without increasing costs proportionally.

Much of our business is driven by various regulatory standards and guidelines governing air quality in and outside of factories.

Operations Overview

Our contracts are obtained either through competitive bidding or as a result of negotiations with our customers. Contract terms offered by us are generally dependent on the complexity and risk of the project as well as the resources that will be required to complete the project. For example, a contract that can be performed primarily by subcontractors and that does not require us to use our fabrication and assembly facilities can be quoted at a lower gross margin than a more typical contract that will require additional factory overhead and administrative expenses. Our focus is on increasing our operating margins as well as our gross margin percentage which translates into higher net income.

How We Manage our Business

We operate under a hub and spoke business model in which executive management, finance, administrative and marketing staff serves as the hub while the sales channels serve as spokes. We use this model throughout our operations. This has provided us with certain efficiencies over a more decentralized model.

During 2009, the Company discontinued the operations of its subsidiary, H.M. White, Inc. We terminated our facility lease in Detroit, Michigan and all property and equipment held by H.M. White was sold at net book value to its former owner.

Fishe

The results of H.M. White are presented as discontinued operations for the periods presented.

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Results of Operations

Summary of Business by Segment

	Thr	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months	Ended June 30,
\$ in thousands		2011		2010	2011	2010
Net Sales						
Engineered equipment and parts						
United States	\$	19,862	\$	18,150	\$ 42,106	\$ 38,956
Canada		1,588		3,356	4,362	6,117
Brazil		867		79	987	220
China		2,002		1,047	3,669	1,182
India		34		488	125	618
Subtotal		24,353		23,120	51,249	47,093
Contracting / Services		6,863		9,427	15,270	18,601
Component Parts		4,554		4,728	9,303	8,795
Corporate and other (a)		298		463	627	768
Eliminations		(3,531)		(2,962)	(7,956)	(5,460)
						•
Net sales	\$	32,537	\$	34,776	\$ 68,493	\$ 69,797

(a) Includes the operations of our Engineering Group, which is not significant to the overall operations of the Company.

Net Operating Income (Loss)				
Engineered equipment and parts	\$ 2,898	\$ 2,042	\$ 5,009	\$ 4,845
Contracting / Services	547	379	1,378	(391)
Component Parts	947	706	1,854	1,046
Corporate and other (b)	(1,435)	(1,728)	(2,942)	(3,330)
Eliminations	(112)	(29)	(39)	(152)
Net operating income (loss)	\$ 2,845	\$ 1,370	\$ 5,260	\$ 2,018

(b) Includes Corporate compensation, professional services, information technology, and other general and administrative Corporate expenses. Also included are the operations of our Engineering Group, which is not significant to the overall operations of the Company.

Property and Equipment Additions				
Engineered equipment and parts	\$ 12	\$ 101	\$ 66	\$ 192
Contracting / Services		6	9	24
Component Parts	32	16	32	37
Corporate and other (c)	52	2	149	60

\$

Property and equipment additions

96 \$ 125 \$ 256 \$ 313

(c) Includes Corporate and Engineering Group property and equipment additions.

Depreciation and Amortization				
Engineered equipment and parts	\$ 215	\$ 270	\$ 444	\$ 493
Contracting / Services	57	115	114	230
Component Parts	42	45	83	91
Corporate and other (d)	55	36	105	71
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 369	\$ 466	\$ 746	\$ 885

(d) Includes Corporate and Engineering Group depreciation and amortization.

	,		cember 31, 2010
Identifiable Assets			
Engineered equipment and parts	\$ 119,959	\$	107,649
Contracting / Services	47,216		46,251
Component Parts	5,075		4,616
Corporate and other (e)	(26,080)		(20,161)
Eliminations	(73,111)		(63,564)
Identifiable assets	\$ 73,059	\$	74,791

(e) Includes Corporate and Engineering Group identifiable assets. Intercompany accounts receivable/payable for Corporate and the Engineering Group are included in these amounts.

Goodwill		
Engineered equipment and parts	\$ 14,776	\$ 14,713
Contracting / Services		
Component Parts		
Goodwill	\$ 14,776	\$ 14,713

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Consolidated Results

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months En	ded June 30,
(\$ s in millions)	2011	2010	2011	2010
Net sales from continuing operations	\$ 32.5	\$ 34.8	\$ 68.5	\$ 69.8
Cost of sales from continuing operations	23.8	26.4	51.3	53.4
Gross profit from continuing operations	\$ 8.7	\$ 8.4	\$ 17.2	\$ 16.4
Percent of sales	26.8%	24.1%	25.1%	23.5%
Selling and administrative expenses from continuing operations	\$ 5.7	\$ 6.9	\$ 11.7	\$ 14.1
Percent of sales	17.5%	19.8%	17.1%	20.2%
Operating income from continuing operations	\$ 2.8	\$ 1.4	\$ 5.3	\$ 2.0
Percent of sales	8.6%	4.0%	7.7%	2.9%

Consolidated net sales from continuing operations for the second quarter decreased 6.6%, or \$2.3 million, to \$32.5 million in 2011 compared to \$34.8 million in 2010. The decrease in revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2011 was due to a \$2.6 million, or 27%, decrease in the Contracting/Services Group sales, which resulted from our facilities optimization and backlog pruning and a \$0.2 million, or 4%, decrease in Component Parts revenues. These decreases were offset by a \$1.2 million, or 5.3%, increase in the Engineered Equipment and Parts Group revenues. The decrease in the Contracting/Services Group sales was primarily the result of our facilities optimization and our intentional avoidance of lower margin contract work. The decrease in Component Parts revenues resulted from a reduction in demand for these products by smaller, independent contractors. Engineered Equipment and Parts Group revenues increased primarily due to increase demand for these products in China.

Consolidated net sales from continuing operations for the first six months of 2011 were \$68.5 million, a decrease of \$1.3 million, or 1.9%, compared to \$69.8 million in 2010. The comparative six month decrease in net sales was attributable to a 17.9% or \$3.3 million decrease in Contracting/Services Group revenues which resulted from our facilities optimization and backlog pruning. This decrease was offset by a 6%, or \$0.5 million, increase in Component Parts Group revenues and a 9% ,or \$4.2 million, increase in Engineered Equipment and Parts Group sales. The changes in revenues for the Contracting/Services Group and Engineered Equipment and Parts Group are the same as previously mentioned.

Orders booked from continuing operations were \$33.5 million during the second quarter of 2011 and \$66.8 million for the first six months of 2011, as compared to \$31.3 million during the second quarter of 2010 and \$58.4 million in the first half of 2010.

Second quarter 2011 gross profit from continuing operations was \$8.7 million. This compares to gross profit from continuing operations of \$8.4 million during the same period in 2010. Gross profit as a percentage of revenues for the three-month period ended June 30, 2011, increased by 2.7% percentage points to 26.8% compared with 24.1% for the comparable period in 2010. This increase was primarily the result of improvements in the Contracting /Services Group and Component Parts Group contribution margins offset by a slight decrease in Engineered Equipment and Parts Group contribution margins. The Engineered Equipment and Parts Group sales, before intercompany eliminations, increased to 68% of total sales for the second quarter of 2011 compared to 62% of total sales for the second quarter of 2010. The Component Parts Group sales, before intercompany eliminations, remained constant at 12% of total sales for the second quarter of 2011 and the Contracting/Services Group declined to 20% of total revenues compared to 25% for the second quarter of 2010.

Gross profit from continuing operations was \$17.2 million for the first six months of 2011, an increase of \$0.8 million compared to \$16.4 million for the same period in 2010. Gross profit as a percentage of revenues for the first six months of 2011 increased to 25.1% compared to 23.5% for the same period in 2010. This increase was the result of the same factors described for the second quarter.

Selling and administrative expenses from continuing operations decreased by \$1.2 million, or 17.4%, from \$6.9 million to \$5.7 million during the second quarter. This decrease was due primarily to continuing reductions in selling and administrative wages and benefits due to streamlining divisional operations and senior management reductions primarily from our Contracting Services Group. We are continuing our efforts to further streamline and centralize these selling and administrative expenses.

During the first six months of 2011 compared to the first six months of 2010, selling and administrative expenses from continuing operations declined \$2.4 million from \$14.1 million to \$11.7 million. This decrease was due primarily to cumulative first and second quarter reductions in selling and administrative wages and benefits of \$1.7 million. These reductions were also the result of streamlining as previously mentioned.

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Selling and administrative expense from continuing operations as a percentage of sales decreased from 19.8% to 17.5% for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 and decreased from 20.2% to 16.8% for the six months ended June 30, 2011. The decrease in selling and administrative expenses as a percentage of sales is primarily due to the factors mentioned previously.

Amortization expense decreased by \$13,000 to \$112,000 during the second quarter of 2011 from \$125,000 in the same period of 2010 and decreased by \$37,000 to \$223,000 in the first six months of 2011 from \$260,000 in the same period of 2010. These decreases were the result of certain definite life intangibles related to earlier acquisitions becoming fully amortized.

Operating income was \$2.8 million in the second quarter of 2011, an increase of \$1.4 million compared to an operating income of \$1.4 million during the same quarter of 2010. Operating income as a percent of sales in the second quarter of 2011 was 8.6% compared to operating income of 4.0% for the same period in 2010.

Operating income for the first six months of 2011 was \$5.4 million, an increase of \$3.4 million compared to operating income of \$2.0 million during the same period of 2010. Operating income as a percent of sales for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was 7.9% compared to 2.9% for the same period in 2010.

Improving margins and changes in product mix were the primary factors for the increases in operating income and operating margin percentages.

Other income (expense) from continuing operations for the three months ended was \$360,000 compared to \$32,000 during the same period in 2010. This change was primarily the result of \$359,000 included in other income resulting from a payment to the Company of short swing trading profits that were returned by a director and an affiliated Shareholder. For the six months ended June 30, 2011, other income (expense) from continuing operations was \$333,000 compared to (\$53). The six month result consists of the \$359,000 payment previously discussed, offset by unrealized foreign currency transaction losses.

Interest expense remained constant at \$0.3 million during the second quarter of 2011 and \$0.6 million during the first six months of 2011.

Federal and state income tax expense was \$1.0 million during the second quarter of 2011 compared to an expense of \$0.4 million during the second quarter of 2010. Federal and state income tax expense was \$1.8 million for the first six months of 2011 compared to a tax of \$0.5 million in 2010. The federal and state income tax provision for the first six months of 2011 was 36%, which reflects the estimated effective tax rate for 2011. Our statutory income tax rate is affected by certain permanent differences including income from foreign operations, interest income on officers life insurance contracts, non-cash expenses related to incentive stock options and restricted stock vesting shortfalls.

Net income for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 was \$2.0 million compared with a net income of \$0.6 million for the same period in 2010. Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was \$3.2 million compared with a net income of \$0.7 million for the same period in 2010.

Backlog

Our backlog consists of the amount of revenues we expect from full performance of open, signed, firm fixed price contracts that have not been completed for products and services we expect to substantially deliver within the next 12 months. Our backlog from continuing operations, as of June 30, 2011, was \$52.6 million compared to \$54.3 million as of December 31, 2010. This decline in backlog is due primarily to our intentional pruning of certain lower margin contracting projects. There can be no assurances that backlog will be replicated, increased or translated into higher revenues in the future. The success of our business depends on a multitude of factors related to our backlog and the orders secured during the subsequent period(s). Certain contracts are highly dependent on the work of contractors and other subcontractors participating in a project, over which we have no or limited control, and their performance on such project could have an adverse effect on the profitability of our contracts. Delays resulting from these contractors and subcontractors, changes in the scope of the project, weather, and labor availability also can have an effect on a contract s profitability.

New Accounting Pronouncements

For information regarding recent accounting pronouncements, see Note 2 to the unaudited consolidated financial statements within Item 1 of this report.

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our principal sources of liquidity are cash flow from operations and available borrowings under our revolving credit facility. Our principal uses of cash are operating costs, debt service, payment of interest on our outstanding senior debt, working capital and other general corporate requirements.

At June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, cash and cash equivalents totaled \$8.4 million and \$5.8 million, respectively. Cash balances may fluctuate from time to time due to collected funds not being immediately swept against the credit line balance.

Total bank debt at June 30, 2011 was \$0.3 million and \$0 at December 31, 2010. The bank debt at June 30, 2011 consists of \$0.3 million due on the revolving line of credit for our Flextor subsidiary in Canada. Our current credit facility with Fifth Third Bank (the Bank Facility), as amended, includes a revolving line of credit of up to \$20 million, including letters of credit, limited to a borrowing base amount computed as 70% of eligible accounts receivable, 50% of unbilled revenues up to \$2.0 million, plus 50% of eligible inventories up to \$7.5 million. Unused credit availability under our \$20.0 million revolving line of credit at June 30, 2010 was \$6.7 million. Interest on the outstanding borrowings is charged at the daily LIBOR rate plus 4.0% or the tranche LIBOR rate plus 3.5% for the revolver and the daily LIBOR rate plus 4.25% or the tranche LIBOR rate plus 3.75% for the term note. The weighted average interest rate under the Bank Facility as of June 30, 2011 and June 30, 2010 was 0.0% and 3.82%, respectively.

We entered into our current Bank Facility on December 29, 2005 with Fifth Third Bank. The Bank Facility was amended on various dates and fees paid for these amendments were deferred and are being amortized over the remaining term of the Bank Facility.

On August 6, 2010, the Company entered into an amended and restated credit agreement effective as of June 30, 2010, which amends and restates in its entirety the Bank Facility and extends the termination date of the Line of Credit to April 1, 2013 and the term loan to April 1, 2014. The amendment and restatement also increases the limit on letters of credit from \$5.0 million to \$10.0 million, reset the pricing grid to level one which temporarily increases our interest rates by 0.5% until the next pricing grid determination date of December 31, 2010, at which time the pricing level was re-determined based on the Company s trailing twelve month fixed charge ratio to be at level three, which reduced our interest rates by 0.5%. No fees were paid for this amendment.

Terms of the Bank Facility, as amended, include financial covenants which require compliance at June 30, 2010 and each quarter through June 30, 2013. The maximum capital expenditures financial covenant is \$2,500,000 per year. The minimum Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio is 2.5:1.0 for each quarter through the quarter ended June 30, 2010 and 1.25:1.0 thereafter. The maximum funded debt to EBITDA covenant is 3.0 to 1. Our Bank Facility also contains cross-default provisions with respect to our subordinated debt. Also, if we fail to pay (after grace periods) any other debt or lease that, individually or in the aggregate involves indebtedness in excess of \$100,000, and such default gives any creditor or lessor the right to accelerate the maturity of any such indebtedness or lease payments, then absent a waiver from the lender, it would result in a default under our Bank Facility and the acceleration of the maturity of outstanding debt under our Bank Facility. As of June 30, 2011, we were in compliance with all related financial and other restrictive covenants, and expect continued compliance. In the future, if we cannot comply with the terms of the Bank Facility covenants it will be necessary for us to obtain a waiver or renegotiate our loan covenants, and there can be no assurance that such negotiations would be successful. In the event that we are not successful in obtaining a waiver or an amendment, we would be declared in default, which could cause all amounts owed to be immediately due and payable.

Our property and equipment, accounts receivable, investments and inventory serve as collateral for our bank debt. Our debt agreements contain customary covenants and events of default.

On November 26, 2009, the Company issued \$10.8 million principal amount subordinated convertible promissory notes to a group of investors (the Investor Notes) which includes related parties: Icarus Investment Corp. (\$2,200,000), Jason DeZwirek (\$800,000), Jonathan Pollack (\$150,000 JMP Fam Holdings Inc.) and Harvey Sandler Revocable Trust (\$800,000), which trust owns over 10% of our outstanding common stock. Interest accrues under the Investor Notes at the annual rate of 6% and is payable as of the end of each calendar quarter. Interest paid for the three and six month periods was \$159,000 and \$316,000 respectively and \$162,000 and \$324,000 respectively for the same periods in 2010. We used the proceeds of the Investor Notes to repay all of our previously existing subordinated debt in the amount of approximately \$4.5 million, which debt was accruing interest at rates between 11-12%. The balance of the proceeds was available for general working capital. Fees

of \$320,000 were paid for the issuance of this debt and are being amortized over the term of the Investor Notes. The outstanding balance of the Investor Notes at June 30, 2011 was \$10.6 million. In February 2011, \$200,000 principal of the Investor Notes was converted to 50,000 shares of our common stock.

The Investor Notes are due on November 26, 2014 and are not repayable prior to maturity except upon a change of control, or upon the consent of the holder. The outstanding principal amount of the Investor Notes or any portion thereof, but not the interest, is convertible at the holder s option, at any time after the issuance of the Investor Notes at a conversion price of \$4.00 per share, such price being greater than the Company s share price at the date of issuance of the Investor Notes. Following three years from the date

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of the Investor Notes, if the closing price of the common stock of the Company is greater than \$8.00 for five consecutive days, the Company can cause conversion of the Investor Notes.

Overview of Cash Flows and Liquidity

	For the six months ended June 30,		
(\$ s in thousands)	2011	2010	
Net cash (used in) provided by continuing operations	\$ 2,411	\$ (715)	
Net cash provided by discontinued operations	9	779	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	270	(313)	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(43)	1,151	
Net increase (decrease) in cash	\$ 2,647	\$ 902	

For the six months ended June 30, 2011, \$2.4 million of cash was provided by continuing operating activities compared to \$0.7 million used by continuing operating activities for the same period in 2010. The \$3.1 million increase in cash flows from operating activities was primarily due to a \$2.2 million increase in net income from operations plus non-cash items and a \$0.9 million decrease in non-cash working capital requirements. The net decrease in working capital requirements was largely due to a \$3.0 million increase in cash provided by the change in accounts receivable in the 2011 six month period as compared to the 2010 six month period. Additionally, the 2011 six month change in accounts payable and accrued expenses reflects cash used of \$2.7 million while the 2010 six month period reflects cash used of \$4.7 million for a net period over period increase of \$2.0 million. These working capital changes were offset by a \$2.2 million use of cash in the first six months of 2011 for an increase in cost and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts, compared to cash provided of \$0.5 million in 2010, an increase in prepaid expenses of \$0.3 million in 2011 compared to a decrease of \$0.7 million in 2010 for a net change of \$1.1 million and a decrease in billings in excess of cost and estimated earnings of \$2.3 million in 2011 compared to a decrease of \$3.2 million in 2010. The changes in working capital elements were mainly the result of continuing weak economic activity.

Depreciation and amortization amounted to \$0.7 million in for the six months ended June 30, 2011 compared to \$0.9 million for depreciation and amortization in the same period in 2010. This decrease in depreciation and amortization was due primarily to decreased amortization of definite life intangibles from recent acquisitions which are now fully amortized and lower depreciation on property plant and equipment due to facilities closures. Our net investment in working capital (excluding cash and cash equivalents, current portion of debt and working capital from discontinued operations) at June 30, 2011 was \$17.9 million as compared to \$16.1 million at December 31, 2010. We believe that our working capital needs will remain constant unless we experience a significant increase or decrease in sales and operating income.

For the six months ended June 30, 2011, net cash used in investing activities related to capital expenditures for property and equipment were \$0.3 million compared with \$0.3 million for the same period in 2010. We are managing our capital expenditures in light of the current level of sales

For the six months ended June 30, 2011, financing activities used net cash of \$43,000 which consisted primarily of net borrowings from our bank of \$317,000 plus \$71,000 provided by option exercises, offset by cash used to repurchase common stock of \$431,000. This compares to cash provided of \$1.2 million during the same period of 2010, which is primarily related to net payment of debt and deferred financing costs.

When we undertake large jobs, our working capital objective is to make these projects self-funding. We try to achieve this by obtaining initial down payments, progress billing contracts, when possible, utilizing extended payment terms from material suppliers, and paying sub-contractors after payment from our customers, which is an industry practice. Our investment in net working capital is funded by cash flow from operations and by our revolving line of credit. Inventory remains relatively constant from quarter to quarter. Accordingly, changes in inventory do not constitute a significant part of our investment in working capital.

Based on our historical results, management s experience, our current business strategy and current cash flows, we believe that our existing cash resources will be sufficient to meet our anticipated working capital and capital expenditure requirements for at least the next 12 months. Nevertheless, if we generate insufficient cash flows from operations or are unable to draw the amounts needed from our Bank Facility to meet our short-term liquidity needs, we may borrow additional funds. Although management believes that we

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will be able to fund our operations from current resources, there is no guarantee that we will be able to do so, however, alternative sources of funding are potentially available in the form of additional term debt to be provided by our lender, which may be collateralized by our real estate and equipment, as well as subordinated debt to be provided by a related party. However, we cannot provide any assurances that such financing will be available to us on favorable terms or at all.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Form 10-Q includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements other than statements of historical fact, including statements regarding industry prospects or future results of operations or financial position made in this Form 10-Q are forward-looking. We use words such as believe, expect, anticipate, intends, estimate, should and similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are based on management s current expectations and assumptions that are subject to risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control, which may cause actual results, performance or trends to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements. Potential risks, among others, that could cause actual results to differ materially are discussed under Item 1A Risk Factors of the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010 and include, but are not limited to: our dependence on fixed price contracts and the risks associated therewith, including actual costs exceeding our estimates and our method of accounting for contract revenue; our history of losses and possibility of further losses; fluctuations in operating results from period to period due to seasonality of our business; the effect of growth on our infrastructure, resources, and existing sales; our ability to expand our operations in both new and existing markets; the potential for contract delay or cancellation; the potential for fluctuations in prices for manufactured components and raw materials; our ability to raise capital and the availability of capital resources; our ability to fully utilize and retain executives; the impact of federal, state or local government regulations; labor shortages or increases in labor costs; economic and political conditions generally; and the effect of competition in the air pollution control and industrial ventilation industry.

We caution investors that other factors might, in the future, prove to be important in affecting our results of operations. New factors emerge from time to time and it is not possible for management to predict all such factors, nor can it assess the impact of each such factor on the business or the extent to which any factor, or a combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. Investors are further cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements as they speak only to our views as of the date the statement is made. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether because of new information, future events or otherwise.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that these controls and procedures are effective as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report on Form 10-Q.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in the Company s internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2011 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company s internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings

Information with respect to legal proceedings can be found in Note 15 Commitments and Contingencies Legal Matters to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements contained in Part I, Item 1 of this report.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

- 31.1 Rule 13(a)/15d-14(a) Certification by Chief Executive Officer
- 31.2 Rule 13(a)/15d-14(a) Certification by Chief Financial Officer
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer (18 U.S. Section 1350)
- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer (18 U.S. Section 1350)
- The following financial information from CECO Environmental Corp. s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 20, 2011, formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations, (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (iv) Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CECO ENVIRONMENTAL CORP.

/s/ Dennis W. Blazer

Dennis W. Blazer

V.P. - Finance and Administration and Chief

Financial Officer

Date: August 12, 2011