QUALITY DISTRIBUTION INC Form 10-K March 31, 2005 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-K

x ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004

" TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 000-24180

Quality Distribution, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

FLORIDA

59-3239073

(State or other jurisdiction of

incorporation or organization)

3802 Corporex Park Drive

Tampa, Florida 33619

(Address of principal executive offices) (zip code)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code:

813-630-5826

SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12(b) OF THE ACT:

None

SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12(g) OF THE ACT:

Title of each class

Common Stock (no par value per share)

Name of each exchange on which registered

Nasdaq National Market

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES x NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 12b-2). Yes x No "

Aggregate market value of voting stock held by non-affiliates as of June 30, 2004 was \$92.3 million.

As of March 1, 2005, the registrant had 19,038,365 outstanding shares of Common Stock, no par value, outstanding.

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of Registrant s knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form

(IRS Employer

Identification No.)

10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. "

Documents Incorporated by Reference: Portions of the Proxy Statement for the registrant s 2005 Annual Meeting of Stockholders are incorporated by reference into Part III of this Form 10-K.

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INTRODUCTION

In this annual report, unless the context otherwise indicates, (i) the terms the Company, Quality Distribution, QDI, we, us and our refer to Quality Distribution, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries and their predecessors and (ii) the terms Quality Distribution, LLC and QD LLC refer to our wholly owned subsidiary, Quality Distribution, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, and its consolidated subsidiaries and their predecessors.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND CERTAIN CONSIDERATIONS

This report along with other documents that are publicly disseminated by us and oral statements that are made on behalf of us contain or might contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act). All statements included in this report and in any subsequent filings made by us with the SEC other than statements of historical fact, that address activities, events or developments that we or our management expect, believe or anticipate will or may occur in the future are forward-looking statements. These statements represent our reasonable judgment on the future based on various factors and using numerous assumptions and are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause our actual results and financial position to differ materially. We claim the protection of the safe harbor for forward-looking statements provided in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended and Section 21E of the Exchange Act. Examples of forward-looking statements include: (i) projections of revenue, earnings, capital structure and other financial items, (ii) statements of our plans and objectives, (iii) statements of expected future economic performance and (iv) assumptions underlying statements regarding us or our business. Forward-looking statements can be identified by, among other things, the use of forward-looking language, such as believes, expects, estimates, may, will, should, seeks, plans, intends, anticipates or scheduled to or the negatives of those terms, or other variations of those terms or comparable language, discussions of strategy or other intentions.

Forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause the actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by the statements. The forward-looking information is based on various factors and was derived using numerous assumptions. Important factors that could cause our actual results to be materially different from the forward-looking statements include the risks and other factors discussed under the section Risks Related to our Business and Risks Related to our Common Stock. These factors include:

general economic conditions,

the availability of diesel fuel,

adverse weather conditions,

competitive rate fluctuations,

our substantial leverage and restrictions contained in our debt agreements, including our credit facility and our indentures,

the cyclical nature of the transportation industry due to various economic factors such as excess capacity in the industry, the availability of qualified drivers, changes in fuel and insurance prices, interest rate fluctuations, and downturns in customers business cycles and shipping requirements,

changes in demand for our services due to the cyclical nature of our customers businesses,

our dependence on affiliates and owner-operators and our ability to attract and retain owner-operators, affiliates and company drivers,

changes in, or our inability to comply with, governmental regulations and legislative changes affecting the transportation industry,

our obligations under both historical and future environmental regulations and the increasing costs of environmental compliance,

our ability or inability to reduce our claims exposure through insurance due to changing conditions and pricing in the insurance marketplace,

with respect to the insurance irregularities at PPI, the non-approval of the settlement by the federal court and/or state court, the insurance carrier s failure to pay the agreed amount, or the settlement s termination before execution of a binding settlement agreement,

the final outcome of state regulatory investigations into the insurance irregularities and any other governmental investigations or legal proceedings initiated against us and the reaction of our lenders, investors, drivers and affiliate or owner-operators to the insurance irregularities and restatements,

the cost of complying with existing and future anti-terrorism security measures enacted by federal, state and municipal authorities, and

the potential loss of our ability to use net operating losses to offset future income due to a change of control.

In addition, there may be other factors that could cause our actual results to be materially different from the results referenced in the forward-looking statements.

All forward-looking statements contained in this Form 10-K are qualified in their entirety by this cautionary statement. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and we do not intend to update or otherwise revise the forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this Form 10-K or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

Risks Related to Our Business

Our business is subject to general economic and other factors that are largely beyond our control and could affect our operations and profitability.

Our business is dependent on various economic factors over which we have little control, such as the availability of qualified drivers, changes in fuel and insurance prices, including changes in fuel taxes, excess capacity in the trucking industry, changes in license and regulatory fees, toll increases, interest rate fluctuations, downturns in customers business cycles and the U.S. economy generally, and reduction in customers shipping requirements. As a result, we may experience periods of overcapacity, declining prices and lower profit margins in the future. Our revenues and operating income could be materially adversely affected if we are unable to pass through to our customers the full amount of increased transportation costs. We have a large number of customers in the chemical processing and consumer goods industries. If these customers experience fluctuations in their business activity due to an economic downturn, work stoppages or other factors over which we have no control, the volume of freight transported by us on behalf of those customers may decrease and our operating results could be adversely affected.

Loss of affiliates and owner-operators could affect our operations and profitability.

We rely on participants in our affiliate program and independent owner-operators. A reduction in the number of affiliates or owner-operators, whether due to capital requirements related to the expense of obtaining, operating and maintaining equipment or for other reasons, could have a negative effect on our operations and profitability. Contracts with affiliates typically are for a term ranging from one to five years, and contracts with owner-operators may be terminated by either party on short notice. Although affiliates and owner-operators are responsible for paying for their own equipment, fuel and other operating costs, significant increases in these costs could cause them to seek a higher percentage of the revenue generated if we are unable to increase our rates commensurately. In addition, a continued decline in the rates we pay to our affiliates and owner-operators could adversely affect our ability to maintain our existing affiliates and owner-operators and attract new affiliates, owner-operators and company drivers.

Increasing trucking regulations may increase costs.

As a motor carrier, we are subject to regulation by the U.S. Department of Transportation and by various state agencies. These regulatory authorities exercise broad powers, governing activities such as the authorization to engage in motor carrier operations, and regulatory safety, financial reporting and certain mergers, consolidations and acquisitions. There are additional regulations specifically relating to the trucking industry, including testing and specification of equipment and product handling requirements. The trucking industry is subject to possible regulatory and legislative changes that may affect the economics of the industry by requiring changes in operating practices or by changing the

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demand for common or contract carrier services or the cost of providing truckload services. Some of these possible changes include increasingly stringent environmental regulations, changes in the hours-of-service regulations which govern the amount of time a driver may drive in any specific period, onboard black box recorder devices, or limits on vehicle weight and size. In addition, our tank wash facilities are subject to strict local, state and federal environmental regulations.

Interstate motor carrier operations are subject to safety requirements prescribed by the Department of Transportation. To a large degree, intrastate motor carrier operations are subject to safety and hazardous material transportation regulations that mirror federal regulations. Such matters as weight and dimension of equipment are also subject to federal and state regulation. Department of Transportation regulations mandate drug testing of drivers.

From time to time, various legislative proposals are introduced, including proposals to increase federal, state, or local taxes, including taxes on motor fuels, which may increase our costs or adversely impact the recruitment of drivers. We cannot predict whether, or in what form, any increase in such taxes applicable to us will be enacted.

Increased unionization could increase our operating costs or constrain operating flexibility.

Although only approximately 6% of our driver workforce, including owner-operators and employees of affiliates, are currently subject to collective bargaining agreements, unions such as the International Brotherhood of Teamsters have traditionally been active in the U.S. trucking industry. If our unionized workers were to engage in a strike, work stoppage or other slowdown in the future, we could experience a disruption of our operations, which could have a material adverse effect on us. In addition, our non-union workforce has been subject to unionization efforts from time to time, and we could be subject to future unionization efforts as our operations expand. Increased activity by the Teamsters or other unions could increase the possibility of unionization. Increased unionization of our workforce could result in compensation and working condition demands that could increase our operating costs or constrain our operating flexibility.

Operations involving hazardous materials could create environmental liabilities.

Our activities are subject to environmental, health and safety laws and regulation by U.S. federal, state and local agencies and Canadian federal and provincial governmental authorities. Our activities involve the handling, transportation and storage of bulk chemicals, both liquid and dry, many of which are classified as hazardous materials or hazardous substances. Our tank wash and terminal operations engage in the creation, storage or discharge, and proper disposal of wastewater that may contain hazardous substances, and the control and discharge of storm-water from industrial sites. In addition, we may store diesel fuel and other petroleum products at these terminals. Environmental laws and regulations are complex and address emissions to the air, discharge onto land or water, and the generation, handling, storage, transportation, treatment and disposal of waste materials. These laws change frequently and generally require us to obtain and maintain various licenses and permits. Environmental laws have tended to become more stringent over time, and most provide for substantial fines and potential criminal sanctions for violations. Some of these laws and regulations are subject to varying and conflicting interpretations. We believe we are in substantial compliance with all applicable requirements. However, there can be no assurance that violations of such laws or regulations will not be identified or occur in the future, or that such laws and regulations will not change in a manner that could impose material costs on us.

As a handler of hazardous substances, we are potentially subject to strict, joint and several liability for investigating and rectifying the consequences of spills and other environmental releases of these substances either under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, as amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (CERCLA), the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (RCRA), the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986, and comparable state and Canadian laws. From time to time, we have incurred remedial costs and regulatory penalties with respect to chemical or wastewater spills and releases at our facilities or over the road, and, notwithstanding the existence of our environmental management program, we cannot assure you that such obligations will not be incurred in the future, nor predict with certainty the extent of future liabilities and costs under environmental, health, and safety laws, nor that such liabilities will not result in a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations or our business reputation.

In addition, we may face liability for alleged personal injury or property damage due to exposure to chemicals and other hazardous substances at our facilities or as the result of accidents and spills. Although these types of claims have not historically had a material impact on our operations, a significant increase in these claims could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, operating results or cash flow.

As a result of environmental studies conducted at our facilities or at third party sites, in conjunction with our environmental management program, we have identified environmental contamination at certain sites that will require remediation.

We are currently responsible for remediating and investigating five properties under federal and state Superfund programs where we are the only responsible party. Each of these five remediation projects relates to operations conducted by Chemical Leaman Corporation (CLC) prior to our acquisition of and merger with CLC in 1998. We have also been named as a potentially responsible party, or have otherwise been alleged to have responsibility, under CERCLA or similar state laws for cleaning up off-site locations where our waste, or material transported by us, has allegedly been disposed of. We are currently investigating, remediating, or are subject to potential financial obligations at approximately 19 such waste disposal sites where we are one of several potentially responsible parties. We have incurred in the past and expect to continue to incur material expenses for the foreseeable future on environmental matters. We have from time to time received notices with respect to other sites. As of December 31, 2004, we had reserves in the amount of \$25.6 million accrued for our environmental liabilities, including remediation costs. Our current reserve provides for an estimate of all known liabilities that are probable and estimable; however, such estimate may change as facts and circumstances develop.

We are self-insured and have exposure to certain claims and the costs of our insurance may not be adequately passed on to our customers.

The primary risks associated with our business are bodily injury and property damage, workers compensation claims and cargo loss and damage. We currently maintain liability insurance against (1) bodily injury and property damage claims, covering all employees, owner-operators and affiliates, and (2) workers compensation insurance coverage on our employees and company drivers. This insurance includes deductibles of \$5.0 million per incident for bodily injury and property damage and a \$1.0 million deductible for workers compensation. As such, we are subject to liability as a self-insurer to the extent of these deductibles under the applicable policy. The high deductible per incident could adversely affect our profitability. We are self-insured for damage to the equipment that we own and lease, for cargo losses, and for non-trucking pollution legal liability and such self-insurance is not subject to a deductible limit for such affiliates of \$10,000 or \$15,000 per incident, and (b) cargo loss and damage, subject to a deductible limit for such affiliates of \$5,000 or \$7,500 per incident.

We are subject to changing conditions and pricing in the insurance marketplace and we cannot assure you that the cost or availability of various types of insurance may not change dramatically in the future. To the extent these costs cannot be passed on to our customers in increased freight rates, increases in insurance costs could reduce our future profitability.

The loss of one or more significant customers may adversely affect our business.

We are dependent upon a limited number of large customers. Our top ten customers accounted for approximately 28.8% of our total revenues during 2004. In particular, our largest customer, The Dow Chemical Company, accounted for 10.2% of our total revenues during 2004. The loss of The Dow Chemical Company or one or more of our other major customers, or a material reduction in services performed for such customers, would have a material adverse effect on our results of operations.

Our business may be harmed by terrorist attacks, future war or anti-terrorism measures.

In the aftermath of the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001, federal, state and municipal authorities have implemented and are implementing various security measures, including checkpoints, travel restrictions on large trucks and fingerprinting of drivers in connection with new hazardous materials endorsements on their licenses. Such existing measures and future measures may have significant costs associated with them which a motor carrier is forced to bear. Moreover, large trucks carrying toxic chemicals are a potential terrorist target, and we will be obligated to take measures, including possible capital expenditures, to harden our trucks. A decline in economic activity could adversely affect our revenues or restrict our future growth. Instability in the financial markets as a result of terrorism or war could also affect our ability to raise capital. In addition, the insurance premiums charged for some or all of the coverages currently maintained by us could increase dramatically or such coverages could be unavailable in the future.

Loss of qualified personnel could limit our growth and negatively affect operations.

There is substantial competition for qualified personnel, including drivers, in the trucking industry. Furthermore, certain geographic areas have a greater shortage of qualified drivers than other areas. We operate in many of these geographic areas where there is a shortage of drivers and have turned down new business opportunities as a result of the lack of qualified new drivers. Difficulty in attracting qualified personnel, particularly qualified drivers, could require us to limit our growth and could have a negative impact on our operations. In addition, we cannot assure you that

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we will be able to retain qualified personnel in the future.

We depend on members of our senior management.

We believe that our ability to successfully implement our business strategy and to operate profitably depends in large part on the continued employment of our senior management team led by Thomas L. Finkbiner. If Mr. Finkbiner or the other members of senior management become unable or unwilling to continue in their present positions, our business or financial results could be adversely affected.

Litigation in connection with irregularities at Power Purchasing, Inc. (PPI) may adversely affect our results of operations and financial position.

As disclosed in more detail under Item 3 Legal Proceedings, two putative class action lawsuits are pending against us, both of which contain allegations that stem from our previously announced discovery of irregularities at PPI. The plaintiffs in those putative classes are alleged holders of our common stock and allege that we violated various federal securities laws. As described in more detail under Item 3 Legal Proceedings, we have signed Memoranda of

Understanding to settle these actions but the settlements remain contingent on several factors and there can be no guarantee they will become final. In addition to these lawsuits, we are also subject to the risk that claims may be brought by PPI s customers whose insurance policies were not renewed but from whom PPI collected insurance premiums. Moreover, new information and additional issues may come to our attention or the attention of our outside advisors in connection with the irregularities at PPI. The final outcome of these legal proceedings and any future legal proceedings initiated against us has not been determined and could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial position. See Item 3 Legal Proceedings.

Governmental investigations in connection with irregularities at PPI may adversely affect our results of operations and profitability.

The SEC and state government regulators are conducting informal inquiries into the PPI irregularities. While no formal regulatory or governmental investigation into the PPI irregularities has been initiated, it is possible that state and federal regulatory or governmental authorities could begin such formal investigations. The final outcome of the informal inquiries or any formal investigation that may be initiated (by the SEC or other regulatory or governmental authority) is impossible to determine at this time and could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial position. See Item 3 Legal Proceedings.

Our management liability and company reimbursement insurance policies may not be sufficient to cover damages that may result from litigation in connection with irregularities at PPI.

We carry management liability and company reimbursement insurance policies for the relevant period, which provide for aggregate coverage of \$20 million, and have notified our insurance carriers of the lawsuits relating to these irregularities at PPI. As described in more detail under Item 3 Legal Proceedings, we have signed Memoranda of Understanding to settle these actions but the settlements remain contingent on several factors and there can be no guarantee they will become final. In the event that the settlements do not become final, even if our insurance carriers cover liabilities arising out of PPI, the actual damages sought may exceed any applicable policies coverage limits. A final outcome cannot be determined at this time and could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial position. See Item 3 Legal Proceedings.

Risks Related to our Common Stock

We have a single shareholder who can substantially influence the outcome of all matters voted upon by our shareholders and prevent actions which a shareholder may otherwise view favorably.

At March 1, 2005, the Apollo and its affiliated funds owned approximately 54.6% of our outstanding common stock. As a result, Apollo can and will be able to influence substantially all matters requiring shareholder approval, including the election of directors, the approval of significant corporate transactions, such as acquisitions, the ability to block an unsolicited tender offer and any other matter requiring a supermajority vote of shareholders. This concentration of ownership could delay, defer or prevent a change in control of our company or impede a merger, consolidation, takeover or other business combination which a shareholder, may otherwise view favorably.

Our ability to issue blank check preferred stock and Florida law may prevent a change in control of our Company that a shareholder may consider favorable.

Provisions of our articles of incorporation and Florida law may discourage, delay or prevent a change in control of our company that a shareholder may consider favorable. These provisions include:

authorization of the issuance of blank check preferred stock that could be issued by our Board of Directors to increase the number of outstanding shares in order to thwart a takeover attempt;

elimination of the voting rights of shareholders with respect to shares that are acquired without prior board approval that would otherwise entitle such shareholder to exercise certain amounts of voting power in the election of directors; and

prohibition on business combinations with interested stockholders unless particular conditions are met.

As a result, these provisions could limit the price that investors are willing to pay in the future for shares of our common stock.

Future sales of our common stock in the public market may depress our stock price.

The market price of our common stock could decline as a result of sales by our existing shareholders of a large number of shares of our common stock. These sales might also make it more difficult for us to sell additional equity securities at a time and price that we deem appropriate. As at March 1, 2005, there are approximately 19,038,365 shares of common stock outstanding. Approximately 11,012,311 shares of common stock are either restricted securities or affiliate securities as defined in Rule 144 under the Securities Act of 1933. These restricted securities may be sold in the future without registration to the extent permitted under Rule 144. In addition, shareholders holding approximately 10,684,448 outstanding shares of these restricted securities have registration rights, which could allow those holders to sell their shares freely through a registration statement filed under the Securities Act.

In addition, we have 3,277,316 shares of common stock reserved for issuance under our stock option and restricted stock plans, of which options to purchase 2,451,035 shares were outstanding as of December 31, 2004. In addition, 124,859 shares of restricted stock have been issued as of December 31, 2004 under the restricted stock plan, which shares are included in shares of common stock outstanding. We intend to file a registration statement on Form S-8 to register all of the shares of common stock issuable under our stock option and restricted stock plans.

We currently do not intend to pay dividends on our common stock.

We do not expect to pay dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future. In addition, the agreements governing our indebtedness restrict our ability to pay dividends. Accordingly, the price of our common stock must appreciate in order to realize a gain on your investment. This may not occur.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AVAILABLE ON COMPANY WEB-SITE

Our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports may be viewed or downloaded electronically or as paper copies from our website: *http://www.qualitydistribution.com* as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such material with, or furnish it to, the SEC. Our recent press releases are also available to be viewed or downloaded electronically at *http://www.qualitydistribution.com*. We will also provide electronic or paper copies of our SEC filings free of charge on request. Any information on or linked from our website is not incorporated by reference into this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

PART I

ITEM 1. BUSINESS

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Overview

We operate the largest dedicated bulk tank truck network in North America based on bulk service revenues, and we believe we have more than twice the revenue of our closest competitor in our primary chemical bulk transport market in the U.S. The bulk tank truck market in North America includes all items shipped by bulk tank truck carriers and consists primarily of the shipping of chemicals, gasoline and food-grade products. We transport a broad range of chemical products and provide our customers with value-added services, including intermodal, transloading, tank cleaning, dry-bulk hauling, leasing and other logistics services. We extensively utilize third-party affiliate terminals and owner-operator drivers in our core bulk service network. Our light-asset based operations enable us to minimize our capital investments and increase the flexibility of our cost structure, while providing superior localized customer service. We are a core carrier for many of the Fortune 500 companies engaged in chemical processing, including the Dow Chemical Company, Procter & Gamble Company, E.I. Dupont, and PPG Industries, and we provide services to most of the top 100 chemical producers in the world with U.S. operations. We expect to grow as our customers continue to outsource more of their logistics needs to full-service carriers. As a result of our leading market position, flexible business model and decentralized operating structure, we believe we are well positioned to benefit from current industry trends.

Our Industry

We estimate, based on industry sources, that the for-hire North American bulk tank truck industry generated revenues of approximately \$4.8 billion in 2003. We estimate that our primary chemical bulk transport market consists of a greater than \$2.5 billion for-hire segment. We have achieved a leading market share of approximately 20%. Our competition in the for-hire segment includes more than 200 smaller, primarily regional carriers. In addition to the for-hire segment, we also compete for the private fleet segment of the market, which we estimate is an approximately \$2.3 billion market, by targeting private fleet operators who would benefit from outsourcing their transportation needs to us. Because we operate the largest dedicated bulk tank truck network in North America, we believe we are well-positioned to expand our business by converting private fleets.

Industry growth is generally dependent on volume growth in the industrial chemical industry and on the rate at which chemical companies outsource their transportation needs. As competitive pressures force chemical companies to reduce costs and focus on their core businesses, we believe that chemical companies will continue to consolidate their shipping relationships and seek to outsource a greater portion of their transportation and logistics needs. We believe that large, national full-service carriers will benefit from this outsourcing trend and will be able to grow faster than the overall bulk tank truck industry.

Our industry is characterized by high barriers to entry such as (i) the time and cost required to develop the capabilities necessary to handle sensitive chemical cargo, (ii) the resources required to recruit and train drivers, (iii) substantial industry regulatory requirements, and (iv) the significant capital investments required to build a fleet of equipment and establish a network of terminals. In addition, the industry continues to experience consolidation due to economic and competitive pressures, increasing operating costs for driver recruitment and insurance, and increasing capital investments. As the cost and complexity of operating a bulk tank truck business increase and smaller competitors continue to exit the industry, we believe that large, well established carriers will increase market share and grow faster than the overall industry.

Development of Our Company

Our company was formed in 1994 as a holding company known as MTL, Inc. and consummated its initial public offering on June 17, 1994. On June 9, 1998, MTL, Inc. was recapitalized through a merger with a corporation controlled by Apollo Investment Fund III, L.P. As a result of the recapitalization, MTL, Inc. became a private company. On August 28, 1998, we completed our acquisition of Chemical Leaman Corporation and its subsidiaries (CLC). Through the 1998 acquisition, we combined two of the then leading bulk transportation service providers, namely, Montgomery Tank Lines, Inc. and Chemical Leaman Tank Lines, Inc., under one operating company, Quality Carriers, Inc. (QCI). In 1999, we changed our name from MTL, Inc. to Quality Distribution, Inc. On November 13, 2003, we consummated the initial public offering of 7,875,000 shares of our common stock, no par value.

As of March 1, 2005, investment funds related to Apollo Management, L.P. (Apollo) owned approximately 54.6% of our common stock, and approximately 48.4% on a fully diluted basis after giving effect to stock options and warrants.

Services Provided

Bulk Transportation Service

We are primarily engaged in the business of bulk transportation of liquid and dry chemical products. Business services are provided through company-owned and affiliate terminals. As of March 1, 2005, 74 of 172 locations were company operations and the remaining locations were affiliate operations. We rely heavily on owner-operators to fulfill driver and tractor needs at both company and affiliate terminals. We believe the combination of the affiliate program and the emphasis on the use of owner-operators results in an efficient and flexible operating structure that provides superior customer service. We do not expect any substantial changes to the number or mix of locations in the immediate future.

Affiliate Program

Affiliates are established and maintained by their owners as independent companies with individualized, parochial profit incentives designed to stimulate and preserve the entrepreneurial motivation common to small business owners. Each affiliate enters into a comprehensive contract with QCI pursuant to which the affiliate is required to operate its bulk tank truck enterprise exclusively for and on behalf of QCI, subject to limited exceptions. Each affiliate is supported by our corporate staff and is linked via computer to central management information systems located at our Tampa, Florida headquarters. In connection with our strategy of converting company-owned terminals to affiliate status, candidates are ordinarily selected from QCI s management/employee pool, thereby jump-starting the new business opportunity with an experienced, savvy owner/manager, significantly reducing ramp-up time, while simultaneously improving the chances for both operating and financial success.

Affiliates gain multiple benefits from their relationship with QCI, such as improved equipment utilization through access to our network of operating terminals, access to our broad national and local customer relationships, national driver recruitment, standardized safety training (for drivers, tankwashers and mechanics) and expanded marketing and sales resources, combined with sophisticated marketplace/competitive research. Affiliates gain further value from QCI s management information systems which provide essential operating and financial reports, while simplifying daily operating situations with system-wide technology support (TMW Systems, Incorporated (TMW) dispatch/billing platforms and Qualcomm en-route electronic linkage with each vehicle). Affiliates also derive significant financial benefit through our purchasing leverage on items such as insurance coverage, tractors, fuel and tires.

Affiliates predominantly operate under the marketing identity of QCI and typically receive a percentage of gross revenues from each shipment they transport. Affiliates are responsible for their own operating expenses, such as fuel, licenses and worker s compensation insurance. We pay affiliates each week on the basis of completed billings to customers from the previous week. Our weekly settlement program deducts any amounts advanced to affiliates (and their individual drivers) for fuel, insurance, loans or other miscellaneous operating expenses, including rental charges for QCI s tank trailers. We reimburse affiliates for certain expenses billed back to customers, including fuel, tolls and scaling charges.

Our contracts with affiliates typically carry a term ranging from one to five years and thereafter renew on an annual basis, unless terminated by either party. Affiliate contracts uniformly contain restrictive covenants prohibiting the affiliate from competing directly with QCI for a period of one year following termination of the contract. In addition, affiliates are required to meet all QCI standard operating procedures as well as being required to submit regular financial statements.

Affiliates engage and/or employ their own drivers and personnel. All affiliate personnel must meet QCI s operating standards/requirements.

Affiliates are required to pay for and provide evidence of their own workers compensation coverage, which must meet both company-established and statutory coverage levels. Affiliates are provided, as part of their contract, property damage and general liability insurance, subject to certain deductibles per incident. Expenses exceeding the prescribed deductible limits of the affiliate are the responsibility of QCI or its insurer. For an additional fee, our subsidiary, Power Purchasing Inc. (PPI), through a three-year outsourcing agreement with an unaffiliated insurance brokerage company, makes available additional insurance to affiliates for physical damage coverage, operating a tractor without a trailer, health care, and life insurance. In return, PPI receives a percentage of certain commissions, underwriting profits, administrative and other deferred revenues related to these outsourced insurance-related services.

Drivers and Owner-Operators

At March 28, 2005, we utilized 3,195 drivers. Of this total, 1,717 were owner-operators, 1,185 were affiliate company drivers, and 293 were company drivers. We do not expect any substantial changes to the number or mix of personnel in the future.

Owner-Operators

QCI terminals and affiliates extensively utilize owner-operators. Owner-operators are independent contractors who, through an exclusive contract with QCI, supply one or more tractors and drivers for QCI or affiliate use. QCI retains owner-operators under contracts generally terminable by either party upon short notice.

In exchange for the services rendered, owner-operators are normally paid a fixed percentage of the revenues generated for each load hauled or on a per-mile rate. The owner-operator pays all tractor operating expenses such as fuel, physical damage insurance, tractor maintenance, fuel taxes and highway use taxes. However, we reimburse owner-operators for certain expenses passed through to our customers, such as fuel surcharges, tolls and scaling charges. QCI attempts to enhance the profitability of our owner-operators through purchasing programs offered by us directly or indirectly through outsourcing arrangements that take advantage of our significant purchasing power. These programs cover such operating expenses as tractors, fuel, tires, occupational accident insurance and physical damage insurance.

Owner-operators utilized by QCI or an affiliate must meet specified guidelines for driving experience, safety record, tank truck experience, and health in accordance with U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) regulations. We emphasize safety to our independent contractors and their drivers and maintain driver safety programs including inspections, safety awards, terminal safety meetings and stringent driver qualifications.

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Driver Recruitment and Retention

QCI and its affiliates dedicate significant resources to recruiting and retaining owner-operators and our own company drivers. Company drivers and owner-operators are hired in accordance with specific guidelines regarding safety records, driving experience and a personal evaluation by our staff. We employ only qualified drivers who meet our standards. These drivers are required to attend a rigorous training program conducted at one of our six safety schools.

Driver recruitment and retention is a primary focus for all operations personnel. We use many of the traditional methods of driver recruitment as well as using many newer methods of driver recruitment, including the use of the Internet. QCI also has a centralized recruiting department at our Tampa corporate office.

Other Personnel

At March 28, 2005, we employed 429 support personnel, including 247 employed at our corporate office in Tampa, Florida. Our field operations comprise 690 employees, including 46 mechanics, 170 tank cleaners and 182 other support, clerical and administrative personnel. We do not expect any substantial changes to the number or mix of personnel in the future.

Where appropriate, the field management is responsible for hiring mechanics, customer service staff, and tank wash personnel. We provide our employees with health, dental, vision, life, and other insurance coverages subject to certain premium-sharing and deductible provisions. Some of these and other insurance programs are available to affiliates and owner-operators for a fee.

Union Labor

At March 28, 2005, we had 212 employees (94 drivers) in trucking, maintenance, or cleaning facilities and approximately 134 employees of three affiliate terminals who were members of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters. We do not expect any substantial changes to the number or mix of personnel in the future.

Customer Service, Quality Assurance and Billing

Our Quality Assurance Program is designed to produce superior customer service through the development and implementation throughout our organization of Standardized Operating Procedures. The procedures provide guidance in such areas as marketing, contracts, dispatch and terminal operations, driver hiring, safety and training, trailer operations, tractor operations, administrative functions, payroll, settlements, insurance, data processing, and fuel tax administration. We also have an Internal Audit department that helps monitor and ensure compliance with company policies and procedures.

We have also implemented a Quality Corrective Action procedure to identify, document and correct safety and service non-conformance. This procedure collects non-conformance data so that all levels of the organization can better understand where processes break down causing a non-conformance. This information is also reported back to many of our customers in the form of monthly service reports. Service reporting is required by an increasing number of chemical shippers.

Technology

We operate a system for dispatching trucks, that enhances our ability to track our drivers, tractors, trailers and manage the business at a tactical level. The software handles order entry, resource planning, dispatch and communications, through Qualcomm OmniTRACS[®] integration and auto-rating of invoices. We also operate TMW for resource tracking, Qualcomm OmniTRACS[®] for communications and equipment location updates, document imaging at all locations and the incorporation of all of this data into our website at *http://www.qualitydistribution.com*. These systems add to the productivity of our employees and equipment, which we believe results in improved value to our customers.

Approximately 85% of our non-local, non-flammable tractor fleet, is equipped with the Qualcomm OmniTRACS[®] mobile satellite communications system, which helps to track load status, optimize the use of drivers and equipment and respond to emergency situations.

Leasing

We lease tractors and trailers to affiliates and other third parties, including shippers. Tractor lease terms range from 6 to 60 months and may include a purchase option. Trailer lease terms range from 1 to 84 months and do not include a purchase option. We have the largest stainless steel trailer fleet in North America and derive a portion of our income from leasing these units to customers and affiliates.

Tank Wash Operations

To maximize equipment utilization and efficiency we rely on 31 tank wash facilities owned and operated by our subsidiary, Quala Systems, Inc. (QSI), 2 tank wash facilities owned and operated by Transplastics, a division of our subsidiary, QCI, and 16 affiliate-owned tank wash facilities located throughout our operating network. These facilities allow us to generate additional tank washing fees from non-affiliated carriers and shippers. Management believes that the availability of these facilities enables us to provide an integrated service package to our customers and minimize the risk of cost escalation associated with reliance on third party tank wash vendors.

Intermodal and Transloading

In support of our liquid and dry bulk truck operations, we offer our customers supplementary services in the areas of import/export container drayage to and from major port operations, domestic intermodal door-to-door service, and railcar to truck transloading services.

In order to take advantage of the ever-changing balance of global chemical industry trade, QCI has developed the capability to operate inland trucking services for the transportation of liquid bulk containers on special chasses. Domestic intermodal operation is accomplished through the use of our drivers at both the origin and destination facilities, loading and unloading the product, while the linehaul portion of the trip is performed on rail intermodal train service. This allows shippers to combine a consistent service with an economical way to serve long-haul markets. Railcar to truck transloading service is another niche product that can provide the customer a cost-effective supply chain alternative for prepositioned inventory and serve end-customers that are not served by any railroad.

Owner-Operator and Affiliate Services

Through a three-year outsourcing agreement between an unaffiliated insurance brokerage company and our subsidiary, PPI, we offer insurance products and other services both to our affiliates and to our owner-operators at favorable prices. In return, PPI receives a percentage of certain commissions, underwriting profits, administrative and other deferred revenues related to these outsourced insurance-related services. By offering purchasing programs to our affiliates and to our owner-operators that take advantage of our significant purchasing power for products and services such as fuel, tractors, and tires as well as physical damage, occupational, accidental and workers compensation insurance, we believe we strengthen our relationship with our owner-operators and improve driver recruitment.

Load Brokerage Services

We provide load brokerage services to enhance our ability to handle our customers requirements. To the extent that we do not have the equipment necessary to service a particular shipment, we will broker the load to another carrier, thereby meeting the customer s shipping needs and generating additional revenues for us. Through our relationship with over sixty independent bulk carriers, we can assure timely response to customer needs.

Tractors and Trailers

As of December 31, 2004, we managed a fleet of approximately 3,500 trucks and 8,000 tank trailers. The majority of our tanks are single compartment, chemical-hauling trailers. The balance of the fleet is made up of multi-compartment trailers, dry bulk trailers, and special use equipment. The chemical transport units typically have a capacity between 5,000 to 7,000 gallons and are designed to meet DOT specifications for transporting hazardous materials. Each trailer is designed for a useful service life of 15 to 20 years, though this can be extended through upgrades and modifications.

We acquire new tractors for an initial utilization period of five years. The useful life of a tractor may be extended if restoration or an overhaul is performed. As of December 31, 2004, we operated 3,550 tractors of which 714 were owned by us, 1,243 were operated by affiliate drivers, and 1,593 were operated by owner-operators.

Many of our terminals and our affiliate terminals provide preventative maintenance and receive computer-generated reports that indicate when inspection and servicing of units are required. Our maintenance facilities are registered with the DOT and are qualified to perform trailer inspections and repairs for our fleet and equipment owned by third parties. We also rely on unaffiliated repair shops for many major repairs.

The following table shows the age of trailers and tractors we managed as of December 31, 2004. All numbers are approximated as of such date:

						GREATER	
	LESS THAN	3~5	6 ~ 10	11 ~ 15	16 ~ 20	THAN	
TRAILERS (1,2)	3 YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	20 YEARS	TOTAL
		1.60	4 500	=0.4	1 (00		T (0)
Company	1	168	1,738	784	1,690	1,313	5,694
Company held-for-sale	3	1 (7	35	62	140	414	654
Affiliate	67	167	500	192	168	289	1,383
Owner Operator	24	()	3	2	2	4	11
Shipper Owned	24	64	41	52	54	54	289
Total	95	399	2,317	1,092	2,054	2,074	8,031
						GREATER	
	LESS THAN		6 ~ 10	11 ~ 15	16 ~ 20	GREATER THAN	
		3~5				THAN	
TRACTORS (1)	LESS THAN 3 YEARS	3 ~ 5 YEARS	6 ~ 10 YEARS	11 ~ 15 YEARS	16 ~ 20 YEARS		TOTAL
TRACTORS (1)						THAN	TOTAL
						THAN	<u>TOTAL</u> 714
TRACTORS (1) Company Affiliate	3 YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	YEARS	THAN 20 YEARS	
Company Affiliate	3 YEARS 132	YEARS 274	YEARS 247	YEARS 42	YEARS 13	THAN 20 YEARS 6	714 1,243
Company	3 YEARS 132 289	YEARS 274 480	YEARS 247 379	YEARS 42 80	YEARS 13 13	THAN 20 YEARS 6 2	714

(1) Age based upon original date of manufacture; tractor/trailer may be substantially refurbished or re-manufactured.

(2) During the fourth quarter, we conducted a review of our fleet requirements. As a result of that review, we have determined that there are a group of trailers which are in excess of our needs and which have been classified as held-for-sale. We believe the sale of such trailers will generate cash. We incurred a non-cash, pre-tax charge for impairment under the held-for-sale model, of approximately \$2.5 million during the fourth quarter of 2004 and a \$0.4 million impairment in the fourth quarter of 2004 for trailers not being utilized in our Mexican operations.

MARKETING

We conduct our marketing activities at both the national and local levels. We employ geographically dispersed sales managers who market our services primarily to national accounts. These sales managers have extensive experience in marketing specialized tank truck transportation services. The corporate sales staff also concentrates on developing dedicated logistics opportunities. Our senior management is actively involved in the marketing process, especially in marketing to national accounts. In addition, significant portions of our marketing activities are conducted locally by our terminal managers and dispatche