CREDIT SUISSE GROUP Form 6-K November 04, 2004

FORM 6-K

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Report of Foreign Private Issuer

Dated November 4, 2004

Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the month of November 4, 2004

Commission File Number 001-15244

CREDIT SUISSE GROUP

(Translation of registrant's name into English)

Paradeplatz 8, P.O. Box 1, CH-8070 Zurich, Switzerland (Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F Form 40-F

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1):____

Note: Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1) only permits the submission in paper of a Form 6-K if submitted solely to provide an attached annual report to security holders.

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7):____

Note: Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7) only permits the submission in paper of a Form 6-K if submitted to furnish a report or other document that the registrant foreign private issuer must furnish and make public under the laws of the jurisdiction in which the registrant is incorporated, domiciled or legally organized (the registrant's "home country"), or under the rules of the home country exchange on which the registrant's securities are traded, as long as the report or other document is not a press release, is not required to be and has not been distributed to the registrant's security holders, and, if discussing a material event, has already been the subject of a Form 6-K submission or other Commission filing on EDGAR.

Indicate by check mark whether by furnishing the information contained in this Form, the registrant is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes No

If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): 82-____

Media Relations

CREDIT SUISSE GROUP P.O. Box 1 CH-8070 Zurich www.credit-suisse.com

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Credit Suisse Group Reports Net Income of CHF 4.7 Billion for the First Nine Months of 2004, with Net Income of CHF 1.4 Billion for the Third Quarter of 2004

Banking Businesses Deliver Mixed Third Quarter 2004 Results, as Reduced Levels of Market and Client Activity Offset Good Performance in Many Areas

Winterthur Reaffirms Core Earnings Strength, Achieving Solid Results with Healthy Premium Growth for the First Nine Months of 2004

Financial	Highlights
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in CHF million	9 mths 2004	Change in % vs 9 mths 2003	3Q2004	Change in % vs 2Q2004	Change in % vs 3Q2003
Net revenues	41,817	8	11,753	(13)	0
Total operating expenses	18,508	(7)	5,939	(5)	(4)
Net income	4,669	-	1,351	(7)	414
Return on equity	17.7%	-	15.3%	-	-
Basic earnings per share (in CHF)	3.98	-	1.16	-	-
BIS tier 1 ratio	11.8%	-	-	-	-

Zurich, November 4, 2004 Credit Suisse Group today reported net income of CHF 1,351 million for the third quarter of 2004, compared to net income of CHF 1,457 million in the previous quarter. For the first nine months of 2004, the Group recorded net income of CHF 4,669 million. Private Banking reported seasonally lower third quarter 2004 results versus the second quarter, while Corporate & Retail Banking continued to deliver a solid performance; both segments recorded good results for the first nine months of the year. Credit Suisse First Boston reported improved fixed income trading and investment banking advisory revenues but lower equity trading and underwriting revenues and lower private equity gains compared to the second quarter of 2004. In the insurance business, both Life & Pensions and Non-Life produced solid results for the first nine months of 2004. Third quarter 2004 net income at Credit Suisse First Boston and Winterthur included favorable tax impacts totaling CHF 257 million. Credit Suisse Group's return on equity was 15.3% in the third quarter and 17.7% in the first nine months of 2004.

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Oswald J. Grübel, CEO of Credit Suisse Group, stated, "Overall, Credit Suisse Group reported solid net income for the first nine months of the year, while it experienced a mixed third quarter against a backdrop of subdued market sentiment, significantly reduced client activity and normal seasonal effects."

Turning to the individual businesses, he added, "In Private Banking, we reported seasonally lower results but underscored our ability to produce solid earnings. Corporate & Retail Banking confirmed its importance as a stable source of earnings, again delivering solid results. Credit Suisse First Boston achieved improvements in certain areas – and we are nearing completion of a comprehensive strategic review of its business and expect to announce our conclusions shortly. Our insurance business, Winterthur, delivered a very positive performance, reaffirming its core earnings strength in the first nine months of the year."

He concluded, "We have the people, the capital strength and the necessary expertise to further enhance our existing platform and to realize our full potential. With our well-known track record in innovation, Credit Suisse Group is well positioned to close the gaps in performance and drive the business forward, while focusing on providing clients with products and services that create value in a less predictable market environment."

Credit Suisse business unit

Credit Suisse Results

in CHF million		9 mths 2004	Change in % vs 9 mths 2003	3Q2004	Change in % vs 2Q2004	Change in % vs 3Q2003
Private Banking	Net revenues	5,453	16	1,644	(12)	(4)
segment	Total op. expenses	3,150	8	994	(8)	(3)
	Net income	1,857	42	511	(23)	0
Corporate &	Net revenues	2,545	3	808	(15)	(11)
Retail Banking	Total op. expenses	1,574	(2)	527	(5)	(3)
segment	Net income	644	20	199	(22)	(9)
Credit Suisse	Net revenues	7,998	12	2,452	(13)	(6)
business unit	Total op. expenses	4,724	4	1,521	(7)	(3)
	Net income	2,501	36	710	(23)	(2)

<u>Private Banking</u> reported net income of CHF 511 million in the third quarter of 2004, down 23% compared to the second quarter of 2004, primarily reflecting a decrease in transaction-related income which offset further efficiency gains. The gross margin declined to 122 basis points in the third quarter of 2004, as the transaction-driven margin decreased in line with client activity, while the asset-based margin remained stable at 81 basis points. For the first nine months of 2004, Private Banking recorded net income of CHF 1,857 million and its gross margin stood at 136 basis points.

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<u>Corporate & Retail Banking</u> posted solid net income of CHF 199 million in the third quarter of 2004, down 22% versus the very strong previous quarter, reflecting the impact of lower revenues despite a reduction in costs. Credit provisions were reduced by a further CHF 40 million compared to the second quarter of 2004. For the first nine months of the year, Corporate & Retail Banking achieved net income of CHF 644 million, and its return on average allocated capital was 17.0%.

Credit Suisse First Boston business unit

CSFB Results

in CHF million		9 mths 2004	Change in % vs 9 mths 2003	3Q2004	Change in % vs 2Q2004	Change in % vs 3Q2003
Institutional	Net revenues	10,214	8	3,083	(2)	18
Securities	Total op. expenses	8,736	9	2,780	(3)	18
segment	Net income	1,044	31	292	126	125
Wealth & Asset	Net revenues	3,174	56	809	(46)	14
Management	Total op. expenses	1,864	2	604	(5)	(3)
segment	Net income	467	126	30	(90)	(59)
CSFB	Net revenues	13,388	16	3,892	(16)	17
business unit	Total op. expenses	10,600	8	3,384	(3)	14
	Net income	1,511	51	322	(25)	59

Institutional Securities reported net income of CHF 292 million in the third quarter of 2004, including the release of tax contingency accruals totaling CHF 126 million following the favorable resolution of matters with the local tax authorities. Performance in the third quarter of 2004 reflected improved fixed income trading and investment banking advisory revenues, and lower levels of equity trading and underwriting revenues, versus the second quarter of 2004. Total operating expenses decreased 3% compared to the second quarter of 2004, with compensation and benefits down 13%. For the first nine months of the year, Institutional Securities reported net income of CHF 1,044 million.

<u>Wealth & Asset Management</u> reported net income of CHF 30 million in the third quarter of 2004, down from CHF 301 million in the second quarter of 2004, which included significant private equity investment-related gains. Third quarter net revenues decreased 46% compared to the previous quarter, reflecting a subdued period in the harvesting cycle of private equity investments and lower minority interest-related revenue. Total operating expenses were down 5% compared to the second quarter of 2004, reflecting a reduction in other expenses due to lower commission expense. For the first nine months of the year, Wealth & Asset Management recorded net income of CHF 467 million.

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Winterthur business unit

Winterthur Results

in CHF million		9 mths 2004	Change in % vs 9 mths 2003	3Q2004	Change in % vs 2Q2004	Change in % vs 3Q2003
Life & Pensions	Net revenues	11,970	(3)	2,717	(16)	(8)
segment	Total op. expenses	1,366	(54)	433	(10)	(17)
	Net income	370	-	164	145	-
Non-Life	Net revenues	8,980	8	2,869	(4)	0
segment	Total op. expenses	2,228	(18)	712	(9)	(42)
	Net income	383	-	198	141	-
Winterthur	Net revenues	20,950	2	5,586	(10)	(4)
business unit	Total op. expenses	3,594	(37)	1,145	(10)	(34)
	Net income	753	-	362	143	-

Life & Pensions reported third quarter 2004 net income of CHF 164 million, which included an increase in the valuation of deferred tax assets related to tax loss carry-forwards totaling CHF 72 million. For the first nine months of the year, Life & Pensions reported net income of CHF 370 million, compared to a net loss of CHF 1,859 million in the first nine months of 2003.

Total business volume, which includes deposits from policyholders and gross premiums written, increased 1.9% compared to the first nine months of 2003. Administration expenses declined 8% compared to the same period, and the expense ratio improved by 0.6 percentage points to 9.2%. Net investment income rose 5% to CHF 3,306 million, and the return on investments allocated to traditional life policies was 4.7%, compared to 4.6% in the same period of 2003.

<u>Non-Life</u> recorded third quarter 2004 net income of CHF 198 million, which included an increase in the valuation of deferred tax assets related to tax loss carry-forwards totaling CHF 59 million. For the first nine months of the year, Non-Life reported net income of CHF 383 million, compared to a net loss of CHF 429 million in the first nine months of 2003. Net premiums earned rose 5% compared to the first nine months of 2003, reflecting both tariff and volume increases across most markets. The combined ratio improved 2.8 percentage points to 99.7%, the claims ratio decreased by 1.2 percentage points and the segment's expense ratio fell 1.6 percentage points compared to the first nine months of 2003. Net investment income rose by CHF 197 million, and the total investment return was 4.7%, compared to 4.0% in the same period of last year.

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Overall, the Winterthur business unit reported solid net income of CHF 753 million for the first nine months of 2004. This result includes a number of charges relating to restructuring, discontinued businesses and an initial provision for the mandatory participation in profits to policyholders prescribed by the Swiss government, all of which occurred in the first half of 2004. In addition to its results, Winterthur today announced that it is to sell its Canadian subsidiary L'Unique Compagnie d'Assurances Générales to La Capitale Assurances Générales Inc. for a consideration of CAD 48 million. Following the divestiture, Winterthur will continue to have a presence in Canada via its other subsidiary, The Citadel.

Net New Assets

Net New Assets and Assets under Management (AuM) for the third quarter 2004

in CHF billion	Net New Assets	Total AuM	Change in AuM in % vs 30.6.04
Private Banking	3.8	544.3	1.3
Corporate & Retail Banking	0.2	52.8	(0.9)
Institutional Securities	0.2	16.5	1.2
Wealth & Asset Management	0.1	477.4	(0.1)
Life & Pensions	0.4	116.4	(0.9)
Non-Life	n/ a	24.8	(2.0)
Credit Suisse Group	4.7	1,232.2	0.4

n/a: not applicable

Private Banking reported CHF 3.8 billion of net new assets for the third quarter of 2004, with healthy inflows particularly from key markets in Europe and Asia. With an annualized year-to-date growth rate of 5.9%, Private Banking continued to exceed its mid-term target of 5%. Wealth & Asset Management recorded net new assets of CHF 0.1 billion, as inflows of CHF 1.2 billion in the Alternative Capital Division and of CHF 1.0 billion at Credit Suisse Asset Management were offset by CHF 2.1 billion of outflows in Private Client Services. Overall, Credit Suisse Group generated net new assets of CHF 4.7 billion for the third quarter of 2004. Its total assets under management stood at CHF 1,232.2 billion as of September 30, 2004, an increase of 0.4% compared to June 30, 2004.

Outlook

Credit Suisse Group is confident it can achieve a good result for the full year 2004. The Group does not anticipate that the overall market for financial services will grow significantly over the next few quarters. Consequently, it expects that earnings growth can be achieved primarily through tight cost management and increased market share. The Group's new integrated management structure will further enhance cooperation throughout the company and allow clients to be served across multiple business lines. This should pave the way for the more efficient allocation of capital and other resources, which will be deployed with a view to expanding Credit Suisse Group's key businesses.

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Enquiries

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For additional information on Credit Suisse Group's results for the third quarter of 2004, please refer to the Group's Quarterly Report Q3 2004, as well as the Group's slide presentation for analysts and the press, posted on the Internet at: www.credit-suisse.com/results.

Credit Suisse Group

Credit Suisse Group is a leading global financial services company headquartered in Zurich. It provides private clients and small and medium-sized companies with private banking and financial advisory services, and pension and insurance solutions from Winterthur. In the area of investment banking, it serves global institutional, corporate, government and individual clients in its role as a financial intermediary. Credit Suisse Group's registered shares (CSGN) are listed in Switzerland and in the form of American Depositary Shares (CSR) in New York. The Group employs around 60,000 staff worldwide. As of September 30, 2004, it reported assets under management of CHF 1,232.2 billion.

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information

This press release contains statements that constitute forward-looking statements. In addition, in the future we, and others on our behalf, may make statements that constitute forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements may include, without limitation, statements relating to our plans, objectives or goals; our future economic performance or prospects; the potential effect on our future performance of certain contingencies; and assumptions underlying any such statements. Words such as "believes," "anticipates," "expects," "intends" and "plans" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements but are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. We do not intend to update these forward-looking statements except as may be required by applicable laws. By their very nature, forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties, both general and specific, and risks exist that predictions, forecasts, projections and other outcomes described or implied in forward-looking statements will not be achieved. We caution you that a number of important factors could cause results to differ materially from the plans, objectives, expectations, estimates and intentions expressed in such forward-looking statements. These factors include (i) market and interest rate fluctuations; (ii) the strength of the global economy in general and the strength of the economies of the countries in which we conduct our operations in particular; (iii) the ability of counterparties to meet their obligations to us; (iv) the effects of, and changes in, fiscal, monetary, trade and tax policies, and currency fluctuations; (v) political and social developments, including war, civil unrest or terrorist activity; (vi) the possibility of foreign exchange controls, expropriation, nationalization or confiscation of assets in countries in which we conduct our operations; (vii) the ability to maintain sufficient liquidity and access capital markets; (viii) operational factors such as systems failure, human error, or the failure to properly implement procedures; (ix) actions taken by regulators with respect to our business and practices in one or more of the countries in which we conduct our operations; (x) the effects of changes in laws, regulations or accounting policies or practices; (xi) competition in geographic and business areas in which we conduct our operations: (xii) the ability to retain and recruit gualified personnel: (xiii) the ability to maintain our reputation and promote our brands; (xiv) the ability to increase market share and control expenses; (xv) technological changes; (xvi) the timely development and acceptance of our new products and services and the perceived overall value of these products and services by users; (xvii) acquisitions, including the ability to integrate successfully acquired businesses; (xviii) the adverse resolution of litigation and other contingencies; and (xix) our success at managing the risks involved in the foregoing. We caution you that the foregoing list of important factors is not exclusive; when evaluating forward-looking statements, you should carefully consider the foregoing factors and other uncertainties and events, as well as the risks identified in our most recently filed Form 20-F and reports on Form 6-K furnished to the US Securities and Exchange Commission.

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Presentation of Credit Suisse Group's Third Quarter 2004 Results via Audio Webcast and Telephone Conference

Date	Thursday, November 4, 2004
Time	10.00 CET / 09.00 GMT / 04.00 EST
Speaker	Renato Fassbind, Chief Financial Officer of Credit Suisse Group
	The presentation will be held in English.
Audio webcast	www.credit-suisse.com/results
Telephone	Europe: +41 91 610 5600 UK: +44 207 107 0611 USA: +1 866 291 4166
	Reference: 'Credit Suisse Group quarterly results'
Q&A	You will have the opportunity to ask questions via the telephone conference following the presentation.
Playback	An audio playback facility will be available approximately one hour after the event. Please dial: Europe: +41 91 612 4330 UK: +44 207 866 4300 USA: +1 412 858 0088
	Conference ID: 051#
Note	We recommend that you dial in approximately ten minutes before the start of the presentation for the audio webcast and telephone conference. Further instructions and technical test functions are now available on our website.
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Letter to Shareholders Q3 2004

Dear Shareholders,

Credit Suisse Group recorded net income of CHF 1,351 million in the third quarter of 2004, versus net income of CHF 1,457 million in the second quarter of 2004. In the first nine months of 2004, the Group recorded net income of CHF 4,669 million. All banking segments felt the effects of low levels of client activity as well as significant market uncertainties caused by geopolitical issues and higher energy prices, while the insurance segments demonstrated good progress towards continued profitability.

Credit Suisse Group recorded net income of CHF 1,351 million in the third quarter of 2004. At Credit Suisse, results were lower at Private Banking in line with seasonality and the challenging environment, and solid at Corporate & Retail Banking. Credit Suisse First Boston showed improvements in many areas, from a low basis in the second quarter of 2004. Winterthur reported good quarterly net income that adds up to a very good year-to-date result showing a firm trend towards continued earnings generation.

Net income of CHF 511 million in Private Banking reflects the expected seasonality and low client activity worsened by weak markets, which negatively impacted transaction-based commissions and trading income. Asset-based revenues remained strong. Efficiency gains were solid, especially in light of the expansion of the distribution force, particularly in Private Banking's international operations. Corporate & Retail Banking was less affected by the market environment, reporting net income of CHF 199 million in the third quarter. Once again, both Corporate & Retail Banking and Private Banking underscored their ability to produce solid revenues.

Despite a weak market environment, Institutional Securities performed reasonably well – particularly in fixed income trading, recording net income of CHF 292 million. However, performance was constrained by weakness in the business mix, which we will continue to actively address through sharpened focus and disciplined risk-taking. Wealth & Asset Management reported net income of CHF 30 million, down from the second quarter reflecting a subdued period in the harvesting cycle of private equity investments. Credit Suisse First Boston is reviewing its overall strategic direction with the aim of closing competitive gaps in the medium term.

Winterthur achieved net income of CHF 362 million in the third quarter of 2004, demonstrating a firm trend towards continued earnings generation. During 2004, both Life & Pensions and Non-Life recorded satisfactory growth, made progress towards reducing administration expenses, and recorded strong investment income. Winterthur continues to focus on profitability and operational efficiency.

Credit Suisse Group's return on equity was 15.3% in the third quarter and 17.7% in the first nine months of 2004.

Net new assets

Credit Suisse Group generated net new assets of CHF 4.7 billion for the third quarter of 2004. Private Banking contributed CHF 3.8 billion of net new assets, with healthy inflows particularly from key markets in Europe and Asia. With an annualized year-to-date growth rate of 5.9%, Private Banking continued to exceed its mid-term target of 5%. Wealth & Asset Management recorded net new assets of CHF 0.1 billion, as inflows of CHF 1.2 billion in the

Alternative Capital Division and of CHF 1.0 billion at Credit Suisse Asset Management were offset by CHF 2.1 billion of outflows in Private Client Services.

Equity capital

Credit Suisse Group's consolidated BIS tier 1 ratio was 11.8% as of September 30, 2004, up from 11.6% as of June 30, 2004. This increase was attributable to continued earnings generation combined with stable risk-weighted assets. The Group's shareholders' equity as of September 30, 2004 increased to CHF 36.1 billion from CHF 35.3 billion as of June 30, 2004.

Private Banking

Private Banking reported net income of CHF 511 million in the third quarter of 2004, down 23% compared to the second quarter of 2004, primarily reflecting a decrease in transaction-related income which offset further efficiency gains. The gross margin declined to 122 basis points in the third quarter of 2004, as the transaction-driven margin decreased in line with client activity, while the asset-based margin remained stable at 81 basis points. For the first nine months of 2004, Private Banking recorded net income of CHF 1,857 million and its gross margin stood at 136 basis points.

Corporate & Retail Banking

Corporate & Retail Banking posted solid net income of CHF 199 million in the third quarter of 2004, down 22% versus the very strong previous quarter, reflecting the impact of lower revenues despite a reduction in costs. Credit provisions were reduced by a further CHF 40 million compared to the second quarter of 2004. For the first nine months of the year, Corporate & Retail Banking achieved net income of CHF 644 million, and its return on average allocated capital was 17.0%.

Institutional Securities

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Wealth & Asset Management

Wealth & Asset Management reported net income of CHF 30 million in the third quarter of 2004, down from CHF 301 million in the second quarter of 2004, which included significant private equity investment-related gains. Third quarter net revenues decreased 46% compared to the previous quarter, reflecting a subdued period in the harvesting cycle of private equity investments and lower minority interest-related revenue. Total operating expenses were down 5% compared to the second quarter of 2004, reflecting a reduction in other expenses due to lower commission expense. For the first nine months of the year, Wealth & Asset Management recorded net income of CHF 467 million.

Life & Pensions

Life & Pensions reported third quarter 2004 net income of CHF 164 million, which included an increase in the valuation of deferred tax assets related to tax loss carry-forwards totaling CHF 72 million. For the first nine months of the year, Life & Pensions reported net income of CHF 370 million, compared to a net loss of CHF 1,859 million in the first nine months of 2003. Total business volume, which includes deposits from policyholders and gross premiums written, increased 1.9% compared to the first nine months of 2003. Administration expenses declined 8% compared to the same period, and the expense ratio improved by 0.6 percentage points to 9.2%. Net investment income rose 5% to CHF 3,306 million, and the return on investments allocated to traditional life policies was 4.7%, compared to 4.6% in the same period of 2003.

Non-Life

Non-Life recorded third quarter 2004 net income of CHF 198 million, which included an increase in the valuation of deferred tax assets related to tax loss carry-forwards totaling CHF 59 million. For the first nine months of the year, Non-Life reported net income of CHF 383 million, compared to a net loss of CHF 429 million in the first nine months of 2003. Net premiums earned rose 5% compared to the first nine months of 2003, reflecting both tariff and volume increases across most markets. The combined ratio improved 2.8 percentage points to 99.7%, the claims ratio decreased by 1.2 percentage points and the segment's expense ratio fell 1.6 percentage points compared to the first nine months of 2003. Net investment income rose by CHF 197 million, and the total investment return was 4.7%, compared to 4.0% in the same period of last year.

Outlook

Credit Suisse Group is confident it can achieve a good result for the full year 2004. The Group does not anticipate that the overall market for financial services will grow significantly over the next few quarters. Consequently, it expects that earnings growth can be achieved primarily through tight cost management and increased market share. The Group's new integrated management structure will further enhance cooperation throughout the company and allow clients to be served across multiple business lines. This should pave the way for the more efficient allocation of capital and other resources, which will be deployed with a view to expanding Credit Suisse Group's key businesses.

Oswald J. Grübel November 2004

Segment reporting

Net revenues

in CHF m	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003	
Private Banking	1,644	1,869	1,716	5,453	4,681	
Corporate & Retail Banking	808	950	904	2,545	2,467	
Institutional Securities ¹⁾	3,083	3,134	2,619	10,214	9,485	
Wealth & Asset Management ²⁾	809	1,499	711	3,174	2,034	
Life & Pensions	2,717	3,225	2,967	11,970	12,348	
Non-Life	2,869	2,990	2,859	8,980	8,285	
Corporate Center	(177)	(162)	(50)	(519)	(757)	
Credit Suisse Group	11,753	13,505	11,726	41,817	38,543	

¹⁾ Including CHF 48 million, CHF 53 million and CHF 141 million in 3Q2004, 2Q2004 and 9 months 2004, respectively, from minority interest revenues relating to the FIN 46R consolidation.

²⁾ Including CHF 174 million, CHF 462 million and CHF 704 million in 3Q2004, 2Q2004 and 9 months 2004, respectively, from minority interest revenues relating to the FIN 46R consolidation.

in CHF m	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003	
Private Banking	511	665	510	1,857	1,307	
Corporate & Retail Banking	199	256	218	644	536	
Institutional Securities	292	129	130	1,044	796	
Wealth & Asset Management	30	301	73	467	207	
Life & Pensions	164	67	(41)	370	(1,859)	
Non-Life	198	82	(612)	383	(429)	
Corporate Center	(43)	(43)	(15)	(96)	(572)	
Credit Suisse Group	1,351	1,457	263	4,669	(14)	

Consolidated statements of income (unaudited)

Net income

Consolidated statements of income (unaudited)					Change			Change in %
				in % from i	in % from	9 mo	onths	from
in CHF m	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003	2003
Interest and dividend income	7,622	7,896	7,121	(3)	7	23,259	21,151	10
Interest expense	(4,848)	(4,537)	(3,950)	7	23	(14,047)	(12,465)	13
Net interest income	2,774	3,359	3,171	(17)	(13)	9,212	8,686	6
Commissions and fees	3,307	3,418	3,457	(3)	(4)	10,288	9,649	7
Trading revenues	931	712	233	31	300	3,159	2,734	16
Realized gains/(losses) from								
investment securities, net	128	198	513	(35)	(75)	854	1,183	(28)
Insurance net premiums earned	4,202	4,704	4,549	(11)	(8)	16,319	16,618	(2)
Other revenues	411	1,114	(197)	(63)	-	- 1,985	(327)	-
Total noninterest revenues	8,979	10,146	8,555	(12)	5	32,605	29,857	9
Net revenues	11,753	13,505	11,726	(13)	0	41,817	38,543	8
Policyholder benefits, claims								
and dividends	4,117	4,622	4,386	(11)	(6)	16,331	16,394	0
Provision for credit losses	38	133	113	(71)	(66)	205	424	(52)
Total benefits, claims and								
credit losses	4,155	4,755	4,499	(13)	(8)	16,536	16,818	(2)
Insurance underwriting,								
acquisition and administration								
expenses	1,047	1,115	1,110	(6)	(6)	3,219	3,297	(2)
Banking compensation and								
benefits	2,802	3,087	2,482	(9)	13	9,317	8,516	9
Other expenses	2,077	1,995	2,559	4	(19)	5,895	6,385	(8)
Goodwill impairment	0	0	0	-	· –	- 0	1,510	-

Restructuring charges	13	60	32	(78)	(59)	77	92	(16)
Total operating expenses	5,939	6,257	6,183	(5)	(4)	18,508	19,800	(7)
Income from continuing operations before taxes, minority interests, extraordinary items and cumulative effect of accounting changes	1,659	2,493	1,044	(33)	59	6,773	1,925	252
Income tax expense	114	442	267	(74)	(57)	1,126	943	19
Dividends on preferred securities for consolidated entities Minority interests, net of tax	0 205	0 548	34 (9)	(63)	- -	0 872	99 (2)	-
Income from continuing operations before extraordinary items and cumulative effect of accounting changes	1,340	1,503	752	(11)	78	4,775	885	440
Income/(loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	11	(46)	(477)	_	_	(100)	(351)	(72)
Extraordinary items, net of tax Cumulative effect of accounting	0	0	0	_	_	0	5	_
changes, net of tax	0	0	(12)	_	_	(6)	(553)	(99)
Net income/(loss)	1,351	1,457	263	(7)	414	4,669	(14)	_

Return on equity	15.3%	16.6%	3.0%	 17.7%	(0.1%)	-
Earnings per share in CHF						
Basic earnings per share	1.16	1.26	0.22	 3.98	(0.01)	-
Diluted earnings per share	1.15	1.22	0.23	 3.91	(0.01)	-

Key figures					
				Change	Change
				in % from	in % from
in CHF m, except where indicated	30.09.04	30.06.04	31.12.03	30.06.04	31.12.03
Total assets	1,119,881	1,131,684	1,004,308	(1)	12
Shareholders' equity	36,100	35,284	33,991	2	6
Assets under management in CHF					
bn	1,232.2	1,227.3	1,181.1	0	4
Market price per registered share in					
CHF	39.85	44.50	45.25	(10)	(12)

Market capitalization	44,209	49,238	51,149	(10)	(14)
Book value per share in CHF	32.54	31.89	30.07	2	8
BIS tier 1 ratio	11.8%	11.6%	11.7%	_	_
BIS total capital ratio	16.2%	16.2%	17.4%	-	-

Additional information

Additional information on the Credit Suisse Group's third quarter 2004 results can be obtained in the Quarterly Report 3/04 and the analysts' presentation, which are available on our website at: www.credit-suisse.com/results. The Quarterly Report (English only) can be ordered at Credit Suisse, ULLM 23, Uetlibergstrasse 231, 8070 Zurich, fax: +41 1 332 7294.

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information

This document contains statements that constitute forward-looking statements. In addition, in the future we, and others on our behalf, may make statements that constitute forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements may include, without limitation, statements relating to our plans, objectives or goals; our future economic performance or prospects; the potential effect on our future performance of certain contingencies; and assumptions underlying any such statements. Words such as "believes," "anticipates," "expects," "intends" and "plans" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements but are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. We do not intend to update these forward-looking statements except as may be required by applicable laws. By their very nature, forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties, both general and specific, and risks exist that predictions, forecasts, projections and other outcomes described or implied in forward-looking statements will not be achieved. We caution you that a number of important factors could cause results to differ materially from the plans, objectives, expectations, estimates and intentions expressed in such forward-looking statements. These factors include (i) market and interest rate fluctuations; (ii) the strength of the global economy in general and the strength of the economies of the countries in which we conduct our operations in particular; (iii) the ability of counterparties to meet their obligations to us; (iv) the effects of, and changes in, fiscal, monetary, trade and tax policies, and currency fluctuations; (v) political and social developments, including war, civil unrest or terrorist activity; (vi) the possibility of foreign exchange controls, expropriation, nationalization or confiscation of assets in countries in which we conduct our operations; (vii) the ability to maintain sufficient liquidity and access capital markets; (viii) operational factors such as systems failure, human error, or the failure to properly implement procedures; (ix) actions taken by regulators with respect to our business and practices in one or more of the countries in which we conduct our operations; (x) the effects of changes in laws, regulations or accounting policies or practices; (xi) competition in geographic and business areas in which we conduct our operations; (xii) the ability to retain and recruit qualified personnel; (xiii) the ability to maintain our reputation and promote our brands; (xiv) the ability to increase market share and control expenses; (xv) technological changes; (xvi) the timely development and acceptance of our new products and services and the perceived overall value of these products and services by users; (xvii) acquisitions, including the ability to integrate successfully acquired businesses; (xviii) the adverse resolution of litigation and other contingencies; and (xix) our success at managing the risks involved in the foregoing. We caution you that the foregoing list of important factors is not exclusive; when evaluating forward-looking statements, you should carefully consider the foregoing factors and other uncertainties and events, as well as the risks identified in our most recently filed Form 20-F and reports on Form 6-K furnished to the US Securities and Exchange Commission.

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English

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QUARTERLY REPORT 2004 Q3

Credit Suisse Group is a leading global financial services company headquartered in Zurich. It provides private clients and small and medium-sized companies with private banking and financial advisory services, and pension and insurance solutions from Winterthur. In the area of investment banking, it serves global institutional, corporate, government and individual clients in its role as a financial intermediary. Credit Suisse Group's registered shares (CSGN) are listed in Switzerland and in the form of American Depositary Shares (CSR) in New York. The Group employs around 60,000 staff worldwide.

QUARTERLY REPORT 2004 Cautionary statement regarding forward-looking information EDITORIAL CREDIT SUISSE GROUP FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS Q3/2004 CREDIT SUISSE GROUP Revenues and expenses Net new assets Provision for credit losses Equity capital Outlook

Credit Suisse Group structure **RISK MANAGEMENT** Economic Risk Capital trends Trading risks Loan exposure CSFB backtesting CSFB trading revenue distribution, third quarter of 2004 CREDIT SUISSE Private Banking Corporate & Retail Banking CREDIT SUISSE FIRST BOSTON Institutional Securities Wealth & Asset Management WINTERTHUR Life & Pensions Non-Life CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | CREDIT SUISSE GROUP NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | UNAUDITED Notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements Basis of presentation Share-based compensation New accounting pronouncements Financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk Guarantees Other off-balance sheet commitments Variable interest entities Collateralized debt obligations Commercial paper conduits Financial intermediation INFORMATION FOR INVESTORS

Cautionary statement regarding forward-looking information

This Quarterly Report contains statements that constitute forward-looking statements. In addition, in the future we, and others on our behalf, may make statements that constitute forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements may include, without limitation, statements relating to our plans, objectives or goals; our future economic performance or prospects; the potential effect on our future performance of certain contingencies; and assumptions underlying any such statements.

Words such as "believes," "anticipates," "expects," "intends" and "plans" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements but are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements. We do not intend to update these forward-looking statements except as may be required by applicable laws.

By their very nature, forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties, both general and specific, and risks exist that predictions, forecasts, projections and other outcomes described or implied in forward-looking statements will not be achieved. We caution you that a number of important factors could cause results to differ materially from the plans, objectives, expectations, estimates and intentions expressed in such forward-looking statements. These factors include (i) market and interest rate fluctuations; (ii) the strength of the global economy in general and the strength of the economies of the countries in which we conduct our operations in particular; (iii) the ability of counterparties to meet their obligations to us; (iv) the effects of, and changes in, fiscal, monetary, trade and tax policies, and currency fluctuations; (v) political and social developments, including war, civil unrest or terrorist

activity; (vi) the possibility of foreign exchange controls, expropriation, nationalization or confiscation of assets in countries in which we conduct our operations; (vii) the ability to maintain sufficient liquidity and access capital markets; (viii) operational factors such as systems failure, human error, or the failure to properly implement procedures; (ix) actions taken by regulators with respect to our business and practices in one or more of the countries in which we conduct our operations; (x) the effects of changes in laws, regulations or accounting policies or practices; (xi) competition in geographic and business areas in which we conduct our operations; (xii) the ability to retain and recruit qualified personnel; (xiii) the ability to maintain our reputation and promote our brands; (xiv) the ability to increase market share and control expenses; (xv) technological changes; (xvi) the timely development and acceptance of our new products and services and the perceived overall value of these products and services by users; (xvii) acquisitions, including the ability to integrate successfully acquired businesses; (xviii) the adverse resolution of litigation and other contingencies; and (xix) our success at managing the risks involved in the foregoing.

We caution you that the foregoing list of important factors is not exclusive; when evaluating forward-looking statements, you should carefully consider the foregoing factors and other uncertainties and events, as well as the risks identified in our most recently filed Form 20-F and reports on Form 6-K furnished to the US Securities and Exchange Commission.

EDITORIAL

Oswald J. Grübel Chief Executive Officer Credit Suisse Group

Dear shareholders, clients and colleagues

The financial markets presented a number of challenges in the third quarter of 2004, with significantly reduced market volumes reflecting seasonality, historically low volatility and the absence of clear market trends. These developments – coupled with concerns about the near-term economic outlook and high energy prices – resulted in subdued market sentiment, which dampened client activity and narrowed trading opportunities.

Against this backdrop, Credit Suisse Group recorded net income of CHF 1,351 million in the third quarter of 2004. At Credit Suisse, results were lower at Private Banking in line with seasonality and the challenging environment, and solid at Corporate & Retail Banking. Credit Suisse First Boston showed improvements in many areas, from a low basis in the second quarter of 2004. Winterthur reported good quarterly net income that adds up to a very good year-to-date result showing a firm trend towards continued earnings generation.

Net income of CHF 511 million in Private Banking reflects the expected seasonality and low client activity worsened by weak markets, which negatively impacted transaction-based commissions and trading income. Asset-based revenues remained strong. Efficiency gains were solid, especially in light of the expansion of the distribution force, particularly in Private Banking's international operations. Corporate & Retail Banking was less affected by the market environment, reporting net income of CHF 199 million in the third quarter. Once again, both Corporate & Retail Banking and Private Banking underscored their ability to produce solid revenues.

Despite a weak market environment, Institutional Securities performed reasonably well – particularly in fixed income trading, recording net income of CHF 292 million. However, performance was constrained by weakness in the

business mix, which we will continue to actively address through sharpened focus and disciplined risk-taking. Wealth & Asset Management reported net income of CHF 30 million, down from the second quarter reflecting a subdued period in the harvesting cycle of private equity investments. Credit Suisse First Boston is reviewing its overall strategic direction with the aim of closing competitive gaps in the medium term.

Winterthur achieved net income of CHF 362 million in the third quarter of 2004, demonstrating a firm trend towards continued earnings generation. During 2004, both Life & Pensions and Non-Life recorded satisfactory growth, made progress towards reducing administration expenses, and recorded strong investment income. Winterthur continues to focus on profitability and operational efficiency.

Credit Suisse Group's businesses are well-positioned to seize growth opportunities. We have the people, the capital strength and the know-how to improve our platform, as well as the determination to realize our full potential. Moreover, in view of the Group's well-known track record in innovation, I am confident that, going forward, we can close remaining gaps while continuing to offer our clients outstanding products and services that create value in a less predictable market environment.

Oswald J. Grübel November 2004

CREDIT SUISSE GROUP FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS Q3/2004

Credit Suisse Group financial highlights

				Change	Change			Change
				in % from	in $\%$ from	9 mc	onths	in % from
in CHF m, except where								
indicated	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003	2003
Consolidated income								
statement								
Net revenues	11,753	13,505	11,726	(13)	0	41,817	38,543	8
Income from continuing								
operations before extraordinary								
items and cumulative effect of								
accounting changes	1,340	1,503	752	(11)	78	4,775	885	440
Net income/(loss)	1,351	1,457	263	(7)	414	4,669	(14)	_
Return on equity	15.3%	16.6%	3.0%	-		-17.7%	(0.1%)	_
Earnings per share								
Basic earnings per share in CHF	1.16	1.26	0.22	-		- 3.98	(0.01)	_
Diluted earnings per share in								
CHF	1.15	1.22	0.23	-		- 3.91	(0.01)	-
Net new assets in CHF bn	4.7	9.1	1.4	-		- 29.4	0.3	_

				Change in % from	Change in % from
in CHF m, except where					
indicated	30.09.04	30.06.04	31.12.03	30.06.04	31.12.03
Assets under management in					
CHF bn	1,232.2	1,227.3	1,181.1	0	4
Consolidated balance sheet					
Total assets	1,119,881	1,131,684	1,004,308	(1)	12
Shareholders' equity	36,100	35,284	33,991	2	6
Consolidated BIS capital data ¹⁾					
Risk-weighted assets	203,591	202,589	190,761	-	
Tier 1 ratio	11.8%	11.6%	11.7%	-	· –
Total capital ratio	16.2%	16.2%	17.4%	-	
Number of employees					
Switzerland – banking segments	19,442	19,089	19,301	2	1
Switzerland – insurance segments	6,246	6,336	6,426	(1)	(3)
Outside Switzerland – banking					
segments	21,579	20,775	20,310	4	6
Outside Switzerland – insurance					
segments	13,417	13,372	14,440	0	(7)
Number of employees (full-time					
equivalents)	60,684	59,572	60,477	2	0
Stock market data					
Market price per registered share					
in CHF	39.85	44.50	45.25	(10)	(12)
Market price per American					
Depositary Share in USD	31.94	35.81	36.33	(11)	(12)
Market capitalization	44,209	49,238	51,149	(10)	(14)
Market capitalization in USD m	35,434	39,623	41,066	(11)	(14)
Book value per share in CHF	32.54	31.89	30.07	2	8
Shares outstanding	1,109,392,268	1,106,464,994	1,130,362,948	0	(2)

¹⁾ All calculations through December 31, 2003 are on the basis of Swiss GAAP. For further details see page 5.

Further information for investors is presented on page 44.

CREDIT SUISSE GROUP

Credit Suisse Group recorded net income of CHF 1,351 million in the third quarter of 2004, versus net income of CHF 263 million in the third quarter of 2003 and CHF 1,457 million in the second quarter of 2004. In the first nine months of 2004, the Group recorded net income of CHF 4,669 million. All banking segments felt the effects of low levels of client activity as well as significant market uncertainties caused by geopolitical issues and higher energy prices, while the insurance segments demonstrated good progress towards continued profitability. Since the announcement in June of the realignment of the Group's management structure, momentum has increased in implementing a more integrated approach.

Private Banking and Corporate & Retail Banking have implemented a joint management structure and strengthened their cooperation, especially in the area of client coverage. Within Institutional Securities and Wealth & Asset Management, strategic direction has been a key focus of the new management team. This strategic review is focused on generating above-market growth in revenues by leveraging existing franchise business and closing gaps in core business areas. The insurance units combined their life and non-life organizations in Switzerland with the aim of increasing operational efficiency and strengthening their leading position within the Swiss market.

Private Banking reported net income of CHF 511 million in the third quarter of 2004, in line with seasonality and the challenging market environment. This result was virtually unchanged compared to the third quarter of 2003 and down CHF 154 million, or 23%, compared to the second quarter of 2004. The decline compared to the previous quarter was mainly due to lower client activity, as reflected in lower transaction-related income.

Corporate & Retail Banking recorded a solid third quarter 2004 result, reporting net income of CHF 199 million, down CHF 19 million, or 9%, versus the corresponding period of 2003.

During the third quarter of 2004, Private Banking and Corporate & Retail Banking were only marginally impacted by changes in the fair value of interest rate derivatives used for risk management purposes that do not qualify for hedge accounting.

Institutional Securities reported an increase in net income of CHF 162 million, or 125%, to CHF 292 million in the third quarter of 2004, compared to the third quarter of 2003, due largely to significantly higher fixed income trading, which was partially offset by lower equity trading and equity underwriting results. The quarter was positively impacted by the release of tax contingency accruals totaling CHF 126 million following the favorable resolution of matters with local tax authorities.

Wealth & Asset Management reported net income of CHF 30 million for the third quarter of 2004, a decline of CHF 43 million, or 59%, compared to the third quarter of 2003, and down CHF 271 million, or 90%, compared to the second quarter of 2004. This decrease was due mainly to lower realized private equity investment-related gains.

Life & Pensions reported net income of CHF 164 million in the third quarter of 2004. Total business volume increased, in particular the unit-linked business. The traditional business in Switzerland saw declines, reflecting current market trends. The results were further positively impacted by an increase in the valuation of deferred tax assets on net operating losses created in prior years amounting to CHF 72 million.

Non-Life achieved a significant improvement in its combined ratio and a marked increase in net investment income, reporting net income of CHF 198 million for the third quarter of 2004. In addition, the third quarter results were favorably impacted by an increase in the valuation of deferred tax assets on net operating losses created in prior years amounting to CHF 59 million.

The Group's basic earnings per share in the third quarter of 2004 were CHF 1.16, compared to CHF 0.22 in the third quarter of 2003 and CHF 1.26 in the second quarter of 2004. Return on equity was 15.3% in the third quarter of 2004, versus 3.0% in the third quarter of 2003 and 16.6% in the second quarter of 2004.

Revenues and expenses

Third quarter 2004 net revenues amounted to CHF 11,753 million, virtually unchanged compared to the third quarter of 2003 and down CHF 1,752 million, or 13%, compared to the second quarter of 2004.

Net revenues in Private Banking totaled CHF 1,644 million in the third quarter of 2004, representing a decrease of 4% versus the third quarter of 2003, and a decrease of 12% versus the second quarter of 2004, primarily driven by reduced transaction-related revenues.

Corporate & Retail Banking recorded net revenues of CHF 808 million, down 11% versus the third quarter of 2003, due mainly to lower trading revenues.

Institutional Securities contributed net revenues of CHF 3,083 million, up CHF 464 million, or 18%, compared to the third quarter of 2003. This increase was primarily due to stronger fixed income trading results and was partially offset by lower equity trading and equity underwriting results.

Wealth & Asset Management reported net revenues of CHF 809 million for the third quarter of 2004. Excluding the attribution of minority interests, net revenues amounted to CHF 635 million, a decline of CHF 76 million, or 11%, compared to the third quarter of 2003 and a decrease of CHF 402 million, or 39%, compared to the second quarter of 2004. This decrease, compared to the second quarter of 2004, was due largely to an anticipated decline in the number and magnitude of private equity gains, and – to a lesser extent – declines in asset management fees in Credit Suisse Asset Management.

Life & Pensions reported net revenues of CHF 2,717 million for the third quarter of 2004, a decline of 8% compared to the third quarter of 2003, and a decline of 16% compared to the previous quarter. This decrease was driven mainly by lower volumes in traditional business in Switzerland, reflecting current market trends.

Non-Life reported net revenues of CHF 2,869 million for the third quarter of 2004, a slight increase of CHF 10 million compared to the third quarter of 2003, and a decline of CHF 121 million, or 4%, compared to the previous quarter. The decrease compared to the previous quarter was driven primarily by seasonal effects.

The Group's total operating expenses in the third quarter of 2004 amounted to CHF 5,939 million, down 4% compared to the third quarter of 2003 and down 5% compared to the second quarter of 2004. An increase in operating expenses in Institutional Securities of CHF 426 million, or 18%, compared to the third quarter of 2003, was due mainly to increased compensation and benefits expenses, which were offset by lower compensation costs in Private Banking, Corporate & Retail Banking and Wealth & Asset Management. Additionally, operating expenses in the Life & Pensions and Non-Life segments decreased significantly due to cost savings and to provisions in the Non-Life segment recorded in 2003 relating to the former international business portfolio.

Net new assets

The Group reported net new assets of CHF 4.7 billion in the third quarter of 2004.

Private Banking reported net new assets of CHF 3.8 billion in the third quarter of 2004. Key markets in Asia and Europe generated double-digit annualized net new asset growth.

Wealth & Asset Management recorded net new assets of CHF 0.1 billion. Inflows of CHF 1.2 billion in the Alternative Capital division and CHF 1.0 billion at Credit Suisse Asset Management were almost completely offset by CHF 2.1 billion of outflows in Private Client Services.

As of September 30, 2004, the Group's total assets under management amounted to CHF 1,232.2 billion, an increase of 0.4% compared to June 30, 2004.

Provision for credit losses

Provision for credit losses continued to decrease in light of the generally favorable credit environment. The Group recorded provision for credit losses of CHF 38 million in the third quarter of 2004, a decrease of CHF 75 million, or 66%, compared to the third quarter of 2003, and a decrease of CHF 95 million, or 71%, compared to the second quarter of 2004.

Equity capital

Credit Suisse Group's consolidated BIS tier 1 ratio was 11.8% as of September 30, 2004, up from 11.6% as of June 30, 2004. This increase was attributable to continued earnings generation combined with stable risk-weighted assets. The market risk equivalents at Credit Suisse were reduced by 65%, due to the approval from the Swiss Federal Banking Commission (SFBC) to use Value-at-Risk models for the calculation of market risk positions in the Credit Suisse legal entity. The Group's shareholders' equity as of September 30, 2004 increased to CHF 36.1 billion from CHF 35.3 billion as of June 30, 2004.

Outlook

Credit Suisse Group is confident it can achieve a good result for the full year 2004. The Group does not anticipate that the overall market for financial services will grow significantly over the next few quarters. Consequently, it expects that earnings growth can be achieved primarily through tight cost management and increased market share. The Group's new integrated management structure will further enhance cooperation throughout the company and allow clients to be served across multiple business lines. This should pave the way for the more efficient allocation of capital and other resources, which will be deployed with a view to expanding Credit Suisse Group's key businesses.

Credit Suisse Group structure

Credit Suisse Group comprises three business units with six reporting segments: Credit Suisse, including the Private Banking and Corporate & Retail Banking segments; Credit Suisse First Boston, including the Institutional Securities and Wealth & Asset Management segments; and Winterthur, including the Life & Pensions and Non-Life segments.

Overview of segment results

	-	-			- 2,156	1,961	- 4,117
Net revenues	1,644	808	3,083	809	2,717	2,869	(177) 11,753
3Q2004, in CHF m	Banking	Banking	Securities	Management	Pensions	Non-Life	Center Group
	Private	Retail	Institutional	Asset	Life &		Corporate Suisse
		&		Wealth &			Credit
		Corporate					

Policyholder benefits, claims and dividends								
Provision for credit losses	(2)	20	24	0	(5)	1	0	38
Total benefits, claims and credit losses	(2)	20	24	0	2,151	1,962	0	4,155
Insurance underwriting, acquisition and					0.51	600		1.045
administration expenses	-	_	_	_	371	680	(4)	1,047
Banking compensation and benefits	503	266	1,662	291			80	2,802
Other expenses	492	260	1,118	313	59	21	(187)	2,002
Restructuring charges	(1)	0	0	0	3	11	0	13
Total operating expenses	994	527	2,780	604	433	712	(111)	5,939
Income from continuing								
operations before taxes								
and minority interests	652	261	279	205	133	195	(66)	1,659
Income tax	652	261	279	205	133	195	(66)	1,659
	652 137	261 62	279 (57)	205 8	(38)	195 0	(66) 2	1,659 114
Income tax								
Income tax expense/(benefit)								
Income tax expense/(benefit) Minority interests, net of	137	62	(57)	8	(38)	0	2	114
Income tax expense/(benefit) Minority interests, net of tax	137	62	(57)	8	(38)	0	2	114
Income tax expense/(benefit) Minority interests, net of tax Income from continuing operations Income/(loss) from	137 4	62 0	(57) 44	8 167	(38) 5	0 8	2 (23)	114 205
Income tax expense/(benefit) Minority interests, net of tax Income from continuing operations	137 4	62 0	(57) 44	8 167	(38) 5	0 8	2 (23)	114 205

BIS capital data

	Credit Suisse First						
	Credit S	Credit Suisse		Boston		Credit Suisse Group	
in CHF m, except where indicated	30.09.04	31.12.03	30.09.04	31.12.03	30.09.04	31.12.03	
Risk-weighted positions	91,045	85,158	85,316	80,622	190,913	176,911	
Market risk equivalents	1,846	4,675	9,592	8,185	12,678	13,850	
Risk-weighted assets	92,891	89,833	94,908	88,807	203,591	190,761	
Tier 1 capital	7,856	7,362	11,482	12,062	24,084	22,287	
of which non-cumulative							
perpetual preferred securities	0	0	1,035	1,025	2,169	2,167	
Tier 1 ratio	8.5%	8.2%	12.1%	13.6%	11.8%	11.7%	
Total capital	11,023	10,630	20,368	20,968	32,979	33,207	
Total capital ratio	11.9%	11.8%	21.5%	23.6%	16.2%	17.4%	

As of January 1, 2004, Credit Suisse Group bases its capital adequacy calculations on US GAAP, which is in accordance with the Swiss Federal Banking Commission (SFBC) newsletter 32 (dated December 18,

2003). The SFBC has advised Credit Suisse Group that it may continue to include as Tier 1 capital CHF 2.2 billion of equity from special purpose entities, which are deconsolidated under FIN 46R, and that Credit Suisse First Boston may include CHF 6.3 billion of such equity as Tier 1 capital. All calculations through December 31, 2003 are on the basis of Swiss GAAP.

in CHF bn	30.09.04	30.06.04	31.12.03	Change in % from 30.06.04	Change in % from 31.12.03
	50.07.04	50.00.04	51.12.05	50.00.04	51.12.05
Private Banking Assets under management	544.3	537.2	511.3	1.3	6.5
Client assets	572.7	571.5	541.0	0.2	5.9
Corporate & Retail Banking					
Assets under management	52.8	53.3	53.6	(0.9)	(1.5)
Client assets	98.2	98.1	95.2	0.1	3.2
Institutional Securities					
Assets under management	16.5	16.3	12.9	1.2	27.9
Client assets	95.7	94.8	84.6	0.9	13.1
Wealth & Asset Management					
Assets under management ¹⁾	477.4	477.8	464.1	(0.1)	2.9
Client assets	494.2	496.1	482.1	(0.4)	2.5
Life & Pensions					
Assets under management	116.4	117.4	113.8	(0.9)	2.3
Client assets	116.4	117.4	113.8	(0.9)	2.3
Non-Life					
Assets under management	24.8	25.3	25.4	(2.0)	(2.4)
Client assets	24.8	25.3	25.4	(2.0)	(2.4)
Credit Suisse Group					
Discretionary assets under					
management	608.2	608.4	585.9	0.0	3.8
Advisory assets under management	624.0	618.9	595.2	0.8	4.8
Total assets under management	1,232.2	1,227.3	1,181.1	0.4	4.3
Total client assets	1,402.0	1,403.2	1,342.1	(0.1)	4.5

Assets under management/client assets

Net new assets

			_	9 mor	nths
in CHF bn	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003
Private Banking	3.8	7.9	8.4	22.5	13.6
Corporate & Retail Banking	0.2	(0.3)	0.2	0.8	0.4
Institutional Securities	0.2	(0.6)	(0.3)	1.4	0.8
Wealth & Asset Management ¹⁾	0.1	2.0	(6.0)	2.1	(16.2)
Life & Pensions	0.4	0.1	(0.9)	2.6	1.7

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Credit Suisse Group	4.7	9.1	1.4	29.4	0.3

¹⁾ Excluding assets managed on behalf of other entities within Credit Suisse Group. This differs from the presentation of the Wealth & Asset Management segment results on page 22, in which such assets are included.

RISK MANAGEMENT

Credit Suisse Group's overall position risk, measured on the basis of Economic Risk Capital (ERC), decreased 2% in the third quarter of 2004 compared with the previous quarter. The decrease was due to lower equity trading and counterparty risks at Credit Suisse First Boston, partially offset by higher interest rate and foreign exchange positions. The more narrowly defined average Value-at-Risk (VaR) in US dollar terms for the trading book of Credit Suisse First Boston slightly decreased during the third quarter of 2004 due to the reduction in equity trading exposures and a reduction in the market volatility observed over the last two years. The loan portfolios across the Group continued to benefit from a favorable credit environment requiring low provisions for credit losses of CHF 38 million.

Economic Risk Capital trends

Credit Suisse Group assesses risk and economic capital adequacy using its Economic Risk Capital (ERC) model. ERC is designed to measure all quantifiable risks associated with the Group's activities on a consistent and comprehensive basis. Credit Suisse Group assigns ERC for position risk, operational risk and business risk. Position risk measures the potential annual economic loss associated with market, credit and insurance exposures that is exceeded with a given, small probability (1% for risk management purposes; 0.03% for capital management purposes). It is not a measure of the potential impact on reported earnings, since non-trading activities generally are not market through earnings.

Over the course of the third quarter of 2004, Credit Suisse Group's 1-year, 99% position risk ERC decreased by 2%. The decrease was due to lower equity trading and counterparty risks at Credit Suisse First Boston, partially offset by higher interest rate and foreign exchange positions.

At the end of the third quarter of 2004, 49% of the Group's position risk ERC was with Credit Suisse First Boston, 32% with Winterthur, 15% with Credit Suisse and 4% with the Corporate Center.

Trading risks

Credit Suisse Group assumes trading risks through the trading activities of the Institutional Securities segment of Credit Suisse First Boston and – to a lesser extent – the trading activities of Credit Suisse. Trading risks are measured using Value-at-Risk (VaR) as one of a range of risk measurement tools. VaR is the potential loss in fair value of trading positions due to adverse market movements over a defined time horizon and for a specified confidence level. In order to show the aggregate market risk in the Group's trading books, the table below shows the trading-related market risk for Credit Suisse First Boston, Credit Suisse and Credit Suisse Group on a consolidated basis, as measured by a 10-day VaR scaled to a 1-day holding period and based on a 99% confidence level. This means that there is a one in 100 chance of incurring a daily mark-to-market trading loss that is at least as large as the reported VaR.

Credit Suisse First Boston's average 1-day, 99% VaR in the third quarter of 2004 was CHF 66 million, compared to CHF 68 million during the second quarter of 2004. In US dollar terms, Credit Suisse First Boston's average 1-day, 99% VaR was USD 52 million during the third quarter, compared to USD 53 million during the second quarter of 2004. The decrease in average VaR was due to a reduction in equity exposure and a reduction in the market volatility observed over the last two years (second quarter 2002 data replaced by more benign second quarter 2004 data in the rolling two-year underlying data set used to compute VaR).

Credit Suisse' average 1-day, 99% VaR in the third quarter of 2004 was CHF 13 million, compared to CHF 12 million during the second quarter of 2004. The 8% increase in average VaR was mainly due to an increase in interest rate proprietary trading. The VaR for equity positions ended the quarter at the higher end of the range observed during the quarter, mainly due to lower risk offsets between structured derivatives and structured investment products towards the quarter-end.

The segments with trading portfolios use backtesting to assess the accuracy of the VaR model. Daily backtesting profit and loss is compared to VaR with a one-day holding period. Backtesting profit and loss is a subset of actual trading revenue and includes only the profit and loss effects due to movements in financial market variables such as interest rates, equity prices and foreign exchange rates on the previous night's positions. It is appropriate to compare this measure with VaR for backtesting purposes, since VaR assesses only the potential change in position value due to overnight movements in financial market variables. On average, an accurate one-day, 99% VaR model should have no more than four backtesting exceptions per year. A backtesting exception occurs when the daily loss exceeds the daily VaR estimate.

Credit Suisse First Boston had no backtesting exceptions during the third quarter of 2004 (one backtesting exception in the last twelve months). The histogram entitled "CSFB trading revenue distribution" compares the distribution of daily backtesting profit and loss during the third quarter of 2004 with the distribution of actual trading revenues, which includes fees, commissions, provisions and the profit and loss effects associated with any trading subsequent to the previous night's positions.

Loan exposure

Credit Suisse Group's total gross loan exposure increased 2% at September 30, 2004, compared with June 30, 2004, driven by an increase in lending to financial institutions at Credit Suisse First Boston. Loans at Credit Suisse First Boston rose 20%, while loan exposure at Credit Suisse and Winterthur was largely unchanged.

Compared to June 30, 2004, non-performing loans at Credit Suisse Group declined 14% and total impaired loans declined 10% as of the end of the third quarter of 2004. Reductions were reported in all business units during the quarter, as was also the case in the first half of 2004.

Non-performing loans at Credit Suisse First Boston declined 37%, while total impaired loans were 24% lower. Non-performing loans declined 6% at Credit Suisse while total impaired loans declined 5%.

Provisions for credit losses charged to the income statement for the third quarter of 2004 were CHF 38 million, a reduction from CHF 133 million recorded for the second quarter of 2004 as well as from CHF 113 million recorded for the third quarter of 2003. Presented in the accompanying tables are the additions, releases, and recoveries included in calculating the allowance for loan losses.

Coverage of non-performing loans by valuation allowances improved in the third quarter of 2004 at Credit Suisse Group and all business units. Coverage of total impaired loans by valuation allowances declined slightly at Credit Suisse Group, Credit Suisse First Boston and Credit Suisse, while improving at Winterthur.

Key Position Risk Trends

		Change i	n % from	Change Analysis: Brief Summary
in CHF m	30.09.04	30.06.04	30.09.03	30.09.04 vs 30.06.04
				Increase at CSFB due to higher interest rate
Interest Rate, Credit Spread ERC &				trading risk in rates, structured products and
Foreign Exchange ERC	4,821	10	12	treasury
				Decrease at CSFB due to a decrease in equity
Equity Investment ERC	2,621	(16)	(6)	trading risk in options and structured products
				Decrease at CS due to further reductions in
			(1.0)	recovery positions and rating upgrades in the
Swiss & Retail Lending ERC	1,713	(2)	(10)	corporate banking portfolio
				Decrease at CSFB due to reductions in bridge
International Lending ERC &	2 427	(0)	(2)	financings and the completion of syndicated
Counterparty ERC	2,427	(9)	(3)	transactions
				Higher CS trade finance exposures offset by a reduction in emerging market exposures at
Emerging Markets ERC	2,001		- 11	Winterthur
Real Estate ERC & Structured Asset	-		11	Wintertitut
ERC ¹⁾	3,430	-	- (7)	No material change
Insurance Underwriting ERC	671	-	- 4	No material change
Simple sum across risk categories	17,684	(2)	1	
Diversification benefit	(5,198)	(1)	(6)	
Total Position Risk ERC	12,486	(2)	3	

1-year, 99% position risk ERC, excluding foreign exchange translation risk. For an assessment of the total risk profile, operational risk ERC and business risk ERC have to be considered. For a more detailed description of the Group's ERC model, please refer to Credit Suisse Group's Annual Report 2003, which is available on the website: www.credit-suisse.com/annualreport2003. Prior period balances have been restated for methodology changes in order to maintain consistency over time.

¹⁾ This category comprises the real estate investments of Winterthur, Credit Suisse First Boston's commercial real estate exposures, Credit Suisse First Boston's residential real estate exposures, Credit Suisse First Boston's asset-backed securities exposure as well as the real estate acquired at auction and real estate for own use in Switzerland.

		3Q200)4		2Q2004					
in CHF m	Minimum	Maximum	Average	30.09.04	Minimum	Maximum	Average	30.06.04		
Credit Suisse										
Interest rate & credit										
spread	2.9	7.4	4.5	6.5	2.7	4.2	3.3	2.8		
Foreign exchange rate	2.0	4.6	2.9	4.6	1.9	3.9	2.7	3.1		
Equity	7.7	11.5	9.4	11.2	5.8	15.3	9.9	8.9		
Commodity	0.4	1.4	0.8	0.7	0.6	1.7	1.1	1.1		
Diversification benefit	2) 2) (5.1)	(5.2)	2) 2	(5.4)	(4.6)		
Total	9.8	17.8	12.5	17.8	7.2	17.2	11.6	11.3		

Market risk in the Credit Suisse Group trading portfolios (99%, 1-day VaR)¹⁾

Credit Suisse First								
Boston								
Interest rate & credit								
spread	47.4	94.4	64.7	49.1	38.1	77.0	54.4	73.3
Foreign exchange rate	12.1	22.3	16.1	13.3	12.0	31.1	19.6	15.3
Equity	28.9	42.1	34.7	32.4	34.8	53.1	40.9	41.6
Commodity	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.8	0.4	0.2
Diversification benefit	2)	2)	(49.9)	(41.3)	2)	2)	(47.6)	(63.8)
Total	53.6	98.3	65.8	53.8	49.1	104.5	67.7	66.6
Credit Suisse Group ³⁾								
Interest rate & credit								
spread	50.3	66.2	59.7	50.3	41.0	73.2	56.5	73.2
Foreign exchange rate	12.7	16.6	14.3	12.7	13.5	15.9	14.7	19.7
Equity	30.6	37.6	33.3	31.6	39.8	44.7	43.0	47.7
Commodity	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.6	1.0	0.8	1.3
Diversification benefit	2)	2)	(45.2)	(38.2)	2)	2)	(45.2)	(73.2)
Total	57.1	70.1	62.7	57.1	66.3	74.4	69.8	68.7

¹⁾ Represents 10-day VaR scaled to a 1-day holding period.

²⁾ As the minimum and maximum occur on different days for different risk types, it is not meaningful to calculate a portfolio diversification benefit.

³⁾ The VaR estimates for Credit Suisse Group are performed on a monthly basis and the VaR statistics for Credit Suisse Group therefore refer to monthly numbers. The consolidated VaR estimates for Credit Suisse Group are net of diversification benefits between Credit Suisse First Boston and Credit Suisse.

CSFB backtesting

CSFB trading revenue distribution, third quarter of 2004

Loans outstanding

Credit Suisse										C	Credit Suiss
	C	redit Suiss	se	First Boston			¥	Winterthu	r		Group
in CHF m	30.09.04	30.06.04	31.12.03	30.09.04	30.06.04	31.12.03	30.09.04	30.06.04	31.12.03	30.09.04	30.06.04
Consumer											
loans:											
Mortgages	66,380	64,940	61,196	0	0	0	8,442	8,993	8,660	74,822	73,933

Loans											
collateralized by	14047	14.007	14.276	Δ	0	0	4	4	2	14047	14.001
securities	14,843	14,987	14,376	0	0	0	4	4	3	14,847	14,991
Other	2,359	2,374	2,338	532	452	1,172	2	3	1	2,893	2,829
Consumer loans	83,582	82,301	77,910	532	452	1,172	8,448	9,000	8,664	92,562	91,753
Corporate											
loans:											
Real estate	26,473	26,333	27,122	721	452	188	1,319	1,488	1,279	28,513	28,273
Commercial &											
industrial loans	33,259	33,787	32,260	14,244	14,199	13,859	1,494	1,425	1,837	48,997	49,411
Loans to financial											
institutions	7,699	7,618	6,347	6,926	3,467	4,473	2,121	2,019	2,027	16,746	13,104
Governments and											
public institutions	1,979	2,059	1,637	417	511	1,152	2,199	1,945	1,792	4,595	4,515
Corporate loans	69,410	69,797	67,366	22,308	18,629	19,672	7,133	6,877	6,935	98,851	95,303
Loans, gross	152,992	152,098	145,276	22,840	19,081	20,844	15,581	15,877	15,599	191,413	187,056
(Unearned											
income)/deferred											
expenses, net	147	126	131	(39)	(41)	(25)	4	4	0	112	89
Allowance for											
loan losses	(2,515)	(2,657)	(3,113)	(774)	(1,057)	(1,383)	(72)	(76)	(150)	(3,361)	(3,790)
Total loans, net	150,624	149,567	142,294	22,027	17,983	19,436	15,513	15,805	15,449	188,164	183,355

This disclosure presents the lending exposure of the Group from a risk management perspective. This presentation differs from disclosures in this document.

Certain reclassifications have been made to conform to the current presentation.

Impaired loans											
in CHF m	30.09.04	30.06.04	31.12.03	30.09.04	30.06.04	31.12.03	30.09.04	30.06.04	31.12.03	30.09.04	30.06.04
Non-performing											
loans	1,462	1,552	1,917	586	938	996	20	50	64	2,070	2,540
Non-interest											
earning loans	1,277	1,376	1,517	9	13	246	19	6	6	1,305	1,394
Total											
non-performing											
loans	2,739	2,928	3,434	595	951	1,242	39	56	70	3,375	3,934
Restructured											
loans	56	52	24	43	6	256	5	5	3	104	64
Potential problem											
loans	1,317	1,350	1,641	329	322	361	72	76	176	1,718	1,747
Total other											
impaired loans	1,373	1,402	1,665	372	328	617	77	81	179	1,822	1,811
Total impaired											
loans	4,112	4,330	5,099	967	1,279	1,859	116	137	249	5,197	5,745

Valuation allowances as % of											
Total											
non-performing											
loans	91.8%	90.7%	90.7%	130.1%	111.1%	111.4%	184.6%	135.7%	214.3%	99.6%	96.3%
Total impaired											
loans	61.2%	61.4%	61.1%	80.0%	82.6%	74.4%	62.1%	55.5%	60.2%	64.7%	66.0%

Allowance for loan losses

in CHF m	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003
Balance beginning of period	2,657	2,904	3,430	1,057	1,199	2,870	76	86	131	3,790	4,189	6,431
New provisions Releases of	83	143	214	107	174	120	3	3	3	194	319	336
provisions	(69)	(91)	(140)	(79)	(89)	(82)	(5)	(2)	0	(154)	(181)	(224)
Net additions charged to income statement	14	52	74	28	85	38	(2)	1	3	40	138	112
Gross												
write-offs	(174)	(306)	(439)	(329)	(247) 12	(242)	0	(3)	(1) 0	(502)	(556)	(681)
Recoveries	6	/	15	10	12	10	U	0	0	16	20	26
Net write-offs	(168)	(299)	(424)	(319)	(235)	(232)	0	(3)	(1)	(486)	(536)	(655)
Allowances acquired	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Provisions for interest	6	2	0	17	11	31	0	0	0	24	11	31
Foreign currency translation impact and other adjustments,												
net	6	(2)	(22)	(9)	(3)	(53)	(2)	(8)	(1)	(7)	(12)	(75)
Balance end of period	2,515	2,657	3,058	774	1,057	2,654	72	76	132	3,361	3,790	5,844

Provision for credit losses disclosed in the Credit Suisse Group consolidated statements of income also includes provisions for lending-related exposure of CHF -2 million, CHF -5 million and CHF 1 million for 3Q2004, 2Q2004 and 3Q2003, respectively.

CREDIT SUISSE

The Credit Suisse business unit comprises the two reporting segments Private Banking and Corporate & Retail Banking. Private Banking provides wealth management products and services for high-net-worth individuals in Switzerland and a large number of other markets worldwide. Private Banking operates with a leading client-centric service model and recognized innovation capabilities. Corporate & Retail Banking offers banking products and services for corporate and retail clients in Switzerland. Corporate & Retail Banking is the second-largest provider in Switzerland, with a nationwide branch network and multi-channel capabilities.

Credit Suisse's third quarter 2004 net income amounted to CHF 710 million, generating a solid year-to-date net income of CHF 2,501 million, up CHF 658 million, or 36%, compared to the same period of 2003. Quarterly net income was down CHF 18 million, or 2%, compared to the third quarter of 2003.

The Private Banking result reflects the expected seasonality with low client activity worsened by weak markets, which negatively impacted transaction-based trading revenues, whereas asset-based revenues remained strong. Efficiency gains were solid, especially in light of the further strengthening of the distribution force, particularly in Private Banking's international operations. Corporate & Retail Banking was less affected by the market environment and reported a solid quarterly result. Both segments were only marginally impacted by changes in the fair value of interest rate derivatives used for risk management purposes that do not qualify for hedge accounting. Once again, both Corporate & Retail Banking and Private Banking underscored their ability to produce solid revenues. Additionally, a low level of credit provisions was recorded.

Since the announcement of the realignment of the Group's organizational structure in summer 2004 and the creation of the Credit Suisse business unit, the segments Private Banking and Corporate & Retail Banking have implemented a joint management structure and strengthened their cooperation – especially in the area of client coverage. Furthermore, the new structure facilitates the realization of additional efficiency gains, that remain a top priority of Credit Suisse given the current market environment, as well as the ongoing investments into targeted growth initiatives.

Private Banking

In the third quarter of 2004, Private Banking reported net income of CHF 511 million, nearly unchanged compared to the third quarter of 2003 but down CHF 154 million, or 23%, compared to the second quarter of 2004. Private Banking's result reflected seasonal weakness and a challenging market environment.

Net revenues totaled CHF 1,644 million in the third quarter of 2004, representing a decrease of 4% versus the third quarter of 2003, and of 12% versus the previous quarter. Commissions and fees were negatively impacted by lower transaction-related income reflecting low market volumes, especially on the Swiss Exchange. The decrease in trading revenues from the third quarter of 2003 was mainly attributable to a negative change in the fair value of interest rate derivatives used for risk management purposes that do not qualify for hedge accounting, resulting in a loss of CHF 9 million, compared to gains of CHF 81 million in the third quarter of 2003 and of CHF 57 million in the previous quarter.

Total operating expenses amounted to CHF 994 million in the third quarter of 2004, down 3% compared to the third quarter of 2003. This reduction reflects solid efficiency gains, especially in light of the expansion of Private Banking's distribution force, particularly in its international operations. Compared to the previous quarter, total operating expenses declined 8%, additionally reflecting lower incentive-related compensation accruals as well as lower commission expenses.

The cost/income ratio stood at 60.5% for the third quarter of 2004, up 1.0 percentage point compared to the third quarter of 2003. Private Banking's year-to-date gross margin stood at 135.6 basis points, 5.3 basis points above the gross margin for the same period of the previous year. In the third quarter of 2004, the gross margin stood at 121.7 basis points. The asset-driven component of the third quarter gross margin remained high, at 80.8 basis points, whereas the transaction-driven margin decreased in line with reduced transaction-related revenues.

Private Banking reported net new assets of CHF 3.8 billion in the third quarter of 2004. Key markets in Asia and Europe generated double-digit annualized growth of net new assets. With an annualized year-to-date growth rate of 5.9%, net new asset generation in 2004 remains above Private Banking's mid-term target of 5% annualized growth. Assets under management stood at CHF 544.3 billion at the end of the third quarter of 2004, up CHF 7.1 billion, or 1.3%, from the end of the second quarter. Compared to the end of 2003, assets under management were up CHF 33.0 billion, or 6.5%.

Corporate & Retail Banking

Corporate & Retail Banking recorded net income of CHF 199 million in the third quarter of 2004, down CHF 19 million, or 9%, versus the corresponding period of 2003, and down CHF 57 million, or 22%, from the strong previous quarter.

In the third quarter of 2004, net revenues totaled CHF 808 million, down 11% versus the third quarter of 2003. This decrease reflects considerably lower trading revenues as a result of substantially lower gains from the changes in fair value of interest rate derivatives used for risk management purposes that do not qualify for hedge accounting. Third quarter 2004 gains from these interest rate derivatives amounted to CHF 6 million, compared to CHF 134 million in third quarter of 2003 and CHF 136 million in the previous quarter. The increase in commissions and fees of CHF 20 million, or 11%, compared to the third quarter of 2003 reflects the strategic focus to strengthen such revenues with both corporate and retail clients.

Provisions for credit losses decreased by a further CHF 40 million compared to the second quarter of 2004 to stand at CHF 20 million in the third quarter, representing a low level of new provisions. Year-to-date credit provisions stood at CHF 128 million, 23% lower than the same period last year, mainly reflecting a favorable credit environment. Total impaired loans declined CHF 962 million to CHF 3.9 billion as of September 30, 2004, compared to the end of the previous year.

Third quarter operating expenses decreased CHF 19 million, or 3%, versus the corresponding period of 2003. This decrease was mainly driven by continued efficiency improvements as well as lower performance-related compensation accruals.

The return on average allocated capital stood at 15.6% in the third quarter of 2004, compared to 17.1% in the third quarter of 2003 and 20.4% in the second quarter of 2004. Corporate & Retail Banking's cost/income ratio was 65.2%.

The third quarter of 2004 saw the successful launch of 'Blue' – the next generation of smart credit cards from American Express. Blue will provide cardholders with special security and additional features when making purchases via the Internet.

Credit Suisse

				Change in % from	Change	9 mo	nthe	Change in % from
in CHF m, except where					•			/
indicated	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003	2003
Net revenues	2,452	2,819	2,620	(13)	(6)	7,998	7,148	12
Total operating expenses	1,521	1,636	1,567	(7)	(3)	4,724	4,523	4
Net income	710	921	728	(23)	(2)	2,501	1,843	36
Cost/income ratio	62.0%	58.0%	59.8%	_	_	59.1%	63.3%	_
Return on average allocated								
capital	33.8%	43.8%	35.5%	_	_	40.2%	31.0%	_
Average allocated capital	8,460	8,464	8,252	0	3	8,344	7,969	5

Private Banking income statement

Private Banking income statement				Change	Change			Change
				in % from	U	9 mo	onths	in % from
in CHF m	3Q2004	2Q2004		2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003	2003
Net interest income	437	648	377	(33)	16	1,496	1,121	33
Commissions and fees	1,113	1,178	1,185	(6)	(6)	3,583	3,250	10
Trading revenues including realized gains/(losses) from								
investment securities, net	71	9	131	_	(46)	261	257	2
Other revenues	23	34	23	(32)	0	113	53	113
Total noninterest revenues	1,207	1,221	1,339	(1)	(10)	3,957	3,560	11
Net revenues	1,644	1,869	1,716	(12)	(4)	5,453	4,681	16
Provision for credit losses	(2)	(8)	3	(75)	-	- (4)	19	_
Compensation and benefits	503	564	517	(11)		1,649		8
Other expenses	492	519	504	(5)	(2)	1,504		7
Restructuring charges	(1)	0	0			- (3)	1	
Total operating expenses	994	1,083	1,021	(8)	(3)	3,150	2,923	8
Income from continuing operations before taxes, minority interests, extraordinary items and cumulative effect of accounting changes	652	794	692	(18)	(6)	2,307	1 730	33
				~ /		,		
Income tax expense Minority interests, net of tax	137 4	124 5	172	10 (20)	(20)	436 14	419 11	4 27
				~ /				
Income from continuing operations before extraordinary items and cumulative effect of accounting	511	665	516	(23)	(1)	1,857	1,309	42

changes							
Income/(loss) from discontinued							
operations, net of tax	0	0	0	_	-	0 (1)	-
Extraordinary items, net of tax	0	0	0	_	_	0 5	-
Cumulative effect of accounting							
changes, net of tax	0	0	(6)	-	-	0 (6)	-
Net income	511	665	510	(23)	0 1,85	5 7 1,307	42

Private Banking key information

			_	9 mon	iths
	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003
Cost/income ratio	60.5%	57.9%	59.5%	57.8%	62.4%
Gross margin	121.7 bp	139.1 bp	136.5 bp	135.6 bp	130.3 bp
of which asset-driven	80.8 bp	80.9 bp	77.1 bp	81.1 bp	78.1 bp
of which transaction-driven	36.5 bp	47.7 bp	46.9 bp	46.9 bp	44.9 bp
of which other	4.4 bp	10.5 bp	12.5 bp	7.6 bp	7.3 bp
Net margin	38.1 bp	49.9 bp	40.9 bp	46.5 bp	36.7 bp
Net new assets in CHF bn	3.8	7.9	8.4	22.5	13.6
Average allocated capital in CHF m	3,362	3,414	3,157	3,295	2,936

	30.09.04	30.06.04	31.12.03	Change in % from 30.06.04	Change in % from 31.12.03
Assets under management in CHF bn	544.3	537.2	511.3	1	6
Total assets in CHF bn	196.4	194.2	174.9	1	12
Number of employees (full-time equivalents)	12,254	11,989	11,850	2	3

Corporate & Retail Banking income statement

				Change	Change			Change
				in % from	in % from	9 months		in % from
in CHF m	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003	2003
Net interest income	513	523	597	(2)	(14)	1,572	1,732	(9)
Commissions and fees	197	208	177	(5)	11	613	520	18
Trading revenues including								
realized gains/(losses) from								
investment securities, net	67	197	114	(66)	(41)	287	140	105
Other revenues	31	22	16	41	94	73	75	(3)

Total noninterest revenues	295	427	307	(31)	(4)	973	735	32
Net revenues	808	950	904	(15)	(11)	2,545	2,467	3
Provision for credit losses	20	60	77	(67)	(74)	128	166	(23)
Compensation and benefits	266	300	293	(11)	(9)	841	855	(2)
Other expenses	261	253	253	3	3	733	745	(2)
Total operating expenses	527	553	546	(5)	(3)	1,574	1,600	(2)
Income from continuing operations before taxes, minority interests and cumulative effect of accounting changes	261	337	281	(23)	(7)	843	701	20
Income tax expense	62	80	57	(23)	9	198	158	25
Minority interests, net of tax	0	1	0	_	_	- 1	1	0
Income from continuing operations before cumulative effect of accounting changes	199	256	224	(22)	(11)	644	542	19
Cumulative effect of accounting changes, net of tax	0	0	(6)	_	-	- 0	(6)	_
Net income	199	256	218	(22)	(9)	644	536	20

Corporate & Retail Banking key information

			_	9 mon	ths
	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003
Cost/income ratio	65.2%	58.2%	60.4%	61.8%	64.9%
Net new assets in CHF bn	0.2	(0.3)	0.2	0.8	0.4
Return on average allocated capital	15.6%	20.4%	17.1%	17.0%	14.2%
Average allocated capital in CHF m	5,098	5,050	5,095	5,049	5,033

	30.09.04	30.06.04	31.12.03	Change in % from 30.06.04	Change in % from 31.12.03
Assets under management in CHF					
bn	52.8	53.3	53.6	(1)	(1)
Total assets in CHF bn	102.3	101.9	98.5	0	4
Mortgages in CHF bn	62.5	61.5	59.8	2	5
Other loans in CHF bn	25.4	25.8	25.1	(2)	1
Number of branches	214	214	214	-	-
	8,304	8,160	8,479	2	(2)

CREDIT SUISSE FIRST BOSTON

Credit Suisse First Boston serves global institutional, corporate, government and high-net-worth clients in its role as financial intermediary through two segments. The Institutional Securities segment provides securities underwriting, financial advisory, lending and capital raising services, and sales and trading for global users and suppliers of capital. The Wealth & Asset Management segment provides international asset management services to institutional, mutual fund and private investors through its Credit Suisse Asset Management, Alternative Capital and Private Client Services divisions.

Credit Suisse First Boston's business environment in the third quarter of 2004 was characterized by uncertainty around geopolitical issues, increasing energy prices and the upcoming US Presidential election. These concerns led to trendless markets with accompanying low volatility levels, compounded by the seasonal summer months' slowdown. Despite this challenging environment, fixed income trading revenues and investment banking advisory businesses performed reasonably well, equity underwriting and equity trading were down in line with the industry and, as anticipated, third quarter realizations of long-term private equity investments in Wealth & Asset Management were markedly below those of the second quarter.

Furthermore, Credit Suisse First Boston's businesses are managed on a US dollar basis and a majority of its revenues, expenses and assets are US dollar-based. The 7% weakening of the US dollar against the Swiss franc in the third quarter of 2004 from the third quarter of 2003 adversely affected revenues and net income for the third quarter of 2004 when translated into Swiss francs.

Credit Suisse First Boston's effective tax rate is based on expected income, statutory tax rates and tax planning. For the third quarter of 2004, the effective tax rate was negative 10%, positively impacted by the release of tax contingency accruals totaling CHF 126 million in the Institutional Securities segment following the favorable resolution of matters with local tax authorities. Excluding this release of tax contingency accruals and CHF 211 million of non-taxable income arising from investments that are required to be consolidated under accounting rules (FASB interpretation No. 46 (Revised), or FIN 46R) effective January 1, 2004, the effective tax rate was 28% for the quarter. The effective tax rate for the first nine months of 2004 was 13%. This is lower than the expected full year effective tax rate of 28% adjusted for the above accrual release and non-taxable FIN 46R income.

During the third quarter of 2004, Credit Suisse First Boston's CEO Brady Dougan announced a new streamlined senior management team. While managing through a difficult industry environment, the team has been fully engaged in an assessment of Credit Suisse First Boston's strategic direction. This review focuses on generating above-market growth by sharpening strategy, specifically by leveraging existing franchise business, closing gaps in core business areas and entering new areas that present attractive opportunities.

Institutional Securities

Institutional Securities' third quarter 2004 net income increased CHF 162 million to CHF 292 million compared with the third quarter of 2003, reflecting an 18% increase in net revenues primarily due to significantly higher fixed income trading and lower equity trading and investment banking revenues. Reflecting improved revenues, compensation costs increased versus the third quarter of 2003. The quarter was also favorably impacted by the release of certain tax contingency accruals as described above. Compared to the second quarter of 2004, net income improved CHF 163 million, as the decline in revenue was more than offset by lower compensation costs and the favorable tax resolution.

During the third quarter of 2004 and as a result of a fairly stable credit environment, provisions for credit losses were CHF 24 million, an increase of CHF 14 million from the third quarter of 2003 and a decrease of CHF 56 million from the second quarter of 2004. Compared to June 30, 2004, total impaired loans decreased CHF 312 million to CHF 967 million, largely due to a specific loan write-off. Valuation allowances as a percentage of total impaired loans decreased 2.6 percentage points to 80.0% as of September 30, 2004.

Operating expenses of CHF 2,780 million were CHF 426 million higher, increasing 18%, compared to the third quarter of 2003. Compensation and benefits expenses increased 23%, or CHF 312 million, in the third quarter of 2004, with the increase attributable to higher incentive compensation costs commensurate with improved revenues, increased headcount and higher non-incentive compensation costs. Third quarter 2003 compensation and benefits reflected the introduction of three-year vesting for future stock awards and the reversal of an accrual for the first six months of 2003 as previously disclosed. Non-compensation expenses increased 11%, or CHF 114 million, as a result of higher professional fees and the outsourcing of selected information technology functions as well as business-driven costs, including commissions. Compared to the second quarter of 2004, operating expenses were down 3%, or CHF 78 million, as compensation and benefits expenses decreased 13% reflecting lower revenue levels, partially offset by a 19% increase in non-compensation expenses primarily reflecting increased business activity and higher professional fees, commission expenses and legal fee accruals relating to litigation.

Total investment banking revenues include debt underwriting, equity underwriting and advisory and other fees. Third quarter 2004 investment banking results were down by 8% from the third quarter of 2003, largely due to a weak underwriting calendar. Debt underwriting revenue of CHF 448 million was consistent with the third quarter of 2003, reflecting strong increases in the leveraged finance business and weaker investment grade debt underwriting revenues. Reflecting a 22% industry-wide decline in the number of global debt transactions, debt underwriting revenue decreased 5% compared to the second quarter of 2004. Declines were most notable in the leveraged and syndicated finance businesses as industry-wide global high-yield new issuance dollar volumes dropped 21% compared to the second quarter of 2004. On a year-to-date basis, Institutional Securities continued to be ranked first in global high-yield new issuances and third in global investment grade new issuances. Equity underwriting revenues in the third quarter of 2004 decreased 34% compared to the third quarter of 2003 to CHF 114 million, and decreased 40% compared to the second quarter of 2004, primarily due to lower industry-wide principal volume of new issuances as equity market conditions remained depressed. Institutional Securities maintained its strong number 3 position in global IPOs, was co-lead manager in the notable Google IPO auction and joint lead manager for the NAVTEQ IPO. Third quarter 2004 advisory and other fees declined 4%, when compared to the strong third quarter of 2003, and increased 27% compared to the second quarter of 2004, on improved mergers and acquisitions activity and Institutional Securities' increased involvement in large deals including J. C. Penney, ChipPac, Refco Group, MONY Group, and TXU. Institutional Securities significantly improved its mergers and acquisitions market share during the year, rising from number fifteen at the end of the first quarter to number eight year-to-date through September 2004.

Total trading revenues include fixed income and equity sales and trading. The third quarter of 2004 saw significant market uncertainties in the wake of geopolitical issues, higher energy prices and seasonal slackening. Fixed income trading generated revenues of CHF 1,348 million in the third quarter of 2004, more than double the third quarter of 2003. The increase reflects improved risk taking and positioning, particularly in currency trading, the beneficial impact of declining long-term interest rates and a rebound in structured products results from a disappointing 2003. These strongly improved results were partially offset by weaker results due to reduced customer flow, primarily in

interest rate products and, to a smaller extent, leveraged finance. In comparison to the second quarter of 2004, fixed income trading for the third quarter of 2004 improved CHF 336 million, or 33%, due to improved risk taking and positioning offset in part by weakened results from structured and interest rate products which continued to be constrained by reduced customer flow due to a seasonal slowdown and mixed economic data. Equity trading revenues decreased 17% to CHF 696 million in the third quarter of 2004 as compared to the third quarter of 2003, reflecting the industry-wide slowdown and generally lower transaction volumes on many exchanges. Convertible business declined in the third quarter of 2004, with very limited trading opportunities as new issuance activity slowed and volatility hit historic lows. These declines were partially offset by improved results from customer-driven options and structured products activity. Equity trading decreased CHF 147 million, or 17%, from the second quarter of 2004, due to the slowdown and lower transaction volumes as well as a seasonal decline.

Other revenues of CHF 171 million in the third quarter of 2004 were the same amount as the third quarter of 2003 and decreased 55% compared to the second quarter of 2004, largely due to fewer gains on legacy investments and a decline in minority interest related revenue. The net exposure to legacy investments as of September 30, 2004 was reduced to CHF 1.6 billion, including unfunded commitments for the real estate portfolio, a decline of CHF 332 million from June 30, 2004.

Wealth & Asset Management

The Wealth & Asset Management segment is comprised of Credit Suisse Asset Management, the Alternative Capital division, Private Client Services and Other.

Wealth & Asset Management reported net income of CHF 30 million for the third quarter of 2004, a decline of CHF 43 million compared to the third quarter of 2003. Compared to the second quarter of 2004, when significant levels of private equity investment-related gains were recorded, Wealth & Asset Management net income declined CHF 271 million.

Wealth & Asset Management's third quarter 2004 net revenues were CHF 809 million, an increase of CHF 98 million, or 14%, compared to the third quarter of 2003, due to CHF 174 million of minority interest revenues. Revenues before investment-related gains decreased 13% to CHF 573 million with lower asset management fees due to a shift in business mix toward lower margin products in Credit Suisse Asset Management and lower performance fees from the Alternative Capital division, reflecting weaker market performance.

Third quarter 2004 investment-related gains increased 11% compared to the third quarter of 2003, to CHF 62 million. Investment-related revenues declined CHF 318 million compared to the second quarter of 2004 due to a decline in the number and magnitude of harvested private equity investments.

Minority interest related revenue declined CHF 288 million in the third quarter of 2004 to CHF 174 million compared to the second quarter of 2004, reflecting lower levels of investment-related gains.

Compared with the third quarter of 2003, operating expenses decreased 3% to CHF 604 million driven by lower compensation costs and lower other expenses. Compared with the second quarter of 2004, operating expenses decreased 5%, reflecting increased compensation and benefits costs offset by lower commission expense in line with lower net revenues.

Wealth & Asset Management reported a net new asset outflow of CHF 0.5 billion during the quarter as inflows of CHF 1.2 billion in the Alternative Capital division, primarily related to the launch of the Credit Opportunity Fund, and inflows of CHF 0.4 billion from improved Credit Suisse Asset Management results were more than offset by outflows of CHF 2.1 billion in Private Client Services. Assets under management as of September 30, 2004 of CHF 487.5 billion declined slightly, by 0.4%, compared to June 30, 2004, with net new asset outflows and the negative impact of foreign currency exchange rate movements mostly offset by market performance in Credit Suisse Asset Management.

Credit Suisse First Boston

				Change	Change			Change	
				in %	in %	0		in %	
				from	from	9 mc	onths	from	
in CHF m, except where indicated	302004	202004	3Q2003	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003	2003	
	-	-	-	-	-				
Net revenues	3,892	4,633	3,330	(16)	17	13,388	11,519	16	
Total operating expenses	3,384	3,494	2,979	(3)	14	10,600	9,847	8	
Net income	322	430	203	(25)	59	1,511	1,003	51	
Cost/income ratio	86.9%	75.4%	89.5%	_		-79.2%	85.5%	_	
Compensation/revenue ratio	50.2%	47.3%	49.7%	-		-49.8%	51.9%	_	
Pre-tax margin	12.4%	22.9%	10.2%	_		-20.2%	12.7%	_	
Return on average allocated									
capital	10.7%	14.5%	7.0%	-		-17.6%		-	
Average allocated capital	12,055	11,824	11,570	2	4	11,444	12,159	(6)	
Other data excluding minority interest									
Net revenues ¹⁾	3,670	4,118	3,330	(11)	10	12,543	11,519	9	
Cost/income ratio ^{1) 2)}	91.9%	84.8%	89.5%	_		-84.4%	85.5%	_	
Compensation/revenue ratio 1)	53.2%	53.2%	49.7%	_		-53.2%	51.9%	_	
Pre-tax margin ^{1) 2)}	7.4%	13.2%	10.2%	_		-14.9%	12.7%	_	

¹⁾ Excluding CHF 222 million, CHF 515 million and CHF 845 million in 3Q2004, 2Q2004 and 9 months 2004, respectively, in minority interest revenues relating to the FIN 46R consolidation.

²⁾ Excluding CHF 11 million in 3Q2004 and 9 months 2004 in expenses associated with minority interests relating to the FIN 46R consolidation.

Institutional Securities income statement

				Change	Change			Change
				in % from	in % from	9 moi	nths	in % from
in CHF m	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003	2003
Net interest income	786	1,065	1,092	(26)	(28)	2,893	2,858	1
Investment banking	868	902	939	(4)	(8)	2,610	2,625	(1)
Commissions and fees	673	617	691	9	(3)	2,053	1,927	7
Trading revenues including								
realized gains/(losses) from								
investment securities, net	607	199	(100)	205	_	2,054	1,980	4
Other revenues	149	351	(3)	(58)	_	604	95	-
Total noninterest revenues	2,297	2,069	1,527	11	50	7,321	6,627	10
Net revenues	3,083	3,134	2,619	(2)	18	10,214	9,485	8
Provision for credit losses	24	80	10	(70)	140	83	214	(61)

Compensation and benefits	1,662	1,916	1,350	(13)	23	5,829	5,155	13
Other expenses	1,118	942	1,004	19	11	2,907	2,868	1
Total operating expenses	2,780	2,858	2,354	(3)	18	8,736	8,023	9
Income from continuing operations before taxes, minority interests and cumulative effect of accounting changes	279	196	255	42	9	1 305	1,248	12
changes	419	190	233	42	,	1,373	1,240	12
Income tax expense/(benefit)	(57)	14	124	—	_	214	439	(51)
Minority interests, net of tax	44	53	0	(17)	_	137	0	_
Income from continuing operations before cumulative effect of accounting changes	292	129	131	126	123	1,044	809	29
Cumulative effect of accounting								
changes, net of tax	0	0	(1)	_	_	0	(13)	_
Net income	292	129	130	126	125	1,044	796	31

Institutional Securities revenue disclosure

				Change	Change			Change
				in % from	in % from	<u>9 moi</u>	nths	in % from
in CHF m	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003	2003
Debt underwriting	448	472	446	(5)	0	1,317	1,271	4
Equity underwriting	114	189	173	(40)	(34)	546	459	19
Underwriting	562	661	619	(15)	(9)	1,863	1,730	8
Advisory and other fees	306	241	320	27	(4)	747	895	(17)
Total investment banking	868	902	939	(4)	(8)	2,610	2,625	(1)
Fixed income	1,348	1,012	668	33	102	4,229	4,226	0
Equity	696	843	841	(17)	(17)	2,644	2,544	4
Total trading	2,044	1,855	1,509	10	35	6,873	6,770	2
Other (including loan portfolio)	171	377	171	(55)	0	731	90	_
Net revenues	3,083	3,134	2,619	(2)	18	10,214	9,485	8
Commissions, fees and other	614	686	676	(10)	(9)	2,051	1,863	10
Trading revenues (principal								
transactions)	624	332	26	88	-	- 2,189	2,448	(11)
Net interest income	806	837	807	(4)	0	2,633	2,459	7
Total trading	2,044	1,855	1,509	10	35	6,873	6,770	2

Institutional Securities key information

			_	9 mon	ths
	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003
Cost/income ratio	90.2%	91.2%	89.9%	85.5%	84.6%
Compensation/revenue ratio	53.9%	61.1%	51.5%	57.1%	54.3%
Pre-tax margin	9.0%	6.3%	9.7%	13.7%	13.2%
Return on average allocated capital	10.7%	4.9%	5.0%	13.5%	9.8%
Average allocated capital in CHF m	10,894	10,583	10,484	10,277	10,871
Other data excluding minority					
interest					
Cost/income ratio ^{1) 2)}	91.5%	92.8%	89.9%	86.7%	84.6%
Compensation/revenue ratio ¹⁾	54.8%	62.2%	51.5%	57.9%	54.3%
Pre-tax margin ^{1) 2)}	7.7%	4.6%	9.7%	12.5%	13.2%

¹⁾ Excluding CHF 48 million, CHF 53 million and CHF 141 million in 3Q2004, 2Q2004 and 9 months 2004, respectively, in minority interest revenues relating to the FIN 46R consolidation.

²⁾ Excluding CHF 4 million in 3Q2004 and 9 months 2004 in expenses associated with minority interests relating to the FIN 46R consolidation.

	30.09.04	30.06.04	31.12.03	Change in % from 30.06.04	Change in % from 31.12.03
Total assets in CHF bn	741.4	755.3	644.4	(2)	15
Number of employees (full-time equivalents)	16,519	15,801	15,374	5	7

Wealth & Asset Management income statement

				Change	Change			Change
				in % from	in % from	9 mo	nths	in % from
in CHF m	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003	2003
Net interest income	(20)	42	20	_		- 41	33	24
Asset management and								
administrative fees	541	632	616	(14)	(12)	1,807	1,747	3
Trading revenues including								
realized gains/(losses) from								
investment securities, net	49	53	(1)	(8)	-	- 145	122	19
Other revenues	239	772	76	(69)	214	1,181	132	_
Total noninterest revenues	829	1,457	691	(43)	20	3,133	2,001	57
Net revenues	809	1,499	711	(46)	14	3,174	2,034	56
Compensation and benefits	291	276	304	5	(4)	844	823	3
Other expenses	313	360	321	(13)	(2)	1,020	1,001	2

of which commission and								
distribution expenses	164	218	208	(25)	(21)	605	581	4
Total operating expenses	604	636	625	(5)	(3)	1,864	1,824	2
Income from continuing operations before taxes and								
minority interests	205	863	86	(76)	138	1,310	210	_
Income tax expense	8	100	14	(92)	(43)	146	24	-
Minority interests, net of tax	167	462	0	(64)		697	0	
Income from continuing								
operations	30	301	72	(90)	(58)	467	186	151
Income from discontinued								
operations, net of tax	0	0	1	_		• 0	21	_
Net income	30	301	73	(90)	(59)	467	207	126

Wealth & Asset Management revenue disclosure

				Change	Change			Change
				in % from	in % from	9 mo	nths	in % from
in CHF m	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003	2003
Credit Suisse Asset								
Management ¹⁾	403	482	472	(16)	(15)	1,368	1,305	5
Alternative Capital ¹⁾	113	106	125	7	(10)	336	322	4
Private Client Services	57	69	77	(17)	(26)	198	215	(8)
Other	0	0	(19)	-		- (1)	(17)	(94)
Total before investment related								
gains	573	657	655	(13)	(13)	1,901	1,825	4
Investment related gains 2)	62	380	56	(84)	11	569	209	172
Net revenues before minority								
interests	635	1,037	711	(39)	(11)	2,470	2,034	21
Minority interest revenues ³⁾	174	462	0	(62)	-	- 704	0	_
Net revenues	809	1,499	711	(46)	14	3,174	2,034	56

¹⁾ Alternative Capital has been presented as a separate division from Credit Suisse Asset Management and prior periods have been adjusted to conform to the current presentation.

²⁾ Includes realized and unrealized gains/losses from investments as well as net interest income, trading and other revenues associated with the Alternative Capital division and Other.

³⁾ Reflects minority interest revenues relating to the FIN 46R consolidation.

Wealth & Asset Management key information

				9 months		
	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003	
Cost/income ratio	74.7%	42.4%	87.9%	58.7%	89.7%	

Compensation/revenue ratio	36.0%	18.4%	42.8%	26.6%	40.5%	
•						
Pre-tax margin	25.3%	57.6%	12.1%	41.3%	10.3%	
Return on average allocated capital	10.3%	96.6%	26.6%	53.4%	21.2%	
Average allocated capital in CHF m	1,160	1,246	1,099	1,166	1,300	
Net new assets in CHF bn						
Credit Suisse Asset Management ¹⁾	0.4	1.0	(5.3)	0.9	(11.2)	
Alternative Capital	1.2	0.3	0.7	2.2	0.0	
Private Client Services	(2.1)	1.4	(2.1)	(0.3)	(2.7)	
Total net new assets	(0.5)	2.7	(6.7)	2.8	(13.9)	
Other data excluding minority						
interest						
Cost/income ratio ^{2) 3)}	94.0%	61.3%	87.9%	75.2%	89.7%	
Compensation/revenue ratio ²⁾	45.8%	26.6%	42.8%	34.2%	40.5%	
Pre-tax margin ^{2) 3)}	6.0%	38.7%	12.1%	24.8%	10.3%	

¹⁾ Credit Suisse Asset Management balances for Assets under management and Net new assets include assets managed on behalf of other entities within Credit Suisse Group. This differs from the presentation in the overview of Credit Suisse Group, where such assets are eliminated.

²⁾ Excluding CHF 174 million, CHF 462 million and CHF 704 million in 3Q2004, 2Q2004 and 9 months 2004, respectively, in minority interest revenues relating to the FIN 46R consolidation.

³⁾ Excluding CHF 7 million in 3Q2004 and 9 months 2004 in expenses associated with minority interests relating to the FIN 46R consolidation.

in CHF bn	30.09.04	30.06.04	31.12.03	Change in % from 30.06.04	Change in % from 31.12.03
Assets under management					
Credit Suisse Asset Management ¹⁾	386.9	385.6	381.6	0	1
Alternative Capital	39.8	39.1	31.1	2	28
Private Client Services	60.8	64.6	61.8	(6)	(2)
Total assets under management	487.5	489.3	474.5	0	3
of which advisory	164.8	166.3	158.3	(1)	4
of which discretionary	322.7	323.0	316.2	0	2
Active private equity investments	1.5	1.2	1.3	25	15
Number of employees (full-time					
equivalents)	2,931	2,917	2,967	0	(1)

¹⁾ Credit Suisse Asset Management balances for Assets under management and Net new assets include assets managed on behalf of other entities within Credit Suisse Group. This differs from the presentation in the overview of Credit Suisse Group, where such assets are eliminated.

WINTERTHUR

The Winterthur business unit consists of two reporting segments, Life & Pensions and Non-Life. Life & Pensions incorporates the life insurance and pension business for private and corporate clients. Non-Life incorporates the non-life and health insurance business for individual and small and medium-sized corporate customers.

Winterthur's business environment in the third quarter of 2004 was characterized by continuing pressure on the industry from declining financial returns from lower yielding reinvestment, slowing growth in many markets, the need to maintain adequate levels of capital and customer demand for greater transparency of products and pricing.

Non-Life premium growth was satisfactory, reflecting both tariff and volume increases across most markets. Despite low customer demand in the individual life business resulting from the current low interest rate environment, Life & Pensions recorded a significant increase in deposit business, which includes investment-type products such as unit-linked policies.

Despite this challenging environment, Winterthur recorded a solid performance in the first nine months of 2004 with a reported net income of CHF 753 million. This result reflects a strengthening of the underlying earnings power through a significant improvement in the combined ratio and a further reduction of administration expenses. In addition, this result reflects charges relating to restructuring, discontinued businesses and an initial provision for the mandatory participation in profits to policyholders prescribed by the Swiss government, all of which occurred in the first half of 2004.

As a result of Winterthur's stronger net income and management's improved expectations for future taxable earnings, Winterthur increased the valuation of its deferred tax assets (by decreasing the related valuation allowance) in the third quarter of 2004 in relation to tax loss carry-forwards created in prior years.

Winterthur's solid performance and underlying earnings power in the first nine months of 2004 has contributed to a reinforcement of its capital position. Winterthur's shareholders' equity was CHF 8.2 billion as of September 30, 2004, compared to CHF 7.5 billion as of June 30, 2004, resulting from the third quarter's net income and the impact of a recovery in bond margins.

During the third quarter of 2004, Winterthur combined its life and non-life organizations in Switzerland. The new organization will further enable Winterthur to increase operating efficiency and strengthen its position as Switzerland's leading insurance carrier.

Life & Pensions

In the first nine months of 2004, Life & Pensions reported net income of CHF 370 million, compared to a net loss of CHF 1,859 million in the corresponding period of the previous year. This result includes an initial provision for the mandatory participation in profits to policyholders prescribed by the Swiss government, which occurred in the first quarter of 2004, and the above mentioned increase in the valuation of deferred tax assets in the third quarter of 2004. The net loss in the first nine months of 2003 was primarily due to a goodwill impairment of CHF 1,510 million and a cumulative effect of a change in accounting for provisions for policyholder guarantees and annuities of CHF 529 million.

Compared with the second quarter of 2004, net income increased by CHF 97 million to CHF 164 million in the third quarter of 2004 despite lower investment income. Third quarter net income includes an increase in the deferred tax assets in relation to tax loss carry-forwards as described above of CHF 72 million due to the higher expected future taxable earnings. Excluding this deferred tax benefit, the year-to-date tax rate would be modestly above the expected rate for the Life & Pensions business.

Total business volume increased 2% in the first nine months of 2004 compared to the same period in 2003. This growth was driven in part by an increase in deposit business of 26%, including a growth of 36% in unit-linked business compared to the corresponding period of the previous year. This growth reflects Life & Pensions' ongoing strategy of increasing its focus on less capital-intensive investment-type products. In the first nine months of 2004, Life & Pensions reported a decrease in gross premiums written of 8%, or CHF 700 million, to CHF 8,354 million, compared to the corresponding period of the previous year. This decrease was driven mainly by lower volumes in traditional business in Switzerland reflecting current market trends. Net new assets amounted to CHF 2.6 billion in the first nine months of 2004 compared to CHF 1.7 billion in the first nine months of 2003, primarily due to lower surrenders.

Compared to the first nine months of the previous year, net investment income increased by CHF 170 million to CHF 3,306 million. This improvement reflects a material reduction of losses on equity investments compared to the corresponding period of the previous year. In the first nine months of 2004, the net investment return backing traditional life policies amounted to 4.7%, compared to 4.6% in the first nine months of 2003. Net current investment return remained stable at 3.9% versus the first nine months of 2003, and net realized gains/losses increased by 0.1 percentage points to 0.8%.

In the first nine months of 2004, insurance underwriting and acquisition expenses increased by 3%, mainly driven by increased amortization of the present value of future profits (PVFP) compared to 2003, matching the high level of earnings reported in the first nine months of the year. Administration expenses were down 8%, or CHF 64 million, compared to the first nine months of 2003, reflecting cost savings in almost all market units. The expense ratio improved by 0.6 percentage points to 9.2%.

In May 2004, Life & Pensions announced the divestiture of Personal Pension Management Limited (PPML), a wholly owned subsidiary of Winterthur Life (UK) Limited, to Capita Group Plc. The divestiture was completed in the third quarter of 2004. The sale of PPML will enable Winterthur to increase its focus on its core life business in the UK.

Non-Life

In the first nine months of 2004, Non-Life reported net income of CHF 383 million compared to a loss of CHF 429 million in the corresponding period of 2003. This result reflects charges related to restructuring and discontinued businesses, all of which occurred in the first half of 2004, and the above-mentioned increase in the valuation of deferred tax assets in the third quarter of 2004. This stronger result was primarily driven by an improved underwriting result and higher investment income. In addition, 2003 includes losses on the sold entities and certain provisions related to the current and former international business portfolio.

Net income increased to CHF 198 million in the third quarter of 2004 from CHF 82 million in the second quarter. The third quarter net income includes an increase in deferred tax assets in relation to tax loss carry-forwards as described above of CHF 59 million due to higher expected future taxable earnings. Excluding this deferred tax benefit, the year-to-date tax rate would be in line with the expected rate for the Non-Life business.

In the first nine months of 2004, net premiums earned increased by CHF 383 million, or 5%, to CHF 8,020 million, compared to the corresponding period of the previous year. This growth reflects both tariff and volume increases across most markets.

The combined ratio improved by 2.8 percentage points to 99.7% in the first nine months of 2004, compared with the corresponding period of the previous year. The claims ratio decreased by 1.2 percentage points to 74.2% in the first nine months of 2004 versus the corresponding period of the previous year despite significant hailstorms in Europe. Due to a reduction in hurricane exposure following the sale of Republic Financial Services in the third quarter of 2003 and focused underwriting, the effect of the recent storms in the US was immaterial to the underwriting result.

The expense ratio decreased by 1.6 percentage points to 25.5% in the first nine months of 2004, compared to the corresponding period of the previous year, as expenses remained stable despite premium volume growth. Administration expenses decreased by 3% over the same period reflecting further cost savings.

In the first nine months of 2004, Non-Life recorded a significant increase in net investment income of CHF 197 million, to CHF 862 million, versus the first nine months of 2003. This high level of investment income reflects a significantly lower level of losses on equity investments, compared to the corresponding period of the previous year. In the first nine months of 2004, the net investment return was 4.7%, compared to 4.0% in the corresponding period of 2003. Net current investment return stood at 3.6%, 0.1 percentage points down versus the first nine months of 2003, and net realized gains/losses increased by 0.8 percentage points to 1.1%.

Non-Life reported a net loss from discontinued operations of CHF 91 million in the first nine months of 2004, compared to a net loss of CHF 180 million in the corresponding period of 2003. The loss in 2004 was primarily due to provisions in the first half of 2004 related to the sale of Non-Life's French subsidiary Rhodia Assurances S.A. and a charge for risks retained from the business sold in the UK in 2003.

Winterthur

				Change	Change	9 m	onths	Change in % from
in CHF m, except where indicated	3Q2004	2Q2004		2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003	2003
Total gross premiums written	3,496	4,137	3,925	(15)	(11)	17,739	18,064	(2)
Net investment income	1,167	1,372	1,244	(15)	(6)	4,168	3,801	10
Administration expenses	552	578	576	(4)	(4)	1,661	1,752	(5)
Net income/(loss)	362	149	(653)	143	-	- 753	(2,288)	_
Combined ratio (Non-Life)	101.1%	97.6%	106.1%	_	_	-99.7%	102.5%	_
Return on average allocated capital Average allocated capital	19.0% 7,894	8.9% 7,852	(31.6%) 8,442	1	(6)	-13.7% 7,735	(31.7%) 9,693	(20)
Return on invested assets	4.1%	4.6%	4.3%	-	(0)	- 4.7%	4.5%	(20)

Life & Pensions income statement

				Change	Change			Change
								in %
				in % from	in % from	9 mo	nths	from
in CHF m	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003	2003
Gross premiums written	1,671	2,042	1,969	(18)	(15)	8,354	9,054	(8)

Net premiums earnedNet investment incomeOther revenues including fees, net revenues from deposit business general and separate accountNet revenuesPolicyholder benefits incurred Dividends to policyholders incurred	1,657 903 157 2,717 2,278	2,030 1,092 103	1,939 999 29	(18)	(15)	8,299 3,306	8,980 3,136	(8)
Other revenues including fees, net revenues from deposit business general and separate account Net revenues Policyholder benefits incurred Dividends to policyholders	157 2,717	103				3,306	3,136	5
net revenues from deposit business general and separate account Net revenues Policyholder benefits incurred Dividends to policyholders	2,717		29					
Net revenues Policyholder benefits incurred Dividends to policyholders	2,717		29					
Policyholder benefits incurred Dividends to policyholders	,	2 225		52	441	365	232	57
Dividends to policyholders	2 278	3,225	2,967	(16)	(8)	11,970	12,348	(3)
· ·	2,270	2,334	2,127	(2)	7	9,571	10,049	(5)
incurred	, ,							
medirea	(122)	257	132	_	-	- 556	384	45
Provision for credit losses	(5)	2	3	-	-	- (4)	3	-
Total benefits, dividends and								
credit losses	2,151	2,593	2,262	(17)	(5)	10,123	10,436	(3)
Insurance underwriting and								
acquisition expenses	125	153	152	(18)	(18)	442	430	3
Administration expenses	246	258	237	(5)	4	741	805	(8)
Other expenses	59	67	121	(12)	(51)	175	180	(3)
Goodwill impairment	0	0	0	-	-	- 0	1,510	-
Restructuring charges	3	3	13	0	(77)	8	36	(78)
Total operating expenses	433	481	523	(10)	(17)	1,366	2,961	(54)
Income/(loss) from continuing operations before taxes, minority interests and cumulative effect of accounting								
changes	133	151	182	(12)	(27)	481	(1,049)	-
Income tax expense/(benefit)	(38)	71	(3)	-	-	- 84	104	(19)
Minority interests, net of tax	5	6	(10)	(17)	-	- 18	(13)	-
Income/(loss) from continuing operations before cumulative								
effect of accounting changes	166	74	195	124	(15)	379	(1,140)	-
Income/(loss) from discontinued								
operations, net of tax	(2)	(7)	(236)	(71)	(99)	(10)	(190)	(95)
Cumulative effect of accounting								
changes, net of tax	0	0	0			- 1	(529)	_
Net income/(loss)	164	67	(41)	145	-	- 370	(1,859)	-

Life & Pensions key information

			_	9 months		
	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003	
Total business volume in CHF m ¹⁾	3,292	3,460	3,133	12,819	12,585	
Expense ratio ²⁾	11.3%	11.9%	12.4%	9.2%	9.8%	
Return on average allocated capital	12.0%	5.2%	(3.2%)	9.4%	(38.5%)	

Average allocated capital in CHF					
m	5,653	5,565	6,340	5,509	6,475

¹⁾ Includes gross premiums written and policyholder deposits.

²⁾ Insurance underwriting, acquisition and administration expenses as a percentage of total business volume.

	30.09.04	30.06.04	31.12.03	Change in % from 30.06.04	Change in % from 31.12.03
Assets under management (discretionary) in CHF bn ¹⁾	116.4	117.4	113.8	(1)	2
Technical provisions in CHF bn	110.8	108.8	104.7	2	6
Number of employees (full-time equivalents)	6,606	6,478	7,193	2	(8)

¹⁾ Based on savings-related provisions for policyholders plus off-balance sheet assets.

Life & Pensions investment income

				Change	Change			Change
				in % from	in % from	<u>9 mo</u>	onths	in % from
in CHF m	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003	2003
Net current investment income	1,010	1,046	951	(3)	6	3,058	2,898	6
of which backing traditional								
life policies	943	984	903	(4)	4	2,861	2,753	4
of which backing unit-linked								
liabilities								
general account	67	62	48	8	40	197	145	36
Realized gains/(losses), net	91	287	368	(68)	(75)	957	1,175	(19)
of which backing traditional								
life policies	22	148	147	(85)	(85)	617	519	19
of which backing unit-linked								
liabilities								
general account	69	139	221	(50)	(69)	340	656	(48)
Net investment income before								
credited investment income to								
deposit business general								
account	1,101	1,333	1,319	(17)	(17)	4,015	4,073	(1)
Credited investment income to								
deposit business general account	(198)	(241)	(320)	(18)	(38)	(709)	(937)	(24)
Net investment income	903	1,092	999	(17)	(10)	3,306	3,136	5
Investment income separate								
account	86	(56)	137	-	- (37)	39	298	(87)

Life & Pensions investment return

Life & Fensions investment return			_	9 months			
	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003		
Net current investment return							
backing traditional life policies	3.9%	4.0%	3.7%	3.9%	3.9%		
Realized gains/(losses) backing							
traditional life policies	0.1%	0.6%	0.6%	0.8%	0.7%		
Net investment return backing							
traditional life policies	4.0%	4.6%	4.4%	4.7%	4.6%		
Average assets backing traditional							
life policies in CHF bn	96.8	98.0	96.5	97.8	94.3		

Non-Life income statement

				Change	Change			Change
				in % from	in % from	9 mo	onths	in % from
in CHF m	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003	2003
Gross premiums written	1,825	2,095	1,956	(13)	(7)	9,385	9,010	4
Reinsurance ceded	(109)	(17)	(61)	_	- 79	(377)	(401)	(6)
Change in provisions for								
unearned premiums	830	595	713	39	16	(988)	(972)	2
Net premiums earned	2,546	2,673	2,608	(5)	(2)	8,020	7,637	5
Net investment income	264	280	245	(6)	8	862	665	30
Other revenues including fees	59	37	6	59	-	- 98	(17)	-
Net revenues	2,869	2,990	2,859	(4)	0	8,980	8,285	8
Claims and annuities incurred	1,895	1,903	2,044	0	(7)	5,951	5,757	3
Dividends to policyholders								
incurred	66	128	81	(48)	(19)	253	203	25
Provision for credit losses	1	(1)	1	_	- 0	0	0	_
Total claims, dividends and								
credit losses	1,962	2,030	2,126	(3)	(8)	6,204	5,960	4
Insurance underwriting and								
acquisition expenses	374	386	383	(3)	(2)	1,125	1,121	0
Administration expenses	306	320	339	(4)	(10)	920	947	(3)
Other expenses	21	23	476	(9)	(96)	111	599	(81)
Restructuring charges	11	57	20	(81)	(45)	72	56	29
Total operating expenses	712	786	1,218	(9)	(42)	2,228	2,723	(18)
Income/(loss) from continuing								
operations before taxes and minority interests	195	174	(485)	12	-	- 548	(398)	_

Income tax expense/(benefit) Minority interests, net of tax	0 8	34 19	(110) (4)	- (58)	- 48 - 26	(147) (2)	-
Income/(loss) from continuing operations	187	121	(371)	55	- 474	(249)	_
Income/(loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax	11	(39)	(241)	_	- (91)	(180)	(49)
Net income/(loss)	198	82	(612)	141	- 383	(429)	_

Prior periods have been adjusted for discontinued operations.

Non-Life key information

			_	9 months		
	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003	
Combined ratio	101.1%	97.6%	106.1%	99.7 %	102.5%	
Expense ratio ¹⁾	26.7%	26.4%	27.7%	25.5%	27.1%	
Claims ratio ²⁾	74.4%	71.2%	78.4%	74.2%	75.4%	
Return on average allocated capital	36.8%	17.7%	(93.6%)	24.5%	(16.5%)	
Average allocated capital in CHF m	2,241	2,287	2,633	2,226	3,483	

¹⁾ Insurance underwriting, acquisition and administration expenses as a percentage of net premiums earned.

²⁾ Claims and annuities incurred as a percentage of net premiums earned.

	30.09.04	30.06.04	31.12.03	Change in % from 30.06.04	Change in % from 31.12.03
Assets under management (discretionary) in CHF bn	24.8	25.3	25.4	(2)	(2)
Technical provisions in CHF bn	26.1	26.2	24.1	0	8
Number of employees (full-time equivalents)	13,057	13,230	13,673	(1)	(5)

Non-Life investment income

				Change	Change			Change
				in $\%$ from	in $\%$ from	9 mo	nths	in % from
in CHF m	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003	2003
Net current investment income	227	223	209	2	9	665	615	8
Realized gains/(losses), net	37	57	36	(35)	3	197	50	294
Net investment income	264	280	245	(6)	8	862	665	30

Non-Life investment return

			_	9 months			
	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003		
Net current investment return	3.7%	3.6%	3.5%	3.6%	3.7%		
Realized gains/(losses), net	0.6%	0.9%	0.6%	1.1%	0.3%		
Net investment return	4.3%	4.5%	4.1%	4.7%	4.0%		
Average assets in CHF bn	24.5	24.9	23.8	24.7	22.4		

Investment portfolio (Life & Pensions and Non-Life)

	30.09.0)4	31.12.03		
in CHF m	Book value	Fair value	Book value	Fair value	
Debt securities – held-to-maturity	10,120	10,053	10,186	10,021	
Debt securities – available-for-sale	71,685	71,685	71,324	71,324	
Equity securities – available-for-sale	5,404	5,404	5,122	5,122	
Debt securities – trading	1,622	1,622	1,071	1,071	
Equity securities – trading	10,357	10,357	8,591	8,591	
Mortgage loans	10,597	10,597	11,054	11,054	
Loans	5,048	5,048	4,523	4,523	
Real estate	8,317	8,665	8,388	8,682	
Other investments	3,599	3,599	3,733	3,733	
Investments, general account	126,749	127,030	123,992	124,121	
Investments, separate account	4,227	4,227	3,991	3,991	
Total investments	130,976	131,257	127,983	128,112	
of which Life & Pensions	109,597	109,647	105,018	104,923	
of which Non-Life	21,379	21,610	22,965	23,189	

Debt and Equity securities – trading include CHF 11,727 million (December 31, 2003: CHF 9,337 million) held to back unit-linked liabilities in the general account.

Investment securities (Life	Investment securities (Life & Pensions and Non-Life)											
		30.09.04	4		31.12.03							
		Gross	Gross			Gross	Gross					
	Amortized un	nrealized un	nrealized		Amortized	unrealized ur	realized					
				Fair				Fair				
in CHF m	cost	gains	losses	value	cost	gains	losses	value				
Debt securities –												
held-to-maturity	10,120	-	67	10,053	10,186	-	165	10,021				
Debt securities –												
available-for-sale	69,622	2,573	510	71,685	69,546	2,671	893	71,324				

Equity securities –								
available-for-sale	5,026	529	151	5,404	4,622	553	53	5,122
Securities – available-for-sale	74,648	3,102	661	77,089	74,168	3,224	946	76,446

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | CREDIT SUISSE GROUP

Consolidated statements of income (unaudited)

consolidated statements of income (unaddited)				Change	Change			Change in %
				in % from i	n % from	9 mo	onths	from
in CHF m	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003	2003
Interest and dividend income	7,622	7,896	7,121	(3)	7	23,259	21,151	10
Interest expense	(4,848)	(4,537)	(3,950)	7	23	(14,047)	(12,465)	13
Net interest income	2,774	3,359	3,171	(17)	(13)	9,212	8,686	6
Commissions and fees	3,307	3,418	3,457	(3)	(4)	10,288	9,649	7
Trading revenues	931	712	233	31	300	3,159	2,734	16
Realized gains/(losses) from								
investment securities, net	128	198	513	(35)	(75)	854	1,183	(28)
Insurance net premiums earned	4,202	4,704	4,549	(11)	(8)	16,319	16,618	(2)
Other revenues	411	1,114	(197)	(63)	-	- 1,985	(327)	
Total noninterest revenues	8,979	10,146	8,555	(12)	5	32,605	29,857	9
Net revenues	11,753	13,505	11,726	(13)	0	41,817	38,543	8
Policyholder benefits, claims								
and dividends	4,117	4,622	4,386	(11)	(6)	16,331	16,394	0
Provision for credit losses	38	133	113	(71)	(66)	205	424	(52)
Total benefits, claims and								
credit losses	4,155	4,755	4,499	(13)	(8)	16,536	16,818	(2)
Insurance underwriting, acquisition and administration					(0)			
expenses	1,047	1,115	1,110	(6)	(6)	3,219	3,297	(2)
Banking compensation and benefits	2,802	3,087	2,482	(0)	13	9,317	8,516	9
Other expenses	2,802	1,995	2,482	(9) 4	(19)	5,895	6,385	(8)
Goodwill impairment	2,077	0	0	- -		- 0	1,510	(0)
Restructuring charges	13	60	32	(78)	(59)	77	92	(16)
Total operating expenses	5,939	6,257	6,183	(5)	(4)	18,508	19,800	(7)
Income from continuing	1,659	2,493	1,044	(33)	59	6,773	1,925	252
operations before taxes, minority interests, extraordinary items and cumulative effect of	1,009	2,193	.,	(55)		.,,,,,	.,,23	202

accounting changes								
Income tax expense	114	442	267	(74)	(57)	1,126	943	19
Dividends on preferred								
securities for consolidated								
entities	0	0	34	_	_	0	99	-
Minority interests, net of tax	205	548	(9)	(63)	_	872	(2)	_
Income from continuing operations before extraordinary items and cumulative effect of accounting changes	1,340	1,503	752	(11)	78	4,775	885	440
	-,0 10	1,000		()	, 0	.,	000	
Income/(loss) from discontinued operations, net of								
tax	11	(46)	(477)	_	_	(100)	(351)	(72)
Extraordinary items, net of tax	0	0	0	_	-	0	5	-
Cumulative effect of accounting								
changes, net of tax	0	0	(12)	-	_	(6)	(553)	(99)
Net income/(loss)	1,351	1,457	263	(7)	414	4,669	(14)	_

Basic earnings per share, in CHF						
Income/(loss) from continuing						
operations before extraordinary						
items and cumulative effect of						
accounting changes	1.15	1.30	0.64	4.08	0.76	
Income/(loss) from discontinued						
operations, net of tax	0.01	(0.04)	(0.41)	(0.09)	(0.30)	
Extraordinary items, net of tax	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Cumulative effect of accounting						
changes, net of tax	0.00	0.00	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.47)	
Net income/(loss) available for						
common shares	1.16	1.26	0.22	3.98	(0.01)	

Diluted earnings per share, in					
CHF					
Income/(loss) from continuing					
operations before extraordinary					
items and cumulative effect of					
accounting changes	1.14	1.26	0.63	3.99	0.76
Income/(loss) from discontinued					
operations, net of tax	0.01	(0.04)	(0.39)	(0.08)	(0.30)
Extraordinary items, net of tax	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Cumulative effect of accounting					
changes, net of tax	0.00	0.00	(0.01)	0.00	(0.47)
Net income/(loss) available for					
common shares	1.15	1.22	0.23	3.91	(0.01)

The accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Consolidated balance sheets (unaudited)

received as collateral

Consolidated balance sheets (unaudited))			Change	Change
in CHF m	30.09.04	30.06.04	31.12.03	in % from 30.06.04	in % from 31.12.03
Assets	50.07.04	50.00.04	51.12.05	50.00.04	51.12.05
Cash and due from banks	27,628	31,017	24,799	(11)	11
Interest-bearing deposits with	27,020	51,017	24,799	(11)	11
banks	5,873	5,394	2,992	9	96
Central bank funds sold, securities	5,075	5,574	2,772))0
purchased under resale agreements					
and securities borrowing					
transactions	287,606	300,027	257,083	(4)	12
Securities received as collateral	22,649	21,887	15,151	(+)	49
Trading assets (of which CHF	22,047	21,007	15,151	5	17
113,916 m, CHF 103,062 m and					
CHF 103,286 m encumbered)	344,240	342,881	297,778	0	16
Investment securities (of which	311,210	512,001	277,770	Ū	10
CHF 1,509 m, CHF 863 m and					
CHF 857 m encumbered)	102,389	102,404	105,807	0	(3)
Other investments	14,357	12,874	7,894	12	82
Real estate held for investment	9,042	9,005	9,148	0	(1)
Loans, net of allowance for loan	, , , · · -	,	2,110	Ŭ	(1)
losses of CHF 3,361 m, CHF 3,790					
m and CHF 4,646 m	188,164	183,355	177,179	3	6
Premises and equipment	7,332	7,457	7,819	(2)	(6)
Goodwill	12,497	12,542	12,325	0	1
Intangible assets	4,032	4,077	4,056	(1)	(1)
Assets held for separate accounts	4,227	4,052	3,991	4	6
Other assets (of which CHF 3,625					
m, CHF 3,926 m and CHF 2,644 m					
encumbered)	89,844	94,608	78,286	(5)	15
Discontinued operations – assets	1	104	0	(99)	-
Total assets	1,119,881	1,131,684	1,004,308	(1)	12
Liabilities and shareholders'					
equity					
Deposits	305,461	303,864	261,989	1	17
Central bank funds purchased,					
securities sold under repurchase					
agreements and securities lending					
transactions	248,542	248,897	236,847	0	5
Obligation to return securities					

22,649

21,887

15,151

49

3

Trading liabilities	171,567	182,765	156,331	(6)	10
Short-term borrowings	12,995	13,806	11,497	(6)	13
Provisions from the insurance					
business	138,561	136,694	130,537	1	6
Long-term debt	105,317	102,263	89,697	3	17
Liabilities held for separate					
accounts	4,225	4,049	3,987	4	6
Other liabilities	68,233	76,030	61,300	(10)	11
Discontinued operations – liabilities	5	109	24	(95)	(79)
Preferred securities	0	0	2,214	_	
Minority interests	6,226	6,036	743	3	_
Total liabilities	1,083,781	1,096,400	970,317	(1)	12
Common shares	606	1,197	1 105	(40)	(10)
Common shares	000	1,197	1,195	(49)	(49)
Additional paid-in capital	23,211	22,954	23,586	(49)	(49)
				(49) 1 7	
Additional paid-in capital	23,211	22,954	23,586	1	(2)
Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings	23,211 19,542	22,954 18,191	23,586 14,873	1	(2) 31
Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings Treasury shares, at cost	23,211 19,542	22,954 18,191	23,586 14,873	1	(2) 31
Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings Treasury shares, at cost Accumulated other comprehensive	23,211 19,542 (4,480)	22,954 18,191 (4,045)	23,586 14,873 (3,144)	1 7 11	(2) 31 42
Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings Treasury shares, at cost Accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss)	23,211 19,542 (4,480) (2,779)	22,954 18,191 (4,045) (3,013)	23,586 14,873 (3,144) (2,519)	1 7 11 (8)	(2) 31 42 10

The accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Consolidated changes in shareholders' equity (unaudited)

					Common	Accumulated	
			Additional		Common shares in	other comprehen-	
	Common				51101 0 5 111	••mp••m•	
	shares	Common	paid in	Retained	treasury	sive income/	
9 months, in CHF m, except							
common shares outstanding	outstanding	shares	capital	earnings	at cost	(loss)	Total
Balance December 31, 2002	1,116,058,305	1,190	24,417	14,214	(4,387)	(1,256)	34,178
Net income				(14)			(14)
Other comprehensive							
income/(loss), net of tax						(183)	(183)
Issuance of common shares	4,790,610	5	9				14
Issuance of treasury shares	114,736,491		7		4,004		4,011
Repurchase of treasury shares	(117,401,530)				(3,703)		(3,703)
Share-based compensation	16,869,213		(841)		1,168		327
Net premium/discount on							
treasury shares and own share							
derivative activitiy			27				27
Cash dividends paid				(111)			(111)

	· 3··· 3 ·						
Balance September 30, 2003	1,135,053,089	1,195	23,619	14,089	(2,918)	(1,439)	34,546
Balance December 31, 2003	$1,130,362,948_{1})$	1,195	23,586	14,873	(3,144)	(2,519)	33,991
Net income				4,669			4,669
Other comprehensive							
income/(loss), net of tax						(260)	(260)
Issuance of common shares	16,264,412	10	16				26
Issuance of treasury shares	269,992,222		(34)		11,971		11,937
Repurchase of treasury shares	(327,941,656)				(14,571)		(14,571)
Share-based compensation	20,714,342		(395)		1,264		869
Repayment out of share							
capital ²⁾		(599)	8				(591)
Other			30				30
Balance September 30, 2004	1,109,392,268 3)	606	23,211	19,542	(4,480)	(2,779)	36,100

¹⁾ At par value CHF 1.00 each, fully paid, net of 64,642,966 treasury shares. In addition to the treasury shares, a maximum of 272,718,007 unissued shares (conditional and authorized capital) were available for issuance without further approval of the shareholders.

²⁾ On April 30, 2004, the shareholders of Credit Suisse Group approved a par value reduction of CHF 0.50 per share, in lieu of a dividend, which was paid out on July 12, 2004.

³⁾ At par value CHF 0.50 each, fully paid, net of 101,878,058 treasury shares. In addition to the treasury shares, a maximum of 256,404,027 unissued shares (conditional and authorized capital) were available for issuance without further approval of the shareholders.

Comprehensive income (unaudited)

			_	9 mon	ths
in CHF m	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003
Net income/(loss)	1,351	1,457	263	4,669	(14)
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	234	(1,076)	(683)	(260)	(183)
Comprehensive income	1,585	381	(420)	4,409	(197)

The accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Consolidated statement of cash flows (unaudited)

	9 months	
in CHF m	2004	2003
Operating activities of continuing		
operations		
Net income/(loss)	4,669	(14)
(Income)/loss from discontinued		
operations, net of tax	100	351
Income/(loss) from continuing		
operations	4,769	337

Adjustments to reconcile net		
rujustilientis to recollene net		
income/(loss) to net cash provided		
by/(used in) operating activities of		
continuing operations		
Impairment, depreciation and		
amortization	1,560	3,434
Provision for credit losses	205	424
Deferred tax provision	(119)	(459)
Restructuring charges	77	92
Change in technical provisions from		
the insurance business	7,286	6,182
(Gain)/loss from investment securities	(854)	(1,183)
Share of net income from equity	()	(-,)
method investments	(176)	(34)
Cumulative effect of accounting	(1.0)	(0.)
changes, net of tax	6	553
Receivables from the insurance	Ū	000
business	1,221	1,029
Payables from the insurance business	(3,544)	(1,086)
Trading assets and liabilities	(23,535)	(3,172)
Deferred policy acquisition costs	(414)	(284)
(Increase)/decrease in accrued interest,	(+1+)	(204)
fees receivable and other assets	(18,030)	(21,880)
Increase/(decrease) in accrued	(10,030)	(21,000)
expenses and other liabilities	8,555	16,593
Other, net	(872)	1,655
Total adjustments	(28,634)	1,864
Net cash provided by/(used in)		
operating activities of continuing		
operating activities of continuing operations	(23,865)	2,201
operations	(23,865)	2,201
operations Investing activities of continuing	(23,865)	2,201
operations Investing activities of continuing operations	(23,865)	2,201
operations Investing activities of continuing operations (Increase)/decrease in interest-bearing		
operations Investing activities of continuing operations (Increase)/decrease in interest-bearing deposits with banks	(23,865) (2,850)	2,201
operations Investing activities of continuing operations (Increase)/decrease in interest-bearing deposits with banks (Increase)/decrease in central bank		
operations Investing activities of continuing operations (Increase)/decrease in interest-bearing deposits with banks (Increase)/decrease in central bank funds sold, securities purchased under		
operations Investing activities of continuing operations (Increase)/decrease in interest-bearing deposits with banks (Increase)/decrease in central bank funds sold, securities purchased under resale agreements and securities	(2,850)	1,223
operations Investing activities of continuing operations (Increase)/decrease in interest-bearing deposits with banks (Increase)/decrease in central bank (Increase)/decrease in central bank funds sold, securities purchased under resale agreements and securities borrowing transactions	(2,850) (26,257)	1,223 (9,619)
operations Investing activities of continuing operations (Increase)/decrease in interest-bearing deposits with banks (Increase)/decrease in central bank funds sold, securities purchased under resale agreements and securities borrowing transactions Purchase of investment securities	(2,850)	1,223
operations Investing activities of continuing operations (Increase)/decrease in interest-bearing deposits with banks (Increase)/decrease in central bank funds sold, securities purchased under resale agreements and securities borrowing transactions Purchase of investment securities Proceeds from sale of investment	(2,850) (26,257) (42,475)	1,223 (9,619) (94,111)
operations Investing activities of continuing operations (Increase)/decrease in interest-bearing deposits with banks (Increase)/decrease in central bank funds sold, securities purchased under resale agreements and securities borrowing transactions Purchase of investment securities Proceeds from sale of investment securities	(2,850) (26,257) (42,475) 27,926	1,223 (9,619) (94,111) 45,612
operationsInvesting activities of continuing operations(Increase)/decrease in interest-bearing deposits with banks(Increase)/decrease in central bank funds sold, securities purchased under resale agreements and securities borrowing transactionsPurchase of investment securitiesProceeds from sale of investment securitiesMaturities of investment securities	(2,850) (26,257) (42,475)	1,223 (9,619) (94,111)
operationsInvesting activities of continuing operations(Increase)/decrease in interest-bearing deposits with banks(Increase)/decrease in central bank funds sold, securities purchased under resale agreements and securities borrowing transactionsPurchase of investment securities Proceeds from sale of investment securitiesProceeds from sale of investment securitiesMaturities of investment securities Investments in subsidiaries and other	(2,850) (26,257) (42,475) 27,926 17,505	1,223 (9,619) (94,111) 45,612 38,177
operations Investing activities of continuing operations (Increase)/decrease in interest-bearing deposits with banks (Increase)/decrease in central bank funds sold, securities purchased under resale agreements and securities borrowing transactions Purchase of investment securities Proceeds from sale of investment securities Maturities of investment securities Investments in subsidiaries and other investments	(2,850) (26,257) (42,475) 27,926	1,223 (9,619) (94,111) 45,612
operations Investing activities of continuing operations (Increase)/decrease in interest-bearing deposits with banks (Increase)/decrease in central bank funds sold, securities purchased under resale agreements and securities borrowing transactions Purchase of investment securities Proceeds from sale of investment securities Maturities of investment securities Investments in subsidiaries and other investments Proceeds from sale of other	(2,850) (26,257) (42,475) 27,926 17,505 (3,746)	1,223 (9,619) (94,111) 45,612 38,177 (7,492)
operationsInvesting activities of continuing operations(Increase)/decrease in interest-bearing deposits with banks(Increase)/decrease in central bank funds sold, securities purchased under resale agreements and securities borrowing transactionsPurchase of investment securitiesProceeds from sale of investment securitiesMaturities of investment securitiesInvestments in subsidiaries and other investmentsProceeds from sale of other investments	(2,850) (26,257) (42,475) 27,926 17,505 (3,746) 3,661	1,223 (9,619) (94,111) 45,612 38,177 (7,492) 1,331
operationsInvesting activities of continuing operations(Increase)/decrease in interest-bearing deposits with banks(Increase)/decrease in central bank funds sold, securities purchased under resale agreements and securities borrowing transactionsPurchase of investment securitiesProceeds from sale of investment securitiesMaturities of investment securitiesInvestments in subsidiaries and other investmentsProceeds from sale of other investments(Increase)/decrease in loans	(2,850) (26,257) (42,475) 27,926 17,505 (3,746) 3,661 (15,389)	1,223 (9,619) (94,111) 45,612 38,177 (7,492) 1,331 (1,710)
operationsInvesting activities of continuing operations(Increase)/decrease in interest-bearing deposits with banks(Increase)/decrease in central bank funds sold, securities purchased under resale agreements and securities borrowing transactionsPurchase of investment securitiesProceeds from sale of investment securitiesMaturities of investment securitiesInvestments in subsidiaries and other investmentsProceeds from sale of other investments	(2,850) (26,257) (42,475) 27,926 17,505 (3,746) 3,661	1,223 (9,619) (94,111) 45,612 38,177 (7,492) 1,331

Capital expenditures for premises and		
equipment and intangible assets		
Proceeds from sale of premises and		
equipment and intangible assets	63	145
Other, net	184	(149)
Net cash provided by/(used in)		
investing activities of continuing		
operations	(37,939)	(23,938)
1	(57,757)	(23,730)
Financing activities of continuing		
operations	14 00 6	a a (aa
Increase/(decrease) in deposits	41,006	23,632
Increase/(decrease) in short-term		
borrowings	1,867	2,111
Increase/(decrease) in central bank		
funds purchased, securities sold under		
repurchase agreements and securities		
lending transactions	7,126	(6,173)
Issuances of long-term debt	27,842	13,993
Repayments of long-term debt	(8,761)	(19,485)
Issuances of common shares	26	14
Issuances of treasury shares	11,937	4,011
Repurchase of treasury shares	(14,571)	(3,703)
Dividends paid/capital repayments		
(including minority interest and trust		
preferred securities)	(609)	(237)
Other, net	(1,627)	611
Net cash provided by/(used in)		
financing activities of continuing		
operations	64,236	14,774
-	-)	,
Effect of exchange rate changes on	455	(727)
cash and due from banks	455	(737)
Discontinued operations		
Net cash provided by discontinued		
operations	(96)	2,888
Proceeds from sale of stock by		
subsidiaries	38	7,433
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and		
due from banks	2,829	2,621
	 , ,	2,021
Cash and due from banks at beginning		
of period	24,799	28,461
Cash and due from banks at end of		
period	27,628	31,082

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information (unaudited)

9 months

in CHF m	2004	2003
Cash paid during the year for income		
taxes	1,426	710
Cash paid during the year for interest	13,802	12,552
Assets acquired and liabilities		
assumed in business acquisitions		
Fair value of assets acquired	11	573
Fair value of liabilities assumed	(1)	(472)
Assets and liabilities sold in		
business divestitures		
Assets sold	(865)	(41,586)
Liabilities sold	813	34,160

The accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS | UNAUDITED

Notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements

Basis of presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Credit Suisse Group (the Group) are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (US GAAP) and are stated in Swiss francs (CHF). For a description of the Group's significant accounting policies, see Note 1 of the consolidated US GAAP financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2003, included in Credit Suisse Group's Annual Report on Form 20-F, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 28, 2004.

Certain financial information that is normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with US GAAP but not required for interim reporting purposes has been condensed or omitted. Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior period's financial statements to conform to the current period's presentation. These condensed consolidated financial statements reflect, in the opinion of management, all adjustments that are necessary for a fair presentation of the condensed consolidated statements of financial condition and income for the interim periods presented.

The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for the entire year. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated US GAAP financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2003.

In preparing these condensed consolidated financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed consolidated balance sheets and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during

the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Share-based compensation

Through December 31, 2002, the Group accounted for its employee share-based compensation program under the intrinsic value method in accordance with Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees (APB 25). Under APB 25, no compensation expense was generally recognized for share options, as they were granted at an exercise price equal to the market price of the Group's shares on the grant date.

Effective January 1, 2003, the Group adopted, using the prospective method, the fair value recognition provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation (SFAS 123), as amended by SFAS No. 148, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation – Transition and Disclosure (SFAS 148). Under the prospective method, all new awards granted to employees on or after January 1, 2003, are accounted for at fair value. The fair value of share options is based on the Black-Scholes valuation model with compensation expense recognized in earnings over the required service period. Share options outstanding as of December 31, 2002, if not subsequently modified, continue to be accounted for under APB 25.

The table below presents net income and basic and diluted earnings per share as reported, and as if all outstanding awards were accounted for at fair value under SFAS 123.

The Group had certain obligations under share option plans outstanding, primarily related to the years 1999 and prior, which either included a cash settlement feature or were linked to performance-based vesting requirements. For those plans, variable plan accounting will continue to be applied until settlement of the awards.

Share based compensation - pro forma information
--

				9 mo	nths	
in CHF m, except the per share						
amounts	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003	
Net income/(loss) – as reported	1,351	1,457	263	4,669	(14)	
Add: Share-based compensation						
expense included in reported net						
income, net of related tax effects	188	170	(71)	544	566	
Deduct: Total share-based						
compensation expense determined						
under the fair value method for all						
awards vested during the year, net		(1 = 0)		(- - -)	(504)	
of related tax effects	(187)	(170)	155	(547)	(581)	
Net income/(loss) – pro forma	1,352	1,457	347	4,666	(29)	
Net income/(loss) available for						
common shares for basic EPS –						
pro forma	1,305	1,426	339	4,525	(29)	
Net income/(loss) available for						
common shares for diluted EPS –						
pro forma	1,381	1,485	367	4,746	(29)	
Basic earnings per share – as						
reported	1.16	1.26	0.22	3.98	(0.01)	

-	•				
Basic earnings per share – pro forma	1.16	1.26	0.29	3.98	(0.03)
Diluted earnings per share – as					
reported	1.15	1.22	0.23	3.91	(0.01)
Diluted earnings per share – pro					
forma	1.16	1.22	0.30	3.91	(0.03)

New accounting pronouncements

On July 16, 2004, the FASB ratified the EITF consensus on Issue 02-14, "Whether the Equity Method of Accounting Applies When an Investor Does Not Have an Investment in Voting Stock of an Investee but Exercises Significant Influence through Other Means" (EITF 02-14). The consensus concludes that an investor should apply the equity method of accounting when it can exercise significant influence over an entity through a means other than holding voting rights. The consensus is effective for reporting periods beginning after September 15, 2004. The adoption of EITF 02-14 is not expected to have a material impact on the Group's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Segment reporting

Net revenues

			_	9 months		
in CHF m	3Q2004	2Q2004	3Q2003	2004	2003	
Private Banking	1,644	1,869	1,716	5,453	4,681	
Corporate & Retail Banking	808	950	904	2,545	2,467	
Institutional Securities ¹⁾	3,083	3,134	2,619	10,214	9,485	
Wealth & Asset Management ²⁾	809	1,499	711	3,174	2,034	
Life & Pensions	2,717	3,225	2,967	11,970	12,348	
Non-Life	2,869	2,990	2,859	8,980	8,285	
Corporate Center	(177)	(162)	(50)	(519)	(757)	
Credit Suisse Group	11,753	13,505	11,726	41,817	38,543	

¹⁾ Including CHF 48 million, CHF 53 million and CHF 141 million in 3Q2004, 2Q2004 and 9 months 2004, respectively, from minority interest revenues relating to the FIN 46R consolidation.

²⁾ Including CHF 174 million, CHF 462 million and CHF 704 million in 3Q2004, 2Q2004 and 9 months 2004, respectively, from minority interest revenues relating to the FIN 46R consolidation.