

EVEREST RE GROUP LTD
Form 10-Q
November 09, 2012

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE
QUARTERLY
PERIOD ENDED:
September 30, 2012

Commission file
number:
1-15731

EVEREST RE GROUP, LTD.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Bermuda
(State or other
jurisdiction of
incorporation or
organization)

98-0365432
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

Wessex House – 2nd Floor
45 Reid Street
PO Box HM 845
Hamilton HM DX, Bermuda
441-295-0006

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code,
of registrant's principal executive office)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

YES X NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

YES X NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

X

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Large
accelerated filer

Accelerated
filer

Non-accelerated
filer

Smaller
reporting
company

(Do not check if smaller
reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

YES NO X

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class	Number of Shares Outstanding At November 1, 2012
Common Shares, \$0.01 par value	51,709,157

EVEREST RE GROUP, LTD

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PART I

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

EVEREST RE GROUP, LTD.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	September 30, 2012 (unaudited)	December 31, 2011
(Dollars and share amounts in thousands, except par value per share)		
ASSETS:		
Fixed maturities - available for sale, at market value (amortized cost: 2012, \$12,100,746; 2011, \$11,731,173)	\$ 12,846,495	\$ 12,293,524
Fixed maturities - available for sale, at fair value	52,217	113,606
Equity securities - available for sale, at market value (cost: 2012, \$265,563; 2011, \$463,620)	279,375	448,930
Equity securities - available for sale, at fair value	1,301,522	1,249,106
Short-term investments	973,560	685,332
Other invested assets (cost: 2012, \$602,230; 2011, \$558,232)	602,230	558,232
Cash	478,558	448,651
Total investments and cash	16,533,957	15,797,381
Accrued investment income	128,619	130,193
Premiums receivable	1,204,867	1,077,548
Reinsurance receivables	642,612	580,339
Funds held by reinsureds	224,344	267,295
Deferred acquisition costs	296,410	378,026
Prepaid reinsurance premiums	106,869	85,409
Deferred tax asset	260,809	332,783
Income taxes recoverable	20,378	41,623
Other assets	248,608	202,958
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 19,667,473	\$ 18,893,555
LIABILITIES:		
Reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses	\$ 9,847,174	\$ 10,123,215
Future policy benefit reserve	65,734	67,187
Unearned premium reserve	1,370,099	1,412,778
Funds held under reinsurance treaties	2,659	2,528
Commission reserves	51,453	55,103
Other net payable to reinsurers	228,641	60,775
5.4% Senior notes due 10/15/2014	249,894	249,858
6.6% Long term notes due 5/1/2067	238,356	238,354
Junior subordinated debt securities payable	329,897	329,897
Accrued interest on debt and borrowings	12,092	4,781
Equity index put option liability	79,148	69,729
Unsettled securities payable	105,869	8,793
Other liabilities	301,085	199,182
Total liabilities	12,882,101	12,822,180

Commitments and contingencies (Note 8)

SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:

Preferred shares, par value: \$0.01; 50,000 shares authorized;

no shares issued and outstanding

-

-

Common shares, par value: \$0.01; 200,000 shares authorized; (2012) 67,024

and (2011) 66,455 outstanding before treasury shares

670

665

Additional paid-in capital

1,935,677

1,892,988

Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of deferred income tax expense

(benefit) of \$136,906 at 2012 and \$112,969 at 2011

593,796

366,978

Treasury shares, at cost; 15,316 shares (2012) and 12,719 shares (2011)

(1,323,995)

(1,073,970)

Retained earnings

5,579,224

4,884,714

Total shareholders' equity

6,785,372

6,071,375

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

\$ 19,667,473

\$ 18,893,555

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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EVEREST RE GROUP, LTD.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2012	2011 (unaudited)	2012	2011 (unaudited)
REVENUES:				
Premiums earned	\$1,009,454	\$1,044,338	\$3,045,232	\$3,095,619
Net investment income	152,024	156,465	453,791	493,788
Net realized capital gains (losses):				
Other-than-temporary impairments on fixed maturity securities	(3,548)	(1,050)	(9,902)	(15,817)
Other-than-temporary impairments on fixed maturity securities transferred to other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-
Other net realized capital gains (losses)	66,291	(136,621)	154,784	(114,543)
Total net realized capital gains (losses)	62,743	(137,671)	144,882	(130,360)
Net derivative gain (loss)	703	(23,427)	(9,420)	(19,273)
Other income (expense)	(5,943)	(14,911)	15,675	(31,744)
Total revenues	1,218,981	1,024,794	3,650,160	3,408,030
CLAIMS AND EXPENSES:				
Incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses	603,654	720,711	1,813,990	2,706,276
Commission, brokerage, taxes and fees	221,082	227,969	724,374	701,800
Other underwriting expenses	55,762	49,437	153,932	140,290
Corporate expenses	5,947	4,204	16,683	11,922
Interest, fees and bond issue cost amortization expense	13,331	13,085	39,753	39,199
Total claims and expenses	899,776	1,015,406	2,748,732	3,599,487
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TAXES	319,205	9,388	901,428	(191,457)
Income tax expense (benefit)	68,283	(53,666)	131,251	(69,929)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$250,922	\$63,054	\$770,177	\$(121,528)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax :				
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) ("URA(D)") on securities arising during the period	116,694	(14,536)	202,229	53,141
Less: reclassification adjustment for realized losses (gains) included in net income (loss)	1,512	(20,420)	(5,702)	(949)
Total URA(D) on securities arising during the period	118,206	(34,956)	196,527	52,192
Foreign currency translation adjustments	36,252	(23,247)	27,125	16,258
Pension adjustments	1,199	746	3,166	2,238
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	155,657	(57,457)	226,818	70,688
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	\$406,579	\$5,597	\$996,995	\$(50,840)
EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE:				

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Basic	\$4.84	\$1.16	\$14.66	\$(2.24)
Diluted	4.82	1.16	14.61	(2.24)
Dividends declared	0.48	0.48	1.44	1.44

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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EVEREST RE GROUP, LTD.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF
CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Dollars in thousands, except share and dividends per share amounts)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2012	2011 (unaudited)	2012	2011 (unaudited)
COMMON SHARES (shares outstanding):				
Balance, beginning of period	51,857,047	54,346,216	53,735,551	54,428,168
Issued during the period, net	79,990	39,446	569,872	385,532
Treasury shares acquired	(229,100)	(597,006)	(2,597,486)	(1,025,044)
Balance, end of period	51,707,937	53,788,656	51,707,937	53,788,656
COMMON SHARES (par value):				
Balance, beginning of period	\$669	\$664	\$665	\$660
Issued during the period, net	1	-	5	4
Balance, end of period	670	664	670	664
ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL:				
Balance, beginning of period	1,924,313	1,878,242	1,892,988	1,863,031
Share-based compensation plans	11,364	6,250	42,689	21,461
Balance, end of period	1,935,677	1,884,492	1,935,677	1,884,492
ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS),				
NET OF DEFERRED INCOME TAXES:				
Balance, beginning of period	438,139	460,403	366,978	332,258
Net increase (decrease) during the period	155,657	(57,457)	226,818	70,688
Balance, end of period	593,796	402,946	593,796	402,946
RETAINED EARNINGS:				
Balance, beginning of period	5,353,199	4,832,340	4,884,714	5,069,048
Net income (loss)	250,922	63,054	770,177	(121,528)
Dividends declared (\$0.48 per quarter and \$1.44 year-to-date per share in 2012 and 2011)	(24,897)	(25,936)	(75,667)	(78,062)
Balance, end of period	5,579,224	4,869,458	5,579,224	4,869,458
TREASURY SHARES AT COST:				
Balance, beginning of period	(1,298,969)	(1,019,091)	(1,073,970)	(981,480)
Purchase of treasury shares	(25,026)	(46,628)	(250,025)	(84,239)
Balance, end of period	(1,323,995)	(1,065,719)	(1,323,995)	(1,065,719)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY, END OF PERIOD	\$6,785,372	\$6,091,841	\$6,785,372	\$6,091,841

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2012	2011 (unaudited)	2012	2011 (unaudited)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net income (loss)	\$ 250,922	\$ 63,054	\$ 770,177	\$ (121,528)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Decrease (increase) in premiums receivable	(227,333)	(6,371)	(119,923)	(159,868)
Decrease (increase) in funds held by reinsureds, net	37,682	(22,036)	46,089	17,452
Decrease (increase) in reinsurance receivables	(22,945)	89,855	(35,972)	107,610
Decrease (increase) in current income taxes	19,927	14,638	21,386	7,205
Decrease (increase) in deferred tax asset	14,935	(75,216)	48,896	(73,558)
Decrease (increase) in prepaid reinsurance premiums	(27,524)	10,126	(18,401)	49,472
Increase (decrease) in reserve for losses and loss adjustment expenses	(138,310)	(115,014)	(405,540)	578,371
Increase (decrease) in future policy benefit reserve	(535)	(638)	(1,454)	(1,032)
Increase (decrease) in unearned premiums	121,344	34,686	(52,225)	(79,001)
Increase (decrease) in other net payable to reinsurers	138,239	13,645	165,142	(15,938)
Change in equity adjustments in limited partnerships	(18,274)	(16,439)	(46,766)	(67,053)
Change in other assets and liabilities, net	65,247	65,828	184,250	126,791
Non-cash compensation expense	9,452	5,295	22,826	12,953
Amortization of bond premium (accrual of bond discount)	14,829	8,814	45,795	34,384
Amortization of underwriting discount on senior notes	13	12	38	36
Net realized capital (gains) losses	(62,743)	137,671	(144,882)	130,360
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	174,926	207,910	479,436	546,656
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from fixed maturities matured/called - available for sale, at	503,303	537,715	1,294,896	1,348,380

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market value

Proceeds from fixed maturities matured/called - available for sale, at fair value	1,300	-	1,300	12,775
Proceeds from fixed maturities sold - available for sale, at market value	217,983	487,973	639,301	1,355,653
Proceeds from fixed maturities sold - available for sale, at fair value	11,783	12,512	72,926	62,632
Proceeds from equity securities sold - available for sale, at market value	76,000	1	130,792	27,207
Proceeds from equity securities sold - available for sale, at fair value	89,311	61,080	386,917	154,747
Distributions from other invested assets	32,015	15,923	53,032	143,017
Cost of fixed maturities acquired - available for sale, at market value	(889,195)	(756,432)	(2,143,771)	(2,293,760)
Cost of fixed maturities acquired - available for sale, at fair value	(1,658)	(9,801)	(7,164)	(25,025)
Cost of equity securities acquired - available for sale, at market value	(7,472)	(4,772)	(20,126)	(120,583)
Cost of equity securities acquired - available for sale, at fair value	(111,767)	(342,567)	(305,046)	(684,867)
Cost of other invested assets acquired	(21,089)	(5,730)	(49,681)	(57,832)
Cost of businesses acquired	-	-	-	(63,100)
Net change in short-term investments	(24,466)	(51,333)	(287,196)	(48,616)
Net change in unsettled securities transactions	59,991	(11,755)	65,957	35,446
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(63,961)	(67,186)	(167,863)	(153,926)

**CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING
ACTIVITIES:**

Common shares issued during the period, net	1,913	951	19,868	8,508
Purchase of treasury shares	(25,026)	(46,628)	(250,025)	(84,239)
Revolving credit borrowings	-	(40,000)	-	(50,000)
Dividends paid to shareholders	(24,897)	(25,936)	(75,667)	(78,062)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(48,010)	(111,613)	(305,824)	(203,793)

**EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE
CHANGES ON CASH**

	16,752	3,072	24,158	(3,639)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	79,707	32,183	29,907	185,298
Cash, beginning of period	398,851	411,523	448,651	258,408
Cash, end of period	\$ 478,558	\$ 443,706	\$ 478,558	\$ 443,706

**SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW
INFORMATION:**

Income taxes paid (recovered)	\$ 30,662	\$ 6,627	\$ 54,463	\$ (5,919)
Interest paid	5,851	5,607	31,936	31,385

Non-cash transaction:

Net assets acquired and liabilities assumed from business acquisitions	-	-	-	19,130
Conversion of equity securities - available for sale, at market value, to fixed maturity securities - available for sale, at market value, including accrued interest at time of conversion	-	-	92,981	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012 and 2011

1. GENERAL

Everest Re Group, Ltd. (“Group”), a Bermuda company, through its subsidiaries, principally provides reinsurance and insurance in the U.S., Bermuda and international markets. As used in this document, “Company” means Group and its subsidiaries.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals, which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair statement of the results on an interim basis. Certain financial information, which is normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”), has been omitted since it is not required for interim reporting purposes. The December 31, 2011 consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by GAAP. The results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 are not necessarily indicative of the results for a full year. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the years ended December 31, 2011, 2010 and 2009 included in the Company’s most recent Form 10-K filing.

All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Certain reclassifications and format changes have been made to prior period amounts to conform to the current period presentation.

Application of Recently Issued Accounting Standard Changes.

Intangibles-Goodwill or Other. In September 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) amended the authoritative guidance for disclosures on Goodwill Impairment. The amendment allows an entity first to assess qualitative factors to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount as a basis in determining whether it is necessary to perform the two-step goodwill impairment test. This guidance is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The Company implemented this guidance as of January 1, 2012.

Presentation of Comprehensive Income. In June 2011, FASB issued amendments to existing guidance to provide two alternatives for the presentation of comprehensive income. Components of net income and comprehensive income can either be presented within a single, continuous financial statement or be presented in two separate but consecutive financial statements. The Company has chosen to present the components of net income and comprehensive income in a single, continuous financial statement. The guidance is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The Company implemented this guidance as of January 1, 2012.

Common Fair Value Measurement. In May 2011, FASB issued amendments to existing guidance to achieve common fair value measurement and disclosure requirements between GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards. The amendments change wording used to describe many GAAP fair value measurement requirements and disclosures. FASB does not intend for the amendments to cause a change in application of fair value accounting guidance. The guidance is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The Company implemented this

guidance prospectively as of January 1, 2012.

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Treatment of Insurance Contract Acquisition Costs. In October 2010, the FASB issued authoritative guidance for the accounting for costs associated with acquiring or renewing insurance contracts. The guidance identifies the incremental direct costs of contract acquisition and costs directly related to acquisition activities that should be capitalized. This guidance is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2011. The Company implemented this guidance as of January 1, 2012 and determined that \$13,492 thousand of previously deferrable acquisition costs will be expensed during 2012 and the first quarter of 2013, including \$2,549 thousand and \$8,790 thousand of previously deferrable acquisition costs expensed in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, respectively. If the guidance had been applicable for the prior periods, the Company would have expensed \$4,958 thousand and \$11,405 thousand of deferrable acquisition costs during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, respectively.

Improving Disclosures About Fair Value Measurements. In January 2010, the FASB amended the authoritative guidance for disclosures on fair value measurements. Effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2009, the guidance requires a new separate disclosure for: significant transfers in and out of Level 1 and 2 and the reasons for the transfers; and provided clarification on existing disclosures to include: fair value measurement disclosures by class of assets and liabilities and disclosure on valuation techniques and inputs used to measure fair value that fall in either Level 2 or Level 3. The Company implemented this guidance effective January 1, 2010. Effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2010, the guidance requires another new separate disclosure in regards to Level 3 fair value measurements in that, the period activity will present separately information about purchases, sales, issuances and settlements. Comparative disclosures shall be required only for periods ending after initial adoption. The Company implemented this guidance beginning with the third quarter of 2010.

3. INVESTMENTS

The amortized cost, market value and gross unrealized appreciation and depreciation of available for sale, fixed maturity and equity security investments, carried at market value, are as follows for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)	Amortized Cost	At September 30, 2012		Market Value
		Unrealized Appreciation	Unrealized Depreciation	
Fixed maturity securities				
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of				
U.S. government agencies and corporations	\$299,691	\$ 12,743	\$ (823)	\$311,611
Obligations of U.S. states and political subdivisions	1,275,966	90,415	(53)	1,366,328
Corporate securities	3,629,746	262,117	(7,019)	3,884,844
Asset-backed securities	190,269	7,878	(381)	197,766
Mortgage-backed securities				
Commercial	301,225	28,941	(3,643)	326,523
Agency residential	2,050,526	79,504	(1,840)	2,128,190
Non-agency residential	10,718	1,082	(190)	11,610
Foreign government securities	1,741,813	140,982	(6,222)	1,876,573
Foreign corporate securities	2,600,792	156,725	(14,467)	2,743,050
Total fixed maturity securities	\$12,100,746	\$ 780,387	\$ (34,638)	\$12,846,495
Equity securities	\$265,563	\$ 13,814	\$ (2)	\$279,375

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(Dollars in thousands)	Amortized Cost	At December 31, 2011		Market Value
		Unrealized Appreciation	Unrealized Depreciation	
Fixed maturity securities				
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of				
U.S. government agencies and corporations	\$284,514	\$ 16,407	\$ (287)	\$300,634
Obligations of U.S. states and political subdivisions	1,558,615	102,815	(525)	1,660,905
Corporate securities	3,495,761	197,914	(27,054)	3,666,621
Asset-backed securities	186,936	7,020	(550)	193,406
Mortgage-backed securities				
Commercial	310,387	20,942	(9,902)	321,427
Agency residential	2,198,937	86,722	(3,066)	2,282,593
Non-agency residential	53,365	499	(775)	53,089
Foreign government securities	1,555,707	120,900	(8,389)	1,668,218
Foreign corporate securities	2,086,951	91,869	(32,189)	2,146,631
Total fixed maturity securities	\$11,731,173	\$ 645,088	\$ (82,737)	\$12,293,524
Equity securities	\$463,620	\$ 4,060	\$ (18,750)	\$448,930

The \$1,876,573 thousand of foreign government securities at September 30, 2012 included \$838,200 thousand of European sovereign securities. Approximately 54.0%, 18.9%, 6.9% and 5.2% of European sovereign securities represented securities held in the governments of the United Kingdom, France, Austria and the Netherlands, respectively. No other countries represented more than 5% of the European sovereign securities. The Company held no sovereign securities of Portugal, Italy, Ireland, Greece or Spain at September 30, 2012.

In accordance with FASB guidance, the Company reclassified the non-credit portion of other-than-temporary impairments from retained earnings into accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), on April 1, 2009. The table below presents the pre-tax cumulative unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on those corporate securities, for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)	At September 30,		At December 31,	
	2012		2011	
Pre-tax cumulative unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	\$	4,992	\$	2,567

The amortized cost and market value of fixed maturity securities are shown in the following table by contractual maturity. Mortgage-backed securities are generally more likely to be prepaid than other fixed maturity securities. As the stated maturity of such securities may not be indicative of actual maturities, the totals for mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities are shown separately.

(Dollars in thousands)	At September 30, 2012		At December 31, 2011	
	Amortized Cost	Market Value	Amortized Cost	Market Value
Fixed maturity securities – available for sale:				
Due in one year or less	\$894,249	\$906,069	\$494,098	\$494,911
Due after one year through five years	5,257,997	5,537,891	5,052,484	5,268,748
Due after five years through ten years	2,310,643	2,517,076	2,188,080	2,325,142
Due after ten years	1,085,119	1,221,370	1,246,886	1,354,208
Asset-backed securities	190,269	197,766	186,936	193,406
Mortgage-backed securities:				

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Commercial	301,225	326,523	310,387	321,427
Agency residential	2,050,526	2,128,190	2,198,937	2,282,593
Non-agency residential	10,718	11,610	53,365	53,089
Total fixed maturity securities	\$ 12,100,746	\$ 12,846,495	\$ 11,731,173	\$ 12,293,524

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The changes in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) for the Company's investments are derived from the following sources for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Increase (decrease) during the period between the market value and cost of investments carried at market value, and deferred taxes thereon:				
Fixed maturity securities	\$110,234	\$3,902	\$180,973	\$95,587
Fixed maturity securities, other-than-temporary impairment	964	(1,305)	2,425	582
Equity securities	17,681	(29,936)	28,502	(21,828)
Other invested assets	-	215	-	(1,515)
Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation), pre-tax	128,879	(27,124)	211,900	72,826
Deferred tax benefit (expense)	(10,700)	(7,880)	(15,424)	(20,680)
Deferred tax benefit (expense), other-than-temporary impairment	27	48	51	46
Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation), net of deferred taxes, included in shareholders' equity	\$118,206	\$(34,956)	\$196,527	\$52,192

The Company frequently reviews all of its fixed maturity, available for sale securities for declines in market value and focuses its attention on securities whose fair value has fallen below 80% of their amortized cost at the time of review. The Company then assesses whether the decline in value is temporary or other-than-temporary. In making its assessment, the Company evaluates the current market and interest rate environment as well as specific issuer information. Generally, a change in a security's value caused by a change in the market, interest rate or foreign exchange environment does not constitute an other-than-temporary impairment, but rather a temporary decline in market value. Temporary declines in market value are recorded as unrealized losses in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). If the Company determines that the decline is other-than-temporary and the Company does not have the intent to sell the security; and it is more likely than not that the Company will not have to sell the security before recovery of its cost basis, the carrying value of the investment is written down to fair value. The fair value adjustment that is credit or foreign exchange related is recorded in net realized capital gains (losses) in the Company's consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss). The fair value adjustment that is non-credit related is recorded as a component of other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, and is included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in the Company's consolidated balance sheets. The Company's assessments are based on the issuers current and expected future financial position, timeliness with respect to interest and/or principal payments, speed of repayments and any applicable credit enhancements or breakeven constant default rates on mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities, as well as relevant information provided by rating agencies, investment advisors and analysts.

The majority of the Company's equity securities available for sale at market value are primarily comprised of mutual fund investments whose underlying securities consist of fixed maturity securities. When a fund's value reflects an unrealized loss, the Company assesses whether the decline in value is temporary or other-than-temporary. In making its assessment, the Company considers the composition of its portfolios and their related markets, reports received from the portfolio managers and discussions with portfolio managers. If the Company determines that the declines are temporary and it has the ability and intent to continue to hold the investments, then the declines are recorded as unrealized losses in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). If declines are deemed to be other-than-temporary, then the carrying value of the investment is written down to fair value and recorded in net realized capital gains (losses) in the Company's consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss).

Retrospective adjustments are employed to recalculate the values of asset-backed securities. All of the Company's asset-backed and mortgage-backed securities have a pass-through structure. Each acquisition lot is reviewed to recalculate the effective yield. The recalculated effective yield is used to derive a book value as if the new yield were applied at the time of acquisition. Outstanding principal factors from the time of acquisition to the adjustment date are used to calculate the prepayment history for all applicable securities. Conditional prepayment rates, computed with life to date factor histories and weighted average maturities, are used in the calculation of projected prepayments for pass-through security types.

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The tables below display the aggregate market value and gross unrealized depreciation of fixed maturity and equity securities, by security type and contractual maturity, in each case subdivided according to length of time that individual securities had been in a continuous unrealized loss position for the periods indicated:

	Duration of Unrealized Loss at September 30, 2012 By Security Type					
	Less than 12 months		Greater than 12 months		Total	
	Market Value	Gross Unrealized Depreciation	Market Value	Gross Unrealized Depreciation	Market Value	Gross Unrealized Depreciation
(Dollars in thousands)						
Fixed maturity securities - available for sale						
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of						
U.S. government agencies and corporations	\$ 639	\$ (6)	\$ 11,543	\$ (817)	\$ 12,182	\$ (823)
Obligations of U.S. states and political subdivisions	-	-	5,779	(53)	5,779	(53)
Corporate securities	93,239	(916)	114,607	(6,103)	207,846	(7,019)
Asset-backed securities	2,000	-	14,852	(381)	16,852	(381)
Mortgage-backed securities						
Commercial	-	-	50,429	(3,643)	50,429	(3,643)
Agency residential	189,960	(1,289)	23,856	(551)	213,816	(1,840)
Non-agency residential	-	-	2,261	(190)	2,261	(190)
Foreign government securities	87,969	(1,199)	72,205	(5,023)	160,174	(6,222)
Foreign corporate securities	164,401	(3,263)	129,403	(11,204)	293,804	(14,467)
Total fixed maturity securities	\$ 538,208	\$ (6,673)	\$ 424,935	\$ (27,965)	\$ 963,143	\$ (34,638)
Equity securities	-	-	13	(2)	13	(2)
Total	\$ 538,208	\$ (6,673)	\$ 424,948	\$ (27,967)	\$ 963,156	\$ (34,640)

	Duration of Unrealized Loss at September 30, 2012 By Maturity					
	Less than 12 months		Greater than 12 months		Total	
	Market Value	Gross Unrealized Depreciation	Market Value	Gross Unrealized Depreciation	Market Value	Gross Unrealized Depreciation
(Dollars in thousands)						
Fixed maturity securities						
Due in one year or less	\$ 26,704	\$ (471)	\$ 52,743	\$ (6,657)	\$ 79,447	\$ (7,128)
Due in one year through five years	254,344	(4,112)	196,928	(13,059)	451,272	(17,171)
Due in five years through ten years	59,693	(733)	59,816	(2,212)	119,509	(2,945)
Due after ten years	5,507	(68)	24,050	(1,272)	29,557	(1,340)
Asset-backed securities	2,000	-	14,852	(381)	16,852	(381)
Mortgage-backed securities	189,960	(1,289)	76,546	(4,384)	266,506	(5,673)
Total fixed maturity securities	\$ 538,208	\$ (6,673)	\$ 424,935	\$ (27,965)	\$ 963,143	\$ (34,638)

The aggregate market value and gross unrealized losses related to investments in an unrealized loss position at September 30, 2012 were \$963,156 thousand and \$34,640 thousand, respectively. There were no unrealized losses on a single issuer that exceeded 0.02% of the market value of the fixed maturity securities at September 30, 2012. In addition, as indicated on the above table, there was no significant concentration of unrealized losses in any one market

sector. The \$6,673 thousand of unrealized losses related to fixed maturity securities that have been in an unrealized loss position for less than one year were generally comprised of domestic and foreign corporate securities, agency residential mortgage-backed securities and foreign government securities. Of these unrealized losses, \$5,699 thousand were related to securities that were rated investment grade by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The \$27,965 thousand of unrealized losses related to fixed maturity securities in an unrealized loss position for more than one year related primarily to domestic and foreign corporate securities, foreign government securities and commercial mortgage-backed securities. Of these unrealized losses, \$22,490 thousand related to securities that were rated investment grade by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The non-investment grade securities with unrealized losses were mainly comprised of corporate and commercial mortgage-backed securities. The gross unrealized depreciation for mortgage-backed securities included \$241 thousand related to sub-prime and alt-A loans. In all instances, there were no projected cash flow shortfalls to recover the full book value of the investments and the related interest obligations. The mortgage-backed securities still have excess credit coverage and are current on interest and principal payments.

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The Company, given the size of its investment portfolio and capital position, does not have the intent to sell these securities; and it is more likely than not that the Company will not have to sell the security before recovery of its cost basis. In addition, all securities currently in an unrealized loss position are current with respect to principal and interest payments.

The tables below display the aggregate market value and gross unrealized depreciation of fixed maturity and equity securities, by security type and contractual maturity, in each case subdivided according to length of time that individual securities had been in a continuous unrealized loss position for the periods indicated:

	Duration of Unrealized Loss at December 31, 2011 By Security Type					
	Less than 12 months		Greater than 12 months		Total	
	Market Value	Gross Unrealized Depreciation	Market Value	Gross Unrealized Depreciation	Market Value	Gross Unrealized Depreciation
(Dollars in thousands)						
Fixed maturity securities - available for sale						
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of U.S. government agencies and corporations	\$-	\$ -	\$ 3,452	\$ (287)	\$ 3,452	\$ (287)
Obligations of U.S. states and political subdivisions	-	-	7,518	(525)	7,518	(525)
Corporate securities	512,255	(14,962)	120,064	(12,092)	632,319	(27,054)
Asset-backed securities	20,839	(339)	3,655	(211)	24,494	(550)
Mortgage-backed securities						
Commercial	9,292	(1,267)	54,535	(8,635)	63,827	(9,902)
Agency residential	253,171	(2,524)	43,894	(542)	297,065	(3,066)
Non-agency residential	1,542	(19)	35,679	(756)	37,221	(775)
Foreign government securities	39,534	(1,035)	132,977	(7,354)	172,511	(8,389)
Foreign corporate securities	278,949	(12,287)	259,641	(19,902)	538,590	(32,189)
Total fixed maturity securities	\$ 1,115,582	\$ (32,433)	\$ 661,415	\$ (50,304)	\$ 1,776,997	\$ (82,737)
Equity securities	108,939	(8,499)	204,466	(10,251)	313,405	(18,750)
Total	\$ 1,224,521	\$ (40,932)	\$ 865,881	\$ (60,555)	\$ 2,090,402	\$ (101,487)

	Duration of Unrealized Loss at December 31, 2011 By Maturity					
	Less than 12 months		Greater than 12 months		Total	
	Market Value	Gross Unrealized Depreciation	Market Value	Gross Unrealized Depreciation	Market Value	Gross Unrealized Depreciation
(Dollars in thousands)						
Fixed maturity securities						
Due in one year or less	\$ 26,581	\$ (326)	\$ 72,083	\$ (8,953)	\$ 98,664	\$ (9,279)
Due in one year through five years	421,995	(12,001)	256,698	(15,635)	678,693	(27,636)
Due in five years through ten years	337,232	(13,019)	159,476	(8,264)	496,708	(21,283)
Due after ten years	44,930	(2,938)	35,395	(7,308)	80,325	(10,246)
Asset-backed securities	20,839	(339)	3,655	(211)	24,494	(550)
Mortgage-backed securities	264,005	(3,810)	134,108	(9,933)	398,113	(13,743)

Total fixed maturity securities	\$1,115,582	\$ (32,433)	\$ 661,415	\$ (50,304)	\$ 1,776,997	\$ (82,737)
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The aggregate market value and gross unrealized losses related to investments in an unrealized loss position at December 31, 2011 were \$2,090,402 thousand and \$101,487 thousand, respectively. There were no unrealized losses on a single issuer that exceeded 0.04% of the market value of the fixed maturity securities at December 31, 2011. In addition, as indicated on the above table, there was no significant concentration of unrealized losses in any one market sector. The \$32,433 thousand of unrealized losses related to fixed maturity securities that have been in an unrealized loss position for less than one year were generally comprised of domestic and foreign corporate securities. Of these unrealized losses, \$17,207 thousand were related to securities that were rated investment grade by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The \$50,304 thousand of unrealized losses related to fixed maturity securities in an unrealized loss position for more than one year related primarily to domestic and foreign corporate securities, foreign government securities and commercial mortgage-backed securities. Of these unrealized losses, \$34,840 thousand related to securities that were rated investment grade by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization. All of the unrealized losses related to foreign corporate and foreign government securities are due to temporary currency exchange rate movements as opposed to market value movements. The non-investment grade securities with unrealized losses were mainly comprised of corporate

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and commercial mortgage-backed securities. The gross unrealized depreciation for mortgage-backed securities included \$322 thousand related to sub-prime and alt-A loans. In all instances, there were no projected cash flow shortfalls to recover the full book value of the investments and the related interest obligations. The mortgage-backed securities still have excess credit coverage and are current on interest and principal payments. The unrealized losses related to equity securities represent temporary declines in value of mutual fund investments where the underlying investments are comprised of emerging market debt fixed maturities.

The components of net investment income are presented in the table below for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
(Dollars in thousands)	2012	2011	2012	2011
Fixed maturity securities	\$ 122,824	\$ 131,680	\$ 367,770	\$ 397,204
Equity securities	13,394	15,794	46,898	40,813
Short-term investments and cash	384	366	911	1,042
Other invested assets				
Limited partnerships	18,571	15,725	47,857	66,700
Other	1,427	(1,520)	2,453	3,203
Total gross investment income	156,600	162,045	465,889	508,962
Interest debited (credited) and other investment expense	(4,576)	(5,580)	(12,098)	(15,174)
Total net investment income	\$ 152,024	\$ 156,465	\$ 453,791	\$ 493,788

The Company records results from limited partnership investments on the equity method of accounting with changes in value reported through net investment income. Due to the timing of receiving financial information from these partnerships, the results are generally reported on a one month or quarter lag. If the Company determines there has been a significant decline in value of a limited partnership during this lag period, a loss will be recorded in the period in which the Company identifies the decline.

The Company had contractual commitments to invest up to an additional \$111,715 thousand in limited partnerships at September 30, 2012. These commitments will be funded when called in accordance with the partnership agreements, which have investment periods that expire, unless extended, through 2016.

The components of net realized capital gains (losses) are presented in the table below for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
(Dollars in thousands)	2012	2011	2012	2011
Fixed maturity securities, market value:				
Other-than-temporary impairments	\$(3,548)	\$(1,050)	\$(9,902)	\$(15,817)
Gains (losses) from sales	3,334	23,439	9,469	7,821
Fixed maturity securities, fair value:				
Gains (losses) from sales	512	(16)	5,539	(966)
Gains (losses) from fair value adjustments	298	(5,013)	1,623	(8,537)
Equity securities, market value:				
Gains (losses) from sales	(1,448)	-	5,372	38
Equity securities, fair value:				
Gains (losses) from sales	3,142	637	23,241	2,335
Gains (losses) from fair value adjustments	60,469	(155,669)	109,557	(115,235)
Short-term investments gain (loss)	(16)	1	(17)	1

Total net realized capital gains (losses)	\$62,743	\$(137,671)	\$144,882	\$(130,360)
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The Company recorded as net realized capital gains (losses) in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) both fair value re-measurements and write-downs in the value of securities deemed to be impaired on an other-than-temporary basis as displayed in the table above. The Company had no other-than-temporary impaired securities where the impairment had both a credit and non-credit component.

The proceeds and split between gross gains and losses, from sales of fixed maturity and equity securities, are presented in the table below for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Proceeds from sales of fixed maturity securities	\$229,766	\$500,485	\$712,227	\$1,418,285
Gross gains from sales	7,568	36,850	28,050	61,365
Gross losses from sales	(3,722)	(13,427)	(13,042)	(54,510)
Proceeds from sales of equity securities	\$165,311	\$61,081	\$517,709	\$181,954
Gross gains from sales	5,288	6,022	40,463	9,229
Gross losses from sales	(3,594)	(5,385)	(11,850)	(6,856)

During the second quarter of 2012, the Company redeemed one of its mutual fund investments reflected on the balance sheet as an equity security – available for sale, at market value. As part of the redemption settlement, the Company received its proportionate share of the fund’s fixed maturities and related accrued interest in the amount of \$92,981 thousand. The Company has categorized the fixed maturities as available for sale, at market value.

4. DERIVATIVES

The Company sold seven equity index put option contracts, based on two indices, in 2001 and 2005, which remain outstanding. The Company sold these equity index put options as insurance products with the intent of achieving a profit. These equity index put option contracts meet the definition of a derivative under FASB guidance and the Company’s position in these equity index put option contracts is unhedged. Accordingly, these equity index put option contracts are carried at fair value in the consolidated balance sheets with changes in fair value recorded in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss).

The Company sold six equity index put option contracts, based on the Standard & Poor’s 500 (“S&P 500”) index, for total consideration, net of commissions, of \$22,530 thousand. At September 30, 2012, fair value for these equity index put option contracts was \$69,120 thousand. These equity index put option contracts each have a single exercise date, with maturities ranging from 12 to 30 years and strike prices ranging from \$1,141.21 to \$1,540.63. No amounts will be payable under these equity index put option contracts if the S&P 500 index is at, or above, the strike prices on the exercise dates, which fall between June 2017 and March 2031. If the S&P 500 index is lower than the strike price on the applicable exercise date, the amount due would vary proportionately with the percentage by which the index is below the strike price. Based on historical index volatilities and trends and the September 30, 2012 S&P 500 index value, the Company estimates the probability that each equity index put option contract of the S&P 500 index falling below the strike price on the exercise date to be less than 42%. The theoretical maximum payouts under the equity index put option contracts would occur if on each of the exercise dates the S&P 500 index value were zero. At September 30, 2012, the present value of these theoretical maximum payouts using a 6% discount factor was \$298,150 thousand.

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The Company sold one equity index put option contract based on the FTSE 100 index for total consideration, net of commissions, of \$6,706 thousand. At September 30, 2012, fair value for this equity index put option contract was \$10,028 thousand. This equity index put option contract has an exercise date of July 2020 and a strike price of 5,989.75. No amount will be payable under this equity index put option contract if the FTSE 100 index is at, or above, the strike price on the exercise date. If the FTSE 100 index is lower than the strike price on the exercise date, the amount due will vary proportionately with the percentage by which the index is below the strike price. Based on historical index volatilities and trends and the September 30, 2012 FTSE 100 index value, the Company estimates the probability that the equity index put option contract of the FTSE 100 index will fall below the strike price on the exercise date to be less than 50%. The theoretical maximum payout under the equity index put option contract would occur if on the exercise date the FTSE 100 index value was zero. At September 30, 2012, the present value of the theoretical maximum payout using a 6% discount factor and current exchange rate was \$33,819 thousand.

The fair value of the equity index put options can be found in the Company's consolidated balance sheets as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)

Derivatives not designated as	Location of fair value	At	At
hedging instruments	in balance sheets	September 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
Equity index put option contracts	Equity index put option liability	\$ 79,148	\$ 69,729
Total		\$ 79,148	\$ 69,729

The change in fair value of the equity index put option contracts can be found in the Company's statement of operations and comprehensive income (loss) as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)		For the Three Months Ended		For the Nine Months Ended	
Derivatives not designated as	Location of gain (loss) in statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss)	September 30,		September 30,	
hedging instruments		2012	2011	2012	2011
Equity index put option contracts	Net derivative gain (loss)	\$ 703	\$ (23,427)	\$ (9,420)	\$ (19,273)
Total		\$ 703	\$ (23,427)	\$ (9,420)	\$ (19,273)

The Company's equity index put option contracts contain provisions that require collateralization of the fair value, as calculated by the counterparty, above a specified threshold, which is based on the Company's financial strength ratings (Moody's Investors Service, Inc.) and/or debt ratings (Standard & Poor's Ratings Services). The aggregate fair value of all derivative instruments with credit-risk-related contingent features that were in a liability position on September 30, 2012, was \$79,148 thousand for which the Company had posted collateral with a market value of \$48,520 thousand. If on September 30, 2012, the Company's ratings were such that the collateral threshold was zero, the Company's collateral requirement would increase by \$55,000 thousand.

5. FAIR VALUE

The Company's fixed maturity and equity securities are primarily managed by third party investment asset managers. The investment asset managers obtain prices from nationally recognized pricing services. These services

seek to utilize market data and observations in their evaluation process. They use pricing applications that vary by asset class and incorporate available market information and when fixed maturity securities do not trade on a daily basis the services will apply available information through processes such as benchmark curves, benchmarking of like securities, sector groupings and matrix pricing. In addition, they use model processes, such as the Option Adjusted Spread model to develop prepayment and interest rate scenarios for securities that have prepayment features.

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In limited instances where prices are not provided by pricing services or in rare instances when a manager may not agree with the pricing service, price quotes on a non-binding basis are obtained from investment brokers. The investment asset managers do not make any changes to prices received from either the pricing services or the investment brokers. In addition, the investment asset managers have procedures in place to review the reasonableness of the prices from the service providers and may request verification of the prices. In addition, the Company continually performs analytical reviews of price changes and tests the prices on a random basis to an independent pricing source. No material variances were noted during these price validation procedures. In limited situations, where financial markets are inactive or illiquid, the Company may use its own assumptions about future cash flows and risk-adjusted discount rates to determine fair value. The Company made no such adjustments at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011.

The Company internally manages a small public equity portfolio which had a fair value at September 30, 2012 of \$106,086 thousand and all prices were obtained from publically published sources.

Equity securities in U.S. denominated currency are categorized as Level 1, Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets, since the securities are actively traded on an exchange and prices are based on quoted prices from the exchange. Equity securities traded on foreign exchanges are categorized as Level 2 due to potential foreign exchange adjustments to fair or market value.

Fixed maturity securities are generally categorized as Level 2, Significant Other Observable Inputs, since a particular security may not have traded but the pricing services are able to use valuation models with observable market inputs such as interest rate yield curves and prices for similar fixed maturity securities in terms of issuer, maturity and seniority. Valuations that are derived from techniques in which one or more of the significant inputs are unobservable (including assumptions about risk) are categorized as Level 3, Significant Unobservable Inputs. These securities include broker priced securities and the Company's equity index put option contracts.

As of September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, all Level 3 fixed maturity securities, were priced using single non-binding broker quotes since prices for these securities were not provided by normal pricing service companies. The single broker quotes are provided by market makers or broker-dealers who are recognized as market participants in the markets in which they are providing the quotes. The prices received from brokers are reviewed for reasonableness by our asset managers and management.

The Company sold seven equity index put option contracts which meet the definition of a derivative. The Company's position in these contracts is unhedged. The Company records the change in fair value of equity index put option contracts in its consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss).

The fair value was calculated using an industry accepted option pricing model, Black-Scholes, which used the following assumptions:

	At September 30, 2012	
	Contracts	Contract
	based on	based on
	S & P 500	FTSE
	Index	100
		Index
Equity index	1,440.7	5,742.1
Interest rate		2.16%

	1.33% to 3.24%	
Time to maturity	4.6 to 18.5 yrs	7.8 yrs
Volatility	21.8% to 25.2%	24.5%

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The following table presents the fair value measurement levels for all assets and liabilities, which the Company has recorded at fair value (fair and market value) as of the periods indicated:

		Fair Value Measurement Using:		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
(Dollars in thousands)	September 30, 2012			
Assets:				
Fixed maturities, market value				
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of				
U.S. government agencies and corporations	\$ 311,611	\$-	\$311,611	\$ -
Obligations of U.S. States and political subdivisions	1,366,328	-	1,366,328	-
Corporate securities	3,884,844	-	3,884,844	-
Asset-backed securities	197,766	-	189,134	8,632
Mortgage-backed securities				
Commercial	326,523	-	326,523	-
Agency residential	2,128,190	-	2,128,190	-
Non-agency residential	11,610	-	11,185	425
Foreign government securities	1,876,573	-	1,876,573	-
Foreign corporate securities	2,743,050	-	2,737,313	5,737
Total fixed maturities, market value	12,846,495	-	12,831,701	14,794
Fixed maturities, fair value	52,217	-	52,217	-
Equity securities, market value	279,375	262,850	16,525	-
Equity securities, fair value	1,301,522	1,167,604	133,918	-
Liabilities:				
Equity index put option contracts	\$ 79,148	\$-	\$-	\$ 79,148

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 for the nine months ended September 30, 2012.

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The following table presents the fair value measurement levels for all assets and liabilities, which the Company has recorded at fair value (fair and market value) as of the periods indicated:

		Fair Value Measurement Using:		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets	Significant Other Observable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs
(Dollars in thousands)	December 31, 2011	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Assets:				
Fixed maturities, market value				
U.S. Treasury securities and obligations of				
U.S. government agencies and corporations	\$ 300,634	\$ -	\$ 300,634	\$ -
Obligations of U.S. States and political				
subdivisions	1,660,905	-	1,660,905	-
Corporate securities	3,666,621	-	3,666,621	-
Asset-backed securities	193,406	-	176,469	16,937
Mortgage-backed securities				
Commercial	321,427	-	321,427	-
Agency residential	2,282,593	-	2,282,593	-
Non-agency residential	53,089	-	52,603	486
Foreign government securities	1,668,218	-	1,668,218	-
Foreign corporate securities	2,146,631	-	2,143,587	3,044
Total fixed maturities, market value	12,293,524	-	12,273,057	20,467
Fixed maturities, fair value	113,606	-	113,606	-
Equity securities, market value	448,930	433,278	15,652	-
Equity securities, fair value	1,249,106	1,133,011	116,095	-
Liabilities:				
Equity index put option contracts	\$ 69,729	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 69,729

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The following tables present the activity under Level 3, fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs by asset type, for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2012				Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012			
	Asset-backed Securities	Foreign Corporate	Non-agency RMBS	Total	Asset-backed Securities	Foreign Corporate	Non-agency RMBS	Total
Beginning balance	\$ 9,982	\$ 7,904	\$ 5	\$ 17,891	\$ 16,937	\$ 3,044	\$ 486	\$ 20,467
Total gains or (losses) (realized/unrealized)								
Included in earnings (or changes in net assets)	56	(15)	111	152	111	(35)	147	223
Included in other comprehensive income (loss)	441	306	5	752	800	432	3	1,235
Purchases, issuances and settlements	(57)	(335)	(159)	(551)	5,404	6,881	(211)	12,074
Transfers in and/or (out) of Level 3	(1,790)	(2,123)	463	(3,450)	(14,620)	(4,585)	-	(19,205)
Ending balance	\$ 8,632	\$ 5,737	\$ 425	\$ 14,794	\$ 8,632	\$ 5,737	\$ 425	\$ 14,794

The amount of total gains or losses for the period included in earnings (or changes in net assets) attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses relating to assets

still held at the reporting date \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

(Dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30, 2011				Nine Months Ended September 30, 2011			
	Asset-backed Securities	Foreign Corporate	Non-agency RMBS	Total	Asset-backed Securities	Foreign Corporate	Non-agency RMBS	Total
Beginning balance	\$ 2,492	\$ -	\$ 1,353	\$ 3,845	\$ 995	\$ 4,416	\$ 1,500	\$ 6,911
Total gains or (losses) (realized/unrealized)								
Included in earnings (or changes in net assets)	15	(4)	344	355	79	(4)	584	659
Included in other comprehensive income (loss)	(148)	(30)	(213)	(391)	(295)	(30)	(246)	(571)
Purchases, issuances and settlements	(19)	3,104	(643)	2,442	37	3,104	(997)	2,144
Transfers in and/or (out) of Level 3	(26)	-	(348)	(374)	1,498	(4,416)	(348)	(3,266)
Ending balance	\$ 2,314	\$ 3,070	\$ 493	\$ 5,877	\$ 2,314	\$ 3,070	\$ 493	\$ 5,877

The amount of total gains or losses for the period included in earnings (or changes in net assets) attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses relating to assets

still held at the reporting date \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

The following table presents the activity under Level 3, fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs for equity index put option contracts, for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
(Dollars in thousands)	2012	2011	2012	2011
Liabilities:				
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 79,851	\$ 54,313	\$ 69,729	\$ 58,467
Total (gains) or losses (realized/unrealized)				
Included in earnings (or changes in net assets)	(703)	23,427	9,420	19,273
Included in other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	-
Purchases, issuances and settlements	-	-	-	-
Transfers in and/or (out) of Level 3	-	-	-	-
Balance, end of period	\$ 79,148	\$ 77,740	\$ 79,148	\$ 77,740

The amount of total gains or losses for the period included in earnings (or changes in net assets) attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses relating to liabilities still held at the reporting date

\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

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6. CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS

On October 14, 2011, the Company renewed its shelf registration statement on Form S-3ASR with the SEC, as a Well Known Seasoned Issuer. This shelf registration statement can be used by Group to register common shares, preferred shares, debt securities, warrants, share purchase contracts and share purchase units; by Holdings to register debt securities and by Everest Re Capital Trust III ("Capital Trust III") to register trust preferred securities.

7. EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE

Net income (loss) per common share has been computed as per below, based upon weighted average common basic and dilutive shares outstanding.

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
(Dollars and shares in thousands, except per share amounts)	2012	2011	2012	2011
Net income (loss) per share:				
Numerator				
Net income (loss)	\$ 250,922	\$ 63,054	\$ 770,177	\$ (121,528)
Less: dividends declared-common shares and nonvested common shares	(24,896)	(25,936)	(75,666)	(78,062)
Undistributed earnings	226,026	37,118	694,511	(199,590)
Percentage allocated to common shareholders (1)	99.3 %	99.3 %	99.2 %	99.4 %
	224,373	36,865	688,749	(198,318)
Add: dividends declared-common shareholders	24,732	25,764	75,030	77,534
Numerator for basic and diluted earnings per common share	\$ 249,105	\$ 62,629	\$ 763,779	\$ (120,784)
Denominator				
Denominator for basic earnings per weighted-average common shares	51,444	53,822	52,113	53,942
Effect of dilutive securities:				
Options	223	67	158	135
Denominator for diluted earnings per adjusted weighted-average common shares	51,667	53,889	52,271	54,077
Per common share net income (loss)				
Basic	\$ 4.84	\$ 1.16	\$ 14.66	\$ (2.24)
Diluted	\$ 4.82	\$ 1.16	\$ 14.61	\$ (2.24)
Basic weighted-average common shares (1)outstanding	51,444	53,822	52,113	53,942
Basic weighted-average common shares outstanding and nonvested common shares expected to vest	51,823	54,191	52,549	54,288
Percentage allocated to common shareholders	99.3 %	99.3 %	99.2 %	99.4 %

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

The table below presents the options to purchase common shares that were outstanding, but were not included in the computation of earnings per diluted share as they were anti-dilutive, for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Anti-dilutive options	355,594	2,010,550	1,203,944	1,548,390

All outstanding options expire on or between May 22, 2013 and September 19, 2022.

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8. CONTINGENCIES

In the ordinary course of business, the Company is involved in lawsuits, arbitrations and other formal and informal dispute resolution procedures, the outcomes of which will determine the Company's rights and obligations under insurance and reinsurance agreements. In some disputes, the Company seeks to enforce its rights under an agreement or to collect funds owing to it. In other matters, the Company is resisting attempts by others to collect funds or enforce alleged rights. These disputes arise from time to time and are ultimately resolved through both informal and formal means, including negotiated resolution, arbitration and litigation. In all such matters, the Company believes that its positions are legally and commercially reasonable. The Company considers the statuses of these proceedings when determining its reserves for unpaid loss and loss adjustment expenses.

Aside from litigation and arbitrations related to these insurance and reinsurance agreements, the Company is not a party to any other material litigation or arbitration.

In 1993 and prior, the Company had a business arrangement with The Prudential Insurance Company of America ("The Prudential") wherein, for a fee, the Company accepted settled claim payment obligations of certain property and casualty insurers, and, concurrently, became the owner of the annuity or assignee of the annuity proceeds funded by the property and casualty insurers specifically to fulfill these fully settled obligations. In these circumstances, the Company would be liable if The Prudential, which has an A+ (Superior) financial strength rating from A.M. Best Company ("A.M. Best"), was unable to make the annuity payments. The table below presents the estimated cost to replace all such annuities for which the Company was contingently liable for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)	At September 30, 2012	At December 31, 2011
	\$ 144,117	\$ 143,447

Prior to its 1995 initial public offering, the Company purchased annuities from an unaffiliated life insurance company with an A+ (Superior) financial strength rating from A.M. Best to settle certain claim liabilities of the company. Should the life insurance company become unable to make the annuity payments, the Company would be liable for those claim liabilities. The table below presents the estimated cost to replace all such annuities for which the Company was contingently liable for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)	At September 30, 2012	At December 31, 2011
	\$ 28,562	\$ 27,634

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9. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The following table presents the components of comprehensive income (loss) in the consolidated statements of operations for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
(Dollars in thousands)	2012	2011	2012	2011
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) ("URA(D)") on securities arising during the period				
URA(D) of investments - temporary	\$ 127,915	\$(25,819)	\$ 209,475	\$ 72,244
URA(D) of investments - non-credit OTTI	964	(1,305)	2,425	582
Tax benefit (expense) from URA(D) arising during the period	(10,673)	(7,832)	(15,373)	(20,634)
Total URA(D) on securities arising during the period, net of tax	118,206	(34,956)	196,527	52,192
Foreign currency translation adjustments	44,491	(25,701)	33,984	18,787
Tax benefit (expense) from foreign currency translation	(8,239)	2,454	(6,859)	(2,529)
Net foreign currency translation adjustments	36,252	(23,247)	27,125	16,258
Pension adjustments	1,845	1,148	4,871	3,443
Tax benefit (expense) on pension	(646)	(402)	(1,705)	(1,205)
Net pension adjustments	1,199	746	3,166	2,238
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	\$ 155,657	\$(57,457)	\$ 226,818	\$ 70,688

The following table presents the components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, in the consolidated balance sheets for the periods indicated:

	At September 30, 2012	At December 31, 2011
(Dollars in thousands)		
URA(D) on securities, net of deferred taxes		
Temporary	\$ 641,285	\$ 447,234
Non-credit, OTTI	4,821	2,345
Total unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments, net of deferred taxes	646,106	449,579
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of deferred taxes	59	(27,066)
Pension adjustments, net of deferred taxes	(52,369)	(55,535)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 593,796	\$ 366,978

10. CREDIT FACILITIES

The Company has three credit facilities for a total commitment of up to \$1,250,000 thousand, providing for the issuance of letters of credit and/or unsecured revolving credit lines. The following table presents the costs incurred in connection with the three credit facilities for the periods indicated:

Three Months Ended September 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,
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(Dollars in thousands)	2012	2011	2012	2011
Credit facility fees incurred	\$ 786	\$ 611	\$ 2,134	\$ 1,601

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The terms and outstanding amounts for each facility are discussed below:

Group Credit Facility

Effective June 22, 2012, Group, Bermuda Re and Everest International entered into a four year, \$800,000 thousand senior credit facility with a syndicate of lenders, which amended and restated in its entirety the July 27, 2007, five year, \$850,000 thousand senior credit facility. Both the June 22, 2012 and July 27, 2007 senior credit facilities, which have similar terms, are referred to as the “Group Credit Facility”. Wells Fargo Corporation (“Wells Fargo Bank”) is the administrative agent for the Group Credit Facility, which consists of two tranches. Tranche one provides up to \$200,000 thousand of unsecured revolving credit for liquidity and general corporate purposes, and for the issuance of unsecured standby letters of credit. The interest on the revolving loans shall, at the Company’s option, be either (1) the Base Rate (as defined below) or (2) an adjusted London Interbank Offered Rate (“LIBOR”) plus a margin. The Base Rate is the higher of (a) the prime commercial lending rate established by Wells Fargo Bank, (b) the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.5% per annum or (c) the one month LIBOR Rate plus 1.0% per annum. The amount of margin and the fees payable for the Group Credit Facility depends on Group’s senior unsecured debt rating. Tranche two exclusively provides up to \$600,000 thousand for the issuance of standby letters of credit on a collateralized basis.

The Group Credit Facility requires Group to maintain a debt to capital ratio of not greater than 0.35 to 1 and to maintain a minimum net worth. Minimum net worth is an amount equal to the sum of \$4,249,963 thousand plus 25% of consolidated net income for each of Group’s fiscal quarters, for which statements are available ending on or after January 1, 2012 and for which consolidated net income is positive, plus 25% of any increase in consolidated net worth during such period attributable to the issuance of ordinary and preferred shares, which at September 30, 2012, was \$4,453,180 thousand. As of September 30, 2012, the Company was in compliance with all Group Credit Facility covenants.

The following table summarizes the outstanding letters of credit and/or borrowings for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)		At September 30, 2012			At December 31, 2011		
Bank		Commitment	In Use	Date of Expiry	Commitment	In Use	Date of Expiry
Wells Fargo Bank Group Credit Facility							
	Tranche One	\$ 200,000	\$ -		\$ 350,000	\$ -	
	Tranche Two	600,000	413,882	12/31/2012	500,000	446,327	12/31/2012
			-			127	9/30/2012
Total Wells Fargo Bank Group Credit Facility		\$ 800,000	\$ 413,882		\$ 850,000	\$ 446,454	

Holdings Credit Facility

Effective August 15, 2011, Holdings entered into a new three year, \$150,000 thousand unsecured revolving credit facility with a syndicate of lenders, replacing the August 23, 2006 five year senior revolving credit facility. Both the August 15, 2011 and August 23, 2006 revolving credit agreements, which have similar terms, are referred to as the “Holdings Credit Facility”. Citibank N.A. is the administrative agent for the Holdings Credit Facility. The Holdings Credit Facility may be used for liquidity and general corporate purposes. The Holdings Credit Facility provides for the borrowing of up to \$150,000 thousand with interest at a rate selected by Holdings equal to either, (1) the Base Rate (as defined below) or (2) a periodic fixed rate equal to the Eurodollar Rate plus an applicable margin. The Base Rate means a fluctuating interest rate per annum in effect from time to time to be equal to the higher of (a) the rate of

interest publicly announced by Citibank as its base rate, (b) 0.5% per annum above the Federal Funds Rate or (c) 1% above the one month LIBOR, in each case plus the applicable margin. The amount of margin and the fees payable for the Holdings Credit Facility depends upon Holdings' senior unsecured debt rating.

The Holdings Credit Facility requires Holdings to maintain a debt to capital ratio of not greater than 0.35 to 1 and Everest Re to maintain its statutory surplus at \$1,875,000 thousand plus 25% of future aggregate net income and 25% of future aggregate capital contributions after December 31, 2010, which at September 30, 2012, was \$1,989,487 thousand. As of September 30, 2012, Holdings was in compliance with all Holdings Credit Facility covenants.

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The following table summarizes outstanding letters of credit and/or borrowings for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)		At September 30, 2012			At December 31, 2011		
Bank	Commitment	In Use	Date of Maturity/Expiry	Loan	Commitment	In Use	Date of Maturity/Expiry
Citibank Holdings Credit Facility	\$ 150,000	\$ -			\$ 150,000	\$ -	
Total revolving credit borrowings		-				-	
Total letters of credit		5,020	12/31/2012			5,020	12/31/2012
Total Citibank Holdings Credit Facility	\$ 150,000	\$ 5,020			\$ 150,000	\$ 5,020	

Bermuda Re Letter of Credit Facility

Bermuda Re has a \$300,000 thousand letter of credit issuance facility with Citibank N.A. referred to as the “Bermuda Re Letter of Credit Facility”, which commitment is reconfirmed annually. The Bermuda Re Letter of Credit Facility provides for the issuance of up to \$300,000 thousand of secured letters of credit to collateralize reinsurance obligations as a non-admitted reinsurer. The interest on drawn letters of credit shall be (A) 0.20% per annum of the principal amount of issued standard letters of credit (expiry of 15 months or less) and (B) 0.25% per annum of the principal amount of issued extended tenor letters of credit (expiry maximum of up to 60 months). The commitment fee on undrawn credit shall be 0.10% per annum.

The following table summarizes the outstanding letters of credit for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)		At September 30, 2012			At December 31, 2011		
Bank	Commitment	In Use	Date of Expiry	Commitment	In Use	Date of Expiry	
Citibank Bilateral Letter of Credit Agreement	\$ 300,000	\$ 3,352	11/24/2012	\$ 300,000	\$ 3,352	11/24/2012	
		78,562	12/31/2012		80,770	12/31/2012	
		1,122	8/15/2014		85	7/15/2013	
		141	8/30/2014		889	2/15/2014	
		20,899	12/31/2014		4,773	12/31/2014	
		28,730	6/30/2016		25,510	6/30/2015	
		9,084	9/30/2016		8,642	9/30/2015	
		10,088	11/22/2016		10,088	11/22/2015	
		101,269	12/31/2016		60,752	12/31/2015	
	Total Citibank Bilateral Agreement	\$ 300,000	\$ 253,247		\$ 300,000	\$ 194,861	

11 TRUST AGREEMENTS

Certain subsidiaries of Group have established trust agreements, which effectively use the Company's investments as collateral, as security for assumed losses payable to certain non-affiliated ceding companies. At September 30, 2012, the total amount on deposit in trust accounts was \$218,070 thousand.

12. SENIOR NOTES

The table below displays Holdings' outstanding senior notes. Market value is based on quoted market prices, but due to limited trading activity, these senior notes are considered Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

(Dollars in thousands)	Date Issued	Date Due	Principal Amounts	September 30, 2012		December 31, 2011	
				Consolidated Balance Sheet Amount	Market Value	Consolidated Balance Sheet Amount	Market Value
5.40% Senior notes	10/12/2004	10/15/2014	\$ 250,000	\$ 249,894	\$ 261,745	\$ 249,858	\$ 251,370

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Interest expense incurred in connection with these senior notes is as follows for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Interest expense incurred	\$ 3,387	\$ 3,386	\$ 10,161	\$ 10,159

13. LONG TERM SUBORDINATED NOTES

The table below displays Holdings' outstanding fixed to floating rate long term subordinated notes. Market value is based on quoted market prices, but due to limited trading activity, these subordinated notes are considered Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

(Dollars in thousands)	Date Issued	Original Principal Amount	Maturity Date		September 30, 2012 Consolidated		December 31, 2011 Consolidated	
			Scheduled	Final	Balance Sheet Amount	Market Value	Balance Sheet Amount	Market Value
6.6% Long term subordinated notes	04/26/2007	\$ 400,000	05/15/2037	05/01/2067	\$ 238,356	\$ 244,522	\$ 238,354	\$ 210,195

During the fixed rate interest period from May 3, 2007 through May 14, 2017, interest will be at the annual rate of 6.6%, payable semi-annually in arrears on November 15 and May 15 of each year, commencing on November 15, 2007, subject to Holdings' right to defer interest on one or more occasions for up to ten consecutive years. During the floating rate interest period from May 15, 2017 through maturity, interest will be based on the 3 month LIBOR plus 238.5 basis points, reset quarterly, payable quarterly in arrears on February 15, May 15, August 15 and November 15 of each year, subject to Holdings' right to defer interest on one or more occasions for up to ten consecutive years. Deferred interest will accumulate interest at the applicable rate compounded semi-annually for periods prior to May 15, 2017, and compounded quarterly for periods from and including May 15, 2017.

Holdings can redeem the long term subordinated notes prior to May 15, 2017, in whole but not in part at the applicable redemption price, which will equal the greater of (a) 100% of the principal amount being redeemed and (b) the present value of the principal payment on May 15, 2017 and scheduled payments of interest that would have accrued from the redemption date to May 15, 2017 on the long term subordinated notes being redeemed, discounted to the redemption date on a semi-annual basis at a discount rate equal to the treasury rate plus an applicable spread of either 0.25% or 0.50%, in each case plus accrued and unpaid interest. Holdings may redeem the long term subordinated notes on or after May 15, 2017, in whole or in part at 100% of the principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest; however, redemption on or after the scheduled maturity date and prior to May 1, 2047 is subject to a replacement capital covenant. This covenant is for the benefit of certain senior note holders and it mandates that Holdings receive proceeds from the sale of another subordinated debt issue, of at least similar size, before it may redeem the subordinated notes.

On March 19, 2009, Group announced the commencement of a cash tender offer for any and all of the 6.60% fixed to floating rate long term subordinated notes. Upon expiration of the tender offer, the Company had reduced its outstanding debt by \$161,441 thousand.

Interest expense incurred in connection with these long term subordinated notes is as follows for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Interest expense incurred	\$ 3,937	\$ 3,937	\$ 11,811	\$ 11,811

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14. JUNIOR SUBORDINATED DEBT SECURITIES PAYABLE

The following table displays Holdings' outstanding junior subordinated debt securities due to Everest Re Capital Trust II ("Capital Trust II"), a 100% owned finance subsidiary of Holdings. Fair value is primarily based on the quoted market price of the related trust preferred securities, and as such, these securities are considered Level 2 under the fair value hierarchy.

(Dollars in thousands)	Date Issued	Date Due	Amount Issued	September 30, 2012		December 31, 2011	
				Consolidated Balance Sheet Amount	Fair Value	Consolidated Balance Sheet Amount	Fair Value
6.20% Junior subordinated debt securities	03/29/2004	03/29/2034	\$ 329,897	\$ 329,897	\$ 331,177	\$ 329,897	\$ 326,313

Holdings may redeem the junior subordinated debt securities before their maturity at 100% of their principal amount plus accrued interest as of the date of redemption. The securities may be redeemed, in whole or in part, on one or more occasions at any time on or after March 30, 2009; or at any time, in whole, but not in part, within 90 days of the occurrence and continuation of a determination that the Trust may become subject to tax or the Investment Company Act.

Interest expense incurred in connection with these junior subordinated debt securities is as follows for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2012	September 30, 2011	September 30, 2012	September 30, 2011
Interest expense incurred	\$ 5,113	\$ 5,113	\$ 15,340	\$ 15,340

Holdings considers that the mechanisms and obligations relating to the trust preferred securities, taken together, constitute a full and unconditional guarantee by Holdings of Capital Trust II's payment obligations with respect to their trust preferred securities.

Capital Trust II will redeem all of the outstanding trust preferred securities when the junior subordinated debt securities are paid at maturity on March 29, 2034. The Company may elect to redeem the junior subordinated debt securities, in whole or in part, at any time on or after March 30, 2009. If such an early redemption occurs, the outstanding trust preferred securities would also be proportionately redeemed.

There are certain regulatory and contractual restrictions on the ability of Holdings' operating subsidiaries to transfer funds to Holdings in the form of cash dividends, loans or advances. The insurance laws of the State of Delaware, where Holdings' direct insurance subsidiaries are domiciled, require regulatory approval before those subsidiaries can pay dividends or make loans or advances to Holdings that exceed certain statutory thresholds. In addition, the terms of Holdings Credit Facility (discussed in Note 10) require Everest Re, Holdings' principal insurance subsidiary, to maintain a certain statutory surplus level as measured at the end of each fiscal year. At December 31, 2011, \$2,108,692 thousand of the \$2,763,171 thousand in net assets of Holdings' consolidated subsidiaries were subject to the foregoing regulatory restrictions.

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15. SEGMENT REPORTING

During the quarter ended September 30, 2011, the Company realigned its reporting segments to reflect recent changes in the type and volume of business written. The Company previously reported the results of Marine & Aviation, Surety, Accident and Health (“A&H”) Reinsurance and A&H Primary operations as a separate segment—Specialty Underwriting. The A&H primary business, which is a relatively new line of business for the Company, has increased significantly, representing approximately 2% of premiums earned and is projected to continue to grow. The A&H primary business is better aligned with the Insurance reporting segment based on the similarities of this business with those businesses already reflected in the Insurance segment. The other operating units included in the Specialty Underwriting segment would have encompassed less than 5% of the Company’s premiums earned and their volume is projected to remain less than 5%. As a result of the size of these remaining operating units and their similarity to the business reported within U.S. Reinsurance, they have been reclassified to the U.S. Reinsurance segment. There has been no change to the International and Bermuda reporting segments. The Company has restated all segment information for prior years to conform to the new reporting segment structure.

The U.S. Reinsurance operation writes property and casualty reinsurance and specialty lines of business, including Marine, Aviation, Surety and A&H business, on both a treaty and facultative basis, through reinsurance brokers, as well as directly with ceding companies primarily within the U.S. The International operation writes non-U.S. property and casualty reinsurance through Everest Re’s branches in Canada and Singapore and through offices in Brazil, Miami and New Jersey. The Bermuda operation provides reinsurance and insurance to worldwide property and casualty markets and reinsurance to life insurers through brokers and directly with ceding companies from its Bermuda office and reinsurance to the United Kingdom and European markets through its UK branch and Ireland Re. The Insurance operation writes property and casualty insurance, including medical stop loss insurance, directly and through general agents, brokers and surplus lines brokers within the U.S. and Canada.

These segments are managed independently, but conform with corporate guidelines with respect to pricing, risk management, control of aggregate catastrophe exposures, capital, investments and support operations. Management generally monitors and evaluates the financial performance of these operating segments based upon their underwriting results.

Underwriting results include earned premium less losses and LAE incurred, commission and brokerage expenses and other underwriting expenses. Underwriting results are measured using ratios, in particular loss, commission and brokerage and other underwriting expense ratios, which, respectively, divide incurred losses, commissions and brokerage and other underwriting expenses by premiums earned. The Company utilizes inter-affiliate reinsurance, although such reinsurance does not materially impact segment results, as business is generally reported within the segment in which the business was first produced.

The Company does not maintain separate balance sheet data for its operating segments. Accordingly, the Company does not review and evaluate the financial results of its operating segments based upon balance sheet data.

The following tables present the underwriting results for the operating segments for the periods indicated:

U.S. Reinsurance (Dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Gross written premiums	\$433,494	\$360,833	\$938,444	\$947,155
Net written premiums	432,453	360,331	936,005	945,273
Premiums earned	\$353,651	\$326,824	\$1,032,994	\$953,459

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Incurred losses and LAE	211,945	193,886	630,099	712,044
Commission and brokerage	77,090	71,131	278,572	231,486
Other underwriting expenses	12,767	10,843	33,541	30,621
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$51,849	\$50,964	\$90,782	\$(20,692)

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International (Dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Gross written premiums	\$244,288	\$326,053	\$865,823	\$923,649
Net written premiums	244,254	321,601	865,779	912,145
Premiums earned	\$268,875	\$300,692	\$899,399	\$934,187
Incurred losses and LAE	114,807	169,475	423,228	995,821
Commission and brokerage	60,480	78,228	213,447	230,444
Other underwriting expenses	8,249	7,549	21,532	20,938
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$85,339	\$45,440	\$241,192	\$(313,016)
Bermuda (Dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Gross written premiums	\$191,684	\$205,326	\$553,687	\$560,213
Net written premiums	191,691	205,463	553,024	560,413
Premiums earned	\$168,409	\$200,602	\$502,153	\$566,092
Incurred losses and LAE	95,849	161,748	302,742	491,466
Commission and brokerage	44,470	40,028	133,080	133,845
Other underwriting expenses	8,161	6,729	22,536	20,142
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$19,929	\$(7,903)	\$43,795	\$(79,361)
Insurance (Dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Gross written premiums	\$334,531	\$236,294	\$801,527	\$750,283
Net written premiums	232,054	203,395	617,187	647,964
Premiums earned	\$218,519	\$216,220	\$610,686	\$641,881
Incurred losses and LAE	181,053	195,602	457,921	506,945
Commission and brokerage	39,042	38,582	99,275	106,025
Other underwriting expenses	26,585	24,316	76,323	68,589
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$(28,161)	\$(42,280)	\$(22,833)	\$(39,678)

The following table reconciles the underwriting results for the operating segments to income before taxes as reported in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss) for the periods indicated:

(Dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$128,956	\$46,221	\$352,936	\$(452,747)
Net investment income	152,024	156,465	453,791	493,788
Net realized capital gains (losses)	62,743	(137,671)	144,882	(130,360)
Net derivative gain (loss)	703	(23,427)	(9,420)	(19,273)
Corporate expenses	(5,947)	(4,204)	(16,683)	(11,922)
Interest, fee and bond issue cost amortization expense	(13,331)	(13,085)	(39,753)	(39,199)

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Other income (expense)	(5,943)	(14,911)	15,675	(31,744)
Income (loss) before taxes	\$319,205	\$9,388	\$901,428	\$(191,457)

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The Company produces business in the U.S., Bermuda and internationally. The net income deriving from and assets residing in the individual foreign countries in which the Company writes business are not identifiable in the Company's financial records. Based on gross written premium, the table below presents the largest country, other than the U.S., in which the Company writes business, for the period indicated:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
(Dollars in thousands)	2012	2011	2012	2011
United Kingdom	\$ 136,633	\$ 137,089	\$ 355,785	\$ 346,916

No other country represented more than 5% of the Company's revenues.

16. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION PLANS

For the three months ended September 30, 2012, share-based compensation awards granted were 14,540 restricted shares, granted on September 19, 2012, with a fair value of \$110.13 per share and 454 options, granted on September 19, 2012, with a grant exercise price of \$110.13 per share and a per option fair value of \$22.55. The following assumptions were used in calculating the fair value of the options granted:

Weighted-average volatility	25.82%
Weighted-average dividend yield	2.00%
Weighted-average expected term	6.34 years
Weighted-average risk-free rate	1.03%

17. RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The Company maintains both qualified and non-qualified defined benefit pension plans and a retiree health plan for its U.S. employees employed prior to April 1, 2010.

Net periodic benefit cost for U.S. employees included the following components for the periods indicated:

Pension Benefits	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
(Dollars in thousands)	2012	2011	2012	2011
Service cost	\$ 2,342	\$ 2,047	\$ 7,026	\$ 6,142
Interest cost	1,993	1,921	5,951	5,764
Expected return on plan assets	(1,936)	(2,265)	(6,154)	(6,795)
Amortization of prior service cost	11	13	37	38
Amortization of net (income) loss	1,725	1,094	4,578	3,284
ASC 715 settlement charge	-	230	-	691
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 4,135	\$ 3,040	\$ 11,438	\$ 9,124

Other Benefits	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
(Dollars in thousands)	2012	2011	2012	2011
Service cost	\$ 419	\$ 291	\$ 1,159	\$ 871
Interest cost	258	234	774	703
Amortization of net (income) loss	108	40	256	122

Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 785	\$ 565	\$ 2,189	\$ 1,696
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The Company did not make any contributions to the qualified pension benefit plan for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011.

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18. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the normal course of business, the Company, through its affiliates, engages in reinsurance and brokerage and commission business transactions with companies controlled by or affiliated with one or more of its outside directors. Such transactions, individually and in the aggregate, are not material to the Company's financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

19. INCOME TAXES

The Company is domiciled in Bermuda and has significant subsidiaries and/or branches in Canada, Ireland, Singapore, the United Kingdom, and the United States. The Company's Bermuda domiciled subsidiaries are exempt from income taxation under Bermuda law until 2035. The Company's non-Bermudian subsidiaries and branches are subject to income taxation at varying rates in their respective domiciles.

The Company generally will use the estimated annual effective tax rate approach for calculating its tax provision for interim periods as prescribed by ASC 740-270, Interim Reporting. Under the estimated annual effective tax rate approach, the estimated annual effective tax rate is applied to the interim year-to-date pre-tax income to determine the income tax expense or benefit for the year-to-date period. The tax expense or benefit for a quarter represents the difference between the year-to-date tax expense or benefit for the current year-to-date period less such amount for the immediately preceding year-to-date period. Management considers the impact of all known events in its estimation of the Company's annual pre-tax income and effective tax rate.

During the third quarter of 2012, the Internal Revenue Service completed its audit of the Company for the 2007 and 2008 tax years. At the conclusion of the audit, the Company paid additional federal income taxes of \$12,747 thousand plus interest of \$1,702 thousand. The additional tax liability resulted primarily from adjustments to the timing of the Company's utilization of foreign tax credits and therefore, including interest but net of other permanent benefit adjustments, resulted in only \$752 thousand of additional income tax expense. Conversely, also as a result of closing the IRS audit, the Company was able to take down its reserve for uncertain tax positions by \$9,657 thousand and related interest by \$1,567 thousand, resulting in an income tax benefit of \$11,223 thousand.

During the first and second quarters of 2012, the Company had identified understatements in its Deferred tax asset account of \$21,674 thousand. The understatements resulted from differences between filed and recorded amounts that had accumulated over several prior periods. The Company corrected these understatements in its first and second quarter financial statements, resulting in an additional \$21,674 thousand income tax benefit included in the income tax expense (benefit) caption in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) and increased net income for the same amount. The Company also increased its Deferred tax asset in its Consolidated Balance Sheets by \$21,674 thousand. The Company believes that the out of period adjustments are immaterial to its 2012 quarterly financial statements and to all prior periods. As such, the Company has not restated any prior period amounts.

20. ACQUISITIONS

During the first quarter of 2011, the Company made several acquisitions to expand its domestic and Canadian insurance operations. Below are descriptions of the transactions.

On January 2, 2011, the Company acquired the entire business and operations of Heartland Crop Insurance, Inc. ("Heartland") of Topeka, Kansas for \$55,000 thousand in cash, plus contingent payments in future periods based upon achievement of performance targets. Heartland is a managing general agent specializing in crop insurance.

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On January 28, 2011, the Company acquired the entire business and operations of Premiere Underwriting Services (“Premiere”) of Toronto, Canada. Premiere is a managing general agent specializing in entertainment and sports and leisure risks. On January 31, 2011, the Company acquired the renewal rights and operations of the financial lines business of Executive Risk Insurance Services, Ltd. (“Executive Risk”) of Toronto, Canada. The financial lines business of Executive Risk mainly underwrites Directors and Officers Liability, Fidelity, and Errors and Omissions Liability.

Overall, the Company recorded \$35,068 thousand of goodwill and \$26,903 thousand of intangible assets related to these acquisitions, which are reported as part of other assets within the consolidated balance sheets. All intangible assets recorded as part of these acquisitions will be amortized on a straight line basis over seven years.

21. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In October 2012, Hurricane Sandy severely impacted the Northeastern United States. Due to the recentness of this event, the Company is unable to estimate the amount of losses at this time. However, the Company anticipates that this event will adversely impact fourth quarter 2012 and full year 2012 financial statements.

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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATION

Industry Conditions.

The worldwide reinsurance and insurance businesses are highly competitive, as well as cyclical by product and market. As such, financial results tend to fluctuate with periods of constrained availability, high rates and strong profits followed by periods of abundant capacity, low rates and constrained profitability. Competition in the types of reinsurance and insurance business that we underwrite is based on many factors, including the perceived overall financial strength of the reinsurer or insurer, ratings of the reinsurer or insurer by A.M. Best and/or Standard & Poor's, underwriting expertise, the jurisdictions where the reinsurer or insurer is licensed or otherwise authorized, capacity and coverages offered, premiums charged, other terms and conditions of the reinsurance and insurance business offered, services offered, speed of claims payment and reputation and experience in lines written. Furthermore, the market impact from these competitive factors related to reinsurance and insurance is generally not consistent across lines of business, domestic and international geographical areas and distribution channels.

We compete in the U.S., Bermuda and international reinsurance and insurance markets with numerous global competitors. Our competitors include independent reinsurance and insurance companies, subsidiaries or affiliates of established worldwide insurance companies, reinsurance departments of certain insurance companies and domestic and international underwriting operations, including underwriting syndicates at Lloyd's. Some of these competitors have greater financial resources than we do and have established long term and continuing business relationships, which can be a significant competitive advantage. In addition, the lack of strong barriers to entry into the reinsurance business and the potential for securitization of reinsurance and insurance risks through capital markets provide additional sources of potential reinsurance and insurance capacity and competition.

Worldwide insurance and reinsurance market conditions continued to be very competitive, particularly in the casualty lines of business. Generally, there was ample insurance and reinsurance capacity relative to demand. Competition and its effect on rates, terms and conditions vary widely by market and coverage yet continued to be most prevalent in the U.S. casualty insurance and reinsurance markets.

However, during 2011, the industry experienced significant losses from Australian floods, the New Zealand earthquake, the earthquake and tsunami in Japan, storms in the U.S., and the Thailand floods. It is too early to determine the longer term impact on market conditions as a result of these events. While there have been meaningful rate increases for catastrophe coverages in some global catastrophe prone regions, particularly areas impacted by these losses, whether the magnitude of these losses is sufficient to increase rates and improve market conditions for other lines of business remains to be seen.

Overall, we believe that current marketplace conditions, particularly for catastrophe coverages, provide profit opportunities for us given our strong ratings, distribution system, reputation and expertise. We continue to employ our strategy of targeting business that offers the greatest profit potential, while maintaining balance and diversification in our overall portfolio.

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Financial Summary.

We monitor and evaluate our overall performance based upon financial results. The following table displays a summary of the consolidated net income (loss), ratios and shareholders' equity for the periods indicated.

(Dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)		Nine Months Ended September 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)	
	2012	2011			2012	2011		
Gross written premiums	\$ 1,204.0	\$ 1,128.5	6.7	%	\$ 3,159.5	\$ 3,181.3	-0.7	%
Net written premiums	1,100.5	1,090.8	0.9	%	2,972.0	3,065.8	-3.1	%

REVENUES:

Premiums earned	\$ 1,009.5	\$ 1,044.3	-3.3	%	\$ 3,045.2	\$ 3,095.6	-1.6	%
Net investment income	152.0	156.5	-2.8	%	453.8	493.8	-8.1	%
Net realized capital gains (losses)	62.7	(137.7)	-145.6	%	144.9	(130.4)	-211.1	%
Net derivative gain (loss)	0.7	(23.4)	-103.0	%	(9.4)	(19.3)	-51.1	%
Other income (expense)	(5.9)	(14.9)	-60.2	%	15.7	(31.7)	-149.4	%
Total revenues	1,219.0	1,024.8	18.9	%	3,650.2	3,408.0	7.1	%

CLAIMS AND EXPENSES:

Incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses	603.7	720.7	-16.2	%	1,814.0	2,706.3	-33.0	%
Commission, brokerage, taxes and fees	221.1	228.0	-3.0	%	724.4	701.8	3.2	%
Other underwriting expenses	55.8	49.4	12.8	%	153.9	140.3	9.7	%
Corporate expenses	5.9	4.2	41.4	%	16.7	11.9	39.9	%
Interest, fees and bond issue cost amortization expense	13.3	13.1	1.9	%	39.8	39.2	1.4	%
Total claims and expenses	899.8	1,015.4	-11.4	%	2,748.7	3,599.5	-23.6	%

INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE

TAXES	319.2	9.4	NM		901.4	(191.5)	NM	
Income tax expense (benefit)	68.3	(53.7)	-227.2	%	131.3	(69.9)	NM	
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ 250.9	\$ 63.1	NM		\$ 770.2	\$ (121.5)	NM	

					Point						Point
RATIOS:					Change						Change
Loss ratio	59.8	%	69.0	%	(9.2)	59.6	%	87.4	%	(27.8)	
Commission and brokerage ratio	21.9	%	21.8	%	0.1	23.8	%	22.7	%	1.1	
Other underwriting expense ratio	5.5	%	4.8	%	0.7	5.0	%	4.5	%	0.5	
Combined ratio	87.2	%	95.6	%	(8.4)	88.4	%	114.6	%	(26.2)	

(Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)	At September 30,	At December 31,	Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
	2012	2011	

Balance sheet data:

Total investments and cash	\$ 16,534.0	\$ 15,797.4	4.7	%
Total assets	19,667.5	18,893.6	4.1	%
Loss and loss adjustment expense reserves	9,847.2	10,123.2	-2.7	%
Total debt	818.1	818.1	0.0	%
Total liabilities	12,882.1	12,822.2	0.5	%
Shareholders' equity	6,785.4	6,071.4	11.8	%
Book value per share	131.22	112.99	16.1	%

(NM, not meaningful)

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Revenues.

Premiums. Gross written premiums increased by 6.7% to \$1,204.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, compared to \$1,128.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 reflecting a \$98.2 million increase in our insurance business, partially offset by a \$22.7 million decrease in our reinsurance business. Gross written premiums decreased by 0.7% to \$3,159.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012, compared to \$3,181.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 reflecting a \$73.1 million decrease in our reinsurance business, partially offset by a \$51.2 million increase in our insurance business. The decrease in reinsurance premiums was primarily due to the non-renewal of a large Florida quota share reinsurance contract, partially offset by increases in new business and rate increases on renewals, particularly for catastrophe exposed contracts. The increase in insurance

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premiums was primarily due to the growth in crop and primary medical stop loss insurance, partially offset by the termination and runoff of several large casualty programs.

Net written premiums increased by 0.9% to \$1,100.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$1,090.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 and decreased by 3.1% to \$2,972.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$3,065.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011. The variance between the changes in gross and net written premiums was primarily attributable to the growth in the crop business, for which the Company uses a higher level of reinsurance. Premiums earned decreased by 3.3% to \$1,009.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$1,044.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 and decreased by 1.6% to \$3,045.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$3,095.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011. The fluctuations in premiums earned in comparison to net written premiums were primarily attributable to changes in the mix of business, particularly crop insurance which has a different premiums earning pattern.

Net Investment Income. Net investment income decreased by 2.8% to \$152.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared with net investment income of \$156.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011, primarily due to the impact from lower reinvestment rates on fixed maturity securities over the past several years. Net investment income decreased by 8.1% to \$453.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared with net investment income of \$493.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, primarily as a result of an \$18.8 million decrease in investment income from our limited partnership investments and the impact from lower reinvestment rates. Net pre-tax investment income, as a percentage of average invested assets, was 4.0% for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to 4.1% for the three months ended September 30, 2011 and 3.9% for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to 4.4% for the nine months ended September 30, 2011. The declines in these yields were primarily the result of fluctuations in our limited partnership income and lower reinvestment rates for the fixed income portfolio.

Net Realized Capital Gains (Losses). Net realized capital gains were \$62.7 million and net realized capital losses were \$137.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The \$62.7 million was comprised of \$60.8 million of gains from fair value re-measurements and \$5.5 million of net realized capital gains from sales on our fixed maturity and equity securities, which were partially offset by \$3.5 million of other-than-temporary impairments. The net realized capital losses of \$137.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 were the result of \$160.7 million of losses from fair value re-measurements and \$1.1 million of other-than-temporary impairments, partially offset by \$24.0 million from net realized capital gains from sales on our fixed maturity and equity securities.

Net realized capital gains were \$144.9 million and net realized capital losses were \$130.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The \$144.9 million was comprised of \$111.2 million of gains from fair value re-measurements and \$43.6 million of net realized capital gains from sales on our fixed maturity and equity securities, which were partially offset by \$9.9 million of other-than-temporary impairments. The net realized capital losses of \$130.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 were the result of \$123.8 million of losses from fair value re-measurements and \$15.8 million of other-than-temporary impairments, partially offset by \$9.2 million of net realized capital gains from sales on our fixed maturity and equity securities.

Net Derivative Gain (Loss). In 2005 and prior, we sold seven equity index put option contracts, which remain outstanding. These contracts meet the definition of a derivative in accordance with FASB guidance and as such, are fair valued each quarter with the change recorded as net derivative gain or loss in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss). As a result of these adjustments in value, we recognized net derivative gains of \$0.7 million and net derivative losses of \$23.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, and net derivative losses of \$9.4 million and \$19.3 million for the nine months ended September

30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The change in the fair value of these equity index put option contracts is indicative of the change in the equity markets and interest rates over the same periods.

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Other Income (Expense). We recorded other expense of \$5.9 million and other income of \$15.7 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, respectively, and other expense of \$14.9 million and \$31.7 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, respectively. The changes were primarily the result of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates for the corresponding periods.

Claims and Expenses.

Incurred Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses. The following table presents our incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses ("LAE") for the periods indicated.

(Dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended September 30,					
	Current Year	Ratio %/ Pt Change	Prior Years	Ratio %/ Pt Change	Total Incurred	Ratio %/ Pt Change
2012						
Attritional (a)	\$ 579.2	57.4 %	\$ (0.6)	-0.1 %	\$ 578.7	57.3 %
Catastrophes	25.0	2.5 %	-	0.0 %	25.0	2.5 %
A&E	-	0.0 %	-	0.0 %	-	0.0 %
Total	\$ 604.2	59.9 %	\$ (0.6)	-0.1 %	\$ 603.7	59.8 %
2011						
Attritional (a)	\$ 584.1	55.9 %	\$ 4.3	0.4 %	\$ 588.4	56.3 %
Catastrophes	132.3	12.7 %	-	0.0 %	132.3	12.7 %
A&E	-	0.0 %	-	0.0 %	-	0.0 %
Total	\$ 716.4	68.6 %	\$ 4.3	0.4 %	\$ 720.7	69.0 %
Variance 2012/2011						
Attritional (a)	\$ (4.9)	1.5 pts	\$ (4.9)	(0.5) pts	\$ (9.7)	1.0 pts
Catastrophes	(107.3)	(10.2) pts	-	- pts	(107.3)	(10.2) pts
A&E	-	- pts	-	- pts	-	- pts
Total	\$ (112.2)	(8.7) pts	\$ (4.9)	(0.5) pts	\$ (117.1)	(9.2) pts
(Dollars in millions)	Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	Current Year	Ratio %/ Pt Change	Prior Years	Ratio %/ Pt Change	Total Incurred	Ratio %/ Pt Change
2012						
Attritional (a)	\$ 1,729.8	56.8 %	\$ (1.0)	0.0 %	\$ 1,728.9	56.8 %
Catastrophes	85.0	2.8 %	-	0.0 %	85.0	2.8 %
A&E	-	0.0 %	0.1	0.0 %	0.1	0.0 %
Total	\$ 1,814.8	59.6 %	\$ (0.8)	0.0 %	\$ 1,814.0	59.6 %
2011						
Attritional (a)	\$ 1,784.6	57.6 %	\$ 0.6	0.0 %	\$ 1,785.2	57.6 %
Catastrophes	920.3	29.7 %	-	0.0 %	920.3	29.7 %
A&E	-	0.0 %	0.8	0.0 %	0.8	0.0 %
Total	\$ 2,705.0	87.4 %	\$ 1.3	0.0 %	\$ 2,706.3	87.4 %
Variance 2012/2011						
Attritional (a)	\$ (54.8)	(0.8) pts	\$ (1.6)	- pts	\$ (56.3)	(0.8) pts

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Catastrophes	(835.3)	(26.9)	pts	-	-	pts	(835.3)	(26.9)	pts
A&E	-	-	pts	(0.7)	-	pts	(0.7)	-	pts
Total	\$ (890.2)	(27.8)	pts	\$ (2.1)	-	pts	\$ (892.3)	(27.8)	pts

(a) Attritional losses exclude catastrophe and Asbestos and Environmental ("A&E") losses.

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Incurred losses and LAE decreased by 16.2% to \$603.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$720.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011, representing 9.2 loss ratio points. Current year catastrophe losses were lower by \$107.3 million, or 10.2 points, period over period. The \$25.0 million of current year catastrophe losses for 2012 relate to Hurricane Isaac. The \$132.3 million of current year catastrophe losses for 2011 relates primarily to increased loss estimates for the first quarter 2011 Japanese earthquake and tsunami (\$65.0 million), Hurricane Irene (\$35.0 million) and the 2011 New Zealand earthquake (\$27.0 million). Current year attritional losses decreased \$4.9 million reflecting the decline in premiums earned but loss ratio increased 1.5 points, primarily due to losses on the crop book of business.

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Incurred losses and LAE decreased by 33.0% to \$1,814.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$2,706.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, representing 27.8 loss ratio points. Current year catastrophe losses were lower by \$835.3 million, or 26.9 points, period over period. The \$85.0 million of current year catastrophe losses for 2012 related to U.S. storms (\$60.0 million) and Hurricane Isaac (\$25.0 million). The \$920.3 million of current year catastrophe losses for 2011 related primarily to the Japanese earthquake and tsunami (\$479.7 million), the 2011 New Zealand earthquake (\$269.0 million), the Australian floods (\$54.9 million), U.S. storms (\$52.1 million), Hurricane Irene (\$35.0 million) and the Canadian Slave Lake fire (\$13.0 million). Current year attritional losses decreased \$54.8 million, representing 0.8 loss ratio points, due to significant rate increases in catastrophe exposed areas and a shift in mix of business towards property catastrophe and excess of loss business, which generally has lower attritional losses, partially offset by losses from crop insurance.

Commission, Brokerage, Taxes and Fees. Commission, brokerage, taxes and fees decreased by 3.0% to \$221.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$228.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011, and increased by 3.2% to \$724.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$701.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011. The three month decrease is primarily due to an increase in excess of loss business which carries a lower commission than pro rata business. The nine month increase is due primarily to the one-time effect of the non-renewal of a Florida quota share contract and the adoption of new accounting standards concerning the accounting for acquisition costs, which is increasing expenses in 2012.

Other Underwriting Expenses. Other underwriting expenses increased to \$55.8 million from \$49.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Other underwriting expenses increased to \$153.9 million from \$140.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The increases in other underwriting expenses were mainly due to higher share-based compensation and employee benefit plan expenses.

Corporate Expenses. Corporate expenses, which are general operating expenses that are not allocated to segments, were \$5.9 million and \$4.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, and \$16.7 million and \$11.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The increases in corporate expenses were mainly due to higher share-based compensation expense.

Interest, Fees and Bond Issue Cost Amortization Expense. Interest, fees and other bond amortization expense was \$13.3 million and \$13.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, and \$39.8 million and \$39.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Income Tax Expense (Benefit). We had an income tax expense of \$68.3 million and \$131.3 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, respectively, and an income tax benefit of \$53.7 million and \$69.9 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, respectively. Our income tax is primarily a function of the statutory tax rates and corresponding pre-tax income in the jurisdictions where we operate, coupled with the impact from tax-preferenced investment income. Variations in our effective tax rate generally result from changes in the relative levels of pre-tax income among jurisdictions with different tax rates. The increases in tax expense were mainly due to the improvement in taxable income resulting from lower catastrophe losses in 2012. The nine month income tax expense also reflects tax benefits of \$21.7 million realized due to corrections of understatements in the deferred tax asset account and \$11.2 million of tax benefits from a reduction in our reserve for uncertain tax positions due to the closing of an IRS audit.

Net Income (Loss).

Our net income was \$250.9 million and \$63.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Our net income was \$770.2 million and our net loss was \$121.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The increases were primarily driven by the decline in catastrophe losses in 2012.

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Ratios.

Our combined ratio decreased by 8.4 points to 87.2% for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to 95.6% for the same period in 2011 and decreased by 26.2 points to 88.4% for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to 114.6% for the same period in 2011. The loss ratio component decreased 9.2 points and 27.8 points for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, respectively, over the same periods last year. The other underwriting expense ratio component and the commission and brokerage ratio component both increased over the same periods last year due to the explanations provided above.

Shareholders' Equity.

Shareholders' equity increased by \$714.0 million to \$6,785.4 million at September 30, 2012 from \$6,071.4 million at December 31, 2011, principally as a result of \$770.2 million of net income, \$196.5 million of unrealized appreciation on investments, net of tax, share-based compensation transactions of \$42.7 million, \$27.1 million of net foreign currency translation adjustments and \$3.2 million of net benefit plan obligation adjustments, partially offset by repurchases of 2.6 million common shares for \$250.0 million and \$75.7 million of shareholder dividends.

Consolidated Investment Results

Net Investment Income.

Net investment income decreased by 2.8% to \$152.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$156.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011, and decreased by 8.1% to \$453.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$493.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, primarily due to changes in income from our limited partnership investments and declines in income from our fixed maturities, reflective of declining reinvestment rates.

The following table shows the components of net investment income for the periods indicated.

(Dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Fixed maturities	\$ 122.9	\$ 131.7	\$ 367.8	\$ 397.2
Equity securities	13.4	15.8	46.9	40.8
Short-term investments and cash	0.4	0.4	0.9	1.0
Other invested assets				
Limited partnerships	18.6	15.7	47.9	66.7
Other	1.5	(1.5)	2.5	3.2
Total gross investment income	156.6	162.0	465.9	509.0
Interest debited (credited) and other expense	(4.6)	(5.6)	(12.1)	(15.2)
Total net investment income	\$ 152.0	\$ 156.5	\$ 453.8	\$ 493.8

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

The following tables show a comparison of various investment yields for the periods indicated.

At September 30, 2012	At December 31, 2011
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Imbedded pre-tax yield of cash and invested assets	3.6%	3.9%
Imbedded after-tax yield of cash and invested assets	3.1%	3.4%

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Annualized pre-tax yield on average cash and invested assets	4.0%	4.1%	3.9%	4.4%
Annualized after-tax yield on average cash and invested assets	3.4%	3.6%	3.4%	3.8%

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Net Realized Capital Gains (Losses).

The following table presents the composition of our net realized capital gains (losses) for the periods indicated.

(Dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2012	2011	Variance	2012	2011	Variance
Gains (losses) from sales:						
Fixed maturity securities, market value:						
Gains	\$ 6.9	\$ 36.7	\$ (29.8)	\$ 21.9	\$ 60.4	\$ (38.5)
Losses	(3.5)	(13.2)	9.7	(12.4)	(52.5)	40.1
Total	3.4	23.4	(20.0)	9.5	7.8	1.7
Fixed maturity securities, fair value:						
Gains	0.6	0.2	0.4	6.1	1.0	5.1
Losses	(0.2)	(0.3)	0.1	(0.6)	(2.0)	1.4
Total	0.5	(0.1)	0.5	5.5	(1.0)	6.5
Equity securities, market value:						
Gains	-	-	-	7.2	0.2	7.0
Losses	(1.5)	-	(1.5)	(1.8)	(0.2)	(1.6)
Total	(1.4)	-	(1.5)	5.4	-	5.4
Equity securities, fair value:						
Gains	5.3	6.0	(0.7)	33.3	9.0	24.3
Losses	(2.2)	(5.4)	3.2	(10.1)	(6.7)	(3.4)
Total	3.1	0.6	2.5	23.2	2.3	20.9
Total net realized capital gains (losses) from sales:						
Gains	12.8	42.9	(30.1)	68.5	70.6	(2.1)
Losses	(7.3)	(18.9)	11.6	(24.9)	(61.4)	36.5
Total	5.5	24.0	(18.5)	43.6	9.2	34.4
Other-than-temporary impairments:	(3.5)	(1.1)	(2.5)	(9.9)	(15.8)	5.9
Gains (losses) from fair value adjustments:						
Fixed maturities, fair value	0.3	(5.0)	5.3	1.6	(8.5)	10.1
Equity securities, fair value	60.5	(155.7)	216.2	109.6	(115.2)	224.8
Total	60.8	(160.7)	221.5	111.2	(123.8)	235.0
Total net realized capital gains (losses)						
	\$ 62.7	\$ (137.7)	\$ 200.4	\$ 144.9	\$ (130.4)	\$ 275.3

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Net realized capital gains were \$62.7 million and net realized capital losses were \$137.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. For the three months ended September 30, 2012, we recorded

\$60.8 million of net realized capital gains due to fair value re-measurements on fixed maturity and equity securities and \$5.5 million of net realized capital gains from sales of fixed maturity and equity securities, partially offset by \$3.5 million of other-than-temporary impairments. For the three months ended September 30, 2011, we recorded \$160.7 million of net realized capital losses due to fair value re-measurements on fixed maturity and equity securities and \$1.1 million of other-than-temporary impairments, partially offset by \$24.0 million of net realized capital gains from sales of fixed maturity and equity securities. The gains and losses on the sales of fixed maturity securities in 2011 included the impact of selling part of our municipal bond portfolio as credit concerns arose in this market sector.

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Net realized capital gains were \$144.9 million and net realized capital losses were \$130.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2012, we recorded \$111.2 million of net realized capital gains due to fair value re-measurements on fixed maturity and equity securities and \$43.6 million of net realized capital gains from sales of fixed maturity and equity securities, partially offset by \$9.9 million of other-than-temporary impairments. For the nine months ended September 30, 2011, we recorded \$123.8 million of losses due to fair value re-measurements on fixed maturity and equity securities and \$15.8 million of other-than-temporary impairments, partially offset by \$9.2 million of net realized capital gains from sales of fixed maturity and equity securities. The gains and losses on the sales of fixed maturity securities in 2011 included the impact of selling part of our municipal bond portfolio as credit concerns arose in this market sector.

Segment Results.

During the quarter ended September 30, 2011, we realigned our reporting segments to reflect recent changes in the type and volume of business written. We previously reported the results of Marine & Aviation, Surety, A&H Reinsurance and A&H Primary operations as a separate segment—Specialty Underwriting. The A&H primary business, which is a relatively new line of business for us, has increased significantly, representing approximately 2% of premiums earned and is projected to continue to grow. The A&H primary business is better aligned with the Insurance reporting segment based on the similarities of this business with those businesses already reflected in the Insurance segment. The other operating units included in the Specialty Underwriting segment would have encompassed less than 5% of our premiums earned and their volume is projected to remain less than 5%. As a result of the size of these remaining operating units and their similarity to the business reported within U.S. Reinsurance, they have been reclassified to the U.S. Reinsurance segment. There has been no change to the International and Bermuda reporting segments. We have restated all segment information for prior years to conform to the new reporting segment structure.

The U.S. Reinsurance operation writes property and casualty reinsurance and specialty lines of business, including Marine, Aviation, Surety and A&H business, on both a treaty and facultative basis, through reinsurance brokers, as well as directly with ceding companies primarily within the U.S. The International operation writes non-U.S. property and casualty reinsurance through Everest Re's branches in Canada and Singapore and through offices in Brazil, Miami and New Jersey. The Bermuda operation provides reinsurance and insurance to worldwide property and casualty markets and reinsurance to life insurers through brokers and directly with ceding companies from its Bermuda office and reinsurance to the United Kingdom and European markets through its UK branch and Ireland Re. The Insurance operation writes property and casualty insurance, including medical stop loss insurance, directly and through general agents, brokers and surplus lines brokers within the U.S. and Canada.

These segments are managed independently, but conform with corporate guidelines with respect to pricing, risk management, control of aggregate catastrophe exposures, capital, investments and support operations. Management generally monitors and evaluates the financial performance of these operating segments based upon their underwriting results.

Underwriting results include earned premium less losses and LAE incurred, commission and brokerage expenses and other underwriting expenses. We measure our underwriting results using ratios, in particular loss, commission and brokerage and other underwriting expense ratios, which respectively, divide incurred losses, commissions and brokerage and other underwriting expenses by premiums earned. We utilize inter-affiliate reinsurance, although such reinsurance does not materially impact segment results, as business is generally reported within the segment in which the business was first produced.

Our loss and LAE reserves are our best estimate of our ultimate liability for unpaid claims. We re-evaluate our estimates on an ongoing basis, including all prior period reserves, taking into consideration all available information and, in particular, recently reported loss claim experience and trends related to prior periods. Such re-evaluations are

recorded in incurred losses in the period in which re-evaluation is made.

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The following discusses the underwriting results for each of our segments for the periods indicated.

U.S. Reinsurance.

The following table presents the underwriting results and ratios for the U.S. Reinsurance segment for the periods indicated.

(Dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2012	2011	Variance	% Change	2012	2011	Variance	% Change
Gross written premiums	\$ 433.5	\$ 360.8	\$ 72.7	20.1 %	\$ 938.4	\$ 947.2	\$ (8.7)	-0.9 %
Net written premiums	432.5	360.3	72.1	20.0 %	936.0	945.3	(9.3)	-1.0 %
Premiums earned	\$ 353.7	\$ 326.8	\$ 26.8	8.2 %	\$ 1,033.0	\$ 953.5	\$ 79.5	8.3 %
Incurred losses and LAE	211.9	193.9	18.1	9.3 %	630.1	712.0	(81.9)	-11.5 %
Commission and brokerage	77.1	71.1	6.0	8.4 %	278.6	231.5	47.1	20.3 %
Other underwriting expenses	12.8	10.8	1.9	17.7 %	33.5	30.6	2.9	9.5 %
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$ 51.8	\$ 51.0	\$ 0.9	1.7 %	\$ 90.8	\$ (20.7)	\$ 111.5	NM
Loss ratio	59.9 %	59.3 %		0.6 Point Chg	61.0 %	74.7 %		(13.7) Point Chg
Commission and brokerage ratio	21.8 %	21.8 %		-	27.0 %	24.3 %		2.7
Other underwriting expense ratio	3.6 %	3.3 %		0.3	3.2 %	3.2 %		-
Combined ratio	85.3 %	84.4 %		0.9	91.2 %	102.2 %		(11.0)

(NM, not meaningful.)

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Premiums. Gross written premiums increased by 20.1% to \$433.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 from \$360.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011, primarily due to increased new business and higher premium rates on renewals, particularly for contracts with catastrophe exposed risks. Net written premiums increased 20.0% to \$432.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$360.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011, which is in line with the increase in gross written premiums for the quarter. Premiums earned increased 8.2% to \$353.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$326.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. The variance difference between premiums earned and net written premiums is primarily due to the non-renewal of the large Florida quota share reinsurance contract and other changes in the mix of business.

Gross written premiums decreased by 0.9% to \$938.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 from \$947.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, primarily due to the non-renewal of a large Florida

quota share reinsurance contract, partially offset by increased new business and higher premium rates on renewals, particularly for contracts with catastrophe exposed risks. Net written premiums decreased 1.0% to \$936.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$945.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, which is in line with the decrease in gross written premiums. Premiums earned increased 8.3% to \$1,033.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$953.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011. The variance difference between premiums earned and net written premiums is primarily attributable to the non-renewal of the large Florida quota share reinsurance contract, increases in new business, rate increases on renewals, particularly for catastrophe exposed contracts and changes in the mix of business.

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Incurred Losses and LAE. The following tables present the incurred losses and LAE for the U.S. Reinsurance segment for the periods indicated.

(Dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended September 30,					
	Current Year	Ratio %/ Pt Change	Prior Years	Ratio %/ Pt Change	Total Incurred	Ratio %/ Pt Change
2012						
Attritional	\$ 182.5	51.6 %	\$ (2.4)	-0.7 %	\$ 180.1	50.9 %
Catastrophes	24.9	7.1 %	6.9	1.9 %	31.8	9.0 %
A&E	-	0.0 %	-	0.0 %	-	0.0 %
Total segment	\$ 207.4	58.7 %	\$ 4.5	1.2 %	\$ 211.9	59.9 %
2011						
Attritional	\$ 163.8	50.0 %	\$ (2.5)	-0.7 %	\$ 161.3	49.3 %
Catastrophes	30.8	9.4 %	1.8	0.6 %	32.6	10.0 %
A&E	-	0.0 %	-	0.0 %	-	0.0 %
Total segment	\$ 194.6	59.4 %	\$ (0.7)	-0.1 %	\$ 193.9	59.3 %
Variance 2012/2011						
Attritional	\$ 18.7	1.6 pts	\$ 0.1	- pts	\$ 18.8	1.6 pts
Catastrophes	(5.9)	(2.3) pts	5.1	1.3 pts	(0.8)	(1.0) pts
A&E	-	- pts	-	- pts	-	- pts
Total segment	\$ 12.8	(0.7) pts	\$ 5.2	1.3 pts	\$ 18.1	0.6 pts
Nine Months Ended September 30,						
(Dollars in millions)	Current Year	Ratio %/ Pt Change	Prior Years	Ratio %/ Pt Change	Total Incurred	Ratio %/ Pt Change
	Year	Pt Change	Years	Pt Change	Incurred	Pt Change
2012						
Attritional	\$ 543.0	52.6 %	\$ 3.9	0.4 %	\$ 547.0	53.0 %
Catastrophes	84.9	8.2 %	(1.9)	-0.2 %	83.0	8.0 %
A&E	-	0.0 %	0.1	0.0 %	0.1	0.0 %
Total segment	\$ 628.0	60.8 %	\$ 2.1	0.2 %	\$ 630.1	61.0 %
2011						
Attritional	\$ 502.6	52.7 %	\$ (1.4)	-0.1 %	\$ 501.2	52.6 %
Catastrophes	199.1	20.9 %	11.7	1.2 %	210.8	22.1 %
A&E	-	0.0 %	-	0.0 %	-	0.0 %
Total segment	\$ 701.7	73.6 %	\$ 10.3	1.1 %	\$ 712.0	74.7 %
Variance 2012/2011						
Attritional	\$ 40.4	(0.1) pts	\$ 5.3	0.5 pts	\$ 45.8	0.4 pts
Catastrophes	(114.2)	(12.7) pts	(13.6)	(1.4) pts	(127.8)	(14.1) pts
A&E	-	- pts	0.1	- pts	0.1	- pts
Total segment	\$ (73.7)	(12.8) pts	\$ (8.2)	(0.9) pts	\$ (81.9)	(13.7) pts

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Incurred losses increased by 9.3% to \$211.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$193.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011, primarily as a result of the \$18.7 million (1.6 points) increase in current year attritional losses as a result of increased premiums earned and increased losses from assumed crop business. The \$24.9 million of current year catastrophe losses for 2012 was due to Hurricane Isaac. The \$30.8 million of current year catastrophe losses for 2011 related primarily to Hurricane Irene (\$26.5 million).

Incurred losses decreased by 11.5% to \$630.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$712.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, primarily as a result of the \$127.8 million (14.1 points) decrease in catastrophe losses. The \$84.9 million of current year catastrophe losses for 2012 related primarily to U.S. storm losses (\$60.0 million) and Hurricane Isaac (\$24.9 million). The \$199.1 million of current year catastrophe losses for 2011 related primarily to the Japanese earthquake and tsunami (\$69.5 million), U.S. tornadoes (\$50.1 million), the 2011 New Zealand earthquake (\$45.0 million) and Hurricane Irene (\$26.5 million). The current year attritional losses increased \$40.4 million, primarily due to the increase in earned premiums.

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Segment Expenses. Commission and brokerage expenses increased by 8.4% to \$77.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$71.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. Commission and brokerage expenses increased by 20.3% to \$278.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$231.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011. These variances were primarily due to the increase in premiums earned and the effect on commissions resulting from the non-renewal of a Florida quota share contract.

Segment other underwriting expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2012 increased to \$12.8 million from \$10.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. Segment other underwriting expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 increased to \$33.5 million from \$30.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011. These increases were primarily due to higher share-based compensation and employee benefit plan expenses.

International.

The following table presents the underwriting results and ratios for the International segment for the periods indicated.

(Dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2012	2011	Variance	Change %	2012	2011	Variance	Change %
Gross written premiums	\$244.3	\$326.1	\$ (81.8)	-25.1 %	\$865.8	\$923.6	\$ (57.8)	-6.3 %
Net written premiums	244.3	321.6	(77.3)	-24.1 %	865.8	912.1	(46.4)	-5.1 %
Premiums earned	\$268.9	\$300.7	\$ (31.8)	-10.6 %	\$899.4	\$934.2	\$ (34.8)	-3.7 %
Incurred losses and LAE	114.8	169.5	(54.7)	-32.3 %	423.2	995.8	(572.6)	-57.5 %
Commission and brokerage	60.5	78.2	(17.7)	-22.7 %	213.4	230.4	(17.0)	-7.4 %
Other underwriting expenses	8.2	7.5	0.7	9.3 %	21.5	20.9	0.6	2.8 %
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$85.3	\$45.4	\$ 39.9	87.8 %	\$241.2	\$(313.0)	\$ 554.2	-177.1 %
				Point Chg				Point Chg
Loss ratio	42.7 %	56.4 %		(13.7)	47.1 %	106.6 %		(59.5)
Commission and brokerage ratio	22.5 %	26.0 %		(3.5)	23.7 %	24.7 %		(1.0)
Other underwriting expense ratio	3.1 %	2.5 %		0.6	2.4 %	2.2 %		0.2
Combined ratio	68.3 %	84.9 %		(16.6)	73.2 %	133.5 %		(60.3)

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Premiums. Gross written premiums decreased by 25.1% to \$244.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$326.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011, primarily due to a shift in the mix of business away from pro rata to excess of loss business, which generates a lower premium rate commensurate with lower loss exposure. Net written premiums decreased by 24.1% to \$244.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$321.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011, principally as a result of the decrease in gross written premiums. Premiums earned decreased 10.6% to \$268.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$300.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is primarily the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period and

changes in the mix of business.

Gross written premiums decreased by 6.3% to \$865.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$923.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, primarily due to a shift in the mix of business towards excess of loss business. Net written premiums decreased by 5.1% to \$865.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$912.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, principally as a result of the decrease in gross written premiums. Premiums earned decreased 3.7% to \$899.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$934.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011. The change in premiums earned is comparable to the change in net written premiums.

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Incurred Losses and LAE. The following tables present the incurred losses and LAE for the International segment for the periods indicated.

(Dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended September 30,					
	Current Year	Ratio %/ Pt Change	Prior Years	Ratio %/ Pt Change	Total Incurred	Ratio %/ Pt Change
2012						
Attritional	\$ 125.9	46.9 %	\$ (4.5)	-1.7 %	\$ 121.4	45.2 %
Catastrophes	-	0.0 %	(6.6)	-2.5 %	(6.6)	-2.5 %
Total segment	\$ 125.9	46.9 %	\$ (11.1)	-4.2 %	\$ 114.8	42.7 %

2011						
Attritional	\$ 138.6	46.2 %	\$ (20.0)	-6.7 %	\$ 118.6	39.5 %
Catastrophes	51.3	17.1 %	(0.5)	-0.2 %	50.8	16.9 %
Total segment	\$ 189.9	63.3 %	\$ (20.5)	-6.9 %	\$ 169.5	56.4 %

Variance 2012/2011

Attritional	\$ (12.7)	0.7 pts	\$ 15.5	5.0 pts	\$ 2.8	5.7 pts
Catastrophes	(51.3)	(17.1) pts	(6.1)	(2.3) pts	(57.4)	(19.4) pts
Total segment	\$ (64.0)	(16.4) pts	\$ 9.4	2.7 pts	\$ (54.7)	(13.7) pts

(Dollars in millions)	Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	Current Year	Ratio %/ Pt Change	Prior Years	Ratio %/ Pt Change	Total Incurred	Ratio %/ Pt Change
2012						
Attritional	\$ 434.0	48.3 %	\$ (7.8)	-0.9 %	\$ 426.2	47.4 %
Catastrophes	-	0.0 %	(3.0)	-0.3 %	(3.0)	-0.3 %
Total segment	\$ 434.0	48.3 %	\$ (10.8)	-1.2 %	\$ 423.2	47.1 %

2011						
Attritional	\$ 472.7	50.6 %	\$ (30.0)	-3.2 %	\$ 442.6	47.4 %
Catastrophes	556.5	59.6 %	(3.4)	-0.4 %	553.2	59.2 %
Total segment	\$ 1,029.2	110.2 %	\$ (33.4)	-3.6 %	\$ 995.8	106.6 %

Variance

2012/2011

Attritional	\$ (38.7)	(2.3) pts	\$ 22.2	2.3 pts	\$ (16.4)	- pts
Catastrophes	(556.5)	(59.6) pts	0.4	0.1 pts	(556.2)	(59.5) pts
Total segment	\$ (595.2)	(61.9) pts	\$ 22.6	2.4 pts	\$ (572.6)	(59.5) pts

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Incurred losses and LAE decreased 32.3% to \$114.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$169.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011, representing 13.7 loss ratio points. The decrease was principally due to a \$51.3 million (17.1 points) decrease in current year catastrophe losses. There were no current year catastrophe losses for 2012. The \$51.3 million of 2011 current year catastrophes related primarily to the Japanese earthquake and tsunami (\$48.5 million). The current year attritional losses decreased by \$12.7 million,

due primarily to the decline in premiums earned.

Incurred losses and LAE decreased 57.5% to \$423.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$995.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, representing 59.5 loss ratio points. The decrease was principally due to a \$556.5 million (59.6 points) decrease in current year catastrophe losses. There were no current year catastrophe losses for 2012. The \$556.5 million of 2011 current year catastrophes related primarily to the Japanese earthquake and tsunami (\$322.2 million), the 2011 New Zealand earthquake (\$158.2 million) and the 2011 Australian floods (\$45.1 million). Current years' attritional losses decreased by \$38.7 million (2.3 points) due to rate increases in the Asian markets, particularly for catastrophe-exposed risks and a shift in the mix of business towards property catastrophe and excess of loss business, which generally have lower loss ratios.

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Segment Expenses. Commission and brokerage decreased 22.7% to \$60.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$78.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. Commission and brokerage decreased by 7.4% to \$213.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$230.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011. This is consistent with the reduction in earned premium and a shift in the mix of business towards property catastrophe and excess of loss business which have lower expenses.

Segment other underwriting expenses increased to \$8.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$7.5 million for the same period in 2011. Segment other underwriting expenses increased to \$21.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$20.9 million for the same period in 2011. The increases relate to higher personnel benefit costs.

Bermuda.

The following table presents the underwriting results and ratios for the Bermuda segment for the periods indicated.

(Dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2012	2011	Variance	Change %	2012	2011	Variance	Change %
Gross written premiums	\$191.7	\$205.3	\$ (13.6)	-6.6 %	\$553.7	\$560.2	\$ (6.5)	-1.2 %
Net written premiums	191.7	205.5	(13.8)	-6.7 %	553.0	560.4	(7.4)	-1.3 %
Premiums earned	\$168.4	\$200.6	\$ (32.2)	-16.0 %	\$502.2	\$566.1	\$ (63.9)	-11.3 %
Incurred losses and LAE	95.8	161.7	(65.9)	-40.7 %	302.7	491.5	(188.7)	-38.4 %
Commission and brokerage	44.5	40.0	4.4	11.1 %	133.1	133.8	(0.8)	-0.6 %
Other underwriting expenses	8.2	6.7	1.4	21.3 %	22.5	20.1	2.4	11.9 %
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$19.9	\$(7.9)	\$ 27.8	NM	\$43.8	\$(79.4)	\$ 123.2	-155.2 %
				Point Chg				Point Chg
Loss ratio	56.9 %	80.6 %		(23.7)	60.3 %	86.8 %		(26.5)
Commission and brokerage ratio	26.4 %	20.0 %		6.4	26.5 %	23.6 %		2.9
Other underwriting expense ratio	4.9 %	3.3 %		1.6	4.5 %	3.6 %		0.9
Combined ratio	88.2 %	103.9 %		(15.7)	91.3 %	114.0 %		(22.7)
(NM, not meaningful.)								
(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)								

Premiums. Gross written premiums decreased 6.6% to \$191.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$205.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011, primarily due to lower premiums resulting from strong competition in the European market partially offset by new business and increased premium on existing business written in our Bermuda office. Net written premiums decreased 6.7% to \$191.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$205.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011, in line with the decrease in gross written premiums. Premiums earned decreased 16.0% to \$168.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$200.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Gross written premiums decreased 1.2% to \$553.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$560.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, primarily due to lower premiums resulting from strong competition in the European market, partially offset by new business and increased premium on existing business written in our Bermuda office. Net written premiums decreased 1.3% to \$553.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$560.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, in line with the decrease in gross written premiums. Premiums earned decreased 11.3% to \$502.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$566.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over the coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

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Incurred Losses and LAE. The following tables present the incurred losses and LAE for the Bermuda segment for the periods indicated.

Three Months Ended September 30,									
(Dollars in millions)	Current Year	Ratio %/ Pt Change		Prior Years	Ratio %/ Pt Change		Total Incurred	Ratio %/ Pt Change	
2012									
Attrititional	\$ 95.9	57.0	%	\$ 0.2	0.1	%	\$ 96.1	57.1	%
Catastrophes	-	0.0	%	(0.3)	-0.2	%	(0.3)	-0.2	%
A&E	-	0.0	%	-	0.0	%	-	0.0	%
Total segment	\$ 95.9	57.0	%	\$ (0.1)	-0.1	%	\$ 95.8	56.9	%
2011									
Attrititional	\$ 113.6	56.6	%	\$ 1.8	0.9	%	\$ 115.4	57.5	%
Catastrophes	47.7	23.8	%	(1.3)	-0.7	%	46.4	23.1	%
A&E	-	0.0	%	-	0.0	%	-	0.0	%
Total segment	\$ 161.3	80.4	%	\$ 0.5	0.2	%	\$ 161.7	80.6	%
Variance 2012/2011									
Attrititional	\$ (17.7)	0.4	pts	\$ (1.6)	(0.8)	pts	\$ (19.3)	(0.4)	pts
Catastrophes	(47.7)	(23.8)	pts	1.0	0.5	pts	(46.7)	(23.3)	pts
A&E	-	-	pts	-	-	pts	-	-	pts
Total segment	\$ (65.4)	(23.4)	pts	\$ (0.6)	(0.3)	pts	\$ (65.9)	(23.7)	pts
Nine Months Ended September 30,									
(Dollars in millions)	Current Year	Ratio %/ Pt Change		Prior Years	Ratio %/ Pt Change		Total Incurred	Ratio %/ Pt Change	
2012									
Attrititional	\$ 300.4	59.8	%	\$ (2.6)	-0.5	%	\$ 297.8	59.3	%
Catastrophes	-	0.0	%	4.9	1.0	%	4.9	1.0	%
A&E	-	0.0	%	-	0.0	%	-	0.0	%
Total segment	\$ 300.4	59.8	%	\$ 2.3	0.5	%	\$ 302.7	60.3	%
2011									
Attrititional	\$ 330.2	58.4	%	\$ 7.0	1.2	%	\$ 337.2	59.6	%
Catastrophes	162.2	28.6	%	(8.7)	-1.5	%	153.5	27.1	%
A&E	-	0.0	%	0.8	0.1	%	0.8	0.1	%
Total segment	\$ 492.4	87.0	%	\$ (0.9)	-0.2	%	\$ 491.5	86.8	%
Variance 2012/2011									
Attrititional	\$ (29.8)	1.4	pts	\$ (9.6)	(1.7)	pts	\$ (39.4)	(0.3)	pts
Catastrophes	(162.2)	(28.6)	pts	13.6	2.5	pts	(148.6)	(26.1)	pts
A&E	-	-	pts	(0.8)	(0.1)	pts	(0.8)	(0.1)	pts
Total segment	\$ (192.0)	(27.2)	pts	\$ 3.2	0.7	pts	\$ (188.7)	(26.5)	pts

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Incurring losses and LAE decreased 40.7% to \$95.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$161.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. The decrease was principally due to a \$47.7 million (23.8 points) decrease in current year catastrophe losses. There were no current year catastrophe losses in 2012. The \$47.7 million of 2011 current year catastrophe losses related primarily to the 2011 New Zealand earthquake (\$27.0 million) and the Japanese earthquake and tsunami (\$16.5 million). The current year attritional losses also decreased by \$17.7 million, which is consistent with the decline in premiums earned.

Incurring losses and LAE decreased 38.4% to \$302.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$491.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011. The decrease was principally due to a \$162.2 million (28.6 points) decrease in current year catastrophe losses. There were no current year catastrophe losses in 2012. The 2011 current year catastrophe losses related primarily to the Japanese earthquake and tsunami (\$88.0 million) and the New Zealand earthquake (\$65.8 million). The current year attritional losses also decreased by \$29.8 million, which is consistent with the decline in premiums earned.

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Segment Expenses. Commission and brokerage increased 11.1% to \$44.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$40.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011 due to contingent commissions incurred on a prior year London casualty contract. Commission and brokerage decreased slightly by 0.6% to \$133.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$133.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011 reflecting the decline in premiums earned, partially offset by the incurred contingent commissions.

Segment other underwriting expenses increased to \$8.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$6.7 million for the same period in 2011. Segment other underwriting expenses increased to \$22.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$20.1 million for the same period in 2011. The increases are primarily attributable to higher personnel benefit costs.

Insurance.

The following table presents the underwriting results and ratios for the Insurance segment for the periods indicated.

(Dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2012	2011	Variance	Change %	2012	2011	Variance	Change %
Gross written premiums	\$334.5	\$236.3	\$ 98.2	41.6 %	\$801.5	\$750.3	\$ 51.2	6.8 %
Net written premiums	232.1	203.4	28.7	14.1 %	617.2	648.0	(30.8)	-4.7 %
Premiums earned	\$218.5	\$216.2	\$ 2.3	1.1 %	\$610.7	\$641.9	\$ (31.2)	-4.9 %
Incurred losses and LAE	181.1	195.6	(14.5)	-7.4 %	457.9	506.9	(49.0)	-9.7 %
Commission and brokerage	39.0	38.6	0.5	1.2 %	99.3	106.0	(6.8)	-6.4 %
Other underwriting expenses	26.6	24.3	2.3	9.3 %	76.3	68.6	7.7	11.3 %
Underwriting gain (loss)	\$(28.2)	\$(42.3)	\$ 14.1	-33.4 %	\$(22.8)	\$(39.7)	\$ 16.8	-42.5 %
				Point Chg				Point Chg
Loss ratio	82.9 %	90.5 %		(7.6)	75.0 %	79.0 %		(4.0)
Commission and brokerage ratio	17.9 %	17.8 %		0.1	16.3 %	16.5 %		(0.2)
Other underwriting expense ratio	12.1 %	11.3 %		0.8	12.4 %	10.7 %		1.7
Combined ratio	112.9 %	119.6 %		(6.7)	103.7 %	106.2 %		(2.5)

(Some amounts may not reconcile due to rounding.)

Premiums. Gross written premiums increased by 41.6% to \$334.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$236.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. This increase was primarily driven by crop and primary medical stop loss business, partially offset by the termination and runoff of several large casualty programs. Net written premiums increased 14.1% to \$232.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$203.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. This decrease is primarily due to a higher use of reinsurance on crop business than the runoff casualty programs. Premiums earned increased slightly by 1.1% to \$218.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$216.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2011. The change in premiums earned relative to net written premiums is the result of timing; premiums are earned ratably over coverage period whereas written premiums are recorded at the initiation of the coverage period.

Gross written premiums increased by 6.8% to \$801.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$750.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011. This increase was primarily driven by crop and primary medical stop loss business, partially offset by the termination and runoff of several large casualty programs. Net written premiums decreased 4.7% to \$617.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$648.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011. This decrease is primarily due to a higher use of reinsurance on crop business than the runoff casualty programs. Premiums earned decreased 4.9% to \$610.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to \$641.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2011. The change in premiums earned is relatively consistent with the decrease in net written premiums.

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Incurred Losses and LAE. The following tables present the incurred losses and LAE for the Insurance segment for the periods indicated.

(Dollars in millions)	Three Months Ended September 30,					
	Current Year	Ratio %/ Pt Change	Prior Years	Ratio %/ Pt Change	Total Incurred	Ratio %/ Pt Change
2012						
Attritional	\$ 175.0	80.1 %	\$ 6.1	2.8 %	\$ 181.1	82.9 %
Catastrophes	-	0.0 %	-	0.0 %	-	0.0 %
Total segment	\$ 175.0	80.1 %	\$ 6.1	2.8 %	\$ 181.1	82.9 %

2011						
Attritional	\$ 168.1	77.7 %	\$ 25.0	11.6 %	\$ 193.1	89.3 %
Catastrophes	2.5	1.2 %	-	0.0 %	2.5	1.2 %
Total segment	\$ 170.6	78.9 %	\$ 25.0	11.6 %	\$ 195.6	90.5 %

Variance 2012/2011

Attritional	\$ 6.9	2.4 pts	\$ (18.9)	(8.8) pts	\$ (12.0)	(6.4) pts
Catastrophes	(2.5)	(1.2) pts	-	- pts	(2.5)	(1.2) pts
Total segment	\$ 4.4	1.2 pts	\$ (18.9)	(8.8) pts	\$ (14.5)	(7.6) pts

(Dollars in millions)	Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	Current Year	Ratio %/ Pt Change	Prior Years	Ratio %/ Pt Change	Total Incurred	Ratio %/ Pt Change
2012						
Attritional	\$ 452.4	74.1 %	\$ 5.5	0.9 %	\$ 457.9	75.0 %
Catastrophes	-	0.0 %	-	0.0 %	-	0.0 %
Total segment	\$ 452.4	74.1 %	\$ 5.5	0.9 %	\$ 457.9	75.0 %

2011						
Attritional	\$ 479.1	74.6 %	\$ 25.0	3.9 %	\$ 504.1	78.5 %
Catastrophes	2.5	0.4 %	0.3	0.1 %	2.8	0.5 %
Total segment	\$ 481.6	75.0 %	\$ 25.3	4.0 %	\$ 506.9	79.0 %

Variance 2012/2011