FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORP

Form 10-O

May 01, 2018

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF $^\circ 1934.$

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2018

...TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 001-34139 Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

8200 Jones Branch Drive 22102-3110 (703) 903-2000 Federally chartered 52-0904874

corporation McLean, Virginia

(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer (Address of principal (Registrant's telephone number, (Zip Code)

incorporation or organization) Identification No.) executive offices) including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports); and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. ý Yes "No Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). ý Yes "No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ý Accelerated filer "

Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company "

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company) "

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange

Act). Yes "No ý

As of April 17, 2018, there were 650,058,775 shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis Introduction

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q includes forward-looking statements that are based on current expectations and are subject to significant risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements are made as of the date of this Form 10-Q. We undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this Form 10-Q. Actual results might differ significantly from those described in or implied by such statements due to various factors and uncertainties, including those described in the Forward-Looking Statements sections of this Form 10-Q and our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, or 2017 Annual Report, and the Business and Risk Factors sections of our 2017 Annual Report.

Throughout this Form 10-Q, we use certain acronyms and terms that are defined in the Glossary of our 2017 Annual Report.

You should read the following MD&A in conjunction with our 2017 Annual Report and our condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes for the three months ended March 31, 2018 included in Financial Statements. Throughout this Form 10-Q, we refer to the three months ended March 31, 2018, the three months ended December 31, 2017, the three months ended September 30, 2017, the three months ended June 30, 2017 and the three months ended March 31, 2017 as "1Q 2018," "4Q 2017," "3Q 2017," "2Q 2017" and "1Q 2017," respectively. INTRODUCTION

Freddie Mac is a GSE chartered by Congress in 1970. Our public mission is to provide liquidity, stability and affordability to the U.S. housing market. We do this primarily by purchasing residential mortgage loans originated by lenders. In most instances, we package these loans into mortgage-related securities, which are guaranteed by us and sold in the global capital markets. We also invest in mortgage loans and mortgage-related securities. We do not originate loans or lend money directly to mortgage borrowers.

We support the U.S. housing market and the overall economy by enabling America's families to access mortgage loan funding with better terms and by providing consistent liquidity to the multifamily mortgage market. We have helped many distressed borrowers keep their homes or avoid foreclosure. We are working with FHFA, our customers and the industry to build a better housing finance system for the nation.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Introduction

| Business | Results |
|-----------|----------|
| Portfolio | Balances |

Guarantee Portfolios

Investments Portfolios

Total Guarantee Portfolio

Our total guarantee portfolio grew \$106 billion, or 5%, from March 31, 2017 to March 31, 2018, driven by a 3% increase in our single-family credit guarantee portfolio and a 30% increase in our multifamily guarantee portfolio. The growth in our single-family credit guarantee portfolio was driven in part by an increase in U.S. single-family lmortgage debt outstanding as a result of continued home price appreciation. New business acquisitions had a higher average loan size compared to older vintages that continued to run off.

The growth in our multifamily guarantee portfolio was primarily driven by an increase in U.S. multifamily mortgage debt outstanding due to strong multifamily market fundamentals and low interest rates, coupled with the growth in our share of new business volume due to our strategic pricing efforts, expansion of our new product offerings and an increase in purchase activity associated with certain targeted loans in underserved markets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Introduction

Total Investments Portfolio

Our total investments portfolio declined \$72 billion, or 19%, from March 31, 2017 to March 31, 2018, primarily due to repayments and the active disposition of less liquid assets.

1We continue to reduce the mortgage-related investments portfolio as required by the Purchase Agreement and FHFA. Consolidated Financial Results

Comprehensive income (loss) was \$2.2 billion in 1Q 2018, relatively unchanged from 1Q 2017. Key Drivers:

Continued growth in our single-family credit guarantee portfolio was more than offset by the continued reduction in nthe balance of our mortgage-related investments portfolio and lower amortization of debt securities of consolidated trusts due to lower prepayments driven by higher interest rates, which resulted in lower net interest income. nBenefit (provision) for credit losses was relatively unchanged.

Market-related items had minimal impact as interest rate-related fair value losses were partially offset by spread-related fair value gains.

n Reduction in the statutory corporate income tax rate resulted in lower income tax expense.

Our total equity was \$2.2 billion at March 31, 2018. Because our net worth was less than the \$3.0 billion Capital Reserve Amount, we will not have a dividend obligation to Treasury in June 2018. Because our net worth was positive, we are not requesting a draw from Treasury under the Purchase Agreement for 1Q 2018. Our cumulative senior preferred stock dividend payments totaled \$112.4 billion as of March 31, 2018.

At December 31, 2017, we had a net worth deficit of \$312 million. As a result, FHFA, as Conservator, submitted a draw request, on our behalf, to Treasury. This draw request was funded in 1Q 2018, which increased the outstanding liquidation preference of the senior preferred stock at March 31, 2018 to \$75.6 billion. In addition, the amount of available funding remaining under the Purchase Agreement was reduced to \$140.2 billion and will be reduced by any future draws.

Conservatorship and Government Support for Our Business

Since September 2008, we have been operating in conservatorship, with FHFA as our Conservator. The conservatorship and related matters significantly affect our management, business activities, financial condition and results of operations. Our future is uncertain, and the conservatorship has no specified termination date. We do not know what changes may occur to our business model during or following conservatorship, including whether we will continue to exist.

Our Purchase Agreement with Treasury and the terms of the senior preferred stock we issued to Treasury also affect our business activities. Our ability to access funds from Treasury under the Purchase Agreement is critical to keeping us solvent and avoiding the appointment of a receiver by FHFA under statutory mandatory receivership provisions. We believe that the support provided by Treasury pursuant to the Purchase Agreement currently enables us to have adequate liquidity to conduct normal business activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Introduction

Treasury, as the holder of the senior preferred stock, is entitled to receive cumulative quarterly cash dividends, when, as and if declared by the Conservator, acting as successor to the rights, titles, powers and privileges of our Board of Directors. The dividends we have paid to Treasury on the senior preferred stock have been declared by, and paid at the direction of, the Conservator.

Under the August 2012 amendment to the Purchase Agreement, our dividend requirement each quarter is the amount, if any, by which our Net Worth Amount at the end of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter, less the applicable Capital Reserve Amount, exceeds zero. Pursuant to the December 2017 Letter Agreement, the Capital Reserve Amount is \$3.0 billion. If for any reason we were not to pay our dividend requirement on the senior preferred stock in full in any future period, the unpaid amount would be added to the liquidation preference and our applicable Capital Reserve Amount would thereafter be zero, but this would not affect our ability to draw funds from Treasury under the Purchase Agreement.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Key Economic Indicators | Single-Family Home Prices

KEY ECONOMIC INDICATORS

The following graphs and related discussions present certain macroeconomic indicators that can significantly affect our business and financial results.

Single-Family Home Prices

National Home Prices

Commentary

Home prices continued to appreciate, increasing by 2.5% and 2.2% during 1Q 2018 and 1Q 2017, respectively, nbased on our own non-seasonally adjusted price index of single-family homes funded by loans owned or guaranteed by us or Fannie Mae.

Ne expect the rate of home price growth in 2018 will moderate, driven by a gradual increase in housing supply and higher mortgage interest rates.

Increases in home prices typically result in lower delinquency rates and lower loss severity. Fewer loan ndelinquencies, loan workouts and foreclosure sales generally reduce estimated credit losses on our total mortgage portfolio.

nHigher single-family home prices may also contribute to an increase in potential multifamily renters.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Key Economic Indicators | Interest Rates

Interest Rates Key Market Interest Rates

Commentary

The quarterly ending and quarterly average 30-year Primary Mortgage Market Survey ("PMMS") interest rates were nhigher at March 31, 2018 than March 31, 2017. Increases in the PMMS rate typically result in decreases in refinance activity and U.S. single-family loan originations.

The 10-year LIBOR and 2-year LIBOR quarterly ending interest rates increased more during 1Q 2018 than during 1Q 2017. Changes in the 10-year and 2-year LIBOR interest rates affect the fair value of certain of our assets and liabilities, including derivatives, measured at fair value. A larger interest rate fluctuation from period to period generally results in larger fair value gains and losses, while a smaller fluctuation from period to period generally results in smaller fair value gains and losses. However, the majority of these fair value changes are offset by our hedge accounting programs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Key Economic Indicators | Interest Rates

The quarterly ending and quarterly average short-term interest rates, as indicated by the 3-month LIBOR rate, were nhigher at March 31, 2018 than March 31, 2017. An increase in short-term interest rates generally increases the interest earned on our short-term investments and interest expense on our short-term funding.

For additional information on the effect of LIBOR rates on our financial results, see Our Business Segments - $^{\rm n}$ Capital Markets - Market Conditions.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Key Economic Indicators | Unemployment Rate

Unemployment Rate
Unemployment Rate and Job Creation⁽¹⁾

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

(1) Excludes Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

Commentary

n Average monthly net new jobs (non-farm) were higher in 1Q 2018 than 1Q 2017. nThe national unemployment rate was lower in 1Q 2018 than 1Q 2017.

Changes in monthly net new jobs and the national unemployment rate can affect several market factors, including the demand for both single-family and multifamily housing and the level of loan delinquencies.

Decreases in the national unemployment rate typically result in lower levels of delinquencies, which generally result in a decrease in estimated credit losses on our total mortgage portfolio.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Consolidated Results of Operations

CONSOLIDATED RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

You should read this discussion of our consolidated results of operations in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes.

The table below compares our summarized consolidated results of operations.

| | | | Chan | ge | |
|--|------------|------------|--------|---------|----|
| (Dollars in millions) | 1Q 2018 | 1Q 2017 | \$ | % | |
| Net interest income | \$3,018 | \$3,795 | (\$777 | 7)(20 |)% |
| Benefit (provision) for credit losses | (63 |)116 | (179 |)(154 |) |
| Net interest income after benefit (provision) for credit losses | 2,955 | 3,911 | (956 |)(24 |) |
| Non-interest income (loss): | | | | | |
| Gains (losses) on extinguishment of debt | 110 | 218 | (108 |)(50 |) |
| Derivative gains (losses) | 1,830 | (302) | 2,132 | 706 | |
| Net impairment of available-for-sale securities recognized in earnings | _ | (13) | 13 | 100 | |
| Other gains (losses) on investment securities recognized in earnings | (232 |)56 | (288 |)(514 |) |
| Other income (loss) | 121 | 415 | (294 |)(71 |) |
| Total non-interest income (loss) | 1,829 | 374 | 1,455 | 389 | |
| Non-interest expense: | | | | | |
| Administrative expense | (520 |)(511) | (9 |)(2 |) |
| REO operations expense | (34 |)(56) | 22 | 39 | |
| Temporary Payroll Tax Cut Continuation Act of 2011 expense | (359 |)(321) | (38 |)(12 |) |
| Other expense | (197 |)(76) | (121 |)(159 |) |
| Total non-interest expense | (1,110 |)(964) | (146 |)(15 |) |
| Income (loss) before income tax (expense) benefit | 3,674 | 3,321 | 353 | 11 | |
| Income tax (expense) benefit | (748 |)(1,110) | 362 | 33 | |
| Net income (loss) | 2,926 | 2,211 | 715 | 32 | |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes and reclassification adjustments | (776 |)23 | (799 |)(3,474 | 4) |
| Comprehensive income (loss) | \$2,150 | \$2,234 | (\$84 |)(4 |)% |
| | | | | | |

Management's Discussion and Analysis Consolidated Results of Operations | Net Interest Income

Net Interest Income Net Interest Yield Analysis

| The table below presents an analysis of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities. | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| | 1Q 2018 | | | 1Q 2017 | | | | |
| (Dollars in millions) | Average Balance | Interest Income (Expense) | Average (1)Rate | Average Balance | Interest Income (Expense) | Average (1)Rate | | |
| Interest-earning assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$7,015 | \$11 | 0.60 % | \$12,053 | \$9 | 0.29 % | | |
| Securities purchased under agreements to resell | 51,732 | 197 | 1.52 | 54,406 | 88 | 0.66 | | |
| Advances to lenders and other secured lending | 990 | 6 | 2.59 | 617 | 4 | 2.40 | | |
| Mortgage-related securities: | | | | | | | | |
| Mortgage-related securities | 150,267 | 1,580 | 4.21 | 175,955 | 1,663 | 3.78 | | |
| Extinguishment of PCs held by Freddie Mac | (90,814 |)(843 | (3.71) | (88,539 |)(820 | (3.71) | | |
| Total mortgage-related securities, net | 59,453 | 737 | 4.96 | 87,416 | 843 | 3.85 | | |
| Non-mortgage-related securities | 14,775 | 73 | 1.97 | 21,061 | 71 | 1.36 | | |
| Loans held by consolidated trusts ⁽¹⁾ | 1,776,708 | 14,859 | 3.35 | 1,708,039 | 14,599 | 3.42 | | |
| Loans held by Freddie Mac ⁽¹⁾ | 103,451 | 1,092 | 4.22 | 124,217 | 1,366 | 4.40 | | |
| Total interest-earning assets | 2,014,124 | 16,975 | 3.37 | 2,007,809 | 16,980 | 3.38 | | |
| Interest-bearing liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| Debt securities of consolidated trusts including PCs held by Freddie Mac | 1,803,122 | (13,356 |)(2.96) | 1,730,728 | (12,541 |)(2.90) | | |
| Extinguishment of PCs held by Freddie Mac | (90,814 |)842 | 3.71 | (88,539 |)820 | 3.71 | | |
| Total debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties | 1,712,308 | (12,514 |)(2.92) | 1,642,189 | (11,721 |)(2.86) | | |
| Other debt: | | | | | | | | |
| Short-term debt | 67,970 | (229 |)(1.35) | 73,467 | (96 | (0.52) | | |
| Long-term debt | 228,981 | (1,214 |)(2.12) | 279,519 | (1,368 |)(1.96) | | |
| Total other debt | 296,951 | (1,443 |)(1.94) | 352,986 | (1,464 |)(1.66) | | |
| Total interest-bearing liabilities | 2,009,259 | (13,957 |)(2.78) | 1,995,175 | (13,185 | (2.64) | | |
| Impact of net non-interest-bearing funding | 4,865 | | 0.01 | 12,634 | | 0.02 | | |
| Total funding of interest-earning assets | \$2,014,124 | (\$13,957 | | \$2,007,809 | (\$13,185 |)(2.62)% | | |
| Net interest income/yield | | \$3,018 | 0.60 % | | \$3,795 | 0.76 % | | |

⁽¹⁾ Loan fees, primarily consisting of amortization of upfront fees, included in interest income were \$574 million and \$506 million for loans held by consolidated trusts and \$22 million and \$62 million for loans held by Freddie Mac during 1Q 2018 and 1Q 2017, respectively.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Consolidated Results of Operations | Net Interest Income

Components of Net Interest Income

| The table below presents the components of net interest income. | | | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|--------|-------|----|--|--|
| | | | Chan | ge | | | |
| (Dollars in millions) | 1Q 2018 | 1Q 2017 | \$ | % | | | |
| Contractual net interest income: | | | | | | | |
| Guarantee fee income | \$834 | \$792 | \$42 | 5 | % | | |
| Guarantee fee income related to the Temporary Payroll Tax Cut Continuation Act of 2011 | 347 | 316 | 31 | 10 | | | |
| Other contractual net interest income | 1,457 | 1,759 | (302 |)(17 |) | | |
| Total contractual net interest income | 2,638 | 2,867 | (229 |)(8 |) | | |
| Net amortization - loans and debt securities of consolidated trusts | 748 | 953 | (205 |)(22 |) | | |
| Net amortization - other assets and debt | 5 | 18 | (13 |)(72 |) | | |
| Hedge accounting impact | (373 |)(43 | (330 |)(767 | 7) | | |
| Net interest income | \$3,018 | \$3,795 | (\$777 | 7)(20 |)% | | |
| Key Drivers: | | | | | | | |

n Guarantee fee income

1Q 2018 vs. 1Q 2017 - increased during 1Q 2018 primarily due to higher average guarantee fee rates, as well as the continued growth in the size of the Core single-family loan portfolio. Average guarantee fee rates are generally higher on mortgage loans in our Core single-family loan portfolio compared to those in our Legacy and relief refinance single-family loan portfolio.

nOther contractual net interest income

1Q 2018 vs. 1Q 2017 - decreased during 1Q 2018 due to the continued reduction in the balance of our mortgage-related investments portfolio pursuant to the portfolio limits established by the Purchase Agreement and FHFA. See Conservatorship and Related Matters - Reducing Our Mortgage-Related Investments Portfolio Over Time for a discussion of the key drivers of the decline in our mortgage-related investments portfolio.

nNet amortization of loans and debt securities of consolidated trusts

1Q 2018 vs. 1Q 2017 - decreased during 1Q 2018 primarily due to a decrease in amortization of debt securities of lconsolidated trusts driven by a decrease in prepayments as a result of higher interest rates, partially offset by an increase in amortization from higher upfront fees on mortgage loans.

nHedge Accounting Impact

1Q 2018 vs. 1Q 2017 - losses increased primarily due to the inclusion of fair value hedge accounting results within lnet interest income in 1Q 2018 but not in 1Q 2017, due to our adoption of amended hedge accounting guidance in 4Q 2017. In 1Q 2017, this activity was included in other income and derivative gains (losses).

Management's Discussion and Analysis Consolidated Results of Operations | Benefit (Provision) for Credit Losses

Benefit (Provision) for Credit Losses Components of Benefit (Provision) for Credit Losses

The benefit (provision) for credit losses predominantly relates to single-family loans and includes components for both collectively and individually impaired loans.

The table below presents the components of our benefit (provision) for credit losses.

| | | Change |
|---|--------------------|---------------|
| (Dollars in billions) | 1Q 1Q 2018 2017 | \$ % |
| Benefit (provision) for newly impaired loans | (\$0.1)(\$0.2) | \$0.1 50 % |
| Amortization of interest rate concessions | 0.1 0.2 | (0.1)(50) |
| Reclassifications between held-for-investment loans and held-for-sale lo | oans (0.1)— | (0.1) N/A |
| Other, including changes in estimated default probability and loss severi | ity — 0.1 | (0.1)(100) |
| Benefit (provision) for credit losses | (\$0.1)\$0.1 | (\$0.2)(200)% |
| Key Drivers: | | |
| n 10 2018 vs. 10 2017 - remained relatively unchanged | | |

n 1Q 2018 vs. 1Q 2017 - remained relatively unchanged.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Consolidated Results of Operations | Derivative Gains (Losses)

Derivative Gains (Losses) Components of Derivative Gains (Losses)

We continue to align our derivative portfolio with the changing duration of our assets and liabilities so as to economically hedge their interest-rate risk. We manage our exposure to interest-rate risk on an economic basis to a low level as measured by our models. We believe the impact of derivatives on our GAAP financial results should be considered in the context of our overall interest-rate risk profile, including our PMVS and duration gap results. For more information about our interest-rate risk management activities and the sensitivity of reported earnings to those activities, see Risk Management - Market Risk.

Derivative gains (losses) includes the fair value changes and the accrual of periodic cash settlements for derivatives while not designated in qualifying hedge relationships. In addition, prior to our adoption of amended hedge accounting guidance in 4Q 2017, we included the accrual of periodic cash settlements on derivatives in qualifying hedge relationships in derivatives gains (losses).

The table below presents the components of derivative gains (losses).

| | | Change | e | |
|---|--------------------|------------|-------|---|
| (Dollars in millions) | 1Q 1Q 2018 2017 | \$ | % | |
| Fair value change in interest-rate swaps | \$1,514 \$673 | \$841 | 125 % |) |
| Fair value change in option-based derivatives | (455)(430 |) (25 |)(6) | |
| Fair value change in other derivatives | 916 (78 |) 994 | 1,274 | |
| Accrual of periodic cash settlements | (145)(467 |) 322 | 69 | |
| Derivative gains (losses) | \$1,830 (\$302 | 2) \$2,132 | 706 % |) |
| Vay Drivare | | | | |

Key Drivers:

1Q 2018 vs. 1Q 2017 - Derivative fair value gains increased as long-term interest rates increased more during 1Q 2018. The 10-year par swap rate increased 39 basis points during 1Q 2018 and 7 basis points during 1Q 2017. The larger interest rate increase in 1Q 2018 resulted in larger fair value gains in our pay-fixed interest rate swaps, forward commitments to issue PCs, and futures, partially offset by larger fair value losses in our receive-fixed swaps.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Consolidated Results of Operations | Other Income (Loss)

Other Income (Loss)
Components of Other Income (Loss)

The table below presents the components of other income (loss). Change 1Q 1Q (Dollars in millions) 2018 2017 Other income (loss) Gains (losses) on loans⁽¹⁾ (\$320)\$14 (\$334)(2,386)% Gains (losses) on held-for-sale loan purchase commitments⁽¹⁾ 105 224 (119)(53)Gains (losses) on debt⁽¹⁾ (89) 100 11 112 All other 325 227 98 43 Fair value hedge accounting Change in fair value of derivatives in qualifying hedge relationships N/A 65 (65)N/A Change in fair value of hedged items in qualifying hedge relationships (26) 26 N/A N/A Total other income (loss) \$121 \$415 (\$294)(71)%

(1) Includes fair value gains (losses) on loans, held-for-sale loan purchase commitments and debt for which we have elected the fair value option.

Key Drivers:

n 1Q 2018 vs. 1Q 2017 - Other income (loss) declined in 1Q 2018 compared to 1Q 2017 primarily driven by: 1 Greater interest rate-related fair value losses on multifamily mortgage loans and commitments for which we have elected the fair value option due to a larger increase in long-term interest rates, coupled with spread widening on certain K Certificate products that are issued with less frequency.

1 An accounting policy change effective beginning in 4Q 2017 resulted in fair value changes for derivatives and hedged items in qualifying hedge relationships no longer being recognized in other income (loss). See Note 9 for more information.

This decrease was partially offset by:

1 Decreased fair value losses on STACR debt notes as market spreads between STACR yields and LIBOR remained relatively unchanged in 1Q 2018, while spreads tightened in 1Q 2017.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Consolidated Results of Operations | Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Explanation of Key Drivers of Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The following table presents the attribution of total other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes and reclassification adjustments reported in our condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

| | | | Char | ıge | |
|--|------------|------------|--------|---------|-----|
| (Dollars in millions) | 1Q 2018 | 1Q 2017 | \$ | % | |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), excluding certain items | (\$402 | 2)\$163 | (\$56 | 5)(347 |)% |
| Excluded items: | | | | | |
| Accretion due to significant increases in expected cash flows on previously impaired available-for-sale securities | (88) |)(54) | (34 |)(63 |) |
| Realized (gains) losses reclassified from AOCI | (286 |)(86) | (200 |)(233 |) |
| Total excluded items | (374 |)(140) | (234 |)(167 |) |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss) | (\$776 | 5)\$23 | (\$79) | 9)(3,47 | 4)% |
| Key Drivers: | | | | | |

n Other comprehensive income, excluding certain items

1Q 2018 vs. 1Q 2017 - decreased primarily due to higher fair value losses on agency and non-agency lmortgage-related securities classified as available-for-sale as long-term interest rates increased more in 1Q 2018, coupled with smaller fair value gains from less market spread tightening on our agency mortgage-related securities. Excluded items:

n Realized (gains) losses reclassified from AOCI

1Q 2018 vs. 1Q 2017 - reflected larger amounts of reclassified gains during 1Q 2018 due to spread tightening on sales of non-agency mortgage-related securities classified as available-for-sale.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Consolidated Results of Operations | Other Key Drivers

Other Key Drivers

Explanation of Other Key Drivers

Key Drivers:

n Gains (losses) on extinguishment of debt

1Q 2018 vs. 1Q 2017 - declined primarily due to a decrease in the amount of debt securities of consolidated trusts (i.e., PCs) repurchased.

n Other gains (losses) on investment securities recognized in earnings

1Q 2018 vs. 1Q 2017 - decreased primarily driven by larger fair value losses on our mortgage and non-mortgage-related securities classified as trading as interest rates increased more during 1Q 2018, partially offset by larger fair value gains driven by spread tightening on our sales of non-agency mortgage-related securities classified as available-for-sale.

n Other expense

1 Q 2018 vs. 1Q 2017 - increased primarily due to the recovery in 1Q 2017 of amounts previously recognized in other expense. This activity did not repeat in 1Q 2018.

n Income tax (expense) benefit

11Q 2018 vs. 1Q 2017 - decreased due to a reduction in the statutory corporate income tax rate.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Consolidated Balance Sheets Analysis

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS ANALYSIS

The table below compares our summarized consolidated balance sheets.

| | | Change | | |
|-------------|--|--|---|---|
| 3/31/2018 | 12/31/2017 | \$ | % | |
| | | | | |
| \$8,617 | \$9,811 | (\$1,194 |)(12 |)% |
| 41,828 | 55,903 | (14,075 |)(25 |) |
| 50,445 | 65,714 | (15,269 |)(23 |) |
| 75,501 | 84,318 | (8,817 |)(10 |) |
| 1,868,351 | 1,871,217 | (2,866 |)— | |
| 6,381 | 6,355 | 26 | | |
| 454 | 375 | 79 | 21 | |
| 8,313 | 8,107 | 206 | 3 | |
| 13,038 | 13,690 | (652 |)(5 |) |
| \$2,022,483 | 3\$2,049,776 | (\$27,293 | 3)(1 |)% |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| \$6,058 | \$6,221 | (\$163 |)(3 |)% |
| 2,004,807 | 2,034,630 | (29,823 |)(1 |) |
| 345 | 269 | 76 | 28 | |
| 9,123 | 8,968 | 155 | 2 | |
| 2,020,333 | 2,050,088 | (29,755 |)(1 |) |
| 2,150 | (312) | 2,462 | (789 | 9) |
| \$2,022,483 | 3\$2,049,776 | (\$27,293 | 3)(1 |)% |
| | \$8,617 41,828 50,445 75,501 1,868,351 6,381 454 8,313 13,038 \$2,022,483 \$6,058 2,004,807 345 9,123 2,020,333 2,150 | 41,828 55,903 50,445 65,714 75,501 84,318 1,868,351 1,871,217 6,381 6,355 454 375 8,313 8,107 13,038 13,690 \$2,022,483 \$2,049,776 \$6,058 \$6,221 2,004,807 2,034,630 345 269 9,123 8,968 2,020,333 2,050,088 | 3/31/2018 12/31/2017 \$ \$8,617 \$9,811 (\$1,194 41,828 55,903 (14,075 50,445 65,714 (15,269 75,501 84,318 (8,817 1,868,351 1,871,217 (2,866 6,381 6,355 26 454 375 79 8,313 8,107 206 13,038 13,690 (652 \$2,022,483 \$2,049,776 (\$27,293) \$6,058 \$6,221 (\$163 2,004,807 2,034,630 (29,823 345 269 76 9,123 8,968 155 2,020,333 2,050,088 (29,755 2,150 (312) 2,462 | \$8,617 \$9,811 (\$1,194)(12 41,828 55,903 (14,075)(25 50,445 65,714 (15,269)(23 75,501 84,318 (8,817)(10 1,868,351 1,871,217 (2,866)— 6,381 6,355 26 — 454 375 79 21 8,313 8,107 206 3 13,038 13,690 (652)(5 \$2,022,483\$2,049,776 (\$27,293)(1 \$45 269 76 28 9,123 8,968 155 2 2,020,333 2,050,088 (29,755)(1 2,150 (312) 2,462 (789) |

⁽¹⁾ The current and prior period presentation has been modified to include restricted cash and cash equivalents due to recently adopted accounting guidance.

Key Drivers:

As of March 31, 2018 compared to December 31, 2017:

Cash and cash equivalents and securities purchased under agreements to resell affect one another and changes in the balances should be viewed together (e.g., cash and cash equivalents can be invested in securities purchased under agreements to resell or other investments). The decrease in the combined balance was primarily due to lower near term cash needs for fewer upcoming maturities and anticipated calls of other debt.

n Investments in securities, at fair value decreased as we continued to reduce the mortgage-related investments portfolio during 2018 as required by the Purchase Agreement and FHFA.

n Total equity increased primarily as a result of higher comprehensive income in 1Q 2018 compared to 4Q 2017, combined with our ability to retain equity as a result of an increase in the applicable Capital Reserve Amount, which is \$3.0 billion as of January 1, 2018.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Segment Earnings

OUR BUSINESS SEGMENTS

We have three reportable segments, which are based on the way we manage our business.

Single-family Guarantee - reflects results from our purchase, securitization and guarantee of single-family loans and the management of single-family mortgage credit risk.

Multifamily - reflects results from our purchase, sale, securitization and guarantee of multifamily loans and n securities, our investments in those loans and securities and the management of multifamily mortgage credit risk and market spread risk.

Capital Markets - reflects results from managing our mortgage-related investments portfolio (excluding Multifamily n segment investments, single-family seriously delinquent loans and the credit risk of single-family performing and reperforming loans), treasury function, single-family securitization activities and interest-rate risk.

Certain activities that are not part of a reportable segment, such as material corporate-level activities that are infrequent in nature and based on decisions outside the control of the management of our reportable segments, are included in the All Other category.

Segment Earnings

We present Segment Earnings by reclassifying certain credit guarantee-related activities and investment-related activities between various line items on our GAAP condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income and allocating certain revenues and expenses to our three reportable segments. For more information on our segment reclassifications, see Note 13.

Segment Comprehensive Income

The graph below shows our comprehensive income by segment.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Single-Family Guarantee

Single-Family Guarantee Market Conditions

The graphs and related discussion below present certain market indicators that can significantly affect the business and financial results of our Single-family Guarantee segment.

U.S. Single-Family Originations

Source: Inside Mortgage Finance dated April 27, 2018 (latest available IMF purchase/refinance information).

Single-Family Serious Delinquency Rates

Source: National Delinquency Survey from the Mortgage Bankers Association. Data as of February 8, 2018 (latest available NDS information).

Commentary

n U.S. single-family loan origination volumes decreased to \$375 billion in 1Q 2018 from \$385 billion in 1Q 2017, driven by lower refinance volume as a result of higher mortgage interest rates in 1Q 2018. Mortgage origination data is from Inside Mortgage Finance as of April 27, 2018.

n We expect continued growth in U.S. single-family home purchase volume due to a gradual increase in housing supply, while a moderate increase in mortgage interest rates is expected to result in a lower refinance volume. Freddie Mac's single-family loan purchase volumes typically follow a similar trend.

n The single-family serious delinquency rate in the U.S. increased during 4Q 2017 due to the impact of the hurricanes in 3Q 2017. Freddie Mac's serious delinquency rate followed a similar trend resulting

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Single-Family Guarantee

in higher loan workout activities, which increased our expected credit losses on our total single-family credit guarantee portfolio.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Single-Family Guarantee

Business Results

The following tables, graphs and related discussion present the business results of our Single-family Guarantee segment.

New Business Activity

UPB of Single-Family Loan Purchases and Guarantees by Loan Purpose

(In billions)

Percentage of Single-Family Loan Purchases and Guarantees by Loan Purpose Commentary

Our loan purchase and guarantee activity decreased in 1Q 2018 compared to 1Q 2017 primarily due to lower refinance volume driven by higher average mortgage interest rates.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Single-Family Guarantee

Single-Family Credit Guarantee Portfolio

Single-Family Credit Guarantee Portfolio Commentary

The single-family credit guarantee portfolio increased from December 31, 2017 to March 31, 2018, driven by an nincrease in U.S. single-family mortgage debt outstanding as a result of continued home price appreciation. New business acquisitions had a higher average loan size compared to older vintages that continued to run off.

The Core single-family loan portfolio grew to 79% of the single-family credit guarantee portfolio at March 31, 2018, n compared to 78% at December 31, 2017.

The Legacy and relief refinance single-family loan portfolio declined to 21% of the single-family credit guarantee n portfolio at March 31, 2018, compared to 22% at December 31, 2017, driven primarily by liquidations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Single-Family Guarantee

Guarantee Fees

We receive fees for guaranteeing the payment of principal and interest to investors in our mortgage-related securities. These fees consist primarily of a combination of base contractual guarantee fees paid on a monthly basis and initial upfront payments. The average portfolio Segment Earnings guarantee fee rate recognizes upfront fee income over the contractual life of the related loans (usually 30 years). If the related loans prepay, the remaining upfront fee income is recognized immediately. In contrast, the average guarantee fee rate charged on new acquisitions recognizes upfront fee income over the estimated life of the related loans using our expectations of prepayments and other liquidations. See MD&A - Our Business Segments - Single-family Guarantee - Business Overview - Guarantee Fees in our 2017 Annual Report for more information on our guarantee fees.

Average Portfolio Segment Earnings Guarantee Fee Rate(1)(2)

Average Guarantee Fee Rate⁽¹⁾ Charged on New Acquisitions

- (1) Excludes the legislated 10 basis point increase in guarantee fees.
- (2) Reflects an average rate for our total single-family credit guarantee portfolio and is not limited to purchases in the applicable period.

Commentary

The average portfolio Segment Earnings guarantee fee rate increased slightly in 1Q 2018 compared to 1Q 2017 primarily due to older vintages being replaced by new loan acquisitions with higher guarantee fees.

The average guarantee fee rate charged on new acquisitions decreased in 1Q 2018 compared to 1Q 2017 due to competitive pricing.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Single-Family Guarantee

Credit Risk Transfer (CRT) Activities

We transfer credit risk on a portion of our single-family credit guarantee portfolio to the private market, which reduces the risk of future losses to us and taxpayers when borrowers go into default. In our STACR debt note and ACIS transactions, we pay interest to investors or premiums to insurers in exchange for their taking on a portion of the credit risk on the mortgage loans in the related reference pool. These payments effectively reduce our guarantee fee income from the PCs backed by the mortgage loans in the related reference pools. See MD&A - Our Business Segments - Single-Family Guarantee - Business Overview - Credit Risk Transfer Transactions in our 2017 Annual Report for more information on our CRT transactions.

The following charts present the issuance amounts for the STACR debt note and ACIS transactions that occurred during 1Q 2018 and the cumulative issuance amounts for all STACR debt note, ACIS and Deep MI CRT transactions as of March 31, 2018 by loss position and the party holding each loss position.

New STACR Debt Note and ACIS Transactions during 1Q 2018⁽¹⁾

(In billions)

Freddie Mac

Senior

\$73.3

| Mezzanine | Freddie Mac | ACIS(3) | STACR Debt Notes | Reference Pool ⁽³⁾ |
|---------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | \$0.2 | \$0.4 | | \$76.3 |
| First Loss | Freddie Mac \$0.4 | ACIS ⁽³⁾ \$0.1 | STACR Debt Notes \$0.3 | |

Cumulative STACR Debt Note, ACIS and Deep MI CRT Transactions as of March 31, 2018⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

(In billions) Freddie Mac

Senior

\$900.1

| | Freddie Mac | ACIS | STACR Debt Notes | Deep MI CRT | Reference Pool |
|---------------|----------------------|-------|---------------------|-------------|----------------|
| Mezzanine | \$2.3 | \$7.9 | \$23.6 | \$0.2 | \$942.4 |
| First Loss | Freddie Mac \$5.1 | ACIS | STACR Debt Notes | | |

\$1.0 \$2.2

The amounts represent the UPB upon issuance of STACR debt notes and execution of ACIS and Deep MI CRT transactions. There were no Deep MI CRT transactions in 1Q 2018.

⁽²⁾ For the current outstanding coverage provided by our STACR debt note and ACIS transactions, see Credit Enhancements.

(3) Excludes additional ACIS transactions of \$1.0 billion related to reference pools in transactions executed in prior periods.

Commentary

During 1Q 2018, we transferred a portion of credit risk associated with \$81.6 billion in UPB of loans in our nsingle-family credit guarantee portfolio through STACR debt note, ACIS and senior subordinate securitization structure transactions.

As of March 31, 2018, we had transferred a significant portion of credit risk on 39% of our single-family credit guarantee portfolio.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Single-Family Guarantee

Calculated as the current balance of single-family CRT reference pool UPB divided by the single-family credit guarantee portfolio UPB.

We expect to reduce by approximately 60% the modeled capital required for credit risk on the quarter's \$66 billion of new originations.

Calculated as modeled credit capital expected to be released from the underlying single-family CRT reference pool divided by total modeled credit capital on quarterly new originations.

The modeled capital requirement is per FHFA's Conservatorship Capital Framework (CCF) and internal methods that luse stress scenarios which are generally consistent with the 2017 Dodd-Frank Act Stress Test (DFAST) "severely adverse" scenario.

Our expected guarantee fee income on the PCs related to the STACR debt note and ACIS reference pools has been effectively reduced by approximately 29%, on average, for all transactions executed through March 31, 2018. As of March 31, 2018, we had experienced minimal write-downs on our STACR debt notes and have filed minimal nclaims for reimbursement of losses under our ACIS transactions. We expect losses may increase on loans in the reference pools in our existing CRT transactions as a result of the hurricanes in 3Q 2017.

We continue to evaluate our credit risk transfer strategy and to make changes depending on market conditions and our business strategy. The aggregate cost of our credit risk transfer activity will continue to increase as we continue to transfer risk on new originations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Single-Family Guarantee

Credit Enhancements

The table below provides information on the total current and protected UPB and maximum coverage associated with credit enhanced loans in our single-family credit guarantee portfolio as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. The table includes all types of single-family credit enhancements. See Note 6 for additional information about our single-family credit enhancements.

| | March 31, 2018 | | December 3 | 31, 2017 |
|--|----------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|
| | Total | | Total | |
| (In millions) | Current and | Current and Maximum | | l Maximum |
| (III IIIIIIIIIIII) | Protected | Coverage ⁽²⁾ | Protected | Coverage ⁽²⁾ |
| | $UPB^{(1)}$ | | $UPB^{(1)}$ | |
| Primary mortgage insurance | \$338,457 | \$86,622 | \$334,189 | \$85,429 |
| STACR debt note ⁽³⁾ | 661,399 | 19,183 | 604,356 | 17,788 |
| ACIS transactions ⁽⁴⁾ | 650,420 | 7,148 | 617,730 | 6,736 |
| Senior subordinate securitization structures | 16,986 | 2,211 | 12,283 | 1,913 |
| Other ⁽⁵⁾ | 15,641 | 6,362 | 15,975 | 6,479 |
| Less: UPB with more than one type of credit enhancement | (842,161 |)— | (775,751 |)— |
| Single-family credit guarantee portfolio with credit enhancement | 840,742 | 121,526 | 808,782 | 118,345 |
| Single-family credit guarantee portfolio without credit | 995,217 | | 1,020,098 | |
| enhancement | 993,217 | | 1,020,098 | _ |
| Total | \$1,835,959 | \$121,526 | \$1,828,880 | \$118,345 |

- Except for the majority of our STACR debt notes and ACIS transactions, our credit enhancements generally provide protection for the first, or initial, credit losses associated with the related loans. For subordination, total current and protected UPB represents the UPB of the guaranteed securities. For STACR debt notes and ACIS transactions, total current and protected UPB represents the UPB of the assets included in the reference pool. Except for subordination, this represents the remaining amount of loss recovery that is available subject to the
- (2) terms of counterparty agreements. For subordination, this represents the UPB of the securities that are subordinate to our guarantee and held by third parties, which could provide protection by absorbing first losses.
- (3) Maximum coverage amounts represent the outstanding balance of STACR debt notes held by third parties.
- (4) Maximum coverage amounts represent the remaining aggregate limit of insurance purchased from third parties in ACIS transactions.
- (5) Includes seller indemnification, Deep MI CRT, lender recourse and indemnification agreements, pool insurance, HFA indemnification and other credit enhancements.

Commentary

n We had coverage remaining of \$121.5 billion and \$118.3 billion on our single-family credit guarantee portfolio as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. Credit risk transfer transactions provided 23.5% and 22.4% of the coverage remaining at those dates, respectively.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Single-Family Guarantee

Mortgage Loan Credit Risk

Certain combinations of loan attributes can indicate a higher degree of credit risk, such as loans with both higher LTV ratios and lower credit scores. The following table presents the combination of credit score and current LTV (CLTV) ratio attributes of loans in our single-family credit guarantee portfolio.

| | March 31, 2018 | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|------|---------------------------------|-------|----------|---------|-------|
| | CLTV | / ≤ 80 | CLT to 10 | CV > 80 | CLT | "V > 100 | All I | Loans | | |
| (0 1) | % | SDQ | % | SDQ | % | SDQ | % | SDQ | % | |
| (Credit score) | Portfo | olRate(1) | Port | foRiacte(1) | Port | fo Ria te ⁽¹⁾ | Port | folRate(| 1) Modi | ified |
| Core single-family loan portfolio: | | | | | | | | | | |
| < 620 | 0.2 % | 62.62 % | 6 | %NM | 9 | %NM | 0.2 | %2.85 | % 3.3 | % |
| 620 to 659 | 1.9 | 1.45 | 0.3 | 1.74 % | _ | NM | 2.2 | 1.48 | 1.5 | |
| ≥ 660 | 67.4 | 0.25 | 8.9 | 0.43 | _ | NM | 76.3 | 0.27 | 0.2 | |
| Not available | 0.1 | 1.87 | _ | NM | _ | NM | 0.1 | 3.49 | 3.6 | |
| Total | 69.6% | %0.29 % | 9.29 | %0.50 % | 9 | %NM | 78.8 | %0.32 | % 0.3 | % |
| Legacy and relief refinance single-family loan portfolio: | | | | | | | | | | |
| < 620 | 1.2 9 | 65.12 % | 0.39 | %9.63 % | 0.19 | % 15.55 % | 1.6 | %6.10 | % 23.5 | % |
| 620 to 659 | 1.9 | 3.83 | 0.4 | 7.71 | 0.2 | 12.99 | 2.5 | 4.59 | 20.3 | |
| ≥ 660 | 14.6 | 1.38 | 1.8 | 4.15 | 0.6 | 6.62 | 17.0 | 1.69 | 7.3 | |
| Not available | 0.1 | 5.40 | _ | NM | _ | NM | 0.1 | 5.80 | 18.2 | |
| Total | 17.89 | 61.97 % | 2.59 | %5.34 % | 0.99 | %8.95 % | 21.2 | %2.41 | % 10.1 | % |
| (1)NM - Not meaningful due to the percentage of the portfolio rounding to zero. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Single-Family Guarantee

Alt-A and Subprime Loans

While we have referred to certain loans as subprime or Alt-A for purposes of the discussion below and elsewhere in this Form 10-Q, there is no universally accepted definition of subprime or Alt-A, and the classification of such loans may differ from company to company. We do not rely on these loan classifications to evaluate the credit risk exposure relating to such loans in our single-family credit guarantee portfolio.

Participants in the mortgage market have characterized single-family loans based upon their overall credit quality at the time of origination, including as prime or subprime. While we have not historically characterized the loans in our single-family credit guarantee portfolio as either prime or subprime, we monitor the amount of loans we have guaranteed with characteristics that indicate a higher degree of credit risk. In addition, we estimate that approximately \$1.0 billion and \$1.1 billion of security collateral underlying our other securitization products at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, were identified as subprime based on information provided to us when we entered into these transactions.

Mortgage market participants have classified single-family loans as Alt-A if these loans have credit characteristics that range between the prime and subprime categories, if they are underwritten with lower or alternative income or asset documentation requirements compared to a full documentation loan, or both. Although we have discontinued new purchases of loans with lower documentation standards, we continue to purchase certain amounts of such loans in cases where the loan was either purchased pursuant to a previously issued guarantee, as part of our relief refinance initiative, or as part of another refinance loan initiative and the pre-existing loan was originated under less than full documentation standards. In the event we purchase a refinance loan and the original loan had been previously identified as Alt-A, such refinance loan may no longer be categorized or reported as an Alt-A loan in this Form 10-Q and our other financial reports because the new refinance loan replacing the original loan would not be identified by the seller/servicer as an Alt-A loan. As a result, our reported Alt-A balances may be lower than would otherwise be the case had such refinancing not occurred. From the time the relief refinance initiative began in 2009 to March 31, 2018, we have purchased approximately \$36.1 billion of relief refinance loans that were previously categorized as Alt-A loans in our portfolio, including \$0.2 billion in 1Q 2018.

The table below contains information on Alt-A loans in our single-family credit guarantee portfolio.

The UPB of Alt-A loans in our single-family credit guarantee portfolio declined during 1Q 2018 primarily due to borrowers refinancing into other mortgage products, foreclosure sales and other liquidation events. Significant portions of the Alt-A loans in our portfolio are concentrated in Arizona, California, Florida and Nevada.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Single-Family Guarantee

Single-Family Loan Performance

Serious Delinquency Rates

Delinquency Rates for Loans One Month and Two Months Past Due

Commentary

Serious delinquency rates on our single-family credit guarantee portfolio were higher as of March 31, 2018 compared to March 31, 2017 due to the impact of the hurricanes in 3Q 2017. As a result, we expect an increase in our loan workout activities as well as our expected credit losses. Outside of the areas affected by the hurricanes, our nsingle-family serious delinquency rates declined due to our continued loss mitigation efforts and sales of certain seriously delinquent loans, as well as home price appreciation and a low unemployment rate. This improvement was also driven by the continued shift in the single-family credit guarantee portfolio mix, as the Legacy and relief refinance loan portfolio runs off and we add high credit quality loans to our Core single-family loan portfolio.

Delinquency rates increased for both loans one month past due and loans two months past due as of March 31, 2018 compared to March 31, 2017. These increases were due to the impact of the hurricanes in 3Q 2017.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Single-Family Guarantee

Credit Performance

The table below contains certain credit performance metrics for our single-family credit guarantee portfolio.

| (Dollars in millions) | IQ | • |
|------------------------|-------|-------|
| (Donars in immons) | 2018 | 2017 |
| Charge-offs, gross | \$372 | \$740 |
| Recoveries | (96 | (97) |
| Charge-offs, net | 276 | 643 |
| REO operations expense | 34 | 56 |
| Total credit losses | \$310 | \$699 |

Total credit losses (in bps) 6.7 15.6

The table below summarizes the carrying value for individually impaired single-family loans on our condensed consolidated balance sheets for which we have recorded an allowance determined on an individual basis.

| | March 31, 2018 | March 31, 2017 | | |
|---|------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| (Dollars in millions) | Loan Amount | Loan Amount | | |
| (Donars in minions) | Count | Count | | |
| TDRs, at January 1 | 364,704 \$54,415 | 485,709 \$78,869 | | |
| New additions | 23,699 3,800 | 10,838 1,486 | | |
| Repayments and reclassifications to held-for-sale | (8,908)(1,522 |) (15,881)(3,290) | | |
| Foreclosure sales and foreclosure alternatives | (2,083)(282 |) (2,774)(373) | | |
| TDRs, at March 31 | 377,412 56,411 | 477,892 76,692 | | |
| Loans impaired upon purchase | 4,364 290 | 7,165 485 | | |
| Total impaired loans with an allowance recorded | 381,776 56,701 | 485,057 77,177 | | |
| Allowance for loan losses | (6,968 | (11,268) | | |
| Net investment, at March 31 | \$49,733 | \$65,909 | | |

The tables below present information about the UPB of single-family TDRs and non-accrual loans on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

| (In millions) | March 31, 2018 | December 31, 2017 |
|---|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| TDRs on accrual status | \$53,271 | \$51,644 |
| Non-accrual loans | 15,962 | 17,748 |
| Total TDRs and non-accrual loans | \$69,233 | 3\$69,392 |
| Allowance for loan losses associated with: TDRs on accrual status Non-accrual loans Total | \$5,457 1,933 \$7,390 | 1,883 |
| (In millions) | 1Q 2018 | 1Q 2017 |
| Foregone interest income on TDRs and non-accrual loans ⁽¹⁾ | \$446 | \$554 |

(1) Represents the amount of interest income that we would have recognized for loans outstanding at the end of each period had the loans performed according to their original contractual terms.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Single-Family Guarantee

Commentary

As of March 31, 2018, 50% of the allowance for loan losses for single-family mortgage loans related to interest rate concessions provided to borrowers as part of loan modifications.

nMost of our modified single-family loans, including TDRs, were current and performing at March 31, 2018. We expect our allowance for loan losses associated with existing single-family TDRs to decline over time as we not not not not sell reperforming loans. In addition, the allowance for loan losses will decline as borrowers continue to make monthly payments under the modified terms and interest rate concessions are amortized into earnings. nSee Note 4 for information on our single-family allowance for loan losses.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Single-Family Guarantee

Loss Mitigation Activities

Loan Workout Activity(1)

(UPB in billions, number of loan workouts in thousands)

Foreclosure alternatives consist of short sales and deeds in lieu of foreclosure. Home retention actions consist of forbearance agreements, repayment plans and loan modifications.

Commentary

Our loan workout activity increased in 1Q 2018 compared to 1Q 2017, consistent with the increase in the number of delinquent loans in the single-family credit guarantee portfolio due to the impact of the hurricanes in 3Q 2017. nWe continue our loss mitigation efforts through our relief refinance, modification and other initiatives.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Single-Family Guarantee

REO Activity

The table below presents a summary of our single-family REO activity. 10 2018 10 2017 Number Number (Dollars in millions) Amount of Amount of **Properties Properties** 8,299 \$900 11,418 \$1,215 Beginning balance — REO Additions 2,620 246 3,545 346 Dispositions (3,201)(306) (4,025)(399) Ending balance — REO 7,718 840 10,938 1,162 Beginning balance, valuation allowance (14 (17) Change in valuation allowance 5 (2) Ending balance, valuation allowance (9 (19)) Ending balance — REO, net \$1,143 \$831 Commentary

Our REO ending inventory declined in 1Q 2018 primarily due to a decrease in REO acquisitions driven by fewer nloans in foreclosure and a large proportion of property sales to third parties at foreclosure.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Single-Family Guarantee

Financial Results

The table below presents the components of Segment Earnings and comprehensive income for our Single-family Guarantee segment.

| | | | Cha | nge | |
|---|------------|------------|-------|-------|----|
| (Dollars in millions) | 1Q 2018 | 1Q 2017 | \$ | % | |
| Guarantee fee income | \$1,513 | \$1,418 | \$95 | 7 | % |
| Benefit (provision) for credit losses | 28 | 39 | (11 |)(28 |) |
| Other non-interest income (loss) | 94 | 319 | (225) | 5)(71 |) |
| Administrative expense | (336 |)(333) | (3 |)(1 |) |
| REO operations expense | (39 |)(59) | 20 | 34 | |
| Other non-interest expense | (379 |)(318) | (61 |)(19 |) |
| Segment Earnings before income tax expense | 881 | 1,066 | (185) | 5)(17 |) |
| Income tax expense | (179 |)(356) | 177 | 50 | |
| Segment Earnings, net of taxes | 702 | 710 | (8 |)(1 |) |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax | (4 |)(2) | (2 |)(100 |)) |
| Total comprehensive income | \$698 | \$708 | (\$10 | 0)(1 |)% |

Key Business Drivers:

n 1Q 2018 vs. 1Q 2017

¹ Continued growth in our single-family credit guarantee portfolio and higher upfront fee amortization income resulted in increased guarantee fee income.

¹ Benefit for credit losses remained relatively unchanged.

l Decreased fair value losses on STACR debt notes as market spreads between STACR yields and LIBOR remained relatively unchanged in 1Q 2018, while spreads tightened in 1Q 2017.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Multifamily

Multifamily Market Conditions

The graphs and related discussion below present certain multifamily market indicators that can significantly affect the business and financial results of our Multifamily segment.

Change in Effective Rents

Source: REIS, Inc.

Apartment Vacancy Rates

Source: REIS, Inc. Commentary

Growth in effective rent (i.e., the average rent paid by the tenant over the term of the lease, adjusted for concessions by the landlord and costs borne by the tenant) for 1Q 2018 remained strong relative to the long-term average,

primarily due to an increase in potential renters driven by healthy employment, higher single-family home prices and a growing demand for rental housing due to lifestyle changes and demographic trends.

While vacancy rates rose slightly during 1Q 2018 compared to 4Q 2017, these rates remain well below the long-term average. Net absorptions continued to lag new apartment completions in 1Q 2018 partially due to seasonality

impacts during the winter months. Although we expect continued strong demand, it may take longer to absorb new units compared to prior quarters.

n Our financial results for 1Q 2018 were not significantly affected by these relatively stable market conditions.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Multifamily

K Certificate Benchmark Spreads Source: Independent dealers

Commentary

The valuation of our securitization pipeline and the profitability of our primary credit risk transfer securitization product, the K Certificate, are affected by changes in K Certificate benchmark spreads as well as deal-specific attributes, such as tranche size, risk distribution and collateral characteristics (loan term, coupon type, prepayment restrictions and underlying property type). These market spread movements and deal-specific attributes contribute to our earnings volatility, which we manage by controlling the size of our securitization pipeline and by entering into certain spread-related derivatives.

K Certificate benchmark spreads are market-quoted spreads over the U.S. swap curve. The 10-year fixed-rate spread nrepresents the spread for the largest guaranteed class of a typical fixed-rate K Certificate, while the 7-year ARM spread represents the spread for the largest guaranteed class of a typical floating-rate K Certificate.

K Certificate benchmark spreads generally tightened during 1Q 2018 and 1Q 2017. Overall, this tightening had a positive effect in 1Q 2018 and 1Q 2017 on the valuation of our securitization pipeline and K Certificate profitability. However, for certain of our K Certificate products that are issued with less frequency, spreads widened resulting in a negative effect on the valuation of loans designated as collateral for those products.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Multifamily

Business Results

The graphs, tables and related discussion below present the business results of our Multifamily segment. New Business Activity

Multifamily New Business Activity Commentary

The 2018 Conservatorship Scorecard production cap decreased to \$35.0 billion from \$36.5 billion in 2017. The production cap is subject to reassessment throughout the year by FHFA to determine whether an increase in the cap is appropriate based on a stronger than expected overall market. Reclassifications between new business activity subject to the production cap and new business activity not subject to the production cap may occur during 2018. Outstanding purchase commitments were \$17.5 billion and \$14.0 billion as of March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017, respectively. Both periods include purchase commitments for which we have elected the fair value option. Our new business activity and outstanding purchase commitments were higher during 1Q 2018 compared to 1Q n 2017 due to overall growth of the multifamily mortgage market resulting from continued strong demand for multifamily loan products and our strategic pricing efforts.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Multifamily

Approximately 48% of our multifamily new business activity during 1Q 2018 counted towards the 2018 Conservatorship Scorecard production cap, while the remaining 52% was considered uncapped.

Our uncapped new business volume increased slightly in 1Q 2018 compared to 1Q 2017 as we continued our efforts nto support borrowers in certain property types and communities that meet the criteria for affordability and to support the overall growth of the multifamily market.

Approximately 90% and 88% of our 1Q 2018 and 1Q 2017 new business volume was intended for our securitization npipeline. Combined with market demand for our securities, our 1Q 2018 new business volume will be the primary driver of and collateral for credit risk transfer securitizations in 2Q 2018 and 3Q 2018.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Multifamily

Multifamily Portfolio and Market Support

Total Multifamily Portfolio

Multifamily Mortgage Investments Portfolio

Multifamily Market Support

The following table summarizes our support of the multifamily market.

| March 31, December | | | | |
|--------------------|--|---|--|--|
| 2018 | 2017 | | | |
| \$16,383 | \$20,537 | | | |
| 16,213 | 17,702 | | | |
| 332 | 473 | | | |
| 7,449 | 7,451 | | | |
| 213,141 | 203,074 | | | |
| 253,518 | 249,237 | | | |
| 32,250 | 30,890 | | | |
| (7,141 |)(7,109 |) | | |
| \$278,627 | \$273,018 | | | |
| | 2018 \$16,383 16,213 332 7,449 213,141 253,518 32,250 (7,141 | \$16,383 \$20,537 16,213 17,702 332 473 7,449 7,451 213,141 203,074 253,518 249,237 32,250 30,890 | | |

- (1) Reflects the UPB of financing provided to whole loan investment funds.
- Includes mortgage-related securities from our credit risk transfer transactions. We have not invested in unguaranteed securities that are in a first loss position.
- (3) Reflects the UPB of unguaranteed securities issued as part of our securitization products and amounts related to whole loan investment funds not financed by Freddie Mac.
 - Reflects the UPB of mortgage-related securities that were both issued and acquired by us. This UPB must be
- (4) removed to avoid double-counting the exposure, as it is already reflected within the guarantee portfolio and/or unguaranteed securities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Multifamily

Commentary

Our total multifamily portfolio increased in 1Q 2018 primarily due to new loan purchases. The vast majority of the ngrowth in our guarantee portfolio was associated with ongoing credit risk transfer securitizations, primarily K Certificates and SB Certificates.

At March 31, 2018, the UPB of our unsecuritized held-for-sale loans and mortgage-related securities, which are n measured at fair value or lower-of-cost-or-fair-value, decreased from December 31, 2017. The decrease was primarily driven by ongoing credit risk transfer securitizations, partially offset by new held-for-sale loan purchases.

At March 31, 2018, approximately 69% of our held-for-sale loans and held-for sale loan commitments were fixed-rate, while the remaining 31% were floating rate.

We expect our guarantee portfolio to continue to grow as a result of ongoing credit risk transfer securitizations, which we expect to be driven by continued strong new business volume.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Multifamily

Net Interest Yield and Weighted Average Portfolio Balance

Net Interest Yield Earned

Commentary

Net interest yield increased during 1Q 2018 compared to 1Q 2017 primarily due to higher prepayment income nreceived from interest-only securities, coupled with an increase in our interest-only holdings which generally have higher yields relative to our non-interest-only securities.

The weighted average portfolio balance of interest-earning assets decreased due to the run-off of our legacy nheld-for-investment loans and non-agency CMBS.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Multifamily

Credit Risk Transfer Activity

Credit Risk Transfer Activity and New Business Activity

Credit Risk Transfer Activity(1)

(1) The amounts disclosed in the bar graph above represent the UPB of credit risk transferred to third parties. Commentary

The structures for credit risk transfer transactions, primarily the K Certificate and SB Certificate structures, vary by deal. Structural deal features such as term, type of underlying loan product, and subordination levels generally influence the deal's size and risk profile, which ultimately affect the guarantee fee rate set by Freddie Mac, as Guarantor, at the time of securitization.

We executed \$16 billion in UPB of credit risk transfer transactions during 1Q 2018 and \$265 billion in UPB since n2009. Through these transactions, we transferred a large majority of the expected and stress credit losses of the underlying assets, primarily by issuing unguaranteed subordinated

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Multifamily

securities, as part of our K Certificate and SB Certificate transactions. Also, we began selling certain of our loans to investment funds in 3Q 2017, resulting in the transfer of the associated credit risk of those loans to third parties.

The UPB of our credit risk transfer transactions was higher during 1Q 2018 compared to 1Q 2017, primarily due to a nlarger average balance in our securitization pipeline, which was driven by strong new loan purchase volume during the latter part of 2017.

As of March 31, 2018, we had transferred a large majority of credit risk on 90% of the multifamily guarantee portfolio.

- Calculated as the current balance of multifamily credit risk transfer transactions (primarily K Certificates and SB Certificates) divided by the multifamily guarantee portfolio UPB.
- We expect to reduce by approximately 90% the modeled capital required for credit risk on the quarter's \$13 billion of new originations.
- 1 Calculated as modeled credit capital expected to be released from credit risk transfer transactions (primarily through K Certificates and SB Certificates) divided by total modeled credit capital on quarterly new originations.
- The modeled capital requirement is per FHFA's CCF and internal methods that use stress scenarios which are generally consistent with the 2017 DFAST "severely adverse" scenario.

In addition to transferring a large majority of expected and stress credit risk, nearly all of our credit risk transfer ntransactions also shifted non-credit risks associated with the underlying assets, such as interest-rate risk and liquidity risk, away from Freddie Mac to third-party investors.

Based on the strength of our new business volume for 4Q 2017 and 1Q 2018, we expect our credit risk transfer activity for 2Q 2018 to exceed our 2Q 2017 activity.

While our K Certificate and SB Certificate issuances continue to be our primary mechanism to transfer multifamily nmortgage credit and non-credit risk, we expect to continue to develop new credit risk transfer initiatives throughout 2018.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Multifamily

Financial Guarantee Activity

Guarantee Assets

Unearned Guarantee Fees

Commentary

We generally recognize a guarantee asset on our balance sheets each time we enter into a financial guarantee contract. This asset represents the present value of guarantee fees we expect to receive in cash in the future from nthose guarantee transactions. We recognize these fees in segment earnings over the expected remaining guarantee term. While we expect to collect these future fees based on historical performance, the actual amount collected will depend on the performance of the underlying collateral subject to our financial guarantee.

New guarantee assets recognized in 1Q 2018 exceeded those recognized in 1Q 2017, primarily due to an increase in nthe UPB of our credit risk transfer securitizations, coupled with higher average guarantee fee rates due to underlying loan products that, by their nature and design, have more risk.

The balance of unearned guarantee fees remained relatively flat during 1Q 2018, as the increase attributable to the n growth of our credit risk transfer securitization volume was mostly offset by the seasoning and run-off of prior credit risk transfer securitizations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Multifamily

Financial Results

The table below presents the components of Segment Earnings and comprehensive income for our Multifamily segment.

| | Change |
|---|-------------------------|
| (Dollars in millions) | 1Q 1Q 2018 2017 \$ % |
| Net interest income | \$271 \$271 \$— — % |
| Guarantee fee income | 195 151 44 29 |
| Benefit (provision) for credit losses | 16 6 10 167 |
| Gains (losses) on loans and other non-interest income | (430)236 (666)(282) |
| Derivative gains (losses) | 655 127 528 416 |
| Administrative expense | (100)(95)(5)(5) |
| Other non-interest expense | (14)(21) 7 33 |
| Segment Earnings before income tax expense | 593 675 (82)(12) |
| Income tax expense | (121)(226) 105 46 |
| Segment Earnings, net of taxes | 472 449 23 5 |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax | (68)(4) (64)(1,600) |
| Total comprehensive income (loss) | \$404 \$445 (\$41)(9)% |
| T | |

Key Business Drivers:

n1Q 2018 vs. 1Q 2017

Higher net interest yields, offset by a decline in our weighted average portfolio balance of interest-earning assets, resulted in net interest income being flat.

Continued growth in our multifamily guarantee portfolio and higher average guarantee fee rates on new guarantee business volume resulted in increased guarantee fee income.

Spread widening on certain of our K Certificate products that we issue with less frequency coupled with the effects of 1strategic pricing, partially offset by larger average balances of held-for-sale commitments and securitization pipeline loans, resulted in lower spread-related fair value gains.

Derivative gains (losses) are largely offset by interest rate-related fair value changes on the loans and investment lsecurities being economically hedged, resulting in interest rate changes having a minimal net impact on total comprehensive income.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Capital Markets

Capital Markets Market Conditions

The following graphs and related discussion present the par swap rate curves as of the end of each comparative period. Changes in par swap rates can significantly affect the fair value of our debt, derivatives and mortgage and non-mortgage-related securities. However, the majority of these fair value changes are offset by our hedge accounting programs.

Par Swap Rate Curves Source: BlackRock

Commentary

Long-term interest rates increased more during 1Q 2018 than 1Q 2017. In addition, during 1Q 2018, the 2-year interest rate increased more than the 10-year interest rate, resulting in the yield curve flattening. These yield curve changes resulted in larger fair value gains for our pay-fixed interest rate swaps, forward commitments to issue PCs, and futures, partially offset by larger fair value losses for our receive-fixed interest rate swaps and the vast majority of our investments in securities. The net amount of these changes in fair value was mostly offset by the change in fair value of the hedged items attributable to interest-rate risk in our hedge accounting programs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Capital Markets

Business Results

The graphs and related discussion below present the business results of our Capital Markets segment. Investing Activity

The following graphs present the Capital Markets segment's total investments portfolio and the composition of its mortgage investments portfolio by liquidity category.

Investments Portfolio

Mortgage Investments Portfolio Commentary

We continue to reduce the size of our mortgage investments portfolio in order to comply with the mortgage-related ninvestments portfolio year-end limits. The balance of our mortgage investments portfolio declined 2.9% from December 31, 2017 to March 31, 2018.

The balance of our other investments and cash portfolio declined by 21.8%, primarily due to reduced near term cash needs as of March 31, 2018 compared to December 31, 2017.

The percentage of less liquid assets relative to our total mortgage investments portfolio declined from 28.4% at December 31, 2017 to 27.8% at March 31, 2018, primarily due to repayments, sales and securitizations of our less nliquid assets. We continued to actively reduce the size of our less liquid assets during 1Q 2018 by selling \$1.7 billion of non-agency mortgage-related securities and \$1.8 billion of reperforming loans. Our sales of reperforming loans involved securitization of the loans using senior subordinate structures.

The overall liquidity of our mortgage investments portfolio continued to improve as our less liquid assets decreased at a faster pace than the overall decline of our mortgage investments portfolio.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Capital Markets

Net Interest Yield and Average Balances

Net Interest Yield & Average Investments Portfolio Balances (UPB in billions)
Commentary

nNet Interest Yield

1Q 2018 vs. 1Q 2017 - Increased 8 basis points primarily due to changes in our investment and funding mix as we lreduce our less liquid assets, coupled with an increase in the yield on our other investments and cash portfolio as short-term interest rates increased. These increased yields were partially offset by an increase in our funding costs.

Capital Markets segment net interest yield in the graph above is not impacted by our hedge accounting programs. See Note 13 in our 2017 Annual Report for more information.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Capital Markets

Financial Results

The table below presents the components of Segment Earnings and comprehensive income for our Capital Markets segment.

| | | Chan | ge |
|--|--------------------|--------|----------|
| (Dollars in millions) | 1Q 1Q 2018 2017 | \$ | % |
| Net interest income | \$817 \$929 | (\$112 | 2)(12) |
| Net impairment of available-for-sale securities recognized in earnings | 111 73 | 38 | 52 |
| Derivative gains (losses) | 1,302 52 | 1,250 | 2,404 |
| Gains (losses) on trading securities | (471)(135 |) (336 |)(249) |
| Other non-interest income | 525 744 | (219 |)(29) |
| Administrative expense | (84)(83 |) (1 |)(1) |
| Segment Earnings before income tax expense | 2,200 1,580 | 620 | 39 |
| Income tax expense | (448)(528 |) 80 | 15 |
| Segment Earnings, net of taxes | 1,752 1,052 | 700 | 67 |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax | (704)29 | (733 |)(2,528) |
| Total comprehensive income (loss) | \$1,048 \$1,081 | (\$33 |)(3)% |

The portion of total comprehensive income (loss) driven by interest rate-related and market spread-related fair value changes, after-tax, is presented in the table below. These amounts affect various line items in the table above, including net interest income, derivative gains (losses), gains (losses) on trading securities, other non-interest income, income tax expense and total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax.

 $(Dollars in billions) \\ \begin{array}{c} 1Q & 1Q \\ 2018 & 2017 \end{array} \\ \\ Interest rate-related \\ (\$0.1)\$ \\ \\ \text{Market spread-related} \\ 0.2 & 0.1 & 0.1 & 100 \% \\ \\ \text{Key Business Drivers:} \\ \end{array}$

The continued reduction in the balance of our mortgage-related investments portfolio resulted in a decrease in net interest income.

I Interest rate-related fair value changes resulted in a small net loss during 1Q 2018 as a result of our remaining post-hedge accounting interest rate-related exposure and the flattening of the yield curve. Long-term interest rates increased more during 1Q 2018 than 1Q 2017, resulting in higher fair value losses for the vast majority of our investments in securities (some of which are recorded in other comprehensive income) and our receive-fixed interest rate swaps, and higher fair value gains for our pay-fixed interest rate swaps, forward commitments to issue PCs, and futures. The net amount of these changes in fair value was mostly offset by the change in fair value of the hedged items attributable to interest-rate risk in our hedge accounting programs.

1 Spread related fair value changes were relatively flat, with gains on our derivatives primarily on commitments to sell agency securities due to spread widening, partially offset by less spread tightening on our agency securities. 1 The lower volume of PCs repurchased in 1Q 2018 resulted in lower gains.

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n1Q 2018 vs. 1Q 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis Our Business Segments | Capital Markets

 $_{1}^{1}$ Sales of single-family reperforming loans that were sold into senior subordinate securitization structures in 1Q 2018 resulted in gains. In 1Q 2017, we did not execute any similar structures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Risk Management

RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk is an inherent part of our business activities. We are exposed to four major types of risk: credit risk, operational risk, market risk and liquidity risk.

For more discussion of these and other risks facing our business and our risk management framework, see MD&A - Risk Management and Risk Factors in our 2017 Annual Report and Liquidity and Capital Resources in this report and in our 2017 Annual Report. See below for updates since our 2017 Annual Report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Risk Management | Market Risk

Market Risk

Our business segments have embedded exposure to market risk, including interest-rate and spread risks. Interest-rate risk is consolidated and primarily managed by the Capital Markets segment, while spread risk is owned and managed by each individual business segment. Market risk can adversely affect future cash flows, or economic value, as well as earnings and net worth.

Economic Market Risk

The majority of our interest-rate risk comes from our investments in mortgage-related assets (securities and loans) and the debt we issue to fund them. Our primary goal in managing interest-rate risk is to reduce the amount of change in the value of our future cash flows due to future changes in interest rates. We use models to analyze possible future interest-rate scenarios, along with the cash flows of our assets and liabilities over those scenarios.

Our primary interest-rate risk measures are duration gap and PMVS. Duration gap measures the difference in price sensitivity to interest rate changes between our financial assets and liabilities and is expressed in months relative to the market value of assets. PMVS is our estimate of the change in the market value of our financial assets and liabilities from an instantaneous shock to interest rates, assuming spreads are held constant and no rebalancing actions are undertaken. PMVS is measured in two ways, one measuring the estimated sensitivity of our portfolio market value to a 50 basis point parallel movement in interest rates (PMVS-L) and the other to a non-parallel movement resulting from a 25 basis point change in slope of the LIBOR yield curve (PMVS-YC). While we believe that duration gap and PMVS are useful risk management tools, they should be understood as estimates rather than as precise measurements. The following tables provide our duration gap, estimated point-in-time and minimum and maximum PMVS-L and PMVS-YC results, and an average of the daily values and standard deviation. The tables below also provide PMVS-L estimates assuming an immediate 100 basis point shift in the LIBOR yield curve. The interest-rate sensitivity of a mortgage portfolio varies across a wide range of interest rates.

| | March 31, 2018 | | | December 31, 2017 | | | |
|---|----------------------|----------|-------------|-------------------|---------|----------|---|
| | PMVS- YM VS-L | | | PMVS-PMCVS-L | | | |
| (In millions) | 25 bps | 50 bps | 100 bps | 25 bps | 50 bps | 100 bps | |
| Assuming shifts of the LIBOR yield curve, (gains) losses on: ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | | |
| Assets | (\$495) | (\$5,380 |)(\$10,562) | \$463 | \$5,587 | \$11,446 | |
| Liabilities | (164) | 2,218 | 4,345 | 185 | (2,377 |)(4,968) |) |
| Derivatives | 673 | 3,177 | 6,254 | (646) | (3,200 |)(6,477 |) |
| Total | \$14 | \$15 | \$37 | \$2 | \$10 | \$1 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| PMVS | \$14 | \$15 | \$37 | \$2 | \$10 | \$1 | |

The categorization of the PMVS impact between assets, liabilities and derivatives on this table is based upon the economic characteristics of those assets and liabilities, not their accounting classification. For example, purchase and sale commitments of mortgage-related securities and debt securities of consolidated trusts held by the mortgage-related investments portfolio are both categorized as assets on this table.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Risk Management | Market Risk

| | 1Q 2018 | | 1Q 2017 | |
|---|--------------|---------|----------------|---------|
| (Duration gap in months, dollars in millions) | DuratPMVS-Y | CPMVS-L | DuratPonIVS-YO | CPMVS-L |
| | Gap 25 bps | 50 bps | Gap 25 bps | 50 bps |
| Average | — \$9 | \$8 | 0.1 \$7 | \$5 |
| Minimum | (0.3)— | _ | (0.2)— | |
| Maximum | 0.2 24 | 30 | 0.8 22 | 63 |
| Standard deviation | 0.1 5 | 8 | 0.2 5 | 15 |

Derivatives enable us to reduce our economic interest-rate risk exposure as we continue to align our derivative portfolio with the changing duration of our economically hedged assets and liabilities. The table below shows that the PMVS-L risk levels, assuming a 50 basis point shift in the LIBOR yield curve for the periods presented, would have been higher if we had not used derivatives.

| | PMVS-L (50 bps) | | |
|----------------------|---------------------|------------|----|
| (In millions) | Before After | Effect of | |
| (III IIIIIIIIIIIIII) | Derivat Desivatives | Derivative | es |
| March 31, 2018 | \$3,269 \$15 | (\$3,254 |) |
| December 31, 2017 | 3,210 10 | (3,200 |) |
| GAAP Earnings Var | riability | | |

The GAAP accounting treatment for our financial assets and liabilities (i.e., some are measured at amortized cost, while others are measured at fair value) creates variability in our GAAP earnings when interest rates and spreads change. This variability of GAAP earnings, which may not reflect the economics of our business, increases the risk of our having a negative net worth and thus being required to draw from Treasury. Interest-rate Volatility

While we manage our interest-rate risk exposure on an economic basis to a low level as measured by our models, our GAAP financial results are still subject to significant earnings variability from period to period. Based upon the composition of our financial assets and liabilities, including derivatives, at March 31, 2018, we generally recognize fair value losses in GAAP earnings when interest rates decline.

In an effort to reduce our GAAP earnings variability and better align our GAAP results with the economics of our business, we elect hedge accounting for certain single-family mortgage loans and certain debt instruments. See Note 9 for additional information on hedge accounting.

The table below presents the effect of derivatives used in our interest-rate risk management activities on our comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, after considering any offsetting interest rate effects related to financial instruments measured at fair value and the effects of fair value hedge accounting.

| (In billions) | |
|--|-------------|
| (III DIIIIOIIS) | 2018 2017 |
| Interest-rate effect on derivative fair values | \$3.1 \$0.5 |
| Estimate of offsetting interest-rate effect related to financial instruments measured at fair value ⁽¹⁾ | (1.9)(0.5) |
| Gains (losses) on mortgage loans and debt in fair value hedge relationships | (1.4)— |
| Income tax (expense) benefit | |
| Estimated net interest rate effect on comprehensive income (loss) | (\$0.2)\$— |

Includes the interest-rate effect on our trading securities, available-for-sale securities, mortgage loans held-for-sale and other assets and debt for which we elected the fair value option, which is reflected in other non-interest income (loss) and total other comprehensive income (loss) on our condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Risk Management | Market Risk

We evaluate the potential benefits of fair value hedge accounting by evaluating a range of interest rate scenarios and identifying which of those scenarios produces the most adverse GAAP earnings outcome. The interest rate scenarios evaluated include parallel shifts in the yield curve of plus and minus 100 basis points, non-parallel yield curve shifts in which long-term interest rates increase or decrease by 100 basis points and non-parallel yield curve shifts in which short-term and medium-term interest rates increase or decrease by 100 basis points.

n At March 31, 2018, the GAAP adverse scenario before fair value hedge accounting was a non-parallel shift in which long-term rates decrease by 100 basis points, while the GAAP adverse scenario after fair value hedge accounting was a non-parallel shift in which short and medium-term rates increase by 100 basis points.

n At March 31, 2017, the GAAP adverse scenario both before and after fair value hedge accounting was a non-parallel shift in which long-term rates decrease by 100 basis points.

The results of this evaluation are shown in the table below.

GAAP Adverse Scenario
(Before-Tax)

Before
After Hedge%
Accounting Change

March 31, 2018 (\$3.3)(\$0.6) 83 %

March 31, 2017 (3.5)(1.8) 50

Spread Volatility

We have limited ability to manage our spread risk exposure and therefore the volatility of market spreads may contribute to significant GAAP earnings variability. For financial assets measured at fair value, we generally recognize fair value losses when market spreads widen. Conversely, for financial liabilities measured at fair value, we generally recognize fair value gains when market spreads widen.

The table below shows the estimated effect of spreads on our comprehensive income (loss), after tax, by segment.

(1) Represents spread exposure on certain STACR debt securities for which we have elected the fair value option.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Liquidity and Capital Resources | Liquidity Profile

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Sources of Liquidity and Capital

Our business activities require that we maintain adequate liquidity to fund our operations. We also must maintain adequate capital resources to avoid being placed into receivership by FHFA. For further discussion of our liquidity framework and profile, see MD&A - Liquidity and Capital Resources in our 2017 Annual Report.

Primary Sources of Liquidity, Funding and Capital

The following table lists the sources of our liquidity, funding and capital, the balances as of 1Q 2018, and a brief description of their importance to Freddie Mac.

| | Balance ⁽¹⁾ | |
|--|------------------------|---|
| Source | (In | Description |
| | billions) | |
| Liquidity | | |
| Other Investments and Cash | | The liquidity and contingency operating portfolio, included within our other |
| Portfolio - Liquidity and | \$48.8 | •investments and cash portfolio, is primarily used for short-term liquidity |
| Contingency Operating Portfolio | | management. |
| Liquid Portion of the | | The liquid portion of our mortgage-related investments portfolio can be |
| Mortgage-Related | \$132.1 | The liquid portion of our mortgage-related investments portfolio can be pledged or sold for liquidity purposes. The amount of cash we may be able |
| Investments Portfolio | | to successfully raise may be substantially less than the balance. |
| Funding | | |
| Other Debt | \$280.9 | •Other debt is used to fund our other business activities. |
| | | Debt securities of consolidated trusts is used primarily to fund our |
| Dobt Conveition of | | Single-family guarantee activities. This type of debt is principally repaid by |
| Debt Securities of Consolidated Trusts | \$1,727.0 | •the cash flows of the associated mortgage loans. As a result, our repayment obligation is limited to amounts paid pursuant to our guarantee of principal |
| Consolidated Trusts | | and interest and to purchase modified or seriously delinquent loans from the |
| | | trusts. |
| Capital | | |
| Net Worth | \$2.2 | •GAAP net worth represents capital available before we need to draw from |
| | Ψ2.2 | Treasury on the available funding under the Purchase Agreement. |
| Available Funding under | \$140.2 | FHFA may request that available funding under the Purchase Agreement be |
| Purchase Agreement | | drawn on our behalf from Treasury. |

Represents carrying value for the liquidity and contingency operating portfolio, included within our other

⁽¹⁾ investments and cash portfolio, and net worth. Represents UPB for the liquid portion of the mortgage-related investments portfolio and debt balances.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Liquidity and Capital Resources | Liquidity Profile

Other Investments and Cash Portfolio

The investments in our other investments and cash portfolio are important to our cash flow, collateral management, asset and liability management, and our ability to provide liquidity and stability to the mortgage market. The table below summarizes the balances in our other investments and cash portfolio, which includes the liquidity and contingency operating portfolio.

| | March 31, 201 | 18 | | December 31, | 2017 | |
|---|--|----------|---|--|---------------------|---|
| (In billions) | Liquidity and Custodic Contingency Account Operating Portfolio | Other (1 | Total Other Investments and Cash Portfolio | Liquidity and Custodic Contingency Account Operating Portfolio | Other ⁽¹ | Total Other Investments and Cash Portfolio |
| Cash and cash equivalents ⁽²⁾ | \$5.2 \$1.1 | \$2.3 | \$8.6 | \$6.8 \$0.5 | \$2.5 | \$9.8 |
| Securities purchased under agreements to resell | 27.0 14.3 | 0.5 | 41.8 | 38.9 16.8 | 0.2 | 55.9 |
| Non-mortgage-related securities | 16.6 — | 2.0 | 18.6 | 22.2 — | 0.6 | 22.8 |
| Advances to lenders | | 0.9 | 0.9 | | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| Total | \$48.8\$15.4 | \$5.7 | \$69.9 | \$67.9\$17.3 | \$4.1 | \$89.3 |

- Consists of amounts related to collateral held by us from derivative and other counterparties, securities used to pledge as collateral to our derivative counterparties, advances to lenders and other secured lending transactions.
- (2) The current and prior period presentation has been modified to include restricted cash and cash equivalents due to recently adopted accounting guidance.

Our non-mortgage-related investments in the liquidity and contingency operating portfolio consist of U.S. Treasury securities and other investments that we could sell to provide us with an additional source of liquidity to fund our business operations. We also maintain non-interest-bearing deposits at the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. Mortgage-Related Investments Portfolio

We invest principally in mortgage loans and mortgage-related securities, certain categories of which are largely unencumbered and liquid. Our primary source of liquidity among these mortgage assets is our holdings of single-class and multiclass agency securities, excluding certain structured agency securities collateralized by non-agency mortgage-related securities. Our ability to pledge certain of these assets as collateral or sell them enhances our liquidity profile, although the amount of cash we may be able to successfully raise in the event of a liquidity crisis or significant market disruption may be substantially less than the amount of mortgage-related assets we hold. See Conservatorship and Related Matters for additional details on the liquidity of our mortgage-related investments portfolio.

Other Debt Activities

We issue other debt to fund our operations. Competition for funding can vary with economic, financial market and regulatory environments. We issue other debt based on a variety of factors including market conditions and our liquidity requirements. We currently favor a mix of derivatives and shorter- and medium-term debt to fund our business and manage interest-rate risk. This funding mix is a less expensive method than relying more extensively on long-term debt.

The tables below summarize the par value and the average rate of other debt securities we issued or paid off, including regularly scheduled principal payments, payments resulting from calls and payments for repurchases. We call, exchange or repurchase our outstanding debt securities from time to time for a

Management's Discussion and Analysis Liquidity and Capital Resources | Liquidity Profile

variety of reasons, including managing our funding composition and supporting the liquidity of our debt securities.

\$54,315 1.31 % \$226,616 2.28 %

| | 1Q 2018 | } | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 8 1 1 |
|---|------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| (Dollars in millions) | Short-ter | Average Rate ⁽¹⁾ | e Long-ter | mAverage Rate ⁽¹⁾ |
| Discount notes and Reference Bills: | | | | |
| Beginning balance | \$45,717 | 1.19 % | \$ | % |
| Issuances | 74,116 | 1.29 | | |
| Repurchases | | | | |
| Maturities | (92,875 |)1.21 | | |
| Ending Balance | 26,958 | 1.40 | | |
| Securities sold under agreements to repurchase: | | | | |
| Beginning balance | 9,681 | 1.06 | | |
| Additions | 41,794 | 1.32 | | |
| Repayments | (41,730 | 1.24 | | |
| Ending Balance | 9,745 | 1.38 | | |
| Callable debt: | | | | |
| Beginning balance | | | 113,822 | 1.58 |
| Issuances | | | 5,551 | 2.82 |
| Repurchases | _ | | (554 |)2.13 |
| Calls | _ | | (892 | 1.97 |
| Maturities | _ | | (4,375 |)1.05 |
| Ending Balance | | | 113,552 | 1.66 |
| Non-callable debt: ⁽²⁾ | | | | |
| Beginning balance | 17,792 | 1.03 | 129,094 | 2.52 |
| Issuances | 1,825 | 1.44 | 8,375 | 2.25 |
| Repurchases | | | | |
| Maturities | (2,005 | 0.77 | (24,405 |)0.83 |
| Ending Balance | 17,612 | 1.12 | 113,064 | 2.90 |
| m 1 1 11 | A= 4 0 4 = | 4 2 4 ~ | 400000 | • • • ~ |

Total other debt

Management's Discussion and Analysis Liquidity and Capital Resources | Liquidity Profile

| | 1Q 2017 | ' | | | |
|---|-----------|--------------------------------------|----------------|--------------|---|
| (Dollars in millions) | Short-ter | Average rm Rate ⁽¹⁾ | E Long-tern | Avei Rate | _ |
| Discount notes and Reference Bills: | | | | | |
| Beginning balance | \$61,042 | 0.47 % | \$ | — | % |
| Issuances | 100,504 | 0.59 | | _ | |
| Repurchases | (57 |)0.91 | | _ | |
| Maturities | (100,416 | 0.47 | | _ | |
| Ending Balance | 61,073 | 0.66 | _ | — | |
| Securities sold under agreements to repurchase: | | | | | |
| Beginning balance | 3,040 | 0.42 | _ | — | |
| Additions | 36,976 | 0.26 | _ | — | |
| Repayments | (33,469 |)0.23 | | _ | |
| Ending Balance | 6,547 | 0.41 | _ | — | |
| Callable debt: | | | | | |
| Beginning balance | _ | | 98,420 | 1.44 | |
| Issuances | _ | | 18,008 | 1.91 | |
| Repurchases | | _ | _ | | |
| Calls | _ | | (1,460 |)2.02 | |
| Maturities | _ | | (2,178 |)0.76 | |
| Ending Balance | _ | | 112,790 | 1.52 | |
| Non-callable debt: ⁽²⁾ | | | | | |
| Beginning balance | 7,435 | 0.41 | 186,806 | 2.10 | |
| Issuances | 4,572 | 0.69 | 5,134 | 2.23 | |
| Repurchases | _ | | _ | — | |
| Maturities | _ | | (26,346 | 1.30 | |
| Ending Balance | 12,007 | 0.51 | 165,594 | 2.25 | |
| Total other debt | \$79,627 | 0.62 % | \$278,384 | 1.95 | % |

⁽¹⁾ Average rate is weighted based on par value.

Our outstanding other debt balance continues to decline as we reduce our indebtedness along with the decline in our mortgage-related investments portfolio. As a result, our total issuances, excluding securities sold under agreements to repurchase, decreased in 1Q 2018. However, we increased our volume of securities sold under agreements to repurchase in 1Q 2018 as these borrowing transactions reduced the cost of our funding.

Includes STACR and SCR debt notes and certain multifamily other debt. STACR and SCR debt notes are subject (2) to prepayment risk as their payments are based upon the performance of a reference pool of mortgage assets that may be prepaid by the related mortgage borrower at any time generally without penalty.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Liquidity and Capital Resources | Liquidity Profile

The following graphs present our other debt by contractual maturity date and earliest redemption date. The earliest redemption date refers to the earliest call date for callable debt and the contractual maturity date for all other debt. Contractual Maturity Date as of March 31, 2018⁽¹⁾

Earliest Redemption Date as of March 31, 2018⁽¹⁾

STACR and SCR debt notes are subject to prepayment risk as their payments are based upon the performance of a (1) reference pool of mortgage assets that may be prepaid by the related mortgage borrower at any time generally without penalty and are therefore included as a separate category in the graphs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Liquidity and Capital Resources | Liquidity Profile

Debt Securities of Consolidated Trusts

The largest component of debt on our condensed consolidated balance sheets is debt securities of consolidated trusts, which relates to securitization transactions that we consolidated for accounting purposes. We issue this type of debt by securitizing mortgage loans primarily to fund the majority of our single- family guarantee activities. When we consolidate securitization trusts, we recognize the following on our condensed consolidated balance sheets:

The assets held by the securitization trusts, the majority of which are mortgage loans. We recognized \$1,778.0 nbillion and \$1,774.3 billion of mortgage loans, which represented 87.9% and 86.6% of our total assets, as of 1Q 2018 and 4Q 2017, respectively.

The debt securities issued by the securitization trusts, the majority of which are PCs. PCs are pass-through securities, where the cash flows of the mortgage loans held by the securitization trust are passed through to the holders of the PCs. We recognized \$1,727.0 billion and \$1,721.0 billion of debt securities of consolidated trusts, which represented 86.1% and 84.6% of our total debt, as of 1Q 2018 and 4Q 2017, respectively.

Debt securities of consolidated trusts are principally repaid from the cash flows of the mortgage loans held by the securitization trusts that issued the debt securities. In circumstances when the cash flows of the mortgage loans are not sufficient to repay the debt, we make up the shortfall because we have guaranteed the payment of principal and interest on the debt. In certain circumstances, we have the right and/or obligation to purchase the loan from the trust prior to its contractual maturity.

The table below shows the issuance and extinguishment activity for the debt securities of our consolidated trusts.

| (In millions) | 1Q 2018 | 1Q 2017 | |
|---|-------------|-------------|---|
| Beginning balance | \$1,672,605 | \$1,602,162 | 2 |
| Issuances: | | | |
| New issuances to third parties | 37,316 | 71,002 | |
| Additional issuances of securities | 40,200 | 30,804 | |
| Total issuances | 77,516 | 101,806 | |
| Extinguishments: | | | |
| Purchases of debt securities from third parties | (8,828 |)(12,515 |) |
| Debt securities received in settlement of advances to lenders | (4,725 |)(8,231 |) |
| Repayments of debt securities | (56,600 |)(65,061 |) |
| Total extinguishments | (70,153 |)(85,807 |) |
| Ending balance | 1,679,968 | 1,618,161 | |
| Unamortized premiums and discounts | 47,001 | 45,650 | |
| Debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties | \$1,726,969 | \$1,663,81 | 1 |
| | | | |

Management's Discussion and Analysis Liquidity and Capital Resources | Capital

Capital

Our entry into conservatorship resulted in significant changes to the assessment of our capital adequacy and our management of capital. Under the Purchase Agreement, Treasury made a commitment to provide us with equity funding, under certain conditions, to eliminate deficits in our net worth. As of March 31, 2018, our net worth was \$2.2 billion and the amount of available funding remaining under the Purchase Agreement was \$140.2 billion. See Note 2 for details of the support we receive from Treasury.

The table below presents activity related to our net worth during 1Q 2018 and 1Q 2017.

| (In millions) | 1Q 2018 | 1Q 2017 |
|---|----------|----------|
| Beginning balance | (\$312 | \$5,075 |
| Comprehensive income (loss) | 2,150 | 2,234 |
| Capital draw from Treasury | 312 | _ |
| Senior preferred stock dividends declared | _ | (4,475) |
| Total equity / net worth | \$2,150 | \$2,834 |
| Aggregate draws under Purchase Agreement | \$71,648 | \$71,336 |
| Aggregate cash dividends paid to Treasury | 112,393 | 105,923 |

Management's Discussion and Analysis Liquidity and Capital Resources | Cash Flows

Cash Flows

We evaluate our cash flow performance by comparing the net cash flows from operating and investing activities to the net cash flows required to finance those activities. The following graphs present the results of these activities for 1Q 2017 and 1Q 2018.

Operating Cash Flows

Investing Cash Flows

Financing Cash Flow

Commentary

nCash provided by operating activities increased \$4.6 billion primarily due to:

lAn increase in net sales of held-for-sale loans, driven by an increase in the volume of our multifamily securitizations. nCash provided by investing activities increased \$24.3 billion primarily due to:

1 An increase in net proceeds received from sale of investment securities, driven by the continued reduction in the balance of our mortgage-related investments portfolio as required by the Purchase Agreement and FHFA; and

1A decrease in securities purchased under agreements to resell due to lower near term cash needs for fewer upcoming maturities and anticipated calls of other debt.

This increase was partially offset by:

A decrease in net repayments of mortgage loans acquired as held-for-investment, driven by a decline in single-family loan liquidations.

nCash used in financing activities increased \$20.5 billion primarily due to:

1 An increase in net repayments of other debt as debt maturities were not replaced with new issuances of debt due to lower near term cash needs.

This increase was partially offset by:

A decrease in net repayments and redemptions of debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties primarily due to lower prepayments driven by higher interest rates.

Management's

Discussion Conservatorship and Related Matters and

Analysis

CONSERVATORSHIP AND RELATED MATTERS

Reducing Our Mortgage-Related Investments Portfolio Over Time

The table below presents the UPB of our mortgage-related investments portfolio for purposes of the limit imposed by the Purchase Agreement and FHFA regulation. The cap for this portfolio will decrease to \$250 billion at December 31, 2018.

| | March 31, 2018 | | | | December 31, 2017 | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------------|---|----------|-----------|--|
| (Dollars in millions) | Liquid Securitiz-atidness | | Total | Liquid | Securitiz-at | | Total | | |
| Capital Markets segment - Mortgage investments portfolio: Single-family unsecuritized loans | | Pipeline | Liquid | Total | Elquiu | Pipeline | Liquid | Total | |
| Performing loans | \$ — | \$11,392 | \$ — | \$11,392 | \$ — | \$9,999 | \$ | \$9,999 | |
| Reperforming loans | | Ψ11,3 <i>7</i> 2 | 45,832 | 45,832 | - | ψ <i>γ</i> , <i>γ</i> , <i>γ</i> , <i>γ</i> | 46,666 | 46,666 | |
| Total single-family unsecuritized loans Freddie Mac | | 11,392 | 45,832 | 57,224 | | 9,999 | 46,666 | 56,665 | |
| mortgage-related securities | 120,092 | _ | 3,639 | 123,731 | 123,905 | _ | 3,817 | 127,722 | |
| Non-agency mortgage-related securities | 734 | _ | 3,349 | 4,083 | 749 | _ | 5,152 | 5,901 | |
| Other Non-Freddie Mac agency mortgage-related securities | 4,906 | _ | _ | 4,906 | 5,211 | _ | _ | 5,211 | |
| Total Capital Markets segment - Mortgage investments portfolio Single-family | 125,732 | 11,392 | 52,820 | 189,944 | 129,865 | 9,999 | 55,635 | 195,499 | |
| Guarantee segment - Single-family unsecuritized seriously delinquent loans | _ | _ | 10,993 | 10,993 | _ | _ | 12,267 | 12,267 | |
| Multifamily segment: | | 14760 | 17 020 | 22.506 | | 10.652 | 10 505 | 20.220 | |
| Unsecuritized loans Mortgage-related | | 14,768 | 17,828 | 32,596 | | 19,653 | 18,585 | 38,238 | |
| securities | 6,326 | | 1,123 | 7,449 | 6,181 | | 1,270 | 7,451 | |
| Total Multifamily segment Total | 6,326 | 14,768 | 18,951 | 40,045 | 6,181 | 19,653 | 19,855 | 45,689 | |
| mortgage-related investments portfolio | \$132,058 | \$26,160 | \$82,764 | \$240,982 | \$136,046 | \$29,652 | \$87,757 | \$253,455 | |

| Percentage of total mortgage-related | 55 | %11 | % 34 | % 100 | % 54 | %12 | % 34 | % 100 | % | |
|--------------------------------------|----|-----------|-------|----------------|-------|-------|-------|----------|-----------|--|
| investments portfolio | 33 | 70 1 1 | 70 34 | % 100 | 70 34 | 70 12 | 70 34 | % 100 | 70 | |
| Mortgage-related | | | | | | | | | | |
| investments portfolio | | | | | | | | | | |
| cap at December 31, | | \$250,000 | | | | | | |)8 | |
| 2018 and December | | | | | | | | | | |
| 31, 2017 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 90% of | | | | | | | | | | |
| mortgage-related | | | | | | | | | | |
| investments portfolio | | \$225,000 | | | | | | \$259.56 | \$259,567 | |
| cap at December 31, | | | | 4-20,00 | | | | Ψ=0>,00 | | |
| 2018 and December | | | | | | | | | | |
| $31,2017^{(1)}$ | | | | | | | | | | |

⁽¹⁾Represents the amount to which we manage under our Retained Portfolio Plan, subject to certain exceptions. The decline in our mortgage-related investments portfolio during 1Q 2018 was primarily due to repayments and the active disposition of less liquid assets.

Management's Discussion Conservatorship and Related Matters and Analysis

While we continued to purchase new single-family seriously delinquent loans and multifamily unsecuritized loans, which are classified as held-for-investment, our active disposition of less liquid assets included the following:

Sales of \$3.5 billion of less liquid assets, including \$1.7 billion in UPB of non-agency mortgage-related securities and \$1.8 billion in UPB of single-family reperforming loans;

n Securitizations of \$0.2 billion in UPB of less liquid multifamily loans; and nTransfers of \$0.3 billion in UPB of less liquid multifamily loans to the securitization pipeline.

Management's Discussion Regulation and Supervision and Analysis

REGULATION AND SUPERVISION

In addition to our oversight by FHFA as our Conservator, we are subject to regulation and oversight by FHFA under our Charter and the GSE Act and to certain regulation by other government agencies. Furthermore, regulatory activities by other government agencies can affect us indirectly, even if we are not directly subject to such agencies' regulation or oversight. For example, regulations that modify requirements applicable to the purchase or servicing of mortgages can affect us.

Affordable Housing Allocations

The GSE Act requires us to set aside in each fiscal year an amount equal to 4.2 basis points of each dollar of total new business purchases and pay this amount to certain housing funds. During 1Q 2018, we completed \$79 billion of new business purchases subject to this requirement and accrued \$33 million of related expense. We expect to pay this amount (and any additional amounts accrued based on our new business purchases during the remainder of 2018) in February 2019. We are prohibited from passing through these costs to the originators of the loans that we purchase. Legislative and Regulatory Developments

Affordable Housing Goals

On February 6, 2018, FHFA published a final rule that establishes new annual single-family and multifamily housing goals for Freddie Mac and Fannie Mae for 2018 through 2020. The new goals set forth below replace the previous goals, which were in effect through 2017:

2010

| | 2018 - | |
|---|---------|--------------|
| | 2020 | |
| Single-family purchase money goals (Benchmark levels): | | |
| Low-income | 24 | % |
| Very low-income | 6 | % |
| Low-income areas | TBD | |
| Low-income areas subgoal | 14 | % |
| Single-family refinance low-income goal (Benchmark level) | 21 | % |
| Multifamily low-income goal (In units) | 315,000 | \mathbf{C} |
| Multifamily very low-income subgoal (In units) | | |
| Multifamily small property low-income subgoal (In units) | 10,000 | |

In March 2018, we filed our Annual Housing Activities Report with FHFA. For 2017, we have determined that we achieved all three multifamily affordable housing goal benchmarks, as well as the single-family low-income areas purchase goal, low-income areas subgoal and low-income refinance goal benchmarks. We believe that we will also meet the single-family low-income and very low-income purchase goals based on meeting or exceeding the actual share of the market that meets the criteria for those goals once such market information is published in late 2018. FHFA will ultimately make the determination as to whether we achieved compliance with the housing goals for 2017.

Management's Discussion Regulation and Supervision and Analysis

Single (Common) Security Update

In March 2018, FHFA announced that on June 3, 2019, Freddie Mac and Fannie Mae will start issuing a new, common security, the Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security (UMBS), using the Common Securitization Platform created by their joint venture, CSS.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

We enter into certain off-balance sheet arrangements related to our securitization activities involving guaranteed loans and mortgage-related securities, though most of our securitization activities are on-balance sheet. For a description of our off-balance sheet arrangements, see MD&A - Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements in our 2017 Annual Report. See Note 3 and Note 5 for more information on our off-balance sheet securitization and guarantee activities. Our maximum potential off-balance sheet exposure to credit losses relating to these securitization activities and guarantees is primarily represented by the UPB of the underlying loans and securities, which was \$225.8 billion and \$215.7 billion at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Forward-Looking Statements

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

We regularly communicate information concerning our business activities to investors, the news media, securities analysts and others as part of our normal operations. Some of these communications, including this Form 10-Q, contain "forward-looking statements." Examples of forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements pertaining to the conservatorship, our current expectations and objectives for the Single-family Guarantee, Multifamily and Capital Markets segments of our business, our efforts to assist the housing market, our liquidity and capital management, economic and market conditions and trends, our market share, the effect of legislative and regulatory developments and new accounting guidance, the credit quality of loans we own or guarantee, the costs and benefits of our credit risk transfer transactions and our results of operations and financial condition on a GAAP, Segment Earnings and fair value basis. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties, some of which are beyond our control. Forward-looking statements are often accompanied by, and identified with, terms such as "could," "may," "will," "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "forecast" and similar phrases. These statements are not historical facts, but rather represent our expectations based on current information, plans, judgments, assumptions, estimates and projections. Actual results may differ significantly from those described in or implied by such forward-looking statements due to various factors and uncertainties, including those described in the Risk Factors section of our 2017 Annual Report, and:

The actions the U.S. government (including FHFA, Treasury and Congress) may take, or require us to take, nincluding to support the housing markets or to implement FHFA's Conservatorship Scorecards and other objectives for us:

- The effect of the restrictions on our business due to the conservatorship and the Purchase Agreement, including our dividend requirement on the senior preferred stock;
- Changes in our Charter or in applicable legislative or regulatory requirements (including any legislation affecting the future status of our company);
- Changes in the fiscal and monetary policies of the Federal Reserve, including the balance sheet normalization program announced in October 2017 to reduce the Federal Reserve's holdings of mortgage-related securities;
- n Changes in tax laws, including those made by the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act enacted in December 2017;
- Changes in accounting policies, practices or guidance (e.g., FASB's accounting standards update related to the measurement of credit losses of financial instruments);
- Changes in economic and market conditions, including changes in employment rates, interest rates, spreads and home prices;
- Changes in the U.S. residential mortgage market, including changes in the supply and type of loan products (e.g., refinance vs. purchase and fixed-rate vs. ARM);
- nThe success of our efforts to mitigate our losses on our Legacy and relief refinance single-family loan portfolio;
- The success of our strategy to transfer mortgage credit risk through STACR debt note, ACIS, K Certificate, SB ⁿCertificate and other credit risk transfer transactions;
- n Our ability to maintain adequate liquidity to fund our operations;
- Our ability to maintain the security and resiliency of our operational systems and infrastructure (e.g.,

Management's Discussion and Analysis Forward-Looking Statements

against cyberattacks);

n Our ability to effectively execute our business strategies, implement new initiatives and improve efficiency; nThe adequacy of our risk management framework;

n Our ability to manage mortgage credit risk, including the effect of changes in underwriting and servicing practices; Our ability to limit or manage our economic exposure and GAAP earnings exposure to interest-rate volatility and nspread volatility, including the availability of derivative financial instruments needed for interest-rate risk management purposes;

Our operational ability to issue new securities, make timely and correct payments on securities and provide initial n and ongoing disclosures;

Changes or errors in the methodologies, models, assumptions and estimates we use to prepare our financial statements, make business decisions and manage risks;

nChanges in investor demand for our debt or mortgage-related securities;

Changes in the practices of loan originators, servicers, investors and other participants in the secondary mortgage n market;

The occurrence of a major natural or other disaster in areas in which our offices or significant portions of our total

Other factors and assumptions described in this Form 10-Q and our 2017 Annual Report, including in the MD&A section.

Forward-looking statements are made only as of the date of this Form 10-Q, and we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements we make to reflect events or circumstances occurring after the date of this Form 10-Q.

Financial Statements

Financial Statements

Financial Statements Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

| FREDDIE MAC | | | |
|---|----------|------------|----|
| Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) (Unaudited) | | | |
| (In millions, except share-related amounts) | 1Q 201 | 8 1Q 201 | 7 |
| Interest income | | | |
| Mortgage loans | \$15,95 | 1 \$15,965 | 5 |
| Investments in securities | 810 | 914 | |
| Other | 214 | 101 | |
| Total interest income | 16,975 | 16,980 | |
| Interest expense | (13,957 | 7)(13,185 | 5) |
| Net interest income | 3,018 | 3,795 | |
| Benefit (provision) for credit losses | (63 |)116 | |
| Net interest income after benefit (provision) for credit losses | 2,955 | 3,911 | |
| Non-interest income (loss) | | | |
| Gains (losses) on extinguishment of debt | 110 | 218 | |
| Derivative gains (losses) | 1,830 | (302 |) |
| Net impairment of available-for-sale securities recognized in earnings | | (13 |) |
| Other gains (losses) on investment securities recognized in earnings | (232 |)56 | |
| Other income (loss) | 121 | 415 | |
| Non-interest income (loss) | 1,829 | 374 | |
| Non-interest expense | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | (286 |)(275 |) |
| Professional services | (102 |)(112 |) |
| Other administrative expense | (132 |)(124 |) |
| Total administrative expense | (520 |)(511 |) |
| Real estate owned operations expense | (34 |)(56 |) |
| Temporary Payroll Tax Cut Continuation Act of 2011 expense | (359 |)(321 |) |
| Other expense | (197 |)(76 |) |
| Non-interest expense | (1,110 |)(964 |) |
| Income (loss) before income tax (expense) benefit | 3,674 | 3,321 | |
| Income tax (expense) benefit | (748 |)(1,110 |) |
| Net income (loss) | 2,926 | 2,211 | |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes and reclassification adjustments: | | | |
| Changes in unrealized gains (losses) related to available-for-sale securities | (800) |)(2 |) |
| Changes in unrealized gains (losses) related to cash flow hedge relationships | 30 | 28 | |
| Changes in defined benefit plans | (6 |)(3 |) |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes and reclassification adjustments | (776 |)23 | |
| Comprehensive income (loss) | \$2,150 | \$2,234 | |
| Net income (loss) | \$2,926 | \$2,211 | |
| Undistributed net worth sweep and senior preferred stock dividends | | (2,234 |) |
| Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders | \$2,926 | (\$23 |) |
| Net income (loss) per common share — basic and diluted | \$0.90 | (\$0.01 |) |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding (in millions) — basic and diluted | 3,234 | 3,234 | |
| The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial s | tatement | s. | |
| | | | |

Financial Statements Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

FREDDIE MAC

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

| | March 31, | December 31, | |
|--|-------------|--------------|---|
| (In millions, except share-related amounts) Assets | 2018 | 2017 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 1, 3 and 14) (includes \$3,398 and \$2,963 of restricted cash and cash equivalents) | \$8,617 | \$9,811 | |
| Securities purchased under agreements to resell (Notes 3, 10) | 41,828 | 55,903 | |
| Investments in securities, at fair value (Note 7) | 75,501 | 84,318 | |
| Mortgage loans held-for-sale (Notes 3, 4) (includes \$15,832 and \$20,054 at fair value) | 27,615 | 34,763 | |
| Mortgage loans held-for-investment (Notes 3, 4) (net of allowance for loan losses of \$8,848 and \$8,966) | 1,840,736 | 1,836,454 | |
| Accrued interest receivable (Note 3) | 6,381 | 6,355 | |
| Derivative assets, net (Notes 9, 10) | 454 | 375 | |
| Deferred tax assets, net (Note 12) | 8,313 | 8,107 | |
| Other assets (Notes 3, 18) (includes \$3,502 and \$3,353 at fair value) | 13,038 | 13,690 | |
| Total assets | • | \$2,049,770 | 6 |
| Liabilities and equity | , , , | . , , | |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Accrued interest payable (Note 3) | \$6,058 | \$6,221 | |
| Debt, net (Notes 3, 8) (includes \$5,617 and \$5,799 at fair value) | 2,004,807 | 2,034,630 | |
| Derivative liabilities, net (Notes 9, 10) | 345 | 269 | |
| Other liabilities (Notes 3, 18) | 9,123 | 8,968 | |
| Total liabilities | 2,020,333 | 2,050,088 | |
| Commitments and contingencies (Notes 5, 9 and 16) | , , | , , | |
| Equity (Note 11) | | | |
| Senior preferred stock (redemption value of \$75,648 and \$75,336) | 72,648 | 72,336 | |
| Preferred stock, at redemption value | 14,109 | 14,109 | |
| Common stock, \$0.00 par value, 4,000,000,000 shares authorized, 725,863,886 shares | | • | |
| issued and 650,054,986 shares and 650,054,731 shares outstanding | | _ | |
| Additional paid-in capital | | | |
| Retained earnings (accumulated deficit) | (80,424 |)(83,261 |) |
| AOCI, net of taxes, related to: | | | |
| Available-for-sale securities (includes \$363 and \$593, related to net unrealized gains on | _ | 660 | |
| securities for which other-than-temporary impairment has been recognized in earnings) | 5 | 662 | |
| Cash flow hedge relationships | (399 |)(356 |) |
| Defined benefit plans | 96 | 83 | |
| Total AOCI, net of taxes | (298 |)389 | |
| Treasury stock, at cost, 75,808,900 shares and 75,809,155 shares | (3,885 |)(3,885 |) |
| Total equity (See Note 11 for information on our dividend requirement to Treasury) | 2,150 | (312 |) |
| Total liabilities and equity | \$2,022,483 | \$2,049,770 | 6 |
| The table below presents the carrying value and classification of the assets and liabilities of a | hatebiloana | VIEs on ou | r |

The table below presents the carrying value and classification of the assets and liabilities of consolidated VIEs on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

March 31, December 31, 2018 2017

Consolidated Balance Sheet Line Item

Assets: (Note 3)

(In millions)

Liabilities: (Note 3)

Debt, net \$1,726,969\$1,720,996
All other liabilities 5,045 5,030
Total liabilities of consolidated VIEs \$1,732,014\$1,726,026

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Financial Statements Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

| FREDDIE MAC | |
|--|--------------------|
| Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited) | |
| (In millions) | 1Q 2018 1Q 2017 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | \$4,643 (\$17) |
| Cash flows from investing activities | |
| Purchases of trading securities | (29,949)(55,647) |
| Proceeds from sales of trading securities | 32,487 44,936 |
| Proceeds from maturities and repayments of trading securities | 1,471 2,383 |
| Purchases of available-for-sale securities | (4,266)(2,610) |
| Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities | 6,351 5,327 |
| Proceeds from maturities and repayments of available-for-sale securities | 1,541 3,796 |
| Purchases of held-for-investment mortgage loans | (30,737)(26,993) |
| Proceeds from sales of mortgage loans held-for-investment | 2,282 96 |
| Repayments of mortgage loans held-for-investment | 60,542 64,253 |
| Advances to lenders | (4,944)(8,251) |
| Net proceeds from dispositions of real estate owned and other recoveries | 352 473 |
| Net (increase) decrease in securities purchased under agreements to resell | 14,075 291 |
| Derivative premiums and terminations, swap collateral, and exchange settlement payments, net | 2,958 (240) |
| Changes in other assets | (143)(77) |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | 52,020 27,737 |
| Cash flows from financing activities | |
| Proceeds from issuance of debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties | 42,558 43,036 |
| Repayments and redemptions of debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties | (65,614)(77,193) |
| Proceeds from issuance of other debt | 131,574 165,060 |
| Repayments of other debt | (166,686)(163,852) |
| Increase in liquidation preference of senior preferred stock | 312 — |
| Payment of cash dividends on senior preferred stock | — (4,475) |
| Changes in other liabilities | (1)— |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (57,857)(37,424) |
| Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents (includes restricted cash and cash | (1,194)(9,704) |
| equivalents) | |
| Cash and cash equivalents (includes restricted cash and cash equivalents) at beginning of year | 9,811 22,220 |
| Cash and cash equivalents (includes restricted cash and cash equivalents) at end of period | \$8,617 \$12,516 |
| Supplemental cash flow information | |
| Cash paid for: | |
| Debt interest | \$16,306 \$15,647 |
| Income taxes | |
| Non-cash investing and financing activities (Note 4 and 7) | |
| | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 1

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements NOTE 1

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Freddie Mac is a GSE chartered by Congress in 1970. Our public mission is to provide liquidity, stability and affordability to the U.S. housing market. We are regulated by FHFA, the SEC, HUD and Treasury, and are currently operating under the conservatorship of FHFA. For more information on the roles of FHFA and Treasury, see Note 2 in this Form 10-Q and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, or 2017 Annual Report. Throughout our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes, we use certain acronyms and terms which are defined in the "Glossary" of our 2017 Annual Report. Throughout this Form 10-Q, we refer to the three months ended March 31, 2018, the three months ended December 31, 2017, the three months ended September 30, 2017, the three months ended June 30, 2017 and the three months ended March 31, 2017 as "1Q 2018," "4Q 2017," "3Q 2017," "2Q 2017" and "1Q 2017," respectively.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and related notes in our 2017 Annual Report.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP and include our accounts as well as the accounts of other entities in which we have a controlling financial interest. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

We are operating under the basis that we will realize assets and satisfy liabilities in the normal course of business as a going concern and as authorized by FHFA through our Board of Directors and management. Certain amounts in prior periods' condensed consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation. In the opinion of management, our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments, which include only normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair statement of our results.

We evaluate the materiality of identified errors in the financial statements using both an income statement, or "rollover," and a balance sheet, or "iron curtain," approach, based on relevant quantitative and qualitative factors. Net income includes certain adjustments to correct immaterial errors related to previously reported periods.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 1

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, gains and losses during the reporting period. Management has made significant estimates in preparing the financial statements for establishing the allowance for credit losses, valuing financial instruments and other assets and liabilities and assessing impairments on investments. Actual results could be different from these estimates.

Recently Issued Accounting Guidance

| Recently | Ado | oted | Acco | unting | Guidance |
|----------|-----|------|------|--------|----------|
| | | | | | |

| Recently Adopted Accounting | Guidance | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Standard | Description | Date of Adoption | Effect on Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements The adoption of | |
| ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) and ASU 2015-14 Topic 606: Deferral of the Effective Date | The amendment requires entities to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in amounts that reflect the consideration to, which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. ASU 2015-14 defers the effective date of ASU 2014-09 for all entities by one year. | the amount of th | | |
| ASU 2016-01, Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilitie (Subtopic 825-10) | d The amendment addresses certain aspects of recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of financial instruments. | January 1, 2018 | The adoption of the amendments did not have a material effect on our condensed consolidated financial statements or on our disclosures. | |
| ASU 2016-08, Topic 606: Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net) | The amendments in this Update do not change the core principle of the guidance in Topic 606. The amendments clarify the implementation guidance on principal versus agent considerations. | January 1, 2018 | The adoption of the amendments did not have a material effect on our condensed consolidated financial | |

statements or on our disclosures. The adoption of the amendments did not have a The amendments in this Update do not change the material effect core principle of the guidance in Topic 606, but they on our clarify two issues: i) identifying performance ASU 2016-10, Topic 606: condensed January 1, **Identifying Performance** obligations; and ii) licensing. These clarifications are consolidated 2018 Obligations and Licensing intended to reduce diversity in practice and to reduce financial the cost and complexity of Topic 606 at transition and statements or on on an ongoing basis. our disclosures. The adoption of the amendments did not have a material effect ASU 2016-12, Topic 606: The amendments in this Update do not change the on our January 1, Narrow-Scope Improvements core principle of the guidance in Topic 606, but affect condensed 2018 and Practical Expedients aspects of the guidance and technical corrections. consolidated financial statements or on our disclosures. Freddie Mac Form 10-Q 75

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 1

Recently Adopted Accounting Guidance

| Standard | Description | Date of Adoption | Effect on Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements |
|--|--|--------------------|--|
| • | The main objective of this Update is to address the diversity in practice that currently exists in regards to how certain cash receipts and cash payments are presented and classified in the statement of cash flows under Topic 230, Statement of e Cash Flows, and other Topics. This Update addresses eight specific cash flow issues with the objective of reducing the existing diversity in practice. | January 1 | Upon adoption, the portion of the cash payment attributable to the accreted interest related to zero-coupon debt is presented in the operating activities section, a classification change from the financing activities section where this 'item was previously presented. As a result, we reclassified approximately \$71 million of cash payments from financing activities to operating activities on our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for 1Q 2017 upon adoption. |
| ASU 2016-18, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Restricted Cash (a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force) | The amendments in this Update address the diversity in the classification and presentation of changes in restricted cash on the statement of cash flows under Topic 230, Statement of Cash Flows. Specifically, this amendment dictates that the statement of cash flows should explain the change in the period of the total of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash balances. | January 1 s2018 | The adoption of the amendments did not have a material effect on our condensed consolidated financial statements; however, we modified the presentation of restricted cash and cash equivalent balances on our condensed consolidated 'balance sheets. The presentation of our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows has also been revised to reflect the change of total cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash and cash equivalents balances. |
| ASU 2016-20, Technical Corrections and Improvements to Topic 606 | The amendments in this Update are of a similar nature to the items typically addressed in the Technical Corrections and Improvements project. However, the Board decided to issue a separate Update for technical corrections and improvements to Topic 606 and other Topics amended by Update 2014-09 to increase stakeholders' awareness of the proposals and to expedite improvements to Update 2014-09. | January 1 2018 | The adoption of the amendments did not have a material effect on our condensed consolidated financial statements or on 'our disclosures. |
| ASU 2018-02, Income Statement—Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reclassification of Certain Tax Effects from | The amendments in this Update allow a reclassification from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings for | January 1 2018 | , Upon adoption, we reclassified approximately \$89 million from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings on our condensed consolidated financial |

Accumulated Other

the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act.

statements.

Comprehensive Income

ASU 2018-03, Technical

Corrections and

Improvements to Financial The amendments clarify certain Instruments—Overall (Subtopispects of the guidance issued in 825-10) Recognition and Update 2016-01 and address six

Measurement of Financial

specific issues.

January 1, 2018

The adoption of the amendments did not have a material effect on our condensed consolidated financial statements or on

our disclosures.

Assets and Financial

Liabilities

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 1

Recently Issued Accounting Guidance, Not Yet Adopted Within Our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

| Standard | Description | Date of Planned Adoption | Effect on Consolidated Financial Statements |
|---|--|--------------------------|--|
| ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842) | The amendment addresses the accounting for lease arrangements. | January 1, 2019 | We do not expect that the adoption of this amendment will have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements. |
| ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments—Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments | The amendments in this Update replace the incurred loss impairment methodology in current GAAP with a methodology that reflects lifetime expected credit losses and requires consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to inform credit loss estimates. | January 1, 2020 | While we are evaluating the effect that the adoption of this amendment will have on our consolidated financial statements, it will increase (perhaps substantially) our provision for credit losses in the period of adoption. |

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 2

NOTE 2 Conservatorship and Related Matters Business Objectives

We operate under the conservatorship that commenced on September 6, 2008, conducting our business under the direction of FHFA, as our Conservator. The conservatorship and related matters significantly affect our management, business activities, financial condition and results of operations. Upon its appointment, FHFA, as Conservator, immediately succeeded to all rights, titles, powers and privileges of Freddie Mac, and of any stockholder, officer or director thereof, with respect to the company and its assets. The Conservator also succeeded to the title to all books, records and assets of Freddie Mac held by any other legal custodian or third party. The Conservator provided for the Board of Directors to perform certain functions and to oversee management, and the board delegated to management authority to conduct business operations so that the company can continue to operate in the ordinary course. The directors serve on behalf of, and perform such functions as provided by, the Conservator.

We are also subject to certain constraints on our business activities under the Purchase Agreement. However, the support provided by Treasury pursuant to the Purchase Agreement currently enables us to maintain our access to the debt markets and to have adequate liquidity to conduct our normal business activities, although the costs of our debt funding could vary. Our ability to access funds from Treasury under the Purchase Agreement is critical to keeping us solvent.

Impact of Conservatorship and Related Developments on the Mortgage-Related Investments Portfolio

For purposes of the limit imposed by the Purchase Agreement and FHFA regulation, the UPB of our mortgage-related investments portfolio cannot exceed \$250 billion at December 31, 2018 and was \$241.0 billion at March 31, 2018. Our Retained Portfolio Plan provides for us to manage the UPB of the mortgage-related investments portfolio so that it does not exceed 90% of the cap established by the Purchase Agreement (subject to certain exceptions). Our ability to acquire and sell mortgage assets is significantly constrained by limitations of the Purchase Agreement and those imposed by FHFA.

Government Support for Our Business

We receive substantial support from Treasury and are dependent upon its continued support in order to continue operating our business. Our ability to access funds from Treasury under the Purchase Agreement is critical to: nKeeping us solvent;

n Allowing us to focus on our primary business objectives under conservatorship; and n Avoiding the appointment of a receiver by FHFA under statutory mandatory receivership provisions. At December 31, 2017, our liabilities exceeded our assets under GAAP; therefore, FHFA, as Conservator, submitted a

draw request, on our behalf, to Treasury under the Purchase Agreement to

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 2

eliminate our net worth deficit. As a result, we received \$312 million from Treasury under the Purchase Agreement during 1Q 2018. The amount of available funding remaining under the Purchase Agreement was reduced to \$140.2 billion and will be reduced by any future draws.

See Note 8 and Note 11 for more information on the conservatorship and the Purchase Agreement. Related Parties as a Result of Conservatorship

We are deemed related parties with Fannie Mae as both we and Fannie Mae have the same relationships with FHFA and Treasury. CSS was formed in 2013 as a limited liability company equally-owned by Freddie Mac and Fannie Mae. Therefore, CSS is also deemed a related party. During 1Q 2018, we contributed \$41 million of capital to CSS, and we have contributed \$370 million since the fourth quarter of 2014.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 3

NOTE 3

Securitization Activities and Consolidation

Our primary business activities in our Single-family Guarantee and Multifamily segments involve the securitization of loans or other mortgage-related assets using trusts that are VIEs. These trusts issue beneficial interests in the loans or other mortgage-related assets that they own. We guarantee the principal and interest payments on some or all of the issued beneficial interests in substantially all of our securitization transactions. We consolidate VIEs when we have a controlling financial interest in the VIE and are therefore considered the primary beneficiary of the VIE. See Note 5 for additional information on our guarantee activities.

Consolidated VIEs

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The table below presents the carrying value and classification of the assets and liabilities of consolidated VIEs on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

| (In millions) | March 31, 2018 | December 31, 2017 |
|---|----------------|-------------------|
| Consolidated Balance Sheet Line Item | 2010 | 21, 2017 |
| Assets: | | |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | \$1,165 | \$518 |
| Securities purchased under agreements to resell | 14,275 | 16,750 |
| Mortgage loans held-for-investment | 1,778,010 | 1,774,286 |
| Accrued interest receivable | 5,775 | 5,747 |
| Other assets | 2,273 | 2,738 |
| Total assets of consolidated VIEs | \$1,801,498 | 3\$1,800,039 |
| Liabilities: | | |
| Accrued interest payable | \$5,045 | \$5,028 |
| Debt, net | 1,726,969 | 1,720,996 |
| Other liabilities | | 2 |
| Total liabilities of consolidated VIEs | \$1,732,014 | 1\$1,726,026 |
| | | |

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 3

Non-Consolidated VIEs

Our involvement with VIEs for which we are not the primary beneficiary takes one or both of two forms - purchasing an investment in these entities or providing a guarantee to these entities. The following table presents the carrying amounts and classification of the assets and liabilities recorded on our condensed consolidated balance sheets related to our variable interests in non-consolidated VIEs with which we were involved in the design and creation and have a significant continuing involvement, as well as our maximum exposure to loss. We do not believe the maximum exposure to loss disclosed in the table below is representative of the actual loss we are likely to incur, based on our historical loss experience and after consideration of proceeds from related collateral liquidation, including possible recoveries under credit enhancement arrangements. See Note 6 for additional information on credit enhancement arrangements.

| (In millions) | March 31, 2018 | December 31, 2017 |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Assets and Liabilities | | |
| Recorded on our | | |
| Condensed Consolidated | | |
| Balance Sheets ⁽¹⁾ | | |
| Assets: | | |
| Investments in securities | \$48,925 | \$51,494 |
| Accrued interest | 235 | 233 |
| receivable | 255 | 255 |
| Derivative assets, net | 26 | 7 |
| Other assets | 2,706 | 2,591 |
| Liabilities: | | |
| Derivative liabilities, net | 29 | |
| Other liabilities | 2,581 | 2,489 |
| Maximum Exposure to | 211 465 | 200 106 |
| $Loss^{(2)(3)}$ | 211,465 | 200,196 |
| Total Assets of | 245,591 | 222.762 |
| Non-Consolidated VIEs ⁽³⁾ | 243,391 | 232,762 |

- (1) Includes our variable interests in REMICs and Stripped Giant PCs, K Certificates, SB Certificates, senior subordinate securitization structures and other securitization products that we do not consolidate.

 Our maximum exposure to loss includes the guaranteed UPB of assets held by the non-consolidated VIEs, the UPB
- (2) of unguaranteed securities that we acquired from these securitization transactions and the UPB of guaranter advances made to the holders of the guaranteed securities.
 - Our maximum exposure to loss and total assets of non-consolidated VIEs exclude our investments in and obligations to REMICs and Stripped Giant PCs, because we already consolidate the underlying collateral of these trusts on our condensed consolidated belongs shorts. In addition, our maximum exposure to loss avaludes other
- trusts on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. In addition, our maximum exposure to loss excludes other guarantees measured at fair value related to certain of our REMICs where our exposure may be unlimited. We generally reduce our exposure to these guarantees with unlimited exposure through separate contracts with third parties.

We also obtain interests in various other VIEs created by third parties through the normal course of business. To the extent that we were not involved in the design and creation of these VIEs, they are excluded from the table above. Our interests in these VIEs are generally passive in nature and are not expected to result in us obtaining a controlling financial interest in these VIEs in the future.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 4

NOTE 4 Mortgage Loans and Allowance for Credit Losses

The table below provides details of the loans on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

| | March 31, 2018 | | | December 31, 2017 | | | |
|--|----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------|---|
| | Held by | Held by | | Held by | Held by | | |
| (In millions) | Freddie | Consolidate | edTotal | Freddie | Consolidate | edTotal | |
| | Mac | Trusts | | Mac | Trusts | | |
| Held-for-sale: | | | | | | | |
| Single-family | \$13,756 | \$ | \$13,756 | \$17,039 | \$ | \$17,039 | |
| Multifamily | 16,383 | | 16,383 | 20,537 | | 20,537 | |
| Total UPB | 30,139 | | 30,139 | 37,576 | | 37,576 | |
| Cost basis and fair value adjustments, net | (2,524 |)— | (2,524) | (2,813 |)— | (2,813 |) |
| Total held-for-sale loans, net | 27,615 | | 27,615 | 34,763 | | 34,763 | |
| Held-for-investment: | | | | | | | |
| Single-family | 54,460 | 1,749,047 | 1,803,507 | 51,893 | 1,742,736 | 1,794,629 | |
| Multifamily | 16,213 | 3,874 | 20,087 | 17,702 | 3,747 | 21,449 | |
| Total UPB | 70,673 | 1,752,921 | 1,823,594 | 69,595 | 1,746,483 | 1,816,078 | |
| Cost basis adjustments | (2,625 |)28,615 | 25,990 | (2,148 |)31,490 | 29,342 | |
| Allowance for loan losses | (5,322 |)(3,526 |)(8,848) | (5,279 |)(3,687 |)(8,966 |) |
| Total held-for-investment loans, net | 62,726 | 1,778,010 | 1,840,736 | 62,168 | 1,774,286 | 1,836,454 | |
| Total loans, net | \$90,341 | \$1,778,010 | \$1,868,351 | \$96,931 | \$1,774,286 | \$1,871,217 | |
| | | | | | | | |

During 1Q 2018 and 1Q 2017, we purchased \$65.5 billion and \$85.6 billion, respectively, in UPB of single-family loans and \$1.0 billion and \$1.3 billion, respectively, in UPB of multifamily loans that were classified as held-for-investment. During 1Q 2018 and 1Q 2017, we purchased \$11.8 billion and \$11.2 billion, respectively, in UPB of multifamily loans that were initially classified as held-for-sale.

Our sales of multifamily loans occur primarily through the issuance of multifamily K Certificates and SB Certificates. During 1Q 2018 and 1Q 2017, we sold \$16.2 billion and \$9.9 billion, respectively, in UPB of held-for-sale multifamily loans. See Note 3 for more information on our K Certificates and SB Certificates.

As part of our strategy to mitigate losses and reduce our holdings of less liquid assets, we completed sales of \$1.8 billion in UPB of seasoned single-family loans during 1Q 2018. We did not have sales of seasoned single-family loans in 1Q 2017. Seasoned single-family mortgage loans include seriously delinquent and reperforming loans.

We reclassified \$1.7 billion in UPB of seasoned single-family loans from held-for-investment to held-for-sale during both 1Q 2018 and 1Q 2017. In addition, we reclassified \$0.3 billion in UPB of multifamily mortgage loans from held-for-investment to held-for-sale during 1Q 2018. We did not reclassify any multifamily mortgage loans in 1Q 2017. For additional information regarding the fair value of our loans classified as held-for-sale, see Note 15.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 4

Credit Quality

Single-Family

The current LTV ratio is one key factor we consider when estimating our allowance for credit losses for single-family loans. As current LTV ratios increase, the borrower's equity in the home decreases, which may negatively affect the borrower's ability to refinance or to sell the property for an amount at or above the balance of the outstanding loan. A second-lien loan also reduces the borrower's equity in the home and has a similar negative effect on the borrower's ability to refinance or sell the property for an amount at or above the combined balances of the first and second loans. As of both March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, based on data collected by us at loan delivery, approximately 9% of loans in our single-family credit guarantee portfolio had second-lien financing by third parties at origination of the first loan. However, borrowers are free to obtain second-lien financing after origination, and we are not entitled to receive notification when a borrower does so. For further information about concentrations of risk associated with our single-family and multifamily loans, see Note 14.

The table below presents the recorded investment of single-family held-for-investment loans by current LTV ratios. Our current LTV ratios are estimates based on available data through the end of each respective period presented.

| | March 31, 2018 | | | December 31, 2017 | | | | |
|--|----------------|---------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|
| | Current L7 | | | Total | Current L7 | | | Total |
| (In millions) | ≤ 80 | > 80 to 100 | $0 > 100^{(1)}$ |) Total | ≤ 80 | > 80 to 10 | $0 > 100^{(1)}$ | 10tai |
| 20 and 30-year or more, amortizing fixed-rate ⁽²⁾ | \$1,270,145 | \$\$199,335 | \$11,097 | 7\$1,480,577 | \$1,240,224 | 1\$214,177 | \$13,303 | 3\$1,467,704 |
| 15-year amortizing fixed-rate ⁽²⁾ | 267,453 | 6,105 | 296 | 273,854 | 270,266 | 7,351 | 381 | 277,998 |
| Adjustable-rate | 47,364 | 2,474 | 19 | 49,857 | 48,596 | 2,963 | 28 | 51,587 |
| Alt-A, interest-only, and option ARM | 20,489 | 3,576 | 1,162 | 25,227 | 21,013 | 4,256 | 1,429 | 26,698 |
| Total single-family loans | \$1,605,451 | \$211,490 | \$12,574 | 1\$1,829,515 | \$1,580,099 | \$228,747 | \$15,141 | \$1,823,987 |

- The serious delinquency rate for the total of single-family held-for-investment mortgage loans with current LTV ratios in excess of 100% was 8.50% and 8.43% as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

 As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, \$20.5 billion and \$22.2 billion, respectively, in UPB of modified loans were categorized as fixed-rate loans (instead of as adjustable rate loans), even though the modified loans
- (2) have rate adjustment provisions. In these cases, while the terms of the modified loans provide for the interest rate to adjust, such rates and the timing of the adjustment are determined at the time of modification rather than at a subsequent date.

For reporting purposes:

n Loans within the Alt-A category continue to be presented in that category following modification, even though the borrower may have provided full documentation of assets and income to complete the modification; and n Loans within the option ARM category continue to be presented in that category following modification, even though the modified loan no longer provides for optional payment or adjustable interest-rate provisions.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 4

Multifamily

The table below presents the recorded investment in our multifamily held-for-investment loans, by credit quality indicator based on available data through the end of each period presented. These indicators involve significant management judgment.

| (In millions) | March 31,December | | | |
|--|-------------------|----------|--|--|
| (In millions) | 2018 | 31, 2017 | | |
| Credit risk profile by internally assigned grade: ⁽¹⁾ | | | | |
| Pass | \$19,503 | \$20,963 | | |
| Special mention | 330 | 301 | | |
| Substandard | 234 | 169 | | |
| Doubtful | 2 | _ | | |
| Total | \$20,069 | \$21,433 | | |

A loan categorized as: "Pass" is current and adequately protected by the current financial strength and debt service capacity of the borrower; "Special mention" has administrative issues that may affect future repayment prospects

(1) but does not have current credit weaknesses; "Substandard" has a weakness that jeopardizes the timely full repayment; and "Doubtful" has a weakness that makes collection or liquidation in full highly questionable and improbable based on existing conditions.

Mortgage Loan Performance

The tables below present the recorded investment of our single-family and multifamily loans, held-for-investment, by payment status.

| | March 31, | 2018 | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|---|---|----------------------------------|
| | | One | Two | Three Months or | r | |
| (In millions) | Current | Month | Months | More Past Due, | Total | Non-accrual |
| (III IIIIIIIOIIS) | Current | Past | Past | or in | Total | Non-acciuai |
| | | Due | Due | Foreclosure ⁽¹⁾ | | |
| Single-family: | | | | | | |
| 20 and 30-year or more, amortizing fixed-rate | \$1,451,682 | 2\$13,478 | 3\$4,075 | \$11,342 | \$1,480,577 | 7\$11,337 |
| 15-year amortizing fixed-rate | 272,305 | 855 | 187 | 507 | 273,854 | 507 |
| Adjustable-rate | 49,347 | 262 | 65 | 183 | 49,857 | 183 |
| Alt-A, interest-only, and option ARM | 22,224 | 1,046 | 436 | 1,521 | 25,227 | 1,520 |
| Total single-family | 1,795,558 | 15,641 | 4,763 | 13,553 | 1,829,515 | 13,547 |
| Total multifamily | 20,033 | 18 | | 18 | 20,069 | 65 |
| Total single-family and multifamily | \$1,815,59 | 1\$15,659 | 9\$4,763 | \$13,571 | \$1,849,584 | 1\$13,612 |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | December | | | | | |
| | December | One | Two | Three Months or | r | |
| (In millions) | | One Month | Two Months | More Past Due, | | Non-accrual |
| (In millions) | December | One Month Past | Two Months Past | More Past Due, or in | r Total | Non-accrual |
| | | One Month | Two Months | More Past Due, | | Non-accrual |
| Single-family: | Current | One Month Past Due | Two Months Past Due | sMore Past Due, or in Foreclosure ⁽¹⁾ | Total | |
| Single-family: 20 and 30-year or more, amortizing fixed-rate | Current \$1,431,342 | One Month Past Due 2\$18,29° | Two Months Past Due 7\$5,660 | s More Past Due, or in Foreclosure ⁽¹⁾ \$12,405 | Total \$1,467,704 | 4 \$12,401 |
| Single-family: 20 and 30-year or more, amortizing fixed-rate 15-year amortizing fixed-rate | Current \$1,431,342 275,864 | One Month Past Due 2\$18,29° 1,288 | Two Months Past Due 7\$5,660 290 | s More Past Due, or in Foreclosure ⁽¹⁾ \$12,405 556 | Total \$1,467,704 277,998 | 4\$12,401 556 |
| Single-family: 20 and 30-year or more, amortizing fixed-rate 15-year amortizing fixed-rate Adjustable-rate | Current \$1,431,342 275,864 50,915 | One Month Past Due 2\$18,29° 1,288 383 | Two Months Past Due 7\$5,660 290 84 | sMore Past Due, or in Foreclosure ⁽¹⁾ \$12,405 556 205 | Total \$1,467,704 277,998 51,587 | 1\$12,401 556 205 |
| Single-family: 20 and 30-year or more, amortizing fixed-rate 15-year amortizing fixed-rate Adjustable-rate Alt-A, interest-only, and option ARM | S1,431,342 275,864 50,915 23,235 | One Month Past Due 2\$18,29' 1,288 383 1,297 | Two Months Past Due 7\$5,660 290 84 509 | sMore Past Due, or in Foreclosure ⁽¹⁾ \$12,405 556 205 1,657 | Total \$1,467,704 277,998 51,587 26,698 | 4\$12,401 556 205 1,656 |
| Single-family: 20 and 30-year or more, amortizing fixed-rate 15-year amortizing fixed-rate Adjustable-rate | Current \$1,431,342 275,864 50,915 | One Month Past Due 2\$18,29' 1,288 383 1,297 | Two Months Past Due 7\$5,660 290 84 509 | sMore Past Due, or in Foreclosure ⁽¹⁾ \$12,405 556 205 | Total \$1,467,704 277,998 51,587 | 4\$12,401 556 205 1,656 |

Total single-family and multifamily \$1,802,770\$21,265\$6,543\$14,842 \$1,845,420\$14,882 (1) Includes \$4.2 billion and \$4.1 billion of loans that were in the process of foreclosure as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 4

The table below summarizes the delinquency rates of loans within our single-family credit guarantee and multifamily mortgage portfolios.

| | March | | |
|---|-------------|--------------|--------|
| (Dollars in millions) | 31, 2018 | Decer 31, 20 | |
| Single-family: ⁽¹⁾ | | | |
| Non-credit-enhanced portfolio | | | |
| Serious delinquency rate | 1.07 % | 1.16 | % |
| Total number of seriously delinquent loans | 73,914 | 81,66 | 8 |
| Credit-enhanced portfolio:(2) | | | |
| Primary mortgage insurance: | | | |
| Serious delinquency rate | 1.28 % | 1.43 | % |
| Total number of seriously delinquent loans | 20,939 | 23,27 | 5 |
| Other credit protection: ⁽³⁾ | | | |
| Serious delinquency rate | 0.44 % | 0.53 | % |
| Total number of seriously delinquent loans | 14,834 | 16,25 | 9 |
| Total single-family: | | | |
| Serious delinquency rate | 0.97 % | 1.08 | % |
| Total number of seriously delinquent loans | 105,211 | 116,6 | 62 |
| Multifamily: ⁽⁴⁾ | | | |
| Non-credit-enhanced portfolio: | | | |
| Delinquency rate | 0.05 % | 0.06 | % |
| UPB of delinquent loans | \$19 | \$24 | |
| Credit-enhanced portfolio: | | | |
| Delinquency rate | 0.01 % | 0.01 | % |
| UPB of delinquent loans | \$26 | \$16 | |
| Total multifamily: | | | |
| Delinquency rate | 0.02 % | 0.02 | % |
| UPB of delinquent loans | \$45 | \$40 | |
| Sorious delinguancies on single femily loss | ac undarl | lving o | artain |

- (1) Serious delinquencies on single-family loans underlying certain REMICs, other securitization products and other mortgage-related guarantees may be reported on a different schedule due to variances in industry practice.
- (2) The credit-enhanced categories are not mutually exclusive, as a single loan may be covered by both primary mortgage insurance and other credit protection.
- Consists of single-family loans covered by financial arrangements (other than primary mortgage insurance) that are designed to reduce our credit risk exposure. See Note 6 for additional information on our credit enhancements.
- Multifamily delinquency performance is based on UPB of loans that are two monthly payments or more past due or those in the process of foreclosure.

Allowance for Credit Losses

The allowance for credit losses represents estimates of probable incurred credit losses which we recognize by recording a charge to the provision for credit losses in our condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income. The allowance for credit losses includes:

n Our allowance for loan losses, which pertains to all single-family and multifamily loans classified as held-for-investment on our condensed consolidated balance sheets; and

n Our reserve for guarantee losses, which pertains to single-family and multifamily loans underlying our K Certificates, SB Certificates, senior subordinate securitization structures, other securitization products and other mortgage-related guarantees.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 4

The table below summarizes changes in our allowance for credit losses.

| (In millions) | Losses Held by | 8 nce for Loan Held By Consolidated Trusts | for Guarantee | Total | Losses | Held By Consolidate Trusts | Reserve for Guarante d Losses | e ^{Total} |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|--|---------------|---------|----------|----------------------------|---|--------------------|
| Single-family: | | | | | | | | |
| Beginning balance | \$5,251 | \$3,680 | \$48 | \$8,979 | \$10,442 | \$2,969 | \$54 | \$13,465 |
| Provision (benefit) for credit losses | 98 | (21) | 2 | 79 | (216 |)106 | _ | (110) |
| Charge-offs | (355 |)(15) | (2) | (372) | (697 |)(43 |) — | (740) |
| Recoveries | 95 | 1 | | 96 | 95 | 2 | _ | 97 |
| Transfers, net ⁽¹⁾ | 126 | (126) | | | 181 | (181 |) — | _ |
| Other ⁽²⁾ | 90 | 5 | | 95 | 61 | 1 | | 62 |
| Single-family ending balance | 5,305 | 3,524 | 48 | 8,877 | 9,866 | 2,854 | 54 | 12,774 |
| Multifamily ending balance | 17 | 2 | 7 | 26 | 18 | 1 | 10 | 29 |
| Total ending balance | \$5,322 | \$3,526 | \$55 | \$8,903 | \$9,884 | \$2,855 | \$64 | \$12,803 |

Relates to removal of delinquent single-family loans from consolidated trusts and resecuritization after such removal.

Freddie Mac Form 10-Q 86

A significant number of unsecuritized single-family loans on our condensed consolidated balance sheets are individually evaluated for impairment while substantially all single-family loans held by our consolidated trusts are collectively evaluated for impairment. The allowance for loan losses associated with our held-for-investment unsecuritized loans represented approximately 7.8% of the recorded investment in such loans at both March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, and a substantial portion of the allowance associated with these loans represented interest rate concessions provided to borrowers as part of loan modifications. The allowance for loan losses associated with loans held by our consolidated trusts represented approximately 0.2% of the recorded investment in such loans as of both March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

The table below presents our allowance for loan losses and our recorded investment in loans, held-for-investment, by impairment evaluation methodology.

| impairment evaluation methodology. | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|---------------------|-------------|-------------|----------------------|-------------|---|
| | March 31, | 2018 | | December | 31, 2017 | | |
| (In millions) | Single-fam | il M ultifam | ilyTotal | Single-fam | nil M ultifam | nilyTotal | |
| Recorded investment: | | | | | | | |
| Collectively evaluated | \$1,767,827 | \$19,948 | \$1,787,775 | \$1,764,750 | \$21,301 | \$1,786,051 | L |
| Individually evaluated | 61,688 | 121 | 61,809 | 59,237 | 132 | 59,369 | |
| Total recorded investment | 1,829,515 | 20,069 | 1,849,584 | 1,823,987 | 21,433 | 1,845,420 | |
| Ending balance of the allowance for loan | | | | | | | |
| losses: | | | | | | | |
| Collectively evaluated | (1,861 |)(11 |) (1,872 | (2,301 |)(28 |) (2,329 |) |
| Individually evaluated | (6,968 |)(8 |) (6,976 | (6,630 |)(7 |) (6,637 |) |
| Total ending balance of the allowance | (8,829 |)(19 |) (8,848 | (8,931 |)(35 |) (8,966 |) |
| Net investment in loans | \$1,820,686 | \$20,050 | \$1,840,736 | \$1,815,056 | 5 \$21,398 | \$1,836,454 | ļ |
| | | | | | | | |

⁽²⁾ Primarily includes capitalization of past due interest on modified loans.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 4

Allowance for Loan Losses Determined on an Individual Basis

Impaired Loans

The tables below present the UPB, recorded investment, related allowance for loan losses, average recorded investment and interest income recognized for individually impaired loans.

| | March 31, 2018 | | | December 31, 2017 | | | | |
|--|----------------|-----------|------------|-------------------|---------|------------|----------|----|
| (In millions) | UPB | Recorded | Associate | ed | UPB | Recorded | Associat | ed |
| (In millions) | UPB | Investmen | t Allowand | ce | UPB | Investment | Allowan | ce |
| Single-family: | | | | | | | | |
| With no allowance recorded:(1) | | | | | | | | |
| 20 and 30-year or more, amortizing fixed-rate | \$4,324 | \$3,354 | N/A | | \$3,768 | \$2,908 | N/A | |
| 15-year amortizing fixed-rate | 24 | 20 | N/A | | 24 | 21 | N/A | |
| Adjustable-rate | 261 | 259 | N/A | | 259 | 256 | N/A | |
| Alt-A, interest-only, and option ARM | 1,636 | 1,354 | N/A | | 1,558 | 1,297 | N/A | |
| Total with no allowance recorded | 6,245 | 4,987 | N/A | | 5,609 | 4,482 | N/A | |
| With an allowance recorded: ⁽²⁾ | | | | | | | | |
| 20 and 30-year or more, amortizing fixed-rate | 49,940 | 48,721 | (\$5,832 |) | 47,897 | 46,783 | (\$5,505 |) |
| 15-year amortizing fixed-rate | 944 | 955 | (45 |) | 752 | 757 | (24 |) |
| Adjustable-rate | 245 | 241 | (14 |) | 232 | 228 | (14 |) |
| Alt-A, interest-only, and option ARM | 7,255 | 6,784 | (1,077 |) | 7,407 | 6,987 | (1,087 |) |
| Total with an allowance recorded | 58,384 | 56,701 | (6,968 |) | 56,288 | 54,755 | (6,630 |) |
| Combined single-family: | | | | | | | | |
| 20 and 30-year or more, amortizing fixed-rate | 54,264 | 52,075 | (5,832 |) | 51,665 | 49,691 | (5,505 |) |
| 15-year amortizing fixed-rate | 968 | 975 | (45 |) | 776 | 778 | (24 |) |
| Adjustable-rate | 506 | 500 | (14 |) | 491 | 484 | (14 |) |
| Alt-A, interest-only, and option ARM | 8,891 | 8,138 | (1,077 |) | 8,965 | 8,284 | (1,087 |) |
| Total single-family | 64,629 | 61,688 | (6,968 |) | 61,897 | 59,237 | (6,630 |) |
| Multifamily: | | | | | | | | |
| With no allowance recorded ⁽¹⁾ | 92 | 85 | N/A | | 106 | 97 | N/A | |
| With an allowance recorded | 36 | 36 | (8 |) | 35 | 35 | (7 |) |
| Total multifamily | 128 | 121 | (8 |) | 141 | 132 | (7 |) |
| Total single-family and multifamily | \$64,75 | 7\$61,809 | (\$6,976 |) | \$62,03 | 8\$59,369 | (\$6,637 |) |
| Referenced footnotes are included after the next | t table. | | | | | | | |

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 4

| | 1Q 2018 Interest | | | 1Q 201 | 7 | Interest |
|---|------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|
| (In millions) | Record | eInterest eIncome natecognize | Income Recognized | Record | eInterest eIncome nAtcognized | Income Recognized |
| Single-family: | | | | | | |
| With no allowance recorded:(1) | | | | | | |
| 20 and 30-year or more, amortizing fixed-rate | \$3,311 | \$94 | \$7 | \$4,031 | \$109 | \$4 |
| 15-year amortizing fixed-rate | 20 | 1 | _ | 26 | 1 | |
| Adjustable rate | 263 | 3 | | 311 | 3 | _ |
| Alt-A, interest-only, and option ARM | 1,356 | 23 | 1 | 1,655 | 29 | 1 |
| Total with no allowance recorded | 4,950 | 121 | 8 | 6,023 | 142 | 5 |
| With an allowance recorded: ⁽²⁾ | | | | | | |
| 20 and 30-year or more, amortizing fixed-rate | 47,868 | 592 | 83 | 65,091 | 670 | 70 |
| 15-year amortizing fixed-rate | 869 | 8 | 3 | 825 | 12 | 2 |
| Adjustable rate | 226 | 2 | 1 | 274 | 3 | 1 |
| Alt-A, interest-only, and option ARM | 6,834 | 80 | 9 | 11,416 | 107 | 11 |
| Total with an allowance recorded | 55,797 | 682 | 96 | 77,606 | 792 | 84 |
| Combined single-family: | | | | | | |
| 20 and 30-year or more, amortizing fixed-rate | 51,179 | 686 | 90 | 69,122 | 779 | 74 |
| 15-year amortizing fixed-rate | 889 | 9 | 3 | 851 | 13 | 2 |
| Adjustable rate | 489 | 5 | 1 | 585 | 6 | 1 |
| Alt-A, interest-only, and option ARM | 8,190 | 103 | 10 | 13,071 | 136 | 12 |
| Total single-family | 60,747 | 803 | 104 | 83,629 | 934 | 89 |
| Multifamily: | | | | | | |
| With no allowance recorded ⁽¹⁾ | 84 | 2 | 1 | 271 | 3 | 1 |
| With an allowance recorded | 36 | _ | _ | 41 | 1 | |
| Total multifamily | 120 | 2 | 1 | 312 | 4 | 1 |
| Total single-family and multifamily | \$60,867 | 7\$805 | \$105 | \$83,94 | 1 \$938 | \$90 |

Individually impaired loans with no allowance primarily represent those loans for which the collateral value is

⁽¹⁾ sufficiently in excess of the loan balance to result in recovery of the entire recorded investment if the property were foreclosed upon or otherwise subject to disposition.

⁽²⁾ Consists primarily of loans classified as TDRs.

⁽³⁾ Consists of income recognized during the period related to loans on non-accrual status.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 4

Troubled Debt Restructurings

The table below presents the volume of single-family and multifamily loans that were newly classified as TDRs, based on the original product category of the loan before the loan was classified as a TDR. Loans classified as a TDR in one period may be subject to further action (such as a modification or remodification) in a subsequent period. In such cases, the subsequent action would not be reflected in the table below since the loan would already have been classified as a TDR.

| 1Q 2018 | 1Q 2017 |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Number of Recorded Loans Investment | Number of Recorded Loans Investment |
| | |
| 19,699\$3,305 | 8,964 \$1,283 |
| 2,816 292 | 1,192 88 |
| 319 57 | 250 35 |
| 1,239 203 | 680 114 |
| 24,0733,857 | 11,0861,520 |
| — \$— | — \$— |
| | 19,699\$3,305 2,816 292 319 57 1,239 203 |

- The pre-TDR recorded investment for single-family loans initially classified as TDR during 1Q 2018 and 1Q 2017 was \$3.9 billion and \$1.5 billion, respectively.
- (2) The post-TDR recorded investment is not meaningful.
- Of the single-family loans that were newly classified as TDRs during 1Q 2018 and 1Q 2017, respectively:
- n 19% and 43% involved interest rate reductions and, in certain cases, term extensions;
- n 29% and 14% involved principal forbearance in addition to interest rate reductions and, in certain cases, term extensions:
- n The average term extension was 166 months and 172 months; and
- n The average interest rate reduction was 0.4% and 0.9%.

The table below presents the volume of our TDR modifications that experienced payment defaults (i.e., loans that became two months delinquent or completed a loss event) during the applicable periods and had completed a modification during the year preceding the payment default. The table presents loans based on their original product category before modification.

| | 1Q 2018 | 3 | 1Q 2017 | 7 |
|---|---------|------------|---------|-------------|
| | | Post-TDR | | Post-TDR |
| (Dollars in millions) | Number | dracoarded | Number | dracoarded |
| | | Investment | | Investment |
| Single-family: | | | | |
| 20 and 30-year or more, amortizing fixed-rate | 2,956 | \$443 | 3,356 | \$553 |
| 15-year amortizing fixed-rate | 170 | 15 | 168 | 13 |
| Adjustable-rate | 44 | 7 | 56 | 8 |
| Alt-A, interest-only, and option ARM | 275 | 54 | 305 | 64 |
| Total single-family | 3,445 | 519 | 3,885 | 638 |
| Multifamily | | \$ | | \$ — |

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 4

In addition, loans may be initially classified as TDRs as a result of other loss mitigation activities (i.e., repayment plans, forbearance agreements, or loans in modification trial periods). During 1Q 2018 and 1Q 2017, 1,710 and 1,590, respectively, of such loans (with a post-TDR recorded investment of \$0.2 billion for both periods) experienced a payment default within a year after the loss mitigation activity occurred.

Loans may also be initially classified as TDRs because the borrowers' debts were discharged in Chapter 7 bankruptcy (and the loan was not already classified as a TDR for other reasons). During 1Q 2018 and 1Q 2017, 159 and 258, respectively, of such loans (with a post-TDR recorded investment of \$18 million and \$30 million, respectively) experienced a payment default within a year after the borrowers' Chapter 7 bankruptcy. Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities

During 1Q 2018 and 1Q 2017, we acquired \$36.1 billion and \$60.6 billion, respectively, of loans held-for-investment in exchange for the issuance of debt securities of consolidated trusts in guarantor swap transactions. We received approximately \$4.8 billion and \$8.4 billion of loans from sellers during 1Q 2018 and 1Q 2017, respectively, to satisfy advances to lenders that were recorded in other assets on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. These loans were primarily included in the guarantor swap transactions.

In addition, we acquire REO properties through foreclosure sales or by deed in lieu of foreclosure. These acquisitions represent non-cash transfers. During 1Q 2018 and 1Q 2017, we had transfers of \$0.2 billion and \$0.3 billion, respectively, from loans to REO.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 5

NOTE 5

Guarantee Activities

We generate revenue through our guarantee activities by agreeing to absorb the credit risk associated with certain financial instruments that are owned or held by third parties. In exchange for providing this guarantee, we receive an ongoing guarantee fee that is commensurate with the risks assumed and that will, over the long-term, provide us with cash flows that are expected to exceed the credit-related and administrative expenses of the underlying financial instruments. The profitability of our guarantee activities may vary and will be dependent on our guarantee fee and the actual credit performance of the underlying financial instruments that we have guaranteed.

The table below shows our maximum exposure, recognized liability and maximum remaining term of our recognized guarantees to non-consolidated VIEs and other third parties. This table does not include our unrecognized guarantees, such as guarantees to consolidated VIEs or to resecuritization trusts that do not expose us to incremental credit risk. The maximum exposure disclosed in the table is not representative of the actual loss we are likely to incur, based on our historical loss experience and after consideration of proceeds from related collateral liquidation, including possible recoveries under credit enhancement arrangements. See Note 6 for additional information on our credit enhancement arrangements.

| unungemens. | March 3 | 1, 2018 | | Decembe | er 31, 2017 | |
|---|-----------|--|--------------------------------|-----------|--|------------------------------|
| (Dollars in millions, terms in years) | | nRecognized eLiability ⁽²⁾ | 1 Maximum Remaining Term | | nRecognized eLlability ⁽²⁾ | Maximum Remaining Term |
| Single-family: | | | | | | |
| Securitization activity guarantees | \$12,208 | \$139 | 40 | \$10,817 | \$120 | 40 |
| Other mortgage-related guarantees | 6,125 | 180 | 30 | 6,264 | 190 | 31 |
| Total single-family | \$18,333 | \$319 | | \$17,081 | \$310 | |
| Multifamily: | | | | | | |
| Securitization activity guarantees | \$197,404 | 1\$2,375 | 40 | \$188,768 | 3\$2,305 | 40 |
| Other mortgage-related guarantees | 10,018 | 463 | 36 | 9,888 | 466 | 36 |
| Total multifamily | \$207,422 | 2\$2,838 | | \$198,656 | 5\$2,771 | |
| Other guarantees measured at fair value | \$12,837 | \$150 | 30 | \$9,661 | \$141 | 28 |

The maximum exposure represents the contractual amounts that could be lost if counterparties or borrowers defaulted, without consideration of possible recoveries under credit enhancement arrangements, such as recourse provisions, third-party insurance contracts, or from collateral held or pledged. For other guarantees measured at fair

- (1) value, this amount represents the notional value if it relates to our market value guarantees or guarantees of third party derivative instruments; or the UPB if it relates to a guarantee of a mortgage-related asset. For certain of our other guarantees measured at fair value, our exposure may be unlimited. We generally reduce our exposure to these guarantees with unlimited exposure through separate contracts with third parties.
 - For securitization activity guarantees and other mortgage-related guarantees, this amount represents the guarantee obligation on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. This amount excludes our reserve for guarantee losses,
- (2) which totaled \$55 million and \$57 million as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, and is included within other liabilities on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. For other guarantees measured at fair value, this amount represents the fair value of the contract.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 6

NOTE 6

Credit Enhancements

In connection with many of our mortgage loans, securitization activity guarantees, other mortgage-related guarantees and other credit risk transfer transactions, we obtain various forms of credit enhancements that reduce our exposure to credit losses. These credit enhancements may be attached to the underlying mortgage loans, freestanding or embedded in debt instruments.

Attached Credit Enhancements

The table below presents the total current and protected UPB and maximum coverage provided by our attached credit enhancements. For information about counterparty credit risk associated with mortgage insurers, see Note 14.

| | March 3 | 1, 2018 | Decembe | er 31, 2017 |
|---------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| | Total | | Total | |
| | Current | Maximum | Current | Maximum |
| (In millions) | and | Coverage ⁽²⁾ | and | |
| | Protected | Coverage ⁽²⁾ | Protected | d ^{Coverage(2)} |
| | $UPB^{(1)}$ | | $UPB^{(1)}$ | |

Single-family:

Primary mortgage insurance \$338,457\$86,622 \$334,189\$85,429

- (1) Underlying loans may be covered by more than one form of credit enhancement, including freestanding credit enhancements and debt with embedded credit enhancements.
- (2) Represents the remaining amount of loss recovery that is available subject to the terms of counterparty agreements. Freestanding Credit Enhancements

The table below presents the total current and protected UPB and maximum amounts of potential loss recovery related to our single-family and multifamily freestanding credit enhancements.

| | March 31, 2018 | December 31, 2017 |
|--|--|---|
| | Total | Total |
| (In millions) | Current Maximum and Coverage ⁽²⁾ Protected UPB ⁽¹⁾ | Current and Coverage ⁽²⁾ Protected UPB ⁽¹⁾ |
| Single-family: | | |
| Subordination (non-consolidated VIEs) | \$10,404\$1,904 | \$8,953\$1,734 |
| ACIS ⁽³⁾ | 650,4207,148 | 617,73 6 ,736 |
| Other ⁽⁴⁾ | 15,641 6,362 | 15,9756,479 |
| Total single-family | 15,414 | 14,949 |
| Multifamily: | | |
| Subordination (non-consolidated VIEs) | 197,26832,039 | 187,29 9 0,689 |
| Other ⁽⁵⁾ | 1,756 724 | 1,833 726 |
| Total multifamily | 32,763 | 31,415 |
| Total single-family and multifamily freestanding credit enhancements | \$48,177 | \$46,364 |

Underlying loans may be covered by more than one form of credit enhancement, including attached credit enhancements and debt with embedded credit enhancements. For subordination, total current and protected UPB includes the UPB of the guaranteed securities and the UPB of guarantor advances made to the holders of the guaranteed securities.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 6

For subordination, maximum coverage represents the UPB of the securities that are subordinate to our guarantee (2) and held by third parties. For all other freestanding credit enhancements, maximum coverage represents the remaining amount of loss recovery that is available subject to the terms of counterparty agreements.

- (3) As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, our counterparties posted collateral on our ACIS transactions of \$1.2 billion and \$1.1 billion, respectively.
- (4) Includes seller indemnification, Deep MI CRT, lender recourse and indemnification agreements, pool insurance, HFA indemnification and other credit enhancements.
- (5) Consists of multifamily HFA indemnification and loss reimbursement agreements with third parties obtained in certain of our Q Certificate transactions.

In addition to the credit enhancements disclosed above, the Multifamily segment has other credit enhancements. Recoveries from these other credit enhancements have been minimal as the historical losses on our mortgage loans and amounts paid under our guarantee contracts have not been significant. Therefore, these other credit enhancements have been excluded from the table.

Debt with Embedded Credit Enhancements

The table below presents the total current and protected UPB and maximum amounts of potential loss recovery related to debt with embedded credit enhancements.

| | March 3 | 1, 2018 | Decembe | er 31, 2017 |
|--|---|------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| | Total | | Total | |
| (In millions) | Current and Protected UPB ⁽¹⁾ | Maximum Coverage ⁽²⁾ | Current and Protected UPB ⁽¹⁾ | Maximum Coverage ⁽²⁾ |
| Single-family: | | | | |
| STACR debt notes | \$661,399 | \$19,183 | \$604,356 | 5\$17,788 |
| Subordination (consolidated VIEs) | 6,582 | 307 | 3,330 | 179 |
| Total single-family | | 19,490 | | 17,967 |
| Multifamily: | | | | |
| SCR debt notes | 2,704 | 135 | 2,732 | 137 |
| Subordination (consolidated VIEs) | 1,800 | 180 | 1,800 | 180 |
| Total multifamily | | 315 | | 317 |
| Total single-family and multifamily debt with embedded credit enhancements | | \$19,805 | | \$18,284 |

Underlying loans may be covered by more than one form of credit enhancement, including attached credit enhancements and freestanding credit enhancements. For STACR debt notes and SCR debt notes, total current and protected UPB represents the UPB of the assets included in the reference pool. For subordination, total current and protected UPB represents the UPB of the guaranteed securities.

For STACR debt notes and SCR debt notes, maximum coverage amount represents the outstanding balance of the STACR debt notes and SCR debt notes held by third parties. For subordination, maximum coverage amount represents the UPB of the securities that are subordinate to our guarantee and held by third parties.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 7

NOTE 7

Investments in Securities

The table below summarizes the fair values of our investments in debt securities by classification.

 March 31, December 2018
 31, 2017

 Trading securities
 \$36,206
 \$40,721

 Available-for-sale securities
 39,295
 43,597

 Total
 \$75,501
 \$84,318

As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, we did not classify any securities as held-to-maturity, although we may elect to do so in the future.

Trading Securities

The table below presents the estimated fair values of our trading securities by major security type. Our non-mortgage-related securities primarily consist of investments in U.S. Treasury securities.

| | March | December |
|---------------|-------|----------|
| (In millions) | 31, | 31, 2017 |
| | 2018 | 31, 2017 |

Mortgage-related securities:

Freddie Mac \$12,617\$12,235
Other agency 3,425 3,574
Non-agency RMBS 732 750
Non-agency CMBS 870 1,343
Total mortgage-related securities 17,644 17,902
Non-mortgage-related securities 18,562 22,819
Total fair value of trading securities \$36,206\$40,721

For trading securities held at March 31, 2018 and 2017, we recorded net unrealized gains (losses) of (\$212) million and \$43 million during 1Q 2018 and 1Q 2017, respectively.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 7

Available-for-Sale Securities

At March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, all available-for-sale securities were mortgage-related securities. The tables below present the amortized cost, gross unrealized gains and losses and fair value by major security type for our securities classified as available-for-sale.

| | March | 31, 2018 | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|--|--------------------|--|--|
| | Amorti | Gross zed | Gross Unrealized Losses d Other-Thaff-Grappparary | | | Fair | |
| (In millions) | Cost | Unrealized | | | | Value | |
| | | Gains | Impairment(2) | | ent ⁽²⁾ | | |
| Available-for-sale securities: | | | | | | | |
| Freddie Mac | \$33,532 | 2\$288 | \$ — | (\$757 |) | \$33,063 | |
| Other agency | 1,790 | 46 | | (6 |) | 1,830 | |
| Non-agency RMBS | 1,894 | 472 | (2 |) (1 |) | 2,363 | |
| Non-agency CMBS | 1,749 | | (10 |) (27 |) | 1,712 | |
| Obligations of states and political subdivisions | 324 | 3 | _ | | | 327 | |
| Total available-for-sale securities | \$39,289 | 9\$809 | (\$12 |) (\$791 |) | \$39,295 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Decemi | her 31 2017 | | | | | |
| | Decem | ber 31, 2017 | Gross I | Inraalizad L | OSSAS | | |
| | Decembra Amorti | Gross | | Inrealized L | | Fair | |
| (In millions) | | Gross zed Unrealized | Other-T | haf f-Efrepupa | ra yry | Fair Value | |
| | Amorti | Gross | Other-T | | ra yry | | |
| Available-for-sale securities: | Amorti Cost | Gross zed Unrealized Gains | Other-T Impairn | Thaff efrapopa nen l th/pairme | ra yry | Value | |
| Available-for-sale securities: Freddie Mac | Amorti Cost \$35,433 | Gross Unrealized Gains 3\$499 | Other-T | Thaf TeTapqra nen l thpairme (\$462 | ra yry | Value \$35,470 | |
| Available-for-sale securities: Freddie Mac Other agency | Amorti Cost \$35,433 2,008 | Gross Unrealized Gains 3\$499 56 | Other-T Impairn \$— — | Thaff-effappper nenth/pairme (\$462 (11 | ra yry | Value \$35,470 2,053 | |
| Available-for-sale securities: Freddie Mac Other agency Non-agency RMBS | Amorti Cost \$35,433 2,008 3,012 | Gross Unrealized Gains 3\$499 56 927 | Other-T Impairn \$— — (5 | Thaff-effappper nentthpairme (\$462 (11) (1 | ra yry | Value \$35,470 2,053 3,933 | |
| Available-for-sale securities: Freddie Mac Other agency Non-agency RMBS Non-agency CMBS | Amorti Cost \$35,433 2,008 3,012 1,773 | Gross Unrealized Gains 3\$499 56 927 22 | Other-T Impairn \$— — | Thaff-effappper nenth/pairme (\$462 (11 | ra yry | Value \$35,470 2,053 3,933 1,784 | |
| Available-for-sale securities: Freddie Mac Other agency Non-agency RMBS Non-agency CMBS Obligations of states and political subdivisions | Amorti Cost \$35,433 2,008 3,012 1,773 352 | Gross Unrealized Gains 3\$499 56 927 22 5 | Other-T Impairn \$— (5 (9 | (\$462 (11) (1) (2 | ra yry | Value \$35,470 2,053 3,933 | |
| Available-for-sale securities: Freddie Mac Other agency Non-agency RMBS Non-agency CMBS | Amorti Cost \$35,433 2,008 3,012 1,773 352 | Gross Unrealized Gains 3\$499 56 927 22 | Other-T Impairn \$— — (5 | Thaff-effappper nentthpairme (\$462 (11) (1 | ra yry | Value \$35,470 2,053 3,933 1,784 | |

⁽¹⁾ Represents the gross unrealized losses for securities for which we have previously recognized other-than-temporary impairment in earnings.

The fair value of our available-for-sale securities held at March 31, 2018 scheduled to contractually mature after ten years was \$36.2 billion, with an additional \$2.5 billion scheduled to contractually mature after five years through ten years.

⁽²⁾ Represents the gross unrealized losses for securities for which we have not previously recognized other-than-temporary impairment in earnings.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 7

Available-For-Sale Securities in a Gross Unrealized Loss Position

The tables below present available-for-sale securities in a gross unrealized loss position and whether such securities have been in an unrealized loss position for less than 12 months, or 12 months or greater.

| F,,,, | March 31, 2018 | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|------------|----------------|---------------|-------------------------------|---|--|
| | Less than 12 Months | | 12 Months or | | | | |
| | | | Greater | | | | |
| (In millions) | Fair Value | Unrealized | | Fair Value | Gross Unrealized Losses | | |
| Available-for-sale securities: | | | | | | | |
| Freddie Mac | \$11,87 | 7(\$219 |) | \$9,455 | (\$538 |) | |
| Other agency | 35 | | | 943 | (6 |) | |
| Non-agency RMBS | 4 | _ | | 104 | (3 |) | |
| Non-agency CMBS | 1,671 | (27 |) | 39 | (10 |) | |
| Obligations of states and political subdivisions | 28 | _ | | 21 | _ | | |
| Total available-for-sale securities in a gross unrealized loss position | \$13,615(\$246) | | \$10,562(\$557 | |) | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | December 31, 2017 | | | | | | |
| | Less than | | 12 Months or | | | | |
| | 12 Mor | Months | | Greater | | | |
| (In millions) | Fair Value | Unrealized | | Fair Value | Gross Unrealized Losses | | |
| Available-for-sale securities: | | | | | | | |
| Freddie Mac | \$10,337(\$107 | |) | \$9,251 | (\$355 |) | |
| Other agency | 40 | | | 1,079 | (11 |) | |
| Non-agency RMBS | 5 | | | 105 | (6 |) | |
| Non-agency CMBS | 1,026 | (2 |) | 52 | (9 |) | |
| Obligations of states and political subdivisions | 12 | | | 21 | _ | | |
| Total available-for-sale securities in a gross unrealized loss position | | | | | | | |
| Total available-for-sale securities in a gross unrealized loss position | \$11,420 | 0(\$109 |) | \$10,508 | 3(\$381 |) | |
| Total available-for-sale securities in a gross unrealized loss position At March 31, 2018, the gross unrealized losses relate to 354 separate s | \$11,420 | * |) | \$10,508 | 3(\$381 |) | |

We recognized \$0 million and \$13 million in net impairment of available-for-sale securities in earnings during 1Q 2018 and 1Q 2017, respectively. For our available-for-sale securities in an unrealized loss position at March 31, 2018, we have asserted that we have no intent to sell and believe it is not more likely than not that we will be required to sell the security before recovery of its amortized cost basis.

The ending balance of remaining credit losses on available-for-sale securities where a portion of other-than-temporary impairment was recognized in other comprehensive income was \$1.0 billion and \$1.1 billion as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 7

Realized Gains and Losses on Sales of Available-For-Sale Securities

The table below summarizes the gross realized gains and gross realized losses from the sale of available-for-sale securities.

(In millions) 1Q 1Q 2018 2017
Gross realized gains \$446 \$218
Gross realized losses (51)(28)
Net realized gains (losses) \$395 \$190
Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities

During 1Q 2018, we purchased \$2.5 billion and sold \$2.6 billion of non-mortgage-related securities that were traded, but not settled. We settled our purchase and sale obligations during 2Q 2018.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 8

NOTE 8

Debt Securities and Subordinated Borrowings

The table below summarizes the interest expense per our condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income and the balances of total debt, net per our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

| | Balance, N | Vet | Interest | Expense |
|--|------------|--------------|----------|-----------|
| (In millions) | March 31, | December 31, | 1Q | 1Q |
| (III IIIIIIOIIS) | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 |
| Debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties | \$1,726,96 | 9\$1,720,996 | \$12,51 | 4\$11,721 |
| Other debt: | | | | |
| Short-term debt | 54,255 | 73,069 | 229 | 96 |
| Long-term debt | 223,583 | 240,565 | 1,214 | 1,368 |
| Total other debt | 277,838 | 313,634 | 1,443 | 1,464 |
| Total debt, net | \$2,004,80 | 7\$2,034,630 | \$13,95 | 7\$13,185 |

Our debt cap under the Purchase Agreement is \$346.1 billion in 2018 and will decline to \$300 billion on January 1, 2019. As of March 31, 2018, our aggregate indebtedness for purposes of the debt cap was \$281.6 billion. Our aggregate indebtedness calculation primarily includes the par value of other short- and long-term debt. Debt Securities of Consolidated Trusts Held by Third Parties

The table below summarizes the debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties based on underlying loan product type.

| | March 31, 2018 | | | December 31, 2017 | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| (Dollars in millions) | Contractual UPB Maturity | Carrying Amount ⁽¹⁾ | Weighted Average Coupon ⁽²⁾ | Contractual UPB Maturity | Carrying Amount ⁽¹⁾ | Weighted Average Coupon ⁽²⁾ |
| Single-family: | | | | | | |
| 30-year or more, fixed-rate | 2018 - 2055\$1,294,88 | 1\$1,333,449 | 93.68 % | 2018 - 2055\$1,278,91 | 1\$1,318,350 | 03.68 % |
| 20-year fixed-rate | 2018 - 203872,248 | 74,308 | 3.42 | 2018 - 203873,866 | 76,022 | 3.43 |
| 15-year fixed-rate | 2018 - 2033255,968 | 261,219 | 2.86 | 2018 - 2033260,633 | 266,241 | 2.86 |
| Adjustable-rate | 2018 - 204845,337 | 46,313 | 2.88 | 2018 - 204847,169 | 48,220 | 2.85 |
| Interest-only | 2026 - 20416,711 | 6,780 | 3.79 | 2026 - 20417,303 | 7,379 | 3.74 |
| FHA/VA | 2018 - 2046815 | 834 | 4.83 | 2018 - 2046847 | 866 | 4.85 |
| Total single-family | 1,675,960 | 1,722,903 | | 1,668,729 | 1,717,078 | |
| Multifamily | 2019-2047 4,008 | 4,066 | 3.80 | 2019-2047 3,876 | 3,918 | 3.99 |
| Total debt securities of | | | | | | |
| consolidated trusts held by | \$1,679,96 | 8\$1,726,969 | 9 | \$1,672,603 | 5\$1,720,990 | 5 |
| third parties | | | | | | |

- (1) Includes \$638 million and \$639 million at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, of debt of consolidated trusts that represents the fair value of debt securities with the fair value option elected.
- The effective interest rate for debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties was 2.94% and 2.84% as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 8

Other Debt

| The table below summarizes the balances and effective interest rates for other debt. | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|-----------------------------------|--------|-----------|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| | - | | | | er 31, 2017 | | | |
| (Dollars in millions) | Par Value | Carrying Amount ⁽¹⁾ | | Par | Carrying Amount ⁽¹⁾ | Weighted Average Effective Rate ⁽²⁾ | | |
| Other short-term debt: | | | | | | | | |
| Discount notes and Reference Bills® | \$26,958 | \$26,898 | 1.40 % | \$45,717 | \$45,596 | 1.19 % | | |
| Medium-term notes | 17,612 | 17,612 | 1.12 | 17,792 | 17,792 | 1.03 | | |
| Securities sold under agreements to repurchase | 9,745 | 9,745 | 1.38 | 9,681 | 9,681 | 1.06 | | |
| Total other short-term debt | 54,315 | 54,255 | 1.31 | 73,190 | 73,069 | 1.14 | | |
| Other long-term debt: | | | | | | | | |
| Original maturities on or before December 31, | | | | | | | | |
| 2018 | 42,157 | 42,172 | 1.38 | 70,557 | 70,587 | 1.16 | | |
| 2019 | 61,168 | 61,120 | 1.54 | 57,689 | 57,637 | 1.54 | | |
| 2020 | 38,232 | 38,205 | 1.68 | 38,117 | 38,087 | 1.68 | | |
| 2021 | 26,040 | 26,050 | 1.89 | 22,809 | 22,829 | 1.80 | | |
| 2022 | 18,715 | 18,684 | 2.38 | 18,538 | 18,506 | 2.38 | | |
| Thereafter | 20,986 | 18,394 | 4.81 | 17,281 | 14,660 | 5.29 | | |
| STACR and SCR debt ⁽³⁾ | 19,318 | 19,714 | 5.24 | 17,925 | 18,338 | 5.06 | | |
| Hedging-related basis adjustments | N/A | (756 |) | N/A | (79 |) | | |
| Total other long-term debt ⁽⁴⁾ | 226,616 | 223,583 | 2.24 | 242,916 | 240,565 | 2.04 | | |
| Total other debt | \$280,93 | 1 \$277,838 | | \$316,106 | 5\$313,634 | | | |

Represents par value, net of associated discounts or premiums and issuance cost. Includes \$5.0 billion and \$5.2

Contractual maturities of these debt securities are not presented because they are subject to prepayment risk, as

⁽¹⁾ billion at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, of other long-term debt that represents the fair value of debt securities with the fair value option elected.

⁽²⁾ Based on carrying amount.

⁽³⁾ their payments are based upon the performance of a pool of mortgage assets that may be prepaid by the related mortgage borrower at any time generally without penalty.

⁽⁴⁾ Carrying amount for other long-term debt includes callable debt of \$113.5 billion and \$113.8 billion at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 9

NOTE 9 Derivatives Use of Derivatives

We use derivatives primarily to hedge interest-rate sensitivity mismatches between our financial assets and liabilities. We analyze the interest-rate sensitivity of financial assets and liabilities on a daily basis across a variety of interest-rate scenarios based on market prices, models and economics. When we use derivatives to mitigate our exposures, we consider a number of factors, including cost, exposure to counterparty risk and our overall risk management strategy.

We classify derivatives into three categories:

nExchange-traded derivatives;

nCleared derivatives; and

nOTC derivatives.

Exchange-traded derivatives include standardized interest-rate futures contracts and options on futures contracts. Cleared derivatives refer to those interest-rate swaps that the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission has determined are subject to the central clearing requirement of the Dodd-Frank Act. OTC derivatives refer to those derivatives that are neither exchange-traded derivatives nor cleared derivatives.

Types of Derivatives

We principally use the following types of derivatives:

nLIBOR-based interest-rate swaps;

nLIBOR- and Treasury-based purchased options (including swaptions); and

nLIBOR- and Treasury-based exchange-traded futures.

We also purchase swaptions on credit indices in order to obtain protection against adverse movements in multifamily spreads which may affect the profitability of our K Certificate or SB Certificate transactions.

In addition to swaps, futures and purchased options, our derivative positions include written options and swaptions, commitments and credit derivatives.

Hedge Accounting

Fair Value Hedges

We apply fair value hedge accounting to certain single-family mortgage loans and certain issuances of debt where we hedge the changes in fair value of these items attributable to the designated benchmark interest rate (i.e., LIBOR), using LIBOR-based interest-rate swaps.

Beginning on October 1, 2017, due to the adoption of amended hedge accounting guidance, if a hedge relationship qualifies for fair value hedge accounting, all changes in fair value of the derivative hedging

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 9

instrument, including interest accruals, are recognized in the same condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income line item used to present the earnings effect of the hedged item. Therefore, changes in the fair value of the hedged item, mortgage loans and debt, attributable to the risk being hedged are recognized in interest income - mortgage loans and interest expense, respectively, along with the changes in the fair value of the respective derivative hedging instruments. Prior to October 1, 2017, if the hedge relationship qualified for hedge accounting, changes in fair value of the derivative hedging instrument and changes in the fair value of the hedged item attributable to the risk being hedged were recognized in other income (loss) and interest accruals on the derivative hedging instrument were included in derivative gains (losses).

Cash Flow Hedges

There are amounts recorded in AOCI related to discontinued cash flow hedges which are recognized in earnings when the originally forecasted transactions affect earnings. Amounts reclassified from AOCI are recorded in interest expense. During 1Q 2018 and 1Q 2017, we reclassified from AOCI into earnings, pre-tax losses of \$38 million and \$43 million, respectively, related to closed cash flow hedges. See Note 11 for information about future reclassifications of deferred net losses related to closed cash flow hedges to net income.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 9

Derivative Assets and Liabilities at Fair Value

The table below presents the notional value and fair value of derivatives reported on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

| | March 31, 2018 Notional orDerivatives at ContractualFair Value | | | December 31, 2017 Notional orDerivatives at ContractualFair Value | | | | |
|---|--|---------|--------|---|-------------|---------|------------|----|
| (In millions) | Amount | | | es | Amount | | Liabilitie | es |
| Not designated as hedges | | | | | | | | |
| Interest-rate swaps: | | | | | | | | |
| Receive-fixed | \$186,581 | \$1,517 | (\$361 |) | \$213,717 | \$2,121 | (\$1,224 |) |
| Pay-fixed | 195,839 | 690 | (496 |) | 185,400 | 751 | (5,008 |) |
| Basis (floating to floating) | 5,763 | | _ | | 5,244 | | (2 |) |
| Total interest-rate swaps | 388,183 | 2,207 | (857 |) | 404,361 | 2,872 | (6,234 |) |
| Option-based: | | | | | | | | |
| Call swaptions | | | | | | | | |
| Purchased | 55,425 | 2,066 | | | 58,975 | 2,709 | | |
| Written | 4,400 | | (86 |) | 4,650 | _ | (101 |) |
| Put swaptions | | | | | | | | |
| Purchased ⁽¹⁾ | 40,080 | 1,446 | | | 47,810 | 1,058 | _ | |
| Written | 3,750 | | (14 |) | 3,000 | _ | (20 |) |
| Other option-based derivatives ⁽²⁾ | 10,625 | 669 | _ | | 10,683 | 757 | | |
| Total option-based | 114,280 | 4,181 | (100 |) | 125,118 | 4,524 | (121 |) |
| Futures | 250,445 | _ | _ | | 267,385 | _ | | |
| Commitments | 77,875 | 105 | (183 |) | 54,207 | 44 | (64 |) |
| Credit derivatives | 4,651 | 26 | (48 |) | 3,569 | 7 | (46 |) |
| Other | 4,569 | 1 | (48 |) | 2,906 | 1 | (19 |) |
| Total derivatives not designated as hedges | 840,003 | 6,520 | (1,236 |) | 857,546 | 7,448 | (6,484 |) |
| Designated as fair value hedges | | | | | | | | |
| Interest-rate swaps: | | | | | | | | |
| Receive-fixed | 87,398 | | (1,318 |) | 83,352 | 2 | (714 |) |
| Pay-fixed | 75,441 | 277 | (2,588 |) | 69,402 | 1,388 | (291 |) |
| Total derivatives designated as fair value hedges | 162,839 | 277 | (3,906 |) | 152,754 | 1,390 | (1,005 |) |
| Derivative interest receivable (payable) | | 836 | (941 |) | | 1,407 | (1,596 |) |
| Netting adjustments ⁽³⁾ | | (7,179 | | | | (9,870 | | |
| Total derivative portfolio, net | \$1,002,84 | 2\$454 | (\$345 |) | \$1,010,300 | 0\$375 | (\$269 |) |
| | | | | | | | | |

Includes swaptions on credit indices with a notional or contractual amount of \$4.4 billion and \$13.4 billion at

⁽¹⁾ March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, and a fair value of \$3.5 million and \$5.0 million at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

⁽²⁾ Primarily consists of purchased interest-rate caps and floors and options on Treasury futures.

⁽³⁾ Represents counterparty netting and cash collateral netting.

See Note 10 for information related to our derivative counterparties and collateral held and posted.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 9

Gains and Losses on Derivatives

The table below presents the gains and losses on derivatives, including the accrual of periodic cash settlements, while not designated in qualifying hedge relationships and reported on our condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income as derivative gains (losses). In addition, for 1Q 2017, the table includes the accrual of periodic cash settlements on derivatives in qualifying hedge relationships.

| (In millions) | 1Q 201 | 8 | 1Q 2017 | |
|---|----------|----|------------|----|
| Not designated as hedges | | | | |
| Interest-rate swaps: | | | | |
| Receive-fixed | (\$3,097 | ") | (\$569 | 9) |
| Pay-fixed | 4,641 | | 1,242 | 2 |
| Basis (floating to floating) | (30 |) | _ | |
| Total interest-rate swaps | 1,514 | | 673 | |
| Option based: | | | | |
| Call swaptions | | | | |
| Purchased | (694 |) | (331 |) |
| Written | 27 | | 3 | |
| Put swaptions | | | | |
| Purchased | 327 | | (97 |) |
| Written | (27 |) | 18 | |
| Other option-based derivatives ⁽¹⁾ | (88) |) | (23 |) |
| Total option-based | (455 |) | (430 |) |
| Other: | | | | |
| Futures | 387 | | (115 |) |
| Commitments | 518 | | 54 | |
| Credit derivatives | 14 | | (16 |) |
| Other | (3 |) | (1 |) |
| Total other | 916 | | (78 |) |
| Accrual of periodic cash settlements: | | | | |
| Receive-fixed interest-rate swaps | 222 | | 445 | |
| Pay-fixed interest-rate swaps | (368 |) | (912 |) |
| Other | 1 | | _ | |
| Total accrual of periodic cash settlements | (145 |) | (467 |) |
| Total | \$1,830 | | (\$302 | 2) |
| (1) D: 11 | | | 1.01 | |

(1) Primarily consists of purchased interest-rate caps and floors and options on Treasury futures.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 9

Fair Value Hedges

The table below presents the effects of fair value hedge accounting by condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income line, including the gains and losses on derivatives and hedged items designated in qualifying hedge relationships and other components due to the application of hedge accounting.

| (In millions) | | | Other Income (Loss) |
|---|---|-------------|---------------------------|
| Total amounts of income and expense line items presented in our condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income in which the effects of fair value hedges are recorded: | \$15,95 | (\$13,957 | ()\$121 |
| Interest contracts on mortgage loans held-for-investment: Gain or (loss) on fair value hedging relationships:(1) Hedged items Derivatives designated as hedging instruments Interest accruals on hedging instruments Discontinued hedge related basis adjustment amortization Interest contracts on debt: Gain or (loss) on fair value hedging relationships: Hedged items Derivatives designated as hedging instruments Interest accruals on hadging instruments | (1,973 1,687 (167 16 | 678 (591 | |
| Interest accruals on hedging instruments Discontinued hedge related basis adjustment amortization | _ | (14 — |) <u> </u> |
| (In millions) | 1Q 20 Interest Incom - Mortg Loans | | Other Income (Loss) |
| Total amounts of income and expense line items presented in our condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income in which the effects of fair value hedges are recorded: | \$15,96 | 55(\$13,185 |)\$415 |
| Interest contracts on mortgage loans held-for-investment: Gain or (loss) on fair value hedging relationships: ⁽¹⁾ Hedged items Derivatives designated as hedging instruments ⁽²⁾ Discontinued hedge related basis adjustment amortization | _ _ _ | | (26) 65 — |

In 1Q 2017, gains or losses on derivatives and hedged items were recorded in other income (loss). Beginning in 4Q

- (1)2017, gains and losses and interest accruals are recorded in interest income mortgage loans in our condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income due to adoption of amended hedge accounting guidance.
- (2) The gain or (loss) on fair value hedging relationships excludes (\$83) million of interest accruals which were recorded in derivatives gains (losses) in our condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 9

Cumulative Basis Adjustments Due to Fair Value Hedging

The table below presents the hedged item cumulative basis adjustments due to qualifying fair value hedging and the related hedged item carrying amounts by their respective balance sheet line item.

```
March 31, 2018
                                              Cumulative Amount
                                              of Fair Value
                                              Hedging Basis
                                   Carrying
                                              Adjustment Included
                                   Amount
                                              in the Carrying
                                   Assets /
                                   (Liabilities) Amount
                                                       Discontinued
(In millions)
                                              Total
                                                       - Hedge
                                                       Related
Mortgage loans held-for-investment $130,875 ($1,731)($1,731
                                                                  )
Debt
                                   (95,975) 756
                                                       (14
                                                                  )
                                   December 31, 2017
                                              Cumulative Amount
                                              of Fair Value
                                              Hedging Basis
                                   Carrying
                                              Adjustment Included
                                   Amount
                                              in the Carrying
                                   Assets /
                                   (Liabilities)<sup>Amount</sup>
                                                       Discontinued
(In millions)
                                              Total
                                                       - Hedge
                                                       Related
                                                       $198
Mortgage loans held-for-investment $128,140 $198
Debt
                                   (92,277)79
                                                       (14
                                                                  )
```

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 10

NOTE 10

Collateralized Agreements and Offsetting Arrangements Derivative Portfolio

Derivative Counterparties

Our use of cleared derivatives, exchange-traded derivatives and OTC derivatives exposes us to counterparty credit risk.

Our use of interest-rate swaps and option-based derivatives is subject to internal credit and legal reviews. On an ongoing basis, we review the credit fundamentals of all of our derivative counterparties, clearinghouses and clearing members to confirm that they continue to meet our internal risk management standards.

Over-the-Counter Derivatives

We use master netting and collateral agreements to reduce our credit risk exposure to our OTC derivative counterparties.

In the event that all of our counterparties for OTC derivatives were to have defaulted simultaneously on March 31, 2018, our maximum loss for accounting purposes after applying netting agreements and collateral on an individual counterparty basis would have been approximately \$33 million.

Regulations adopted by certain financial institution regulators (including FHFA) that became effective March 1, 2017 require posting of variation margin without the application of any thresholds for OTC derivative transactions executed after that date. As a result, our and the counterparties' credit ratings are no longer used in determining the amount of collateral to be posted in connection with these transactions.

Cleared and Exchange-Traded Derivatives

The majority of our interest-rate swaps are subject to the central clearing requirement of the Dodd-Frank Act. A reduction in our credit ratings could cause the clearinghouses or clearing members we use for our cleared and exchange-traded derivatives to demand additional collateral.

Other Derivatives

We also execute forward purchase and sale commitments of loans and mortgage-related securities, including dollar roll transactions, that are treated as derivatives for accounting purposes. The total net exposure on our forward purchase and sale commitments, which are treated as derivatives, was \$105 million and \$44 million at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

Many of our transactions involving forward purchase and sale commitments of mortgage-related securities utilize the Mortgage Backed Securities Division of the Fixed Income Clearing Corporation

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 10

("MBSD/FICC") as a clearinghouse. As a clearing member of the clearinghouse, we post margin to the MBSD/FICC and are exposed to the counterparty credit risk of the organization (including its clearing members). Securities Purchased Under Agreements to Resell

As an investor, we enter into arrangements to purchase securities under agreements to subsequently resell the identical or substantially the same securities to our counterparty. Our counterparties to these transactions are required to pledge the purchased securities as collateral for their obligation to repurchase those securities at a later date. While such transactions involve the legal transfer of securities, they are accounted for as secured financings because the transferor does not relinquish effective control over the securities transferred. Although it is not our practice to repledge collateral that has been pledged to us, these agreements may allow us to repledge all or a portion of the collateral. We consider the types of securities being pledged to us as collateral when determining how much we lend in transactions involving securities purchased under agreements to resell. Additionally, we regularly review the market values of these securities compared to amounts loaned in an effort to manage our exposure to losses. Securities Sold Under Agreements to Repurchase

Securities sold under agreements to repurchase are effectively collateralized borrowings where we sell securities with an agreement to repurchase such securities at a future date. We are required to pledge the sold securities to the counterparties to these transactions as collateral for our obligation to repurchase these securities at a later date. Similar to the securities purchased under agreements to resell transactions, these transactions involve the legal transfer of securities. However, they are accounted for as secured financings because they require the identical or substantially the same securities to be subsequently repurchased. These agreements may allow our counterparties to repledge all or a portion of the collateral.

Offsetting of Financial Asset and Liabilities

At March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, all amounts of cash collateral related to derivatives with master netting and collateral agreements were offset against derivative assets, net or derivative liabilities, net, as applicable. The table below displays offsetting and collateral information related to derivatives, securities purchased under agreements to resell and securities sold under agreements to repurchase which are subject to enforceable master netting agreements or similar arrangements. Securities sold under agreements to repurchase are included in debt, net on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. During 1Q 2018, certain rule amendments made by the LCH Group became effective. As a result, the legal characterization of variation margin payments for certain of our cleared swaps changed from posting of margin collateral to settlements. The table below reflects this change as of March 31, 2018.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 10

| (In millions) Assets: | March 31, Gross Amount Recognize | Amoun Offset i Consoli | n the dated | Net Amount Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheets | Amount Not Offset | Net Amount |
|--|----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|--|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Derivatives: OTC derivatives Cleared and exchange-traded derivatives Other Total derivatives | \$7,490 11 132 7,633 | (\$5,366 — — (5,366 |)(\$1,975) 162)(1,813) | \$149 173 132 454 | (\$116 — — (116 |) \$33 173 132) 338 |
| Securities purchased under agreements to | 41,828 | _ | _ | 41,828 | (41,828 |)— |
| resell ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾ Total Liabilities: | \$49,461 | (\$5,366 |)(\$1,813) | | (\$41,944 |) \$338 |
| Derivatives: | | | | | | |
| OTC derivatives | (\$5,797) | \$5,366 | \$365 | (\$66 |) \$— | (\$66) |
| Cleared and exchange-traded derivatives Other | (7) (279) | _ | 7 | <u> </u> | | (279) |
| Total derivatives | . , | 5,366 | 372 | (345 |) — | (345) |
| Securities sold under agreements to repurchase ⁽⁴⁾ | (9,745) | _ | _ | (9,745 | 9,745 | |
| Total | (\$15,828) | \$5,366 | \$372 | (\$10,090 |) \$9,745 | (\$345) |
| (In millions) | Gross Amount Recognize | Amoun Offset i Consoli Balance ed Counter | t the dated e Sheets Cash | Net Amount Presented in the Consolidated Balance | Amount Not Offset | Net Amount |
| (iii iiiiiioiis) | | Netting | Netting ⁽¹⁾ | Sheets | Sheets ⁽²⁾ | |
| Assets: Derivatives: | ф 7 , С 4 О | (ΦΕ 400 | | \$246 | | \ . |
| OTC derivatives Cleared and exchange-traded derivatives | \$7,648 2,545 | (\$5,499) (2,266) |)(\$1,903) | \$246 77 | (\$205 |) \$41 77 |
| Other | 52 | |)(202) — | 52 | _ | 52 |
| Total derivatives | 10,245 | (7,765 |)(2,105) | 375 | (205 |) 170 |
| Securities purchased under agreements to resell ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾ | 55,903 | | _ | 55,903 | (55,903 |)— |
| Total | \$66,148 | (\$7,765 |)(\$2,105) | \$56,278 | (\$56,108 |) \$170 |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Derivatives: | (\$6.205 \ | ¢5 400 | ¢600 | (\$0.9 | \ ¢ | (¢0°) |
| OTC derivatives Cleared and exchange-traded derivatives | (\$6,285) (2,671) | \$5,499 2,266 | \$688 363 | (\$98 (42 |) \$— | (\$98) (42) |
| Other | (129) | | _ | (129 |) — | (129) |

| Total derivatives | (9,085) 7,765 | 1,051 | (269 |) — | (269) |
|---|--------------------|---------|----------|-----------|---------|
| Securities sold under agreements to repurchase ⁽⁴⁾ | (9,681) — | _ | (9,681 | 9,681 | |
| Total | (\$18,766) \$7,765 | \$1,051 | (\$9,950 |) \$9,681 | (\$269) |

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 10

- (1) Excess cash collateral held is presented as a derivative liability, while excess cash collateral posted is presented as a derivative asset.
 - Does not include the fair value amount of non-cash collateral posted or held that exceeds the associated net asset or
- (2) liability, netted by counterparty, presented on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. For cleared and exchange-traded derivatives, does not include non-cash collateral posted by us as initial margin with an aggregate fair value of \$3.1 billion as of both March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017.
 - We primarily execute securities purchased under agreements to resell transactions with central clearing organizations where we have the right to repledge the collateral that has been pledged to us, either with the central clearing organization or with other counterparties. At March 31, 2018, and December 31, 2017, we had \$27.0
- (3) billion and \$34.8 billion, respectively, of securities pledged to us in these transactions. In addition, at March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, we had \$0.5 billion and \$3.4 billion, respectively, of securities pledged to us for transactions involving securities purchased under agreements to resell not executed with central clearing organizations that we had the right to repledge.
- (4) Does not include the impacts of netting by central clearing organizations. Collateral Pledged

Collateral Pledged to Freddie Mac

We have cash pledged to us as collateral primarily related to OTC derivative transactions. At March 31, 2018, we had \$2.2 billion pledged to us as collateral that was classified as restricted cash included in cash and cash equivalents on our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Collateral Pledged by Freddie Mac

The tables below summarize the fair value of the securities pledged as collateral by us for derivatives and collateralized borrowing transactions, including securities that the secured party may repledge.

| | March | 31, 2018 | | |
|--|--------------------------|--|-------------------------------|----------------|
| | | Securities | | |
| | | sold under | | |
| (In millions) | Deriva | n tiges ements | Other(2) | Total |
| | | to | | |
| | | repurchase | | |
| Debt securities of consolidated trusts ⁽¹⁾ | \$395 | \$ | \$42 | \$437 |
| Trading securities | 2,766 | 8,954 | 165 | 11,885 |
| Total securities pledged | \$3,161 | \$8,954 | \$207 | \$12,322 |
| | | | | |
| | Decen | nber 31, 201 | 7 | |
| | Decen | nber 31, 201' Securities | 7 | |
| | Decen | * | 7 | |
| (In millions) | | Securities sold under | | ' Total |
| (In millions) | | Securities | | Total |
| (In millions) | | Securities sold under tigesements | | Total |
| (In millions) Debt securities of consolidated trusts ⁽¹⁾ | | Securities sold under tigesements to repurchase | | Total \$486 |
| | Deriva | Securities sold under atigesements to repurchase | Other ⁽²⁾ | |
| Debt securities of consolidated trusts ⁽¹⁾ | Deriva \$375 2,766 | Securities sold under taigesements to repurchase \$— 9,705 | Other ⁽²⁾ \$111 | \$486 |

Represents PCs held by us in our Capital Markets segment mortgage investments portfolio which are recorded as a (1) reduction to debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties on our condensed consolidated balance

(2) Includes other collateralized borrowings and collateral related to transactions with certain clearinghouses. The table below summarizes the underlying collateral pledged and the remaining contractual maturity of our gross obligations under securities sold under agreements to repurchase.

March 31, 2018

Os@rnight Greater days than 900

continues ous states than 90Total days
\$\$8.954 \(\) (In millions)

U.S. Treasury securities \$\\$8,954\$— \$8,954

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 11

NOTE 11 Stockholders' Equity and Earnings Per Share Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The tables below present changes in AOCI after the effects of our federal statutory tax rates of 21% and 35% for 1Q 2018 and 1Q 2017, respectively, related to available-for-sale securities, closed cash flow hedges and our defined benefit plans.

10 2010

| | 1Q 2018 | | | | |
|---|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| | AOCI ARO IG | tl ed | | | |
| | to Rela | ed | AOCI Re | elate | d |
| (In millions) | Availatol & | sh Flow | to Define | ed | Total |
| | For-Salledg | ge | Benefit F | lans | |
| | Securi Res at | | S | | |
| Beginning balance | \$662 (\$350 | s) | \$83 | | \$389 |
| Other comprehensive income before reclassifications ⁽¹⁾ | (488)— | | (2 |) | (490) |
| Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income | (312)30 | | (4 |) | (286) |
| Changes in AOCI by component | (800)30 | | (6 |) | (776) |
| Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle ⁽²⁾ | 143 (73 |) | 19 | | 89 |
| Ending balance | \$5 (\$399 |) | \$96 | | (\$298) |
| | | | | | |
| | 1Q 2017 | | | | |
| | AOCI | ıτ | | | |
| | AOCI | II | AOCI PA | alata | d |
| (In millions) | AOCI | I ed | AOCI Re | elate | |
| (In millions) | AOCI | I ed ash Flow | AOCI Re | elateo ed | Total |
| (In millions) | AOCI AOC Related to to Ca Available Find Heds | ed ish Flow ge | AOCI Re to Define Benefit F | elateo ed Plans | Total |
| (In millions) | AOCI | ed ish Flow ge | AOCI Re to Define Benefit F | elateo ed Plans | Total |
| (In millions) Beginning balance | AOCI AOC Related to to Ca Available | ed ish Flow ge tionship | AOCI Revito Define Benefit F | elateo ed Plans | Total |
| | AOCI AOCI Related to to Ca Available For-Sale Securities | ed ish Flow ge tionship | | elateo ed Plans | Total |
| Beginning balance | AOCI AOC Related to to Ca Available For-Sale Securities \$915 (\$486 | ed ish Flow ge tionship | \$21 | elateo ed Plans | Total \$456 |
| Beginning balance Other comprehensive income before reclassifications ⁽¹⁾ | AOCI AOC Related to Related to Ca Available For-Sale Securities \$915 (\$480 112 — | ed ish Flow ge tionship | \$21 | elated Plans | Total \$456 109 |

⁽¹⁾ For 1Q 2018 and 1Q 2017, net of tax expense (benefit) of (\$0.1) billion and \$0.1 billion, respectively, for AOCI related to available-for-sale securities.

In 1Q 2018, we adopted the accounting guidance related to the reclassification of stranded tax effects resulting from the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act from accumulated other comprehensive income to retained earnings. The reclassification includes stranded tax effects related to unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities, deferred net losses on closed cash flow hedges and our defined benefit plans.

⁽²⁾ Includes the effect of adopting the accounting guidance on reclassification of stranded tax effects of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 11

Reclassifications from AOCI to Net Income

The table below presents reclassifications from AOCI to net income, including the affected line item in our condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

| (In millions) | 1Q 2018 | 1Q 3 2013 | 7 |
|---|------------|--------------|---|
| AOCI related to available-for-sale securities | 2010 | , 201 | • |
| Affected line items in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income: | | | |
| Other gains (losses) on investment securities recognized in earnings | \$395 | 5 \$190 | C |
| Net impairment of available-for-sale securities recognized in earnings | | (13 |) |
| Total before tax | 395 | 177 | |
| Income tax (expense) or benefit | (83 |)(63 |) |
| Net of tax | 312 | 114 | |
| AOCI related to cash flow hedge relationships | | | |
| Affected line items in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income: | | | |
| Interest expense | (38 |)(43 |) |
| Income tax (expense) or benefit | 8 | 15 | |
| Net of tax | (30 |)(28 |) |
| AOCI related to defined benefit plans | | | |
| Affected line items in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income: | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 5 | | |
| Income tax (expense) or benefit | (1 |)— | |
| Net of tax | 4 | | |
| Total reclassifications in the period | \$286 | 5 \$86 | |
| Future Reclassifications from AOCI to Net Income Related to Closed Cash Flo | w He | dges | |

The total AOCI related to derivatives designated as cash flow hedges was a loss of \$0.4 billion and \$0.5 billion at March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017, respectively, composed of deferred net losses on closed cash flow hedges. Closed cash flow hedges involve derivatives that have been terminated or are no longer designated as cash flow hedges. Fluctuations in prevailing market interest rates have no effect on the deferred portion of AOCI relating to losses on closed cash flow hedges.

The previously deferred amount related to closed cash flow hedges remains in our AOCI balance and will be recognized into earnings over the expected time period for which the forecasted transactions affect earnings, unless it is deemed probable that the forecasted transactions will not occur. Over the next 12 months, we estimate that approximately \$97 million, net of taxes, of the \$0.4 billion of cash flow hedge losses in AOCI at March 31, 2018 will be reclassified into earnings. The maximum remaining length of time over which we have hedged the exposure related to the variability in future cash flows on forecasted transactions, primarily forecasted debt issuances, is 16 years.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 11

Senior Preferred Stock

As of March 31, 2018, our Net Worth Amount was \$2.2 billion, less than the \$3.0 billion Capital Reserve Amount; therefore, we will not have a dividend obligation to Treasury in June 2018. In addition, because our net worth was positive at March 31, 2018, no draw is being requested from Treasury under the Purchase Agreement. See Note 2 for additional information.

Because we had a net worth deficit at December 31, 2017, FHFA, as Conservator, submitted a draw request, on our behalf, to Treasury under the Purchase Agreement. We received this funding request during 1Q 2018. The aggregate liquidation preference of the senior preferred stock owned by Treasury was \$75.6 billion and \$75.3 billion as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

Stock Issuances and Repurchases

We did not repurchase or issue any of our common shares or non-cumulative preferred stock during 1Q 2018, except for issuances of treasury stock relating to stock-based compensation granted prior to conservatorship. Earnings Per Share

We have participating securities related to options and restricted stock units with dividend equivalent rights that receive dividends as declared on an equal basis with common shares but are not obligated to participate in undistributed net losses. These participating securities consist of:

- n Vested options to purchase common stock; and
- n Vested restricted stock units that earn dividend equivalents at the same rate when and as declared on common stock.

Consequently, in accordance with accounting guidance, we use the "two-class" method of computing earnings per common share. The "two-class" method is an earnings allocation formula that determines earnings per share for common stock and participating securities based on dividends declared and participation rights in undistributed earnings.

Basic earnings per common share is computed as net income attributable to common stockholders divided by the weighted average common shares outstanding for the period. The weighted average common shares outstanding for the period includes the weighted average number of shares that are associated with the warrant for our common stock issued to Treasury pursuant to the Purchase Agreement. These shares are included since the warrant is unconditionally exercisable by the holder at a minimal cost.

Diluted earnings per common share is computed as net income attributable to common stockholders divided by the weighted average common shares outstanding during the period adjusted for the dilutive effect of common equivalent shares outstanding. For periods with net income attributable to common stockholders, the calculation includes the effect of the following common stock equivalent shares outstanding:

n Weighted average shares related to stock options if the average market price during the period exceeds the exercise price; and

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 11

n The weighted-average of restricted stock units.

During periods in which a net loss attributable to common stockholders has been incurred, potential common equivalent shares outstanding are not included in the calculation because it would have an antidilutive effect. For purposes of the earnings-per-share calculation, all stock options outstanding at March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017 were out of the money and excluded from the computation of dilutive potential common shares during both 1Q 2018 and 1Q 2017.

Dividends Declared

No common dividends were declared during 1Q 2018. During 1Q 2018, we also did not pay dividends on the senior preferred stock. In addition, we did not declare or pay dividends on any other series of Freddie Mac preferred stock outstanding during 1Q 2018.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 12

NOTE 12 Income Taxes Income Tax Expense

For 1Q 2018 and 1Q 2017, we reported income tax expense of \$0.7 billion and \$1.1 billion, respectively, resulting in effective tax rates of 20.4% and 33.4%, respectively. Our effective tax rates differed from the statutory tax rates of 21% and 35% in these periods primarily due to our recognition of low income housing tax credits. Deferred Tax Assets, Net

We had net deferred tax assets of \$8.3 billion and \$8.1 billion as of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. At March 31, 2018, our net deferred tax assets consisted primarily of basis differences related to derivative instruments and deferred fees.

Based on all positive and negative evidence available at March 31, 2018, we determined that it is more likely than not that our net deferred tax assets, except for a portion of the deferred tax asset related to our capital loss carryforward, will be realized. As of March 31, 2018, we have a \$33 million valuation allowance recorded against our capital loss carryforward deferred tax asset.

Unrecognized Tax Benefits and IRS Examinations

We evaluated all income tax positions and determined that there were no uncertain tax positions that required reserves as of March 31, 2018.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 13

NOTE 13

Segment Reporting

We have three reportable segments, which are based on the type of business activities each performs - Single-family Guarantee, Multifamily and Capital Markets. The chart below provides a summary of our three reportable segments and the All Other category. For more information, see our 2017 Annual Report.

| Segment/Category | Description | Activities/Items | Performance Measurement Basis |
|----------------------------|---|------------------|--|
| Single-family Guarantee | runding costs and amounts related to net float income or expenses | transactions | Contribution to GAAP net income (loss) |

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Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 13

| Segment/Categor | ry Description | Activities/Items | Financial Performance Measurement Basis |
|-----------------|--|---|--|
| Multifamily | The Multifamily segment reflects results from our purchase, sale, securitization and guarantee of multifamily loans and securities, our investments in those loans and securities and the management of multifamily mortgage credit risk and market spread risk. Our primary business model is to purchase multifamily loans for aggregation and then securitization through issuance of multifamily K Certificates and SB Certificates. We also issue and guarantee other securitization products, issue other credit risk transfer products and provide other mortgage-related guarantees. Segment Earnings for this segment consist primarily of returns on assets related to multifamily investment activities and guarantee fee income, less credit-related expenses, administrative expenses and allocated funding costs. | Other mortgage-related guarantees or Other securitization products Other credit risk transfer products | |
| Capital Markets | The Capital Markets segment reflects results from managing the company's mortgage-related investments portfolio (excluding Multifamily segment investments, single-family seriously delinquent loans and the credit risk of single-family performing and reperforming loans), treasury function, single-family securitization activities and interest-rate risk. Segment Earnings for this segment consist primarily of the returns on these investments, less the related funding, hedging and administrative expenses. | Investments in single-family mortgage-related securities and single-family performing loans and reperforming loans All other traded •non-mortgage related instruments and securities •Debt issuances Interest-rate risk management Guarantee buy-ups, net of execution gains/losses Cash and liquidity management Settlements, including legal settlements, relating to non-agency mortgage-related securities •Tax expense/benefit Allocated administrative expenses | • Contribution to GAAP comprehensive income (loss) |

expenses

| The All Other category consists of material corporate-level activities that are infrequent in nature and based on decisions outside the control of the management of our reportable segments. | Tax settlements, as applicable Legal settlements, as applicable Tax expense/benefit associated with changes in the deferred tax asset valuation allowance or revaluation associated with a statutory tax rate change FHFA-mandated •termination of our pension plan | N/A |
|---|---|-----|
|---|---|-----|

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 13

Segment Earnings

We present Segment Earnings by reclassifying certain credit guarantee-related activities and investment-related activities between various line items on our GAAP condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income and allocating certain revenues and expenses, including funding costs and administrative expenses, to our three reportable segments.

We do not consider our assets by segment when evaluating segment performance or allocating resources. We operate our business in the United States and its territories, and accordingly, we generate no revenue from and have no long-lived assets, other than financial instruments, in geographic locations other than the United States and its territories.

We evaluate segment performance and allocate resources based on a Segment Earnings approach, subject to the conduct of our business under the direction of the Conservator. See Note 2 for information about the conservatorship. The table below presents Segment Earnings by segment.

| (In millions) | | 1Q |
|--|---------|----------|
| (III IIIIIIOIIS) | 2018 | 2017 |
| Segment Earnings (loss), net of taxes: | | |
| Single-family Guarantee | \$702 | \$710 |
| Multifamily | 472 | 449 |
| Capital Markets | 1,752 | 1,052 |
| All Other | | _ |
| Total Segment Earnings, net of taxes | 2,926 | 2,211 |
| Net income | \$2,926 | 5\$2,211 |
| Comprehensive income (loss) of segments: | | |
| Single-family Guarantee | \$698 | \$708 |
| Multifamily | 404 | 445 |
| Capital Markets | 1,048 | 1,081 |
| All Other | | _ |
| Comprehensive income of segments | 2,150 | 2,234 |
| Comprehensive income | \$2,150 | \$2,234 |

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 13

The tables below present detailed reconciliations between our GAAP financial statements and Segment Earnings for our reportable segments and All Other.

| | IQ | 2018 | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|------------|---------|--------|-------------------|------------------|------|-----------|--------|
| | | | | | | | | Total per | |
| | | | | | Total | | | Consolida | ated |
| | Sing | gle-family | Capita | l All | Segme | nt Reclassifi | cati | Statemen | ts |
| (In millions) | Gua | rantee | Marke | ts Otl | n dE arnin | gs | cau | of | |
| | | | | | (Loss) | | | Compreh | ensive |
| | | | | | | | | Income | |
| Net interest income | \$ — | | \$817 | | - \$1,088 | • | | \$3,018 | |
| Guarantee fee income ⁽¹⁾ | , | 3 195 | _ | _ | 1,708 | (1,514 | | 194 | |
| Benefit (provision) for credit losses | 28 | 16 | _ | | 44 | (107 |) | (63 |) |
| Net impairment of available-for-sale securities | | | 111 | | 111 | (111 |) | | |
| recognized in earnings | | | 111 | | 111 | • | , | | |
| Derivative gains (losses) | (6 |)655 | 1,302 | | 1,951 | (121 |) | 1,830 | |
| Gains (losses) on trading securities | _ | (156 |) (471 |)— | (627 |)— | | (627 |) |
| Gains (losses) on loans | _ | (451 |) — | _ | (451 |) 131 | | (320 |) |
| Other non-interest income (loss) | 100 | 177 | 530 | | 807 | (55 |) | 752 | |
| Administrative expenses | (330 | 5)(100 |) (84 |)— | (520 |)— | | (520 |) |
| REO operations expense | (39 |)— | 1 | | (38 |)4 | | (34 |) |
| Other non-interest expense | (379) | 9)(14 |) (6 |)— | (399 |)(157 |) | (556 |) |
| Income tax expense | (179) | 9)(121 |) (448 |)— | (748 |)— | | (748 |) |
| Net income | 702 | 472 | 1,752 | | 2,926 | | | 2,926 | |
| Changes in unrealized gains (losses) related to | | (67 |) (733 | ` | (800) |) | | (800 |) |
| available-for-sale securities | _ | (07 |) (133 |)— | (800 |)— | | (800 |) |
| Changes in unrealized gains (losses) related to cash | | | 30 | | 30 | | | 30 | |
| flow hedge relationships | | | 30 | | 30 | | | 30 | |
| Changes in defined benefit plans | (4 |)(1 |) (1 |)— | (6 |)— | | (6 |) |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of | (4 |)(68 |) (704 | ` | (776 |) | | (776 |) |
| taxes | (+ |)(00 |) (704 |)— | (770 |)— | | (770 | , |
| Comprehensive income | \$69 | 8 \$404 | \$1,048 | \$— | - \$2,150 | \$ | | \$2,150 | |
| Referenced footnote is included after the next table. | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
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Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 13

1Q 2017

| | | | | | | TD 4 1 | | | Total per | . 1 |
|---|--------|--------------------|---------|----------------|--------|-----------|-------------------|-----|-------------------|--------|
| | C:no | 1 - form:1 | | Camita | 1 4 11 | Total | 4 | | Consolida | |
| (In millions) | Sing | le-famil Multif | y am | .Capita ily | I AII | Segme | nt Reclassific | ati | Statement lons | ts |
| (In millions) | Gua | rantee | | Marke | is Oii | - | 28 | | | : |
| | | | | | | (Loss) | | | Comprehe | ensive |
| Net interest income | \$ | \$271 | | \$929 | ¢ | - \$1,200 | \$2,595 | | Income \$3,795 | |
| Guarantee fee income ⁽¹⁾ | - | | | \$929 | | | | ` | | |
| | | 8 151 | | _ | | 1,569 | (1,420 |) | 149 | |
| Benefit (provision) for credit losses | 39 | 6 | | _ | | 45 | 71 | | 116 | |
| Net impairment of available-for-sale securities recognized in earnings | _ | (4 |) | 73 | _ | 69 | (82 |) | (13 |) |
| Derivative gains (losses) | (15 |)127 | | 52 | | 164 | (466 |) | (302 |) |
| Gains (losses) on trading securities | _ | 1 | | (135 |)— | (134 |)— | | (134 |) |
| Gains (losses) on loans | _ | (33 |) | | | (33 |)47 | | 14 | |
| Other non-interest income (loss) | 334 | 272 | | 748 | | 1,354 | (694 |) | 660 | |
| Administrative expenses | (333 | 3)(95 |) | (83 |)— | (511 |)— | | (511 |) |
| REO operations expense | (59 |)— | | | _ | (59 |)3 | | (56 |) |
| Other non-interest expense | (318 | 3)(21 |) | (4 |)— | (343 |) (54 |) | (397 |) |
| Income tax expense | (356 | 5)(226 |) | (528 |)— | (1,110 |)— | | (1,110 |) |
| Net income | 710 | 449 | | 1,052 | _ | 2,211 | _ | | 2,211 | |
| Changes in unrealized gains (losses) related to available-for-sale securities | | (4 |) | 2 | | (2 |)— | | (2 |) |
| Changes in unrealized gains (losses) related to cash flow hedge relationships | _ | _ | | 28 | _ | 28 | _ | | 28 | |
| Changes in defined benefit plans | (2 |)— | | (1 |)— | (3 |)— | | (3 |) |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of | (2 | ` \(\lambda\) | ` | | • | 22 | | | | Í |
| taxes | (2 |)(4 |) | 29 | | 23 | | | 23 | |
| Comprehensive income | \$708 | 8 \$445 | | \$1,081 | \$ | - \$2,234 | \$ — | | \$2,234 | |
| Guarantee fee income is included in other incom | e (los | s) on our | r G | AAP co | nden | sed cons | olidated state | em | ents of | |

Guarantee fee income is included in other income (loss) on our GAAP condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 14

NOTE 14 Concentration of Credit and Other Risks Single-Family Credit Guarantee Portfolio

The table below summarizes the concentration by loan portfolio and geographic area of the approximately \$1.8 trillion UPB of our single-family credit guarantee portfolio at both March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017. See Note 4 and Note 7 for more information about credit risk associated with loans and mortgage-related securities that we hold or guarantee.

| | March 31, 2018 | December 31, 2017 | Percent of Credit Losses |
|--|---|---|--------------------------------|
| | Percersagious of Delinquency PortfoRate | Percer sagio us of Delinquency Portfo Ra te | 1Q 1Q 2018 2017 |
| Core single-family loan portfolio | 79 %0.32 % | 78 %0.35 % | 6 %3 % |
| Legacy and relief refinance single-family loan portfolio | 21 2.41 | 22 2.59 | 94 97 |
| Total | 100%0.97 | 100 % 1.08 | 100%100% |
| Region ⁽¹⁾ | | | |
| West | 31 % 0.43 | 30 % 0.47 | 17 %31 % |
| Northeast | 24 1.13 | 25 1.24 | 41 32 |
| North Central | 16 0.73 | 16 0.81 | 19 17 |
| Southeast | 16 1.79 | 16 1.95 | 18 17 |
| Southwest | 13 0.83 | 13 0.98 | 5 3 |
| Total | 100%0.97 | 100%1.08 | 100%100% |
| State ⁽²⁾ | | | |
| New Jersey | 3 % 1.56 | 3 %1.78 | 13 % 10 % |
| California | 18 0.38 | 18 0.41 | 13 23 |
| Florida | 6 3.02 | 6 3.33 | 10 11 |
| New York | 5 1.62 | 5 1.74 | 9 6 |
| Illinois | 5 1.03 | 5 1.13 | 9 9 |
| All other | 63 0.81 | 63 0.91 | 46 41 |
| Total | 100%0.97 % | 100 % 1.08 % | 100 % 100 % |

Region designation: West (AK, AZ, CA, GU, HI, ID, MT, NV, OR, UT, WA); Northeast (CT, DE, DC, MA, ME, (1)MD, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, VT, VA, WV); North Central (IL, IN, IA, MI, MN, ND, OH, SD, WI); Southeast (AL, FL, GA, KY, MS, NC, PR, SC, TN, VI); Southwest (AR, CO, KS, LA, MO, NE, NM, OK, TX, WY).

(2) States presented based on those with the highest percentage of credit losses during 1Q 2018.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 14

Credit Performance of Certain Higher Risk Single-Family Loan Categories

Participants in the mortgage market have characterized single-family loans based upon their overall credit quality at the time of origination, including as prime or subprime. Mortgage market participants have classified single-family loans as Alt-A if these loans have credit characteristics that range between their prime and subprime categories, if they are underwritten with lower or alternative income or asset documentation requirements compared to a full documentation loan, or both. Although we discontinued new purchases of loans with lower documentation standards beginning March 1, 2009, we continued to purchase certain amounts of these loans in cases where the loan was either: n Purchased pursuant to a previously issued other mortgage-related guarantee;

n Part of our relief refinance initiative; or

n In another refinance loan initiative and the pre-existing loan (including Alt-A loans) was originated under less than full documentation standards.

In the event we purchase a refinance loan and the original loan had been previously identified as Alt-A, such refinance loan may no longer be categorized or reported as Alt-A in the table below because the new refinance loan replacing the original loan would not be identified by the seller/servicer as an Alt-A loan. As a result, our reported Alt-A balances may be lower than would otherwise be the case had such refinancing not occurred.

Although we do not categorize single-family loans we purchase or guarantee as prime or subprime, we recognize that there are a number of loan types with certain characteristics that indicate a higher degree of credit risk.

For example, a borrower's credit score is a useful measure for assessing the credit quality of the borrower. Statistically, borrowers with higher credit scores are more likely to repay or have the ability to refinance than those with lower scores.

Presented below is a summary of the serious delinquency rates of certain higher-risk categories (based on characteristics of the loan at origination) of loans in our single-family credit guarantee portfolio. The table includes a presentation of each higher-risk category in isolation. A single loan may fall within more than one category (for example, an interest-only loan may also have an original LTV ratio greater than 90%). Loans with a combination of these attributes will have an even higher risk of delinquency than those with an individual attribute.

| | Percentage of Portfolio ⁽¹⁾ | | | Serious Delinquency Rate ⁽¹⁾ | | | | |
|--|--|---------------------|---------------|---|-----|---------------|---------|--|
| (Percentage of portfolio based on UPB) | Ma 31, 201 | rch Dec 8 31, | ember 2017 | r March 2018 | 31, | December 2017 | ber 31, | |
| Interest-only | 1 | % 1 | % | 4.61 | % | 4.97 | % | |
| Alt-A | 1 | 1 | | 5.40 | | 5.62 | | |
| Original LTV ratio greater than 90% ⁽²⁾ | 17 | 17 | | 1.51 | | 1.70 | | |
| Lower credit scores at origination (less than 620) | 2 | 2 | | 5.74 | | 6.34 | | |

- (1) Excludes loans underlying certain other securitization products for which data was not available.
- (2) Includes HARP loans, which we purchase as part of our participation in the MHA Program.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 14

Sellers and Servicers

Sellers

We acquire a significant portion of our single-family and multifamily loan purchase volume from several large sellers. The table below summarizes the concentration of single-family and multifamily sellers who provided 10% or more of our purchase volume.

| our purchase volume. | | |
|----------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Single-family Sellers | 1Q 2018 | 1Q 2017 |
| Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. | | 18 % |
| Other top 10 sellers | 36 | 38 |
| Top 10 single-family sellers | 51 % | 56 % |
| Multifamily Sellers | _ | 1Q 2017 |
| CBRE Capital Markets, Inc. | 14 % | 15 % |
| Walker & Dunlop, LLC | 12 | 8 |
| Berkadia Commercial Mortgage LLC | 11 | 15 |
| Holliday Fenoglio Fowler, L.P. | 10 | 12 |
| Other top 10 sellers | 32 | 32 |
| Top 10 multifamily sellers | 79 % | 82 % |

In recent years, there has been a shift in our single-family purchase volume from depository institutions to non-depository and smaller depository financial institutions. Some of these non-depository sellers have grown rapidly in recent years, and we purchase a significant share of our loans from them. Our top five non-depository sellers provided approximately 22% and 18% of our single-family purchase volume during 1Q 2018 and 1Q 2017, respectively.

Servicers

Significant portions of our single-family and multifamily loans are serviced by several large servicers. The table below summarizes the concentration of single-family and multifamily servicers who serviced 10% or more of our single-family credit guarantee portfolio and our multifamily mortgage portfolio, excluding loans underlying multifamily securitizations where we are not in first loss position, primarily K Certificates and SB Certificates.

| March | Decembe | | |
|--------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| 31, | 31, | | |
| $2018^{(1)}$ | $2017^{(1)}$ | | |
| 18 % | 18 % | | |
| 40 | 40 | | |
| | 31, 2018 ⁽¹⁾ 18 % | | |

Top 10 single-family servicers 58 % 58 %

(1) Percentage of servicing volume is based on the total single-family credit guarantee portfolio, excluding loans where we do not exercise control over the associated servicing.

| Multifamily Servicers | March 31, 2018 | Dec 31, | ember 2017 |
|----------------------------------|----------------|------------|---------------|
| Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. | 18 % | 16 | % |
| Berkadia Commercial Mortgage LLC | 10 | 11 | |
| CBRE Capital Markets, Inc. | 9 | 12 | |
| Other top 10 servicers | 37 | 36 | |
| Top 10 multifamily servicers | 74 % | 75 | % |

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 14

In recent years, there has been a shift in our single-family servicing from depository institutions to non-depository servicers. Some of these non-depository servicers have grown rapidly in recent years and now service a large share of our loans. As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, approximately 16% and 15%, respectively, of our single-family credit guarantee portfolio, excluding loans where we do not exercise control over the associated servicing, was serviced by our top five non-depository servicers. We routinely monitor the performance of our largest non-depository servicers.

Mortgage Insurers

We have counterparty credit risk relating to the potential insolvency of, or non-performance by, mortgage insurers that insure single-family loans we purchase or guarantee. We evaluate the recovery and collectability from mortgage insurers as part of the estimate of our allowance for credit losses. See Note 4 for additional information. As of March 31, 2018, mortgage insurers provided coverage with maximum loss limits of \$86.7 billion, for \$338.5 billion of UPB, in connection with our single-family credit guarantee portfolio. These amounts are based on gross coverage without regard to netting of coverage that may exist to the extent an affected loan is covered under both primary and pool insurance.

The table below summarizes the concentration of mortgage insurer counterparties who provided 10% or more of our overall mortgage insurance coverage. On October 23, 2016, Genworth Financial, Inc. announced that it had entered into an agreement to be acquired by China Oceanwide Holdings Group Co., Ltd. Regulatory approvals of the acquisition are still pending. Genworth Mortgage Insurance Corporation is a subsidiary of Genworth Financial, Inc.

Mortgage

| | | Insurance | | |
|---|------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------|
| | | Coverage ⁽²⁾ | | |
| | | Marcl | l _{Daga} | mh an |
| Mortgage Insurer | Credit Rating ⁽¹⁾ | 31, | | mber |
| | _ | 2018 | 31, 2 | 017 |
| Arch Mortgage Insurance Company | A- | 24 % | 24 | % |
| Radian Guaranty Inc. | BBB- | 21 | 21 | |
| Mortgage Guaranty Insurance Corporation | BBB | 19 | 19 | |
| Genworth Mortgage Insurance Corporation | BB+ | 15 | 15 | |
| Essent Guaranty, Inc. | BBB+ | 12 | 12 | |
| Total | | 91 % | 91 | % |

⁽¹⁾ Ratings are for the corporate entity to which we have the greatest exposure. Latest rating available as of March 31, 2018. Represents the lower of S&P and Moody's credit ratings stated in terms of the S&P equivalent.

(2) Coverage amounts may include coverage provided by affiliates and subsidiaries of the counterparty.

We received proceeds of \$0.1 billion during both 1Q 2018 and 1Q 2017 from our primary and pool mortgage insurance policies for recovery of losses on our single-family loans. We had outstanding receivables from mortgage insurers of \$0.1 billion (excluding deferred payment obligations associated with unpaid claim amounts) as of both March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017. The balance of these receivables, net of an associated allowance for credit losses, was approximately \$0.1 billion at both March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017.

PMI Mortgage Insurance Co. and Triad Guaranty Insurance Corp. are both under the control of their state regulators and are in run-off. A substantial portion of their claims is recorded by us as deferred payment obligations. As of both March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, we had cumulative unpaid deferred payment obligations of \$0.5 billion from these insurers. We recognized an allowance for credit losses for all of these unpaid amounts as collectability is uncertain. It is not clear how the regulators of

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 14

these companies will administer their respective deferred payment plans in the future, nor when or if those obligations will be paid.

Cash and Other Investments Counterparties

We are exposed to the non-performance of counterparties relating to cash and other investments (including non-mortgage-related securities and cash equivalents) transactions, including those entered into on behalf of our securitization trusts. Our policies require that the counterparty be evaluated using our internal counterparty rating model prior to our entering into such transactions. We monitor the financial strength of our counterparties to these transactions and may use collateral maintenance requirements to manage our exposure to individual counterparties. The permitted term and dollar limits for each of these transactions are also based on the counterparty's financial strength.

Our cash and other investments (including non-mortgage-related securities and cash equivalents) counterparties are primarily major financial institutions, including other GSEs, Treasury, the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the Government Securities Division of Fixed Income Clearing Corporation (GSD/FICC), highly-rated supranational institutions and government money market funds. As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, \$561 million and \$239 million of our securities purchased under agreements to resell were used to provide financing to investors in Freddie Mac securities to increase liquidity and expand the investor base for those securities. These transactions differ from the securities purchased under agreements to resell that we use for liquidity purposes as the counterparties we face may not be major financial institutions and we are exposed to the counterparty risk of these institutions. As of March 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, including amounts related to our consolidated VIEs, the balance in our other investments and cash portfolio was \$69.9 billion and \$89.3 billion, respectively. The balances consist primarily of cash and securities purchased under agreements to resell invested with counterparties, U.S. Treasury securities, cash deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York and cash advanced to lenders. As of March 31, 2018, all of our securities purchased under agreements to resell were fully collateralized.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 15

NOTE 15

Fair Value Disclosures

The accounting guidance for fair value measurements and disclosures defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and sets forth disclosure requirements regarding fair value measurements. This guidance applies whenever other accounting guidance requires or permits assets or liabilities to be measured at fair value. Fair value represents the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or, in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

We use fair value measurements for the initial recording of certain assets and liabilities and periodic remeasurement of certain assets and liabilities on a recurring or non-recurring basis.

Fair Value Measurements

The accounting guidance for fair value measurements and disclosures establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs into the valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The levels of the fair value hierarchy are defined as follows in priority order:

- n Level 1 inputs to the valuation techniques are based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- n Level 2 inputs to the valuation techniques are based on observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- n Level 3 one or more inputs to the valuation technique are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

We use quoted market prices and valuation techniques that seek to maximize the use of observable inputs, where available, and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. Our inputs are based on the assumptions a market participant would use in valuing the asset or liability. Assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety within the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The tables below present our assets and liabilities measured on our condensed consolidated balance sheets at fair value on a recurring basis subsequent to initial recognition, including instruments where we have elected the fair value option.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 15

| | March | 31, 2018 | | | |
|--|--------------|-----------|-------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| (In millions) | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Netting Adjustment | (1) Total |
| Assets: | | | | J | |
| Investments in securities: | | | | | |
| Available-for-sale, at fair value: | | | | | |
| Mortgage-related securities: | | | | | |
| Freddie Mac | \$ — | | 5\$5,127 | \$ — | \$33,063 |
| Other agency | _ | 1,786 | 44 | | 1,830 |
| Non-agency RMBS | | | 2,363 | | 2,363 |
| Non-agency CMBS | | 69 | 1,643 | | 1,712 |
| Obligations of states and political subdivisions | | | 327 | | 327 |
| Total available-for-sale securities, at fair value | | 29,791 | 9,504 | | 39,295 |
| Trading, at fair value: | | | | | |
| Mortgage-related securities: | | | | | |
| Freddie Mac | | | 1,456 | | 12,617 |
| Other agency | | 3,416 | 9 | | 3,425 |
| All other | | 19 | 1,583 | | 1,602 |
| Total mortgage-related securities | | | 3,048 | _ | 17,644 |
| Non-mortgage-related securities | 15,713 | - | | | 18,562 |
| Total trading securities, at fair value | | 17,445 | | _ | 36,206 |
| Total investments in securities | 15,713 | 47,236 | 12,552 | | 75,501 |
| Mortgage loans: | | 4.7.000 | | | 4.7.000 |
| Held-for-sale, at fair value | | 15,832 | | | 15,832 |
| Derivative assets, net: | | | | | |
| Interest-rate swaps | _ | 2,484 | _ | | 2,484 |
| Option-based derivatives | | 4,181 | | | 4,181 |
| Other | | 105 | 27 | | 132 |
| Subtotal, before netting adjustments | | 6,770 | 27 | | 6,797 |
| Netting adjustments ⁽¹⁾ | _ | | | (6,343 |) (6,343) |
| Total derivative assets, net | | 6,770 | 27 | (6,343 |) 454 |
| Other assets: | | | 2.205 | | 2.205 |
| Guarantee asset, at fair value | _ | 120 | 3,285 | | 3,285 |
| Non-derivative held-for-sale purchase commitments, at fair value | | 129 | | | 129 |
| All other, at fair value | | 120 | 88 | | 88 |
| Total other assets | — 015.71/ | 129 | 3,373 | — 2 (\$6, 2.42 | 3,502 |
| Total assets carried at fair value on a recurring basis Liabilities: | \$15,/1. | \$\$69,96 | / \$15,95. | 2(\$6,343 |) \$95,289 |
| | | | | | |
| Debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties, at fair | \$ — | \$9 | \$629 | \$ | \$638 |
| value Other debt, et feir value | | 1 9 1 1 | 125 | | 4.070 |
| Other debt, at fair value | _ | 4,844 | 135 | _ | 4,979 |
| Derivative liabilities, net: | | 4,763 | | | 1 763 |
| Interest-rate swaps Ontion based derivatives | _ | 100 | _ | | 4,763 100 |
| Option-based derivatives Other | | 212 | | | 279 |
| | | 5,075 | 67 | _ | 5,142 |
| Subtotal, before netting adjustments Netting adjustments ⁽¹⁾ | _ | J,073 | | — (4,797 |) (4,797) |
| Total derivative liabilities, net | _ | 5,075 | | (4,797 |) 345 |
| Total uchivative natifices, net | _ | 5,075 | U/ | (4,171 |) J + J |

Other liabilities:

Non-derivative held-for-sale purchase commitments, at fair value - 19 - 19 Total liabilities carried at fair value on a recurring basis - \$9,947 \$831 (\$4,797) \$5,981

Referenced footnote is included after the next table.

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 15

| Clim millions Clevel 1 Level 2 Level 3 Netting Adjustment() Total Assets: |
|--|
| Assets: Investments in securities: Available-for-sale, at fair value: Mortgage-related securities: Freddie Mac Other agency Obligations of states and political subdivisions Obligations of states and political subdivisions Total available-for-sale securities, at fair value Mortgage-related securities, at fair value Mortgage-related securities: Freddie Mac Other agency |
| Available-for-sale, at fair value: Mortgage-related securities: Freddie Mac |
| Mortgage-related securities: \$ \$30,415\$\$5,055\$ \$35,470 Chter agency - 2,007 46 - 2,053 Non-agency RMBS - - 3,933 - 3,933 Non-agency CMBS - 87 1,697 - 1,784 Obligations of states and political subdivisions - - 357 - 357 Total available-for-sale securities, at fair value - 32,509 11,088 - 43,597 Trading, at fair value: - 11,393 842 - 12,235 Trading, at fair value - 3,565 9 - 3,574 Ofther agency - 1,385 2,917 - 17,902 Mortgage-related securities - 1,4985 2,917 - 17,902 Non-mortgage-related securities 20,159 2,666 - 20,93 Total mortgage-related securities 20,159 17,645 2,917 - 17,902 Total investments in securities, at fair value |
| Freedic Mac \$— \$30,415 \$\$,505 \$\$— \$35,470 Other agency — 2,007 46 — 2,033 Non-agency RMBS — 87 1,697 — 1,784 Obligations of states and political subdivisions — 87 1,697 — 357 Total available-for-sale securities, at fair value — 32,509 11,088 — 43,597 Trading, at fair value: — 11,393 842 — 12,235 Other agency — 3,565 9 — 3,574 All other — 27 2,066 — 2,093 Total mortgage-related securities — 14,985 2,917 — 17,902 Non-morgage-related securities — 14,985 2,917 — 17,902 Non-mortgage-related securities — 14,985 2,917 — 17,902 Non-mortgage-related securities — 16,966 — 22,819 Total investments in securities at fair value — 20,159 |
| Other agency — 2,007 46 — 2,053 Non-agency RMBS — 3,933 — 3,933 Non-agency CMBS — 87 1,697 — 1,784 Obligations of states and political subdivisions — 357 — 357 Total available-for-sale securities, at fair value — 32,509 11,088 — 43,597 Trading, at fair value: — 11,393 842 — 12,235 Other agency — 3,565 9 — 3,574 All other — 27 2,066 — 20,93 Total mortgage-related securities — 14,985 2,917 — 17,902 Non-mortgage-related securities 20,159 2,660 — — 22,819 Total trading securities, at fair value 20,159 17,645 2,917 — 40,721 Total investments in securities 20,159 50,154 14,005 — 84,318 Mortgage loans: |
| Non-agency RMBS |
| Non-agency CMBS |
| Non-agency CMBS |
| Total available-for-sale securities, at fair value Mortgage-related securities: Freddie Mac Other agency All other Total mortgage-related securities Total mortgage-related securities Total mortgage-related securities Total mortgage-related securities Double agency Non-mortgage-related securities Total trading securities, at fair value Total trading securities, at fair value Total investments in securities Held-for-sale, at fair value Double agency Doub |
| Total available-for-sale securities, at fair value Mortgage-related securities: Freddie Mac Other agency All other Total mortgage-related securities Total mortgage-related securities Total mortgage-related securities Total mortgage-related securities Double agency Non-mortgage-related securities Total trading securities, at fair value Total trading securities, at fair value Total investments in securities Held-for-sale, at fair value Double agency Doub |
| Mortgage-related securities: — 11,393 842 — 12,235 Other agency — 3,565 9 — 3,574 All other — 27 2,066 — 2,093 Total mortgage-related securities — 14,985 2,917 — 17,902 Non-mortgage-related securities 20,159 2,660 — 22,819 Total trading securities, at fair value 20,159 17,645 2,917 — 40,721 Total investments in securities 20,159 50,154 14,005 — 84,318 Mortgage loans: — 20,054 — 20,054 Derivative assets, net — 20,054 — 20,054 Derivative assets, net — 4,262 — 4,262 Option-based derivatives — 4,242 — 4,524 Other — 4,524 — 4,524 Other — 4,838 — 8,838 Netting adjustme |
| Mortgage-related securities: — 11,393 842 — 12,235 Other agency — 3,565 9 — 3,574 All other — 27 2,066 — 2,093 Total mortgage-related securities — 14,985 2,917 — 17,902 Non-mortgage-related securities 20,159 2,660 — 22,819 Total trading securities, at fair value 20,159 17,645 2,917 — 40,721 Total investments in securities 20,159 50,154 14,005 — 84,318 Mortgage loans: — 20,054 — 20,054 Derivative assets, net — 20,054 — 20,054 Derivative assets, net — 4,262 — 4,262 Option-based derivatives — 4,242 — 4,524 Other — 4,524 — 4,524 Other — 4,838 — 8,838 Netting adjustme |
| Freddie Mac — 11,393 842 — 12,235 Other agency — 3,565 9 — 3,574 All other — 27 2,066 — 2,093 Total mortgage-related securities — 14,985 2,917 — 17,902 Non-mortgage-related securities 20,159 2,660 — — 22,819 Total trading securities, at fair value 20,159 50,154 14,005 — 40,721 Total investments in securities 20,159 50,154 14,005 — 84,318 Mortgage loans: — 20,054 — — 20,054 Derivative assets, at fair value — 20,054 — — 20,054 Derivative assets, net: — 4,262 — — 4,262 Other — 4,524 — — 4,524 Other — 4,48 — 52 Subtotal, before netting adjustments — 8, |
| All other — 27 2,066 — 2,093 Total mortgage-related securities — 14,985 2,917 — 17,902 Non-mortgage-related securities — 20,159 2,660 — — 22,819 Total trading securities, at fair value — 20,159 17,645 2,917 — 40,721 Total investments in securities — 20,159 50,154 14,005 — 84,318 Mortgage loans: Held-for-sale, at fair value — 20,054 — — 20,054 Derivative assets, net: Interest-rate swaps — 4,262 — — 4,262 Option-based derivatives — 4,524 — — 4,524 Other — 44 8 — 52 Subtotal, before netting adjustments — 8,830 8 — 8,838 Netting adjustments(1) — 8,830 8 — 8,838 Netting adjustments(1) — 8,830 8 (8,463) 375 Total derivative assets, net — 3,171 — 3,171 Non-derivative held-for-sale purchase commitments, at fair value — 137 — 137 All other, at fair value — 45 — 45 Total other assets — 137 3,216 — 3,353 Total assets carried at fair value on a recurring basis \$20,159\$79,175\$17,229(\$8,463) \$108,100 |
| All other — 27 2,066 — 2,093 Total mortgage-related securities — 14,985 2,917 — 17,902 Non-mortgage-related securities 20,159 2,660 — — 22,819 Total trading securities, at fair value 20,159 17,645 2,917 — 40,721 Total investments in securities 20,159 50,154 14,005 — 84,318 Mortgage loans: Held-for-sale, at fair value — 20,054 — — 20,054 Derivative assets, net: Interest-rate swaps — 4,262 — — 4,262 Option-based derivatives — 4,524 — — 4,524 Other — 44 8 — 52 Subtotal, before netting adjustments — 8,830 8 — 8,838 Netting adjustments — 8,830 8 — 8,838 Netting adjustments — 8,830 8 (8,463) 375 Other — 8,830 8 (8,463) 375 Total derivative assets, net — 3,171 — 3,171 Non-derivative held-for-sale purchase commitments, at fair value — 137 — 137 All other, at fair value — 45 — 45 Total other assets — 137 3,216 — 3,353 Total assets carried at fair value on a recurring basis \$20,159\$79,175\$17,229(\$8,463) \$108,100 |
| Total mortgage-related securities — 14,985 2,917 — 17,902 Non-mortgage-related securities 20,159 2,660 — — 22,819 Total trading securities, at fair value 20,159 17,645 2,917 — 40,721 Total investments in securities 20,159 50,154 14,005 — 84,318 Mortgage loans: — 20,054 — — 20,054 Berivative assets, at fair value — 20,054 — — 20,054 Derivative assets, net: — 4,262 — — 4,262 Option-based derivatives — 4,524 — — 4,524 Other — 44 8 — 52 Subtotal, before netting adjustments — 8,830 8 — 8,838 Netting adjustments ⁽¹⁾ — — — (8,463) (8,463)) 375 Other assets: — — — 3,171 — 3,171 On-derivative asset, at fair value — — — 3,171 — 3,171 Non-derivative held-for-sale purchase commitments, at fair value — 137 — — 137 — 137 All other, at fair value — — — 45 — — 45 — 45 Total other assets — — 137 — 3,216 — 3,353 Total assets carried at fair value on a recurring basis \$20,159 \$79,175 \$17 |
| Non-mortgage-related securities 20,159 2,660 — — 22,819 Total trading securities, at fair value 20,159 17,645 2,917 — 40,721 Total investments in securities 20,159 50,154 14,005 — 84,318 Mortgage loans: |
| Total trading securities, at fair value 20,159 17,645 2,917 — 40,721 Total investments in securities 20,159 50,154 14,005 — 84,318 Mortgage loans: — 20,054 — — 20,054 Held-for-sale, at fair value — 20,054 — — 20,054 Derivative assets, net: — 4,262 — — 4,262 Option-based derivatives — 4,524 — — 4,524 Other — 44 8 — 52 Subtotal, before netting adjustments — 8,830 8 — 8,838 Netting adjustments(1) — — (8,463) (8,463) Total derivative assets, net — 8,830 8 (8,463) 375 Other assets: — — 3,171 — 3,171 Sun-derivative held-for-sale purchase commitments, at fair value — 137 — 137 All other, at fair value — — 45 — 45 Total other assets — 137 3,216 — 3,353 Total assets carried at fair value on a recurring basis \$20,159 \$79,175 \$17,229 (\$8,463) \$108,100 Debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties at fair |
| Total investments in securities 20,159 50,154 14,005 — 84,318 Mortgage loans: Held-for-sale, at fair value — 20,054 — 20,054 Derivative assets, net: — 4,262 — — 4,262 Option-based derivatives — 4,524 — — 4,524 Other — 44 8 — 52 Subtotal, before netting adjustments — 8,830 8 — 8,838 Netting adjustments ⁽¹⁾ — — — (8,463) (8,463)) 375 Other assets: — — 3,171 — 3,171 On-derivative asset, at fair value — — 3,171 — 3,171 Non-derivative held-for-sale purchase commitments, at fair value — — 3,171 — 3,171 All other, at fair value — — 45 — 45 Total other assets — — 137 3,216 — 3,353 Total assets carried at fair value on a recurring basis \$20,159 \$79,175 \$17,229 (\$8,463) \$108,100 Liabilities: Debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties at fair |
| Mortgage loans: Held-for-sale, at fair value Derivative assets, net: Interest-rate swaps Option-based derivatives Other Subtotal, before netting adjustments Netting adjustments Total derivative assets, net Guarantee asset, at fair value Non-derivative held-for-sale purchase commitments, at fair value Total other, at fair value Total assets Total assets carried at fair value on a recurring basis Debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties at fair $ - 20,054 - 20,054 20,054 20,054 20,054 20,054 20,054 - 20,054 20,054 20,054 20,054 20,054 20,054 - 20,054$ |
| Held-for-sale, at fair value — 20,054 — 20,054 Derivative assets, net: — 4,262 — — 4,262 Option-based derivatives — 4,524 — — 4,524 Other — 44 8 — 52 Subtotal, before netting adjustments — 8,830 8 — 8,838 Netting adjustments ⁽¹⁾ — — (8,463) (8,463) Total derivative assets, net — 8,830 8 (8,463) 375 Other assets: — — 3,171 — 3,171 Non-derivative held-for-sale purchase commitments, at fair value — — 3,171 — 137 All other, at fair value — — 45 — 45 Total other assets — 137 3,216 — 3,353 Total assets carried at fair value on a recurring basis \$20,159 \$79,175 \$17,229 (\$8,463) \$108,100 Liabilities: Debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties at fair |
| Derivative assets, net: Interest-rate swaps — 4,262 — — 4,262 Option-based derivatives — 4,524 — — 4,524 Other — 44 8 — 52 Subtotal, before netting adjustments — 8,830 8 — 8,838 Netting adjustments(1) — — — (8,463) (8,463) Total derivative assets, net — 8,830 8 (8,463) 375 Other assets: — — 3,171 — 3,171 Non-derivative held-for-sale purchase commitments, at fair value — 137 — — 137 All other, at fair value — — 45 — 45 Total other assets — 137 3,216 — 3,353 Total assets carried at fair value on a recurring basis \$20,159\$79,175\$17,229(\$8,463) \$108,100 Liabilities: Debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties at fair |
| Interest-rate swaps $ - 4,262 4,262 $ Option-based derivatives $ - 4,524 4,524 $ Other $ - 44 $ |
| Option-based derivatives $-4,524$ $4,524$ Other -44 8 -52 Subtotal, before netting adjustments $-8,830$ 8 $-8,838$ Netting adjustments ⁽¹⁾ 6 (8,463) (8,463) Total derivative assets, net $-8,830$ 8 (8,463) 375 Other assets: Guarantee asset, at fair value 6 3,171 6 3,171 Non-derivative held-for-sale purchase commitments, at fair value 6 3,171 6 137 All other, at fair value 6 45 6 45 Total other assets 6 3,216 6 3,353 Total assets carried at fair value on a recurring basis 6 \$20,159\$79,175\$17,229(\$8,463) \$108,100 Liabilities: |
| Other Subtotal, before netting adjustments Netting adjustments ⁽¹⁾ Total derivative assets, net Other assets: Guarantee asset, at fair value Non-derivative held-for-sale purchase commitments, at fair value All other, at fair value Total other assets Total assets carried at fair value on a recurring basis Liabilities: Debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties at fair |
| Subtotal, before netting adjustments Netting adjustments ⁽¹⁾ Total derivative assets, net Other assets: Guarantee asset, at fair value Non-derivative held-for-sale purchase commitments, at fair value All other, at fair value Total other assets Total assets carried at fair value on a recurring basis Liabilities: Debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties at fair |
| Netting adjustments ⁽¹⁾ Total derivative assets, net Other assets: Guarantee asset, at fair value Non-derivative held-for-sale purchase commitments, at fair value All other, at fair value Total other assets Total assets carried at fair value on a recurring basis Liabilities: Debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties at fair |
| Total derivative assets, net Other assets: Guarantee asset, at fair value Non-derivative held-for-sale purchase commitments, at fair value All other, at fair value Total other assets Total assets carried at fair value on a recurring basis Liabilities: Debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties at fair |
| Other assets: Guarantee asset, at fair value Non-derivative held-for-sale purchase commitments, at fair value All other, at fair value Total other assets Total assets carried at fair value on a recurring basis Liabilities: Debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties at fair |
| Non-derivative held-for-sale purchase commitments, at fair value — 137 — — 137 All other, at fair value — 45 — 45 Total other assets — 137 3,216 — 3,353 Total assets carried at fair value on a recurring basis \$20,159\$79,175\$17,229(\$8,463)\$108,100 Liabilities: Debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties at fair |
| Non-derivative held-for-sale purchase commitments, at fair value — 137 — — 137 All other, at fair value — 45 — 45 Total other assets — 137 3,216 — 3,353 Total assets carried at fair value on a recurring basis \$20,159\$79,175\$17,229(\$8,463)\$108,100 Liabilities: Debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties at fair |
| All other, at fair value — — 45 — 45 Total other assets — 137 3,216 — 3,353 Total assets carried at fair value on a recurring basis \$20,159\$79,175\$17,229(\$8,463)\$108,100 Liabilities: Debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties at fair |
| Total other assets — 137 3,216 — 3,353 Total assets carried at fair value on a recurring basis \$20,159\$79,175\$17,229(\$8,463) \$108,100 Liabilities: Debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties at fair |
| Total assets carried at fair value on a recurring basis \$20,159\$79,175\$17,229(\$8,463) \$108,100 Liabilities: Debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties at fair |
| Liabilities: Debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties at fair |
| Debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties, at fair |
| |
| value \$\ \\$630 \\$ \\$639 |
| Other debt, at fair value — 5,023 137 — 5,160 |
| Derivative liabilities, net: |
| Interest-rate swaps — 7,239 — 7,239 |
| Option-based derivatives — 121 — — 121 |
| Other — 64 65 — 129 |
| Subtotal, before netting adjustments — 7,424 65 — 7,489 |
| Netting adjustments ⁽¹⁾ $ (7,220) (7,220)$ |
| Total derivative liabilities, net — 7,424 65 (7,220) 269 |

Other liabilities:

Non-derivative held-for-sale purchase commitments, at fair value — 4 — — 4

Total liabilities carried at fair value on a recurring basis \$— \$12,460\$832 (\$7,220) \$6,072 (1) Represents counterparty netting, cash collateral netting and net derivative interest receivable or payable.

Freddie Mac Form 10-Q 127

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 15

Level 3 Fair Value Measurements

The tables below present a reconciliation of all assets and liabilities measured on our condensed consolidated balance sheets at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3), including transfers into and out of Level 3. The tables also present gains and losses due to changes in fair value, including both realized and unrealized gains and losses, recognized in our condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income for Level 3 assets and liabilities. When assets and liabilities are transferred between levels, we recognize the transfer as of the beginning of the period.

| beginning of the period. (In millions) | Balanc January 1, 2018 | Real unrea (loss y Inclu | ized and alized gai es) Included ded in other comprel ngs mcome | d | Total | | Purcha | ıs Es sues | Sales | Settlen net | nei | | out | sfers Balance March 1 ³¹ , 2018 | Unregains (loss still held) | es) |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|---------|-----|--------|-------------------|--|----------------|-----|---------------|-------|--|-----------------------------|-----|
| Assets | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Investments in securities: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Available-for-sale, at fair | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| value: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mortgage-related securities: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Freddie Mac | \$5,055 | (\$3) | (\$105 |) | (\$108 | ((| \$433 | \$ | \$— | (\$253 |) | \$ | \$ | \$5,127 | (\$3 |) |
| Other agency | 46 | | | , | | | _ | _ | _ | (2 |) | _ | _ | 44 | | , |
| Non-agency RMBS | 3,933 | 448 | (451 | - | (3 |) | | _ | (1,46) | |) | | _ | 2,363 | 16 | |
| Non-agency CMBS | 1,697 | (2) | (47 |) | (49 |) | | _ | _ | (5 |) | | _ | 1,643 | (2 |) |
| Obligations of states and | 357 | _ | (2 |) | (2 |) | | _ | _ | (28 |) | | | 327 | _ | |
| political subdivisions Total available-for-sale | | | • | | Ì | ĺ | | | | ` | | | | | | |
| mortgage-related | 11,088 | 443 | (605 |) | (162 |) | 433 | | (1,46)7 | (388 |) | | | 9,504 | 11 | |
| securities | 11,000 | . 15 | (002 | , | (102 | , | 100 | | (1,10) | (500 | , | | | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | | |
| Trading, at fair value: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mortgage-related | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| securities: | 0.40 | (== \ | | | | | 0.4. | | (0.T.) | | | | (0.0 | | - | |
| Freddie Mac | 842 | (77) | | | (77 |) | 817 | _ | (35) | (5 |) | _ | (86) | 1,456 | (73 |) |
| Other agency All other | 9 2,066 | — (47) | | | <u></u> | ` | | | — (420) | <u> </u> | ` | | | 9 1,583 | (38 |) |
| Total trading | 2,000 | (47) | | | (47 | , | | _ | (420) | (10 | , | | | 1,363 | (36 | , |
| mortgage-related | 2,917 | (124) | | | (124 |) | 817 | | (455) | (21 |) | | (86) | 3,048 | (111 |) |
| securities | , | ` / | | | | _ | | | , | | | | , | , | ` | |
| Other assets: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Guarantee asset | 3,171 | | | | 16 | | | 235 | _ | (137 | _ | | _ | 3,285 | 16 | |
| All other, at fair value | 45 | 6 | | | 6 | | 43 | 9 | | <u> </u> | | | | 88 | 3 | |
| Total other assets | \$3,216 | \$22 | > — | | \$22 | | \$43 | \$244 | (\$15) | (\$137 |) | > — | \$ | \$3,373 | \$19 | |
| | BalanceRealized and Purch | | | | | | Purcha | ns Es sues | Settlemen Trans Tr | | | | | | | |
| | January unrealized (gains) | | | | | | | 24.43 | net | | | | March | | | |
| | , | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 40 | |

| | 1, 2018 | losses Includent lude in in earningther compre income | hensive | l | | | Levebf 31, 3 ⁽¹⁾ Level2018 3 ⁽¹⁾ | losses still held ⁽³⁾ |
|--|-------------------------|---|--------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|--|--|
| Liabilities Debt securities of consolidated trusts held by third parties, at fair | \$630 | (\$1) \$— | (\$1 |) \$— | \$— \$— | \$ — | \$— \$— \$629 | (\$1) |
| value Other debt, at fair value Net derivatives ⁽²⁾ Referenced footnotes are | 137 \$57 included | \$9 | — \$9 table. | | (\$22) \$ | (2 (\$4 |) — — 135) \$— \$— \$40 | |

Financial Statements Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements | Note 15

| (In millions) | Realized and unrealized gains Balance (losses) January Included 1, Included 2017 in Tote comprehensive earnings | Purchasessuesales al e | Settlementinto | feFsansfers Balanc out of March Level 31, 3 ⁽¹⁾ 2017 | gains |
|--|---|---|----------------|--|-------------------|
| Assets Investments in securities: Available-for-sale, at fair value: Mortgage-related securities: Freddie Mac Other agency Non-agency RMBS Non-agency CMBS | \$9,847 (\$2) \$21 | \$647 \$— (\$699) — — — — — (2,217) | (4) — | (\$3,096) \$6,419 — 62 — 9,270 | (\$6) — 69 |